As filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on October 7, 2013

Registration No. 333-190904

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO

FORM S-1

REGISTRATION STATEMENT UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933

AMC ENTERTAINMENT HOLDINGS, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) 7832 (Primary Standard Industrial Classification Code Number) 26-0303916 (I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

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 $(Address, including\ zip\ code, and\ telephone\ number, including\ area\ code, of\ registrant's\ principal\ executive\ offices)$

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	Approximate date of commencement of proposed sale to public: As soon as practicable after the effective date of this Registration Statement.	
	If any of the securities being registered on this Form are to be offered on a delayed or continuous basis pursuant to Rule 415 under the Securities Act, check the following box.	
ame	If this Form is filed to register additional securities for an offering pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for effering.	or the
	If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(c) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering	ng. 🗆
	If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(d) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering	ng. 🗆
tule	Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.	any" in
Lar	ge accelerated filer □ Non-accelerated filer ⊠ Smaller reporting company (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)	у 🗆

The Registrant hereby amends this registration statement on such date or dates as may be necessary to delay its effective date until the registrant shall file a further amendment which specifically states that this registration statement shall thereafter become effective in accordance with Section 8(a) of the Securities Act of 1933 or until the registration statement shall become effective on such date as the Commission, acting pursuant to said Section 8(a), may determine.

The information in this preliminary prospectus is not complete and may be changed. We may not sell these securities until the registration statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission is effective. This preliminary prospectus is not an offer to sell these securities and it is not soliciting an offer to buy these securities in any jurisdiction where the offer or sale is not permitted.

SUBJECT TO COMPLETION, DATED OCTOBER 7, 2013

PRELIMINARY PROSPECTUS



Shares

AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc.

Class A Common Stock \$ per share

		_				
;	This is the initial public offering of o and \$ per share of Class A com		selling shares of our Cl	ass A common stock.	We currently expect the	initial public offering price to be between
	We have granted the underwriters an	option to purchase up to ad	ditional shares of Class A com	non stock.		
	We will apply to have the Class A co	ommon stock listed on the New Yo	ork Stock Exchange under the sy	mbol "AMC."		
					on stock The rights of t	he heldow of Class A common steels and
		xcept with respect to voting and co	onversion applicable to the Clas	s B common stock. Ea	nch share of Class A con	he holders of Class A common stock and mmon stock will be entitled to one vote. Each
		_				
	Investing in our common sto	ock involves risks. See "Ris	sk Factors" beginning o	ı page 20.		
			es commission has approved or	disapproved of these	securities or determined	if this prospectus is truthful or complete.
Iny	representation to the contrary is a crit	minal offense.				
		-				
				Per Share	Total	_
		Public Offering Price		S Per Snare	\$	_
		Underwriting Discount		\$	\$	-
		Proceeds to AMC Entertainment	Holdings, Inc. (before expense	s) \$	\$	_
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	The underwriters expect to deliver th	e snares to purchasers on or about	, 2013 through tr	ie book-entry facilities	of The Depository Tru	st Company.
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			Liter Devil Demoise M			
			Joint Book-Running Mo	ınagers		
	itigroup rclays					BofA Merrill Lynch Credit Suisse
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			Co-Managers			
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3.	Riley & Co.	Barrington 1	Research	HSBC		Lazard Capital Markets
Pip	oer Jaffray		Stifel			Wedbush Securities
		_				
	, 2013					

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We are responsible for the information contained in this prospectus. We have not authorized anyone to provide you with different information, and we take no responsibility for any other information others may give you. We are not, and the underwriters are not, making an offer to sell these securities in any jurisdiction where the offer or sale is not permitted. You should not assume that the information contained in this prospectus is accurate as of any date other than its date.

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MARKET AND INDUSTRY INFORMATION

Information regarding market share, market position and industry data pertaining to our business contained in this prospectus consists of our estimates based on data and reports compiled by industry professional organizations, including the Motion Picture Association of America ("MPAA"), the National Association of Theatre Owners ("NATO"), Box Office Mojo, Rentrak Corporation ("Rentrak"), industry analysts and our management's knowledge of our business and markets. Unless otherwise noted in this prospectus, all information provided by the MPAA is for the 2012 calendar year, all information provided by NATO is for the 2012 calendar year and all information provided by Rentrak is for the 2012 calendar year.

Although we believe that the sources are reliable, we have not independently verified market industry data provided by third parties or by industry or general publications. Similarly, while we believe our internal estimates with respect to our industry are reliable, our estimates have not been verified by any independent sources. While we are not aware of any misstatements regarding any industry data presented in this prospectus, our estimates involve risks and uncertainties and are subject to changes based on various factors, including those discussed under "Risk Factors" in this prospectus.

PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

The following summary highlights information contained elsewhere in this prospectus. You should read the entire prospectus carefully, especially the risks of investing in our Class A common stock discussed under "Risk Factors" and our Consolidated Financial Statements and accompanying notes.

AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc. ("Parent"), an entity created on June 6, 2007, is the sole stockholder of AMC Entertainment Inc. ("AMCE"). As used in this prospectus, unless the context otherwise requires, references to "we," "us," "our," the "Company," "AMC" or "AMC Entertainment" refer to Parent and its consolidated subsidiaries.

On November 15, 2012, we announced that we changed our fiscal year to a calendar year so that the calendar year shall begin on January [§] and end on December 31st of each year. Prior to the change, fiscal years refer to the fifty-two weeks, and in some cases fifty-three weeks, ending on the Thursday closest to the last day of March.

As used in this prospectus, the term "pro forma" refers to, in the case of pro forma financial information, such information after giving pro forma effect to (i) the Merger (as defined below) and (ii) this offering and the use of proceeds therefrom and related transactions (collectively, the "Transactions"). Except as stated otherwise herein, the share data set forth in this prospectus reflects the reclassification of Parent's capital stock as described below under "—The Reclassification."

Certain financial measures presented in this prospectus, such as Adjusted EBITDA and Theatre Level Adjusted EBITDA are not recognized terms under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP"). These measures exclude a number of significant items, including our interest expense and depreciation and amortization expense. For a discussion of the use of these measures and a reconciliation to the most directly comparable GAAP measures, see "—Summary Historical and Unaudited Financial and Operating Data." We also use "cash on cash return" as a measure of the performance of our theatres after implementation of one or more of the strategic initiatives described below under "—Our Strategy: The Customer Experience Leader." Management uses this metric to measure the increase in operating performance of our theatres relative to the capital invested in them and to guide the allocation of future capital deployment. We believe that securities analysts and investors also view this measure as an important tool for measuring our performance. We define "cash-on-cash" return on the capital investment for a strategic initiative as the increase in Theatre-level Adjusted EBITDA (as defined on page 19) attributable to such capital investment for the twelve month period following completion of the capital investment over the preceding 12 month period divided by the amount of such capital expenditures, net of landlord contribution (as defined on page 19).

Our Company

We are one of the world's largest theatrical exhibition companies and an industry leader in innovation and operational excellence. We introduced Multiplex theatres in the 1960s and the North American stadium-seated Megaplex theatre format in the 1990s. Our field operations teams win recognition from national organizations like the Motion Picture Association of America and local groups in "Best of" competitions, while maintaining greater than 50% top-box customer satisfaction and industry leading theatre productivity metrics.

As of June 30, 2013, we owned, operated or held interests in 343 theatres with a total of 4,937 screens primarily in North America. Our theatres are predominantly located in major metropolitan markets, which we believe give our circuit a unique profile and offer strategic and operational advantages. Our top five markets, in each of which we hold the #1 or #2 share position, are New York (42% share), Los Angeles (27%), Chicago (44%), Philadelphia (28%) and Dallas (28%). For the twelve months ended June 30, 2013, these five metro markets comprised 40% of our revenues and 38% of our attendance. Strategically, these markets and our theatres in them are diverse, operationally complex,

and, in many cases, for established locations, the scarcity of new theatre opportunities creates a significant competitive advantage against newcomers or alternative entertainment options.

Across our entire circuit, approximately 200 million customers visited our theatres during calendar year 2012 and during the twelve months ended June 30, 2013. For the six months ended June 30, 2013, we had total revenues of \$1.3 billion; Adjusted EBITDA of \$216.9 million and earnings from continuing operations of \$41.1 million. According to publicly available information for our peers, during the calendar year ended December 31, 2012, our circuit led in revenues per head (\$13.56), average ticket price (\$9.04) and food and beverage per head (\$3.92). For the same period, our attendance per screen (\$1,900) and admissions gross profit per screen (\$179,000) were among the highest of our peers. In the last two years ended June 30, 2013, we have deployed a total of \$144.4 million in growth-oriented capital, including \$16.7 million contributed by landlords, into our circuit and infrastructure to help generate those results. We believe that it is the quality of our theatre locations and our customer-focused innovation that continue to drive improved productivity per location, return on investment and shareholder value.

We believe that our size, reputation, financial performance, history of innovation, strong major market presence and highly productive theatre circuit position us well for the future. A future where, after more than nine decades of business models driven by *quantity* of theatres, screens and seats, we believe *quality* of the movie going experience will determine long term, sustainable success. We are improving the quality of the movie-going experience in ways that extend stay and capture a greater proportion of total movie-going spending in order to maximize the economic potential of each customer visit, create sustainable growth and deliver shareholder value.

Our intention is to capitalize on this pivot towards quality by leveraging our extensive experience in theatre operations, combined with the next wave of innovations in movie-going. We plan to continue investing in our theatres and upgrading the consumer experience to take greater advantage of incremental revenue-generating opportunities, primarily through an array of improved and differentiated customer experiences in (1) comfort & convenience; (2) food & beverage; (3) engagement & loyalty; (4) sight & sound and (5) targeted programming.

The following table summarizes our current deployment progress in screens through August 30, 2013 as well as our expected plans for the deployment of our strategy over the next five years. These investments must meet specific cash-on-cash return criteria and are designed to increase attendance, customer spend and profitability.

		Comfort &	Convenience		Enhanced Fo	od & Beverage	P	Premium Sight & Sound				
Regions	Total Screens	Motorized, plush recliners with leg rest; Relax at the push of a button	Guarantee of pre-selected seat; Arrive just-in-time and anxiety- free	Shopping experience featuring broadened menu offerings, including made- to-order options	Coke Freestyle Machines Innovative technology featuring 120+ drink flavor options; Customer customized	Full service bar serving premium beers, wines and mixed drinks; Enjoy before or after movie	Casual, in theatre dining provided via seat side service; Conveniently satisfies consumer need for "dinner and a movie"	High technology film format delivers unmatched viewing experience	Proprietary, immersive sight and sound format for ultimate customer escape	RealD 3D Crisp, bright, depth delivering technology; Ultra realistic images take the customer inside the movie		
New York/New		-										
Jersey/Philadelphia(1)	688	60	72	14	55	28	28	17	2	374		
California	653	12	29	20	94	22	6	24	5	342		
Illinois(2)	532	18	36	30	48	39	_	13	1	238		
Texas	393	9	30	74	131	198	13	9	1	172		
Florida	380	0	24	24	44	110	6	11	2	180		
Missouri/Kansas/Oklahoma(3)		24	68	28	72	82	27	8	1	134		
Arizona/Colorado	319	25	28	48	76	76	14	8	1	149		
Michigan/Ohio	336	31	62	30	63	164	13	7	_	136		
Washington DC(4)	157	17	18	_	17	_	_	6	1	82		
Massachusetts	119	22	37		22		_	3	_	62		
Balance	1,078	53	84	29	146	101	6	29	1	489		
Totals	4,940	271	488	297	768	820	113	135	15	2,358		
Incremental Revenue/Patron		\$0.92	See (5).	\$0.12	\$0.08	\$0.30	\$6.15	\$5.73	\$5.08	\$3.38		
5-Year Deployment Plan	83	1,582	1,806	500	4,255	700	200	15	19	217		

⁽¹⁾ Includes Connecticut.

⁽²⁾ Chicago metropolitan market, including theatres in Indiana. Also includes Wisconsin and Iowa.

⁽³⁾ Includes St. Louis metropolitan market.

⁽⁴⁾ Washington, D.C. metropolitan market, including Maryland and Virginia.

⁽⁵⁾ Not charged separately, included in ticket price.

Our Strategy: The Customer Experience Leader

Through most of its history, movie-going has been defined by product—the movies themselves. Yet, long term significant, sustainable changes in the economics of the business and attendance patterns have been driven by improvements to the movie-going experience, not the temporary ebb and flow of product. The introduction of Multi- and then Megaplexes, with their then-modern amenities and stadium seats, for example, changed the landscape of the industry.

We believe the industry is in the early stages of once again significantly upgrading the movie-going experience, and this shift towards quality presents opportunities to those who are positioned to capitalize on it. As is our custom, we intend to be a leader in this change, with consumer-focused innovations that improve productivity, maximize revenue-generation per customer visit and, in turn, drive shareholder value.

Our strategic objective is then very straightforward: we intend to be the customer experience leader. We aim to maintain and increase our leadership position and competitive advantage through the following five tightly defined strategies:

1) More Comfort & Convenience—We believe that in an era of jam-packed, busy schedules and stressful lives, movie-going more than ever represents an easy, familiar escape. Against that reality, we believe that maximizing comfort and convenience for our customers will be increasingly necessary to maintain and improve customer relevance.

Three specific initiatives help us deliver more comfort and convenience to our customers. The most impactful so far, as measured by improved customer satisfaction, economic and financial metrics, is recliner re-seats. Along with these physical plant transformations, open-source internet ticketing and reserved seating help us shape and adapt our circuit to meet and exceed our customers' expectations.

Recliner re-seats are the key feature of full theatre renovations. These exhaustive theatre renovations involve stripping theatres to their basic structure in order to replace finishes throughout, upgrade the sight and sound experience, install modernized points of sale and, most importantly, replace traditional theatre seats with plush, electric recliners that allow customers to deploy a leg rest and fully recline at the push of a button. The renovation process typically involves losing 64% seating capacity. For an industry historically focused on quantity, this reduction in seating capacity could be viewed as counter-intuitive and harmful to revenues. However, the quality improvement in the customer experience is driving, on average, an 84% increase in attendance at these locations. Our customers have responded favorably to the significant personal space gains from ample row depths, ability to recline or stretch their legs, extra-wide pillowed chaise and oversized armrests. Starting with one 12-screen theatre a little over two years ago, as of August 2013 we now feature recliner re-seats in 25 theatres, or 271 screens, with another 8 theatres, or 93 screens, under construction. Cash-on-cash returns for the four locations opened prior to July 1, 2012 have averaged over 100%. We believe that approximately \(^{1}/4\) of our circuit's re-seat potential has been addressed, leaving us with over 1,500 addressable screens to go. Thus far, we have implemented only modest ticket pricing increases at these re-seated theatres, and we believe there is unrealized revenue potential at these theatres as we rebalance the supply-demand relationship created by added comfort from re-seats and our customers' willingness to pay for this improved experience. Over the next five years we intend to invest approximately \$600 million in recliner re-seat conversions.

Rebalancing of the new supply-demand relationship created by recliner re-seats presents us two further opportunities to improve customer convenience and maximize operating results: open-source internet ticketing and reserved seating.

Open-source internet ticketing makes all our seats (almost 950,000) in all our theatres and auditoriums for all our showtimes (approximately 22,000 per day), as available as possible, on as many websites as possible. This is a significant departure from the prior ten-year practice, when tickets to any

one of our buildings were only available on one website. In the two years since we exercised our right to end exclusive contracts, internet tickets sold as a percentage of total tickets sold has increased significantly from approximately 5.5% to 8.5%. We believe increased online access is important because it captures customers' purchase intent more immediately and directly than if we had to wait until they showed up at the theatre box office to make a purchase. Once our customers buy a ticket, they are less likely to change their mind. Carefully monitoring internet pre-sales also lets us adjust capacity in real time, moving movies that are poised to overperform to larger capacity or more auditoriums, thereby maximizing yield.

<u>Reserved seating</u>, now fully implemented in 44 of our busiest theatres, allows our customers to choose a specific seat in advance of the movie. We believe that knowing there is a specifically chosen seat waiting for a show that promises to be a sellout is comforting to our customers, and removes anxiety around the experience. We believe reserved seating will become increasingly prevalent to the point of being a pre-requisite in the medium-term future.

We believe the comfort and personal space gains from recliner re-seats, coupled with the immediacy of demand captured from open-source internet ticketing and the anxiety removal of reserved seating make a powerful economic combination for us that none of our peer set is exploiting as aggressively as we are.

2) Enhanced Food & Beverage—Popcorn and soft drinks are as integral a part of the movie-going experience as the movies themselves. Yet, approximately one third of our 200 million annual customers do not purchase food or a beverage. In order to increase the percentage of customers purchasing food or a beverage as well as increase sales per patron, we have developed food and beverage concepts that expand selection and service offerings. These concepts range from the simple and traditional (Food and Beverage Kiosks) to the vastly innovative and complex (Dine-In Theatres). This array of concepts, progressively more innovative and capital intensive, creates further service and selection across a range of theatre types and attendance levels and allows us to satisfy more customers and different customer needs and generate additional revenues.

- The most broadly deployed concept is <u>Food and Beverage Kiosks</u>, which supplements the traditional menu with made-to-order hot foods, espresso drinks, smoothies, better-for-you products and an expanded range of candies and frozen novelty treats. <u>Food and Beverage Kiosks</u> capitalizes on food and beverage trends our customers have adopted in other quickeat venues. To date, we have implemented 80 <u>Food and Beverage Kiosks</u> where we enjoy average incremental food and beverage per head (CPH) of \$0.04 and cash-on-cash returns for the 58 locations deployed prior to July 1, 2012 have averaged approximately 37%.
- At the next level, and designed for higher volume theatres, <u>Marketplace</u> vastly expands menu offerings as well as delivers a more customer engaging, post-pay shopping experience. In addition to the expanded offerings found in <u>Food and Beverage Kiosks</u>, <u>Marketplaces</u> also feature grab-and-go and self-serve food and beverages, including Coke Freestyle®, which puts our customers in charge with over 120 drink flavor options. AMC's operational excellence and history of innovation allowed us first-mover advantage on this new technology, which today is deployed in 47 of our theatres and we anticipate will be in all of our circuit by mid-2015. We find that when customers are allowed to browse and choose, overall satisfaction goes up and they spend more. Our CPH metrics improve on average \$0.12 when a <u>Marketplace</u> is added to a theatre. We now operate 14<u>Marketplaces</u> with plans to install as many as 25 more, as our next generation food and beverage format.
- Deployed alone or alongside our other food and beverage concepts are our <u>MacGuffins Bar & Lounges</u>. We believe that few innovations have won over the adult movie goer more decisively than our full service bars featuring premium beers, wines and liquors. In the last 30 months we have deployed 44 <u>MacGuffins</u>, and with their impressive average incremental CPH of \$0.30, we

are moving quickly to install an additional 25 within twelve months and believe the concept will be successful in an additional 75-100 theatres thereafter MacGuffins have delivered average cash-on-cash returns for the twelve locations deployed prior to July 1, 2012 of over 100%. Due to our success in operating MacGuffins, we believe we can leverage our substantial experience when it comes to permitting, installing and commissioning these improvements.

At the top of the scale are our <u>Dine-In Theatres</u>. Dine-In Theatres are full restaurant operations, giving our customers the ultimate dinner-and-a-movie experience all at a single seat. Compressing by almost half what would otherwise be a four or five hour, multi-destination experience, young people and adults alike are afforded a huge convenience, which puts the idea of going to a movie much more in play. We currently operate 11 Dine-In Theatres. Cash-on-cash returns for the eight locations deployed prior to July 1, 2012 averaged 11% in their first full year of operations. At our seven locations that were open prior to July 1, 2011, cash-on-cash returns grew to 34% in the second full year of operations as consumer awareness increased. These increases in cash-on-cash returns were driven primarily by an increase in CPH of \$6.15. Today, Dine-In Theatres represent 3% of our total theatres but generated 10% of our circuit-wide food and beverage revenues. We expect that Dine-In Theatres and recliner re-seats will be deployed in approximately 17% of our theatres by the end of 2013. We plan to open 20 more Dine-In Theatres in the next 5 years.

Building on the success of our full-service *Dine-In Theatres*, we are under construction at two locations with an emerging concept, <u>DIT Express</u>. <u>DIT Express</u> emphasizes freshness, speed and convenience. Customers place their orders at a central station and the order is delivered to our customers at their reserved seat. <u>DIT Express</u> was developed in conjunction with Union Square Events (a division of Union Square Hospitality Group). Like our other food and beverage concepts, we believe that <u>DIT Express</u> will become an important part of our toolkit.

In this most important area of profitability for any exhibition circuit, we believe that our ability to innovate concepts, adapt those concepts to specific buildings and generate incremental revenue differentiates us from our peers and provides us with a competitive advantage. This is in part due to our core geographic markets' larger, more diverse and more affluent customer base; in part due to our management team's demonstrated and extensive experience in food, beverage and hospitality; and in part due to our three-plus year head start in this difficult to execute space.

We believe significant financial opportunities exist as we have a substantial pipeline of investments to take advantage of incremental attendance-generating and revenue-generating prospects by deploying building-by-building solutions from a proprietary menu of proven, customer-approved food and beverage concepts.

3) Greater Engagement & Loyalty—We believe that in the theatrical exhibition business, as in all consumer-oriented businesses, engagement and loyalty are the hallmarks of winning organizations.

Our brand is the most recognizable in the business, with over 80% awareness in the United States according to an Ipsos Omnibus survey completed July 2013—far above any competitor. We build on that strength by seeking engagement and loyalty from our customers in four measurable, specific and inter-related ways. At the top of the pyramid is AMC Stubs®, the industry's most sophisticated loyalty program. At the base of the pyramid are our mobile apps, website (www.amctheatres.com) and social media outreach, which combined seek to drive engagement to levels unprecedented in the movie exhibition industry. We believe there is incremental attendance potential to be gained from avid movie-goers who generate a disproportionate share of industry revenues and who state that the quality of the movie-going experience directly influences their movie-going habits.

<u>AMC Stubs®</u> is the industry's first program of its kind. Fee-based (consumers pay \$12/year to belong), it rewards loyalists with in-theatre value (\$10 for every \$100 spent) instead of hard to

track "points". The program is fully automated and user-friendly from a customer perspective. As of August 2013 we had 2.3 million member households, which represent approximately 20% of our total weekly box office revenues. Transaction data from this loyal customer base are mined for consumer insights that are used to develop targeted, relevant customer offers, leading to increased attendance and sales. The program increases switching costs (the negative monetary (annual fee) and psychological (lost reward potential) costs associated with choosing a competitive theatre exhibitor), especially for those patrons located near our competitors' theatres, and leads to higher loyalty. We believe that increased switching costs dissuade customers from choosing a competitor's theatre and lead to higher loyalty.

- Our <u>www.amctheatres.com</u> state-of-the-art <u>website</u>, leverages adaptive technology that optimizes the users' experience regardless of platform (phone, tablet, laptop, etc.) and has nearly 9 million visits per month, with peak months over 12 million, generating up to almost 300 million page visits per year. The website generates ticket sales and higher conversion rates by simplifying customers' purchasing decision and process.
- The <u>AMC mobile apps</u>, available for iOS, Android and Windows devices have been downloaded nearly 1.75 million times since launch, generating almost a half million sessions per week. This convenient way to purchase tickets also features *Enhanced Maps*, which allows customers to browse for their nearest AMC theatre or favorite AMC theatre amenity, and *My AMC*, which allows customers to generate a personalized movie queue of coming releases.
- On the <u>social media</u> front, our Facebook 'Likes', recently at 4 million and growing, are more than all our peer competitors' counts combined. We are similarly engaged on Twitter (almost 200,000 followers), Pinterest, Instagram and YouTube. Our participation in these social networks keeps movie-going top of mind and allows targeted campaigns and offers with clear 'calls to action' that generate incremental attendance and incremental revenues per patron.

The competitive advantage in greater customer engagement and loyalty includes the ability to use market intelligence to better anticipate customers' needs and desires and to capture incremental share of entertainment dollars and time.

4) Premium Sight & Sound—At its core, our business is a visual and aural medium. The quality of projection and sound is therefore mission critical, and has improved significantly with the advent of <u>digital systems</u>. Today, our conversion to these digital systems is substantially complete, and 4,757 or 96% of our screens employ state-of-the-art Sony 4K or similar digital projectors. Importantly, the digital conversions enabled <u>3D exhibition</u>, and today 2,358 screens (48% of total) are so enabled. We have at least one 3D enabled screen in 97% of our locations.

In sight and sound, we believe that size is critical in our customers' decision-making. Consistent with this belief, we are the world's largest<u>tMAX</u> exhibitor, with 135 screens, all 3D-enabled, with nearly twice the screen count of our closest competitor and representing a 44% market share in the United States (as of June 30, 2013). In addition, we currently have our own private label large format, marketed as <u>ETX</u>, in 15 locations (also all 3D enabled). Combined, these 150 screens represent only 3% of our total screens, yet on the weekends when big movies open, as much as 19% of our box office flows from them.

The premium sight and sound experiences—3D, ETX and IMAX—give our customers more options and earn incremental pricing from our customers. On average, pricing premiums currently amount to \$4.19 per patron, driving better economics for us and the Hollywood studios, while also delivering our audience a superior experience. For context, box office gross profit per patron for premium formats averages 19% more than gross profit per patron for conventional 2D formats. We anticipate increasing our premium large-format screen count by 34 screens.

Further, we do not expect technology advances to cease. Sound quality, for example, continues to improve, as our recent tests of Dolby ATMOS demonstrate (AMC theatres were among the very few selected for pilot tests). And, laser projection technology, the next level in clarity, brightness and sharpness, is evolving as well. While all of these will require some level of capital investment, the promise of strong customer relevance is significant.

5) Targeted Programming—The core of our business, historically and now, is Hollywood movies. We play all varieties, from adrenaline-filled action movies to heart-warming family films, laugh out loud comedies and terrifying horror flicks. We play them in 2D, 3D, IMAX, ETX and even closed captioned and sometimes with subtitles. If a movie is commercially available, it is likely to be playing at an AMC theatre today or tonight, because we schedule shows in the morning, afternoon and even at midnight or later, just to make sure it is convenient for our customers.

Increasingly, we are playing movies and other content originating from more sources. We believe that as diversity grows in the United States, the ability to adapt and target programming for a fragmented audience will grow increasingly critical. We believe this is something we already do very well. As measured by an Insight Strategy Group survey conducted November 2011, approximately 51% of our audience was Latino or African American. Latino families are Hollywood's, and our, best customers. They go to the movies 6.4x per year (56% more than average), and 65% of Latinos live within 20 miles of an AMC theatre. For movies targeted at these diverse audiences, we frequently experience attendance levels greater than our average, national market share. For example, AMC recently captured 28% market share of the 2013 Spanish-titled movie *Instructions Not Included*. Tyler Perry's latest three films, which are targeted towards African American audiences, have produced industry box office of over \$125 million and an average market share for AMC of over 23% during the twelve months ended June 30, 2013, we exhibited 89 Bollywood movies capturing an above average 28% market share and generating over \$10 million in box office revenues. Given the population growth patterns from the last US census, we believe that our ability to effectively serve these communities will help strengthen our competitive position.

Through AMC Independent, we have also reached into the independent (or "indie") production and distribution community. Growing quickly from its inception three years ago, we played 467 films during the twelve months ended June 30, 2013 from this very creative community.

Open Road, our joint venture with another major exhibitor, is similarly an effort to grow our sources of content and provide access to our screens for content that may not otherwise find its way there.

We believe AMC is a vital exhibitor for Hollywood studios and for independent distributors because we generate more box office revenue per theatre and provide stronger in-theatre and online promotional exposure for movies. Theatres are a content owner's highest quality revenue stream because every customer pays every time they watch the content. Among all theatres, AMC's venues are the most valuable to content owners. Due to the studios' fixed distribution cost per licensed film, their product is never more productive than at an AMC theatre. When our scale and Wanda's growth are taken into account, AMC is the most efficient and effective partner a content owner has.

Our Competitive Strengths

We believe we have the following competitive strengths:

Leading Market Share in Important, Affluent & Diverse Markets

Across the country's three biggest metropolitan markets—New York, Los Angeles and Chicago, representing 20% of the country's total box office—we hold a 36% combined market share. On any

given weekend, half of the top ten theatres for the #1 opening movie title in the United States are AMC theatres. We believe our strong presence in these top markets makes our theatres highly visible and therefore strategically more important to content providers, who rely on the large audiences and marketing momentum provided by major markets to drive opinion-making and deliver a movie's overall box office results.

Our customers are concentrated in major metropolitan markets and are generally more affluent and culturally diverse than those in smaller markets. There are inherent complexities in effectively and efficiently serving them. In some of our more densely populated major metropolitan markets, there is also a scarcity of attractive retail real estate opportunities. Taken together, these factors solidify our market share position. Further, our history and strong presence in these markets have created a greater opportunity to introduce our enhanced customer experience concepts and exhibit a broad array of programming and premium formats, all of which we believe drive higher levels of attendance and higher revenues at our theatres.

Well Located, Highly Productive Theatres

Our theatres are generally located in the top retail centers across the United States. We believe this provides for long-term visibility and higher productivity, and is a key element in the success of our Enhanced Food & Beverage and Comfort & Convenience initiatives. Our location strategy, combined with our strong major market presence and our focus on a superior customer experience, enable us to deliver industry-leading theatre-level productivity. During the twelve months ended June 30, 2013, eight of the ten highest grossing theatres in the United States were AMC theatres. During the same period, our average total revenues per theatre were \$7.8 million. This per unit productivity is important not only to content providers, but also to developers and landlords, for whom per location and per square foot sales numbers are critical measures. The net effect is a close relationship with the commercial real estate community, which gives us first-look and preferred tenant status on emerging opportunities.

Selectively Participating in a Consolidating Industry

Throughout the last two decades, AMC has been an active participant in our industry's consolidation. In that span, we have acquired and successfully integrated Loews, General Cinema, Kerasotes and more recently, select operations of Rave Digital Media and Rave Review Cinemas. We intend to remain an active participant in consolidation, and selectively pursue acquisitions where the characteristics of the location, overall market and facilities further enhance the quality of our theatre portfolio.

Additionally, our focus on improving the customer experience and our strong relationships with landlords and developers have provided opportunities to expand our footprint in existing markets by acquiring competitors' existing theatres at the end of their lease term at little or no cost. We believe that our Comfort & Convenience and Enhanced Food & Beverage concepts have high appeal to landlords wanting to increase traffic and sales in their retail centers. These "spot acquisitions" have given us the ability to bolster our presence in existing markets at relatively low cost and more quickly (weeks, months) as compared to new builds (months, years).

Substantial Operating Cash Flow

For the six months ended June 30, 2013, the period from August 31, 2012 to December 31, 2012, the period from March 30, 2012 through August 30, 2012 and the fiscal year ended March 29, 2012, our net cash provided by operating activities totaled \$133.5 million, \$73.9 million, \$76.4 million and \$137.0 million, respectively. We believe that our strategic initiatives, highly productive theatre circuit and continued focus on cost control will enable us to generate sufficient cash flow provided by operating activities to fund the deployment of capital to execute our strategy to grow our revenues,

maintain our facilities, service our indebtedness and pay dividends to our stockholders. We expect that our capital expenditures will be approximately \$245 million in each of the next three calendar years.

Experienced and Dynamic Team

Our senior management team, led by Gerardo (Gerry) Lopez, President and Chief Executive Officer, has the expertise that will be required to transform movie-going from a commodity to a differentiated entertainment experience. A dynamic and balanced team of executives combines long-tenured leaders in operations, real estate and finance who contributed to building AMC's hard earned reputation for operations excellence with creative entertainment and restaurant industry executives in marketing, programming and food & beverage who bring to AMC business acumen and experience that support innovation in theatrical exhibition.

We anticipate that, in connection with this offering, we will enter into long term employment agreements with key members of management and implement a significant equity based compensation plan that will align management's interests with those of our shareholders.

In July 2013, AMC relocated its Theatre Support Center to a new, state-of-the-art facility in Leawood, Kansas. With a technology platform that provides for real-time monitoring of AMC screens across the country and a workplace conducive to collaboration and teamwork, AMC's management team has the organization well aligned with its strategy.

Furthermore, we believe that our people, the nearly 22,000 AMC associates, constitute an essential strength of our Company. They strive to make movie-going experiences at AMC always a treat. Our auditoriums offer clear and bright projection, our food is hot and our drinks are cold. Our doors, lobbies, hallways and bathrooms are clean and we select and train our people to make smiles happen. We create events and want our customers to always feel special at an AMC theatre. This is an experience delivered almost 200 million times a year.

Over the past three years together, this group has enhanced quality and increased variety at our food and beverage stands, introduced in-theatre dining options in many markets, revitalized 40 theatres, launched our industry-leading loyalty program, *AMC Stubs*, and achieved our Company's highest ever ratings for top-box overall customer satisfaction. We feel like this is only the beginning.

Key Strategic Shareholder

In August 2012, AMC was acquired by the Wanda Group ("Wanda"), one of the largest, privately-held conglomerates in China. In addition to its core business as a prominent developer and owner of commercial real estate, Wanda also owns related businesses in entertainment, hospitality and retail. Wanda is the largest theatre exhibition operator in China through its controlling ownership interest in Wanda Cinema Line. The combined ownership and scale of AMC and Wanda Cinema Line, has enabled us to enhance relationships and obtain better terms from important food and beverage, lighting and theatre supply vendors, and to expand our strategic partnership with IMAX. Wanda and AMC are also working together to offer Hollywood studios and other production companies valuable access to our industry-leading promotion and distribution platforms, with the goal of gaining greater access to content and playing a more important role in the industry going forward. Wanda is controlled by its chairman, Mr. Jianlin Wang.

The Industry

Movie going is embedded in the American social fabric. For over 100 years people young and old, of all races and socio-economic levels have enjoyed the entertainment that motion pictures offer.

In the United States, the movie exhibition business is large, stable and mature. While in any given calendar quarter the quantity and quality of movies can drive volatile results, box office revenues have

advanced from 2011 to 2012. Calendar year 2012 was, in fact, the industry's best ever, with box office revenues of \$10.8 billion, (6.5% growth over 2011) and over 1.3 billion admissions.

The movie exhibition business has survived the booms and busts of economic cycles and has adapted to myriad changes in technology and customer behavior. There is great value for the entertainment dollar in movie going, and no replacement has been invented for the escape and fun that a night at the movies represents.

We believe the exhibition business is in the early stages of a transition. After decades of economic models driven by *quantity* (number of theatres, screens and seats), it is the *quality* of the movie going experience that will define future success. Whether in enhanced food and beverage options (*Food and Beverage Kiosks, Marketplaces, Coke Freestyle, MacGuffins or Dine-in Theatres*); comfort and convenience (recliner re-seats, open-source internet ticketing, reserved seating); engagement and loyalty (*AMC Stubs*, website, mobile apps, social media) or sight and sound (digital projectors, 3D, our own ETX format or IMAX); it is the ease of use and the amenities that these innovations bring to customers that will drive sustained profitability in the years ahead. As this transition accelerates, we believe movie exhibition's attraction as an investment will grow.

The Wanda Transaction

On August 30, 2012, Wanda acquired Parent through a merger between Parent and Wanda Film Exhibition Co. Ltd., ("Merger Subsidiary"), a wholly-owned indirect subsidiary of Wanda, whereby Merger Subsidiary merged with and into Parent with Parent continuing as the surviving corporation and as a wholly-owned indirect subsidiary of Wanda (the "Merger"). Prior to the Merger, Parent was owned by J.P. Morgan Partners, LLC and certain related investment funds ("JPMP"), Apollo Management, L.P. and certain related investment funds ("Apollo"), affiliates of Bain Capital Partners ("Bain"), The Carlyle Group ("Carlyle") and Spectrum Equity Investors ("Spectrum") (collectively, the "Former Sponsors").

Wanda invested approximately \$700.0 million in connection with the Merger. In comparison, assuming a per share price of \$ (the midpoint of the range set forth on the front cover of this prospectus) and number of shares sold in the offering (which would represent approximately % of the shares of our common stock that will be outstanding upon completion of this offering), the total value of the equity of the Company would have been approximately \$ million.

The Reclassification

Prior to consummating this offering, we intend to reclassify each share of Parent's existing Class A common stock and Class N common stock. Pursuant to the reclassification, each holder of shares of existing Class A common stock will receive shares of Class B common stock for one share of existing Class A common stock, and each holder of shares of Class N common stock will receive shares of new Class A common stock for one share of Class N common stock. The transactions described in this paragraph are referred to in this prospectus as the "Reclassification."

Currently, Parent is owned by an indirect, wholly owned subsidiary of Wanda and by certain members of management as follows: Wanda (99.88%) and members of management (0.12%).

After giving effect to the Reclassification and this offering, Wanda will hold shares of our Class B common stock, representing approximately % of our outstanding common stock and % of the combined voting power of our outstanding common stock, and will have the power to control our affairs and policies including with respect to the election of directors (and, through the election of directors, the appointment of management), the entering into of mergers, sales of substantially all of our assets and other extraordinary transactions.

Risk Factors

Our business is subject to numerous risks, as discussed more fully in the section entitled "Risk Factors" beginning on page 20 of this prospectus, which you should read in its entirety. In particular:

- We have no control over distributors of the films and our business may be adversely affected if our access to motion pictures is limited or delayed;
- · We depend on motion picture production and performance;
- Our substantial debt could adversely affect our operations and prevent us from satisfying those debt obligations;
- Limitations on the availability of capital may prevent deployment of strategic initiatives;
- We have had significant financial losses in previous years;
- · We may be limited in our ability to utilize, or may not be able to utilize, net operating loss carryforwards to reduce our future tax liability;
- · We are subject, at times, to intense competition;
- An increase in the use of alternative film delivery methods or other forms of entertainment may drive down our attendance and limit our ticket prices;
- Our results of operations may be impacted by shrinking video release windows;
- · The agreements governing our indebtedness contain covenants that may limit our ability to take advantage of certain business opportunities advantageous to us; and
- We may suffer future impairment losses and theatre and other closure charges.

Corporate Information

We are a Delaware corporation. Our principal executive offices are located at One AMC Way, 11500 Ash Street, Leawood, Kansas 66211. The telephone number of our principal executive offices is (913) 213-2000. We maintain a website at www.amctheatres.com, on which we will post our key corporate governance documents, including our board committee charters and our code of ethics. We do not incorporate the information on our website into this prospectus and you should not consider any information on, or that can be accessed through, our website as part of this prospectus.

Class A common stock offered by us

Class A common stock to be outstanding immediately after this offering

Class B common stock to be outstanding immediately after this offering

Option to purchase additional shares

Common stock voting rights

The Offering

Shares

Shares

Shares

We have granted to the underwriters a 30-day option to purchase up to additional shares of our Class A common stock from us at the initial public offering price less underwriting discounts and commissions.

Upon consummation of this offering, the holders of our Class A common stock will be entitled to one vote per share, and the holders of our Class B common stock will be entitled to three votes per share.

Each share of Class B common stock may be converted into one share of Class A common stock at the option of the holder.

If, on the record date for any meeting of the stockholders, the number of shares of Class B common stock then outstanding is less than 30% of the aggregate number of shares of Class A common stock and Class B common stock outstanding, then each share of Class B common stock will automatically convert into one share of Class A common stock.

In addition, each share of Class B common stock will convert automatically into one share of Class A common stock upon any transfer, except for certain transfers to other holders of Class B common stock or their affiliates or to certain unrelated third parties as described under "Description of Capital Stock—Conversion and Restrictions on Transfer."

Holders of Class A common stock and Class B common stock will vote together as a single class on all matters unless otherwise required by law.

Upon consummation of this offering, assuming no exercise of the underwriters' option to purchase additional shares, (1) holders of Class A common stock will hold approximately % of the combined voting power of our outstanding common stock and approximately % of our total equity ownership and (2) holders of Class B common stock will hold approximately % of the combined voting power of our outstanding common stock and approximately % of our total equity ownership.

If the underwriters exercise their option to purchase additional shares of Class A common stock in full, (1) holders of Class A common stock will hold approximately % of the combined voting power of our outstanding common stock and approximately % of our total equity ownership and (2) holders of Class B common stock will hold approximately % of the combined voting power of our outstanding common stock and approximately % of our total equity ownership. See "Description of Capital Stock -Voting Rights." The rights of the holders of Class A common stock and Class B common stock are identical, except with respect to voting and conversion applicable to the Class B common stock. See "Description of Capital Stock—Common Stock" for a description of the material terms of our common stock. Dividend policy We intend to pay cash dividends commencing from the closing date of this offering. We expect that our first dividend will be with respect to the quarter of fiscal 20 . The declaration and payment of future dividends to holders of our common stock will be at the sole discretion of our board of directors and will depend upon many factors, including our financial condition, earnings, legal requirements, restrictions in our senior secured credit facility and the indentures governing our debt securities and other factors our board of directors deem relevant. See "Risk Factors—We may not generate sufficient cash flows or have sufficient restricted payment capacity under our senior secured credit facility or the indentures governing our debt securities to pay our intended dividends on the common stock," and "Dividend Policy." We estimate that our net proceeds from this offering without exercise of the underwriters' option to Use of proceeds purchase additional shares will be approximately \$ million after deducting the estimated underwriting discounts and commissions and expenses, assuming the shares are offered at \$ Class A share, which represents the midpoint of the range set forth on the front cover of this prospectus. We intend to use the net proceeds to us for general corporate purposes, which may include, among other things, capital expenditures and retirement of outstanding indebtedness, including our 8.75% Senior Fixed Rate Notes due 2019. "AMC" Proposed national securities exchange trading symbol

Unless otherwise stated herein, the information in this prospectus (other than our historical financial statements and historical financial data) assumes that:

- · the Reclassification has been completed;
- the underwriters have not exercised their option to purchase up to additional shares of Class A common stock from us;
- the initial offering price is \$ per share, the midpoint of the range set forth on the cover page of this prospectus; and
- our amended and restated certificate of incorporation and amended and restated bylaws are in effect, pursuant to which the provisions described under "Description of Capital Stock" will become operative.

In the Reclassification, each holder of shares of existing Class A common stock will receive shares of Class B common stock for one share of existing Class A common stock, and each holder of shares of Class N common stock will receive outstanding after completion of this offering is based on present in this prospectus excludes shares of common stock we will reserve for future issuance under our equity incentive plan.

Summary Historical and Unaudited Financial and Operating Data

The following summary historical financial and operating data sets forth our historical financial and operating data for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and the 26 weeks ended June 28, 2012, for the Predecessor period from March 30, 2012 to August 30, 2012, for the Successor period from August 31, 2012 to December 31, 2012 and for the fiscal years ended March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011 and have been derived from our Consolidated Financial Statements and related notes for such periods included elsewhere in this prospectus. The historical financial data set forth below is qualified in its entirety by reference to our Consolidated Financial Statements and the notes thereto included elsewhere in this prospectus.

In connection with the change of control due to the Merger, our assets and liabilities were adjusted to fair value on the closing date of the Merger by application of "push down" accounting. As a result of the application of "push down" accounting in connection with the Merger, our financial statement presentations herein distinguish between a predecessor period for periods prior to the Merger ("Predecessor"), and a successor period for periods subsequent to the Merger ("Successor"). The Successor applied "push down" accounting and its financial statements reflect a new basis of accounting that is based on the fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed as of the Merger date. The Consolidated Financial Statements presented herein are those of Successor from its inception on August 31, 2012 through June 30, 2013, and those of Predecessor for all periods prior to the Merger date. As a result of the application of "push down" accounting at the time of the Merger, the financial statements for the Predecessor period and for the Successor period are presented on different bases and are, therefore, not comparable. For additional information about the Merger, see the notes to our audited Consolidated Financial Statements for the period ended December 31, 2012 and our unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements for the six months ended June 30, 2013 included elsewhere in this prospectus.

The summary historical financial and operating data presented below should be read in conjunction with "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and our historical consolidated financial statements, including the notes thereto, included in this prospectus.

	Twelve Months Ended September 30, 2013(1) (Unaudited)	Six Months Ended June 30, 2013 (Successor) (Unaudited)	Twenty-six Weeks Ended June 28, 2012 (Predecessor) (Unaudited) (in thousands, ex	From Inception August 31, 2012 through December 31, 2012 (Successor)	(Pr	March 30, 2012 through tugust 30, 2012(2) redecessor)	52 Weeks Ended March 29, 2012 (Predecessor)	52 Weeks Ended March 31, 2011 (Predecessor)
Statement of Operations Data:					1	,		
Total revenues		\$ 1,340,467	\$ 1,306,814	\$ 811,492	\$	1,206,072	\$ 2,521,977	\$ 2,362,538
Operating Costs and Expenses:								
Cost of operations		881,896	855,218	552,540		781,193	1,706,418	1,631,497
Rent		227,348	222,765	143,374		189,086	445,326	451,874
General and administrative:								
Merger, acquisition and transactions costs		1,653	4,476	3,366		4,417	3,958	16,838
Management fee		_	2,500	_		2,500	5,000	5,000
Other		33,347	30,946	29,110		27,023	51,495	58,157
Depreciation and amortization		98,832	105,181	71,633		80,971	212,817	211,444
Impairment of long-lived assets		_	285	_		_	285	12,779
Operating costs and expenses		1,243,076	1,221,371	800,023		1,085,190	2,425,299	2,387,589
Operating income (loss)	\$	\$ 97,391	\$ 85,443	\$ 11,469	\$	120,882	\$ 96,678	\$ (25,051)
Other (income) expense		(294)	1,657	49		960	1,965	42,687
Interest expense		70,791	85,011	47,132		70,004	178,127	183,657
Equity in (earnings) loss of non-consolidated entities		(23,820)	(19,448)	2,480		(7,545)	(12,559)	(17,178)

	Twelve Months Ended September 30, 2013(1)	(S	x Months Ended June 30, 2013	J (Pro	venty-six Weeks Ended une 28, 2012 decessor) naudited) pusands, ex	De	From Inception August 31, 2012 through ccember 31, 2012 Successor) per share and op	(P)	March 30, 2012 through august 30, 2012(2) redecessor)	N	22 Weeks Ended March 29, 2012 redecessor)	N	2 Weeks Ended Iarch 31, 2011 edecessor)
Gain on NCM transactions			_		_		_		_		_		(64,441)
Investment (income) expense			(3,337)		(51)		290		(41)		17,619		(484)
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes	_	_	54,051		18,274	_	(38,482)		57,504		(88,474)		(169,292)
Income tax provision (benefit)			12,950		905		(2,020)		2,500		2,015		1,950
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations	\$	\$	41,101	\$	17,369	\$	(36,462)	\$	55,004	\$	(90,489)	\$	(171,242)
Basic earnings (loss) from continuing operations per share		\$	26.78	\$	13.58	\$	(24.08)	\$	43.00	\$	(70.74)	\$	(133.90)
Diluted earnings (loss) from continuing operations per share		\$	26.78	\$	13.47	\$	(24.08)	\$	42.74	\$	(70.74)	\$	(133.90)
Average shares outstanding:													
Basic			1,534.92		1,279.14		1,514.48		1,279.14		1,279.14		1,278.92
Diluted			1,534.92		1,289.30		1,514.48		1,286.81		1,279.14		1,278.92
Other Data:													
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	\$	133,504	\$	20,953	\$	73,892	\$	76,372	\$	137,029	\$	(16,168)
Adjusted EBITDA(3)			216,863		218,651		104,369		222,846		370,099		315,837
Theatre Level Adjusted EBITDA(4)			240,307		243,927		128,106		248,547		403,213		347,941
NCM cash distributions received			12,425		12,994		10,176		6,667		31,523		35,502
Capital expenditures			(104,695)		(73,346)		(72,774)		(40,116)		(139,359)		(129,347)
Growth capital expenditures(5)			(68,144)		(18,158)		(34,782)		(15,794)		(27,547)		(35,774)
Landlord contributions(6) Net rewards accumulated under AMC Stubs:			8,897		3,200		4,169		2,000		3,200		4,000
Admissions			(4,171)		(7,383)		(382)		(4,146)		(16,752)		
Food and beverage			(15,286)		(19,866)		(9,522)		(16,385)		(32,209)		_
Operating Data (at period end):			(13,200)		(19,800)		(9,322)		(10,383)		(32,209)		_
Screen additions			_		_		22		13		26		55
Screen acquisitions			25		_		166		- 13				960
Screen dispositions			29		35		19		62		120		400
Average screens—continuing operations(7)			4.855		4,770		4.732		4,742		4,811		4,920
Number of screens operated			4,937		4,833		4,988		4,819		4,868		4,962
Number of theatres operated			343		336		344		333		338		352
Screens per theatre			14.4		14.4		14.5		14.5		14.4		14.1
Attendance (in thousands)—continuing operations(7)			96,977		97,995		60,336		90,616		194,205		188,810

		As of Jui	ne 30, 2013
	A		Pro Forma as Adjusted udited) ousands)
Consolidated balance sheet data:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1	36,307	
Corporate borrowings, including current portion	2,0	80,787	
Other long-term liabilities	4	47,066	
Capital and financing lease obligations, including current portion	1	19,581	
Stockholders' equity	8	25,720	
Class A Common Stock voting issued hereby (\$.01 par value shares authorized; shares issued and outstanding as of June 30, 2013 as adjusted to give			
effect to the Reclassification)	\$	_	\$
Class B Common Stock voting issued hereby (\$.01 par value shares authorized; shares issued and outstanding as of June 30, 2013 as adjusted to give			
effect to the Reclassification)	\$	_	\$
Existing Class A Common Stock voting (\$.01 par value, 2,000,000 shares authorized; 1,531,424 shares issued and outstanding as of June 30, 2013)		15	
Class N Common Stock voting (\$.01 par value, 25,000 shares authorized; 3,497 shares issued and outstanding as of June 30, 2013)		_	
Total assets	4,3	49,076	

⁽¹⁾ The statement of operations data for the twelve months ended September 30, 2013, which are unaudited, have been calculated by adding the period from September 28, 2012 to December 31, 2012 to the nine months ended September 30, 2013 included elsewhere in this prospectus.

This presentation is not in accordance with GAAP. We believe that this presentation provides useful information to investors regarding our recent financial performance and we view this presentation of the four most recently completed successor quarters as a key measurement period for investors to assess our historical results. In addition, our management uses trailing four quarter financial information to evaluate the financial performance of the Company for ongoing planning purposes, including a continuous assessment of our financial performance in comparison to budgets and internal projections. We also use trailing four quarter financial data to test compliance with covenants under our debt agreements. This presentation has limitations as an analytical tool, and you should not consider it in isolation or as a substitute for analysis of our results as reported under GAAP.

- (2) On November 15, 2012, we announced that we changed our fiscal year to a calendar year so that the calendar year shall begin on January 1 st and end on December 31 st of each year. Prior to the change, fiscal years refer to the fifty-two weeks, and in some cases fifty-three weeks, ending on the Thursday closest to the last day of March.
- (3) We present Adjusted EBITDA as a supplemental measure of our performance. We define Adjusted EBITDA as earnings (loss) from continuing operations plus (i) income tax provisions (benefit), (ii) interest expense and (iii) depreciation and amortization, as further adjusted to eliminate the impact of certain items that we do not consider indicative of our ongoing operating performance and to include any cash distributions of earnings from our equity method investees. These further adjustments are itemized below. You are encouraged to evaluate these adjustments and the reasons we consider them appropriate for supplemental analysis. In evaluating Adjusted EBITDA, you should be aware that in the future we may incur expenses that are the same as or similar to some of the adjustments in this presentation. Our presentation of Adjusted EBITDA should not be construed as an inference that our future results will be unaffected by unusual or non-recurring items. Set forth below is a reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to earnings (loss) from continuing operations, our most comparable GAAP measure:

s -	2013	2	nded ne 30, 2013 ccessor)	J	Weeks Ended une 28, 2012 edecessor)	Dec (S	2012 through cember 31, 2012 uccessor) thousands)	th Au	2012 hrough gust 30, 2012 decessor)	Ma	Weeks Ended arch 29, 2012 decessor)	М	2 Weeks Ended arch 31, 2011 edecessor)
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations \$		\$	41,101	\$	17,369	\$	(36,462)	\$	55,004	\$	(90,489)	\$	(171,242)
Plus:													
Income tax provision (benefit)			12,950		905		(2,020)		2,500		2,015		1,950
Interest expense			70,791		85,011		47,132		70,004		178,127		183,657
Depreciation and amortization			98,832		105,181		71,633		80,971		212,817		211,444
Impairment of long-lived assets			_		285		_		_		285		12,779
Certain operating expenses(a)			6,354		6,758		7,675		5,858		16,275		57,267
Equity in (earnings) losses of non-consolidated entities			(23,820)		(19,448)		2,480		(7,545)		(12,559)		(17,178)
Cash distributions from non-consolidated entities(b)			12,579		13,026		10,226		7,051		33,112		35,893
Gain on NCM transactions					_		_				_		(64,441)
Investment (income) expense			(3,337)		(51)		290		(41)		17,619		(484)
Other (income) expense(c)			(240)		1,657		49		1,297		1,977		42,828
General and administrative expense—unallocated:													
Merger, acquisition and transaction costs			1,653		4,476		3,366		4,417		3,958		16,838
Management fee			_		2,500		_		2,500		5,000		5,000
Stock-based compensation expense			_		982		_		830		1,962		1,526
Adjusted EBITDA(d) \$		\$	216,863	\$	218,651	\$	104,369	\$	222,846	\$	370,099	\$	315,837

- (a) Amounts represent preopening expense, theatre and other closure expense (income), deferred digital equipment rent expense and disposition of assets and other gains included in operating expenses.
- (b) Effective July 1, 2011, cash distributions from non-consolidated entities were included in our Adjusted EBITDA presentation with conforming reclassification made for the current and prior year presentation. The presentation reclassification reflects how our management evaluates our Adjusted EBITDA performance and is generally consistent with treatment in our various debt covenant calculations.
- (c) Other expense for the 52 weeks ended March 31, 2011 is comprised of the loss on extinguishment of indebtedness related to the redemption of our 12% Senior Discount Notes due 2014 ("Discount Notes due 2014") of \$14.8 million, our 11% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2016 ("Notes due 2016") of \$24.3 million and expense related to the modification of the former senior secured credit facility of \$3.7 million.
- (d) The additional four days included in the Transition Period contributed approximately \$25.0 million in Adjusted EBITDA. The acquisition of Kerasotes contributed approximately \$34.6 million during the fifty-two weeks en

Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial measure commonly used in our industry and should not be construed as an alternative to net earnings (loss) as an indicator of operating performance or as an alternative to cash flow provided by operating activities as a measure of liquidity (as determined in accordance with GAAP). Adjusted EBITDA may not be comparable to similarly titled measures reported by other companies. We have included Adjusted EBITDA because we believe it provides management and investors with additional information to measure our performance and liquidity, estimate our value and evaluate our ability to service debt.

Adjusted EBITDA has important limitations as an analytical tool, and you should not consider it in isolation, or as a substitute for analysis of our results as reported under U.S. GAAP. For example, Adjusted EBITDA:

- does not reflect our capital expenditures, future requirements for capital expenditures or contractual commitments;
- does not reflect changes in, or cash requirements for, our working capital needs;
- does not reflect the significant interest expenses, or the cash requirements necessary to service interest or principal payments, on our debt;
- excludes tax payments that represent a reduction in cash available to us;
- does not reflect any cash requirements for the assets being depreciated and amortized that may have to be replaced in the future; and
- does not reflect management fees that were paid to the Former Sponsors.
- We present Theatre Level Adjusted EBITDA as a supplemental measure of our performance which we believe provides management and investors with additional information to measure the performance of our theatres, individually and as an entirety, including the impact of our growth capital expenditures and landlord contributions on their operating results. We define Theatre Level Adjusted EBITDA as Adjusted EBITDA minus (i) cash distributions from non-consolidated entities, (ii) stock based compensation expense included in general and administrative—other, (iii) deferred rent and (iv) capital lease expense, and plus (i) general and administrative expense—other and (ii) theatre service expense, as shown in the table below. You are encouraged to evaluate these adjustments and the reasons we consider them appropriate for supplemental analysis. In evaluating Theatre Level Adjusted EBITDA, you should be aware that in the future we may incur income and expenses that are the same as or similar to some of the adjustments in this presentation. Our presentation of Theatre Level Adjusted EBITDA should not be construed as an inference that our future results will be unaffected by unusual or non-recurring items. Set forth below is a reconciliation of Theatre Level Adjusted EBITDA:

	Twelve Months Ended September 30, 2013	J	x Months Ended (une 30, 2013	Weeks Ended June 28, 2012 redecessor)	D	From Inception August 31, 2012 through becember 31, 2012 (Successor) in thousands)	t Ai	arch 30, 2012 hrough ugust 30, 2012 edecessor)	N	2 Weeks Ended Iarch 29, 2012 edecessor)	М	Weeks Ended arch 31, 2011
Adjusted EBITDA		\$	216,863	\$ 218,651	\$	104,369	\$	222,846	\$	370,099	\$	315,837
Add/(Subtract):												
Cash distributions from non-consolidated entities			(12,579)	(13,026)		(10,226)		(7,051)		(33,112)		(35,893)
Stock-based compensation expense			_	(982)		_		(830)		(1,962)		(1,526)
General and administrative expense—other			33,347	30,946		29,110		27,023		51,495		58,157
Theatre service expense			17,686	17,119		12,325		13,684		33,505		26,520
Deferred rent			(6,638)	(4,294)		(4,724)		(3,437)		(7,422)		(4,761)
Capital lease expense			(8,372)	(4,487)		(2,748)		(3,688)		(9,390)		(10,393)
Theatre Level Adjusted EBITDA		\$	240,307	\$ 243,927	\$	128,106	\$	248,547	\$	403,213	\$	347,941

- (5) Growth capital expenditures are our gross cash investments before landlord contributions to enhance Sight & Sound, Food & Beverage and Comfort & Convenience for our customers. Growth capital expenditures are part of our total capital expenditures and exclude expenditures for maintenance and other recurring items.
- (6) Landlord contributions are amounts received from our landlords for theatres undergoing transformation to enhance Sight & Sound, Food & Beverage or Comfort & Convenience for our customers. Amounts received from landlords are recorded as deferred rent and are amortized as a reduction to rent expense over the base term of the lease agreement.
- (7) Includes consolidated theatres only.

RISK FACTORS

Before you decide to purchase shares of our Class A common stock, you should understand the high degree of risk involved. You should consider carefully the following risks and other information in this prospectus, including our pro forma and historical financial statements and related notes. If any of the following risks actually occur, our business, financial condition and operating results could be adversely affected. As a result, the trading price of our Class A common stock could decline, perhaps significantly.

Risks Related to Our Industry and Our Business

We have no control over distributors of the films and our business may be adversely affected if our access to motion pictures is limited or delayed.

We rely on distributors of motion pictures, over whom we have no control, for the films that we exhibit. Major motion picture distributors are required by law to offer and license film to exhibitors, including us, on a film-by-film and theatre-by-theatre basis. Consequently, we cannot assure ourselves of a supply of motion pictures by entering into long-term arrangements with major distributors, but must compete for our licenses on a film-by-film and theatre-by-theatre basis. Our business depends on maintaining good relations with these distributors, as this affects our ability to negotiate commercially favorable licensing terms for first-run films or to obtain licenses at all. With only 7 distributors representing approximately 90% of the U.S. box office in 2012, there is a high level of concentration in the industry. Our business may be adversely affected if our access to motion pictures is limited or delayed because of deterioration in our relationships with one or more distributors or for some other reason. To the extent that we are unable to license a popular film for exhibition in our theatres, our operating results may be adversely affected.

We depend on motion picture production and performance.

Our ability to operate successfully depends upon the availability, diversity and appeal of motion pictures, our ability to license motion pictures and the performance of such motion pictures in our markets. The most attended films are usually released during the summer and the calendar year-end holidays, making our business highly seasonal. We license first-run motion pictures, the success of which has increasingly depended on the marketing efforts of the major motion picture studios. Poor performance of, or any disruption in the production of these motion pictures (including by reason of a strike or lack of adequate financing), or a reduction in the marketing efforts of the major motion picture studios, could hurt our business and results of operations. Conversely, the successful performance of these motion pictures, particularly the sustained success of any one motion picture, or an increase in effective marketing efforts of the major motion picture studios, may generate positive results for our business and operations in a specific fiscal quarter or year that may not necessarily be indicative of, or comparable to, future results of operations. As movie studios rely on a smaller number of higher grossing "tent pole" films there may be increased pressure for higher film licensing fees. In addition, a change in the type and breadth of movies offered by motion picture studios may adversely affect the demographic base of moviegoers.

Our substantial debt could adversely affect our operations and prevent us from satisfying those debt obligations.

We have a significant amount of debt. As of June 30, 2013, we had outstanding \$2,200.4 million of indebtedness (\$2,092.7 million face amount), which consisted of \$771.2 million under our senior secured credit facility (\$773.1 million face amount), \$651.3 million of our senior notes (\$600 million face amount), \$658.3 million of our existing subordinated notes (\$600.0 million face amount) and \$119.6 million of existing capital and financing lease obligations, and up to \$150.0 million would have been available for borrowing as additional senior debt under our senior secured credit facility. As of

June 30, 2013, we also had approximately \$3.6 billion of undiscounted rental payments under operating leases (with initial base terms generally between 15 to 20 years).

The amount of our indebtedness and lease and other financial obligations could have important consequences to you. For example, it could:

- · increase our vulnerability to general adverse economic and industry conditions;
- · limit our ability to obtain additional financing in the future for working capital, capital expenditures, dividend payments, acquisitions, general corporate purposes or other purposes;
- require us to dedicate a substantial portion of our cash flow from operations to the payment of lease rentals and principal and interest on our indebtedness, thereby reducing the funds available to us for operations and any future business opportunities;
- · limit our planning flexibility for, or ability to react to, changes in our business and the industry; and
- · place us at a competitive disadvantage with competitors who may have less indebtedness and other obligations or greater access to financing.

If we fail to make any required payment under our senior secured credit facility or to comply with any of the financial and operating covenants contained therein, we would be in default. Lenders under our senior secured credit facility could then vote to accelerate the maturity of the indebtedness under the senior secured credit facility and foreclose upon the stock and personal property of our subsidiaries that is pledged to secure the senior secured credit facility. Other creditors might then accelerate other indebtedness. If the lenders under the senior secured credit facility accelerate the maturity of the indebtedness thereunder, we might not have sufficient assets to satisfy our obligations under the senior secured credit facility or our other indebtedness. See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Liquidity and Capital Resources."

Our indebtedness under our senior secured credit facility bears interest at rates that fluctuate with changes in certain prevailing interest rates (although, subject to certain conditions, such rates may be fixed for certain periods). If interest rates increase, we may be unable to meet our debt service obligations under our senior secured credit facility and other indebtedness.

Limitations on the availability of capital may prevent deployment of strategic initiatives.

Our key strategic initiatives, including recliner re-seats, enhanced food & beverage and premium sight & sound, require significant capital expenditures to implement. Our net capital expenditures aggregated approximately \$104.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and \$139.4 million for fiscal 2012. We estimate that our gross cash outflows for capital expenditures will be approximately \$260.0 million to \$290.0 million for calendar 2013 and will continue at approximately \$245.0 million annually over the next three years. Actual capital expenditures for calendar 2013 may differ materially from our estimates. The lack of available capital resources due to business performance or other financial commitments could prevent or delay the deployment of innovations in our theatres. We may have to seek additional financing or issue additional securities to fully implement our growth strategy. We cannot be certain that we will be able to obtain new financing on favorable terms, or at all. In addition, covenants under our existing indebtedness limit our ability to incur additional indebtedness, and the performance of any additional or improved theatres may not be sufficient to service the related indebtedness that we are permitted to incur.

We have had significant financial losses in previous years.

Prior to fiscal 2007, we had reported net losses in each of the prior nine fiscal years totaling approximately \$551.1 million. For fiscal 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, the period March 30, 2012

through August 30, 2012, and the period August 31, 2012 through December 31, 2012, we reported net earnings (losses) of \$116.9 million, \$(6.2) million, \$(149.0) million, \$79.9 million, \$(174.3) million, \$(94.1) million, \$90.2 million, and \$(37.2) million, respectively. If we experience losses in the future, we may be unable to meet our payment obligations while attempting to expand our theatre circuit and withstand competitive pressures or adverse economic conditions.

We may be limited in our ability to utilize, or may not be able to utilize, net operating loss carryforwards to reduce our future tax liability.

As of December 31, 2012 we had federal income tax loss carryforward of \$671.9 million and state income tax loss carryforward of \$544.2 million which will be limited annually due to certain change in ownership provisions of the Internal Revenue Code ("IRC") Section 382. Our federal tax loss carryforwards will begin to expire in 2017 and will completely expire in 2031. Our state tax loss carryforwards may be used over various periods ranging from 1 to 20 years.

We have experienced numerous "ownership changes" within the meaning of Section 382(g) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, including the Merger. These ownership changes have and will continue to subject our tax loss carryforwards to annual limitations which will restrict our ability to use them to offset our taxable income in periods following the ownership changes. In general, the annual use limitation equals the aggregate value of our equity at the time of the ownership change multiplied by a specified tax-exempt interest rate.

We have had significant financial losses in previous years and as a result we currently maintain a full valuation allowance for our deferred tax assets including our federal and state tax loss carryforwards.

We are subject, at times, to intense competition.

Our theatres are subject to varying degrees of competition in the geographic areas in which we operate. Competitors may be national circuits, regional circuits or smaller independent exhibitors. Competition among theatre exhibition companies is often intense with respect to the following factors:

- Attracting patrons. The competition for patrons is dependent upon factors such as the availability of popular motion pictures, the location and number of theatres and screens in a
 market, the comfort and quality of the theatres and pricing. Competitors have built or may be planning to build theatres in certain areas where we operate, which could result in excess
 capacity and increased competition for patrons.
- Licensing motion pictures. We believe that the principal competitive factors with respect to film licensing include licensing terms, number of seats and screens available for a particular picture, revenue potential and the location and condition of an exhibitor's theatres.
- New sites and acquisitions. We must compete with exhibitors and others in our efforts to locate and acquire attractive new and existing sites for our theatres. There can be no assurance that we will be able to acquire such new sites or existing theatres at reasonable prices or on favorable terms. Moreover, some of these competitors may be stronger financially than we are. As a result of the foregoing, we may not succeed in acquiring theatres or may have to pay more than we would prefer to make an acquisition.

The theatrical exhibition industry also faces competition from other forms of out-of-home entertainment, such as concerts, amusement parks and sporting events and from other distribution channels for filmed entertainment, such as cable television, pay-per-view and home video systems and from other forms of in-home entertainment.

An increase in the use of alternative film delivery methods or other forms of entertainment may drive down our attendance and limit our ticket prices.

We compete with other film delivery methods, including network, syndicated cable and satellite television, and DVDs, as well as video-on-demand, pay-per-view services and downloads via the Internet. We also compete for the public's leisure time and disposable income with other forms of entertainment, including sporting events, amusement parks, live music concerts, live theatre and restaurants. An increase in the popularity of these alternative film delivery methods and other forms of entertainment could reduce attendance at our theatres, limit the prices we can charge for admission and materially adversely affect our business and results of operations.

Our results of operations may be impacted by shrinking video release windows.

Over the last decade, the average video release window, which represents the time that elapses from the date of a film's theatrical release to the date a film is available on DVD or similar on demand release, an important downstream market, has decreased from approximately six months to approximately three to four months. If patrons choose to wait for a DVD release rather than attend a theatre for viewing the film, it may adversely impact our business and results of operations, financial condition and cash flows. Within the last two years, several major film studios have tested premium video-on-demand products released in homes approximately 60 days after a movie's theatrical debut, which threatened the length of the release window. We cannot assure you that this release window, which is determined by the film studios, will not shrink further or be eliminated altogether, which could have an adverse impact on our business and results of operations.

The agreements governing our indebtedness contain covenants that may limit our ability to take advantage of certain business opportunities advantageous to us.

The agreements governing our indebtedness contain various covenants that limit our ability to, among other things:

- · incur or guarantee additional indebtedness;
- · pay dividends or make other distributions to our stockholders;
- make restricted payments;
- incur liens:
- · engage in transactions with affiliates; and
- enter into business combinations.

These restrictions could limit our ability to obtain future financing, make acquisitions or needed capital expenditures, withstand economic downturns in our business or the economy in general, conduct operations or otherwise take advantage of business opportunities that may arise.

Although the indentures for our notes contain a fixed charge coverage test that limits our ability to incur indebtedness, this limitation is subject to a number of significant exceptions and qualifications. Moreover, the indentures do not impose any limitation on our incurrence of capital or finance lease obligations or liabilities that are not considered "Indebtedness" under the indentures (such as operating leases), nor do they impose any limitation on the amount of liabilities incurred by subsidiaries, if any, that might be designated as "unrestricted subsidiaries," which are subsidiaries that we designate, that are not subject to the restrictive covenants contained in the indentures governing our notes. Furthermore, there are no restrictions in the indentures on our ability to invest in other entities (including unaffiliated entities) and no restrictions on the ability of our subsidiaries to enter into agreements restricting their ability to pay dividends or otherwise transfer funds to us. Also, although

the indentures limit our ability to make restricted payments, these restrictions are subject to significant exceptions and qualifications.

General political, social and economic conditions can reduce our attendance.

Our success depends on general political, social and economic conditions and the willingness of consumers to spend money at movie theatres. If going to motion pictures becomes less popular or consumers spend less on food and beverage, which accounted for 28% of our revenues in calendar 2012, our operations could be adversely affected. In addition, our operations could be adversely affected if consumers' discretionary income falls as a result of an economic downturn. Geopolitical events, including the threat of domestic terrorism or cyber attacks, could cause people to avoid our theatres or other public places where large crowds are in attendance. In addition, due to our concentration in certain markets, natural disasters such as hurricanes or earthquakes in those markets could adversely affect our overall results of operations.

We may be reviewed by antitrust authorities in connection with acquisition opportunities that would increase our number of theatres in markets where we have a leading market share.

Given our size and market share, pursuit of acquisition opportunities that would increase the number of our theatres in markets where we have a leading market share would likely result in significant review by the Antitrust Division of the United States Department of Justice and state agencies, and we may be required to dispose of theatres in order to complete such acquisition opportunities. For example, in connection with the acquisition of Kerasotes, we were required to dispose of 11 theatres located in various markets across the United States, including Chicago, Denver and Indianapolis. As a result, we may not be able to succeed in acquiring other exhibition companies or we may have to dispose of a significant number of theatres in key markets in order to complete such acquisitions.

We depend on key personnel for our current and future performance.

Our current and future performance depends to a significant degree upon the retention of our senior management team and other key personnel. The loss or unavailability to us of any member of our senior management team or a key employee could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. We cannot assure you that we would be able to locate or employ qualified replacements for senior management or key employees on acceptable terms.

Optimizing our theatre circuit through new construction and the transformation of our existing theatres is subject to delay and unanticipated costs.

The availability of attractive site locations for new theatre construction is subject to various factors that are beyond our control.

These factors include:

- · local conditions, such as scarcity of space or increase in demand for real estate, demographic changes and changes in zoning and tax laws; and
- · competition for site locations from both theatre companies and other businesses.

We typically require 18 to 24 months in the United States from the time we reach an agreement with a landlord to when a theatre opens.

In addition, the improvement of our existing theatres through our enhanced food and beverage and recliner re-seat initiatives is subject to substantial risks such as difficulty obtaining permits, landlord approvals, and new types of operating licenses (e.g. liquor licenses). We may also experience cost overruns from delays or other unanticipated costs in both new construction and facility improvements. Furthermore, our new sites and transformed locations may not perform to our expectations.

We may not achieve the expected benefits and performance from strategic theatre acquisitions.

In any acquisition, we expect to benefit from cost savings through, for example, the reduction of overhead and theatre level costs, and from revenue enhancements resulting from the acquisition. However, there can be no assurance that we will be able to generate sufficient cash flow from these acquisitions to service any indebtedness incurred to finance such acquisitions or realize any other anticipated benefits. Nor can there be any assurance that our profitability will be improved by any one or more acquisitions. Although we have a long history of successfully integrating acquisitions, any acquisition may involve operating risks, such as:

- the difficulty of assimilating and integrating the acquired operations and personnel into our current business;
- · the potential disruption of our ongoing business;
- · the diversion of management's attention and other resources;
- the possible inability of management to maintain uniform standards, controls, procedures and policies;
- the risks of entering markets in which we have little or no experience;
- · the potential impairment of relationships with employees;
- · the possibility that any liabilities we may incur or assume may prove to be more burdensome than anticipated; and
- the possibility that the acquired theatres do not perform as expected.

If our cash flows prove inadequate to service our debt and provide for our other obligations, we may be required to refinance all or a portion of our existing debt or future debt at terms unfavorable to us.

Our ability to make payments on and refinance our debt and other financial obligations and to fund our capital expenditures and acquisitions will depend on our ability to generate substantial operating cash flow. This will depend on our future performance, which will be subject to prevailing economic conditions and to financial, business and other factors beyond our control.

In addition, our notes require us to repay or refinance those notes when they come due. If our cash flows were to prove inadequate to meet our debt service, rental and other obligations in the future, we may be required to refinance all or a portion of our existing or future debt, on or before maturity, to sell assets or to obtain additional financing. We cannot assure you that we will be able to refinance any of our indebtedness, including our senior secured credit facility, sell any such assets or obtain additional financing on commercially reasonable terms or at all.

The terms of the agreements governing our indebtedness restrict, but do not prohibit us from incurring additional indebtedness. If we are in compliance with the financial covenants set forth in the senior secured credit facility and our other outstanding debt instruments, we may be able to incur substantial additional indebtedness. If we incur additional indebtedness, the related risks that we face may intensify.

We rely on our information systems to conduct our business, and failure to protect these systems against security breaches could adversely affect our business and results of operations. Additionally, if these systems fail or become unavailable for any significant period of time, our business could be harmed.

The efficient operation of our business is dependent on computer hardware and software systems. Information systems are vulnerable to security breaches by computer hackers and cyber terrorists. We rely on industry accepted security measures and technology to securely maintain confidential and

proprietary information maintained on our information systems. However, these measures and technology may not adequately prevent security breaches. In addition, the unavailability of the information systems or the failure of these systems to perform as anticipated for any reason could disrupt our business and could result in decreased performance and increased operating costs, causing our business and results of operations to suffer. Any significant interruption or failure of our information systems or any significant breach of security could adversely affect our business and results of operations.

Our investment in and revenues from National Cinemedia, LLC ("NCM") may be negatively impacted by the competitive environment in which NCM operates.

We have maintained an investment in NCM. NCM's in-theatre advertising operations compete with other cinema advertising companies and other advertising mediums including, most notably, television, newspaper, radio and the Internet. There can be no guarantee that in-theatre advertising will continue to attract major advertisers or that NCM's in-theatre advertising format will be favorably received by the theatre-going public. If NCM is unable to generate expected sales of advertising, it may not maintain the level of profitability we hope to achieve, its results of operations and cash flows may be adversely affected and our investment in and revenues and dividends from NCM may be adversely impacted.

We may suffer future impairment losses and theatre and other closure charges.

The opening of new theatres by us and certain of our competitors has drawn audiences away from some of our older theatres. In addition, demographic changes and competitive pressures have caused some of our theatres to become unprofitable. Since not all theatres are appropriate for our new initiatives, we may have to close certain theatres or recognize impairment losses related to the decrease in value of particular theatres. We review long-lived assets, including intangibles, marketable securities and non-consolidated entities for impairment as part of our annual budgeting process and whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the assets may not be fully recoverable. We recognized non-cash impairment losses in 1996 and in each fiscal year thereafter except for 2005 and the Transition Period. Our impairment losses of long-lived assets from continuing operations over this period aggregated to \$298.1 million. Beginning fiscal 1999 through June 30, 2013, we also incurred theatre and other closure expenses, including theatre lease termination charges aggregating approximately \$141.6 million. Deterioration in the performance of our theatres could require us to recognize additional impairment losses and close additional theatres, which could have an adverse effect on the results of our operations. We continually monitor the performance of our theatres, and factors such as changing consumer preferences for filmed entertainment in international markets and our inability to sublease vacant retail space could negatively impact operating results and result in future closures, sales, dispositions and significant theatre and other closure charges prior to expiration of underlying lease agreements.

We are subject to substantial government regulation, which could entail significant cost.

We are subject to various federal, state and local laws, regulations and administrative practices affecting our business, and we must comply with provisions regulating health and sanitation standards, equal employment, environmental, and licensing for the sale of food and, in some theatres, alcoholic beverages. Our new theatre openings could be delayed or prevented or our existing theatres could be impacted by difficulties or failures in our ability to obtain or maintain required approvals or licenses. Changes in existing laws or implementation of new laws, regulations and practices could have a significant impact on our business. A significant portion of our theatre level employees are part time workers who are paid at or near the applicable minimum wage in the theatre's jurisdiction. Increases in

the minimum wage and implementation of reforms requiring the provision of additional benefits will increase our labor costs.

Our theatres must comply with Title III of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, or ADA. Compliance with the ADA requires that public accommodations "reasonably accommodate" individuals with disabilities and that new construction or alterations made to "commercial facilities" conform to accessibility guidelines unless "structurally impracticable" for new construction or technically infeasible for alterations. Non-compliance with the ADA could result in the imposition of injunctive relief, fines, and an award of damages to private litigants or additional capital expenditures to remedy such noncompliance.

Although AMCE already files certain periodic reports with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), becoming a public company will increase our expenses and administrative burden, in particular to bring our company into compliance with certain provisions of the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002 and NYSE rules to which we are not currently subject.

As a public company, we will incur significant legal, accounting and other expenses that we did not incur as a private company. In addition, our administrative staff will be required to perform additional tasks. For example, in anticipation of becoming a public company, we will need to create or revise the roles and duties of our board committees, retain a transfer agent and adopt an insider trading policy in compliance with our obligations under the securities laws.

In addition, changing laws, regulations and standards relating to corporate governance and public disclosure, including the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and related regulations implemented by the SEC and the NYSE, are increasing legal and financial compliance costs and making some activities more time consuming. We are currently evaluating and monitoring developments with respect to these rules and cannot predict or estimate the amount of the additional costs we may incur or the timing of such costs. We intend to invest resources to comply with evolving laws, regulations and standards, and this investment may result in increased general and administrative expenses and a diversion of management's time and attention from revenue-generating activities to compliance activities. If our efforts to comply with new laws, regulations and standards differ from the activities intended by regulatory or governing bodies due to ambiguities related to practice, regulatory authorities may initiate legal proceedings against us and our business may be harmed. We also expect that being a public company and these new rules and regulations will make it more expensive for us to obtain director and officer liability insurance, and we may be required to accept reduced coverage or incur substantially higher costs to obtain coverage. These factors could also make it more difficult for us to attract and retain qualified members of our board of directors, particularly to serve on our audit committee, and qualified executive officers.

Risks Related to This Offering

Future sales of our Class A common stock could cause the market price for our Class A common stock to decline.

Upon consummation of this offering, there will be shares of our Class A common stock outstanding and shares of our Class B common stock outstanding. All shares of Class A common stock sold in this offering will be freely transferable without restriction or further registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"). Of the remaining shares of Class A common stock outstanding, will be restricted securities within the meaning of Rule 144 under the Securities Act, but will be eligible for resale subject to applicable volume, manner of sale, holding period and other limitations of Rule 144. We cannot predict the effect, if any, that market sales of shares of our Class A common stock or the availability of shares of our Class A common stock for sale will have on the market price of our Class A common stock prevailing from

time to time. Sales of substantial amounts of shares of our Class A common stock in the public market, or the perception that those sales will occur, could cause the market price of our Class A common stock to decline. After giving effect to the Reclassification, Wanda will hold shares of our Class B common stock, all of which constitute "restricted securities" under the Securities Act. Provided the holders comply with the applicable volume limits and other conditions prescribed in Rule 144 under the Securities Act, all of these restricted securities are currently freely tradeable. The SEC adopted revisions to Rule 144 that, among other things, shorten the holding period applicable to restricted securities under certain circumstances from one year to six months.

We, our officers and directors, and certain of our stockholders have agreed that, for a period of days from the date of this prospectus, we and they will not, without the prior written consent of Citigroup Global Markets Inc. and Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated dispose of or hedge any shares or any securities convertible into or exchangeable for our common stock subject to certain exceptions. Citigroup Global Markets Inc. and Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated in their sole discretion may release any of the securities subject to these lock-up agreements at any time, which, in the case of officers and directors, shall be with notice. Following the expiration of the applicable lock-up period, all these shares of our common stock will be eligible for future sale, subject to the applicable volume, manner of sale, holding period and other limitations of Rule 144. See "Shares Eligible for Future Sale" for a discussion of the shares of common stock that may be sold into the public market in the future, including common stock held by Wanda.

Our stock price may be volatile and may decline substantially from the initial offering price.

Immediately prior to this offering, there has been no public market for our Class A common stock, and an active trading market for our Class A common stock may not develop or continue upon completion of the offering. The initial public offering price will be determined by negotiations between us and the representatives of the underwriters and may not be indicative of the price at which our Class A common stock will trade after the offering.

The stock market in general has experienced extreme price and volume fluctuations in recent years. These broad market fluctuations may adversely affect the market price of our Class A common stock, regardless of our actual operating performance. You may be unable to resell your shares at or above the public offering price because of a number of factors, including:

- · actual or anticipated quarterly fluctuations in our operating results;
- changes in expectations of future financial performance or changes in estimates of securities analysts;
- · changes in the market valuations of other companies;
- · announcements relating to actions of other media companies, strategic relationships, acquisitions or industry consolidation;
- · terrorist acts or wars: and
- · general economic, market and political conditions including those not related to our business.

We may not generate sufficient cash flows or have sufficient restricted payment capacity under our senior secured credit facility or the indentures governing our debt securities to pay our intended dividends on our Class A common stock.

Following this offering, and subject to legally available funds, we intend to pay quarterly cash dividends, commencing from the closing date of this offering. We expect that our first dividend will be with respect to the quarter of 20 . We are a holding company and will have no direct operations. We will only be able to pay dividends from our available cash on hand and funds received from our

subsidiaries. Our subsidiaries' ability to make distributions to us will depend on their ability to generate substantial operating cash flow. Our ability to pay dividends to our stockholders will be subject to the terms of our senior secured credit facility and the indentures governing the outstanding notes. Our operating cash flow and ability to comply with restricted payments covenants in our debt instruments will depend on our future performance, which will be subject to prevailing economic conditions and to financial, business and other factors beyond our control. In addition, dividend payments are not mandatory or guaranteed, and our board of directors may never declare a dividend, decrease the level of dividends or entirely discontinue the payment of dividends. Your decision whether to purchase shares of our Class A common stock should allow for the possibility that no dividends will be paid. You may not receive any dividends as a result of the following additional factors, among others:

- the agreements governing our indebtedness contain covenants that may limit our ability to take advantage of certain business opportunities advantageous to us that may arise;
- we are not legally or contractually required to pay dividends;
- · while we currently intend to pay a regular quarterly dividend, this policy could be modified or revoked at any time;
- even if we do not modify or revoke our dividend policy, the actual amount of dividends distributed and the decision to make any distribution is entirely at the discretion of our board of directors and future dividends with respect to shares of our capital stock, if any, will depend on, among other things, our results of operations, cash requirements, financial condition, business opportunities, provisions of applicable law and other factors that our board of directors may deem relevant;
- · the amount of dividends distributed is and will be subject to contractual restrictions under the restrictive payment covenants contained in:
 - the indentures governing our debt securities,
 - · the terms of our senior secured credit facility, and
 - the terms of any other outstanding indebtedness incurred by us or any of our subsidiaries after the completion of this offering;
- · the amount of dividends distributed is subject to state law restrictions; and
- · our stockholders have no contractual or other legal right to dividends.

The maximum amount we would be permitted to distribute in compliance with our senior secured credit facility and the indentures governing our debt securities on a pro forma basis was approximately \$ million as of June 30, 2013. As a result of the foregoing limitations on our ability to make distributions, we cannot assure you that we will be able to make all of our intended quarterly dividend payments.

We have elected to take advantage of the "controlled company" exemption to the corporate governance rules for publicly-listed companies, which could make our Class A common stock less attractive to some investors or otherwise harm our stock price.

Because we qualify as a "controlled company" under the corporate governance rules for publicly-listed companies, we are not required to have a majority of our board of directors be independent, nor are we required to have a compensation committee or an independent nominating function. In light of our status as a controlled company, our board of directors has determined not to have a majority of our board of directors be independent, have a compensation committee composed solely of independent directors or have an independent nominating function and has chosen to have the full board of directors be directly responsible for nominating members of our board. Accordingly, should

the interests of Wanda, as our controlling stockholder, differ from those of other stockholders, the other stockholders may not have the same protections afforded to stockholders of companies that are subject to all of the corporate governance rules for publicly-listed companies. Our status as a controlled company could make our Class A common stock less attractive to some investors or otherwise harm our stock price.

Our controlling shareholder's interests may not be aligned with our public stockholders'.

Our Class B common stock has three votes per share, and our Class A common stock, which is the stock we are offering in our initial public offering, has one vote per share. Upon completion of this offering, Wanda will own approximately shares of Class B common stock, or % of our outstanding common stock, representing approximately % of the voting power of our outstanding common stock (representing approximately % of our outstanding common stock and approximately % of the voting power of our outstanding common stock, if the underwriters exercise their option to purchase additional shares in full). As such, Wanda will have significant influence over our reporting and corporate management and affairs, and, because of the three-to-one voting ratio between our Class B and Class A common stock, Wanda will continue to control a majority of the combined voting power of our common stock and therefore be able to control all matters submitted to our stockholders for approval (including election of directors and approval of significant corporate transactions, such as mergers) so long as the shares of Class B common stock owned by Wanda and its permitted transferees represent at least 30% of all outstanding shares of our Class A and Class B common stock. The shares of our Class B common stock automatically convert to shares of Class A common stock upon Wanda and its permitted transferees holding less than 30% of all outstanding shares of our Class A and Class B common stock.

The supervoting rights of our Class B common stock and other anti-takeover protections in our amended and restated certificate of incorporation and our amended and restated bylaws may discourage or prevent a takeover of our company, even if an acquisition would be beneficial to our stockholders.

Provisions contained in our amended and restated certificate of incorporation and amended and restated bylaws, as amended, as well as provisions of the Delaware General Corporation Law (the "DGCL") and the supermajority rights of our Class B common stockholder, could delay or make it more difficult to remove incumbent directors or for a third party to acquire us, even if a takeover would benefit our stockholders. These provisions include:

- a dual class common stock structure, which provides Wanda with the ability to control the outcome of matters requiring stockholder approval, even if they own significantly less than a majority of the shares of our outstanding Class A and Class B common stock;
- a classified board of directors;
- the sole power of a majority of the board of directors to fix the number of directors;
- limitations on the removal of directors:
- the sole power of the board of directors or Wanda, in the case of a vacancy of a Wanda board designee, to fill any vacancy on the board of directors, whether such vacancy occurs as a result of an increase in the number of directors or otherwise;
- the ability of our board of directors to designate one or more series of preferred stock and issue shares of preferred stock without stockholder approval; and
- · the inability of stockholders to call special meetings.

Our issuance of shares of preferred stock could delay or prevent a change of control of our company. Our board of directors has the authority to cause us to issue, without any further vote or

action by the stockholders, up to shares of preferred stock, par value \$0.01 per share, in one or more series, to designate the number of shares constituting any series, and to fix the rights, preferences, privileges and restrictions thereof, including dividend rights, voting rights, rights and terms of redemption, redemption price or prices and liquidation preferences of such series. The issuance of shares of preferred stock may have the effect of delaying, deferring or preventing a change in control of our company without further action by the stockholders, even where stockholders are offered a premium for their shares.

Our incorporation under Delaware law, the ability of our board of directors to create and issue a new series of preferred stock or a stockholder rights plan and certain other provisions of our amended and restated certificate of incorporation and amended and restated bylaws could impede a merger, takeover or other business combination involving Parent or the replacement of our management or discourage a potential investor from making a tender offer for our Class A common stock, which, under certain circumstances, could reduce the market value of our Class A common stock. See "Description of Capital Stock."

The distributions we pay on our Class A common stock may not qualify as dividends for U.S. federal income tax purposes, which could adversely affect the U.S. federal income tax consequences to you of owning our Class A common stock.

For U.S. federal income tax purposes, a distribution that we pay on a share of our Class A common stock will be treated as a dividend only to the extent the distribution is paid out of our current or accumulated earnings and profits, as determined for U.S. federal income tax purposes (which we refer to as "Tax E&P").

We had no accumulated Tax E&P as of June 30, 2012. Furthermore, we do not anticipate any Tax E&P for the current year, and our ability to generate Tax E&P in any future year is subject to a number of variables that are uncertain and difficult to predict.

To the extent that our Tax E&P is insufficient and distributions we pay on a share of our Class A common stock are not treated as dividends for U.S. federal income tax purposes, if you are a domestic corporation, you will not be entitled to claim a "dividends-received" deduction, which generally applies to dividends received from other domestic corporations. In addition, if all or any portion of a distribution that you receive on a share of our Class A common stock is not treated as a dividend for U.S. federal income tax purposes, you (whether or not a domestic corporation) will be required (i) to reduce your tax basis in that share, but not below zero, to the extent that the distribution is not treated as a dividend for U.S. federal income tax purposes, and, on a subsequent taxable disposition of your share, you will recognize a greater amount of gain (or a lower amount of loss) than you otherwise would have recognized if the distribution had been treated entirely as a dividend for U.S. federal income tax purposes or (ii) once your tax basis is reduced to zero, recognize gain immediately, which gain, in either case, may be subject to tax at a higher rate than applies to dividends. In the case of a domestic corporation, any such gain will effectively be taxed at the full ordinary tax rate (instead of the lower effective rate applicable to dividend income by reason of the dividends-received deduction).

Prospective foreign investors should see "Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations to Non-U.S. Holders" for a more detailed description of the material U.S. federal income tax consequences of the ownership and disposition of shares of our Class A common stock to such investors.

We may apply the proceeds of this offering to uses that do not improve our operating results or increase the value of your investment.

We intend to use the net proceeds from this offering for general corporate purposes, which may include, among other things, capital expenditures and debt service. However, we do not have more

specific plans for the net proceeds from this offering and will have broad discretion in how we use the net proceeds of this offering. These proceeds could be applied in ways that do not improve our operating results or increase the value of your investment.

Our issuance of preferred stock could dilute the voting power of the common stockholders.

The issuance of shares of preferred stock with voting rights may adversely affect the voting power of the holders of our other classes of voting stock either by diluting the voting power of our other classes of voting stock if they vote together as a single class, or by giving the holders of any such preferred stock the right to block an action on which they have a separate class vote even if the action were approved by the holders of our other classes of voting stock.

Our issuance of preferred stock could adversely affect the market value of our Class A common stock.

The issuance of shares of preferred stock with dividend or conversion rights, liquidation preferences or other economic terms favorable to the holders of preferred stock could adversely affect the market price for our Class A common stock by making an investment in the common stock less attractive. For example, investors in the common stock may not wish to purchase Class A common stock at a price above the conversion price of a series of convertible preferred stock because the holders of the preferred stock would effectively be entitled to purchase Class A common stock at the lower conversion price causing economic dilution to the holders of Class A common stock.

If we raise additional capital through the issuance of new equity securities at a price lower than the initial public offering price, you will incur dilution.

If we raise additional capital through the issuance of new equity securities at a lower price than the initial public offering price, you will be subject to dilution which could cause you to lose all or a portion of your investment. If we are unable to access the public markets in the future, or if our performance prospects decrease, we may need to consummate a private placement or public offering of our common stock at a lower price than the initial public offering price.

As a result of this offering, Parent and certain of its domestic affiliates may not be able to file a consolidated tax return which could result in increased tax liability.

Currently, Parent and certain of its domestic affiliates (the "AMC affiliated tax group") are members of a consolidated group for federal income tax purposes, of which a Wanda domestic subsidiary is the common parent. Upon consummation of this offering the AMC affiliated tax group will cease to be members of the Wanda federal consolidated group. The AMC affiliated tax group will obtain a waiver from the Internal Revenue Service. It is uncertain whether we will obtain a waiver if we seek one. If we do not obtain a waiver, each member of the AMC affiliated tax group will be required to file a separate federal income tax return, and, as a result, the income (and tax liability) of a member will only be offset by its own tax loss carryforwards (and other tax attributes) and not by tax loss carryforwards, current year losses or other tax attributes of other members of the group. We believe that we should not incur substantial additional federal tax liability if we are not permitted to file a federal consolidated return, because (i) most of our revenues are generated by a single member of the AMC affiliated tax group and most of our tax loss carryforwards are attributable to such member and (ii) there are certain other beneficial aspects of the structure of the AMC affiliated tax group. We cannot assure you, however, that we will not incur substantial additional tax liability if the AMC affiliated tax group is not permitted to file a federal consolidated return for five years.

SPECIAL NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

In addition to historical information, this prospectus contains forward-looking statements. The words "forecast," "estimate," "project," "intend," "expect," "should," "believe" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties, assumptions and other factors, including those discussed in "Risk Factors" and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," which may cause our actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. These risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to, the following:

- limited supply of motion pictures or delayed access to motion pictures;
- level of motion picture production and performance of motion pictures in our markets;
- · risks and uncertainties relating to our significant indebtedness;
- limitations on the availability of capital may prevent us from deploying strategic initiatives;
- · risks of financial losses may prevent us from meeting our payment obligations;
- our ability to utilize net operating loss carryforwards to reduce our future tax liability;
- · increased competition in the geographic areas in which we operate;
- increased use of alternative film delivery methods or other forms of entertainment;
- shrinking video release windows;
- certain covenants in the agreements that govern our indebtedness may limit our ability to take advantage of certain business opportunities;
- · general political, social and economic conditions;
- review by antitrust authorities in connection with acquisition opportunities;
- dependence on key personnel for current and future performance;
- · optimizing our theatre circuit through construction and the transformation of our existing theatres may be subject to delay and unanticipated costs;
- our ability to achieve expected benefits and performance from our strategic theatre acquisitions;
- our ability to service our indebtedness or our ability to refinance our indebtedness on terms favorable to us;
- failures or security breaches of our information systems;
- · our investment in and revenues from NCM may be negatively impacted by the competitive environment in which NCM operates
- risks relating to impairment losses and theatre and other closure charges;
- increased costs in order to comply with governmental regulation; and
- increased expenses and administrative burden associated with being a public company.

This list of factors that may affect future performance and the accuracy of forward-looking statements is illustrative but not exhaustive. In addition, new risks and uncertainties may arise from time to time. Accordingly, all forward-looking statements should be evaluated with an understanding of their inherent uncertainty.

Except as required by law, we assume no obligation to publicly update or revise these forward-looking statements for any reason, or to update the reasons actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements, even if new information becomes available in the future.

USE OF PROCEEDS

We estimate that our net proceeds from this offering without exercise of the underwriters' option to purchase additional shares will be approximately \$\) million after deducting the estimated underwriting discounts and commissions and expenses, assuming the shares are offered at \$\) per share, which represents the midpoint of the range set forth on the front cover of this prospectus. If the underwriters exercise their option to purchase additional shares in full, the net proceeds to us will be approximately \$\) million.

We intend to use these net proceeds for general corporate purposes, which may include, among other things, capital expenditures and retirement of outstanding indebtedness, which may include our 8.75% Senior Fixed Rate Notes due 2019. However, we have not made a definitive determination as to how to allocate these proceeds among these and other possible general corporate purposes and we do not anticipate doing so prior to the completion of the offering. See "Risk Factors—We may apply the proceeds of this offering to uses that do not improve our operating results or increase the value of your investment."

DIVIDEND POLICY

Following this offering and subject to legally available funds, we intend to pay a quarterly cash dividend at an annual rate initially equal to \$ per share (or a quarterly rate initially equal to \$ per share) of Class A and Class B common stock, commencing from the closing date of this offering. We expect that our first dividend will be with respect to the quarter of 20. Based on the approximately million shares and million shares of Class A common stock and Class B common stock, respectively, to be outstanding after the offering, this dividend policy implies a quarterly cash requirement of approximately million. We cannot assure you that any dividends will be paid in the anticipated amounts and frequency set forth in this prospectus, if at all.

We are a holding company and have no direct operations. We will only be able to pay dividends from our available cash on hand and funds received from our subsidiaries. Their ability to make any payments to us will depend upon many factors, including our operating results, cash flows and the terms of our senior secured credit facility and the indentures governing our subsidiaries' debt securities. In addition, our ability to pay dividends to our stockholders will be subject to the terms of our indebtedness. Although we have sustained net losses in prior periods and cannot assure you that we will be able to pay dividends on a quarterly basis or at all, we believe that a number of recent positive developments in our business have improved our ability to pay dividends in compliance with applicable state corporate law once this offering has been completed. These include: the completion of the Kerasotes Acquisition and the Rave theatres acquisition, which increased the scale and cash flow of our company, and we expect will continue to generate, synergies and cost savings; the continued positive impact of our implementation of improved and differentiated customer experiences in comfort and convenience; food and beverage; engagement and loyalty; sight and sound and targeted programming. Further, we expect to continue to benefit from substantial net operating loss carry-forwards from prior periods that will be available to offset taxes that we may owe. Also, because the DGCL permits corporations to pay dividends either out of surplus (generally, the excess of a corporation's net assets (total assets minus total liabilities) over its stated capital, in each case as defined and calculated in the manner prescribed by the DGCL) or net profits, we may be able to pay dividends even if we report net losses in future periods. We do not intend to borrow funds to pay the projected quarterly dividend described above.

The maximum amount we would be permitted to distribute in compliance with our senior secured credit facility and the indentures governing our debt securities, on a pro forma basis, was approximately \$ million as of June 30, 2013.

The declaration and payment of any future dividends will be at the sole discretion of our board of directors after taking into account various factors, including legal requirements, our subsidiaries' ability to make payments to us, our financial condition, operating results, cash flow from operating activities, available cash and current and anticipated cash needs.

CAPITALIZATION

The following table sets forth our cash and cash equivalents and capitalization as of June 30, 2013 (i) on an actual basis, and (ii) as adjusted to give effect to this offering and the use of proceeds therefrom. The information in this table should be read in conjunction with "Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Financial Information," "Business," the unaudited consolidated financial statements and the historical financial statements of the Company and the respective accompanying notes thereto appearing elsewhere in this prospectus.

	_	As of Ju	ne 30, 2013
	_	Actual	As Adjusted
Cash and cash equivalents(1)	\$	136,307	ousands)
	_		
Short term debt(2)	\$	14,367	\$
Long-term debt:		(50.202	
9.75% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2020 (par value \$600,000)		658,283	
8.75% Senior Fixed rate Notes due 2019 (par value \$600,000) Senior secured credit facility:		651,262	
Revolving loan facility(3)			
Term loan due 2020 (par value \$765,312)		763,492	
Capital and financing lease obligations		112,964	
Total debt	0		é
	3	2,200,368	3
Class N Common Stock voting (\$.01 par value, 25,000 shares authorized; 3,497 shares issued and outstanding as of			
June 30, 2013)		1,811	
Stockholders' equity			
Class A Common Stock voting issued hereby (\$.01 par value shares authorized; shares issued and outstanding			
as of June 30, 2013 as adjusted to give effect to the Reclassification)	\$	_	\$
Class B Common Stock voting issued hereby (\$.01 par value shares authorized; shares issued and outstanding			
as of June 30, 2013 as adjusted to give effect to the Reclassification)	\$	_	\$
Existing Class A Common Stock voting (\$.01 par value, 2,000,000 shares authorized; 1,531,424 shares issued and			
outstanding as of June 30, 2013)		15	
Additional paid-in capital		799,985	
A STATE OF THE STA		17.070	
Accumulated other comprehensive income		17,072	
Accumulated earnings	_	8,648	
Total stockholders' equity		825,720	
Total Capitalization	\$	3,027,899	\$
	_		

⁽¹⁾ A \$1.00 increase (decrease) in the assumed initial public offering price of \$ per share would increase (decrease) our cash and cash equivalents by \$, assuming the number of shares offered by us, as set forth on the cover page of this prospectus, remains the same and after deducting the estimated underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated expenses payable by us.

⁽²⁾ Includes \$7.75 million par value of the Term Loan due 2020 and \$6.62 million of capital and financing lease obligations.

⁽³⁾ The aggregate revolving loan commitment under our senior secured credit facility is \$150.0 million.

DILUTION

Dilution is the amount by which the offering price paid by the purchasers of our Class A common stock to be sold in the offering exceeds the net tangible book value per share of Class A common stock after the offering. Net tangible book value per share is determined at any date by subtracting our total liabilities from the total book value of our tangible assets and dividing the difference by the number of shares of common stock deemed to be outstanding at that date.

Our net tangible book value as of , 2013 was \$ million, or \$ per share. After giving effect to the receipt and our intended use of approximately \$ million of estimated net proceeds from our sale of shares of Class A common stock in the offering at an assumed offering price of \$ per share (the midpoint of the range set forth on the cover page of this prospectus), our as adjusted net tangible book value as of , 2013 would have been approximately \$ million, or \$ per share. This represents an immediate increase in proforma net tangible book value of \$ per share to existing stockholders and an immediate dilution of \$ per share to new investors purchasing shares of Class A common stock in the offering. The following table illustrates this substantial and immediate per share dilution to new investors:

Pe	er Share
Assumed initial public offering price per share \$	
Net tangible book value before the offering	
Increase per share attributable to investors in the offering	
Pro forma net tangible book value after the offering	
Dilution per share to new investors \$	

A \$1.00 increase (decrease) in the assumed initial public offering price of \$ per share would increase (decrease) our pro forma net tangible book value by \$, the as adjusted net tangible book value per share after this offering by \$ per share and the dilution per share to new investors in this offering by \$, assuming the number of shares offered by us, as set forth on the cover page of this prospectus, remains the same and after deducting the estimated underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated expenses payable by us.

The following table summarizes on an as adjusted basis as of , 2013, giving effect to:

- on an actual basis;
- the total number of shares of Class A common stock purchased from us;
- the total consideration paid to us, assuming an initial public offering price of \$ per share (before deducting the estimated underwriting discount and commissions and offering expenses payable by us in connection with this offering); and
- the average price per share paid by existing stockholders and by new investors purchasing shares in this offering:

	Shares Purchased		Total Cons	sideration	Average Price
	Number	Percent	Amount	Percent	Per Share
Existing stockholders		%\$		9/	6\$
Investors in the offering		%		%	
Total		100%	\$	100%	6\$

A \$1.00 increase (decrease) in the assumed initial public offering price of \$ per share (the midpoint of the range set forth on the cover page of this prospectus) would increase (decrease) total

consideration paid by existing stockholders, total consideration paid by new investors and the average price per share by \$, \$ and \$, respectively, assuming the number of shares offered by us, as set forth on the cover page of this prospectus, remains the same, and without deducting underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated expenses payable by us.

The tables and calculations above assume no exercise of shares of Class A common stock issuable in this offering to the underwriters pursuant to an option to purchase additional shares.

To the extent any of these options are exercised, there will be further dilution to new investors.

UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

We derived the following unaudited pro forma condensed financial information by applying pro forma adjustments attributable to (i) the acquisition of Parent by Wanda on August 30, 2012 through a merger between Parent and Wanda Film Exhibition Co. Ltd., a wholly-owned indirect subsidiary of Wanda (the "Merger Transactions") and (ii) this offering and the use of proceeds therefrom (the "Offering Transaction") to our historical Consolidated Financial Statements included in this prospectus. The unaudited pro forma balance sheet gives pro forma effect to the Transactions as if they had occurred on June 30, 2013. The unaudited pro forma condensed statement of operations data for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and the Transition Period gives pro forma effect to the Transactions as if they had occurred on March 30, 2012. We describe the assumptions underlying the pro forma adjustments in the accompanying notes, which should be read in conjunction with the unaudited pro forma condensed financial information.

The unaudited pro forma condensed financial information is for illustrative and informational purposes only and should not be considered indicative of the results that would have been achieved had the transactions been consummated on the dates or for the periods indicated and do not purport to represent consolidated balance sheet data or statement of operations data or other financial data as of any future date or any future period.

The unaudited pro forma condensed financial information should be read in conjunction with the information contained in "Selected Historical Financial and Operating Data," "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," our Consolidated Financial Statements and accompanying notes appearing elsewhere in this prospectus.

AMC ENTERTAINMENT HOLDINGS, INC.

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED PRO FORMA BALANCE SHEET AS OF JUNE 30, 2013 (dollars in thousands)

	As of June 30, 2013
	Offering Transactions Parent Pro Forma Parent Historical Adjustments Pro Forn (Successor)
Assets	
Cash and equivalents	\$ 136,307 \$ \$
Current assets	152,521
Property, net	1,137,797
Intangible assets, net	238,830
Goodwill	2,294,231
Other long-term assets	389,390
Total assets	\$ 4,349,076 \$
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	
Current liabilities	\$ 536,778 \$ \$
Current Maturities:	
Senior Secured Term Loan and Capital and Financing Lease Obligations	14,367
Corporate borrowings:	
9.75% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2020	658,283
8.75% Senior Notes due 2019	651,262
Senior Secured Term Loan Facility due 2020	763,492
Capital and financing lease obligations	112,964
Other long-term liabilities	784,399
Total liabilities	\$ 3,521,545 \$
Class N Common Stock nonvoting	1,811
Stockholders' equity:	
Common Stock	15
Additional paid-in capital	799,985
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	17,072
Accumulated earnings	8,648
Total stockholders' equity	825,720
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 4,349,076 \$

See Notes to Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Consolidated Financial Information.

AMC ENTERTAINMENT HOLDINGS, INC.

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED PRO FORMA STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (dollars in thousands, except per share data)

	Six Months	s Ended June 30, 2013
		Offering Transaction
	Parent Historical	Pro Forma Parent Adjustments Pro Forma
	(Successor)	
Revenues	\$ 1,340,467	
Cost of operations	881,896	
Rent	227,348	
General and administrative:		
M&A Costs	1,653	
Management fee		
Other	33,347	
Depreciation and amortization	98,832	
Operating costs and expenses	1,243,076	
Operating income	97,391	
Other expense	(294)	
Interest expense	70,791	
Equity in earnings of non-consolidated entities	(23,820)	
Investment income	(3,337)	
Total other expense	43,340	
Earnings from continuing operations before income taxes	54,051	
Income tax provision	12,950	
Earnings from continuing operations	\$ 41,101	
Basic earnings per share from continuing operations	\$ 26.78	
Average shares outstanding-Basic	1,534.92	
Diluted earnings per share from continuing operations	\$ 26.78	
Average shares outstanding-Diluted	1,534.92	

See Notes to Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

AMC ENTERTAINMENT HOLDINGS, INC.

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED PRO FORMA STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS TRANSITION PERIOD (MARCH 30, 2012 to DECEMBER 31, 2012) (dollars in thousands, except per share data)

	Parent Historical March 30, 2012 through August 30, 2012 (Predecessor)	Parent Historical August 31, 2012 through December 31, 2012 (Successor)	Merger Transactions Pro Forma Adjustments	Parent Transition Period Ended December 31, 2012 Pro Forma for Merger	Offering Transaction Pro Forma Adjustment	Parent Pro Forma
Revenues	\$ 1,206,072	\$ 811,492	\$ (8,458)(2)	\$ 2,009,106	\$	S
Cost of operations	781,193	552,540	1,473(3)	1,335,206		
Rent	189,086	143,374	(1,063)(4)	331,397		
General and administrative:						
M&A Costs	4,417	3,366		7,783		
Management fee	2,500		(2,500)(5)	_		
Other Depreciation and amortization	27,023 80,971	29,110 71,633	(539)(6)	55,594		
•			(2,370)(7)	150,234		
Operating costs and expenses	1,085,190	800,023	(4,999)	1,880,214		
Operating income (expense)	120,882	11,469	(3,459)	128,892		
Other expense	960	49	_	1,009		
Interest expense	70,004	47,132	(9,444)(8)	107,692		
Equity in earnings of non-consolidated entities	(7,545)	2,480	(2,434)(9)	(7,499)		
Investment (income) expense	(41)	290	627(10)	876		
Total other expense (income)	63,378	49,951	(11,251)	102,078		
Earnings from continuing operations before income taxes	57,504	(38,482)	7,792	26,814		
Income tax provision (benefit)	2,500	(2,020)	2,900(11)	3,380		
Earnings from continuing operations	\$ 55,004	\$ (36,462)	\$ 4,892	\$ 23,434	\$	\$
Basic earnings (loss) per share from continuing operations	\$ 43.00	\$ (24.08)				
Average shares outstanding-Basic	1,279.14	1,514.48				
Diluted earnings (loss) per share from continuing operations	\$ 42.74	\$ (24.08)				
Average shares outstanding-Diluted	1.286.81	1.514.48				

See Notes to Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

AMC ENTERTAINMENT HOLDINGS, INC. NOTES TO UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Earnings per Share from Continuing Operations

Earnings per share from continuing operations is computed by dividing net earnings from continuing operations by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding. Diluted earnings per share from continuing operations includes the effects of outstanding stock options, if dilutive. The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings from continuing operations per common share:

(in thousands, except per share data)	Ju	ix Months Ended ne 30, 2013 Successor)	Au	om Inception gust 31, 2012 through ember 31, 2012 Successor)	Aug	rch 30, 2012 through (ust 30, 2012 redecessor)
Numerator:						
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations	\$	41,101	\$	(36,462)	\$	55,004
Denominator:						
Shares for basic earnings (loss) per common share		1,534.92		1,514.48		1,279.14
Stock options and nonvested restricted stock		_		_		7.67
Shares for diluted earnings (loss) per common share		1,534.92		1,514.48		1,286.81
Basic earnings (loss) from continuing operations per common share	\$	26.78	\$	(24.08)	\$	43.00
Diluted earnings (loss) from continuing operations per common share	\$	26.78	\$	(24.08)	\$	42.74

There are no outstanding options to purchase shares of common stock or restricted stock during the six months ended June 30, 2013.

Pro Forma Earnings per Share from Continuing Operations

Basic earnings per share from continuing operations is computed by dividing net earnings from continuing operations by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding. Diluted earnings per share from continuing operations includes the effects of outstanding stock options, if dilutive. The

following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted loss from continuing operations per common share:

	Six Months Ended	
(in thousands, except per share data)	June 30, 2013	Transition Period
Numerator:		
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations	\$	\$
Denominator:		
Shares for basic earnings (loss) per common share		
Stock options and nonvested restricted stock		
Shares for diluted earnings (loss) per common share		
Basic earnings (loss) from continuing operations per common share	\$	\$
Diluted earnings (loss) from continuing operations per common share	\$	\$

There are no outstanding options to purchase shares of common stock or restricted stock during the six months ended June 30, 2013.

Options to purchase shares of common stock at a weighted average exercise price of \$ per share were outstanding during the period above, but were not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share since the options were anti-dilutive.

Offering Transactions Pro Forma Adjustments

(1) Reflects the estimated cash sources and uses of funds in connection with the Offering Transaction as summarized below.

Sources of Funds	Amount (thousands of dollars)	Uses of Funds	Amount (thousands of dollars)
Proceeds from the sale of common stock	(tilousalius of dollars)		(thousands of donars)
Proceeds from the sale of common stock			
	\$		\$
	\$		\$

(1a) Pro forma adjustments have been made to stockholders' equity for those income statement items that are not expected to have a continuing impact in connection with the Offering Transaction, as follows:

\$

Merger Transactions Pro Forma Adjustments

(2) Represents the elimination of historical breakage income recorded for packaged tickets and lower amounts of breakage income for gift cards. At the date of the Merger, our deferred revenues were adjusted to estimated fair value by eliminating unrecognized breakage. As a result of the Merger, we will not recognize breakage income on package tickets for 18 months subsequent to the Merger

and will initially recognize reduced amounts of breakage income for gift cards subsequent to the Merger due to the elimination of amounts of unrecognized breakage from deferred revenues.

(thousands of dollars)	Transi	Transition Period	
Eliminated historical package ticket breakage	\$	(4,802)	
Reduced gift card breakage for Merger		(3,656)	
	\$	(8,458)	

We defer 100% of the revenue associated with the sales of gift cards and packaged tickets until such time as the items are redeemed or breakage income is recorded. See Note 1—Revenues to the Company's audited Consolidated Financial Statements contained elsewhere in this Prospectus for further information.

We recognize breakage income for gift cards using the Proportional Method, pursuant to which we apply a breakage rate for our five gift card sales channels that ranges from 14% to 23% of our current month sales and we recognize that total amount of breakage for that current month's sales as income over the next 24 months in proportion to the pattern of actual redemptions. Our methodology for recording deferred revenues for gift cards at fair value involved removing the amount of unrecognized breakage included in our deferred revenues as of August 30, 2012 which was \$7,441,000 such that we would only recognize breakage income during the Successor period following the Proportional Method on sales that were generated subsequent to August 30, 2012 and would recognize a normal profit margin on those gift cards that were sold prior to August 30, 2012 and that were expected to be redeemed in the future. Our total breakage income included in the Transition Period was \$11,259,000, of which \$7,776,000 was recorded during the five month Predecessor period and \$3,483,000 was recorded during the four month Successor period. Had the Merger occurred on March 30, 2012, we would have applied the Proportional Method only to those sales that were generated after March 30, 2012 and our breakage income for the nine months ended December 31, 2012 would have been \$7,603,000 which is \$3,656,000 less than the historical amount recorded in the Transition Period of \$11,259,000. As a result, we adjusted our breakage income to reduce it by \$3,656,000 such that our total breakage income for gift cards was \$7,603,000 on a pro forma basis for the

We recognize breakage income for packaged tickets following the Remote Method pursuant to which we recognize breakage income for sales greater than 18 months old based on an estimated breakage rate of 14.5% of monthly sales. Our methodology for recording deferred revenues for packaged tickets at fair value involved removing the amount of unrecognized breakage included in our deferred revenues as of August 30, 2012, which was \$24,859,000, such that we would not recognize income during the Successor period following the Remote Method for sales that were generated prior to August 30, 2012 and would recognize a normal profit margin on those packaged tickets that were sold prior to August 30, 2012 and that were expected to be redeemed in the future. Our total breakage income included in the Transition Period was \$4,802,000, of which \$4,802,000 was recorded during the five month Predecessor period and \$0 was recorded during the four month Successor period. Had the Merger occurred on March 30, 2012, we would have applied the Remote Method only to those sales that were generated after March 30, 2012 and were less than 18 months old and our breakage income for the nine months ended December 31, 2012 would have been \$0 which is \$4,802,000 less than the historical amount recorded in the Transition Period of \$4,802,000. As a result, we adjusted our breakage income to reduce it by \$4,802,000 such that our total breakage income for gift cards was \$0 and was eliminated on a pro forma basis for the Transactions.

(3) As a result of the Merger we eliminated our deferred rent liabilities related to future escalations of minimum rentals for our digital projectors. Subsequent to the Merger our straight line rent

expense increases as a result of this Merger adjustment. We also increased unfavorable license amounts for our 3D licensing agreement with Real D which have the effect of reducing our Real D expense in the future.

(thousands of dollars)	Tr	Transition Period	
Increase in straight line rent expense for digital projectors	\$	1,555	
Decrease in license expense for 3D agreement		(82)	
	\$	(1,473)	

Prior to the Merger, we recorded straight-line rent expense for future escalations of minimum rentals pursuant to our licensing agreements for the projectors over the lease term of 12 years. As part of fair value accounting, we reduced the recorded deferred rent liability for these agreements by \$6,830,000 to a fair value of \$0. Subsequent to the Merger, we recognized the future escalations of minimum rentals over the remaining lease term, which is less than 12 years as of August 30, 2012, as the projectors have been deployed in our theatres throughout the period starting in March of 2010 through the date of the Merger at various deployment dates. The licensing agreements call for significant increases in rent beginning in October 2016 and, as a result, we are recording the same escalations that will occur in October 2016 over a shorter lease term for the projectors. We determined our Predecessor deferred rent expense as the difference between our cash rent payments and the total rent expense computed by dividing total minimum rentals over the remaining lease term by the remaining lease term. We have computed our Successor deferred rent expense in the same manner. Our deferred rent expense recorded during the Transition Period was \$3,617,000, which was computed using the methodology described above. Our deferred rent expense on a pro forma basis for the Transition Period was \$5,172,000, which was computed using the methodology described above and assuming the Merger occurred on March 30, 2012. We determined the adjustment to increase our deferred rent expense recorded during the Transition Period of \$1,555,000 as the difference between the expense recorded during the Transition Period of \$5,172,000.

(4) As a result of the Merger we eliminated our deferred rent liabilities related to future escalations of minimum rentals for our theatre leases. Subsequent to the Merger our straight line rent expense increases as a result of this Merger adjustment. We also increased unfavorable lease liabilities for certain of our theatre leases which has the effect of reducing our rent expense in the future.

(thousands of dollars)	Trans	ition Period
Increase in straight line rent for theatre leases	\$	4,030
Decrease in deferred rent expense for unfavorable theatre leases		(5,093)
	\$	(1,063)

Prior to the Merger, we recorded straight-line rent expense for future escalations of minimum rentals pursuant to our theatre leases over the remaining lease term. As part of fair value accounting, we reduced the recorded deferred rent liability for these agreements by \$109,508,000 to a fair value of \$0. Subsequent to the Merger, we recognized the future escalations of minimum rentals over the remaining lease term, which is less than the original lease terms used by the Predecessor as the theatres have been in operation for various amounts of time prior to the Merger. The rental agreements for many of our theatres call for increases in rent in the future and, as a result, we are recording the same escalations that will occur in the future over a shorter lease term for the theatres. We determined our Predecessor deferred rent expense as the difference between our cash rent payments and the total rent expense computed by dividing total minimum rentals over the remaining lease term by the remaining lease term on a theatre by theatre basis. We have computed our Successor deferred rent expense in the same manner on a

theatre by theatre basis. Our deferred rent expense recorded during the Transition Period was \$6,132,000, which was computed using the methodology described above. Our deferred rent expense on a pro forma basis for the Transition Period was \$10,162,000, which was computed using the methodology described above and assuming the Merger occurred on March 30, 2012. We determined the adjustment to increase our deferred rent expense recorded during the Transition Period of \$4,030,000 as the difference between the expense recorded during the Transition Period of \$6,132,000 and the pro forma amount for the Transition Period of \$10,162,000.

In connection with the Merger, we recorded our unfavorable leases at fair value, which resulted in a purchase price adjustment to increase these liabilities by \$133,064,000. We determined the adjustment to reduce our deferred rent expense recorded during the Transition Period of \$5,093,000 as the difference between the contra expense amortization recorded during the Transition Period of \$16,130,000 (\$6,363,000 for the 5 month Predecessor period plus \$9,767,000 for the 4 month Successor period) and the pro forma amount for the Transition Period of \$21,223,000.

- (5) Prior to the Merger we paid management fees to the Former Sponsors of \$1,250 per quarter. Subsequent to the Merger these management fees have ceased.
- (6) In connection with the Merger we remeasured our pension and post-retirement plan liabilities and as a result eliminated amortization of net loss and prior service credit on our plans.

(thousands of dollars)	Trans	sition Period
Amortization of net loss—Pension Benefits	\$	(899)
Amortization of net loss—Postretirement Benefits		(88)
Amortization of prior service credit—Postretirement Benefits		448
	\$	(539)

The various components of adjustment (6) were derived from amounts reflected in Note 13—Employee Benefit Plans to the audited Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this prospectus for the periods March 30, 2012 through August 30, 2012.

(7) We recorded our amortizable intangible assets in connection with the Merger at estimated fair value. The gross carrying amount of our intangible assets was reduced significantly from amounts recorded prior to the Merger. As a result, we will experience a lower amount of amortization expense for intangible assets subsequent to the Merger.

(thousands of dollars)	Transit	ion Period
Amortization of intangible assets	\$	(2,370)

In connection with purchase accounting applied in connection with the Merger, we recorded our intangible assets at fair value. See Note 6—Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets to the notes to our audited Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this prospectus for the periods March 30, 2012 through August 30, 2012 for additional information.

The gross carrying amount of our amortizable intangible assets with respect to which the amortization is recorded to depreciation and amortization declined by \$90,606,000 (excluding the TRA intangible with respect to which the amortization is recorded in investment income as opposed to depreciation and amortization). The decline in the gross carrying amount was primarily due to a decline in gross carrying amount for our *Moviewatcher* loyalty program of \$46,000,000, which was amortized through the date of the Merger, a decline in gross carrying amount of Management contracts of \$30,710,000 and a decline in other intangible assets of \$13,309,000. As of the Merger date, we had ended the Moviewatcher loyalty program and had recently started the

AMC Stubs loyalty program. The AMC Stubs program operated on a model that was different than the Moviewatcher program. Because the AMC Stubs program had recently begun membership was small and would require a significant increase in membership in order to generate a profit. Further, the AMC Stubs program was contributing negatively to the Company's operating cash flow at the time of the Merger. As a result, the incremental economic benefit provided by the existing members of the AMC Stubs program was considered to be de minimus as of the date of the Merger and no value was ascribed to the AMC Stubs program.

The net carrying amount of our amortizable intangible assets increased by \$70,034,000 as a result of the Merger primarily due to an increase in net carrying amount for favorable leases. We do not believe that the decline in gross carrying amount of our amortizing intangible assets is indicative of a potential impairment as we actually recorded an increase to the net carrying amount of \$70,034,000. We did not have significant individual net carrying values of amortizing intangible assets that were written down as of August 30, 2012 and as a result do not believe any potential impairment in the recorded values existed at the time of the Merger that should have been recognized. The adjustment to reduce intangible asset amortization of \$2,370,000 is primarily due to elimination of amortization on our *Moviewatcher* loyalty program intangible asset and increased estimated useful lives for our favorable leases.

(thousands of dollars)	Net Carrying Amount August 30, 2012 (Predecessor)		nnt Price 0, 2012 Adjustment		Net Carrying Amount August 30, 2012 (Successor)		Remaining Useful Life
Amortizable Intangible Assets:							
Favorable leases	\$	40,939	\$	71,557	\$	112,496	1 to 46 years
Customer frequency program		1,035	35 (1,0			_	
Management contracts		5,316		(626)		4,690	1 to 8 years
Non-compete agreement		3,499		301		3,800	3 years
Other intangible assets		163		(163)		_	
Total amortizable	\$	50,952	\$	70,034	\$	120,986	

(8) In connection with the Merger we recorded our debt at fair value, which resulted in the elimination of deferred charges for debt issuance costs and related amortization and also resulted in an increase to our previously recorded debt balances based on estimated fair values.

(thousands of dollars)	Trans	sition Period
Remove historical amounts from Predecessor period:		
Amortization of deferred charges	\$	(2,345)
Amortization of discount		(497)
Include post-Merger amounts for:		
Accretion of premium on debt		(6,602)
	\$	(9,444)

Quoted market prices were used to estimate the fair value of our debt (Level 2) at the date of the Merger. We recorded premiums on our 8.75% Senior Notes due 2019 of \$57,000,000, premiums on our 9.75% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2020 of \$63,000,000 and a premium of \$585,000 on our Term Loan due 2016. We amortize the premiums to reduce interest expense using the effective interest method over the remaining term of the debt instruments. Our expected pro forma amortization for the Transition Period is \$9,849,000 for these premiums and because we had already recognized \$3,247,000 of the amortization during the Successor period ended December 31, 2012, we recorded a pro forma adjustment of \$6,602,000.

(9) We recorded our equity method investments at estimated fair value in connection with the Merger. The increase in the carrying value of our equity method investment for NCM caused us to change the way in which we record earnings related to NCM. Prior to the Merger a majority of our Tranche 1 investment in NCM was recorded at \$0 carrying value and as a result our equity in earnings was limited to cash distributions on Tranche 1. Subsequent to the Merger, our carrying value in Tranche 1 is recorded at fair value and we record our share of NCM's earnings as equity in earnings in our investment account with cash distributions recorded against the investment balance. Additionally, the step up in carrying value of our equity method investments created differences between our investment and our underlying ownership share of the investee's net assets. We amortize these basis differences to equity in earnings over the respective lives of the underlying assets and liabilities.

(thousands of dollars)	Transi	ition Period
Amortization of basis difference for NCM	\$	1,263
Amortization of basis difference for DCIP		(264)
Revalued NCM equity earnings		(3,433)
	\$	(2,434)

Quoted market prices for NCM, Inc. based on the August 30, 2012 closing price per share of \$14.44 were used to estimate the fair value of our investment in NCM (Level 1) at the date of the Merger. We recorded our investment in 17,323,782 common units of NCM at an estimated fair value of \$250,155,000. See Note 7—Investments to the Notes to our audited Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this prospectus for additional information about our investment in NCM.

We determined the pro forma adjustment for the amortization of basis difference for NCM created by the step up to purchase accounting by first performing a hypothetical purchase price allocation of the fair value of our investment in NCM to our proportional ownership share of the carrying value of NCM's assets and liabilities and members' capital. Our hypothetical allocation of purchase price based on the value of our NCM investment indicated that our proportional share of the carrying value of NCM's intangible assets should be stepped up by \$99,486,000 and that the carrying value of their debt and related deferred costs should be increased by a net amount of \$8,555,000. Remaining excess fair value was allocated to goodwill which will be evaluated for impairment on an ongoing basis. We determined the amortization period for the intangible assets to be 24 years based on the remaining term of the Exhibitor Services Agreement which is consistent with NCM's accounting policy and that the debt and related deferred charge adjustment would be amortized over the remaining terms of the various debt agreements which ranged from 1 to 9 years and on average were 6.2 years. As a result we determined that our annual expense related to amortization of the intangible asset basis difference would be \$4,145,000 and that our annual contra expense related to amortization for the debt basis difference would be \$1,382,000. Our total annual net amortization expense was determined to be \$2,763,000 and therefore our pro forma Transition Period expense would be \$2,072,000 for 9 months. Because we had recorded \$809,000 of amortization expense during the Successor period we made a pro forma adjustment of \$1,263,000 such that our expense for the pro forma Transition Period would be \$2,072,000.

We performed a similar hypothetical purchase price allocation for DCIP as a result of the write down to fair value of our investment in DCIP of \$10,141,000. DCIP has no recorded goodwill. We identified long-term assets including property, deferred financing costs and deferred rent that we determined to adjust downward based on our purchase price allocation. The estimated remaining useful lives for these long-term assets were 16 years and as a result our expected annual contra-expense amortization is \$634,000 and our pro forma 9 month Transition Period contra expense is \$476,000. Because our actual recorded amortization for the Successor period was \$212,000 we

made a pro forma adjustment of \$264,000 such that our expense for the pro forma Transition Period would be \$476,000.

As discussed above as a result of the Merger, our equity in earnings of NCM will simply be calculated based on our share of their reported net earnings. Our share of NCM's reported net earnings of \$95,700,000 for the Transition Period based on our ownership percentage was \$15,177,000. Because we only recorded \$11,744,000 for the combined Predecessor and Successor Transition Period, we made a pro forma adjustment for \$3,433,000 such that our pro forma Transition Period equity in earnings were \$15,177,000.

(10) Prior to the Merger, our distributions from NCM pursuant to the Tax Receivable Agreement ("TRA") were recorded as part of equity in earnings for our Tranche 1 investment and as a return of capital for our Tranche 2 investment. In connection with the Merger, we identified the TRA as an identifiable amortizing intangible asset and recorded it at fair value. Subsequent to the Merger, cash distributions from NCM for the TRA and amortization of the intangible asset are recorded as components of investment income.

(thousands of dollars)	Transition	n Period
Cash receipts for TRA	\$	0
Amortization of TRA intangible asset		627
	\$	627

In connection with NCM's IPO, NCM and the founding members entered into a tax receivable agreement ("TRA"). Under the terms of this agreement, NCM agreed to make cash payments, net of administrative expenses, to the founding members in amounts equal to 90% of NCM's actual tax benefit realized from any tax amortization of intangible assets. The TRA generally applies to NCM's taxable years up to and including the 30th anniversary date of the IPO. We determined the value of the TRA using a discounted cash flow model. For the purposes of our analysis, we estimated the cash receipts from taxable transactions that are known as of the date of the Merger. We did not consider future transactions that NCM may undertake. We estimated a run-off of the intangible asset amortization benefits due to the following transactions:

- 1. ESA (Exhibitor Services Agreement)—relates to the amortization due to a modification of the initial ESA agreement.
- 2. CUA (Common Unit Adjustment)—relates to NCM issuing additional common units to the founding members if there is an increase in the number of theaters under the ESA agreement. A reduction of common units is made if there are theaters removed from the ESA agreement.
- 3. AMC II Benefit—relates to AMC's acquisition of Kerasotes theaters.
- 4. IPO Exchange Benefit—relates to amortization from NCM's IPO in 2007.
- 5. IPO II Exchange Benefit—relates to amortization step ups from NCM's secondary IPO in 2010.
- 6. Capital Account Administration Allocation—relates to receipts attributable to the account administration.

The estimated TRA receipts through 2037 are tax effected at 40%, based on a blended federal and 50-state average tax rate. The after tax receipts were discounted to a present value using a discount rate of 12.0%, based on the cost of equity of NCM, as the TRA payments only benefit the equity holders. We determined the fair value to be \$20,900,000 and the useful life to be 25 years, based on the remaining life of the contract.

(11) Represents the expected income tax impact of the Transactions, in U.S. tax jurisdictions at our expected state and federal tax rate of 37.5%.

SELECTED HISTORICAL FINANCIAL AND OPERATING DATA

The following table sets forth certain of our selected historical financial and operating data. Our selected financial data for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and the twenty six weeks ended June 28, 2012, the Transition Period and the fiscal years ended March 29, 2012, March 31, 2011, April 1, 2010 and April 2, 2009 have been derived from the Consolidated Financial Statements for such periods either included elsewhere in this prospectus or not included herein.

The selected financial data presented herein should be read in conjunction with "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," Consolidated Financial Statements, including the notes thereto, and our other historical financial information, including the notes thereto, included elsewhere in this prospectus.

			From Inception					
			August 31,	March 30,				
	Six Months	26 Weeks	2012	2012	52 Weeks	52 Weeks	52 Weeks	52 Weeks
	Ended	Ended	through	through	Ended March 29.	Ended	Ended	Ended
	June 30, 2013	June 28, 2012	December 31, 2012	August 30, 2012(1)	March 29, 2012	March 31, 2011	April 1, 2010	April 2, 2009
	(Successor)	(Predecessor)	(Successor)	(Predecessor)	(Predecessor)	(Predecessor)	(Predecessor)	(Predecessor)
Statement of Operations Data:	(======)	((=======)	(=======)	()	()	()	()
Revenues:								
Admissions	\$ 898,190	\$ 877,408	\$ 548,632	\$ 816,031	\$ 1,721,295	\$ 1,644,837	\$ 1,659,549	\$ 1,534,644
Food and Beverage	387,414	360,149	229,739	342,130	689,680	644,997	627,235	608,977
Other theatre	54,863	69,257	33,121	47,911	111,002	72,704	71,021	71,435
Total revenues	1,340,467	1,306,814	811,492	1,206,072	2,521,977	2,362,538	2,357,805	2,215,056
Operating Costs and Expenses:								
Film exhibition costs	476,719	463,918	291,561	436,539	916,054	860,470	901,076	819,192
Food and Beverage costs	53,748	49,219	30,545	47,326	93,581	79,763	69,164	64,733
Operating expense(2)	351,429	342,081	230,434	297,328	696,783	691,264	588,365	555,468
Rent	227,348	222,765	143,374	189,086	445,326	451,874	419,227	427,617
General and administrative:								
Merger, acquisition and transactions costs	1,653	4,476	3,366	4,417	3,958	16,838	2,578	1,481
Management fee	_	2,500	_	2,500	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000
Other	33,347	30,946	29,110	27,023	51,495	58,157	58,274	53,800
Depreciation and amortization	98,832	105,181	71,633	80,971	212,817	211,444	186,350	198,224
Impairment of long-lived assets	_	285	_	_	285	12,779	3,765	65,397
Operating costs and expenses	1,243,076	1,221,371	800,023	1,085,190	2,425,299	2,387,589	2,233,799	2,190,912
Operating income (loss)	97,391	85,443	11,469	120,882	96,678	(25,051)	124,006	24,144
Other (income) loss	(294)	1,657	49	960	1,965	42,687	(74,202)	_
Interest expense:								
Corporate borrowings	65,483	82,105	45,259	67,614	172,159	177,459	168,439	182,691
Capital and financing lease obligations	5,308	2,906	1,873	2,390	5,968	6,198	5,652	5,990
Equity in (earnings) losses of non-consolidated								
entities	(23,820)	(19,448)	2,480	(7,545)	(12,559)			(24,823)
Gain on NCM transactions	_	_	_	_	_	(64,441)		_
Investment (income) expense(3)	(3,337)	(51)		(41)		(484)		
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes	54,051	18,274	(38,482)	57,504	(88,474)			(137,990)
Income tax provision (benefit)	12,950	905	(2,020)	2,500	2,015	1,950	(36,300)	5,800
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations	41,101	17,369	(36,462)	55,004	(90,489)	(171,242)	91,003	(143,790)
Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations, net of income tax	4.007	(2.074)	((00)	25.152	(2.600)	(2.052)	(11,000)	(5.250)
provision(4)	4,697	(2,874)		35,153	(3,609)			
Net earnings (loss)	\$ 45,798	\$ 14,495	\$ (37,150)	\$ 90,157	\$ (94,098)	\$ (174,304)	\$ 79,911	\$ (149,046)

	J	x Months Ended June 30, 2013	J	6 Weeks Ended une 28, 2012	Ir Au t Dec	From neeption ugust 31, 2012 chrough cember 31, 2012	on 31, March 30, 2012 gh through r 31, August 30, 2012(1)		2012 through August 30, 2012(1)		52 Weeks Ended March 29 2012	, ,	52 Weeks Ended March 31, 2011	52 Wee Ended April 1 2010	,	52 Weeks Ended April 2, 2009
	(Sı	uccessor)	(Pre	decessor)	(Sı	(Successor)		redecessor)	(Predecesso	or) (Predecessor)	(Predeces	sor)	(Predecessor)		
Basic earnings (loss) per share of common stock:		0.000		40.50		(2.1.00)										
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations	\$	26.78	\$	13.58		(24.08)	\$	43.00		.74) 5			1.16			
Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations		3.06		(2.25)		(0.45)		27.48		.82)	(2.39)		8.67)	(4.10)		
Net earnings (loss) per share	\$	29.84	\$	11.33	\$	(24.53)	\$	70.48	\$ (73)	.56) 5	(136.29)	\$ 6	2.49	\$ (116.33)		
Average shares outstanding:																
Basic		1,534.92		1,279.14		1,514.48		1,279.14	1,279	.14	1,278.92	1,27	8.82	1,281.20		
Diluted earnings (loss) per share of common stock:																
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations	\$	26.78	\$	13.47	\$	(24.08)	\$	42.74	\$ (70	.74) \$	(133.90)	\$ 7	1.02	\$ (112.23)		
Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations		3.06		(2.23)		(0.45)		27.32	(2	.82)	(2.39)	(8.66)	(4.10)		
Net earnings (loss) per share	\$	29.84	\$	11.24	\$	(24.53)	\$	70.06	\$ (73)	.56) 5	(136.29)	\$ 6	2.36	\$ (116.33)		
Average shares outstanding:														,		
Diluted		1,534.92		1,289.30		1,514.48		1,286.81	1,279	.14	1,278.92	1,28	1.42	1,281.20		
Balance Sheet Data (at period end):																
Cash and equivalents	\$	136,307			\$	133,071			\$ 277,6	05 5	417,408	\$ 611	,593	\$ 539,597		
Corporate borrowings, including current portion		2,080,787				2,078,675			2,146,5	34	2,312,108	2,271	,914	2,394,586		
Other long-term liabilities		447,066				426,468			426,8	29	432,439	309	,591	308,702		
Capital and financing lease obligations, including current portion		119,581				122,645			62,2	20	65,675	57	,286	60,709		
Stockholders' equity		825,720				772,294			157,6	01	265,949	439	,542	378,484		
Total assets		4,349,076				4,272,675			3,640,2	267	3,855,954	3,774	,912	3,774,894		
Other Data:																
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	133,504	\$	20,953	\$	73,892	\$	76,372	\$ 137,0	29 5	(16,168)	\$ 198	,936	\$ 167,249		
Capital expenditures		(104,695)		(73,346)		(72,774)		(40,116)	(139,3	59)	(129,347)		,011)	(121,456)		
Operating Data (at period end):																
Screen additions		_		_		22		13		26	55		6	83		
Screen acquisitions		25		_		166		_		_	960		_	_		
Screen dispositions		29		35		19		62	1	20	400		105	77		
Average screens—continuing operations(5)		4,855		4,770		4,732		4,742	4,8	11	4,920	4	,319	4,379		
Number of screens operated		4,937		4,833		4,988		4,819	4,8	68	4,962	4	347	4,446		
Number of theatres operated		343		336		344		333	3	38	352		289	299		
Screens per theatre		14.4		14.4		14.5		14.5	1-	4.4	14.1		15.0	14.9		
Attendance (in thousands)—continuing operations(5)		96,977		97,995		60,336		90,616	194,2	:05	188,810	194	,155	190,639		

⁽¹⁾ On November 15, 2012, we announced that we changed our fiscal year to a calendar year so that the calendar year shall begin on January 1 st and end on December 31 st of each year. Prior to the change, fiscal years refer to the fifty-two weeks, and in some cases fifty-three weeks, ending on the Thursday closest to the last day of March.

^[2] Includes theatre and other closure expense of \$3.0 million and \$5.2 million during the six months ended June 30, 2013 and the twenty-six weeks ended June 28, 2012, respectively. Includes theatre and other closure expense (income) during the period August 31, 2012 through December 31, 2012, the period March 30, 2012 through August 30, 2012 and for fiscal years 2012, 2011, 2010 and 2009 of \$2.4 million, \$4.2 million, \$4.2 million, \$50.8 million, \$2.6 million and \$(2.3 million), respectively. In the fourth quarter of fiscal 2011, we permanently closed 73 underperforming screens in six theatre locations while continuing to operate 89 screens at these locations, and discontinued development of and ceased use of certain vacant and under-utilized retail space at four other theatres, resulting in a charge of \$55.0 million for theatre and other closure expense.

⁽³⁾ During fiscal 2012, investment loss (income) includes an impairment loss of \$17.8 million, related to the Company's investment in RealD Inc. common stock.

⁽⁴⁾ All periods presented includes earnings and losses from discontinued operations related to seven theatres in Canada and one theatre in the UK that were sold or closed in the Transition Period and 44 theatres in Mexico that were sold during fiscal 2009. During the six months ended June 30, 2013 we received \$4.7 million for a sales price adjustment from the sale of theatres located in Canada. During the period of March 30, 2012 through August 30, 2012, we recorded gains, net of lease termination expense, on the disposition of the seven Canada theatres and the one United Kingdom theatre of approximately \$39.0 million, primarily due to the write-off of long-term lease liabilities extinguished in connection with the sales and closure.

⁽⁵⁾ Includes consolidated theatres only.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion and analysis concerns our historical financial condition and results of operations for the periods indicated. This discussion contains forward-looking statements. Please see "Forward-Looking Statements" for a discussion of the risks, uncertainties and assumptions relating to these statements.

All references to the Transition Period in this section are for the period March 30, 2012 through December 31, 2012 and are derived by combining the audited results of operations of our Predecessor from March 30, 2012 to August 30, 2012 with the audited results of operations of our Successor from August 31, 2012 to December 31, 2012. These combined results for the Transition Period do not purport to represent what our consolidated results of operations would have been if the Successor had actually been formed on March 30, 2012, nor have we made any attempt to either include or exclude expenses or income that would have resulted had the acquisition actually occurred on March 30, 2012.

Overview

We are one of the world's largest theatrical exhibition companies and an industry leader in innovation and operational excellence. Our Theatrical Exhibition revenues are generated primarily from box office admissions and theatre food and beverage sales. The balance of our revenues are generated from ancillary sources, including on-screen advertising, fees earned from our AMC StubsTM customer frequency membership program, rental of theatre auditoriums, breakage income from gift card and packaged tickets sales, on-line ticketing fees and arcade games located in theatre lobbies. As of June 30, 2013, we owned, operated or had interests in 343 theatres and 4,937 screens.

During the six months ended June 30, 2013, we opened three theatres with a total of 25 screens in the U.S., permanently closed 4 theatres with 29 screens in the U.S., and temporarily closed 202 screens and reopened 155 screens in the U.S. to implement our strategy and install consumer experience upgrades.

Box office admissions are our largest source of revenue. We predominantly license "first-run" films from distributors owned by major film production companies and from independent distributors. We license films on a film-by-film and theatre-by-theatre basis. Film exhibition costs are accrued based on the applicable admissions revenues and estimates of the final settlement pursuant to our film licenses. Licenses that we enter into typically state that rental fees are based on either aggregate terms established prior to the opening of the picture or on a mutually agreed settlement upon the conclusion of the picture run. Under an aggregate terms formula, we pay the distributor a specified percentage of box office gross or pay based on a scale of percentages tied to different amounts of box office gross. The settlement process allows for negotiation based upon how a film actually performs.

Technical innovation has allowed us to enhance the consumer experience through premium formats such as IMAX, 3D and other large screen formats. When combined with our major markets' customer base, the operating flexibility of digital technology enhances our capacity utilization and dynamic pricing capabilities. This enables us to achieve higher ticket prices for premium formats and provide incremental revenue from the exhibition of alternative content such as live concerts, sporting events, Broadway shows, opera and other non-traditional programming. Within each of our major markets, we are able to charge a premium for these services relative to our smaller markets. We will continue to broaden our content offerings and enhance the customer experience through the installation of additional IMAX and ETX (our proprietary large screen format) screens and the presentation of attractive alternative content as well as substantial upgrades to seating concepts.

Food and beverage sales are our second largest source of revenue after box office admissions. Food and beverage items traditionally include popcorn, soft drinks, candy and hot dogs. Different

varieties of food and beverage items are offered at our theatres based on preferences in the particular geographic region. Our traditional food and beverage strategy emphasizes prominent and appealing food and beverage counters designed for rapid service and efficiency, including a customer friendly self-serve experience. We design our theatres to have more food and beverage capacity to make it easier to serve larger numbers of customers. Strategic placement of large food and beverage stands within theatres increases their visibility, aids in reducing the length of lines, allows flexibility to introduce new concepts and improves traffic flow around the food and beverage stands.

To address recent consumer trends, we are expanding our menu of enhanced food and beverage products to include made-to-order drinks and meals, customized coffee, healthy snacks, premium beers, wine and mixed drinks and other gourmet products. We plan to invest across a spectrum of enhanced food and beverage formats, ranging from simple, less capital-intensive food and beverage design improvements to the development of new dine-in theatre options to rejuvenate theatres approaching the end of their useful lives as traditional movie theatres and, in some of our larger theatres, to more efficiently monetize attendance. The costs of these conversions in some cases are partially covered by investments from the theatre landlord. We have successfully implemented our dine-in theatre concepts at 11 locations, which feature full kitchen facilities, seat-side servers and a separate bar and lounge area. We plan to invest an average of \$45 million annually over the next five years in enhanced food and beverage offerings across approximately 200 theatres. Consistent with previous experience, we expect landlords to contribute an average of \$10 million of capital annually to fund these projects.

Our revenues are dependent upon the timing and popularity of film releases by distributors. The most marketable films are usually released during the summer and the calendar year-end holiday seasons. Therefore, our business is highly seasonal, with higher attendance and revenues generally occurring during the summer months and holiday seasons. Our results of operations may vary significantly from quarter to quarter and from year to year.

During the 2012 calendar year, films licensed from our seven largest distributors based on revenues accounted for approximately 90% of our U.S. admissions revenues. Our revenues attributable to individual distributors may vary significantly from year to year depending upon the commercial success of each distributor's films in any given year.

During the period from 1990 to 2012, the annual number of first-run films released by distributors in the United States ranged from a low of 370 in 1995 to a high of 677 in 2012, according to Motion Picture Association of America 2012 Theatrical Market Statistics and prior reports. The number of digital 3D films released annually increased to a high of 45 in 2011 from a low of 0 during this same time period.

We continually upgrade the quality of our theatre circuit by adding new screens through new builds (including expansions) and acquisitions, substantial upgrades to seating concepts, expansion of food and beverage offerings, including dine-in theatres, and by disposing of older screens through closures and sales. We are an industry leader in the development and operation of theatres. Typically, our theatres have 12 or more screens and offer amenities to enhance the movie-going experience, such as stadium seating providing unobstructed viewing, digital sound and premium seat design. As of June 30, 2013, we had 2,200 3D enabled screens, including ETX 3D enabled screens, and 135 IMAX 3D enabled screens; approximately 47.3% of our screens were 3D enabled screens, including IMAX 3D enabled screens, and approximately 2.7% of our screens were IMAX 3D enabled screens. We are the largest IMAX exhibitor in the world with a 44% market share in the United States and

each of our IMAX local installations is protected by geographic exclusivity. The following table identifies the upgrades to our theatre circuit during the periods indicated:

Format	Number of Screens As of June 3 2013	Number of Screens As of June 28, 2012	Increase in Number of Screens
Format Digital	4,757	3,997	760
3D enabled	2,200	2,167	33
IMAX (3D enabled)	135	124	11
ETX (3D enabled)	15	17	(2)
Dine-in theatres	113	75	38

Stock-Based Compensation

Upon the change of control as a result of the Merger, all of the stock options and restricted stock interests under both the amended and restated 2004 Stock Option Plan and the 2010 Equity Incentive Plan were cancelled and holders received payments aggregating approximately \$7.0 million. We had previously recognized stock-based compensation expense of \$3,858,000 related to these stock options and restricted stock interests. We did not recognize an expense for the remaining \$3,177,000 of unrecognized stock-based compensation expense. Our accounting policy for any cost triggered by the consummation of the Merger was to recognize the cost when the Merger was consummated. Accordingly, the unrecognized stock-based compensation expense for stock options and restricted stock interest has not been recorded in the Consolidated Statement of Operations for the Predecessor period since that statement depicts the results of operations just prior to consummation of the transaction. In addition, since the Successor period reflects the effects of push-down accounting, these costs have also not been recorded as an expense in the Successor period. However, the costs were reflected in the purchase accounting adjustments which were applied in arriving at the opening balances of the Successor. See Note 2—Merger of the Notes to the audited Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this prospectus for additional information. Subsequent to the Merger, the Company has no stock-based compensation arrangements.

Significant Events

On April 30, 2013, AMCE entered into a new \$925.0 million senior secured credit facility pursuant to which it borrowed term loans (the "Term Loan due 2020"), and used the proceeds to fund the redemption of both the Term Loan due 2016 and Term Loan due 2018. The new senior secured credit facility is comprised of a \$150.0 million Revolving Credit Facility, which matures on April 30, 2018, and a \$775.0 million term loan, which matures on April 30, 2020. The Term Loan due 2020 requires repayments of principal of 0.25% of the original principal amount, or \$1.9 million, per quarter, with the remaining principal payable upon maturity. The term loan was issued at a 0.25% discount which will be amortized to interest expense over the term of the loan. We capitalized deferred financing costs of approximately \$6.7 million related to the issuance of the Revolving Credit Facility and approximately \$1.3 million related to the issuance of the Term Loan due 2020 during the second quarter of calendar 2013. Concurrently with the Term Loan due 2020 borrowings on April 30, 2013, AMCE redeemed all of the outstanding Term Loan due 2016 and the Term Loan due 2018 at a redemption price of 100% of the outstanding aggregate principal balance of \$464.1 million and \$296.3 million, respectively, plus accrued and unpaid interest. We recorded a net gain of approximately \$(240,000) in other expense (income) due to the Term Loan due 2016 premium write-off and the expense for the third-party costs in connection with the repurchase of the Term Loan due 2016 and the Term Loan due 2018. See Note 12—Corporate Borrowings of the Notes to the unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this prospectus for additional information concerning the new senior secured credit facility.

Our Transition Period includes four more days than the thirty-nine weeks ended December 29, 2011. The last four days of our Transition Period also occurred during the year-end holiday season when the most marketable motion pictures are released, which generally drive higher attendance and revenues.

In December 2012, we completed the acquisition of 4 theatres and 61 screens from Rave Reviews Cinemas, LLC and 6 theatres and 95 screens from Rave Digital Media, LLC, (and together "Rave theatres"). The purchase price for the Rave theatres, paid in cash, was \$88.7 million, net of cash acquired, and is subject to working capital and other purchase price adjustments. Approximately \$881,000 of the total purchase price was paid during the six months ended June 30, 2013. For additional information about this acquisition, see Note 3—Acquisition of the Notes to the audited and unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this prospectus.

On August 30, 2012, Wanda acquired Parent through a merger between Parent and Merger Subsidiary, an indirect subsidiary of Wanda, whereby Merger Subsidiary merged with and into Parent with Parent continuing as the surviving corporation and as an indirect subsidiary of Wanda. In connection with the change of control pursuant to the Merger, our assets and liabilities were adjusted to fair value on the closing date of the Merger by application of "push down" accounting. As a result of the application of "push down" accounting in connection with the Merger, our financial statement presentations herein distinguish between a predecessor period ("Predecessor"), for periods prior to the Merger, and a successor period ("Successor"), for periods subsequent to the Merger. The Successor applied "push down" accounting and its financial statements reflect a new basis of accounting that is based on the fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed as of the Merger date, August 30, 2012. As a result of the application of "push down" accounting at the time of the Merger, the financial statements for the Predecessor period and for the Successor period are presented on different bases and are, therefore, not comparable. See Note 2—Merger of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this prospectus.

In July and August of 2012, we sold 6 and closed 1 of our 8 theatres located in Canada. One theatre with 20 screens was closed prior to the end of the lease term and we made a payment to the landlord of \$7.6 million to terminate this lease. Two theatres with 48 screens were sold under an asset purchase agreement to Empire Theatres Limited and 4 theatres with 86 screens were sold under a share purchase agreement to Cineplex, Inc. During the Transition Period of March 30, 2012 through December 31, 2012, the total net proceeds we received from these sales were approximately \$1.5 million, and are subject to purchase price adjustments. The operations of these 7 theatres have been eliminated from our ongoing operations. We do not have any significant continuing involvement in the operations of these 7 theatres after the dispositions. During August of 2012, we sold one theatre in the UK with 12 screens. Proceeds from this sale were \$395,000 and are subject to working capital and other purchase price adjustments as described in the sales agreement. The results of operations of these 8 theatres have been classified as discontinued operations. We are in discussions with the landlords regarding the ongoing operations at the remaining theatre located in Canada and the remaining theatre located in the UK. We recorded gains, net of lease termination expense, on the sales of these theatres of approximately \$39.0 million, which were included in discontinued operations during the Transition Period of March 30, 2012 through December 31, 2012, and reflect the write off of long-term lease liabilities extinguished in connection with the sales and closure. During the six months ended June 30, 2013, we received \$4.7 million for a sales price adjustment from the sale of theatres located in Canada.

On July 2, 2012, AMCE entered into a waiver and fourth amendment to our former senior secured credit facility dated as of January 26, 2006 to, among, other things: (i) waive a certain specified default that would otherwise occur upon the change of control effected by the Merger, (ii) permit us to change our fiscal year after completion of the Merger, (iii) reflect the change in ownership going forward by restating the definition of "Permitted Holder" to include only Wanda and its affiliates under

the former senior secured credit facility in connection with the Merger, (iv) provide for a minimum LIBOR percentage of 1.00%, from, and only after, the completion of the Merger, to the Term Loan due 2016, and (v) provide for an interest rate of LIBOR plus 375 basis points to the Term Loan due 2018, from and only after, the completion of the Merger. At December 31, 2012, the interest rates for borrowings under the Term Loan due 2016 was 4.25%, which was based on LIBOR plus 3.25% and was subject to a 1.00% minimum LIBOR rate with respect to LIBOR borrowings, and the interest rates for borrowings under the Term Loan due 2018 was 4.75%, which was based on LIBOR plus 3.75% and was subject to a 1.00% minimum LIBOR rate with respect to LIBOR borrowings.

On June 22, 2012, AMCE announced it had received the requisite consents from holders of each of our Notes due 2019 and our Notes due 2020, (collectively, the "Notes") for (i) a waiver of the requirement for it to comply with the "change of control" covenant in each of the Indenture governing the Notes due 2019 and the Indenture governing the Notes due 2020 (collectively the "Indentures") in connection with the Merger (the "Waivers"), including the its obligation to make a "change of control offer" in connection with the Merger with respect to each series of Notes, and (ii) certain amendments to the Indentures to reflect the change in ownership going forward by adding Wanda and its affiliates to the definition of "Permitted Holder" under each of the Indentures. AMCE entered into supplemental indentures to give effect to the Waivers and certain amendments to the Indentures, which became operative upon payment of the applicable consent fee immediately prior to the closing of the Merger. The holders of each of the Notes due 2019 and Notes due 2020 who validly consented to the Waiver and the proposed amendments received a consent fee of \$2.50 per \$1,000 principal amount at the closing date of the Merger. Our accounting policy for any cost triggered by the consummation of the Merger was to recognize the cost when the Merger was consummated. Accordingly, these consent fees have not been recorded in the Consolidated Statement of Operations for the Predecessor period since that statement depicts the results of operations just prior to consummation of the transaction. In addition, since the Successor period reflects the effects of push-down accounting, these costs have also not been recorded as an expense in the Successor period. However, the costs were reflected in the purchase accounting adjustments which were applied in arriving at the opening balances of the Successor.

On April 6, 2012, AMCE redeemed \$51.0 million aggregate principal amount of our Notes due 2014 pursuant to a cash tender offer at a price of \$1,000 per \$1,000 principal amount. We used the net proceeds from the issuance of the Term Loan due 2018, which was borrowed on February 22, 2012, to pay for the consideration of the cash tender offer plus accrued and unpaid interest on the principal amount of the Notes due 2014. On August 30, 2012, prior to the consummation of the Merger, AMCE issued a call notice for our remaining outstanding Notes due 2014 at a redemption price of 100% of the principal amount thereof, plus accrued and unpaid interest to the redemption date. On August 30, 2012, AMCE irrevocably deposited \$141.0 million plus accrued and unpaid interest to September 1, 2012 with a trustee to satisfy and to discharge our obligations under the Notes due 2014 and the indenture. We recorded a loss on redemption of \$1.3 million prior to the Merger in other (income) expense related to the extinguishment of the Notes due 2014.

Prior to the fourth quarter of fiscal 2012, we recognized breakage income when gift card redemptions were deemed remote and we determined that there was no legal obligation to remit the unredeemed gift cards to the relevant tax jurisdiction ("Remote Method"), which, based on historical information, we concluded to be 18 months after the gift card was issued. At the end of the fourth quarter of fiscal 2012, we concluded that we had accumulated a sufficient level of historical data from a large pool of homogeneous transactions to allow us to reasonably and objectively determine an estimated gift card breakage rate and the pattern of actual gift card redemptions. Accordingly, we changed our method for recording gift card breakage income to recognize breakage income and derecognize the gift card liability for unredeemed gift cards in proportion to actual redemptions of gift cards ("Proportional Method"). We believe the Proportional Method is preferable to the Remote

Method as it better reflects the gift card earnings process resulting in the recognition of gift card breakage income over the period of gift card redemptions (i.e., over the performance period).

In accordance with ASC 250, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections, we concluded that this accounting change represented a change in accounting estimate effected by a change in accounting principle and accordingly, accounted for the change as a change in estimate following a cumulative catch-up method. As a result, the cumulative catch-up adjustment recorded during the thirteen weeks ended June 28, 2012 resulted in an additional \$15.0 million of gift card breakage income under the Proportional Method. We will continue to review historical gift card redemption information at each reporting period to assess the continued appropriateness of the gift card breakage rates and pattern of redemption.

On February 22, 2012, AMCE entered into an incremental amendment to our former senior secured credit facility pursuant to which it borrowed the Term Loan due 2018, the proceeds of which, together with cash on hand, were used to fund the cash tender offer and redemption of the Notes due 2014 and to repay the existing Term Loan due 2013. The Term Loan due 2018 was issued under the former senior secured credit facility for \$300.0 million aggregate principal amount and net proceeds received were \$297.0 million. The Term Loan due 2018 required repayments of principal of 1% per annum and the remaining principal payable upon maturity on February 22, 2018. The Term Loan due 2018 bore interest at 4.25% as of June 28, 2012, which was based on LIBOR plus 3.25% and subject to a 1.00% minimum LIBOR rate. On February 22, 2012, AMCE redemend the outstanding Term Loan due 2013 at a redemption price of 100% of the then outstanding aggregate principal balance of \$140.7 million. The Term Loan due 2013 bore interest at 2.0205% on February 22, 2012, which was based on LIBOR plus 1.75%. We recorded a loss on extinguishment of the Term Loan due 2013 of \$383,000, during the twenty-six weeks ended June 28, 2012.

On February 7, 2012, AMCE launched a cash tender offer to purchase up to \$160.0 million aggregate principal amount of its outstanding \$300.0 million aggregate principal amount of Notes due 2014. On February 21, 2012, holders of \$109.0 million aggregate principal amount of the Notes due 2014 tendered pursuant to the cash tender offer. On February 22, 2012, AMCE accepted for purchase \$58.1 million aggregate principal amount for total consideration equal to (i) \$972.50 per \$1,000 in principal amount of notes validly tendered plus (ii) \$30 per \$1,000 in principal amount of the notes validly tendered on February 21, 2012 for total consideration equal to (i) \$972.50 per \$1,000 in principal amount of notes validly tendered on February 21, 2012 for total consideration equal to (i) \$972.50 per \$1,000 in principal amount of the notes validly tendered. AMCE also accepted \$10,000 aggregate principal amount of Notes due 2014 tendered after February 21, 2012 for total consideration equal to \$972.50 per \$1,000 in principal amount of the notes validly tendered. We recorded a loss on extinguishment of \$640,000 related to the cash tender offer and redeemed our Notes due 2014 during the fifty-two weeks ended June 28, 2012. On March 7, 2012, AMCE announced its intent to redeem \$51.0 million aggregate principal amount of Notes due 2014 at a price of \$1,000 per \$1,000 principal amount such that an aggregate of \$160.0 million of Notes due 2014 would be retired through the tender offer and redemption. On April 6, 2012, AMCE completed the redemption of \$51.0 million aggregate principal amount of Notes due 2014 at a redemption price of 100% of the principal amount plus accrued and unpaid interest.

On December 29, 2011, we reviewed the fair value of our investment in RealD Inc. common stock, which is accounted for as an equity security, available for sale, and is recorded in the Consolidated Balance Sheets in other long-term assets at fair value (Level 1). Our investment in RealD Inc. common stock had been in an unrealized loss position for approximately six months at December 29, 2011. We reviewed the unrealized loss for a possible other-than-temporary impairment and determined that the loss as of December 29, 2011 was other-than-temporary. The impairment analysis requires significant judgment to identify events or circumstances that would likely have a significant adverse effect on the

future value of the investment. On December 29, 2011, we recognized an impairment loss of \$17.8 million within investment (income) expense, related to unrealized losses previously recorded in accumulated other comprehensive loss, as we have determined the decline in fair value below historical cost to be other than temporary at December 29, 2011. Consideration was given to the financial condition and near-term prospects of the issuer, the length of time and extent to which the fair value has been less than cost and our intent and ability to retain our investment in the issuer for a period of time sufficient to allow for any anticipated recovery in market value.

AMCE used cash on hand to pay a dividend distribution of \$109.6 million on December 6, 2011 to its stockholder, Parent, which was treated as a reduction of additional paid-in capital. Parent used the available funds to pay corporate overhead expenses incurred in the ordinary course of business, and on January 25, 2012, to redeem its Term Loan Facility due June 2012, plus accrued and unpaid interest.

On April 1, 2011, we fully launched AMC Stubs, a customer frequency program, which allows members to earn rewards, including \$10 for each \$100 spent, redeemable on future purchases at AMC locations. The portion of the admissions and food and beverage revenues attributed to the rewards is deferred as a reduction of admissions and food and beverage revenues and is allocated between admissions and food and beverage revenues based on expected member redemptions. Rewards must be redeemed no later than 90 days from the date of issuance. Upon redemption, deferred rewards are recognized as revenues along with associated cost of goods. Rewards not redeemed within 90 days are forfeited and recognized as admissions or food and beverage revenues. Progress rewards (member expenditures toward earned rewards) for expired memberships are forfeited upon expiration of the membership and recognized as admissions or food and beverage revenues. The program's annual membership fee is deferred, net of estimated refunds, and is recognized ratably over the one-year membership period.

As of June 30, 2013, we had 2.0 million AMC Stubs members. Our AMC Stubs members represented approximately 18% of our attendance during the six months ended June 30, 2013 with an average ticket price 2% lower than our non-members and food and beverage expenditures per patron 24% higher than non-members. The following table reflects AMC Stubs activity during Successor six month period ended June 30, 2013:

						Stubs Revenue hs Ended June		013
(In thousands)	Deferred embership Fees		ferred wards	1	ner Theatre Revenues (embership Fees)	Admissions Revenues		Food and Beverage Revenues
Balance, December 31, 2012	\$ 10,596	\$	15,819					
Membership fees received	12,002		_	\$	_	\$ -	- 5	· —
Rewards accumulated, net of expirations:								
Admissions	_		4,171		_	(4,17	1)	_
Food and beverage	_		15,286		_	_	-	(15,286)
Rewards redeemed:								
Admissions	_		(6,259)		_	6,25	9	_
Food and beverage	_	(14,118)		_	_	-	14,118
Amortization of deferred revenue	(10,852)		_		10,852	-	-	_
For the period ended or balance as of June 30, 2013	\$ 11,746	\$	14,899	\$	10,852	\$ 2,08	8 5	(1,168)

The following table reflects AMC Stubs activity during the Predecessor twenty-six week period ended June 28, 2012:

					AMC Twenty-six V		s Revenue f Ended Jun		2012		
(In thousands)	-	Deferred Membership Deferred Fees Rewards		embership Deferred Fees Rewards			Other Theatre Revenues (Membership Fees) Admissions Revenues			E	ood and Beverage Levenues
Balance, December 29, 2011	\$	12,222	\$	18,462							
Membership fees received		13,500		_	\$ _	\$	_	\$	_		
Rewards accumulated, net of expirations:											
Admissions		_		7,383	_		(7,383)		_		
Food and beverage		_		19,866	_		_		(19,866)		
Rewards redeemed:											
Admissions		_		(8,209)	_		8,209		_		
Food and beverage		_		(15,852)	_		_		15,852		
Amortization of deferred revenue		(12,166)			12,166		_		_		
For the period ended or balance as of June 28, 2012	\$	13,556	\$	21,650	\$ 12,166	\$	826	\$	(4,014)		

During our launch of AMC Stubs in fiscal year 2012, admissions and food and beverage revenues were reduced due to the ramp up in membership, causing more rewards to be earned than redeemed. AMC Stubs membership has stabilized during the Transition Period ended December 31, 2012, resulting in a much less pronounced impact on admissions and food and beverage revenues. The following tables reflect AMC Stubs activity during the Transition Period and the thirty-nine weeks ended December 29, 2011:

					AMC Stubs Revenue for Transition Period Ended December 31, 2012						
(In thousands)	Deferred Membership Fees			Deferred Rewards		Other Theatre Revenues (Membership Fees)		Admissions Revenues		ood and Severage Sevenues	
Balance, March 29, 2012	\$	13,693	\$	20,961							
Membership fees received		15,085		_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	
Rewards accumulated, net of expirations:											
Admissions		_		4,528		_		(4,528)		_	
Food and beverage		_		25,907		_		_		(25,907)	
Rewards redeemed:											
Admissions		_		(11,553)		_		11,553		_	
Food and beverage		_		(24,024)		_		_		24,024	
Amortization of deferred revenue		(18,182)		_		18,182		_		_	
For the period ended or balance as of December 31, 2012	\$	10,596	\$	15,819	\$	18,182	\$	7,025	\$	(1,883)	

AMC Stubs Revenue for Thirty-nine Weeks Ended December 29, 2011 Other Theatre Revenues (Membership Deferred Food and Deferred Admissions Beverage Membership (In thousands) Fees Rewards Fees) Revenues Revenues Balance, March 31, 2011 858 579 20,060 \$ \$ \$ Membership fees received Rewards accumulated, net of expirations: Admissions 12,773 (12,773)22,252 (22,252)Food and beverage Rewards redeemed: Admissions (6,774)6,774 Food and beverage (10,368)10,368 Amortization of deferred revenue (8,696)8,696 For the period ended or balance as of December 29, 2011 12,222 18,462 8,696 (5,999)\$ (11,884)

The following table reflects AMC Stubs activity during the fiscal year ended March 29, 2012:

				AMC Stubs Revenue for Fifty-Two Weeks Ended March					
(In thousands)	Deferred embership Fees	Deferred Rewards		Other Theatre Revenues (Membership Fees)		Admissions Revenues		Food and Beverage Revenues	
Balance, March 31, 2011	\$ 858	\$	579						
Membership fees received	27,477		_	\$	_	\$		\$ —	
Rewards accumulated, net of expirations:									
Admissions	_	1	6,752		_	(16,7	(52)	_	
Food and beverage	_	3	2,209		_		_	(32,209)	
Rewards redeemed:									
Admissions	_	(1	0,819)		_	10,8	19	_	
Food and beverage	_	(1	7,760)		_		_	17,760	
Amortization of deferred revenue	(14,642)		_		14,642		—	_	
For the period ended or balance as of March 29, 2012	\$ 13,693	\$ 2	0,961	\$	14,642	\$ (5,9	33)	\$ (14,449)	

On March 31, 2011, Marquee Holdings Inc., a direct, wholly-owned subsidiary of Parent and a holding company, the sole asset of which consisted of the capital stock of AMCE, was merged with and into Parent, with Parent continuing as the surviving entity. As a result of the merger, AMCE became a direct subsidiary of Parent.

During the fourth quarter of our fiscal year ending March 31, 2011, we evaluated excess capacity and vacant and under-utilized retail space throughout our theatre circuit. On March 28, 2011, management decided to permanently close 73 underperforming screens and auditoriums in six theatre locations in the United States and Canada while continuing to operate 89 screens at these locations. The permanently closed screens were physically segregated from the screens that remained in operation and access to the closed space was restricted. Additionally, management decided to discontinue development of and cease use of (including for storage) certain vacant and under-utilized retail space at four other theatres in the United States and the United Kingdom. As a result of closing the screens and auditoriums and discontinuing the development and use of the other spaces, we recorded a charge

of \$55.0 million for theatre and other closure expense, which is included in operating expense in the Consolidated Statements of Operations during the fiscal year ending March 31, 2011. The charge to theatre and other closure expense reflects the discounted contractual amounts of the existing lease obligations of \$53.6 million for the remaining 7 to 13 year terms of the leases as well as expenses incurred for related asset removal and shutdown costs of \$1.5 million. A significant portion of each of the affected properties was closed and is no longer used. The charges to theatre and other closure expense do not result in any new, increased or accelerated obligations for cash payments related to the underlying long-term operating lease agreements.

In addition to the auditorium closures, we permanently closed 22 theatres with 144 screens in the U.S. during the fifty-two weeks ended March 31, 2011 prior to the expiration of the lease term. We recorded \$5.7 million for theatre and other closure expense, which is included in operating expense in the Consolidated Statements of Operations, due primarily to the remaining lease terms of 5 theatre closures and accretion of the closure liability related to theatres closed during prior periods. Of the theatre closures in fiscal 2011, 9 theatres with 35 screens were owned properties with no related lease obligation; 7 theatres with 67 screens had leases that were allowed to expire; a single screen theatre with a management agreement was allowed to expire; and 5 theatres with 41 screens were closed with remaining lease terms in excess of one month. Reserves for leases that have not been terminated are recorded at the present value of the future contractual commitments for the base rents, taxes and common area maintenance.

On December 15, 2010, we completed the offering of \$600.0 million aggregate principal amount of our 9.75% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2020 (the "Notes due 2020"). Concurrently with the offering of the Notes due 2020 offering, we launched a cash tender offer and consent solicitation for any and all of our then outstanding \$325.0 million aggregate principal amount of our Notes due 2016 at a purchase price of \$1,031 plus a \$30 consent fee for each \$1,000 of principal amount of currently outstanding Notes due 2016 validly tendered and accepted by us on or before the early tender date (the "Cash Tender Offer"). We used the net proceeds from the issuance of the Notes due 2020 to pay the consideration for the Cash Tender Offer of S7.6 million in Other expense during the fifty-two weeks ended March 31, 2011, which included previously capitalized deferred financing fees of \$1.7 million, a tender offer and consent fee paid to the holders of \$5.8 million and other expenses of \$149,000. We redeemed the remaining \$229.9 million aggregate principal amount outstanding Notes due 2016 at a price of \$1,055 per \$1,000 principal amount on February 1, 2011 in accordance with the terms of the indenture. We recorded a loss on extinguishment related to the Cash Tender Offer of \$16.7 million in Other expense during the fifty-two weeks ended March 31, 2011, which included previously capitalized deferred financing fees of \$4.0 million, a tender offer and consent fee paid to the holders of \$12.6 million and other expenses of \$99,000.

Concurrently with the Notes due 2020 offering on December 15, 2010, Parent launched a cash tender offer and consent solicitation for any and all of its outstanding \$240.8 million aggregate principal amount (accreted value) of its Discount Notes due 2014 at a purchase price of \$797 plus a \$30 consent fee for each \$1,000 face amount (or \$792.09 accreted value) of then outstanding Discount Notes due 2014 validly tendered and accepted by Parent. AMCE used cash on hand to make a dividend payment of \$185.0 million on December 15, 2010 to its stockholder, Parent, which was treated as a reduction of additional paid-in capital. Parent used the funds received from us to pay the consideration for the Discount Notes due 2014 cash tender offer plus accrued and unpaid interest on \$170.7 million principal amount (accreted value) of the Discount Notes due 2014 validly tendered. Parent redeemed the remaining \$70.1 million (accreted value) outstanding Discount Notes due 2014 at a price of \$823.77 per \$1,000 face amount (or \$792.09 accreted value) on January 3, 2011 using funds from an additional dividend received from us of \$76.1 million.

On December 15, 2010, we entered into a third amendment to our former senior secured credit agreement dated as of January 26, 2006 to, among other things: (i) extend the maturity of the term loans held by accepting lenders of \$476.6 million aggregate principal amount of term loans from January 26, 2013 to December 15, 2016 and to increase the interest rate with respect to such term loans, (ii) replace our existing revolving credit facility with a new five-year revolving credit facility (with higher interest rates and a longer maturity than the existing revolving credit facility), and (iii) amend certain of our existing covenants therein. We recorded a loss on the modification of our former senior secured credit agreement of \$3.7 million in Other (income) expense during the fifty-two weeks ended March 31, 2011, which included third party modification fees and other expenses of \$3.3 million and previously capitalized deferred financing fees related to the revolving credit facility of \$367,000.

All of our NCM membership units are redeemable for, at the option of NCM, cash or shares of common stock of NCM, Inc. on a share-for-share basis. On August 18, 2010, we sold 6,500,000 shares of common stock of NCM, Inc., in an underwritten public offering for \$16.00 per share and reduced our related investment in NCM by \$36.7 million, the carrying amount of all shares sold. Net proceeds received on this sale were \$99.8 million, after deducting related underwriting fees and professional and consulting costs of \$4.2 million, resulting in a gain on sale of \$63.1 million. In addition, on September 8, 2010, we sold 155,193 shares of NCM, Inc. to the underwriters to cover over allotments for \$16.00 per share and reduced our related investment in NCM by \$867,000, the carrying amount of all shares sold. Net proceeds received on this sale were \$2.4 million, after deducting related underwriting fees and professional and consulting costs of \$99,000, resulting in a gain on sale of \$1.5 million.

On March 17, 2011, NCM, Inc., as sole manager of NCM, disclosed the changes in ownership interest in NCM pursuant to the Common Unit Adjustment Agreement dated as of February 13, 2007 ("2010 Common Unit Adjustment"). This agreement provides for a mechanism for adjusting membership units based on increases or decreases in attendance associated with theatre additions and dispositions. Prior to the 2010 Common Unit Adjustment, we held 18,803,420 units, or a 16,98% ownership interest, in NCM as of December 30, 2010. As a result of theatre closings and dispositions and a related decline in attendance, we elected to surrender 1,479,638 common membership units to satisfy the 2010 Common Unit Adjustment, leaving us with 17,323,782 units, or a 15.66% ownership interest, in NCM as of March 31, 2011. We recorded the surrendered common units as a reduction to deferred revenues for exhibitor services agreement at fair value of \$25.4 million, based on a price per share of NCM, Inc. of \$17.14 on March 17, 2011, and recorded the reduction of the Company's NCM investment at weighted average cost for Tranche 2 Investments of \$25.6 million, resulting in a loss on the surrender of the units of \$207,000. The gain from the NCM, Inc. stock sales and the loss from the surrendered NCM common units are reported as Gain on NCM transactions on the Consolidated Statements of Operations. As a result of theatre closings and a related decline in attendance, the NCM Common Unit Adjustment for calendar 2011 called for a reduction in common units. We elected to pay NCM \$214,000 to retain 16,717 common units effective March 16, 2012. The amount paid to retain the units decreased the deferred revenues for exhibitor services agreement available for amortization to advertising income for future periods.

The Company's investment in common membership units (Tranche 1 Investment) was carried at zero cost through the date of the Merger on August 30, 2012. At the date of the Merger, the Company's investment in NCM consisted of a single investment tranche consisting of 17,323,782 membership units recorded at fair value (Level 1) on August 30, 2012. As of June 30, 2013, the Company owns 19,052,770 common membership units, or a 15.52% interest in NCM, consisting of two tranches.

On May 24, 2010, we completed the acquisition of 92 theatres and 928 screens from Kerasotes Showplace Theatres, LLC ("Kerasotes"). Kerasotes operated 95 theatres and 972 screens in mid-sized, suburban and metropolitan markets, primarily in the Midwest. More than three quarters of the

Kerasotes theatres feature stadium seating and almost 90 percent have been built since 1994. The purchase price for the Kerasotes theatres paid in cash at closing, was \$276.8 million, net of cash acquired, and was subject to working capital and other purchase price adjustments of \$3.8 million during the second quarter of fiscal 2011, based on the final closing date working capital and deferred revenue amounts, and have included this amount as part of the total purchase price. The acquisition of Kerasotes significantly increased our size. Accordingly, results of operations for the fifty-two weeks ended March 29, 2012, which include fifty-two weeks of operations of the theatres we acquired, are not comparable to our results for the fifty-two weeks ended March 31, 2011, which include forty-four weeks of the operations we acquired.

In December of 2008, the Company sold all of its interests in Cinemex, which then operated 44 theatres with 493 screens primarily in the Mexico City Metropolitan Area, to Entretenimiento GM de Mexico S.A. de C.V. ("Entretenimiento"). As of June 30, 2013, the Company estimates that it is contractually entitled to receive an additional \$5.9 million of the purchase price related to tax payments and refunds. While the Company believes it is entitled to these amounts from Cinemex, the collection will require litigation, which was initiated by the Company on April 30, 2010 and is still pending. Resolution could take place over a prolonged period. In fiscal 2010, as a result of the litigation, the Company established an allowance for doubtful accounts related to this receivable and directly charged off the receivable amount as uncollectible. The Company does not have any significant continuing involvement in the operations of the Cinemex theatres after the disposition. Any purchase price tax collections received or legal fees paid related to the sale of the Cinemex theatres have been classified as discontinued operations for all periods presented.

We do not operate any other theatres in Mexico and have divested of the majority of our other investments in international theatres in Canada, UK, Japan, Hong Kong, Spain, Portugal, France, Argentina, Brazil, Chile, and Uruguay over the past several years as part of our overall business strategy.

Deferred Tax Asset Valuation Allowance

If, in the future, we generate sufficient earnings in the United States federal and state tax jurisdictions where we have recorded valuation allowances, our conclusion regarding the need for a valuation allowance in these tax jurisdictions could change. Accordingly, it is reasonably possible we could have a reduction of some or a significant portion of our recorded valuation allowance in the near term. This determination would be dependent on a number of factors which would include, but not be limited to, our expectation of future taxable income.

The Reclassification

In connection with the Offering, we will reclassify each share of our existing Class A common stock and Class N common stock. Pursuant to the reclassification, each holder of shares of existing Class A common stock will receive shares of Class B common stock for one share of existing Class A common stock, and each holder of shares of Class N common stock will receive shares of new Class A common stock for one share of Class N common stock. Following the Reclassification, holders of our Class A common stock will be entitled to one vote per share and holders of our Class B common stock will be entitled to three votes per share. Because of the three-to-one voting ratio between our Class B and Class A common stock, Wanda will continue to control a majority of the combined voting power of our common stock and therefore be able to control all matters submitted to our stockholders for approval (including election of directors and approval of significant corporate transactions, such as mergers) so long as the shares of Class B common stock owned by Wanda and its permitted transferees represent at least 30% of all outstanding shares of our Class B common stock. The shares of our Class B common stock automatically convert to shares of Class A common stock upon Wanda and its permitted transferees holding less than 30% of all outstanding shares of our Class B common stock.

Critical Accounting Estimates

Our Consolidated Financial Statements are prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP. In connection with the preparation of our financial statements, we are required to make assumptions and estimates about future events, and apply judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue, expenses and the related disclosures. We base our assumptions, estimates, and judgments on historical experience, current trends and other factors that management believes to be relevant at the time our Consolidated Financial Statements are prepared. On a regular basis, we review the accounting policies, assumptions, estimates, and judgments to ensure that our financial statements are presented fairly and in accordance with U.S. GAAP. However, because future events and their effects cannot be determined with certainty, actual results could differ from our assumptions and estimates, and such differences could be material.

Our significant accounting policies are discussed in Note 1—The Company and Significant Accounting Policies to our audited Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this prospectus. A listing of some of the more critical accounting estimates that we believe merit additional discussion and aid in better understanding and evaluating our reported financial results are as follows:

Impairments. We evaluate goodwill and other indefinite lived intangible assets for impairment annually or more frequently as specific events or circumstances dictate. Impairment for other long-lived assets (including finite lived intangibles) is done whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that these assets may not be fully recoverable. We have invested material amounts of capital in goodwill and other intangible assets in addition to other long-lived assets. We operate in a very competitive business environment and our revenues are highly dependent on movie content supplied by film producers. In addition, it is not uncommon for us to closely monitor certain locations where operating performance may not meet our expectations. Because of these and other reasons we have recorded material impairment charges primarily related to long-lived assets. Impairment charges were \$0 during the Transition Period, \$20.8 million in fiscal 2012 and \$21.6 million in fiscal 2011. There are a number of estimates and significant judgments that are made by management in performing these impairment evaluations. Such judgments and estimates include estimates of future revenues, cash flows, capital expenditures, and the cost of capital, among others. We believe we have used reasonable and appropriate business judgments. There is considerable management judgment with respect to cash flow estimates and appropriate multiples and discount rates to be used in determining fair value, and, accordingly, actual results could vary significantly from such estimates, which fall under Level 3 within the fair value measurement hierarchy. These estimates determine whether an impairment has been incurred and also quantify the amount of any related impairment charge. Given the nature of our business and our recent history, future impairments are possible and they may be material, based upon business conditions that are constantly changing.

Our recorded goodwill was \$2.3 billion, \$2.2 billion, and \$2.0 billion as of June 30, 2013, December 31, 2012, and March 29, 2012, respectively. We evaluate goodwill and our trademarks for impairment annually during our fourth fiscal quarter and any time an event occurs or circumstances change that would more likely than not reduce the fair value for a reporting unit below its carrying amount. Our goodwill is recorded in our Theatrical Exhibition operating segment, which is also the reporting unit for purposes of evaluating recorded goodwill for impairment. If the carrying value of the reporting unit exceeds its fair value, we are required to reallocate the fair value of the reporting unit had been acquired in a business combination and the fair value of the reporting unit was the price paid to acquire the reporting unit.

During the Transition Period and fiscal 2012, we assessed qualitative factors and reached a determination that it is not more likely than not that the fair value of our reporting unit is less than its carrying value and therefore the two step method, as described in ASC 350-20, is not necessary. Factors considered in determining this conclusion include but are not limited to recent improvements in

industry box office results; increases in the market value of our long-term debt; our estimated fair value exceeded our carrying value as of December 31, 2012; our operating results including revenues, cash flows from operating activities and Adjusted EBITDA improved significantly from fiscal 2012; and the equity values of our publicly traded peer competitors increased during the Transition Period and in fiscal 2012.

There was no goodwill impairment as of June 30, 2013, December 31, 2012, and March 29, 2012.

Film exhibition costs. We have agreements with film companies who provide the content we make available to our customers. We are required to routinely make estimates and judgments about box office receipts for certain films and for films provided by specific film distributors in closing our books each period. These estimates are subject to adjustments based upon final settlements and determinations of final amounts due to our content providers that are typically based on a film's box office receipts and how well it performs. In certain instances this evaluation is done on a film by film basis or in the aggregate by film production suppliers. We rely upon our industry experience and professional judgment in determining amounts to fairly record these obligations at any given point in time. The accruals made for film costs have historically been material and we expect they will continue to be so into the future. During the six months ended June 30, 2013 and the twenty six weeks ended June 28, 2012, our film exhibition costs were \$476.7 million and \$463.9 million, respectively. During the Transition Period and fiscal years 2012 and 2011 our film exhibition costs totaled \$728.1 million, \$916.0 million, and \$860.5 million, respectively.

Income and operating taxes. Income and operating taxes are inherently difficult to estimate and record. This is due to the complex nature of the U.S. tax code and also because our returns are routinely subject to examination by government tax authorities, including federal, state and local officials. Most of these examinations take place a few years after we have filed our tax returns. Our tax audits in many instances raise questions regarding our tax filing positions, the timing and amount of deductions claimed and the allocation of income among various tax jurisdictions. Our federal and state tax operating loss carry forward of approximately \$671.9 million and \$544.2 million, respectively at December 31, 2012, require us to estimate the amount of carry forward losses that we can reasonably be expected to realize using feasible and prudent tax planning strategies that are available to us. Future changes in conditions and in the tax code may change these strategies and thus change the amount of carry forward losses that we expect to realize and the amount of valuation allowances we have recorded. Accordingly future reported results could be materially impacted by changes in tax matters, positions, rules and estimates and these changes could be material.

Theatre and other closure expense. Theatre and other closure expense is primarily related to payments made or received or expected to be made or received to or from landlords to terminate leases on certain of our closed theatres, other vacant space and theatres where development has been discontinued. Theatre and other closure expense is recognized at the time the theatre or auditorium closes, space becomes vacant or development is discontinued. Expected payments to or from landlords are based on actual or discounted contractual amounts. We estimate theatre closure expense based on contractual lease terms and our estimates of taxes and utilities. The discount rate we use to estimate theatre and other closure expense is based on estimates of our borrowing costs at the time of closing. Our theatre and other closure liabilities have been measured using a discount rate of approximately 7.55% to 9.0%. During the fourth quarter of our fiscal year ending March 31, 2011, we permanently closed 73 underperforming screens and auditoriums in six theatre locations while continuing to operate the remaining 89 screens, and discontinued the development of and ceased use of certain vacant and under-utilized retail space at four other theatres. As a result of closing the screens and auditoriums and discontinuing the development and use of the other spaces, we recorded a charge of \$55.0 million for theatre and other closure expense, which is included in

operating expense in the Consolidated Statements of Operations, of \$3.0 million and \$5.2 million, respectively. We have recorded theatre and other closure expense, which is included in operating expense in the Consolidated Statements of Operations, of \$6.6 million, \$7.4 million, and \$60.8 million during the Transition Period and the fiscal years ended March 29, 2012, and March 31, 2011, respectively.

Gift card and packaged ticket breakage. As noted in our significant accounting policies for revenue, we defer 100% of these items and recognize these amounts as they are redeemed by customers or breakage income is recognized. A vast majority of gift cards are used or partially used. However a portion of the gift cards and packaged ticket sales we sell to our customers are not redeemed and not used in whole or in part. Non-redeemed or partially redeemed cards or packaged tickets are known as "breakage" in our industry. We are required to estimate breakage and do so based upon our historical redemption patterns. Our history indicates that if a card or packaged ticket is not used for 18 months or longer, its likelihood of being used past this 18 month period is remote. In the fourth quarter of fiscal 2012, we changed our accounting method for estimating gift card breakage income. Prior to the fourth quarter of fiscal 2012, we recognized breakage income when gift card redemptions were deemed remote and the Company determined that there was no legal obligation to remit the unredeemed gift cards to the relevant tax jurisdiction ("Remote Method"), which based on historical information we concluded to be 18 months after the gift card was issued. In the fourth quarter of fiscal 2012, we accumulated a sufficient level of historical data from a large pool of homogeneous transactions to allow management to reasonably and objectively determine an estimated gift card breakage rate and the pattern of actual gift card redemptions. Accordingly, we changed our method for recognizing gift card breakage income to recognize breakage income and derecognize the gift card liability for unredeemed gift cards in proportion to actual redemptions of gift cards ("Proportional Method"). We recognize breakage income for gift cards using the Proportional Method, pursuant to which we apply a breakage rate for our five gift card sales channels which range from 14% to 23% of our current month sales, and we recognize that total amount of breakage for that current month's sales as income over the next 24 months in proportion to the pattern of actual redemptions. We have determined our breakage rates and redemption patterns using data accumulated over ten years on a company-wide basis. Breakage for packaged tickets continues to be recognized as the redemption of these items is determined to be remote, that is if a ticket has not been used within 18 months after being purchased. As a result of fair value accounting with the Merger, we will not recognize any breakage income on package tickets until 18 months after the date of the Merger. Additionally, concurrent with the accounting change discussed above, we changed our presentation of gift card breakage income from other income to other theatre revenues during fiscal 2012, with conforming changes made for all prior periods presented. During fiscal 2012, we recognized \$32.6 million of net gift card breakage income, of which \$15.0 million represented the adjustment related to the change from the Remote Method to the Proportional Method. During the six months ended June 30, 2013 and the twenty-six weeks ended June 28, 2012, we recognized \$10.2 million and \$22.9 million of income, respectively, and during the Transition Period and fiscal years 2012 and 2011, we recognized \$11.5 million, \$32.6 million and \$14.1 million of income, respectively, related to the derecognition of gift card liabilities which was recorded in other theatre revenues in the Consolidated Statements of Operations. Refer to Note 1 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this prospectus for additional information.

Operating Results

The following table sets forth our revenues, costs and expenses attributable to our operations. Reference is made to Note 17—Operating Segment to the audited Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this prospectus for additional information therein.

(In thousands)	From Inception		nception ugust 31, 2012 through cember 31, 2012	A	Iarch 30, 2012 through ugust 30, 2012	Er Mar 2	Veeks ided ch 29, 012	N	52 Weeks Ended March 31, 2011		
Revenues	(`	,		,		,		,		,
Theatrical exhibition											
Admissions	\$ 898,190	\$		\$	548,632	\$	816,031	\$	1,721,295	\$	1,644,837
Food and beverage	387,414		360,149		229,739		342,130		689,680		644,997
Other theatre	54,863		69,257		33,121		47,911		111,002		72,704
Total revenues	1,340,467		1,306,814		811,492		1,206,072		2,521,977		2,362,538
Operating Costs and Expenses											
Theatrical exhibition											
Film exhibition costs	476,719		463,918		291,561		436,539		916,054		860,470
Food and beverage costs	53,748		49,219		30,545		47,326		93,581		79,763
Operating expense	351,429		342,081		230,434		297,328		696,783		691,264
Rent	227,348		222,765		143,374		189,086		445,326		451,874
General and administrative expense:											
Merger, acquisition and transaction costs	1,653		4,476		3,366		4,417		3,958		16,838
Management Fee	_		2,500		_		2,500		5,000		5,000
Other	33,347		30,946		29,110		27,023		51,495		58,157
Depreciation and amortization	98,832		105,181		71,633		80,971		212,817		211,444
Impairment of long-lived assets	_		285		_		_		285		12,779
Operating costs and expenses	1,243,076		1,221,371		800,023		1,085,190		2,425,299		2,387,589
Operating income	97,391		85,443		11,469		120,882		96,678		(25,051)
Other expense (income)											
Other (income) expense	(294)		1,657		49		960		1,965		42,687
Interest expense:											
Corporate borrowings	65,483		82,105		45,259		67,614		172,159		177,459
Capital and financing lease obligations	5,308		2,906		1,873		2,390		5,968		6,198
Equity in (earnings) losses of non-consolidated entities	(23,820)		(19,448)		2,480		(7,545)		(12,559)		(17,178)
Gain on NCM transactions	_		_		_		_		_		(64,441)
Investment (income) expense	(3,337)		(51)		290		(41)		17,619		(484)
Total other expense	43,340		67,169		49,951		63,378		185,152		144,241
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes	54,051		18,274		(38,482)		57,504		(88,474)		(169,292)
Income tax provision (benefit)	12,950		905		(2,020)		2,500		2,015		1,950
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations	41,101		17,369		(36,462)		55,004		(90,489)		(171,242)
Gain (loss) from discontinued operations, net of income taxes	4,697	_	(2,874)		(688)		35,153		(3,609)		(3,062)
Net earnings (loss)	\$ 45,798	\$	14,495	\$	(37,150)	\$	90,157	\$	(94,098)	\$	(174,304)

	6 Months Ended June 30, 2013 (Successor)	26 Weeks Ended June 28, 2012 (Predecessor)	From Inception August 31, 2012 through December 31, 2012 (Successor)	March 30, 2012 through August 30, 2012 (Predecessor)	52 Weeks Ended March 29, 2012 (Predecessor)	52 Weeks Ended March 31, 2011 (Predecessor)
Operating Data—Continuing Operations:						
Screen additions	_	_	22	13	26	55
Screens acquisitions	25	_	166	_	_	960
Screen dispositions	29	35	19	62	120	400
Average screens—continuing operations(1)	4,855	4,770	4,732	4,742	4,811	4,920
Number of screens operated	4,937	4,833	4,988	4,819	4,868	4,962
Number of theatres operated	343	336	344	333	338	352
Screens per theatre	14.4	14.4	14.5	14.5	14.4	14.1
Attendance (in thousands)—continuing operations(1)	96,977	97,995	60,336	90,616	194,205	188,810

Includes consolidated theatres only.

We present Adjusted EBITDA as a supplemental measure of our performance that is commonly used in our industry. We define Adjusted EBITDA as earnings (loss) from continuing operations plus (i) income tax provision (benefit), (ii) interest expense and (iii) depreciation and amortization, as further adjusted to eliminate the impact of certain items that we do not consider indicative of our ongoing operating performance and to include any cash distributions of earnings from our equity method investees. These further adjustments are itemized below. You are encouraged to evaluate these adjustments and the reasons we consider them appropriate for supplemental analysis. In evaluating Adjusted EBITDA, you should be aware that in the future we may incur expenses that are the same as or similar to some of the adjustments in this presentation. Our presentation of Adjusted EBITDA should not be construed as an inference that our future results will be unaffected by unusual or non-recurring items.

Reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA (unaudited)

(In thousands)	` ((Unaudited) 6 Months Ended June 30, 2013 (Successor)		(Unaudited) 26 Weeks Ended June 28, 2012 (Predecessor)		From Inception August 31, 2012 through December 31, 2012 (Successor)	March 30, 2012 through August 30, 2012 (Predecessor)		52 Weeks Ended March 29, 2012 (Predecessor)		N	2 Weeks Ended Iarch 31, 2011
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations	\$	41,101	\$	17,369	\$	(36,462)	\$	55,004	\$	(90,489)	\$	(171,242)
Plus:												
Income tax provision (benefit)		12,950		905		(2,020)		2,500		2,015		1,950
Interest expense		70,791		85,011		47,132		70,004		178,127		183,657
Depreciation and amortization		98,832		105,181		71,633		80,971		212,817		211,444
Impairment of long-lived assets		_		285		_		_		285		12,779
Certain operating expenses(1)		6,354		6,758		7,675		5,858		16,275		57,267
Equity in (earnings) losses of non-consolidated												
entities		(23,820)		(19,448)		2,480		(7,545)		(12,559)		(17,178)
Cash distributions from non-consolidated entities(2)		12,579		13,026		10,226		7,051		33,112		35,893
Gain on NCM transactions						_				_		(64,441)
Investment (income) expense		(3,337)		(51)		290		(41)		17,619		(484)
Other (income) expense(3)		(240)		1,657		49		1,297		1,977		42,828
General and administrative expense—unallocated:		Ì										
Merger, acquisition and transaction costs		1,653		4,476		3,366		4,417		3,958		16,838
Management fee		· —		2,500		· —		2,500		5,000		5,000
Stock-based compensation expense		_		982		_		830		1,962		1,526
Adjusted EBITDA(2)(4)	\$	216,863	\$	218,651	\$	104,369	\$	222,846	\$	370,099	\$	315,837

Amounts represent preopening expense, theatre and other closure expense, deferred digital equipment rent expense, and disposition of assets and other gains included in operating expenses.

⁽²⁾ Effective July 1, 2011, cash distributions from non-consolidated entities were included in our Adjusted EBITDA presentation with conforming reclassification made for the current and prior year presentation. The presentation reclassification reflects how our management evaluates our Adjusted EBITDA performance and is consistent with treatment in our various debt covenant calculations.

⁽³⁾ Other expense for the 52 weeks ended March 31, 2011 is primarily comprised of the loss on extinguishment of indebtedness related to the redemption of our Discount Notes due 2014 of \$14.8 million, our Notes due 2016 of \$24.3 million and expense related to the modification of our former senior secured credit facility of \$3.7 million.

(4) The additional four days included in the Transition Period contributed approximately \$25.0 million in Adjusted EBITDA. The acquisition of Kerasotes contributed approximately \$34.6 million during the fifty-two weeks ended March 29, 2012 in Adjusted EBITDA compared to \$31.6 million during the forty-four week period of May 24, 2010 to March 31, 2011.

Adjusted EBITDA is a non-U.S. GAAP financial measure commonly used in our industry and should not be construed as an alternative to net earnings (loss) as an indicator of operating performance or as an alternative to cash flow provided by operating activities as a measure of liquidity (as determined in accordance with U.S. GAAP). Adjusted EBITDA may not be comparable to similarly titled measures reported by other companies. We have included Adjusted EBITDA because we believe it provides management and investors with additional information to measure our performance and liquidity, estimate our value and evaluate our ability to service debt.

Adjusted EBITDA has important limitations as an analytical tool, and you should not consider it in isolation, or as a substitute for analysis of our results as reported under U.S. GAAP. For example, Adjusted EBITDA:

- · does not reflect our capital expenditures, future requirements for capital expenditures or contractual commitments;
- · does not reflect changes in, or cash requirements for, our working capital needs;
- · does not reflect the significant interest expenses, or the cash requirements necessary to service interest or principal payments, on our debt;
- excludes income tax payments that represent a reduction in cash available to us;
- does not reflect any cash requirements for the assets being depreciated and amortized that may have to be replaced in the future; and
- · does not reflect management fees that were paid to the Former Sponsors.

For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2013 and Twenty-six Weeks Ended June 28, 2012

Revenues. Total revenues increased 2.6%, or \$33.7 million, during the six months ended June 30, 2013 compared to the twenty-six weeks ended June 28, 2012, primarily due to a 3.5% increase in average ticket prices, partially offset by a 1.0% decrease in attendance. The increase in average ticket price was primarily due to an increase in ticket prices for standard 2D film and the impact of the increase in net recognition of admissions revenues related to AMC Stubs, partially offset by the decrease in attendance for premium format film product. Total admissions revenues were increased by rewards redeemed, net of deferrals, of \$2.1 million during the six months ended June 30, 2013 related to rewards accumulated under AMC Stubs compared to \$826,000 during the twenty-six weeks ended June 28, 2012. The rewards accumulated under AMC Stubs are deferred and recognized in future periods upon redemption or expiration of customer rewards. Admissions revenues at comparable theatres (theatres opened on or before the first quarter of calendar 2012 and before giving effect to the net recognition of admissions revenues due to the AMC Stubs customer frequency program) decreased 0.6%, or \$4.9 million, during the six months ended June 30, 2013 compared to the twenty-six weeks ended June 28, 2012, due to the decrease in attendance, partially offset by the increase in average ticket prices. Food and beverage revenues increased 7.6%, or \$27.3 million, during the six months ended June 30, 2013 compared to the twenty-six weeks ended June 28, 2012, due to an 8.4% increase in average food and beverage per patron and the decrease in net deferral of food and beverage revenue related to AMC Stubs. Total food

and beverage revenues were reduced by a net amount of \$1.2 million and \$4.0 million during the six months ended June 30, 2013 and the twenty-six weeks ended June 28, 2012, respectively, related to rewards accumulated under AMC Stubs and deferred to be recognized in future periods upon redemption or expiration of customer rewards. Other theatre revenues decreased 20.8%, or \$14.4 million, during the six months ended June 30, 2013 compared to the twenty-six weeks ended June 28, 2012, primarily due to declines in gift card breakage income and packaged ticket breakage, partially offset by increases in advertising revenues and internet ticket fees. Other theatre revenues for the twenty-six weeks ended June 28, 2012 were impacted by a change in method of recognizing gift card breakage income from the Remote Method to the Proportional Method, which included a cumulative catch-up of \$15.0 million income recognized as a result of the accounting change. The decrease in breakage income on packaged tickets of \$8.0 million was due to fair value accounting as a result of the Merger. We will not recognize any breakage income on packaged tickets until 18 months after the date of the Merger.

Operating costs and expenses. Operating costs and expenses increased 1.8%, or \$1.7 million, during the six months ended June 30, 2013 compared to the twenty-six weeks ended June 28, 2012. Film exhibition costs increased 2.8%, or \$1.2 million, during the six months ended June 30, 2013 compared to the twenty-six weeks ended June 28, 2012, primarily due to the increase in admissions revenues and the increase in film exhibition costs as a percentage of admissions revenues, film exhibition costs were 53.1% in the current period and 52.9% in the prior period. Food and beverage costs increased 9.2%, or \$4.5 million, during the six months ended June 30, 2013 compared to the twenty-six weeks ended June 28, 2012 due to the increase in food and beverage revenues and the increase in food and beverage revenues. As a percentage of food and beverage costs were 13.9% in the current period compared with 13.7% in the prior period, primarily due to food and beverage cost increases and a shift in product mix to premium items that generate higher sales and lower percentage margins. As a percentage of revenues, operating expense was 26.2% in both the current period and the prior period. The current period includes increases in property taxes and general insurance, partially offset by decreases in advertising. The prior period operating expenses as a percentage of revenues were favorably impacted by increases in other theatre revenues of \$15.0 million, resulting from a change in an accounting method of recognizing gift card breakage income. Rent expense increased 2.1%, or \$4.6 million, during the six months ended June 30, 2013 compared to the twenty-six weeks ended June 28, 2012, primarily from increases in common area maintenance expenses due to snow removal and a greater number of theatres operated due primarily to acquisitions.

General and Administrative Expense:

Merger, acquisition and transaction costs. Merger, acquisition and transaction costs were \$1.7 million during the six months ended June 30, 2013 compared to \$4.5 million during the twenty-six weeks ended June 28, 2012, primarily consisting of costs related to the Merger.

Management fees. Management fees decreased \$2.5 million during the six months ended June 30, 2013 compared to the twenty-six weeks ended June 28, 2012. Management fees of \$1.3 million were paid quarterly, in advance, to the Former Sponsors in exchange for consulting and other services through the date of the Merger. Subsequent to the Merger, these management fees have ceased.

Other. Other general and administrative expense increased 7.8%, or \$2.4 million, during the six months ended June 30, 2013 compared to the twenty-six weeks ended June 28, 2012, due primarily to increases in expenses for abandoned projects, legal costs, and Theatre Support Center transition rent, partially offset by decreases in net periodic benefit costs and the discontinuance of stock-based compensation expense.

Depreciation and amortization. Depreciation and amortization decreased 6.0%, or \$6.3 million, compared to the prior period due primarily to a reduction in depreciation recorded resulting from a decline in asset retirements recorded in comparison to the prior year and a reduction in amortization recorded for other finite lived intangible assets resulting from the Merger, partially offset by increases in depreciation resulting from the additional property acquired in the Rave acquisition. Additionally, the impact of the purchase price allocation for the Merger indicated the fair value of our property, net, was greater than the Predecessor's carrying value, and we also adjusted certain asset lives to reflect the estimated remaining useful life of the asset.

Impairment of long-lived assets. During the twenty-six weeks ended June 28, 2012, we recognized an impairment loss of \$285,000 on three theatres with 33 screens (in Arkansas, Maryland and Utah), which was related to property, net.

Other (income) expense. Other (income) expense for the six months ended June 30, 2013 was due to a net gain of approximately \$(240,000), which consisted of the Term Loan due 2016 premium write-off, partially offset by the expense for the third-party costs in connection with the repurchase of the Term Loan due 2016 and the Term Loan due 2018. Other (income) expense for the twenty-six weeks ended June 28, 2012 was primarily due to expenses on extinguishment of indebtedness related to the redemption of our Notes due 2014 of \$640,000, the Parent Term Loan due 2012 of \$510,000, and expenses related to the redemption and modification of the former senior secured credit facility of \$383,000.

Interest expense. Interest expense decreased 16.7%, or \$14.2 million, for the six months ended June 30, 2013 compared to the twenty-six weeks ended June 28, 2012, primarily due to the redemptions of both the Notes due 2014 and the Parent Term Loan due 2012 in the prior year and the accretion of premiums and elimination of amortization of deferred financing costs and discounts recorded as a result of the Merger, partially offset by increases in capital and financing lease obligations and the related interest expense from the Rave acquisition.

Equity in earnings of non-consolidated entities. Equity in earnings of non-consolidated entities were \$23.8 million in the current period compared to \$19.4 million in the prior period. The increase in equity in earnings of non-consolidated entities was primarily due to increases in equity in earnings related to our investment in Open Road Releasing, LLC and DCIP. The increase in equity in earnings from Open Road Releasing, LLC was primarily due to increases in theatrical revenues. Cash distributions from non-consolidated entities were \$12.6 million during the current period and \$13.0 million during the twenty-six weeks ended June 28, 2012. See Note 4—Investments of the Notes to the unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this prospectus for further information. See Investment (income) expense below for a discussion of our post Merger accounting for the NCM tax receivable agreement.

Investment (income) expense. Investment income was \$(3.3 million) for the six months ended June 30, 2013 compared to \$(51,000) for the twenty-six weeks ended June 28, 2012. The investment income for the current period includes payments received of \$3.7 million related to the NCM tax receivable agreement, which are recorded in investment income for periods subsequent to the Merger. Amounts related to the NCM tax receivable agreement of \$3.9 million were recorded in equity in earnings of non-consolidated entities in the prior period. Prior to the Merger we did not have any carrying value related to the NCM tax receivable agreement and the majority of our Tranche 1 investment in NCM was recorded at \$0. In connection with push down accounting as required by the Merger we recorded an amortizable intangible asset in the amount of \$20,900,000 related to the NCM tax receivable agreement. Because we have established a separate asset apart from our equity method investment in NCM that derives all of its fair value from the expected future payments under the NCM tax receivable agreement, we will account for the cash receipts under the NCM tax receivable agreement, we will account for the cash receipts under the NCM tax receivable agreement.

our investment in NCM (Tranche 1) was recorded at a carrying value of \$0 and the remainder of our investment in NCM (Tranche 2) was recorded at a carrying value of \$72,323,000. Subsequent to the Merger we increased the carrying value of our Tranche 1 and Tranche 2 investments in NCM from \$72,323,000 to a fair value of \$250,155,000. As both the NCM tax receivable agreement and investment in NCM were separately recorded at fair value as a result of the Merger, we will account for the NCM tax receivable agreement intangible amortization and NCM tax receivable agreement cash receipts separately as components of investment income, and we will account for our share of earnings in NCM and distributions of their earnings following the equity method.

Income tax provision. The income tax provision from continuing operations was \$13.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and \$905,000 for the twenty-six weeks ended June 28, 2012. See Note 1—Basis of Presentation for out of period tax adjustment and Note 7—Income Taxes in Part I of the Notes to the unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this prospectus for further information.

Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations, net. In July and August of 2012, we sold or closed 7 of the 8 theatres located in Canada and sold one theatre with 12 screens in the UK. In addition, on December 29, 2008, we sold our operations in Mexico, including 44 theatres and 493 screens. The results of operations of the 7 Canada theatres, the one UK theatre, and the Cinemex theatres have been classified as discontinued operations for all periods presented. During the six months ended June 30, 2013, we received \$4.7 million for a sales price adjustment from the sale of theatres located in Canada. The sales price adjustment related to tax attributes of the theatres sold in Canada which were not determinable or probable of collection at the date of the sale. We completed our tax returns for periods prior to the date of sale during the six months ended June 30, 2013 at which time the buyer was able to determine amounts due pursuant to the sales price adjustment and remit them to us. We recorded the additional gain on sale following the guidance for gain contingencies in ASC 450-30-25-1 when the gains were realizable.

Net earnings. Net earnings were \$45.8 million and \$14.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and the twenty-six weeks ended June 28, 2012, respectively. Net earnings during the six months ended June 30, 2013 compared to twenty-six weeks ended June 28, 2012 were positively impacted by the decrease in interest expense, the increase in earnings from discontinued operations, the decrease in depreciation and amortization expense, the increase in average ticket prices and food and beverage per patron, the increase in equity in earnings of non-consolidated entities, and the increase in investment income. Net earnings were negatively impacted by the decrease in gift card and packaged ticket breakage income recognized and the increase in t

Operating Results for the Unaudited Pro Forma Transition Period ended December 31, 2012

As a result of the August 30, 2012 Merger described above, our Predecessor does not have financial results for the period August 31, 2012 through December 31, 2012. In order to present Management's Discussion and Analysis in a way that offers investors a meaningful period to period comparison, we have provided the operating information for the current year on an unaudited pro forma basis. See Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Financial Information for additional information about how we determined our pro forma operating results for the Transition Period. The proforma information for the period March 30, 2012 through December 31, 2012 does not purport to represent what our consolidated results of operations would have been if the Successor had actually been formed on March 30, 2012, nor have we made any attempt to either include or exclude expenses or income that would have resulted had the acquisition actually occurred on March 30, 2012.

The following table sets forth our revenues, costs and expenses attributable to our operations. Reference is made to Note 17—Operating Segment of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this prospectus for further information.

(In thousands)	(Unaudited) Pro Forma Transition Period Ended December 31, 2012	(Unaudited) Thirty-nine Weeks Ended December 29, 2011	% Change
		(Predecessor)	
Revenues Theatrical exhibition			
	\$ 1,364,663	0 1 205 460	5.3%
Admissions Food and beverage	571,869	\$ 1,295,469 518,081	10.4%
Other theatre	72,574	71,984	0.8%
Total revenues	2,009,106	1,885,534	6.6%
Operating Costs and Expenses			
Theatrical exhibition			
Film exhibition costs	728,100	694,863	4.8%
Food and beverage costs	77,871	70,961	9.7%
Operating expense	529,235	525,431	0.7%
Rent	331,397	334,607	-1.0%
General and administrative expense:	7.702	1.705	*0/0
Merger, acquisition and transaction costs	7,783	1,705	
Management Fee Other		3,750	100%
V 1144	55,594	35,874	55.0%
Depreciation and amortization	150,234	155,970	-3.7%
Operating costs and expenses	1,880,214	1,823,161	3.1%
Operating income	128,892	62,373	*%
Other expense (income)			
Other expense	1,009	429	*%
Interest expense:			
Corporate borrowings	103,429	129,813	-20.3%
Capital and financing lease obligations	4,263	4,480	-4.8%
Equity in (earnings) losses of non-consolidated entities	(7,499)	(1,864)	*%
Investment (income) expense	876	17,644	-95.0%
Total other expense	102,078	150,502	-32.2%
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes	26,814	(88,129)	*0/0
Income tax provision (benefit)	3,380	1,510	*%
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations	23,434	(89,639)	*0/0
Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations, net of income taxes	34,465	(2,989)	*0/0
Net earnings (loss)	\$ 57,899	\$ (92,628)	*0/0

^{*} Percentage change in excess of 100%

We present Adjusted EBITDA as a supplemental measure of our performance that is commonly used in our industry. We define Adjusted EBITDA as earnings (loss) from continuing operations plus

⁽¹⁾ Includes consolidated theatres only, excludes 8 theatres with 166 screens sold in July and August of 2012 and included in discontinued operations.

(i) income tax provisions (benefit), (ii) interest expense and (iii) depreciation and amortization, as further adjusted to eliminate the impact of certain items that we do not consider indicative of our ongoing operating performance and to include any cash distributions of earnings from our equity method investees. These further adjustments are itemized below. You are encouraged to evaluate these adjustments and the reasons we consider them appropriate for supplemental analysis. In evaluating Adjusted EBITDA, you should be aware that in the future we may incur expenses that are the same as or similar to some of the adjustments in this presentation. Our presentation of Adjusted EBITDA should not be construed as an inference that our future results will be unaffected by unusual or non-recurring items.

Reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA (unaudited)

(In thousands)	Pro Forma Transition Period Ended December 31, 2012		y-nine Weeks Ended nber 29, 2011
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations	\$	23,434	\$ (89,639)
Plus:			
Income tax provision		3,380	1,510
Interest expense		107,692	134,293
Depreciation and amortization		150,234	155,970
Certain operating expenses(1)		15,088	13,112
Equity in earnings of non-consolidated entities		(7,499)	(1,864)
Cash distributions from non-consolidated entities(2)		17,277	20,595
Investment expense		876	17,644
Other expense(3)		1,346	441
General and administrative expense—unallocated:			
Merger, acquisition and transaction costs		7,783	1,705
Management fee		_	3,750
Stock-based compensation expense		830	1,471
Adjusted EBITDA(2)(4)	\$	320,441	\$ 258,988

- Amounts represent preopening expense, theatre and other closure expense, deferred digital equipment rent expense, and disposition of assets and other gains included in operating expenses.
- (2) Cash distributions from non-consolidated entities are included in our Adjusted EBITDA presentation with conforming reclassification made for the current and prior year presentation. The presentation reclassification reflects how our management evaluates our Adjusted EBITDA performance and is consistent with treatment in our various debt covenant calculations.
- (3) Other expense for the Transition Period is comprised primarily of expenses on extinguishment of indebtedness related to the redemption of our Notes due 2014 and modification of our former senior secured credit facility. Other expense for the thirty-nine weeks ended December 29, 2011 is primarily comprised of expenses related to the modification of our former senior secured credit facility and expenses on the extinguishment of indebtedness related to the redemption of our Notes due 2014.
- (4) The additional four days included in the Transition Period contributed approximately \$25.0 million in Adjusted EBITDA.

Results of Operations for the Pro Forma Transition Period and the thirty-nine weeks ended December 29, 2011

Revenues. Our results of operations were positively impacted by the inclusion of 4 additional days during the Pro Forma Transition Period compared to the thirty-nine weeks ended December 29, 2011. Total revenues increased 6.6%, or \$123.6 million, during the Pro Forma Transition Period compared to the thirty-nine weeks ended December 29, 2011. Admissions revenues increased 5.3%, or \$69.2 million, during the Pro Forma Transition Period compared to the thirty-nine weeks ended December 29, 2011, primarily due to a 1.9% increase in average ticket prices and a 3.3% increase in attendance. Total admissions revenues were increased by rewards redeemed, net of deferrals, of \$7.0 million during the Pro Forma Transition Period related to rewards accumulated under AMC Stubs, and admissions revenues were reduced by deferrals, net of rewards redeemed, of \$6.0 million during the thirty-nine weeks ended December 29, 2011 related to awards accumulated under AMC Stubs. The rewards accumulated under AMC Stubs are deferred and recognized in future periods upon redemption or expiration of customer rewards. The increase in average ticket price was primarily due to an increase in ticket prices for standard 2D film and the impact of the decrease in net deferral of admission revenue related to AMC Stubs, partially offset by a decrease in attendance for premium format film product. Admissions revenues at comparable theatres (theatres opened on or before the first quarter of fiscal 2012) before giving effect to the net deferral of admissions revenues due to the AMC Stubs customer frequency program increased 4.9%, or \$62.6 million, during the Pro Forma Transition Period from the comparable period last year, due to increases in average ticket prices, increases in attendance and the additional four days included in the Pro Forma Transition Period. Food and beverage revenues increased 10.4%, or \$53.8 million, during the Pro Forma Transition Period compared to the thirty-nine weeks ended December 29, 2011, due to a 6.8% increase in average food and beverage per patron, the decrease in net deferral of food and beverage revenues related to the AMC Stubs customer frequency program and the increase in attendance. The increase in concessions per patron includes the impact of the decrease in net deferral of food and beverage revenue related to AMC Stubs, food and beverage price increases and the success of our food and beverage strategic initiatives. Total food and beverage revenues were decreased by a net amount of \$1.9 million during the Pro Forma Transition Period and were decreased by a net amount of \$11.9 million during the thirty-nine weeks ended December 29, 2011 related to rewards accumulated under AMC Stubs and deferred to be recognized in future periods upon redemption or expiration of customer rewards. Other theatre revenues increased by 0.8%, or \$0.6 million, during the Pro Forma Transition Period compared to the thirty-nine weeks ended December 29, 2011, primarily due to increases in membership fees earned through the AMC Stubs customer frequency program, advertising revenue and internet ticket fees, partially offset by declines in gift card breakage income recognized under the Proportional Method and declines in package ticket breakage. See Note 1—The Company and Significant Accounting Policies of the Notes to the audited Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this prospectus for further information regarding methods used to recognize gift card breakage income.

Operating costs and expenses. Operating costs and expenses increased 3.1%, or \$57.1 million, during the Pro Forma Transition Period compared to the thirty-nine weeks ended December 29, 2011. Film exhibition costs increased 4.8%, or \$33.2 million, during the Pro Forma Transition Period compared to the thirty-nine weeks ended December 29, 2011 primarily due to the increase in admissions revenues, partially offset by the decrease in film exhibition costs as a percentage of admission revenues. As a percentage of admissions revenues, film exhibition costs were 53.4% in the current period and 53.6% in the prior period. Food and beverage costs increased 9.7%, or \$6.9 million, during the Pro Forma Transition Period compared to the thirty-nine weeks ended December 29, 2011, due to the increase in food and beverage revenues, partially offset by the decrease in food and beverage costs as a percentage of food and beverage revenues. As a percentage of food and beverage revenues, food and beverage costs were 13.6% in the current period compared with 13.7% in the prior period. As a percentage of revenues, operating expense was 26.3% in the current period as compared

to 27.9% in the prior period, primarily due to decreases in theatre salary costs, RealD license fees, utilities and property taxes, partially offset by increases in IMAX expense. Rent expense decreased 1.0%, or \$3.2 million, during the Pro Forma Transition Period compared to the thirty-nine weeks ended December 29, 2011, primarily due to the closure of theatres.

General and Administrative Expense:

Merger, acquisition and transaction costs. Merger, acquisition and transaction costs were \$7.8 million during the Pro Forma Transition Period compared to \$1.7 million during the thirty-nine weeks ended December 29, 2011 primarily due to the Merger.

Management fees. Management fees decreased \$3.8 million during the Pro Forma Transition Period compared to the thirty-nine weeks ended December 29, 2011. Management fees of \$1.3 million were paid quarterly, in advance, to the Former Sponsors in exchange for consulting and other services through the date of the Merger. Subsequent to the Merger these management fees have ceased.

Other. Other general and administrative expense increased 55.0%, or \$19.7 million, during the Pro Forma Transition Period compared to the thirty-nine weeks ended December 29, 2011 due primarily to increases in annual and long-term incentive compensation expense related to improvements in net earnings.

Depreciation and amortization. Depreciation and amortization decreased 3.7%, or \$5.7 million, during the Pro Forma Transition Period compared to the prior period resulting from theatre closures and the declining net book value of theatre assets.

Other expense. Other expense for the Transition Period is comprised of expenses on extinguishment of indebtedness related primarily to the redemption of our Notes due 2014 of \$1.3 million, partially offset by business interruption insurance recoveries of \$337,000. Other expense for the thirty-nine weeks ended December 29, 2011 of \$429,000 is comprised of expenses related to the modification of our former senior secured credit facility and expenses related to the extinguishment of indebtedness for the redemption of our Notes due 2016.

Interest expense. Interest expense declined by \$26.6 million for the Pro Forma Transition Period compared to the thirty-nine weeks ended December 29, 2011 primarily due to the redemptions of both the Notes due 2014 and the Parent Term Loan due 2012 during the Transition Period and the accretion of premiums recorded as a result of the Merger, partially offset by increases in indebtedness and the related interest expense due to the issuance of our Term Loan due 2018 on February 22, 2012.

Equity in (earnings) losses of non-consolidated entities. Equity in (earnings) losses of non-consolidated entities were \$(7.5 million) for the Pro Forma Transition Period compared to equity in earnings of \$(1.9 million) for the thirty-nine weeks ended December 29, 2011. The increase in equity in earnings of non-consolidated entities was primarily due to increases in earnings from DCIP, partially offset by declines in earnings from NCM. See Note 7—Investments of the Notes to the audited Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this prospectus for further information.

Investment expense. Investment expense was \$876,000 for the Pro Forma Transition Period compared to a loss of \$17.6 million for the thirty-nine weeks ended December 29, 2011. During the thirty-nine weeks ended December 29, 2011, we recognized an impairment loss of \$17.8 million related to unrealized losses previously recorded in accumulated other comprehensive loss on marketable securities related to our investment in RealD Inc. common stock when we determined the decline in fair value below historical cost to be other-than-temporary.

Income tax provision. The income tax provision from continuing operations was a provision of \$3.4 million for the Pro Forma Transition Period and \$1.5 million for the thirty-nine weeks ended December 29, 2011. See Note 11—Income Taxes of the Notes to the audited Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this prospectus for further information.

Earnings from discontinued operations, net. In July and August of 2012, we sold or closed 7 of the 8 theatres located in Canada and sold one theatre with 12 screens in the UK. In addition, on December 29, 2008, we sold our operations in Mexico, including 44 theatres and 493 screens. The results of operations of the 7 Canada theatres, the one UK theatre and the Cinemex theatres have been classified as discontinued operations for all periods presented. Gains, net of lease termination expense, on the sales and closure of these theatres of approximately \$39.0 million are included in discontinued operations and reflect the write off of long-term lease liabilities extinguished in connection with the sales and closure. See Note 4—Discontinued Operations of the Notes to the audited Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this prospectus for further information.

Net earnings (loss). Net earnings (loss) were \$57.9 million and (\$92.6 million) for the Pro Forma Transition Period and thirty-nine weeks ended December, 29, 2011, respectively. Net earnings during the Pro Forma Transition Period were positively impacted by the gains, net of lease termination expense recorded on the disposition of the Canada and UK theatres recorded in discontinued operations, lower interest expense and investment expense as well as the improvement in admissions and concessions revenues during the Transition Period from the thirty-nine weeks ended December 29, 2011 due to the success of our food and beverage strategic initiatives, the timing of rewards accumulated and redeemed related to AMC Stubs and the additional four days included in the Pro Forma Transition Period.

Results of Operations for the Fiscal Years Ended March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

Revenues. Total revenues increased 6.7%, or \$159.4 million, during the year ended March 29, 2012 compared to the year ended March 31, 2011. The increase in total revenues included \$48.1 million resulting from the acquisition of Kerasotes. (Fiscal 2012 reflects 52 weeks of operations of Kerasotes compared with 44 weeks in fiscal 2011.) Admissions revenues increased \$76.5 million, during the fifty-two weeks ended March 29, 2012 compared to the year ended March 31, 2011, primarily due to a 2.9% increase in attendance and a 1.7% increase in average ticket price. The increase in total admissions revenues included the additional attendance and admissions revenues resulting from the acquisition of Kerasotes of approximately \$32.1 million. Total admissions revenues were reduced by deferrals, net of rewards redeemed, of \$5.9 million during the year ended March 29, 2012, related to rewards accumulated under AMC Stubs. The rewards accumulated under AMC Stubs are deferred and recognized in future periods upon redemption or expiration of customer rewards. The increase in average ticket price was primarily due to an increase in ticket prices for standard 2D film. Admissions revenues at comparable theatres (theatres opened on or before fiscal 2011 and before giving effect to the net deferral of admissions revenues due to the new AMC Stubs customer frequency program) increased \$63.1 million, during the year ended March 29, 2012 from the comparable period last year, primarily due to an increase in attendance and an increase in average ticket prices. Food and beverage revenues increased 6.9%, or \$44.7 million, during the year ended March 29, 2012 compared to the year ended March 31, 2011, due to a 3.8% increase in average food and beverage per patron and the increase in attendance, partially offset by the net deferral of food and beverage revenues due to the new AMC Stubs customer frequency program. The increase in food and beverage revenues included approximately \$15.4 million resulting from the acquisition of Kerasotes. The increase in food and beverage per patron includes the impact of food and beverage price and size increases placed in effect during the second and third quarters of fiscal 2011, and a shift in product mix to higher priced items, including our dine-in theatres and premium food and beverage products. Total food and beverage revenues were reduced by a net amount of \$14.4 million during the year ended March 29, 2012, related to rewards accumulated under AMC Stubs and deferred to be recognized in future periods upon redemption or expiration of customer rewards. Other theatre revenues increased 52.7%, or \$38.3 million, during the year ended March 29, 2012 compared to the year ended March 31, 2011, primarily due to a change in accounting for gift card breakage of \$15.0 million (see Note 1—The Company and Significant Accounting Policies of the Notes to the audited Consolidated Financial

Statements included elsewhere in this prospectus for further information), increases in membership fees earned through the AMC Stubs customer frequency program of \$14.6 million, advertising revenues, and breakage income from gift card and package ticket sales.

Operating costs and expenses. Operating costs and expenses increased 1.6%, or \$37.7 million, during the year ended March 29, 2012 compared to the year ended March 31, 2011. The increase in operating costs and expenses included approximately \$36.1 million resulting from the acquisition of Kerasotes. Film exhibition costs increased 6.5%, or \$55.6 million, during the year ended March 29, 2012 compared to the year ended March 31, 2011 primarily due the increase in admissions revenues and the increase in film exhibition costs as a percentage of admissions revenues, film exhibition costs were 53.2% in the current period and 52.3% in the prior period. Film exhibition costs as a percentage of admissions revenues increased primarily due to the net deferral of admissions revenues of \$5.9 million during the year ended March 29, 2012, related to the new AMC Stubs customer frequency program. Food and beverage costs increased 17.3%, or \$13.8 million, during the year ended March 29, 2012 compared to the year ended March 31, 2011 due the increase in food and beverage costs as a percentage of food and beverage revenues and the increase food and beverage revenues. As a percentage of food and beverage revenues and the increase food and beverage revenues. As a percentage of food and beverage revenues of \$14.4 million during the year ended March 29, 2012, related to the new AMC Stubs customer frequency program. As a percentage of revenues, operating expense was 27.6% in the current period as compared to 29.3% in the prior period. During the year ended March 31, 2011, we evaluated excess capacity and vacant and under-utilized retail space throughout our theatre circuit and recorded charges to theatre and other closure expense of \$60.8 million, which caused our operating expense to increase. See Note 15—Theatre and Other Closure and Disposition of Assets of the Notes to the audited Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this prospectus for further information. Gains were recorded on disposition of Assets during the y

General and Administrative Expense:

Merger, acquisition and transaction costs. Merger, acquisition and transaction costs decreased \$12.9 million during the year ended March 29, 2012 compared to the year ended March 31, 2011. Prior year costs primarily consisted of costs related to the acquisition of Kerasotes.

Management fees. Management fees were unchanged during the year ended March 29, 2012. Management fees of \$1.3 million are paid quarterly, in advance, to the Former Sponsors in exchange for consulting and other services.

Other. Other general and administrative expense decreased 11.5%, or \$6.7 million, during the year ended March 29, 2012 compared to the year ended March 31, 2011, due primarily to decreases related to a union-sponsored pension plan, professional and consulting expenses, and advertising expenses, partially offset by increases in incentive compensation expense related to improvements in operating performance. During the year ended March 31, 2011, we recorded \$3.0 million of expense related to our complete withdrawal from a union-sponsored pension plan.

Depreciation and amortization. Depreciation and amortization was essentially unchanged during the year ended March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011, respectively.

Other expense. During the year ended March 29, 2012, other expense includes loss on extinguishment related to redemption of our Term Loan due 2013 of \$383,000 and Parent Term Loan due 2012 of \$510,000 and a loss of \$640,000 in connection with the cash tender offer and redemption of our Notes due 2014. During the year ended March 31, 2011, other expense includes a loss on extinguishment of indebtedness related to the redemption of our Notes due 2016 of \$24.3 million and our 12% Senior Discount Notes due 2014 of \$14.8 million and expense related to the modification of our former senior secured credit facility Term Loan due 2013 of \$3.3 million and of our former senior secured credit facility Revolver of \$367,000.

Interest expense. Interest expense decreased 3.0%, or \$5.5 million, during the year ended March 29, 2012 compared to the year ended March 31, 2011, primarily due to the extinguishment and the related interest expense of our Parent Term Loan due 2012, our Discount Notes due 2014, and our Notes due 2016 redeemed with payments made on December 15, 2010 and February 1, 2011, partially offset by increases in indebtedness and the related interest expense due to the \$600.0 million issuance of our Notes due 2020 on December 15, 2010 and the increases in interest expense related to the modification of our former senior secured credit facility on December 15, 2010. The issuance of our \$300.0 million Term Loan due 2018 on February 22, 2012, the redemption of our \$140.7 million Term Loan due 2013 on February 22, 2012 and the purchase and redemptions of \$58.1 million of our Notes due 2014 on February 22, 2012, \$50.9 million of our Notes due 2014 on March 7, 2012 and \$51.0 million of our Notes due 2014 on April 6, 2012 did not significantly impact interest expense during the fiscal year ended March 29, 2012.

Equity in earnings of non-consolidated entities. Equity in earnings of non-consolidated entities were \$12.6 million in the current period compared to equity in earnings of \$17.2 million in the prior period. The decrease in equity in earnings of non-consolidated entities was primarily due to the equity in losses related to our investment in Open Road Releasing, LLC of \$14.7 million, due primarily to advertising expenses related to current and upcoming film releases and also the decrease in earnings and distributions received from NCM, partially offset by a decrease in equity in losses related to our investments in DCIP and Midland Empire Partners, LLC. We recognized an impairment loss of \$8.8 million related to an equity method investment through Midland Empire Partners, LLC during the year ended March 31, 2011. See Note 7—Investments of the Notes to the audited Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this prospectus for further information.

Gain on NCM transactions. The gain on NCM, Inc. shares of common stock sold during the year ended March 31, 2011 was \$64.6 million. We also recorded a loss of \$207,000 from the surrender of 1,479,638 ownership units in NCM as part of the 2010 Common Unit Adjustment. See Note 7—Investments of the Notes to the audited Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this prospectus for further information.

Investment (income) expense. Investment (income) expense was an expense of \$17.6 million for the year ended March 29, 2012 compared to income of \$484,000 for the year ended March 31, 2011. During the year ended March 29, 2012, we recognized an impairment loss of \$17.8 million related to unrealized losses previously recorded in accumulated other comprehensive loss on marketable securities related to our investment in RealD Inc. common stock when we determined the decline in fair value below historical cost to be other-than-temporary.

Income tax provision. The income tax provision from continuing operations was \$2.0 million for the year ended March 29, 2012 and \$2.0 million for the year ended March 31, 2011. See Note 11—Income Taxes of the Notes to the audited Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this prospectus for further information.

Earnings from discontinued operations, Net. On December 29, 2008, we sold our operations in Mexico, including 44 theatres and 493 screens. The results of operations of the Cinemex theatres have been classified as discontinued operations for all periods presented.

Net loss. Net loss was \$(94.1 million) and \$(174.3 million) for the year ended March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011, respectively. Net loss during the year ended March 29, 2012 was impacted by the reduced admissions and food and beverage revenues of \$20.4 million during the year ended March 29, 2012 related to the new AMC Stubs customer frequency program, the impairment charge of \$17.8 million on RealD Inc. common stock and the \$4.6 million decline in equity in earnings, partially offset by the increase in attendance. Net loss during the year ended March 31, 2011 was primarily due to theatre and other closure expense of \$60.8 million, loss on extinguishment and modification of indebtedness of \$42.8 million, impairment charges of \$21.6 million, increased merger and acquisition costs primarily due to the acquisition of Kerasotes, and the decrease in attendance, partially offset by the gain on NCM transactions of \$64.4 million and a gain on disposition of assets of approximately \$9.7 million.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Our consolidated revenues are primarily collected in cash, principally through box office admissions and theatre food and beverage sales. We have an operating "float" which partially finances our operations and which generally permits us to maintain a smaller amount of working capital capacity. This float exists because admissions revenues are received in cash, while exhibition costs (primarily film rentals) are ordinarily paid to distributors from 20 to 45 days following receipt of box office admissions revenues. Film distributors generally release the films which they anticipate will be the most successful during the summer and year-end holiday seasons. Consequently, we typically generate higher revenues during such periods.

We had working capital deficit as of June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 of \$262.3 million and \$235.8 million, respectively. Working capital includes \$142.2 million and \$171.1 million of deferred revenues and income as of June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively. We had working capital deficit as of March 29, 2012 of \$173.9 million and working capital surplus of \$74.1 million as of March 31, 2011. Working capital includes \$174.4 million and \$141.2 million of deferred revenue as of March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011, respectively. We have the ability to borrow against the senior secured credit facility to meet obligations as they come due (subject to limitations on the incurrence of indebtedness in our various debt instruments) and could incur indebtedness of \$138.5 million on the senior secured credit facility to meet these obligations as of June 30, 2013.

We believe that cash generated from operations and existing cash and equivalents will be sufficient to fund operations and planned capital expenditures and acquisitions currently and for at least the next 12 months and enable us to maintain compliance with covenants related to the senior secured credit facility, our Notes due 2019 and our Notes due 2020. We are considering various options with respect to the utilization of cash and equivalents on hand in excess of our anticipated operating needs. Such options might include, but are not limited to, acquisitions of theatres or theatre companies, retirement of our corporate borrowings and payment of dividends.

Cash Flows from Operating Activities

Cash flows provided by operating activities, as reflected in the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, were \$133.5 million and \$21.0 million during the six months ended June 30, 2013 and the twenty-six weeks ended June 28, 2012, respectively. The increase in cash flows provided by operating activities for the six months ended June 30, 2013 was primarily due to an the increase in net earnings and higher amounts of accounts payables associated with higher levels of business volume.

Cash flows provided by (used in) operating activities, as reflected in the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, were \$150.3 million, \$137.0 million, and \$(16.2 million) during the Transition Period and fiscal years ended March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011, respectively. The decrease in operating cash flows provided by operating activities during the Transition Period compared to the fiscal year ended March 29, 2012 was primarily due to the change in our fiscal year. The increase in cash flows provided by operating activities during the fiscal year ended March 29, 2012 was primarily due to the decrease in net loss and increase in attendance and also higher amounts of accounts payables and accrued expenses and other liabilities associated with higher levels of business volume.

Cash Flows from Investing Activities

Cash flows used in investing activities, as reflected in the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, were \$108.4 million and \$72.8 million, during the six months ended June 30, 2013 and the twenty-six weeks ended June 28, 2012, respectively. Cash outflows from investing activities include capital expenditures of \$104.7 million and \$73.3 million during the six months ended June 30, 2013 and the twenty-six weeks ended June 28, 2012, respectively. Our capital expenditures primarily consisted of maintaining our theatre circuit, technology upgrades, strategic growth initiatives and remodels. We expect that our gross cash outflows for capital expenditures will be approximately \$260.0 million to \$290.0 million for calendar 2013.

During the six months ended June 30, 2013, we received \$4.7 million for a sales price adjustment from the sale of theatres located in Canada and proceeds of \$200,000 related to other dispositions of long-term assets.

Cash used in investing activities, as reflected in the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows, were \$189.9 million, \$163.7 million, and \$250.0 million during the Transition Period and the fiscal years ended March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011, respectively. Cash outflows from investing activities include capital expenditures during the Transition Period and the fiscal years ended March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011 of \$112.9 million, \$139.4 million, and \$129.3 million, respectively.

During the Transition Period we paid \$87.6 million for the purchase of the Rave theatres, net of cash acquired. The purchase included working capital and other purchase price adjustments.

We made partnership investments in non-consolidated entities accounted for under the equity method of approximately \$26.9 million during the year ended March 29, 2012.

During the year ended March 31, 2011, we paid \$280.6 million for the purchase of Kerasotes theatres at closing, net of cash acquired. The purchase included working capital and other purchase price adjustments as described in the Unit Purchase Agreement.

During the year ended March 31, 2011, we received net proceeds of \$102.2 million from the sale of 6.7 million shares of common stock of NCM, Inc. for \$16.00 per share and reduced our related investment in NCM by \$37.6 million, the carrying amount of the shares sold.

We received \$57.4 million in cash proceeds from the sale of certain theatres required to be divested in connection with the Kerasotes acquisition during the year ended March 31, 2011 and received \$991,000 for the sale of real estate acquired from Kerasotes.

We have received an additional \$1.8 million of purchase price from Cinemex related to tax payments and refunds and a working capital calculation and post-closing adjustments during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2011.

We fund the costs of constructing, maintaining and remodeling new theatres through existing cash balances, cash generated from operations, capital contributions from Wanda or borrowed funds, as necessary. We generally lease our theatres pursuant to long-term non-cancelable operating leases which may require the developer, who owns the property, to reimburse us for the construction costs. We may

decide to own the real estate assets of new theatres and, following construction, sell and leaseback the real estate assets pursuant to long-term non-cancelable operating leases,

Cash Flows from Financing Activities

Cash flows used in financing activities, as reflected in the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows, were \$21.8 million and \$179.7 million during the six months ended June 30, 2013 and the twenty-six weeks ended June 28, 2012, respectively. Financing activities for the current period consist of payments related to construction payables and Term Loan and capital and financial lease obligations.

On April 30, 2013, AMCE entered into a new \$925.0 million senior secured credit facility pursuant to which it borrowed the Term Loan due 2020, and used the proceeds to fund the redemption of both the former senior secured credit facility Term Loan due 2016 and the former senior secured credit facility Term Loan due 2018. The new senior secured credit facility is comprised of a \$150.0 million Revolving Credit Facility, which matures in 2018, and a \$775.0 million term loan, which matures in 2020. Proceeds from the issuance of Term Loan due 2020 were \$773.0 million and deferred financing costs paid related to the issuance of the new senior secured credit facility were \$7.9 million, during the six months ended June 30, 2013. We repurchased the principal balance on both our Term Loan due 2016 of \$464.1 million and our Term Loan due 2018 of \$296.3 million during the six months ended June 30, 2013. See Note 12—Corporate Borrowings of the Notes to the unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this prospectus for further information.

During the twenty-six weeks ended June 28, 2012, proceeds from the issuance of Term Loan due 2018 were \$297.0 million and deferred financing costs paid related to the issuance of the Term Loan due 2018 were \$5.3 million. We repaid the remaining principal balance due on our Term Loan due 2013 of \$140.7 million and made payments to repurchase our Notes due 2014 of \$160.0 million during the twenty-six weeks ended June 28, 2012.

Cash flows provided by (used in) financing activities, as reflected in the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows, were \$(104.7) million, \$(113.7) million, and \$73.1 million during the Transition Period and the fiscal years ended March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011, respectively.

During the Transition Period, we made principal payments of \$191.0 million related to our Notes due 2014. During the Transition Period, we received \$100.0 million in additional capital contributions from Wanda subsequent to the Merger.

During the year ended March 29, 2012, proceeds from the issuance of Term Loans due 2018 were \$297.0 million and deferred financing costs paid related to the issuance of the Term Loans due 2018 were \$5.2 million.

During the year ended March 29, 2012, we redeemed the Parent Term Loan due 2012 of approximately \$159.4 million, repaid the remaining principal balance due on our Term Loans due 2013 of \$140.7 million and made payments to repurchase our Notes due 2014 of \$109.0 million.

Proceeds from the issuance of the Notes due 2020 were \$600.0 million and deferred financing costs paid related to the issuance of the Notes due 2020 were \$12.7 million during the year ended March 31, 2011. In addition, deferred financing costs paid related to the senior secured credit facility were \$1.9 million.

During the year ended March 31, 2011, AMCE made principal payments of \$325.0 million to repurchase its Notes due 2016. In addition, AMCE made payments for tender offer and consent consideration of \$5.8 million for its Notes due 2016. During the year ended March 31, 2011, we made payments of \$240.8 million to redeem our Discount Notes due 2014, of which \$169.9 million was classified as a financing activity and \$70.9 million was classified as operating activity because it was

attributable to amounts historically accrued through interest expense as part of operating activities related to original issue discount.

During fiscal 2012, AMCE used cash on hand to make dividend distributions to Parent in an aggregate amount of \$109.6 million. Parent used the available funds to pay corporate overhead expenses incurred in the ordinary course of business and, on January 25, 2012, to redeem its Term Loan Facility due June 2012, plus accrued and unpaid interest. During fiscal 2011, AMCE used cash on hand to pay four dividend distributions to Parent in an aggregate amount of \$278.3 million. Parent used the available funds to make cash payments to extinguish the Discount Notes due 2014 and the related cash interest payments and to pay corporate overhead expenses incurred in the ordinary course of business and to pay a dividend to Parent.

Each indenture relating to our notes (Notes due 2019 and Notes due 2020) allows us to incur specified permitted indebtedness (as defined therein) without restriction. Each indenture also allows us to incur any amount of additional debt as long as we can satisfy the coverage ratio of each indenture, after giving effect to the event on a pro forma basis. Under the indenture for the Notes due 2019 (our more restrictive indenture), we could borrow approximately \$1,112.9 million (assuming an interest rate of 8.00% per annum on the additional indebtedness) in addition to specified permitted indebtedness at June 30, 2013. If we cannot satisfy the coverage ratios of the indentures, generally we can borrow an additional amount under the new senior secured credit facility.

As of June 30, 2013, we were in compliance with all financial covenants relating to the senior secured credit facility, the Notes due 2019, and the Notes due 2020.

Contractual Obligations

Pro Forma. Minimum annual cash payments required under existing capital and financing lease obligations, maturities of corporate borrowings, future minimum rental payments under existing operating leases, furniture, fixtures, and equipment and leasehold purchase provisions, and pension funding that have initial or remaining non-cancelable terms in excess of one year as of December 31, 2012 on a pro forma basis to give effect to the Term Loan due 2020 as if it were consummated on December 31, 2012 are as follows:

(In thousands) Calendar Year	Capit Fina Le	mum al and ncing ase nents	A	Principal Amount of Corporate rrowings(1)	Interest Payments on Corporate orrowings(2)	Minimum Operating Lease Payments	2	Acquisitions and Capital Related etterments(3)	ension	Pro Forma Total ommitments
2013	\$ 1	6,750	\$	7,750	\$ 138,023	\$ 397,631	\$	40,303	\$ 2,469	\$ 602,926
2014	1	6,839		7,750	137,752	408,209		_	_	570,550
2015	1	6,972		7,750	137,481	399,584		_	_	561,787
2016	1	6,983		7,750	137,210	382,745		_	_	544,688
2017	1	6,998		7,750	136,938	361,082		_	_	522,768
Thereafter	11	3,860		1,936,250	308,841	1,661,501		_	_	4,020,452
Total	\$ 19	98,402	\$	1,975,000	\$ 996,245	\$ 3,610,752	\$	40,303	\$ 2,469	\$ 6,823,171

- (1) For pro forma purposes, the financing for the Term Loan due 2020 was assumed to have been consummated as of December 31, 2012. Amounts represent the cash requirements for the payment of principal on corporate borrowings. Total amount does not equal carrying amount due to unamortized premiums and discounts.
- (2) Interest expense on the Term Loan due 2020 was estimated at 3.50% based upon the interest rate in effect as of June 30, 2013.

- (3) Includes committed capital expenditures, investments, and betterments to our circuit. Does not include planned, but non-committed capital expenditures.
- (4) We fund our pension plan such that the plan is in compliance with the Employee Retirement Income Security Act ("ERISA") and the plan is not considered "at risk" as defined by ERISA guidelines. The plan has been frozen effective December 31, 2006. The retiree health plan is not funded.

Historical. Minimum annual cash payments required under existing capital and financing lease obligations, maturities of corporate borrowings, future minimum rental payments under existing operating leases, furniture, fixtures, and equipment and leasehold purchase provisions, and pension funding that have initial or remaining non-cancelable terms in excess of one year as of December 31, 2012 are as follows:

(In thousands) Fiscal Year	Minimum Capital and Financing Lease Payments	Principal Amount of Corporate Borrowings(1)	Interest Payments on Corporate Borrowings(2)	Minimum Operating Lease Payments	Capital Related Betterments(3)	Pension Funding(4)	Total Commitments
2013	\$ 16,750	\$ 8,004	\$ 144,751	\$ 397,631	\$ 40,303	\$ 2,469	\$ 609,908
2014	16,839	8,004	144,396	408,209	_	_	577,448
2015	16,972	8,004	144,041	399,584	_	_	568,601
2016	16,983	453,328	142,895	382,745	_	_	995,951
2017	16,998	3,000	124,484	361,082	_	_	505,564
Thereafter	113,860	1,481,999	252,445	1,661,501	_	_	3,509,805
Total	\$ 198,402	\$ 1,962,339	\$ 953,012	\$ 3,610,752	\$ 40,303	\$ 2,469	\$ 6,767,277

- (1) Represents cash requirements for the payment of principal on corporate borrowings. Total amount does not equal carrying amount due to unamortized premiums.
- (2) Interest expense on the term loan portion of our senior secured credit facility was estimated at 4.25% for the Term Loan due 2016 and 4.75% for the Term Loan due 2018 based upon the interest rate in effect as of December 31, 2012.
- (3) Includes committed capital expenditures, investments, and betterments to our circuit. Does not include planned, but non-committed capital expenditures.
- (4) We fund our pension plan such that the plan is in compliance with ERISA and the plan is not considered "at risk" as defined by ERISA guidelines. The plan has been frozen effective December 31, 2006. The retiree health plan is not funded.

As discussed in Note 11—Income Taxes of the Notes to the audited Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this prospectus, we adopted accounting for uncertainty in income taxes per the guidance in ASC 740, Income Taxes, ("ASC 740"). As of December 31, 2012, our recorded obligation for unrecognized benefits is \$24.0 million. There are currently unrecognized tax benefits which we anticipate will be resolved in the next 12 months; however, we are unable at this time to estimate what the impact on our effective tax rate will be. Any amounts related to these items are not included in the table above.

Investment in NCM

We hold an investment of 15.52% in NCM accounted for following the equity method as of June 30, 2013. The fair market value of these units is approximately \$321.8 million as of June 30, 2013, based upon the closing price of NCM, Inc. common stock of \$16.89 per share. Because we have little tax basis in these units, the sale of all these units at June 30, 2013 would require us to report taxable

income of approximately \$445.8 million including distributions received from NCM LLC that were previously deferred. Our investment in NCM LLC is a source of liquidity for us and we expect that any sales we may make of NCM LLC units would be made in such a manner to most efficiently manage any related tax liability. We have available net operating loss carryforwards which could reduce any related tax liability.

Impact of Inflation

Historically, the principal impact of inflation and changing prices upon us has been to increase the costs of the construction of new theatres, the purchase of theatre equipment, rent and the utility and labor costs incurred in connection with continuing theatre operations. Film exhibition costs, our largest cost of operations, are customarily paid as a percentage of admissions revenues and hence, while the film exhibition costs may increase on an absolute basis, the percentage of admissions revenues represented by such expense is not directly affected by inflation. Except as set forth above, inflation and changing prices have not had a significant impact on our total revenues and results of operations.

New Accounting Pronouncements

See Note 1—The Company and Significant Accounting Policies of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this prospectus for information regarding recently issued accounting standards.

Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

We are exposed to various market risks.

Market risk on variable-rate financial instruments. At June 30, 2013, AMCE maintained a senior secured credit facility comprised of a \$150.0 million revolving credit facility and a \$775.0 million Senior Secured Term Loan due 2020. The senior secured credit facility permits borrowings at a rate equal to an applicable margin plus, at our option, either a base rate or LIBOR, with a minimum base rate of 1.75% and a minimum rate for LIBOR borrowings of 0.75%. The rate in effect at June 30, 2013 for the outstanding Senior Secured Term Loan due 2020 was a LIBOR-based rate and was 3.50% per annum. See Note 12—Corporate Borrowings of the Notes to the unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this prospectus for additional information. Increases in market interest rates would cause interest expense to increase and earnings before income taxes to decrease. The change in interest expense and earnings before income taxes would be dependent upon the weighted average outstanding borrowings during the reporting period following an increase in market interest rates. AMCE had no borrowings on our revolving credit facility as of June 30, 2013 and had an aggregate principal balance of \$773.1 million outstanding under the Senior Secured Term Loan due 2020 on June 30, 2013. A 100 basis point change in market interest rates would have increased or decreased interest expense on the senior secured credit facility by \$3.9 million during the six months ended June 30, 2013 and \$5.9 million during the Transition Period ended December 31, 2012.

Market risk on fixed-rate financial instruments. Included in long-term corporate borrowings are principal amounts of \$600.0 million of our Notes due 2019 and \$600.0 million of our Notes due 2020. Increases in market interest rates would generally cause a decrease in the fair value of the Notes due 2019 and Notes due 2020 and a decrease in market interest rates would generally cause an increase in fair value of the Notes due 2019 and Notes due 2020.

BUSINESS

We are one of the world's largest theatrical exhibition companies and an industry leader in innovation and operational excellence. We introduced Multiplex theatres in the 1960s and the North American stadium-seated Megaplex theatre format in the 1990s. Our field operations teams win recognition from national organizations like the Motion Picture Association of America and local groups in "Best of" competitions, while maintaining greater than 50% top-box customer satisfaction and industry leading theatre productivity metrics.

As of June 30, 2013, we owned, operated or held interests in 343 theatres with a total of 4,937 screens primarily in North America. Our theatres are predominantly located in major metropolitan markets, which we believe give our circuit a unique profile and offer strategic and operational advantages. Our top five markets, in each of which we hold the #1 or #2 share position, are New York (42% share), Los Angeles (27%), Chicago (44%), Philadelphia (28%) and Dallas (28%). For the twelve months ended June 30, 2013, these five metro markets comprised 40% of our revenues and 38% of our attendance. Strategically, these markets and our theatres in them are diverse, operationally complex, and, in many cases, for established locations, the scarcity of new theatre opportunities creates a significant competitive advantage against newcomers or alternative entertainment options.

Across our entire circuit, approximately 200 million customers visited our theatres during calendar year 2012 and during the twelve months ended June 30, 2013. For the six months ended June 30, 2013, we had total revenues of approximately \$1.3 billion; Adjusted EBITDA of \$216.9 million, and earnings from continuing operations of \$41.1 million, and for the twelve months ended June 30, 2013, we generated total revenues of \$2.7 billion, Adjusted EBITDA of \$436.5 million and net income of \$82.8 million. According to publicly available information for our peers, during the calendar year ended December 31, 2012, our circuit led in revenues per head (\$13.56), average ticket price (\$9.04) and food and beverage per head (\$3.92). For the same period, our attendance per screen (41,900) and admissions gross profit per screen (\$179,000) were among the highest of our peers. In the last two years ended June 30, 2013, we have deployed a total of \$144.4 million in growth-oriented capital, including \$16.7 million contributed by landlords, into our circuit and infrastructure to help generate those results. We believe that it is the quality of our theatre locations and our customer-focused innovation that continue to drive improved productivity per location, return on investment and shareholder value.

We believe that our size, reputation, financial performance, history of innovation, strong major market presence and highly productive theatre circuit position us well for the future. A future where, after more than nine decades of business models driven by quantity of theatres, screens and seats, we believe the quality of the movie going experience will determine long term, sustainable success. We are improving the quality of the movie-going experience in ways that extend stay and capture a greater proportion of total movie-going spending in order to maximize the economic potential of each customer visit, create sustainable growth and deliver shareholder value.

Our intention is to capitalize on this pivot towards quality by leveraging our extensive experience in best-in-class theatre operations, combined with the next wave of innovations in movie-going. We plan to continue investing in our theatres and upgrading the consumer experience to take greater advantage of incremental revenue-generating opportunities, primarily through an array of improved and differentiated customer experiences in (1) comfort & convenience; (2) food & beverage; (3) engagement & loyalty; (4) sight & sound and (5) targeted programming.

For the six months ended June 30, 2013, the period August 31, 2012 through December 31, 2012, the period March 30, 2012 through August 30, 2012, and the fiscal years ended March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011, we generated revenues of approximately \$1.3 billion, \$0.8 billion, \$1.2 billion, \$2.5 billion, and \$2.4 billion, respectively, Adjusted EBITDA (as defined on page 18) of \$216.9 million, \$104.4 million, \$222.8 million, \$370.1 million, and \$315.8 million, respectively, and earnings (loss) from

 $continuing \ operations \ of \$41.4 \ million, \$(36.5) \ million, \$55.0 \ million, \$(90.5) \ million, and \$(171.2) \ million, respectively.$

The following table provides detail with respect to digital delivery, 3D enabled projection, large screen formats, such as IMAX and our proprietary ETX, and deployment of our enhanced food and beverage offerings as deployed throughout our circuit on June 30, 2013 and total planned deployments by December 31, 2013.

Format	Theatres	Screens	Planned Deployed Screens 2013
Format Digital	330	4,757	4,892
3D enabled	330	2,200	2,388
IMAX (3D enabled)	135	135	141
ETX (3D enabled)	15	15	17
Dine-in theatres	11	113	113
Premium seating	18	197	423

The following table provides detail with respect to the geographic location of our Theatrical Exhibition circuit as of June 30, 2013:

Theatrical Exhibition	Theatres(1)	Screens(1)
California	44	657
Illinois	39	478
Texas	21	393
Florida	21	380
New Jersey	21	280
New York	24	259
Indiana	21	258
Michigan	9	178
Georgia	11	167
Colorado	12	166
Arizona	9	154
Washington	11	137
Pennsylvania	10	126
Ohio	8	120
Missouri	9	119
Massachusetts	8	119
Maryland	10	113
Virginia	7	113
Louisiana	7	99
Minnesota	6	90
North Carolina	4	77
Oklahoma	4	65
Wisconsin	4	63
Kansas	2	48
Nebraska	2	38
Connecticut	2	36
Iowa	2	31
District of Columbia	4	31
Nevada	2	28
Kentucky	1	20
Alabama	1	16
Arkansas	1	16
South Carolina	1	14
Utah	1	6
Canada	1	13
China (Hong Kong)(2)	2	13
United Kingdom	1	16
Total Theatrical Exhibition	343	4,937
Total Theatreat Exhibition		7,937

⁽¹⁾ Included in the above table are 7 theatres and 90 screens that we manage or in which we have a partial interest. We manage 3 theatres where we receive a fee from the owner and where we do not own any economic interest in the theatre. We manage and own 50% economic interests in 2 theatres accounted for following the equity method and own a 50% economic interest in 1 IMAX screen accounted for following the equity method.

⁽²⁾ In Hong Kong, we maintain a partial interest represented by a license agreement for use of our trademark.

We were founded in 1920 and since then have pioneered many of the theatrical exhibition industry's most important innovations, including the multiplex theatre format in the early 1960s and the North American megaplex theatre format in the mid-1990s. In addition, we have acquired some of the most respected companies in the theatrical exhibition industry, including Loews, General Cinema and Kerasotes. In December 2012, we acquired a total of ten theatres from Rave Reviews Cinemas, LLC and Rave Digital Media, LLC. Our historic growth has been driven by a combination of organic growth and acquisition strategies, in addition to strategic alliances and partnerships that highlight our ability to capture innovation and value beyond the traditional exhibition space. For example:

- In March 2011, we announced the launch of an innovative distribution company called Open Road Films along with another major theatrical exhibition chain. Open Road Films is a dynamic acquisition-based domestic theatrical distribution company that concentrates on wide-release movies. Their first film, *Killer Elite*, was released in September 2011. Subsequent releases through June 30, 2013 include *The Grey*, *Silent House*, *Hit and Run*, *End of Watch*, *Silent Hill: Revelation*, *A Haunted House*, *Side Effects and the Host*;
- In October 2011, we entered into an agreement with Union Square Events (a division of Union Square Hospitality Group) to develop service concepts, menu offerings, recipes and throughput processes for our Enhanced Food and Beverage strategic initiative. In addition to expanding menu options, this collaborative arrangement conceived our emerging concept, DIT Express. DIT Express emphasizes freshness, speed and convenience. Customers place their orders at a central station and the order is delivered to our customer at their reserved seat. We believe DIT Express will become an important part of our food and beverage offerings.
- In March 2005, we formed a joint venture with one of the major theatrical exhibition chains which combined our respective cinema screen advertising businesses into a company called NCM and in July 2005, another of the major theatrical exhibition chains joined NCM as one of the founding members. As of June 30, 2013, we owned 19,052,770 common units in NCM, or a 15.52% ownership interest in NCM. All of our NCM membership units are redeemable for, at the option of NCM, cash or shares of common stock of NCM, Inc. on a share-for-share basis. The estimated fair market value of our units in NCM was approximately \$321.8 million based on the closing price per share of NCM, Inc. on June 28, 2013 of \$16.89 per share, see Note 7—Investments to the audited Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this prospectus. NCM operates an in-theatre digital network in the United States. The digital network consists of projectors used to display advertising and other non-film events. NCM's primary activities that impact our theatres include:
 - · advertising through its branded "First Look" pre-feature entertainment program, lobby promotions and displays,
 - · live and pre-recorded concerts, sporting events and other non-film entertainment programming.

We believe that the reach, scope and digital delivery capability of NCM's network provides an effective platform for national, regional and local advertisers to reach an engaged audience. We receive a monthly theatre access fee for participation in the NCM network. In addition, we are entitled to receive mandatory quarterly distributions of excess cash from NCM.

• We hold a 29% interest in DCIP, a joint venture charged with implementing digital cinema in the Company's theatres. During fiscal 2010, DCIP completed its formation and \$660.0 million funding to facilitate the financing and deployment of digital technology in our theatres. During March of 2011, DCIP completed additional financing of \$220.0 million, which has allowed us to substantially complete our planned digital deployments. Future digital cinema developments will be managed by DCIP, subject to certain approvals

Consistent with our history and culture of innovation, we believe we have pioneered a new way of thinking about theatrical exhibition: as a consumer entertainment provider. This vision, which introduces a strategic and marketing overlay to traditional theatrical exhibition, has been instrumental in driving and redirecting our future strategy.

The following table sets forth our historical information, on a continuing operations basis, concerning new builds (including expansions), acquisitions and dispositions and end-of-period operated theatres and screens through June 30, 2013:

	New Builds		Acquis	itions	Closures/Di	ispositions	Total Theatres	
	Number of	Number of	Number of	Number of	Number of	Number of	Number of	Number of
Fiscal Year	Theatres	Screens	Theatres	Screens	Theatres	Screens	Theatres	Screens
2007	7	107	2	32	26	243	311	4,524
2008	8	112	_	_	18	196	301	4,440
2009	6	83	_	_	8	77	299	4,446
2010	1	6	_	_	11	105	289	4,347
2011	4	55	95	960	36	400	352	4,962
2012	2	26	_	_	16	120	338	4,868
Transition period ended December 31, 2012	1	35	11	166	6	81	344	4,988
2013 through June 30, 2013	_	_	3	25	4	76	343	4,937
	29	424	111	1,183	125	1,298		

We have created and invested in a number of allied businesses and strategic initiatives that have created differentiated viewing formats and experiences, greater variety in food and beverage options and value appreciation for our company. We believe these initiatives will continue to generate incremental value for our company in the future. For example:

- To complement our deployment of digital technology, in 2006 we partnered with RealD to install their 3D enabled systems in our theatres. As of June 30, 2013, we had 2,185 RealD, 135 IMAX and 15 ETX 3D-enabled systems. During the six months ended June 30, 2013, 3D films licensed by us in the U.S. have generated approximately 40% greater admissions revenue per person than the standard 2D versions of the same film, or approximately \$3.47 additional revenue per ticket.
- We are the world's largest IMAX exhibitor with 135 screens (all 3D-enabled) as of June 30, 2013. With a 44% market share in the United States (as of June 30, 2013), our IMAX screen count is nearly twice the screen count of the second largest U.S. IMAX exhibitor. During June 2010, we announced an expansion of our IMAX relationship. Under this expanded agreement, we expect to increase our IMAX screen count to 141 by the end of calendar year 2013.
- During fiscal 2010, we introduced our proprietary large-screen digital format, ETX, and as of June 30, 2013 we operated at 15 locations. ETX features wall-to-wall screens that are 20% larger than traditional screens, a custom sound system that is three times more powerful than a traditional auditorium, and 3D-enabled digital projection with twice the clarity of high definition. We charge a premium price for the ETX experience, which for the six months ended June 30, 2013 produced approximately 61% greater admissions revenue than standard 2D versions of the same movie, or approximately \$5.26 additional revenue per ticket.
- Our tickets are currently on sale over the Internet at Fandang®. During calendar year 2012, our Internet ticketing services sold approximately 17.2 million tickets for us. We believe there is additional upside in our future Internet ticketing service alliances which would provide consumers with mobile ticketing applications and integration with our digital marketing programs.

Our Strategy: The Customer Experience Leader

Through most of its history, movie-going has been defined by product—the movies themselves. Yet, long term significant, sustainable changes in the economics of the business and attendance patterns have been driven by improvements to the movie-going experience, not the temporary ebb and flow of product. The introduction of Multi- and then Megaplexes, with their then-modern amenities and stadium seats, for example, changed the landscape of the industry.

We believe the industry is in the early stages of once again significantly upgrading the movie-going experience, and this shift towards quality presents opportunities to those who are positioned to capitalize on it. As is our custom, we intend to be a leader in this change, with consumer-focused innovations that improve productivity, maximize revenue-generation per customer visit and, in turn, drive, shareholder value.

Our strategic objective is then very straightforward: we intend to be the customer experience leader. We aim to maintain and increase our leadership position and competitive advantage through the following five tightly defined strategies:

1) More Comfort & Convenience—We believe that in an era of jam-packed, busy schedules and stressful lives, movie-going more than ever represents an easy, familiar escape. Against that reality, we believe that maximizing comfort and convenience for our customers will be increasingly necessary to maintain and improve customer relevance.

Three specific initiatives help us deliver more comfort and convenience to our customers. The most impactful so far, as measured by improved customer satisfaction, economic and financial metrics, is recliner re-seats. Along with these physical plant transformations, open-source internet ticketing and reserved seating help us shape and adapt our circuit to meet and exceed our customers' expectations.

Recliner re-seats are the key feature of full theatre renovations. These exhaustive theatre renovations involve stripping theatres to their basic structure in order to replace finishes throughout, upgrade the sight and sound experience, install modernized points of sale and, most importantly, replace traditional theatre seats with plush, electric recliners that allow customers to deploy a leg rest and fully recline—at the push of a button. The renovation process typically involves losing 64% seating capacity. In the process of doing a re-seat, where three rows of seats may have existed in the past, only one will exist now and as the recliners are typically six to ten inches wider than a conventional seat, more seats are lost. For an industry historically focused on quantity, this reduction in seating capacity could be viewed as counter-intuitive and harmful to revenues. However, the <u>quality</u> improvement in the customer experience is driving, on average, an 84% increase in attendance at these locations. Our customers have responded favorably to the significant personal space gains from ample row depths, ability to recline or stretch their legs, extra-wide pillowed chaise and oversized armrests. Starting with one 12-screen theatre a little over two years ago, as of August 2013 we now feature recliners re-seats in 25 theatres or 271 screens with another 8 theatres or 93 screens under construction. Cash-on-cash returns for the four locations opened prior to July 1, 2012 have averaged over 100%. We believe that approximately \(^{1}/4\) of our circuit's re-seat potential has been addressed, leaving us with over 1,500 addressable screens to go. Thus far, we have implemented only modest ticket pricing increases at these re-seated theatres, and we believe there is unrealized revenue potential at these theatres as we rebalance the supply-demand relationship created by added comfort from re-seats and our customers' willingness to pay for this improved experience. Over the next five years we intend to invest approximately

Rebalancing of the new supply-demand relationship created by recliner re-seats presents us two further opportunities to improve customer convenience and maximize operating results: open-source internet ticketing and reserved seating.

Open-source internet ticketing makes all our seats (almost 950,000) in all our theatres and auditoriums for all our showtimes (approximately 22,000 per day), as available as possible, on as many

websites as possible. This is a significant departure from the prior ten-year practice, when tickets to any one of our buildings were only available on one website. In the two years since we exercised our right to end exclusive contracts, internet tickets sold as a percentage of total tickets sold has increased significantly from approximately 5.5% to 8.5%. We believe increased online access is important because it captures customers' purchase intent more immediately and directly than if we had to wait until they showed up at the theatre box office to make a purchase. Once our customers buy a ticket, they are less likely to change their mind. Carefully monitoring internet pre-sales also lets us adjust capacity in real time, moving movies that are poised to overperform to larger capacity or more auditoriums, thereby maximizing yield.

<u>Reserved seating</u>, now fully implemented in 44 of our busiest theatres, allows our customers to choose a specific seat in advance of the movie. We believe that knowing there is a specifically chosen seat waiting for a show that promises to be a sellout is comforting to our customers, and removes anxiety around the experience. We believe reserved seating will become increasingly prevalent to the point of being a pre-requisite in the medium-term future.

We believe the comfort and personal space gains from recliner re-seats, coupled with the immediacy of demand captured from open-source internet ticketing and the anxiety removal of reserved seating make a powerful economic combination for us that none of our peer set is exploiting as aggressively as we are.

2) Enhanced Food & Beverage—Popcorn and soft drinks are as integral a part of the movie-going experience as the movies themselves. Yet, approximately one third of our 200 million annual customers do not purchase food or a beverage. At AMC, our food and beverage program is designed to address this opportunity. In order to increase the percentage of customers purchasing food and beverage as well as increase sales per patron, we have developed food and beverage concepts that expand selection and service offerings. These concepts range from the simple and traditional (Food & Beverage Kiosks), to a broader range of post-pay shopping (Marketplace and Marketplace Express) to liquor (MacGuffins) to the vastly innovative and complex (Dine-In Theatres). This array of concepts, progressively more innovative and capital intensive, creates further service and selection across a range of theatre types and attendance levels and allows us to satisfy more customers and more, different customer needs and generate additional revenues.

- The most broadly deployed concept is <u>Food & Beverage Kiosks</u>, which supplements the traditional menu with made-to-order hot foods (i.e. chicken fingers, mozzarella sticks, single serve pizzas), made-to-order beverages (espresso drinks, smoothies), better-for-you products and an expanded range of candies and frozen novelty treats. <u>Food & Beverage Kiosks</u> capitalizes on food and beverage trends our customers have adopted in other quick-eat venues. To date, we have implemented 80 <u>Food & Beverage Kiosks</u> where we enjoy average, incremental food & beverage per head (CPH) of \$0.04 and cash-on-cash returns for the 58 locations deployed prior to July 1, 2012 have averaged approximately 37%.
- At the next level, and designed for higher volume theatres, <u>Marketplace</u> vastly expands menu offerings as well as delivers a more customer engaging, post-pay shopping experience. Today we operate these flexible, highly popular concepts across a wide range of asset types and attendance levels. In addition to the expanded offerings found in *Food & Beverage Kiosks*, <u>Marketplaces</u> also feature grab-and-go and self-serve food and beverages, including Coke Freestyle®, which puts our customers in charge with over 120 drink flavor options in a compact footprint. AMC's operational excellence and history of innovation allowed us first-mover advantage on this new technology, which today is deployed in 47 of our theatres and we anticipate will be in all of our circuit by mid-2015. We find that when customers are allowed to browse and choose, overall satisfaction goes up and they spend more. Our CPH metrics improve on average \$0.12 when a <u>Marketplace</u> is added to a theatre. We now operate 14 <u>Marketplaces</u> with plans to install as many as 25 more, as our next generation food & beverage format.

- Deployed alone or alongside our other food and beverage concepts are our <u>MacGuffins Bar & Lounges</u>, which give us a fresh opportunity to engage our over-21 customers. We believe that few innovations have won over the adult movie goer more decisively than our full service bars featuring premium beers, wines and liquors. Extremely versatile in design with a significant impact on theatre economics, <u>MacGuffins</u> are our fastest growing idea in the enhanced food and beverage space. In the last 30 months we have deployed 44 <u>MacGuffins</u>, and with their impressive average, incremental CPH of \$0.30, we are moving quickly to install an additional 25 within twelve months and believe the concept will be successful in an additional 75-100 theatres thereafter, especially when we consider our recent success with alcohol licensing in California and the potential to enter the New York market in 2014. The capital investment for a standalone <u>MacGuffins</u> is approximately \$150,000. <u>MacGuffins</u> have delivered average cash-on-cash returns for the twelve locations deployed prior to July 1, 2012 of over 100%. Due to our success in operating <u>MacGuffins</u>, we believe we can leverage our substantial experience when it comes to permitting, installing and commissioning these improvements.
- At the top of the scale are our <u>Dine-In Theatres</u>. Dine-In Theatres are full restaurant operations, giving our customers the ultimate dinner-and-a-movie experience all at a single seat. Compressing by almost half what would otherwise be a four or five hour, multi-destination experience, young people and adults alike are afforded a huge convenience, which puts the idea of going to a movie much more in play. We currently operate 11 Dine-In Theatres in any combination of two formats: Cinema Suites, with a full chef-inspired menu and seat-side service in plush, mechanical recliners and Fork and Screens, with a casual menu in a more family-friendly atmosphere. Cash-on-cash returns for the eight locations deployed prior to July 1, 2012 averaged 11% in their first full year of operations. At our seven locations that were open prior to July 1, 2011, cash-on-cash returns grew to 34% in the second full year of operations as consumer awareness increased. These increases in cash-on-cash returns were driven primarily by an increase in CPH of \$6.15. Today, Dine-In Theatres represent 3% of our total theatres but generated 10% of our circuit-wide food and beverage revenues. We expect that Dine-In Theatres and recliner re-seats will be deployed in approximately 17% of our theatres by the end of 2013. We plan to open 20 more Dine-In Theatres in the next 5 years.

Building on the success of our full-service *Dine-In Theatres*, we are under construction at two locations with an emerging concept, <u>DIT Express</u>. <u>DIT Express</u> emphasizes freshness, speed and convenience. Customers place their orders at a central station and the order is delivered to our customers at their reserved seat. <u>DIT Express</u> was developed in conjunction with Union Square Events (a division of Union Square Hospitality Group). Like our other food and beverage concepts, we believe that <u>DIT Express</u> will become an important part of our toolkit.

In this most important area of profitability for any exhibition circuit, we believe that our ability to innovate concepts, adapt those concepts to specific buildings and generate incremental revenue differentiates us from our peers and provides us with a competitive advantage. This is in part due to our core geographic markets' larger, more diverse and more affluent customer base; in part due to our management team's demonstrated and extensive experience in food, beverages and hospitality; and in part due to our three-plus year head start in this difficult to execute space.

We believe significant financial opportunities exist as we have a substantial pipeline of investments to take advantage of incremental attendance-generating and revenue-generating prospects by deploying building-by-building solutions from a proprietary menu of proven, customer-approved food and beverage concepts. To date, although most of our buildings have had at least one of the above eight concepts installed, less than ¹/4th of our screens have been benefitted from the much higher yielding Marketplaces, MacGuffins and Dine-In Theatres.

3) Greater Engagement & Loyalty—We believe that in the theatrical exhibition business, as in all consumer-oriented businesses, engagement and loyalty are the hallmarks of winning organizations.

Our brand is the most recognizable in the business, with over 80% awareness in the United States according to an Ipsos Omnibus survey completed July 2013—far above any competitor. We build on that strength by seeking engagement and loyalty from our customers in four measurable, specific and inter-related ways. At the top of the pyramid is AMC Stubs®, the industry's most sophisticated loyalty program. At the base of the pyramid are our mobile apps, website (www.amctheatres.com) and social media outreach, which combined seek to drive engagement to levels unprecedented in the movie exhibition industry. We believe there is incremental attendance potential to be gained from avid movie-goers who generate a disproportionate share of industry revenues and who state that the quality of the movie-going experience directly influences their movie-going habits.

- <u>AMC Stubs®</u> is the industry's first program of its kind. Fee-based (consumers pay \$12/year to belong), it rewards loyalists with in-theatre value (\$10 for every \$100 spent) instead of hard to track "points". The program is fully automated and user-friendly from a customer perspective. As of August 2013 we had 2.3 million member households, which represent approximately 20% of our total weekly box office revenues. Transaction data from this loyal customer base are mined for consumer insights that are used to develop targeted, relevant customer offers, leading to increased attendance and sales. The program increases switching costs (the negative monetary (annual fee) and psychological (lost reward potential) costs associated with choosing a competitive theatre exhibitor) especially for those patrons located near competitors' theatres. We believe that increased switching costs dissuade customers from choosing a competitor's theatre and lead to higher loyalty.
- Our www.amctheatres.com state-of-the-art website, leverages adaptive technology that optimizes the users' experience regardless of platform (phone, tablet, laptop, etc.) and has nearly 9 million visits per month, with peak months over 12 million, generating up to almost 300 million page visits per year. The website generates ticket sales and higher conversion rates by simplifying customers' purchasing decision and process.
- The <u>AMC mobile apps</u>, available for iOS, Android and Windows devices have been downloaded nearly 1.75 million times since launch, generating almost a half million sessions per week. This convenient way to purchase tickets also features *Enhanced Maps*, which allows customers to browse for their nearest AMC theatre or favorite AMC theatre amenity, and My AMC, which allows customers to generate a personalized movie queue of coming releases.
- On the <u>social media</u> front, our Facebook 'Likes', recently at 4 million and growing, are more than all our peer competitors counts combined. We are similarly engaged on Twitter (almost 200,000 followers), Pinterest, Instagram and YouTube. Our participation in these social networks keeps movie-going top of mind and allows targeted campaigns and offers with clear 'calls to action' that generate incremental attendance and incremental revenues per patron.

The competitive advantage in greater customer engagement and loyalty includes the ability to use market intelligence to better anticipate customers' needs and desires and to capture incremental share of entertainment dollars and time. Observing actual (not self-reported or aspirational) behaviors through AMC Stubs® is an asset leveraged by AMC, its suppliers and partners.

4) Premium Sight & Sound—At its core, our business is a visual and aural medium. The quality of projection and sound is therefore mission critical, and has improved significantly with the advent of digital systems. Today, our conversion to these digital systems is substantially complete and 4,757 or 96% of our screens employ state-of-the-art Sony 4K or similar digital projectors. Importantly, the digital conversions enabled <u>3D exhibition</u>, and today 2,358 screens (48% of total) are so enabled. We have at least one 3D enabled screen in 97% of our locations.

In sight and sound, we believe that size is critical in our customers' decision-making. Consistent with this belief, we are the world's largest<u>/MAX</u> exhibitor, with 135 screens, all 3D-enabled, with nearly twice the screen count of our closest competitor and representing a 44% market share in the United States (as of June 30, 2013). In addition, we currently have our own private label large format, marketed as <u>ETX</u>, in 15 locations (also all 3D enabled). Combined, these 150 screens represent only 3% of our total screens, yet on the weekends when big movies open, as much as 19% of our box office flows from them.

The premium sight and sound experiences—3D, ETX and IMAX—give our customers more options and earn incremental pricing from our customers. On average, pricing premiums currently amount to \$4.19 per patron, driving better economics for us and the Hollywood studios while also delivering our audience a superior experience. For context, box office gross profit for patron on premium formats averages 19% more than gross profit per patron for conventional 2D formats. We anticipate increasing our premium large-format screen count by 34 screens.

Further, we do not expect technology advances to cease. Sound quality, for example, continues to improve, as our recent tests of Dolby ATMOS demonstrate (AMC theatres were among the very few selected for pilot tests). And, laser projection technology, the next level in clarity, brightness and sharpness, is evolving as well. While all of these will require some level of capital investments, the promise of strong customer relevance is significant.

5) Targeted Programming—The core of our business, historically and now, is Hollywood movies. We play all varieties, from adrenaline-filled action movies to heart-warming family films, laugh out loud comedies and terrifying horror flicks. We play them in 2D, 3D, IMAX, ETX and even closed captioned and sometimes with subtitles. If a movie is commercially available, it is likely to be playing at an AMC theatre today or tonight, because we schedule shows in the morning, afternoon and even at midnight or later, just to make sure it is convenient for our customers.

Increasingly, we are playing movies and other content originating from more sources. We believe that as diversity grows in the United States, the ability to adapt and target programming for a fragmented audience will grow increasingly critical. We believe this is something we already do very well. As measured by an Insight Strategy Group survey conducted November 2011, approximately 51% of our audience was Latino or African American. Latino families are Hollywood's, and our, best customers. They go to the movies 6.4x per year (56% more than average), and 65% of Latinos live within 20 miles of an AMC theatre. For movies targeted at these diverse audiences, we frequently experience attendance levels greater than our average, national market share. For example, AMC recently captured 28% market share of the 2013 Spanish-titled movie *Instructions Not Included*. Tyler Perry's latest three films, which are targeted towards African American audiences, have produced industry box office of over \$125 million and an average market share for AMC of over 23% during the twelve months ended June 30, 2013. Additionally, during the twelve months ended June 30, 2013, we exhibited 89 Bollywood movies capturing an above average 28% market share and generating over \$10 million in box office revenues. Given the population growth patterns from the last US census, we believe that our ability to effectively serve these communities will help strengthen our competitive position.

Through AMC Independent, we have also reached into the independent (or "indie") production and distribution community. Growing quickly, from its inception three years ago, we played 467 films during the twelve months ended June 30, 2013 from this very creative community.

Open Road, our joint venture with another major exhibitor, is similarly an effort to grow our sources of content and provide access to our screens for content that may not otherwise find its way there.

We believe AMC is a vital exhibitor for Hollywood studios and for independent distributors because we generate more box office revenue per theatre and provide stronger in-theatre and online promotional exposure for movies. Theatres are a content owner's highest quality revenue stream because every customer pays every time they watch the content. Among all theatres, AMC's venues are the most valuable to content owners. Due to the studios' fixed distribution cost per licensed film, their product is never more productive than at an AMC theatre. When our scale and Wanda's growth are taken into account, AMC is the most efficient and effective partner a content owner has.

Our Competitive Strengths

We believe we have the following competitive strengths:

Leading Market Share in Important, Affluent & Diverse Markets—Across the country's three biggest metropolitan markets—New York, Los Angeles and Chicago, representing 20% of the country's total box office—we hold a 36% combined market share. On any given weekend, half of the top ten theatres for the #1 opening movie title in the United States are AMC theatres. We believe our strong presence in these top markets makes our theatres highly visible and therefore strategically more important to content providers, who rely on the large audiences and marketing momentum provided by major markets to drive opinion-making and deliver a movie's overall box office results.

Our customers are concentrated in major metropolitan markets and are generally more affluent and culturally diverse than those in smaller markets. There are inherent complexities in effectively and efficiently serving them. In some of our more densely populated major metropolitan markets, there is also a scarcity of attractive retail real estate opportunities. Taken together, these factors solidify our market share position. Further, our history and strong presence in these markets have created a greater opportunity to introduce our enhanced customer experience concepts and exhibit a broad array of programming and premium formats, all of which we believe drive higher levels of attendance and higher revenues at our theatres.

Well Located, Highly Productive Theatres—Our theatres are generally located in the top retail centers across the United States. We believe this provides for long-term visability and higher productivity, and is a key element in the success of our Enhanced Food & Beverage and Comfort & Convenience initiatives. Our location strategy, combined with our strong major market presence and our focus on a superior customer experience, enable us to deliver industry-leading theatre-level productivity. During the twelve months ended June 30, 2013, eight of the ten highest grossing theatres in the United States were AMC theatres. During the same period our average total revenues per theatre were \$7.8 million. This per unit productivity is important not only to content providers, but also to developers and landlords, for whom per location and per square foot sales numbers are critical measures. The net effect is a close relationship with the commercial real estate community, which gives us first-look and preferred tenant status on emerging opportunities.

Selectively Participating in a Consolidating Industry—Throughout the last two decades, AMC has been an active participant in our industry's consolidation. In that span, we have acquired and successfully integrated Loews, General Cinema, Kerasotes and more recently, select operations of Rave Digital Media and Rave Review Cinemas. We intend to remain an active participant in consolidation, and selectively pursue acquisitions where the characteristics of the location, overall market and facilities further enhance the quality of our theatre portfolio.

Additionally, our focus on improving the customer experience and our strong relationships with landlords and developers have provided opportunities to expand our footprint in existing markets by acquiring competitors' existing theatres at the end of their lease term at little or no cost. We believe that our Comfort & Convenience and Enhanced Food & Beverage concepts have high appeal to landlords wanting to increase traffic and sales in their retail centers. These "spot acquisitions" have given us the ability to bolster our presence in existing markets at relatively low cost and more quickly (weeks, months) as compared to new builds (months, years).

Substantial Operating Cash Flow—For the six months ended June 30, 2013, the period from August 31, 2012 to December 31, 2012, the period from March 30, 2012 through August 30, 2012 and the fiscal year ended March 29, 2012 our net cash provided by operating activities totaled \$133.5 million, \$73.9 million, \$76.4 million and \$137.0 million, respectively. We believe that our strategic initiatives, highly productive theatre circuit and continued focus on cost control will enable us to generate sufficient cash flow provided by operating activities to fund the deployment of capital to

execute our strategy to grow our revenues, maintain our facilities, service our indebtedness and pay dividends to our stockholders. We expect that our capital expenditures will be approximately \$245 million in each of the next three calendar years.

Experienced and Dynamic Team—Our senior management team, led by Gerardo (Gerry) Lopez, President and Chief Executive Officer, has the expertise that will be required to transform movie-going from a commodity to a differentiated entertainment experience. A dynamic and balanced team of executives combines long-tenured leaders in operations, real estate and finance who contributed to building AMC's hard earned reputation for operations excellence with creative entertainment and restaurant industry executives in marketing, programming and food & beverage who bring to AMC business acumen and experience that support innovation in theatrical exhibition.

We anticipate that, in connection with this offering we will enter into long term employment agreements with key members of management and implement a significant equity based compensation plan that will align management's interests with those of our shareholders.

In July 2013, AMC relocated its Theatre Support Center to a new, state-of-the-art facility in Leawood, Kansas. With a technology platform that provides for real-time monitoring of AMC screens across the country and a workplace conducive to collaboration and teamwork, AMC's management team has the organization well aligned with its strategy.

Furthermore, we believe that our people, the nearly 22,000 AMC associates, constitute an essential strength of our Company. They strive to make movie-going experiences at AMC always a treat. Our auditoriums offer clear and bright projection, our food is hot and our drinks are cold. Our doors, lobbies, hallways and bathrooms are clean and we select and train our people to make smiles happen. We create events and want our customers to always feel special at an AMC theatre. This is an experience delivered almost 200 million times a year.

Over the past three years together, this group has enhanced quality and increased variety at our food & beverage stands, introduced in-theatre dining options in many markets, revitalized 40 theatres, launched our industry-leading loyalty program, *AMC Stubs*, and achieved our Company's highest ever ratings for top-box overall customer satisfaction. We feel like this is only the beginning.

Key Strategic Shareholder—In August 2012, AMC was acquired by the Wanda Group ("Wanda"), one of the largest, privately-held conglomerates in China. In addition to its core business as a prominent developer and owner of commercial real estate, Wanda also owns related businesses in entertainment, hospitality and retail. Wanda is the largest theatre exhibition operator in China through its controlling ownership interest in Wanda Cinema Line. The combined ownership and scale of AMC and Wanda Cinema Line, has enabled us to enhance relationships and obtain better terms from important food & beverage, lighting and theatre supply vendors, and to expand our strategic partnership with IMAX. Wanda and AMC are also working together to offer Hollywood studios and other production companies valuable access to our industry-leading promotion and distribution platforms, with the goal of gaining greater access to content and playing a more important role in the industry going forward. Wanda is controlled by its chairman, Mr. Jianlin Wang.

Film Licensing

We predominantly license "first-run" motion pictures from distributors owned by major film production companies and from independent distributors. We license films on a film-by-film and theatre-by-theatre basis. We obtain these licenses based on several factors, including number of seats and screens available for a particular picture, revenue potential and the location and condition of our theatres. We pay rental fees on a negotiated basis.

During the period from 1990 to 2012, the annual number of first-run motion pictures released by distributors in the United States ranged from a low of 370 in 1995 to a high of 677 in 2012, according to the Motion Picture Association of America 2012 Theatrical Market Statistics and prior reports.

North American film distributors typically establish geographic film licensing zones and generally allocate available films to one theatre within each zone. Film zones generally encompass a radius of three to five miles in metropolitan and suburban markets, depending primarily upon population density. In film zones where we are the sole exhibitor, we obtain film licenses by selecting a film from among those offered and negotiating directly with the distributor. As of June 30, 2013, approximately 94% of our screens in the United States were located in film licensing zones where we are the sole exhibitor.

Our licenses typically state that rental fees are based on either aggregate terms established prior to the opening of the picture or on a mutually agreed settlement upon the conclusion of the picture run. Under an aggregate terms formula, we pay the distributor a specified percentage of box office receipts or pay based on a scale of percentages tied to different amounts of box office gross. The settlement process allows for negotiation based upon how a film actually performs.

There are several distributors which provide a substantial portion of quality first-run motion pictures to the exhibition industry. These include Paramount Pictures, Twentieth Century Fox, Warner Bros. Distribution, Buena Vista Pictures (Disney), Sony Pictures Releasing, Universal Pictures, and Lionsgate. Films licensed from these distributors accounted for approximately 90% of our U.S. admissions revenues during calendar 2012. Our revenues attributable to individual distributors may vary significantly from year to year depending upon the commercial success of each distributor's motion pictures in any given year. In calendar 2012, no single distributor accounted for more than 18% of our box office admissions.

Food & Beverage

Food & beverage sales are our second largest source of revenue after box office admissions. Food & beverage items include popcorn, soft drinks, candy, hot dogs, premium food & beverage items, specialty drinks (including premium beers, wine and mixed drinks), healthy choice items and made to order hot foods including menu choices such as curly fries, chicken tenders and mozzarella sticks. Different varieties of food & beverage items are offered at our theatres based on preferences in that particular geographic region. As of June 30, 2013, we have implemented dine-in theatre concepts at 11 locations, which feature full kitchen facilities, seat-side servers and a separate bar and lounge area.

Our strategy emphasizes prominent and appealing food & beverage counters designed for rapid service and efficiency, including a customer friendly grab and go experience. We design our megaplex theatres to have more food & beverage capacity to make it easier to serve larger numbers of customers. Strategic placement of large food & beverage stands within theatres increases their visibility, aids in reducing the length of lines, allows flexibility to introduce new concepts and improves traffic flow around the food & beverage stands.

We negotiate prices for our food & beverage products and supplies directly with food & beverage vendors on a national or regional basis to obtain high volume discounts or bulk rates and marketing incentives.

Our entertainment and dining experience at certain theatres features casual and premium upscale dine-in theatre options as well as bar and lounge areas.

Properties

The following table sets forth the general character and ownership classification of our theatre circuit, excluding unconsolidated joint ventures and managed theatres, as of June 30, 2013:

Property Holding Classification	Theatres	Screens
Owned	18	169
Leased pursuant to ground leases	6	73
Leased pursuant to building leases	312	4,605
Total	336	4,847

Our theatre leases generally have initial terms ranging from 15 to 20 years, with options to extend the leases for up to 20 additional years. The leases typically require escalating minimum annual rent payments and additional rent payments based on a percentage of the leased theatre's revenue above a base amount and require us to pay for property taxes, maintenance, insurance and certain other property-related expenses. In some instances, our escalating minimum annual rent payments are contingent upon increases in the consumer price index. In some cases, our rights as tenant are subject and subordinate to the mortgage loans of lenders to our lessors, so that if a mortgage were to be foreclosed, we could lose our lease. Historically, this has never occurred.

We lease our corporate headquarters in Leawood, Kansas.

Currently, the majority of the food & beverage, seating and other equipment required for each of our theatres are owned. The majority of our digital projection equipment is leased from DCIP.

Employees

As of June 30, 2013, we employed approximately 900 full-time and 21,000 part-time employees. Approximately 46% of our U.S. theatre associates were paid the minimum wage.

Fewer than 2% of our U.S. employees are represented by unions. We believe that our relationships with these unions are satisfactory. We consider our employee relations to be good.

Theatrical Exhibition Industry and Competition

Movie going is embedded in the American social fabric. For over 100 years people young and old, of all races and socio-economic levels have enjoyed the entertainment that motion pictures offer.

In the United States, the movie exhibition business is large, stable and mature. While in any given calendar quarter the quantity and quality of movies can drive volatile results, box office revenues have advanced from 2011 to 2012. Calendar year 2012 was, in fact, the industry's best ever, with box office revenues of \$10.8 billion, (6.5% growth over 2011) and with over 1.3 billion admissions.

The movie exhibition business has survived the booms and busts of economic cycles and has adapted to myriad changes in technology and customer behavior. There is great value for the entertainment dollar in movie going, and no replacement has been invented for the escape and fun that a night at the movies represents.

We believe the exhibition business is in the early stages of a transition. After decades of economic models driven by <u>quantity</u> (number of theatres, screens and seats), it is the <u>quality</u> of the movie going experience that will define future success. Whether in enhanced food and beverage options (Food & Beverage Kiosks, Marketplaces, Coke Freestyle, MacGuffins or Dine-in Theatres); comfort and convenience (recliner re-seats, open-source internet ticketing, reserved seating); engagement and loyalty (AMC Stubs, open-source internet ticketing, mobile apps, social media) or sight and sound (digital projectors, 3D, our own ETX format or IMAX); it is the ease of use and the amenities that these innovations

bring to customers that will drive sustained profitability in the years ahead. As this transition accelerates, we believe movie exhibition's attraction as an investment will grow,

The following table represents information about the exhibition industry obtained from the National Association of Theatre Owners ("NATO") and Box Office Mojo.

Calendar Year	Box Office Revenues (in millions)	Attendance (in millions)	Average Ticket Price	Number of Theatres	Indoor Screens	Screens Per Theatre
2012	\$ 10,836	1,361	\$ 7.96	5,317	39,056	7.3
2011	10,174	1,283	7.93	5,331	38,974	7.3
2010	10,566	1,339	7.89	5,399	38,902	7.2
2009	10,596	1,413	7.50	5,561	38,605	6.9
2008	9,631	1,341	7.18	5,403	38,201	7.1
2007	9,664	1,405	6.88	5,545	38,159	6.9
2006	9,210	1,406	6.55	5,543	37,765	6.8
2005	8,841	1,379	6.41	5,713	37,040	6.5

According to the most recently available information from NATO, there are approximately 1,089 companies competing in the U.S./Canada theatrical exhibition industry, approximately 597 of which operate four or more screens. Industry participants vary substantially in size, from small independent operators to large international chains. Based on information obtained from Rentrak, we believe that the four largest exhibitors (in terms of box office revenue) generated approximately 62% of the box office revenues in 2012. This statistic is up from 35% in 2000 and is evidence that the theatrical exhibition business in the United States has been consolidating. According to NATO, average screens per theatre have increased from 6.5 in 2005 to 7.3 in 2012, which we believe is indicative of the industry's development of megaplex theatres.

Our theatres are subject to varying degrees of competition in the geographic areas in which they operate. Competition is often intense with respect to attracting patrons, licensing motion pictures and finding new theatre sites. Where real estate is readily available, it is easier to open a theatre near one of our theatres, which may adversely affect operations at our theatre. However, in certain of our densely populated major metropolitan markets, we believe a scarcity of attractive retail real estate opportunities enhances the strategic value of our existing theatres. We also believe the complexity inherent in operating in these major metropolitan markets is a deterrent to other less sophisticated competitors, protecting our market share position.

The theatrical exhibition industry faces competition from other forms of out-of-home entertainment, such as concerts, amusement parks and sporting events, and from other distribution channels for filmed entertainment, such as cable television, pay-per-view and home video systems, as well as from all other forms of entertainment.

Movie-going is a compelling consumer out-of-home entertainment experience. Movie theatres currently garner a relatively small share of overall consumer entertainment time and spend, leaving significant room for further expansion and growth in the United States. In addition, our industry benefits from available capacity to satisfy additional consumer demand without capital investment.

As major studio releases have declined in recent years, we believe companies like Open Road Films could fill an important gap that exists in the market today for consumers, movie producers and theatrical exhibitors by providing a broader availability of movies to consumers. Theatrical exhibitors are uniquely positioned to not only support, but also benefit from new distribution companies and content providers.

Regulatory Environment

The distribution of motion pictures is, in large part, regulated by federal and state antitrust laws and has been the subject of numerous antitrust cases. The consent decrees, resulting from one of those cases to which we were not a party, have a material impact on the industry and us. Those consent decrees bind certain major motion picture distributors and require the motion pictures of such distributors to be offered and licensed to exhibitors, including us, on a film-by-film and theatre-by-theatre basis. Consequently, we cannot assure ourselves of a supply of motion pictures by entering into long-term arrangements with major distributors, but must compete for our licenses on a film-by-film and theatre-by-theatre basis.

Our theatres must comply with Title III of the Americans with Disabilities Act, or ADA. Compliance with the ADA requires that public accommodations "reasonably accommodate" individuals with disabilities and that new construction or alterations made to "commercial facilities" conform to accessibility guidelines unless "structurally impracticable" for new construction or technically infeasible for alterations. Non-compliance with the ADA could result in the imposition of injunctive relief, fines, and awards of damages to private litigants or additional capital expenditures to remedy such noncompliance. As an employer covered by the ADA, we must make reasonable accommodations to the limitations of employees and qualified applicants with disabilities, provided that such reasonable accommodations do not pose an undue hardship on the operation of our business. In addition, many of our employees are covered by various government employment regulations, including minimum wage, overtime and working conditions regulations.

Our operations also are subject to federal, state and local laws regulating such matters as construction, renovation and operation of theatres as well as wages and working conditions, citizenship, health and sanitation requirements and licensing. We believe our theatres are in material compliance with such requirements.

We also own and operate theatres and other properties which may be subject to federal, state and local laws and regulations relating to environmental protection. Certain of these laws and regulations may impose joint and several liability on certain statutory classes of persons for the costs of investigation or remediation of contamination, regardless of fault or the legality of original disposal. We believe our theatres are in material compliance with such requirements.

Significant Acquisitions and Dispositions

In December 2012, we completed the acquisition of 4 theatres and 61 screens from Rave Review Cinemas, LLC and 6 theatres and 95 screens from Rave Digital Media, LLC. On May 24, 2010, we completed the acquisition of 92 theatres and 928 screens from Kerasotes. Additionally, during the fourth quarter of our fiscal year ended March 31, 2011, management decided to permanently close 73 underperforming screens and auditoriums. For more information on both of these acquisitions and the screen closures, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Significant Events."

We have divested of the majority of our investments in international theatres in Canada, UK, Japan, Hong Kong, Spain, Portugal, France, Argentina, Brazil, Chile, and Uruguay over the past several years as part of our overall business strategy.

Seasonality

Our revenues are dependent upon the timing of motion picture releases by distributors. The most marketable motion pictures are usually released during the summer and the year-end holiday seasons. Therefore, our business is highly seasonal, with higher attendance and revenues generally occurring

during the summer months and holiday seasons. Our results of operations may vary significantly from quarter to quarter.

Legal Proceedings

In the normal course of business, we are party to various ordinary course claims from vendors (including an online ticketing vendor, food & beverage suppliers and film distributors), landlords and other legal proceedings. If management believes that a loss arising from these actions is probable and can reasonably be estimated, the Company records the amount of the loss, or the minimum estimated liability when the loss is estimated using a range and no point is more probable than another. As additional information becomes available, any potential liability related to these actions is assessed and the estimates are revised, if necessary. Management believes that the ultimate outcome of such matters, individually and in the aggregate, will not have a material adverse effect on our financial position or overall trends in results of operations. However, litigation and claims are subject to inherent uncertainties and unfavorable outcomes could occur. An unfavorable outcome could include monetary damages. If an unfavorable outcome were to occur, there exists the possibility of a material adverse impact on the results of operations in the period in which the outcome occurs or in future periods.

MANAGEMENT

Our business and affairs are managed by our board of directors currently consisting of five members. Within one year after the consummation of this offering, we intend to appoint enough additional independent persons to our board of directors to meet SEC and NYSE guidelines. The full composition of the board of directors will be determined at that time. Gerardo I. Lopez, our Chief Executive Officer, is a director, and Lin Zhang is our Chairman of the board of directors and a non-employee director.

We intend to avail ourselves of the "controlled company" exception under the NYSE rules, which eliminates the requirement that we have a majority of independent directors on our board of directors and that we have compensation and nominating committees composed entirely of independent directors, but retains the requirement that we have an audit committee composed entirely of independent members. Our board of directors currently consists of five directors. Following the offering, we expect that our board will ultimately consist of nine directors, including Mr. Lopez, Mr. Zhang, the three other current members of our board, Mr. Saich, Mr. Liu and Mr. Ye, and four other directors. Three of our directors will be independent. We intend to have two independent directors at the time we consummate this offering. We will add a third independent director to our board within one year after the consummation of this offering.

Pursuant to our amended and restated certificate of incorporation, our board of directors will be divided into three classes. The members of each class will serve for a staggered, three-year term. Upon the expiration of the term of a class of directors, directors in that class will be elected for three-year terms at the annual meeting of stockholders in the year in which their term expires. The classes will be composed as follows:

- , and will be Class I directors, whose terms will expire at the 2014 annual meeting of stockholders;
- , and will be Class II directors, whose terms will expire at the 2015 annual meeting of stockholders; and
- and the one additional independent director we expect to be designated to our board of directors within one year after the closing of this offering will be Class III directors, whose terms will expire at the 2016 annual meeting of stockholders.

Any additional directorships resulting from an increase in the number of directors will be distributed among the three classes so that, as nearly as possible, each class will consist of one-third of our directors. This classification of our board of directors may have the effect of delaying or preventing changes in control of our company.

If at any time we cease to be a "controlled company" under the NYSE rules, the board of directors will take all action necessary to comply with NYSE rules, including appointing a majority of independent directors to the board and establishing certain committees composed entirely of independent directors.

The following table sets forth certain information regarding our current directors and executive officers as of August 26, 2013:

Name	Age	Position(s) Held
Lin Zhang	41	Chairman of the Board and Director (Parent and AMCE)
Gerardo I. Lopez	54	Chief Executive Officer, President and Director (Parent, AMCE and American Multi-
		Cinema, Inc.)
Anthony J. Saich	60	Director (Parent and AMCE)
Chaohui Liu	40	Director (Parent and AMCE)
Ning Ye	39	Director (Parent and AMCE)
Craig R. Ramsey	62	Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (Parent, AMCE and American Multi-
		Cinema, Inc.); Director (American Multi-Cinema, Inc.)
Elizabeth Frank	44	Executive Vice President, Chief Content & Programming Officer (Parent, AMCE and American
		Multi-Cinema, Inc.)
John D. McDonald	56	Executive Vice President, U.S. Operations (Parent, AMCE and American Multi-Cinema, Inc.);
		Director (American Multi-Cinema, Inc.)
Mark A. McDonald	55	Executive Vice President, Global Development (Parent, AMCE and American Multi-
		Cinema, Inc.)
Stephen A. Colanero	46	Executive Vice President and Chief Marketing Officer (Parent, AMCE and American Multi-
		Cinema, Inc.)
Kevin M. Connor	50	Senior Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary (Parent, AMCE and American Multi-
		Cinema, Inc.)
Chris A. Cox	47	Senior Vice President and Chief Accounting Officer (Parent, AMCE and American Multi-
		Cinema, Inc.)
Christina Sternberg	41	Senior Vice President, Corporate Strategy (AMCE)
Keith P. Wiedenkeller	53	Senior Vice President, Chief People Officer (Parent, AMCE and American Multi-Cinema, Inc.)

All our current executive officers hold their offices at the pleasure of our board of directors, subject to rights under their respective employment agreements in some cases. There are no family relationships between or among any directors and executive officers, except that Messrs. John D. McDonald and Mark A. McDonald are brothers.

Mr. Lin Zhang has served as Chairman and a Director of Parent and AMCE since Wanda acquired Parent in August 2012. Mr. Zhang also serves as a board member of Wanda Group and Wanda Cinema Line Co., Ltd and Executive President of Beijing Wanda Culture Industry Group with \$5 billion in assets. Since March 2000, Mr. Zhang had been assigned in the positions of General Manager of Nanjing Wanda Project Company, General Manager of Chengdu Wanda Project Company, Financial Director of Wanda, consecutively. Prior to joining Wanda, Mr. Zhang served as Vice President of Dalian Tax Exempt-zone Accounting Firm and Vice President of Dalian North Tax Agency. Mr. Zhang has over 15 years of experience in financial management and operation management of large companies, especially in corporate strategy and investment. Mr. Zhang received a MBA from Peking University and a bachelor degree in Accounting from Dongbei University of Finance and Economics. Mr. Zhang is a non-practicing member of the Chinese Institute of Certified Public Accountant ("CICPA") and non-practicing member of the Chinese Charted Tax Agent Association ("CCTAA").

Mr. Gerardo I. Lopez has served as Chief Executive Officer, President and a Director of Parent and AMCE since March 2009. Prior to joining the Company, Mr. Lopez served as Executive Vice President of Starbucks Coffee Company and President of its Global Consumer Products, Seattle's Best Coffee

and Foodservice divisions from September 2004 to March 2009. Prior thereto, Mr. Lopez served as President of the Handleman Entertainment Resources division of Handleman Company from November 2001 to September 2004. Mr. Lopez also serves on the boards of directors of Recreational Equipment, Inc., Brinker International and Open Road Films. Mr. Lopez holds a B.S. degree in Marketing from George Washington University and a M.B.A. in Finance from Harvard Business School. Mr. Lopez has over 28 years of experience in marketing, sales and operations and management in public and private companies. His prior experience includes management of multi-billion-dollar operations and groups of over 2,500 associates.

Mr. Anthony J. Saich has served as a Director of Parent and AMCE since December 2012. Mr. Saich currently serves as the Director of the Ash Center for Democratic Governance and Innovation and Daewoo Professor of International Affairs at Harvard University. In his capacity as Ash Center Director, Mr. Saich also serves as the director of the Rajawali Foundation Institute for Asia and the faculty chair of the China Public Policy Program, the Asia Energy Leaders Program and the Leadership Transformation in Indonesia Program. Mr. Saich also serves on the board of the China Medical Board, and International Bridges to Justice and is also the US Secretary-General of the China United States Strategic Philanthropy. Mr. Saich sits on the executive committees of the John King Fairbank Center for Chinese Studies and the Asia Center, both at Harvard University, and serves as the Harvard representative of the Kennedy Memorial Trust. Mr. Saich previously served as the representative for the Ford Foundations China Office from 1994 to 1999. Prior to this, he was director of the Sinological Institute at Leiden University in the Netherlands. Mr. Saich holds a bachelor's degree in politics and geography from the University of Newcastle, UK, a master's degree in politics with special reference to China from the School of Oriental and African Studies, London University, and has a Ph.D. from the Faculty of Letters, University of Leiden, the Netherlands. Mr. Saich has over 25 years of experience in international affairs.

Mr. Chaohui Liu has served as a Director of Parent and AMCE since Wanda acquired Parent in August 2012. Mr. Liu also serves as Senior Assistant to the President and General Manager of Investment Management Center of Wanda Group, and sits on the board of Wanda Cinema Line Co., Ltd since 2006. Since October 2002, Mr. Liu had been assigned in the positions of Financial Manager, and subsequently Financial Director, of Dalian Wanda Commercial Development Co. and, General Manger of the Investment and Securities Department of Dalian Wanda Commercial Properties Co., consecutively. Prior to joining Wanda, Mr. Liu worked at China Construction Bank, Xiamen Branch, from 1996-2001. Mr. Liu has over 10 years of experience in financial analysis and investment in public and private companies and led the due diligence and transition of Wanda's acquisition of AMC, and he provides our board with insight into strategic and financial matters of interest to AMC's management and shareholders. Mr. Liu holds a PhD degree in management from Xiamen University. He is also a non-practicing member of Chinese Institute of Certified Public

Mr. Ning Ye has served as a Director of Parent and AMCE since Wanda acquired Parent in August 2012. Mr. Ye also serves as Vice President of Beijing Wanda Culture Industry Group and has sat on the board of directors of Wanda Cinema Line Co., Ltd since 2008. Since he joined Wanda in 2001, Mr. Ye had been assigned in the positions of General Manager of the Development Department in Dalian Wanda Commercial Development Co. and General Manager of Wanda Cinema Company. Prior to that, Mr. Ye served at Shenzhen Nanyou Real Estate Company since 1998. Mr. Ye has extensive experience with corporate operation and management, market insights and industry judgment, and has led Wanda Cinema Line Co., Ltd to become the No. 1 movie exhibitor in China. Mr. Ye obtained a Master's degree in Economics and Management from Chongqing University of Architecture and he is also a Registered Cost Engineer.

Mr. Craig R. Ramsey has served as Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of Parent since June 2007. Mr. Ramsey has served as Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of AMCE and American Multi-Cinema, Inc. since April 2003. Previously, Mr. Ramsey served as Executive

Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Secretary of AMCE and American Multi-Cinema, Inc. since April 2002. Mr. Ramsey served as Senior Vice President, Finance, Chief Financial Officer and Chief Accounting Officer, of AMCE and American Multi-Cinema, Inc. from August 1998 until May 2002. Mr. Ramsey has served as a Director of American Multi-Cinema, Inc. since September 1999. Mr. Ramsey was elected Chief Accounting Officer of AMCE and American Multi-Cinema, Inc. in February 2000. Mr. Ramsey served as Vice President, Finance from January 1997 to October 1999 and prior thereto, Mr. Ramsey served as Director of Information Systems and Director of Financial Reporting since joining American Multi-Cinema, Inc. in February 1995. Mr. Ramsey serves on the board of directors for Open Road Films and NCM. Mr. Ramsey holds a B.S. degree in Accounting and Business Administration from the University of Kansas.

Ms. Elizabeth Frank has served as Executive Vice President, Chief Content & Programming Officer for AMCE since July 2012. Between August 2010 and July 2012, Ms. Frank served as Senior Vice President, Strategy and Strategic Partnerships. Prior to joining AMCE, Ms. Frank served as Senior Vice President of Global Programs for AmeriCares. Prior to AmeriCares, Ms. Frank served as Vice President of Corporate Strategic Planning for Time Warner Inc. Prior to Time Warner Inc., Ms. Frank was a partner at McKinsey & Company for nine years. Ms. Frank serves on the board of directors of Open Roads Releasing, LLC. Ms. Frank holds a Bachelor of Business Administration degree from Lehigh University and a Masters of Business Administration from Harvard University.

Mr. John D. McDonald has served as Executive Vice President, U.S. Operations of Parent and AMCE since July 2009. Mr. McDonald has served as Director of American Multi-Cinema, Inc. since November 2007 and has served as Executive Vice President, U.S. Operations of American Multi-Cinema, Inc. since July 2009. Prior to July 2009, Mr. McDonald served as Executive Vice President, U.S. and Canada Operations of American Multi-Cinema, Inc. effective October 1998. Mr. McDonald served as Senior Vice President, Corporate Operations from November 1995 to October 1998. Mr. McDonald is a member of the National Association of Theatre Owners Advisory board of directors, Chairman of the Technology Committee for the National Association of Theatre Owners, and member of the board of directors for DCIP. Mr. McDonald has successfully managed the integration for the Gulf States, General Cinema, Loews, and Kerasotes mergers and acquisitions. Mr. McDonald attended California State Polytechnic University where he studied economics and history.

Mr. Mark A. McDonald has served as Executive Vice President, Global Development since July 2009 of Parent and AMCE. Prior thereto, Mr. McDonald served as Executive Vice President, International Operations of Parent, Holdings and AMCE from October 2008 to July 2009. Mr. McDonald has served as Executive Vice President, International Operations of American Multi-Cinema, Inc., and AMC Entertainment International, Inc. ("AMCEI"), a former subsidiary of American Multi-Cinema, Inc., since March 2007 and December 1998, respectively. Prior thereto, Mr. McDonald served as Senior Vice President, Asia Operations from November 1995 until his appointment as Executive Vice President, International Operations and Film in December 1998. Mr. McDonald served on the board of directors of AMCEI from March 2007 to May 2010. Mr. McDonald holds a B.A. degree from the University of Southern California and a M.B.A. from the Anderson School at University of California Los Angeles.

Mr. Stephen A. Colanero has served as Executive Vice President and Chief Marketing Officer of Parent and AMCE since December 2009. Prior to joining AMC, Mr. Colanero served as Vice President of Marketing for RadioShack Corporation from April 2008 to December 2009. Mr. Colanero also served as Senior Vice President of Retail Marketing for Washington Mutual Inc. from February 2006 to August 2007 and as Senior Vice President, Strategic Marketing for Blockbuster Inc. from November 1994 to January 2006. Mr. Colanero holds a B.S. degree in Accounting from Villanova University and a M.B.A. in Marketing and Strategic Management from The Wharton School at the University of Pennsylvania.

Mr. Kevin M. Connor has served as Senior Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary of Parent since June 2007. Mr. Connor has served as Senior Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary of AMCE and American Multi-Cinema, Inc. since April 2003. Prior to April 2003, Mr. Connor served as Senior Vice President, Legal of AMCE and American Multi-Cinema, Inc. beginning November 2002. Prior thereto, Mr. Connor was in private practice in Kansas City, Missouri as a partner with the firm Seigfreid, Bingham, Levy, Selzer and Gee from October 1995. Mr. Connor holds a Bachelor of Arts degree in English and History from Vanderbilt University, a Juris Doctorate degree from the University of Kansas School of Law and a LLM in Taxation from the University of Missouri—Kansas City.

Mr. Chris A. Cox has served as Senior Vice President and Chief Accounting Officer of Parent since June 2010. Prior thereto Mr. Cox served as Vice President and Chief Accounting Officer of Parent and Holdings since June 2007 and December 2004, respectively. Mr. Cox has served as Vice President and Chief Accounting Officer of AMCE and American Multi-Cinema, Inc. since May 2002. Prior to May 2002, Mr. Cox served as Vice President and Controller of American Multi-Cinema, Inc. since November 2000. Previously, Mr. Cox served as Director of Corporate Accounting for the Dial Corporation from December 1999 until November 2000. Mr. Cox holds a Bachelor's of Business Administration in Accounting and Finance degree from the University of Iowa.

Ms. Christina Sternberg has served as Senior Vice President, Corporate Strategy of Parent, AMCE and AMC since August 2012. Previously, Ms. Sternberg served as Senior Vice President, Design, Construction and Development of Parent, AMCE and AMC from December 2009 to August 2012. Ms. Sternberg served as Senior Vice President, Domestic Development of Parent and AMCE from December 2009 to August 2012 and AMC from July 2009 to August 2012. Ms. Sternberg served as Senior Vice President, Design, Construction and Facilities of AMC from April 2009 to July 2009. Ms. Sternberg served as Vice President, Design, Construction and Facilities of AMC from April 2005 to April 2009. Ms. Sternberg began her career at AMC in 1998 as a controller. Ms. Sternberg is a member of the International Council of Shopping Centers and the Urban Land Institute. Ms. Sternberg holds a B.S. from the University of California-Davis and an MBA from the Kellogg School of Management at Northwestern University. Ms. Sternberg is a member of the National Association of Theatre Owners.

Mr. Keith P. Wiedenkeller has served as Senior Vice President and Chief People Officer of Parent and AMCE since July 2009. Prior thereto, Mr. Wiedenkeller served as Senior Vice President, Human Resources of Parent and AMCE from October 2002 to July 2009. Mr. Wiedenkeller started in "the movie business" as an usher in 1975. Mr. Wiedenkeller began his career with AMC as a manager in 1985, working his way up through various operations, training and human resources roles before being named to his current role in 2002. Mr. Wiedenkeller holds a Bachelor of Arts degree from the University of Missouri—Kansas City.

Committees of the Board of Directors

Audit Committee

Upon consummation of this offering, our audit committee will consist of , and (the "Audit Committee"). The board of directors has determined that qualifies as an Audit Committee financial expert as defined in Item 401(h) of Regulation S-K. are independent as independence is defined in Rule 10A-3(b)(i) under the Exchange Act or under the applicable section of the NYSE rules. Within one year of the closing of this offering, we will nominate one additional independent director to replace on the Audit Committee will be comprised of three independent members, all of whom will be financially literate.

The principal duties and responsibilities of our Audit Committee are as follows:

to monitor our financial reporting process and internal control system;

- · to appoint and replace our independent registered public accounting firm from time to time, determine their compensation and other terms of engagement and oversee their work;
- · to oversee the performance of our internal audit function; and
- to oversee our compliance with legal, ethical and regulatory matters.

The Audit Committee will have the power to investigate any matter brought to its attention within the scope of its duties. It will also have the authority to retain counsel and advisors to fulfill its responsibilities and duties.

Compensation Committee

Upon consummation of this offering, our compensation committee will consist of , and (the "Compensation Committee").

The principal duties and responsibilities of our Compensation Committee are as follows:

- to provide oversight on the development and implementation of the compensation policies, strategies, plans and programs for our key employees and outside directors and disclosure relating to these matters;
- · to review and approve the compensation of our chief executive officer and the other executive officers of us and our subsidiaries; and
- to provide oversight concerning the compensation of our chief executive officer, succession planning, performance of the chief executive officer and related matters.

Nominating & Corporate Governance Committee

Upon consummation of this offering, our nominating committee will consist of , , and .

The principal duties and responsibilities of the nominating committee will be as follows:

- to establish criteria for board and committee membership and recommend to our board of directors proposed nominees for election to the board of directors and for membership on committees of the board of directors; and
- · to make recommendations to our board of directors regarding board governance matters and practices.

Code of Business Conduct and Ethics

We have a Code of Business Conduct and Ethics that applies to all of our associates, including our principal executive officer, principal financial officer and principal accounting officer, or persons performing similar functions. These standards are designed to deter wrongdoing and to promote honest and ethical conduct. The Code of Business Conduct and Ethics, which address the subject areas covered by the SEC's rules, may be obtained free of charge through our website: www.amctheatres.com under "Investor Relations—Corporate Governance." Any substantive amendment to, or waiver from, any provision of the Code of Business Conduct and Ethics with respect to any senior executive or financial officer shall be posted on this website. **The information contained on our website is not part of this prospectus**.

COMPENSATION DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section discusses the material elements of compensation awarded to, earned by or paid to our principal executive officer, our principal financial officer and our three other most highly compensated executive officers. These individuals are referred to as the "Named Executive Officers."

Our executive compensation programs are determined and approved by our Compensation Committee. None of the Named Executive Officers are members of the Compensation Committee or otherwise had any role in determining the compensation of other Named Executive Officers, although the Compensation Committee does consider the recommendations of our Chief Executive Officer in setting compensation levels and bonuses for our executive officers other than the Chief Executive Officer.

Executive Compensation Program Objectives and Overview

The goals of the Compensation Committee with respect to executive compensation are to attract, retain, motivate and reward talented executives, to tie annual and long-term compensation incentives to the achievement of specified performance objectives, and to achieve long-term creation of value for our stockholders by aligning the interests of these executives with those of our stockholders. To achieve these goals, we endeavor to maintain compensation plans that are intended to tie a substantial portion of executives' overall compensation to key strategic, operational and financial goals such as achievement of budgeted levels of net income, and other non-financial goals that the Compensation Committee deems important. From time to time, the Compensation Committee evaluates individual executive performance with a goal of setting compensation at levels they believe, based on industry comparables and their general business and industry knowledge and experience, are comparable with executives in other companies of similar size and stage of development operating in the retail, entertainment and food service industries, while taking into account our relative performance and our own strategic goals.

We conduct a periodic review of the aggregate level of our executive compensation as part of the annual budget review and annual performance review processes, which includes determining the operating metrics and non-financial elements used to measure our performance and to compensate our executive officers. This review is based on our knowledge of how other theatrical exhibition industry and similar retail type businesses measure their executive performance and on the key operating metrics that are critical in our effort to increase the value of our company.

Current Executive Compensation Program Elements

Our executive compensation program consists of the elements described in the following sections. The Compensation Committee determines the portion of compensation allocated to each element for each individual Named Executive Officer. Our Compensation Committee expects to continue these policies in the short term but will reevaluate the current policies and practices as it considers advisable.

The Compensation Committee believes, based on general business and industry experience and knowledge of its members, that the use of the combination of base salary, annual performance bonuses, and long-term incentives offers the best approach to achieving our compensation goals, including attracting and retaining talented and capable executives and motivating our executives and other officers to expend maximum effort to improve the business results, earnings and overall value of our business.

Base Salaries

Base salaries for our Named Executive Officers are established based on the scope of their responsibilities, taking into account competitive market compensation for similar positions, as well as

seniority of the individual, our ability to replace the individual and other primarily judgmental factors deemed relevant by the Compensation Committee. Periodically, the Company obtains information regarding the salaries of employees at companies of similar size with which we compete for employees, including approximately 150 multi-unit businesses in the retail, entertainment and food service industries. Generally, we believe that executive base salaries should be targeted at a level that is competitive with salaries for executives in similar positions with similar responsibilities at companies of similar size with which we compete for employees, in line with our compensation philosophy, but we do not make any determinations or changes in compensation in reaction to market data alone. However, the Compensation Committee retains flexibility within the compensation program to respond to and adjust for specific circumstances and our evolving business environment. Base salaries for our Named Executive Officers are reviewed from time to time by the Compensation Committee and adjusted based in part on this review after taking into account individual responsibilities, performance and experience. Base salaries for our Named Executive Officers increased between 3.0% and 4.93% from March 29, 2012 to December 31, 2012, and one Named Executive Officer received a 44.2% increase due to a promotion.

Annual Performance Bonus

The Compensation Committee has the authority to award annual performance bonuses to our Named Executive Officers. Under the current employment agreements, each Named Executive Officer is eligible for an annual bonus based on our annual incentive compensation program ("AIP"), as it may exist from time to time. We believe that annual bonuses based on performance serve to align the interests of management and stockholders, and our annual bonus program is primarily designed to reward increases in net income (as described below). Individual bonuses are performance based and, as such, can be highly variable from year to year. The annual incentive bonuses for our Named Executive Officers are determined by our Compensation Committee and, except with respect to his own bonus, our Chief Executive Officer, based on our annual incentive compensation program as it may exist from time to time. For the Transition Period, the annual incentive compensation program was based on a company component and an individual component. The company component was based on attainment of a net income target of at least \$1.0 million during the twelve months ended December 31, 2012. The plan guideline was that no company performance component of the bonus would be paid below attainment of 100% of targeted net income and that upon attainment of 100% of targeted net income, each Named Executive Officer would receive 100% of his/her assigned bonus target. For each \$1.0 million of additional net income generated in the calendar year (amounts in excess of \$1.0 million of net income but not exceeding \$21.0 million of net income), 5% of additional AIP payout would be awarded up to a maximum award of 200% of the target payout. The individual component of the bonus does not have a net income threshold but is based on achievement of key performance measures and overall performance and contribution to our strategic and financial goals. Under the annual incentive compensation Program, our Compensation Committee and, except with respect to his/her own bonus

The following table summarizes the company component upon attainment of 100% of targeted net income and the individual component of the annual performance bonus plan at the target level for calendar 2012:

	(Company			
	Co	Component at		ndividual	
	10	100% Target Compo		omponent	
Gerardo I. Lopez	\$	434,600	\$	108,650	
Craig R. Ramsey		231,400		57,850	
Elizabeth Frank		162,000		108,000	
John D. McDonald		226,200		56,550	
Mark A. McDonald		117,000		78,000	

Our annual bonuses have historically been paid in cash and traditionally have been paid in a single installment in the first quarter following the completion of a given year following issuance of our annual audit report. Pursuant to current employment agreements, each Named Executive officer is eligible for an annual bonus pursuant to the annual incentive plan in place at the time. The Compensation Committee has discretion to increase the annual bonus paid to our Named Executive Officers using its judgment if the Company exceeds certain financial goals, or to reward for achievement of individual annual performance objectives. Our Compensation Committee and the Board of Directors have approved bonus amounts to be paid in calendar 2013 for the performance during calendar 2012. The Company obtained a net income of over 200% of target for calendar 2012, which is equivalent to a 200% payout of the assigned bonus target. The individual component of the bonus, which was subject to the approval by the Compensation Committee and the Board of Directors, was determined following a review of each Named Executive Officer's individual performance and contribution to our strategic and financial goals. The individual performance review has been conducted during the first quarter of calendar 2013 and the individual component bonuses were finalized and approved by the Compensation Committee and the Board of Directors.

Special Incentive Bonuses

Pursuant to his employment agreement, Mr. Gerardo Lopez is entitled to a one-time Special Incentive Bonus of \$2.0 million that vests at the rate of \$400,000 per year over five years, effective March 2009, provided that he remains employed on each vesting date. The first four installments of the Special Incentive Bonus were paid as of March 2013 and the fifth installment is payable upon vesting. The remaining unpaid Special Incentive Bonus of \$800,000 shall immediately vest in full upon Mr. Lopez's involuntary termination within twelve months after a change of control, as defined in his employment agreement.

Pursuant to the Merger agreement, the Named Executive Officers received a one-time special incentive bonus ("Management Bonus") which was paid in cash at the closing of the Merger. The Management Bonus provided to each Named Executive Officer is reported in the Bonus column of the "Summary Compensation Table" below.

Long Term Incentive Equity Awards

The Company has no stock-based compensation arrangements of its own, but prior to the Merger, Parent had approved an amended and restated 2004 Stock Option Plan ("2004 Stock Option Plan") and a 2010 Equity Incentive Plan ("2010 Equity Incentive Plan"). On July 23, 2010, the Board of Directors determined that the Company would no longer grant any additional awards of shares of common stock of the Company under the 2004 Stock Option Plan. The 2004 Stock Option Plan provided for the grant of incentive stock options (within the meaning of Section 422 of the Internal Revenue Code) and non-qualified stock options to acquire Parent common stock. Options granted

under the plan were to vest in equal installments over three to five years from the grant date, subject to the optionee's continued service with Parent or one of its subsidiaries. As a result of the Merger and change of control on August 30, 2012, Holders of such vested and unvested options received payments for each option equal to the difference (if any) between the \$489 per share consideration received in the Merger and the exercise price of their options. Amounts received are reflected in the "Option Exercises and Stock Vested—Transition Period" table below.

Prior to the Merger, the 2010 Equity Incentive Plan provided for grants of non-qualified stock options, restricted stock awards, other stock-based awards and performance-based compensation awards. During fiscal 2011, the Compensation Committee approved grants of stock options, restricted stock (time vesting), and restricted stock (performance vesting) to the Named Executive Officers, which generally had the following features:

- Non-Qualified Stock Option Award Agreement: Twenty-five percent of the options were to vest on each of the first four anniversaries of the date of grant. The stock options had a ten
 year term from the date of grant. The vested and unvested stock options were cancelled immediately prior to the closing of the Merger on August 30, 2012. Holders of such options
 received payments for each option equal to the difference (if any) between the \$489 per share consideration received in the Merger and the exercise price of their options. Amounts
 received for these options in connection with the Merger are reflected in the "Option Exercises and Stock Vested—Transition Period" table below. The grant date fair value for the
 options granted in fiscal 2011 was included in the Summary Compensation Table in fiscal 2011.
- Restricted Stock Award Agreement (Time Vesting): The restricted shares were to vest on the fourth anniversary of the date of grant. The restricted stock (time vesting) awards were cancelled immediately prior to the closing of the Merger. Holders of such restricted stock (time vesting) received payments for each restricted share equal to the \$489 per share consideration received in the Merger. Amounts received for these restricted shares are reflected in the "Option Exercises and Stock Vested—Transition Period" table below. The grant date fair value for the restricted stock (time vesting) awards granted in fiscal 2011 was included in the Summary Compensation Table in fiscal 2011.
- Restricted Stock Award Agreement (Performance Vesting): The award agreements for the restricted shares (performance vesting) generally provided that 25% of the restricted shares awarded would become vested in each year over a four-year period upon the Company meeting certain pre-established annual performance targets. Because each annual performance target was set at the start of each respective single-fiscal year performance period, only twenty-five percent of the total restricted shares (performance vesting) awarded are deemed granted each year over the four-year period in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification 718-10-55-95. Grants of the restricted stock (performance vesting) made in fiscal 2012 and fiscal 2011 did not vest as the Company did not meet the adjusted EBITDA target established by the Compensation Committee.

The fiscal 2013 and fiscal 2014 restricted stock (performance vesting) had not been granted per ASC 718-10-55-95 as the Compensation Committee did not approve the performance target for the restricted stock due to the Merger. The unvested restricted stock (performance vesting) awards for fiscal 2013 and fiscal 2014 were cancelled immediately prior to the closing of the Merger. Holders of unvested restricted stock awards (performance vesting) received payments for each restricted share equal to the \$489 per share consideration received in the Merger. The fair value of the settlement for each of the fiscal 2013 and fiscal 2014 shares were included in the Summary Compensation Table during the current Transition Period. The grant date fair value for the first year's performance period, fiscal 2011, and the second year's performance period, fiscal 2012, was included in the Summary Compensation Table during fiscal 2011 and fiscal 2012, respectively.

Payment and Release of Escrowed Funds. In connection with the closing of the Merger and as defined in the Merger Agreement, \$35.0 million of consideration otherwise payable to equity holders was deposited in an Indemnity Escrow Fund and \$2.0 million otherwise payable to equity holders was deposited in an account designated by the Stockholder Representative. On or following the Indemnity Escrow Fund and the release of all amounts remaining in the Indemnity Escrow Fund and the release of any portion of the Stockholder Representative Reserve the Named Executive Officers would receive a maximum settlement in the future year as follows:

	2004 Stock		2004 Stock		Restricted Stock		Restri	icted Stock
	Option Plan(1)		Option Plan(1)		(Time Vesting)(1)		(Performance Vesting)(2)	
Gerry Lopez	\$	269,635	\$	179,757	\$	29,471	\$	14,749
Craig Ramsey		106,536		_		17,689		8,844
Elizabeth Frank		_		_		5,906		2,938
John McDonald		53,268		_		17,689		8,844
Mark McDonald		53,268		_		5,906		2,938

- (1) The value of the shares shown in these columns were included in the "Stock Awards" and "Option Awards" column of the Summary Compensation Table in prior years based on grant date fair values.
- (2) The amount in this column represents the maximum amount that will be included in the "All Other Compensation" column of the Summary Compensation Table in the year the Named Executive Officer receives payment.

Management Profit Sharing Plan

Pursuant to the Merger agreement, Wanda and Parent entered into a management profit sharing plan, ("MPSP"). The long term incentive plan awards are payable in cash (or such other form as may be determined by the Board of Directors with the consent of designated participant representatives) on an annual basis and are subject to the Company achieving a predetermined adjusted net income target (as defined in the plan) for each plan year ending on December 31, 2012, 2013, 2014, and 2015. Wanda and Parent agreed to increase or decrease the calculation of net income, as described in the plan, for certain predefined exclusions and transactions ("adjusted net income"). (As described in the plan, adjusted net income is calculated by adjusting net income for any increases or decreases resulting from any capital contributions, interest reductions, disposition of certain equity method investments or strategic assets, push down accounting adjustments directly related to the Merger, MPSP bonuses, and increased by 20% of dividends paid by the Company.) The MPSP was based on attainment of an adjusted net income target of \$10.0 million during the twelve months ended December 31, 2012. The plan guideline provides that no MPSP incentive bonus would be paid below attainment of 100% of targeted adjusted net income (unless it qualifies as a Catch-Up Payment as described below) and that upon attainment of 100% of targeted adjusted net income target, each Named Executive Officer would receive 100% of his/her assigned bonus target. If the adjusted net income is equal to or exceeds 100% of targeted adjusted net income, the Company will pay 10% of the adjusted net income and each Named Executive Officer will receive a pro rata amount of the total award based on the proportion of his/her targeted bonus amount to the aggregate of the targeted bonus amounts for all participants. The MPSP bonus for each plan year shall be unlimited.

The following table shows the potential lump-sum cash MPSP bonus for each Named Executive Officer assuming attainment of 100% of the targeted adjusted net income for the plan year ended December 31, 2012:

	MP	SP Incentive
		Bonus at
	10	00% Target
Gerardo I. Lopez	\$	204,128
Craig R. Ramsey		79,156
Elizabeth Frank		79,156
John D. McDonald		79,156
Mark A. McDonald		79,156

If the Company fails to achieve the applicable adjusted net income target for one or more plan years, each Named Executive Officer shall be eligible to receive a Catch-Up Payment. A Catch-Up Payment shall be paid in addition to the MPSP bonus for such plan years when the Company obtains an adjusted net income in excess of 100% of target and the surplus is applied to a plan year(s) for which the adjusted net income target was less than 100%, in order to obtain an adjusted net income target of 100% for that prior plan year. Also, in order to be eligible to receive a MPSP bonus or a Catch-Up Payment, a Named Executive Officer must remain employed by the Company through the first business day following the end of the plan year to which the MPSP bonus relates or through the first business day following the end of the plan year in which the Catch-Up Payment is earned, as applicable.

If the Company achieves at least 80% of the adjusted net income target for each of the 5 plan years and the total amount of the MPSP bonuses and Catch-Up payments paid for such plan years are less than \$50.0 million for all participants per the plan, then each participant or Named Executive Officer who has been continuously employed by the Company from the Merger date at August 30, 2012 through the first business day of calendar 2016 shall be entitled to receive an additional incentive bonus award equal to his/her pro rata share for the difference between the \$50.0 million for all participants less the total for all MPSP bonuses and Catch-up payments made.

The Chief Executive Officer can make proposals on who is eligible to participate in the management profit sharing plan and the participant's pro rata allocation or assigned bonus target, subject to the recommendation of the Compensation Committee and the approval by the Board of Directors. The management profit sharing plan is administered by the Board of Directors and any action of the Board of Directors shall be final and binding. The Compensation Committee believes the long-term incentive bonus awards allow the Company to attract, retain and provide incentives to a talented management team, which together with the Company stock actually owned by its executives, appropriately links the long-term interests of executives and stockholders. For the plan year ended December 31, 2012, the Company obtained an adjusted net income of \$25.5 million. The Compensation Committee approved the MPSP bonus of 10% for the Transition Period and each Named Executive Officer received a pro rata amount of the total award based on the proportion of his/her targeted bonus amount to the aggregate of the targeted bonus amounts for all participants.

Retirement Benefits

We provide retirement benefits to the Named Executive Officers under both qualified and non-qualified defined-benefit and defined-contribution retirement plans. The Defined Benefit Retirement Income Plan for Certain Employees of American Multi-Cinema, Inc. ("AMC Defined Benefit Retirement Income Plan") and the AMC 401(k) Savings Plan are both tax-qualified retirement plans in which the Named Executive Officers participate on substantially the same terms as our other participating employees. However, due to maximum limitations imposed by the Employee Retirement

Income Security Act of 1974 ("ERISA") and the Internal Revenue Code on the annual amount of a pension which may be paid under a qualified defined-benefit plan and on the maximum amount that may be contributed to a qualified defined-contribution plan, the benefits that would otherwise be payable to the Named Executive Officers under the Defined Benefit Retirement Income Plan are limited. Because we did not believe that it was appropriate for the Named Executive Officers' retirement benefits to be reduced because of limits under ERISA and the Internal Revenue Code, we had established non-qualified supplemental defined-benefit plan up to the old IRS limit, as indexed, as if the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1993 had not been in effect. On November 7, 2006, our Board of Directors approved a proposal to freeze the AMC Defined Benefit Retirement Income Plan and the AMC Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan, effective as of December 31, 2006. The Compensation Committee determined that this type of plan is not as effective as other elements of compensation in aligning executives' interests with the interests of stockholders. As a result, the Compensation Committee determined to freeze these plans. Benefits no longer accrue under the AMC Defined Benefit Retirement Income Plan or the AMC Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan for our Named Executive Officers or for other participants.

Effective January 1, 2011, under the Company's 401(k) Savings Plan, the Company began to match 100% of each eligible employee's elective contributions up to 3% and 50% of contributions up to 5% of the employee's eligible compensation. During fiscal 2010 and the first three quarters of fiscal 2011, the Company matched 50% of each eligible employee's elective contributions up to 6% of the employee's eligible compensation.

The "Pension Benefits" table and related narrative section "Pension and Other Retirement Plans" below describes our qualified and non-qualified defined-benefit plans in which our Named Executive Officers participate.

Non-Qualified Deferred Compensation Program

Named Executive Officers are permitted to elect to defer base salaries and their annual bonuses and MPSP under the AMC Non-Qualified Deferred Compensation Plan. Amounts deferred under the plans are credited with an investment return determined as if the participant's account were invested in one or more investment funds made available by the Committee and selected by the participant. The Company may, but need not, credit the deferred compensation account of any participant with a discretionary or profit sharing credit as determined by the Company. We believe that providing the Named Executive Officers with deferred compensation opportunities is a cost-effective way to permit officers to receive the tax benefits associated with delaying the income tax event on the compensation deferred, even though the related deduction for the Companies is also deferred.

The "Non-Qualified Deferred Compensation" table and related narrative section "Non-Qualified Deferred Compensation Plan" below describe the non-qualified deferred compensation plan and the benefits thereunder.

Severance and Other Benefits Upon Termination of Employment

We believe that severance protections, particularly in the context of a change of control transaction, can play a valuable role in attracting and retaining key executive officers. Accordingly, we provide such protections for each of the Named Executive Officers and for other of our senior officers in their respective employment agreements. The Compensation Committee evaluates the level of severance benefits provided to Named Executive Officers on a case-by-case basis. We consider these severance protections consistent with competitive practices.

As described in more detail below under "Potential Payments Upon Termination or Change of Control" pursuant to their employment agreements, each of the Named Executive Officers would be

entitled to severance benefits in the event of termination of employment by AMCE without cause and certain Named Executive Officers would be entitled to severance benefits due to death or disability. In the case of Mr. Lopez, resignation for good reason would also entitle the employee to severance benefits. We have determined that it is appropriate to provide these executives with severance benefits under these circumstances in light of their positions with AMCE and as part of their overall compensation package.

We believe that the occurrence, or potential occurrence, of a change of control transaction will create uncertainty regarding the continued employment of our executive officers. This uncertainty results from the fact that many change of control transactions result in significant organizational changes, particularly at the senior executive level. In order to encourage certain of our executive officers to remain employed with us during an important time when their prospects for continued employment following the transaction are often uncertain, we provide the executives with severance benefits if they terminate their employment within a certain number of days following specified changes in their compensation, responsibilities or benefits following a change of control. The severance benefits for these executives are generally determined as if they continued to remain employed by us for two years following their actual termination date.

All Other Compensation

The other compensation provided to each Named Executive Officer is reported in the All Other Compensation column of the "Summary Compensation Table" below, and is further described in footnote (9) to that table. All other compensation during the period March 30, 2012 through December 31, 2012 consists of Company matching contributions under our 401(k) savings plan, which is a qualified defined contribution plan, life insurance premiums, amusement park passes, and amounts received upon cancellation of unvested restricted stock (performance vesting) awards in connection with the Merger. All other compensation is benchmarked and reviewed, revised and approved by the Compensation Committee every year.

Policy with Respect to Section 162(m)

Section 162(m) of the Internal Revenue Code generally disallows publicly held companies a tax deduction for compensation in excess of \$1.0 million paid to their chief executive officers and the four other most highly compensated executive officers unless certain performance and other requirements are met. Our intent generally is to design and administer executive compensation programs in a manner that will preserve the deductibility of compensation paid to our executive officers, and we believe that a substantial portion of our current executive compensation program satisfies the requirements for exemption from the \$1.0 million deduction limitation. However, we reserve the right to design programs that recognize a full range of performance criteria important to our success, even where the compensation paid under such programs may not be deductible. The Compensation Committee will continue to monitor the tax and other consequences of our executive compensation program as part of its primary objective of ensuring that compensation paid to our executive officers is reasonable, performance-based and consistent with the goals of the Company and its stockholders.

Summary Compensation Table

The following table presents information regarding compensation of our principal executive officer, our principal financial officer, and our three other most highly compensated executive officers for services rendered during the Transition Period of March 30, 2012 through December 31, 2012. These individuals are referred to as "Named Executive Officers."

		Salary	Bonus	Stock Awards	Option Awards	Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation	Change in Pension Value and Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Earnings	All Other Compensation	Total
Name and Principal Position(1)	Year(2)	(\$)	(\$)(3)	(\$)(4)	(\$)(5)	(\$)(6)	(\$)(7)(8)	(\$)(9)	(\$)
Gerardo I. Lopez Chief Executive Officer, President and Director (Parent, AMCE and American Multi-Cinema, Inc.)	T2012 FY2012 FY2011	\$ 567,150 753,480 728,000	\$ 1,750,000 400,000 400,000	\$ — 198,151 985,845	\$ — 307,819	\$ 1,520,698 358,670 203,800	\$ 7,387 — —	\$ 257,793 31,304 41,903	\$ 4,103,028 1,741,605 2,667,367
Craig R. Ramsey Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (Parent, AMCE and American Multi-Cinema, Inc.)	T2012 FY2012 FY2011	325,192 428,505 408,100	1,500,000	118,815 591,582	 184,750	734,298 203,335 106,100	32,771 61,184 45,696	163,682 17,177 14,662	2,755,943 829,016 1,350,890
Elizabeth Frank Executive Vice President and Chief Content and Programming Officer (Parent, AMCE and American Multi-Cinema, Inc.)	T2012	328,846	1,000,000	_	_	655,678	_	60,286	2,044,810
John D. McDonald Executive Vice President U.S. Operations (Parent, AMCE and American Multi-Cinema, Inc.)	T2012 FY2012 FY2011	317,885 422,384 408,100	350,000 — —	118,815 591,582	184,750	722,338 186,690 66,313	131,409 147,751 85,763	161,784 15,156 14,536	1,683,416 890,796 1,351,044
Mark A. McDonald Executive Vice President, Global Development (Parent, AMCE and American Multi-Cinema, Inc.)	T2012	237,500	350,000	_	_	529,678	87,794	59,020	1,263,992

- (1) The principal positions shown are at December 31, 2012. Compensation amounts for Ms. Elizabeth Frank and Mr. Mark McDonald are only provided for years where they were a Named Executive Officer
- (2) The Transition Period ("T2012") reflects the compensation earned from March 30, 2012 through December 31, 2012. FY2012 and FY2011 represents the time period of the fifty-two weeks ended March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011, respectively.
- (3) The bonus activity in this column for T2012 reflects the one-time special incentive received by the Named Executive Officers for the Management Bonus. For fiscal 2012 and fiscal 2011, the bonus activity for Mr. Lopez reflects the vested portion of his Special Incentive Bonus.
- (4) As required by SEC Rules, amounts shown in the column, "Stock Awards," for fiscal 2012 and fiscal 2011 presents the aggregate grant date fair value of restricted stock awards granted in the fiscal year in accordance with accounting rules ASC 718, Compensation—Stock Compensation. The estimated fair value of the stock at the grant date was approximately 8755 per share in fiscal 2012 and \$752 per share in fiscal 2011 and was based upon a contemporaneous valuation reflecting market conditions. The valuation assumptions used for the restricted stock awards are provided in Note 10—Stockholders' Equity to the Company's audited Consolidated Financial Statements contained elsewhere in this prospectus. The restricted share (time vesting) grants, which were made in fiscal 2011, were to have vested on the fourth anniversary of the date of grant, subject to the Named Executive Officer's continued service with the Company. These awards were cancelled in connection with the Merger and holders received payments for each restricted share (time vesting) and fiscal 2013 and fiscal 2014 restricted stock (performance vesting) equal to the per share consideration received in the Merger. Amounts received for these restricted shares are reflected in the "Option Exercises and Stock Vested—Transition Period" table below. Of the total restricted share (performance vesting) awards approved by the Compensation Committee, approximately twenty-five percent of the total awards were to have been granted each year over a four-year period in accordance with ASC 718-10-55-95. The restricted share (performance vesting) grants for fiscal 2012 and fiscal 2011 had a vesting term of approximately one year upon the Company meeting a pre-established annual adjusted EBITDA target of \$340.0 million and \$387.8 million, respectively. The Named Executive Officers did not vest in the restricted share (performance vesting) grants for either fiscal 2012 or fiscal 2011 as the Company did not meet the adjusted EBITDA target established by the Compensation Com
- (5) As required by SEC Rules, amounts shown in the column, "Option Awards," presents the aggregate grant date fair value of option awards granted in the fiscal year in accordance with accounting rules ASC 718, Compensation—Stock Compensation . These amounts reflect the Company's cumulative accounting expense over the vesting period and do not correspond to the actual values that were to be realized by the Named Executive Officers. Options were to acquire shares of Parent common stock. The valuation assumptions used for the stock option awards are provided in Note 10—Stockholders' Equity to the audited Company's Consolidated Financial Statements contained elsewhere in this prospectus.

In July 2010, the Named Executive Officers received a grant of non-qualified stock options under the 2010 Equity Incentive Plan. The options were to vest in four equal annual installments, subject to continued employment. The stock options were to expire after ten years from the date of the grant. The estimated grant date fair value of the options was \$293.72 per share and was determined using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. The option exercise price was \$752 per share.

No option awards granted to Named Executive Officers in the above table were forfeited in fiscal 2012 or fiscal 2011. All vested and unvested stock options were cancelled in connection with the Merger and holders received payments for each option equal to the difference (if any) between the per share consideration received in the Merger and the exercise price of the options. Amounts received for these options in connection with the Merger are frelected in the "Option Exercises and Stock Vested—Transition Period" table below.

For the Transition Period, bonus amounts were approved for both the company component bonus and the individual component bonus of the annual incentive compensation plan. The Company attained a net income of over 200% of target, which is equivalent to a 200% payout of the assigned bonus target for the company component. The individual component bonus of the AIP was approved during the first quarter of calendar 2013 following a review of each Named Executive Officer's individual performance and contribution to the Company's strategie and financial goals. For the MPSP plan year ended December 31, 2012, the Company obtained an adjusted net income of \$25.5 million. The Compensation Committee approved the MPSP bonus of 10% for the Transition Period and each Named Executive Officer received a pro rata amount of the total award based on the proportion of his/her targeted bonus amount to the aggregate of the targeted bonus amounts for all participants. The following table shows the Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation provided to the Named Executive Officers for T2012:

				Total	
				Non-Equity	
	AIP	AIP		Incentive	
	Company	Individual		Plan	
	Component	Component	MPSP	Compensation	
Gerardo I. Lopez	\$ 869,200	\$ 130,380	\$ 521,118	\$ 1,520,698	
Craig R. Ramsey	462,800	69,420	202,078	734,298	
Elizabeth Frank	324,000	129,600	202,078	655,678	
John D. McDonald	452,400	67,860	202,078	722,338	
Mark A. McDonald	234,000	93,600	202,078	529,678	

For fiscal 2012, bonus amounts were approved for both the company component bonus and the individual component bonus of the AIP. The Company attained an adjusted EBITDA of 96% of target, which is equivalent to a 60% payout of the assigned bonus target for the company component. The individual component bonus of the annual incentive compensation plan was approved during the first quarter of fiscal 2013 following a review of each Named Executive Officer's individual performance and contribution to the Company's strategic and financial goals.

For fiscal 2011, the individual component bonus of the annual incentive compensation plan was approved during the first quarter of fiscal 2012 following a review of each Named Executive Officer's individual performance and contribution to the Company's strategic and financial goals. No company component bonuses were earned for fiscal 2011 under the annual incentive compensation program because the Company did not meet the minimum 90% of targeted adjusted EBITDA threshold. Further discussion on the annual incentive bonus program for the Named Executive Officers can be found in the Compensation Discussion and Analysis—Annual Performance Bonus section.

(7) This column includes the aggregate increases and decreases in actuarial present value of each officer's accumulated benefit amounts:

		Defined Benefit Plan	Supple Exect Retire Pla	utive ment
Craig R. Ramsey	T2012	\$ 21,581	\$	11,190
	FY2012	39,071		20,258
	FY2011	17,441		9,043
John D. McDonald	T2012	84,072		43,591
	FY2012	97,301		50,450
	FY2011	44,869		23,264
Mark A. McDonald	T2012	53,717		26,053

- (8) This column also includes the nonqualified deferred compensation above market earnings for the difference between market interest rates determined pursuant to SEC rules and the interest contingently credited by the Company on salary deferred by the Named Executive Officers. For the Transition Period, the above market earnings of 4.9% to 7.8% for Mr. John McDonald, Mr. Mark McDonald, and Mr. Gerardo Lopez were \$3,746, \$8,024, and \$7,387, respectively. For fiscal 2012, the above market earnings of 4.1% for Mr. Craig Ramsey were \$1,855. For fiscal 2011, above market earnings of 17.6% to 23.8% for Mr. Craig Ramsey and Mr. John McDonald were \$19,212 and \$17,630, respectively. Further discussion on the nonqualified deferred compensation for the Named Executive Officers can be found in the Compensation Discussion and Analysis Nonqualified Deferred Compensation section.
- (9) All Other Compensation is comprised of Company matching contributions under our 401(k) savings plan which is a qualified defined contribution plan, life insurance premiums, amusement park passes, and amounts received upon cancellation of unvested restricted stock

(performance vesting) awards in connection with the Merger. The following table summarizes "All Other Compensation" provided to the Named Executive Officers for the Transition Period:

	Company Matching Contributions to 401(k) Plan	Life Insurance Premiums	Amusement Park Pass	Imputed Earnings for Gift Card	Settlement of Restricted Stock (performance vesting)	Total
Gerardo I. Lopez	s —	\$ 1,311	s —	s —	\$ 256,482	\$ 257,793
Craig R. Ramsey	6,124	3,762	_	5	153,791	163,682
Elizabeth Frank	6,640	545	2,000	_	51,101	60,286
John D. McDonald	5,542	2,451	_	_	153,791	161,784
Mark A. McDonald	6,731	1,188	_	_	51,101	59,020

In connection with the change of control, this column also includes the fair value settlement of the fiscal 2013 and fiscal 2014 restricted stock (performance vesting) for T2012. The fiscal 2013 and fiscal 2014 restricted stock (performance vesting) had not been granted per ASC 718-10-55-95 as the Compensation Committee did not approved the performance target for the restricted stock (performance vesting) awards for fiscal 2013 and fiscal 2014 were cancelled immediately prior to the closing of the Merger. Holders of unvested restricted stock (performance vesting) awards for fiscal 2013 and fiscal 2014 were cancelled immediately prior to the closing of the Merger. Holders of unvested restricted stock (performance vesting) awards received payments for each restricted share equal to the per share consideration received in the Merger.

Compensation of Named Executive Officers

The Summary Compensation Table above quantifies the value of the different forms of compensation earned by or awarded to our Named Executive Officers during the Transition Period. The primary elements of each Named Executive Officer's total compensation reported in the table generally are base salary and annual bonus, although for the 2012 Transition Period the Management Bonus was a significant component of the Named Executive Officers' total compensation.

The Summary Compensation Table should be read in conjunction with the tables and narrative descriptions that follow. A description of the material terms of each Named Executive Officer's base salary and annual bonus is provided below.

The "Pension Benefits" table and related description of the material terms of our pension plans describe each Named Executive Officer's retirement benefits under the Companies' defined-benefit pension plans to provide context to the amounts listed in the Summary Compensation Table. The "Grant of Plan-based Awards" table and related footnotes provides material terms of the Company's annual incentive plan and MPSP plan. The discussion in the section "Potential Payments Upon Termination or Change of Control" explains the potential future payments that may become payable to our Named Executive Officers. The Management Bonus is discussed in "Current Executive Compensation Program Elements—Special Incentive Bonuses" under "Compensation Discussion and Analysis".

Description of Employment Agreements—Salary and Bonus Amounts

We have entered into employment agreements with each of Mr. Gerardo Lopez, Mr. Craig Ramsey, Ms. Elizabeth Frank, Mr. John McDonald, and Mr. Mark McDonald. Provisions of these agreements relating to an outstanding incentive award and post-termination of employment benefits are discussed below.

Gerardo I. Lopez. On February 23, 2009, AMC Entertainment Inc. entered into an employment agreement with Gerardo I. Lopez to serve as its Chief Executive Officer. The term of the agreement is for three years, with automatic one-year extensions each year. The agreement provides that Mr. Lopez will receive an initial annualized base salary of \$700,000. The Board of Directors or Compensation Committee, based on its review, has discretion to increase (but not reduce) the base salary each year. The agreement also provides for annual bonuses for Mr. Lopez determined by the Board or Compensation Committee based on performance objectives established with respect to that particular year. In addition, Mr. Lopez is receiving a one-time special incentive bonus that vests at the rate of \$400,000 per year over five years, effective March 2009, provided he remains employed on each vesting date. The first four installments of the special incentive bonus were paid as of March 2013 and the fifth

installment is payable upon vesting. In making its determination with respect to salary and bonus levels, the Compensation Committee considers the factors discussed in the "Current Executive Compensation Program Elements" of the Compensation Discussion and Analysis above. The agreement also provides that Mr. Lopez will be eligible for benefits offered by the Company to other executive officers and will be entitled to reimbursements for expenses reasonably incurred in connection with related business expenses and travel. Change of control, severance arrangements and restrictive covenants in Mr. Lopez's employment agreement are discussed in detail below in the narrative section "Potential Payments Upon Termination or Change of Control."

Craig R. Ramsey. On July 1, 2001, AMC and AMCE entered into an employment agreement with Craig R. Ramsey, who serves as the Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of the Company and reports directly to AMCE's Chairman of the Board, President and Chief Executive Officer. The term of the agreement is for two years, with automatic one-year extensions each year. The agreement provides that Mr. Ramsey will receive an initial annualized base salary of \$275,000. Subject to their review, the Chairman of the Board, President and Chief Executive Officer of AMCE and, if applicable, the Compensation Committee has discretion to increase the base salary each year. The agreement also provides for annual bonuses for Mr. Ramsey based on the applicable incentive compensation program of the Company and consistent with the determination of the Chairman of the Board, President and Chief Executive Officer of AMCE and, if applicable, the Compensation Committee. In making its determination with respect to salary and bonus levels, the Compensation Committee considers the factors discussed in the "Current Executive Compensation Program Elements" of the Compensation Discussion and Analysis above. In addition, the agreement provides that Mr. Ramsey will be eligible for benefits offered by the Company to other executive officers and will be entitled to reimbursements for expenses reasonably incurred in connection with business travel and entertainment. Change of control and severance arrangements in Mr. Ramsey's employment agreement are discussed in detail below in the narrative section "Potential Payments Upon Termination or Change of Control."

Elizabeth Frank. On August 18, 2010, AMC Entertainment Inc. entered into an employment agreement with Elizabeth Frank, who currently serves as the Executive Vice President and Chief Content and Programming Officer. The term of the agreement is for two years, with automatic one-year extensions each year. The agreement provides that Ms. Frank will receive an initial annualized base salary of \$300,000. Subject to their review, the Board or the Compensation Committee has discretion to increase (but not reduce) the base salary each year. The agreement also provides for annual bonuses for Ms. Frank and the target incentive for a particular fiscal year of the Company shall be determined by the Board of Directors or the Compensation Committee, in its sole discretion, based on performance objectives. The target incentive bonus for each fiscal year during the period of employment shall equal 60% of the base salary. In making its determination with respect to salary and bonus levels, the Committee considers the factors discussed in the "Current Executive Compensation Program Elements" of the Compensation Discussion and Analysis above. In addition, the agreement provides that Ms. Frank will be eligible for benefits offered by the Company to other executive officers and will be entitled to reimbursements for expenses reasonably incurred in connection with carrying out the Executive's duties for the Company. Severance arrangements in Ms. Frank's employment agreement are discussed in detail below in the narrative section "Potential Payments Upon Termination or Change of Control."

John D. McDonald. On July 1, 2001, AMC and AMC Entertainment Inc. entered into an employment agreement with John D. McDonald, who serves as an Executive Vice President, U.S. Operations. Mr. McDonald reports directly to AMC's President and Chief Operating Officer or such officer's designee. The term of the agreement is for two years, with automatic one-year extensions each year. The agreement provides that Mr. McDonald will receive an initial annualized base salary of \$275,000. Subject to their review, the President and Chief Operating Officer of AMC with the approval

of AMC Entertainment's Chairman of the Board, President and Chief Executive Officer and, if applicable, the Compensation Committee have discretion to increase the base salary each year. The agreement also provides for annual bonuses for Mr. McDonald based on the applicable incentive compensation program of the Company and consistent with the determination of the President and Chief Operating Officer of AMC with the approval of AMC Entertainment's Chairman of the Board, President and Chief Executive Officer and, if applicable, the Compensation Committee. In making its determination with respect to salary and bonus levels, the Compensation Committee considers the factors discussed in the "Current Executive Compensation Program Elements" of the Compensation Discussion and Analysis above. In addition, the agreement provides that Mr. McDonald will be eligible for benefits offered by the Company to other executive officers and will be entitled to reimbursements for expenses reasonably incurred in connection with business travel and entertainment. Change of control and severance arrangements in Mr. McDonalds' employment agreements are discussed in detail below in the narrative section "Potential Payments Upon Termination or Change of Control."

Mark A. McDonald. On July 1, 2001, AMC Entertainment Inc. entered into an employment agreement with Mark A. McDonald who currently serves as the Executive Vice President of Global Development. The term of the agreement is for two years, with automatic one-year extensions each year. The agreement provides that Mr. McDonald will receive an initial annualized base salary of \$225,000 subject to review by the Chairman of the Board, President and Chief Executive Officer of AMCE and, if applicable, the Compensation Committee. The agreement also provides for annual bonuses for Mr. McDonald based on the applicable incentive compensation program of the Company and consistent with the determination of the Chairman of the Board, President and Chief Executive Officer of AMCE and, if applicable, the Committee Committee. In making its determination with respect to salary and bonus levels, the Committee considers the factors discussed in the "Current Executive Compensation Program Elements" of the Compensation Discussion and Analysis above. In addition, the agreement provides that Mr. McDonald will be eligible for benefits offered by the Company to other executive officers and will be entitled to reimbursements for expenses reasonably incurred in connection with business travel and entertainment. Change in control and severance arrangements in Mr. McDonald's employment agreement are discussed in detail below in the narrative section "Potential Payments Upon Termination or Change in Control."

Grants of Plan-based Awards—Transition Period

The following table summarizes plan-based awards granted to Named Executive Officers during the Transition Period of March 30, 2012 through December 31, 2012:

Name	Grant Date	Approval Date	Pa Non-	ed Possible ayouts Unde Equity Incer Plan Awards Target (\$)	er ntive		Equity Ir an Awar	ds	All Other Stock Awards: Number of Shares of Stock or Units (#)	All Other Option Awards: Number of Securities Underlying Options (#)	Exercise Or Base Price of Option Awards (\$/Sh)	Grant Date Fair Value of Stock and Option Awards
Gerardo I. Lopez	Grant Date	Date	(3)	(4)		(11)			(")		(9/51)	Awarus
AIP—Company(1)	N/A	N/A	s —	\$ 434,600	\$ 869,200	_	_	_	_	_	s —	s —
AIP—Individual(2)	N/A	N/A		108,650	162,975	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
MPSP(3)	N/A	N/A	_	204,128	521,118(4)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Craig R. Ramsey												
AIP—Company(1)	N/A	N/A	_	231,400	462,800	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
AIP—Individual(2)	N/A	N/A	_	57,850	86,775	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
MPSP(3)	N/A	N/A	_	79,156	202,078(4)	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Elizabeth Frank												
AIP—Company(1)	N/A	N/A	_	162,000	324,000	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
AIP—Individual(2)	N/A	N/A	_	108,000	162,000	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
MPSP(3)	N/A	N/A	_	79,156	202,078(4)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
John D. McDonald												
AIP—Company(1)	N/A	N/A	_	226,200	452,400	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
AIP—Individual(2)	N/A	N/A	_	56,550	84,825	_	_		_	_	_	_
MPSP(3)	N/A	N/A	_	79,156	202,078(4)	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Mark A. McDonald												
AIP—Company(1)	N/A	N/A	_	117,000	234,000	_	_	_	_		_	_
AIP—Individual(2)	N/A	N/A	_	78,000	117,000	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
MPSP(3)	N/A	N/A	_	79,156	202,078(4)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_

- (1) The company component bonus of the annual incentive compensation program was based primarily on attainment of a net income target of \$1.0 million for the 12 months ended December 31, 2012. The plan guideline was that no company performance component of the bonus would be paid below attainment of 100% of targeted net income and that upon attainment of 100% of targeted net income, each Named Executive Officer would receive 100% of his/her assigned bonus target. For each \$1.0 million of additional net income generated in the calendar year (amounts in excess of \$1.0 million of net income but not exceeding \$21.0 million of net income), 5% of additional AIP payout would be awarded up to a maximum award of 200% of the target payout. The Compensation Committee approved the company component bonus of 200% for the Transition Period under the annual incentive compensation program.
- (2) The individual component bonus of the annual incentive compensation plan for the Transition Period was determined during the first quarter of calendar 2013 following a review of each Named Executive Officer's individual performance and contribution to the Company's strategic and financial goals.
- (3) The amounts shown in this row presents the management profit sharing plan, also known as MPSP, which was based on attainment of an adjusted net income target of \$10.0 million for the plan year ended December 31, 2012. Upon attainment of 100% of targeted adjusted net income, each Named Executive Officer would receive 100% of his/her assigned bonus target. If the adjusted net income is equal to or exceeds 100% of targeted adjusted net income, the Company will pay 10% of the adjusted net income and each Named Executive Officer will receive a pro rata amount of the total award based on the proportion of his/her targeted bonus amounts for all participants. The MPSP bonus for each plan year is unlimited. For the plan year ended December 31, 2012, the Company obtained an adjusted net income of \$25.5 million. The Compensation Committee approved the MPSP bonus of 10% for the Transition Period and each Named Executive Officer received his/her assigned pro rata bonus amount.
- (4) Amounts shown represent actual award as MPSP is based on 10% of adjusted net profit.

Outstanding Equity Awards at end of December 31, 2012

There were no outstanding equity awards of Parent's common stock held by our Named Executive Officers as of December 31, 2012.

Option Exercises and Stock Vested—Transition Period

None of our Named Executive Officers exercised options during the Transition Period. Upon the change of control as a result of the Merger, all of the stock options and restricted stock interests under both the amended and restated 2004 Stock Option Plan and the 2010 Equity Incentive Plan were cancelled immediately prior to the closing of the Merger on August 30, 2012. Named Executive

Officers who held such options received payments for each option equal to the difference (if any) between the per share consideration received in the Merger and the exercise price of their options. Named Executive Officers who held the unvested restricted stock awards received payments for each restricted share equal to the per share consideration received in the Merger. The following table summarizes the settlement payments made to the Named Executive Officers during the Transition Period:

		2004 Stock Option Settlement		Stock ettlement	Stock Se	estricted ettlement Vesting)	2010 Restricted Stock Settlement (Performance Vesting)		
	Number of Shares Cancelled (#)	Value Realized on Settlement (\$)(1)	Number of Shares Cancelled (#)	Value Realized on Settlement (\$)(1)	Number of Shares Cancelled (#)	Value Realized on Settlement (\$)(1)	Number of Shares Cancelled (#)	Value Realized on Settlement (\$)(2)	
Gerardo I. Lopez	15,980.5	\$ 2,637,605	1,048.0		1,048.0	\$ 512,474	524.5	\$ 256,482	
Craig R. Ramsey	4,092.3	_	629.0	_	629.0	307,582	314.5	153,791	
Elizabeth Frank	_	_	210.0	_	210.0	102,690	104.5	51,101	
John D. McDonald	2,046.1	_	629.0	_	629.0	307,582	314.5	153,791	
Mark A. McDonald	2,046.1	_	210.0	_	210.0	102,690	104.5	51,101	

- The value of the shares shown in these columns were included in the "Stock Awards" and "Option Awards" column of the Summary Compensation Table in prior years based on grant date fair values.
- (2) The amount in this column is included in the All Other Compensation column of the Summary Compensation Table for T2012.

Payment and Release of Escrowed Funds. In connection with the closing of the Merger and as defined in the Merger Agreement, \$35.0 million of consideration otherwise payable to equity holders was deposited in an Indemnity Escrow Fund and \$2.0 million otherwise payable to equity holders was deposited in an account designated by the Stockholder Representative. On or following the Indemnity Escrow Termination Date and the release of all amounts remaining in the Indemnity Escrow Fund and the release of any portion of the Stockholder Representative Reserve, the Named Executive Officers would receive a maximum settlement in the future year as follows:

				Restricted Stock	Restricted Stock
Option Plan(1)		Option Plan		(Time Vesting)(1)	(Performance Vesting)(2)
\$	269,635	\$	179,757	\$ 29,471	\$ 14,749
	106,536		_	17,689	8,844
	_		_	5,906	2,938
	53,268		_	17,689	8,844
	53,268		_	5,906	2,938
		106,536 — 53,268	Option Plan(1) O \$ 269,635 \$ 106,536	Option Plan(1) Option Plan \$ 269,635 \$ 179,757 106,536 — 53,268 —	Option Plan(1) Option Plan (Time Vesting)(1) \$ 269,633 \$ 179,757 \$ 29,471 106,536 — 17,689 - — 5,906 53,268 — 17,689

- (1) The value of the shares shown in these columns were included in the "Stock Awards" and "Option Awards" column of the Summary Compensation Table in prior years based on grant date fair values.
- The amount in this column represents the maximum amount that will be included in the "All Other Compensation" column of the Summary Compensation Table in the year the Named Executive Officer receives payment.

Pension Benefits

The following table presents information regarding the present value of accumulated benefits that may become payable to the Named Executive Officers under our qualified and nonqualified defined-benefit pension plans.

Name	Plan Name	Number of Years Credited Service (#)	Present Value of Accumulated Benefit(1) (\$)	Payments During Transition Period (\$)
Gerardo I. Lopez			\$ —	_
Craig R. Ramsey	Defined Benefit Retirement Income Plan	12.00	257,942	
	Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan	12.00	133,741	_
Elizabeth Frank	_	_	_	_
John D. McDonald	Defined Benefit Retirement Income Plan	31.05	544,113	_
	Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan	31.05	282,118	_
Mark A. McDonald	Defined Benefit Retirement Income Plan	26.60	429,560	_
	Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan	26.60	208,342	_

⁽¹⁾ The accumulated benefit is based on service and earnings considered by the plans for the period through December 31, 2012. The present value has been calculated assuming the Named Executive Officers will remain in service until age 65, the age at which retirement may occur without any reduction in benefits, and that the benefit is payable under the available forms of annuity consistent with the plans. The interest assumption is 4.17%. The post-retirement mortality assumption is based on the 2012 IRS Prescribed Mortality-Static Annuitant, male and female mortality table. See Note 12—Employee Benefit Plans of the Notes to the Company's audited Consolidated Financial Statements contained elsewhere in this prospectus for more information.

Pension and Other Retirement Plans

We provide retirement benefits to the Named Executive Officers under the terms of qualified and non-qualified defined-benefit plans. The AMC Defined Benefit Retirement Income Plan is a tax-qualified retirement plan in which the Named Executive Officers participate on substantially the same terms as our other participating employees. However, due to maximum limitations imposed by ERISA and the Internal Revenue Code on the annual amount of a pension which may be paid under a qualified defined-benefit plan, the benefits that would otherwise be payable to the Named Executive Officers under the Defined Benefit Retirement Income Plan are limited. Because we did not believe that it was appropriate for the Named Executive Officers to receive the same benefit that would be paid under our qualified defined-benefit plan up to the old IRS limit, as indexed, as if the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1993 had not been in effect. On November 7, 2006, our Board of Directors approved a proposal to freeze the AMC Defined Benefit Retirement Income Plan and the AMC Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan, effective as of December 31, 2006, but vesting continues for associates with less than five years of vesting service. The material terms of the AMC Defined Benefit Retirement Income Plan and the AMC Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan are described below.

AMC Defined Benefit Retirement Income Plan. The AMC Defined Benefit Retirement Income Plan is a non-contributory defined-benefit pension plan subject to the provisions of ERISA. As mentioned above, the plan was frozen effective December 31, 2006.

The plan provides benefits to certain of our employees based upon years of credited service and the highest consecutive five-year average annual remuneration for each participant. For purposes of calculating benefits, average annual compensation is limited by Section 401(a)(17) of the Internal Revenue Code, and is based upon wages, salaries and other amounts paid to the employee for personal services, excluding certain special compensation. Under the defined benefit plan, a participant earns a vested right to an accrued benefit upon completion of five years of vesting service.

AMC Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan. AMC also sponsors a Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan to provide the same level of retirement benefits that would have been provided under the retirement plan had the federal tax law not been changed in the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1993 to reduce the amount of compensation which can be taken into account in a qualified retirement plan. The plan was frozen, effective December 31, 2006, and no new participants can enter the plan and no additional benefits can accrue thereafter.

Subject to the forgoing, any individual who is eligible to receive a benefit from the AMC Defined Benefit Retirement Income Plan after qualifying for early, normal or late retirement benefits thereunder, the amount of which is reduced by application of the maximum limitations imposed by the Internal Revenue Code, is eligible to participate in the Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan

The benefit payable to a participant equals the monthly amount the participant would receive under the AMC Defined Benefit Retirement Income Plan without giving effect to the maximum recognizable compensation for qualified retirement plan purposes imposed by the Internal Revenue Code, as amended by Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1993, less the monthly amount of the retirement benefit actually payable to the participant under the AMC Defined Benefit Retirement Income Plan, each as calculated as of December 31, 2006. The benefit is an amount equal to the actuarial equivalent of his/her benefit, computed by the formula above, payable in either a lump sum (in certain limited circumstances, specified in the plan) or equal semi-annual installments over a period of two to ten years, with such form, and, if applicable, period, having been irrevocably elected by the participant.

If a participant's employment with AMC terminates for any reason (or no reason) before the earliest date he/she qualifies for early, normal or late retirement benefits under the AMC Defined Benefit Retirement Income Plan, no benefit is payable under the Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan.

Nonqualified Deferred Compensation

The following table presents information regarding the contributions to and earnings on the Named Executive Officers' deferred compensation balances during the Transition Period of March 30, 2012 through December 31, 2012:

	Executive Contributions in Last FY		Registrant Contributions in Last FY		Aggregate Earnings in Last FY		Aggregate Withdrawals/ Distributions		Aggregate Balance at Last FYE	
Name		(\$)(1)	_	(\$)	_	(\$)(2)	_	(\$)	_	(\$)(3)
Gerardo I. Lopez	\$	131,347	\$	_	\$	11,695	\$	_	\$	160,773
Craig R. Ramsey		21,801		_		6,242		_		236,865
Elizabeth Frank		_		_		_		_		_
John D. McDonald		44,021		_		9,237		_		199,237
Mark A. McDonald		36,956		_		19,387		(4,358)		412,581

- (1) These amounts represent payroll deductions for the applicable executive and are therefore included in the Summary Compensation Table.
- (2) Of the amounts shown in this column, the following amounts are reported as above-market earnings on deferred compensation in the "Change in Pension Value and Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Earnings" column of the Summary Compensation Table: Mr. Gerardo Lopez—\$7,387 and Mr. John McDonald—\$3,746, and Mr. Mark McDonald—\$8,024.
- (3) The amounts reported include amounts included in Summary Compensation Table for current and prior years.

Non-Qualified Deferred Compensation Plan

AMC permits the Named Executive Officers and other key employees to elect to receive a portion of their compensation reported in the Summary Compensation Table on a deferred basis. Deferrals of compensation during the Transition Period and in recent years have been made under the AMC Non-Qualified Deferred Compensation Plan. Participants of the plan are able to defer annual salary and bonus (excluding commissions, expense reimbursement or allowances, cash and non-cash fringe benefits and any stock-based incentive compensation). Amounts deferred under the plans are credited with an investment return determined as if the participant's account were invested in one or more investment funds made available by the Committee and selected by the participant. AMC may, but need not, credit the deferred compensation account will be distributed either in a lump sum payment or in equal annual installments over a term not to exceed 10 years as elected by the participant and may be distributed pursuant to in-service withdrawals pursuant to certain circumstances. Any such payment shall commence upon the date of a "Qualifying Distribution Event" (as such term is defined in the Non-Qualified Deferred Compensation Plan). The Qualifying Distribution Events are designed to be compliant with Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code.

Pursuant to his employment agreement, Mr. Gerardo Lopez is entitled to a one-time special incentive bonus of \$2.0 million that vests at the rate of \$400,000 per year over five years, effective March 2009, provided that he remains employed on each vesting date. The first four installments of the special incentive bonus were paid as of March 2013 and the fifth installment is payable upon vesting.

Potential Payments Upon Termination or Change of Control

The following section describes the benefits that may become payable to certain Named Executive Officers in connection with a termination of their employment with Parent and/or a change of control of Parent, changes in responsibilities, salary or benefits.

Assumptions. As prescribed by the SEC's disclosure rules, in calculating the amount of any potential payments to the Named Executive Officers under the arrangements described below, we have assumed that the applicable triggering event (i.e., termination of employment and/or change of control) occurred on the last day of the Transition Period.

Gerardo I. Lopez

Mr. Lopez's employment agreement, described above under "Employment Agreements—Salary and Bonus Payments," provides for certain benefits to be paid to Mr. Lopez in connection with a termination of his employment with AMC Entertainment Inc. under the circumstances described below.

Severance Benefits. In the event Mr. Lopez's employment is terminated during the employment term by AMC Entertainment without cause (other than due to death or "Disability"), or by Mr. Lopez pursuant to a termination for "Good Reason" or after a "Change of Control" (as those terms are defined in the employment agreement), Mr. Lopez will be entitled to severance pay equal to two times the sum of his base salary plus the average of each Annual Incentive Plan bonus paid to him during the 24 months preceding the severance date to be paid in equal installments over a period of twenty-four consecutive months. The remaining unpaid Special Incentive Bonus of \$800,000 shall immediately vest in full upon Mr. Lopez's involuntary termination within twelve months after a change of control, as defined in the employment agreement.

If Mr. Lopez had his terminated employment with us on December 31, 2012 pursuant to his employment agreement under the circumstances described in the preceding paragraph, we estimate that he would have been entitled to a cash payment equal to \$1.6 million. This amount is derived by multiplying two by the sum of \$776,100, which represents Mr. Lopez's annualized base salary rate in effect on December 31, 2012. Mr. Lopez also would have been entitled to a cash payment equal to the average of each Annual Incentive Plan bonus paid during the past 24 months. Mr. Lopez received an Annual Incentive Plan bonus for the Transition Period, based on calendar 2012 results, and for fiscal 2012 of \$999,580 and \$358,670, respectively, which would entitle him to receive an average Annual Incentive Plan cash payment of \$679,125. The remaining two-fifths of the Special Incentive Bonus of \$2.0 million, or \$800,000, shall immediately vest and be paid in full upon Mr. Lopez's involuntary termination within twelve months after a change of control.

Other Named Executive Officers

The employment agreements for each of the other Named Executive Officers, described above under "Employment Agreements—Salary and Bonus Payments," provide for certain benefits to be paid to the executive in connection with a termination of his/her employment with AMC or AMC Entertainment under the circumstances described below and/or a change of control of AMC or AMC Entertainment.

Severance Benefits. In the event the executive's employment is terminated during the employment term as a result of the executive's death or "Disability" or by AMC or AMC Entertainment pursuant to a "Termination Without Cause" or by the executive following certain changes in his/her responsibilities, annual base salary or benefits, the executive (or his/her personal representative) will be entitled to a lump cash severance payment equal to two years of his/her base salary then in effect. Ms. Frank will be entitled to receive cash severance payments equal to two years of her individual base salary in equal installments over a period of twenty-four consecutive months and, pursuant to her

employment agreement, is not entitled to severance benefits for an employment termination resulting from death or "Disability".

Upon a termination of employment with us on December 31, 2012 under the circumstances described in the preceding paragraph, we estimate that each Named Executive Officer (other than Mr. Lopez) would have been entitled to a lump sum cash payment as follows: Mr. Craig Ramsey—\$890,000; Ms. Elizabeth Frank—\$900,000; Mr. John McDonald—\$870,000; and Mr. Mark McDonald—\$650,000. These amounts are derived by multiplying the respective executive's annualized base salary rate in effect on December 31, 2012 by two.

Restrictive Covenants. Pursuant to each Named Executive Officer's employment agreement, the executive has agreed not to disclose any confidential information of AMC or AMC Entertainment at any time during or after his/her employment with AMC/AMC Entertainment.

Director Compensation—Transition Period

The following section presents information regarding the compensation paid during Transition Period to members of our Board of Directors who are not our employees (referred to herein as "Non-Employee Directors"). The compensation paid to Mr. Gerardo I. Lopez, who is also an employee, is presented above in the Summary Compensation Table and the related explanatory tables. Mr. Lopez did not receive additional compensation for his service as a director.

Non-Employee Directors

One of our non-employee directors, Anthony J. Saich, receives an annual cash retainer of \$100,000, plus an annual cash retainer of \$20,000 for serving on an audit committee and an annual cash retainer of \$20,000 for serving on a compensation committee, plus \$2,500 for each board meeting or committee meeting. The other three non-employee directors do not receive any compensation from the Company. Prior to the Merger, we paid our directors an annual cash retainer of \$50,000, plus \$1,500 for each meeting of the board of directors they attended in person or by phone, plus \$1,000 for each committee meeting they attended. We also reimbursed all directors for any out-of-pocket expenses incurred by them in connection with their services provided in such capacity.

The following table presents information regarding the compensation of our non-employee Directors from March 30, 2012 through December 31, 2012:

Name_	(Fees earned or paid in cash (\$)	Aw	ock ards \$)	Opti Awa (\$)	rds	Non-equity Incentive Plan Compensation (\$)	Changes in Pension Value and Nonqualified Deferred Compensation (\$)	All other Compensation (\$)	 Total (\$)
Aaron J. Stone(1)	\$	1,500	\$	_	\$	_	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 1,500
Dr. Dana B. Ardi(1)		1,500		_		_	_	_	_	1,500
Stephen P. Murray(1)		1,500		_		_	_	_	_	1,500
Philip H. Loughlin(1)		1,500		_		_	_	_	_	1,500
Eliot P. S. Merrill(1)		3,500		_		_	_	_	_	3,500
Brion B. Applegate(1)		3,500		_		_	_	_	_	3,500
Lee Solomon(1)		3,500		_		_	_	_	_	3,500
Lin Zhang(2)		_		_		_	_	_	_	_
Chaohui Liu(2)		_		_		_	_	_	_	_
Ning Ye(2)		_		_		_	_	_	_	_
Anthony J. Saich(2)		91,666		_		_	_	_	_	91,666

- (1) On August 30, 2012, in connection with the consummation of the Merger, Aaron J. Stone, Dana B. Ardi, Stephen P. Murray, Philip H. Loughlin, Eliot P.S. Merrill, Brion B. Applegate, and Lee Solomon resigned as members of the Boards of Directors.
- (2) As a result of the Merger on August 30, 2012, Lin Zhang, Chaohui Liu, Ning Ye, and Anthony J. Saich were elected as members of the Company's Board of Directors.

Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation

The Compensation Committee members whose names appear on the Compensation Committee Report were committee members during the period August 31, 2012 through December 31, 2012. Prior to the Merger, Stephen P. Murray, Aaron J. Stone, Eliot P.S. Merrill, and Philip Loughlin were Compensation Committee members during the period of March 30, 2012 through August 30, 2012. No member of the Compensation Committee who served at any time during the Transition Period is or has been a former or current executive officer of the Company or has had any relationships requiring disclosure by the Company under the SEC's rules requiring disclosure of certain relationships and related-party transactions. None of the Company's executive officers served as a director or a member of a compensation committee (or other committee serving an equivalent function) of any other entity that has one or more executive officers serving on our Board of Directors or on the Compensation Committee during the period March 30, 2012 through December 31, 2012.

Risk Oversight

The Board of Directors executes its oversight responsibility for risk management directly and through its Committees, as follows:

The Audit Committee has primary oversight responsibility with respect to financial and accounting risks. The Audit Committee discusses with management the Company's major financial risk exposures and the Company's risk assessment and risk management processes and systems of internal control. The Chairman of the Audit Committee reports to the full Board regarding material risks as deemed appropriate.

The Board's other Committees oversee risks associated with their respective areas of responsibility. For example, the Compensation Committee considers the risks associated with our compensation policies and practices, with respect to both executive compensation and compensation generally. The Board of Directors is kept abreast of its Committees' risk oversight and other activities via reports of the Committee Chairmen to the full Board. These reports are presented at every regular Board of Directors meeting and include discussions of Committee agenda topics, including matters involving risk oversight.

The Board of Directors considers specific risk topics, including risks associated with our Annual Operating Plan and our capital structure. In addition, the Board of Directors receives detailed regular reports from the members of our SLT that include discussions of the risks and exposures involved in their respective areas of responsibility. Further, the Board of Directors is routinely informed of developments that could affect our risk profile or other aspects of our business.

Policies and Practices as They Relate to Risk Management

The Compensation Committee believes the elements of the Company's executive compensation program effectively link performance-based compensation to financial goals and stockholders' interests without encouraging executives to take unnecessary or excessive risks in the pursuit of those objectives. The Compensation Committee believes that the overall mix of compensation elements is appropriately balanced and does not encourage the taking of short-term risks at the expense of long-term results. The long term incentive plan awards are payable in cash on an annual basis and are subject to the Company achieving a predetermined adjusted net profit target (as defined in the plan) for each plan year ending on December 31, 2012, 2013, 2014, and 2015. The Compensation Committee believes the long-term incentive bonus awards allow the Company to attract, retain and provide incentives to a talented management team, together with the Company stock owned by its executives, appropriately links the long-term interests of executives and stockholders, and balances the short-term nature of annual incentive cash bonuses and any incentives for undue risk-taking in our other compensation arrangements.

PRINCIPAL STOCKHOLDERS

The following table sets forth certain information regarding beneficial ownership of our capital stock as of August 26, 2013 after giving effect to the Reclassification, with respect to:

- · each person or group of affiliated persons known by us to own beneficially more than 5% of the outstanding shares of any class of its capital stock, together with their addresses;
- each of our directors;
- each of our Named Executive Officers; and
- all directors and nominees and executive officers as a group.

		Percentage of Share Beneficially Owned		
	Number of Shares	Before	After	
Name and Address	Beneficially Owned	Offering	Offering	
5% Beneficial Owners:				
Wanda America Investment Holding Co. Ltd., a wholly-owned indirect subsidiary of Dalian Wanda				
Group Co., Ltd.(1)		99.88%)	
Directors and Named Executive Officers:		*		
Gerardo I. Lopez(2)		*		
Craig R. Ramsey(2)		*		
Elizabeth Frank(2)		*		
John D. McDonald(2)		*		
Mark A. McDonald(2)		*		
All directors and executive officers as a group (14 persons)		*		

^{*} less than 1%

(1) Wanda is beneficially owned by Mr. Jianlin Wang.

The address of Wanda American Investment Holding Co. Ltd. is c/o The Corporation Trust Company, 1209 Orange Street, Wilmington, Delaware 19801.

(2) The address of such person is c/o AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc., 11500 Ash Street, Leawood, Kansas 66211.

DESCRIPTION OF CERTAIN INDEBTEDNESS

As of June 30, 2013 we had \$2.2 billion of outstanding indebtedness. The following is a summary of provisions relating to our indebtedness.

Senior Secured Credit Facility

On April 30, 2013, AMCE entered into a new \$925.0 million senior secured credit facility, the proceeds of which were used to repay its prior credit facility, for the payment of related fees and expenses and for working capital and general corporate purposes including acquisitions. The senior secured credit facility is comprised of:

- a \$775.0 million term loan, maturing on April 30, 2020; and
- a \$150.0 million revolving credit facility maturing on April 30, 2018.

As of June 30, 2013, \$773.1 million of principal was outstanding on the term loan and approximately \$11.5 million in letters of credit issued under the senior secured credit facility were outstanding, leaving \$138.5 million available under our revolving credit facility.

Interest Rate and Fees

The borrowings under the senior secured credit facility bear interest at a rate equal to an applicable margin plus, at our option, either (a) a base rate determined by reference to the highest of (and subject to a 1.75% base rate floor) (1) the base rate of Citibank, N.A., (2) the federal funds rate plus \(^{1}/2\) of 1% and (3) the LIBOR rate described below for an interest period of one month plus 1.00% or (b) a LIBOR rate (subject to a 0.75% LIBOR floor) determined by reference to the offered rate for deposits in U.S. dollars appearing on the applicable Reuters screen for the interest period relevant to such borrowing adjusted for certain additional reserves. The current applicable margin for borrowings under the revolving credit facility is 1.50% with respect to base rate borrowings and 2.50% with respect to UIBOR borrowings (which margins may be reduced subject to our attaining certain net senior secured leverage ratios), the applicable margin for borrowings under the term loan is 1.75% with respect to base rate borrowings and 2.75% with respect to LIBOR borrowings.

In addition to paying interest on outstanding principal under the senior secured credit facility, AMCE is required to pay a quarterly unused commitment fee to the lenders under the revolving credit facility in respect of the unutilized commitments thereunder at a rate equal to 0.50% per annum.

Prepayments

The senior secured credit facility requires AMCE to prepay outstanding term loans, subject to certain exceptions, with:

- Commencing with the fiscal year ended on or about December 31, 2014, 50% of AMCE's excess cash flow for each fiscal year if AMCE's net senior secured leverage ratio is greater than a certain threshold as of the last day of such fiscal year, if and to the extent excess cash flow exceeds \$20.0 million for such fiscal year;
- 100% of the net cash proceeds of all non-ordinary course asset sales and casualty and condemnation events, subject to certain reinvestment rights, exceptions and limitations; and
- 100% of the net proceeds of any incurrence of debt other than debt permitted under the senior secured credit facility.

Subject to a 101% "soft call" with respect to any prepayment or refinancing of the term loans prior to October 30, 2010, AMCE may voluntarily repay outstanding loans under the senior secured

credit facility at any time without premium or penalty, other than customary "breakage" costs with respect to LIBOR loans.

Amortization

Balances under the term loan amortize each year in amounts equal to 1.00% of the initial principal balance of the term loans, payable in equal quarterly installments, with the remaining balance payable at maturity.

Guarantee and Security

All obligations under the senior secured credit facility are unconditionally guaranteed by, subject to certain exceptions, each of AMCE's existing and future direct and indirect wholly-owned domestic subsidiaries.

All obligations under the senior secured credit facility, and the guarantees of those obligations (as well as cash management obligations and any interest hedging or other swap agreements with lenders and their affiliates), are secured by a pledge of substantially all of AMCE's assets as well as those of each subsidiary guarantor, including, but not limited to, the following, and subject to certain excentions:

- a pledge of 100% of the equity interests of substantially all of AMCE's domestic subsidiaries and 65% of the voting (and 100% of the non-voting) equity interests of AMCE's "first-tier" foreign subsidiaries; and
- a security interest in substantially all of AMCE's tangible and intangible assets as well as those of each subsidiary guarantor.

Certain Covenants and Events of Default

The senior secured credit facility contains a number of covenants that, among other things, restrict, subject to certain exceptions, AMCE's ability, and the ability of AMCE's subsidiaries, to:

- sell assets
- · incur additional indebtedness;
- prepay other indebtedness (including the Notes due 2020);
- · pay dividends and distributions or repurchase its capital stock;
- create liens on assets;
- make investments;
- make certain acquisitions;
- · engage in mergers or consolidations;
- engage in certain transactions with affiliates;
- amend certain charter documents and material agreements governing its subordinated indebtedness;
- change the business conducted by AMCE and its subsidiaries; and
- enter into agreements that restrict dividends from subsidiaries.

In addition, the senior secured credit facility requires AMCE to maintain a maximum net senior secured leverage ratio as long as the commitments under the revolving credit facility remain outstanding.

The senior secured credit facility also contains certain customary affirmative covenants and events of default.

Parent is not a party to the senior secured credit facility and as a result is not subject to the covenants listed above.

Notes due 2019, Notes due 2020

On June 9, 2009, AMCE sold \$600.0 million aggregate principal amount of its Notes due 2019. The Notes due 2019 bear interest at the rate of 8.75% per annum, payable in June and December of each year. The Notes due 2019 are redeemable at our option, in whole or in part, at any time on or after June 1, 2014 at 104.375% of the principal amount thereof, declining ratably to 100% of the principal amount thereof on or after June 1, 2017, plus interest accrued to the redemption date. The Notes due 2019 are unsecured and rank equally with all of AMCE's existing and future senior indebtedness (as defined in the indenture for the Notes due 2019). As of June 30, 2013, we had \$651.3 million carrying value outstanding under our Notes due 2019.

On December 15, 2010, AMCE sold \$600.0 million aggregate principal amount of its Notes due 2020. The Notes due 2020 bear interest at a rate of 9.75% per annum, payable in June and December of each year. The Notes due 2020 are redeemable at our option, in whole or in part, at any time on or after December 1, 2015 at 104.875% of the principal amount thereof, declining ratably to 100% of the principal amount thereof on or after December 1, 2018. In addition, AMCE may redeem up to 35% of the aggregate principal amount of the Notes due 2020 using net proceeds from certain equity offerings completed on or prior to December 1, 2013. As of June 30, 2013, we had \$658.3 million carrying value outstanding under our Notes due 2020.

The indentures relating to the outstanding notes allow AMCE to incur all permitted indebtedness (as defined therein) without restriction, which includes all amounts borrowed under the senior secured credit facility. The indentures also allow AMCE to incur additional debt as long as it can satisfy the coverage ratio of each indenture after giving effect thereto on a pro forma basis.

The indentures also contain covenants limiting dividends, purchases or redemptions of stock, transactions with affiliates and mergers and sales of assets, and require AMCE to make an offer to purchase such notes upon the occurrence of a change in control, as defined in the indentures. These covenants are substantially similar to the covenants in all the indentures are subject to a number of important qualifications. The indentures do not impose any limitation on the incurrence of liabilities that are not considered "indebtedness" under the indentures, such as certain sale/leaseback transactions; nor do the note indentures impose any limitation on the amount of liabilities incurred by our subsidiaries, if any, that might be designated as "unrestricted subsidiaries" (as defined in the indentures). Furthermore, AMCE is not restricted from making advances to, or investing in, other entities (including unaffiliated entities) and its subsidiaries are not restricted from entering into agreements restricting its ability to pay dividends or otherwise transfer funds to it.

The indenture relating to the Notes due 2020, also contains provisions subordinating AMCE's obligations under those notes to its obligations under its existing senior secured credit facility and other senior indebtedness. These include a provision that applies if there is a payment default under its existing senior secured credit facility or other senior indebtedness and one that applies if there is a non-payment default under the senior secured credit facility. If there is a payment default under the senior secured credit facility or other senior indebtedness, generally no payment may be made on any of the Notes due 2020 until such payment default has been cured or waived or such senior indebtedness had been discharged or paid in full. If there is a non-payment default under the senior secured credit facility, or with respect to designated senior indebtedness (as defined), if any, that would permit the lenders to accelerate the maturity date of the existing senior secured credit facility or any such designated senior indebtedness, no payment

may be made on the Notes due 2020 for a period (a "payment blockage period") commencing upon the receipt by the indenture trustees for the Notes due 2020 of notice of such default and ending up to 179 days thereafter. Not more than one payment blockage period may be commenced during any period of 365 consecutive days. AMCE's failure to make payment on the Notes due 2020 when due or within any applicable grace period, whether or not occurring under a payment blockage period, will be an event of default with respect to such existing Notes due 2020.

The proceeds of this offering will be used for general corporate purposes, which may include, among other things, capital expenditures and retirement of outstanding indebtedness, which may include our 8.75% Senior Fixed Rate Notes due 2019. However, we have not made a definitive determination as to how to allocate these proceeds among these and other possible general corporate purposes and we do not anticipate doing so prior to the completion of this offering. See "Risk Factors—We may apply the proceeds of this offering to uses that do not improve our operating results or increase the value of your investment." See "Use of Proceeds."

As of June 30, 2013, AMCE was in compliance with all financial covenants relating to the senior secured credit facility, the Notes due 2019, and the Notes due 2020.

Parent is not a party to the indentures relating to the outstanding notes and as a result is not subject to the covenants listed above.

CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

As a public company we will have a policy that will ensure that all transactions with related parties are fair, reasonable and in the parties' best interest. In this regard, generally the board of directors or one of the committees reviews material transactions between the Company and related parties to determine that, in their best business judgment, such transactions meet that standard. We believe that each of the transactions described below is on terms at least as favorable to it as could have been obtained from an unaffiliated third party. Set forth below is a description of certain transactions which have occurred since April 2, 2010 or which involve obligations that remain outstanding as of June 30, 2013.

For a description of certain employment agreements between us and Messrs. Gerardo I. Lopez, John D. McDonald, Craig R. Ramsey, Elizabeth Frank and Mark A. McDonald see "Compensation Discussion and Analysis—Compensation of Named Executive Officers."

Merger Agreement

As part of the Merger, we entered into an Agreement and Plan of Merger with Wanda (the "Merger Agreement"). Pursuant to the agreement, at the effective time of the merger, Wanda Film Exhibition Co. Ltd., an entity indirectly owned by Wanda was merged with and into the Company. As a result of the merger, Wanda, became our majority stockholder. For further information about the Merger, see Note 2—Merger of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this prospectus.

Subscription Agreement

On the Closing Date of the Merger, Parent and certain members of management (the "Management Shareholders") entered into Management Subscription Agreements (the "Subscription Agreements"). Pursuant to the Subscription Agreement, each Management Shareholder agreed to purchase Class N shares of Parent at the price paid by Wanda for the Class A shares of Parent purchased in connection with the Merger.

Management Stockholders Agreement

On the closing of the Merger, Parent and Wanda entered into a management stockholders agreement with members of management.

Transfer Restrictions. Under the management stockholders agreement, each management shareholder agreed, subject to customary exceptions, not to transfer any shares of Parent acquired in connection with the Merger or acquired after the date of the Merger without the written consent of Wanda prior to the earliest to occur of (i) January 1, 2016 or (ii) the date on which Parent consummates its initial public offering (the "Release Date"). Until the second anniversary following the Release Date, each management shareholder agreed to restrictions on the number of shares of Parent common stock they may transfer.

Put Rights. During the period beginning on January 1, 2016 (or upon the termination of a management stockholder's employment by us without cause, by the management stockholder for good reason, or due to the management stockholder's death or disability) and ending on the earlier of (i) January 1, 2019 and (ii) the date of a qualified public offering, the management shareholders have the right to require Parent to purchase their shares at a price equal to the price per share paid by such management shareholder pursuant to their Subscription Agreement, with appropriate adjustments for any subsequent events such as dividends, splits, combinations and the like (the "Purchase Price per Share"). If Parent has not consummated a qualified public offering by January 1, 2019, then during the period beginning on January 1, 2019 and ending on the date of a qualified public offering, the

management shareholders have the right to require Parent to purchase their shares at a price equal to the greater of (i) the fair market value of the shares and (ii) the Purchase Price per Share. Following a qualified public offering, the Management Shareholders will have the right, in limited circumstances, to require Parent to purchase shares of Parent that are not fully and freely tradeable

Tag-Along Rights. Prior to a qualified public offering, the management shareholders each have customary tag-along rights, which are the rights to include its shares of Parent, on the same terms and conditions, in any sale by Wanda or its affiliates to an independent third party, on a proportional basis based on relative ownership levels at that time.

Drag-Along Rights. Prior to a qualified public offering, in connection with the transfer by Wanda and its affiliates of at least 75% of the shares of Parent held by them to an independent third party, Wanda may require that the management shareholders transfer a proportionate number shares of Parent in that sale at the same purchase price as received by Wanda.

Piggyback Registration Rights. Subject to specified limitations, all management shareholders have unlimited piggyback registration rights. Parent has agreed to pay all registration expenses relating to these registrations.

Registration Rights Agreement

At the time of the Offering, we expect to enter into a registration rights agreement with Wanda (the "Registration Rights Agreement"). Pursuant to the Registration Rights Agreement, the Company will agree to use its best efforts to effect registered offerings upon request from Wanda and to grant incidental or "piggyback" registration rights with respect to any registrable securities held by Wanda.

The obligation to effect any demand for registration by Wanda will be subject to certain conditions, including limitations on the number of demand registrations and limitations on the minimum value of securities to be registered. In connection with any registration effected pursuant to the terms of the Registration Rights Agreement, we will be required to pay for all of the fees and expenses incurred in connection with such registration, including registration fees, filing fees and printing fees. However, the underwriting discounts and selling commissions payable in respect of registrable securities included in any registration are to be paid by Wanda. We have also agreed to indemnify the holders of registrable securities against all claims, losses, damages and liabilities with respect to each registration effected pursuant to the Registration Rights Agreement.

Tax Sharing Agreement

At the time of the Offering, we expect to enter into a tax agreement with a U.S. subsidiary of Wanda. Pursuant to the tax agreement, for any period that we were members of any consolidated or other tax group of which the Wanda subsidiary was the common parent, we will pay the group's tax liabilities attributable to our activities up to the amount that would be payable by us if Parent were the common parent of the consolidated or other tax group and, in addition, we will have the right to control the filing of tax returns, audits and other tax matters of any such consolidated or other tax group.

Amended and Restated Fee Agreement

Prior to the Merger, Parent was owned by the Former Sponsors, other co-investors and by certain members of management as follows: JPMP (20.834%); Apollo (20.834%); Bain (15.126%); Carlyle (15.126%); Spectrum (9.788%); Weston Presidio Capital IV, L.P. and WPC Entrepreneur Fund II, L.P. (3.909%); Co-Investment Partners, L.P. (3.909%); Caisse de Depot et Placement du Quebec (3.127%); AlpInvest Partners CS Investments 2003 C.V., AlpInvest Partners Later Stage Co-Investments Custodian II B.V. and AlpInvest Partners Later Stage Co-Investments Custodian IIA B.V. (2.736%);

SSB Capital Partners (Master Fund) I, L.P. (1.955%); CSFB Strategic Partners Holdings II, L.P., CSFB Strategic Partners Parallel Holdings II, L.P., and GSO Credit Opportunities Fund (Helios), L.P. (1.564%); Credit Suisse Anlagestiftung, Pearl Holding Limited, Vega Invest (Guernsey) Limited and Partners Group Private Equity Performance Holding Limited (0.782%); Screen Investors 2004, LLC (0.152%); and current and former members of management (0.158%).

Prior to the Merger, we were party to an Amended and Restated Fee Agreement with the Former Sponsors, which provided for an annual management fee of \$5 million, payable quarterly and in advance to each Former Sponsor, on a pro rata basis, until the 12th anniversary from December 23, 2004, and such time as the Former Sponsors own less than 20% in the aggregate of our company. In addition, the fee agreement provided for reimbursements by us to the Former Sponsors for their out-of-pocket expenses. The Amended and Restated Agreement terminated on June 11, 2007, in connection with a separate transaction, and was superseded by a substantially identical agreement entered into by us, the Former Sponsors and our other stockholders.

Upon the consummation of a change of control transaction or an initial public offering, each of the Former Sponsors were entitled to receive, in lieu of quarterly payments of an annual management fee of \$5.0 million, a fee equal to the net present value of the aggregate annual management fee that would have been payable to the Former Sponsors during the remainder of the term of the fee agreement (assuming a twelve year term from the date of the original fee agreement), calculated using the treasury rate having a final maturity date that is closest to the twelfth anniversary of the date of the original fee agreement date. The Former Sponsors waived their right to the payment referred to above that was triggered by the Merger. As a result of the Merger, we ceased paying the annual management fee of \$5.0 million to the Former Sponsors.

DESCRIPTION OF CAPITAL STOCK

Authorized Capital

The following description of material terms of our capital stock and certain provisions of our certificate of incorporation and bylaws, each of which will be in effect on the closing of this offering, are summaries and are qualified by reference to the certificate of incorporation and the bylaws, copies of which have been filed as exhibits to the registration statement, of which this prospectus forms a part.

Our authorized capital stock consists of:

- shares of Class A common stock, par value \$0.01 per share;
- shares of Class B common stock, par value \$0.01 per share; and
- shares of preferred stock, par value \$0.01 per share.

Common Stock

At the completion of this offering, there will be shares of Class A common stock issued and outstanding and shares of Class B common stock issued and outstanding.

Voting Rights

Holders of our Class A common stock are entitled to one vote per share and holders of our Class B common stock are entitled to three votes per share. Holders of shares of Class A common stock and Class B common stock will vote together as a single class on all matters submitted to a vote of stockholders, unless otherwise required by law.

Our directors will be elected by all of our common stockholders voting together as a single class.

Generally, all matters to be voted on by stockholders must be approved by a majority (or, in the case of election of directors, by a plurality) of our outstanding voting power. Except as otherwise required by the DGCL, our certificate of incorporation or the voting rights granted to any preferred stock we subsequently issue, the holders of outstanding shares of common stock and preferred stock entitled to vote thereon, if any, will vote as one class with respect to all matters to be voted on by our stockholders. Under the DGCL, amendments to our certificate of incorporation that would alter or change the powers, preferences or special rights of the common stock so as to affect them adversely also must be approved by a majority of the votes entitled to be cast by the holders of the shares affected by the amendment, voting as a separate class.

Conversion

Our Class A common stock is not convertible into any other shares of our capital stock.

Each share of Class B common stock is convertible at any time at the option of the holder into one share of Class A common stock. In addition, each share of Class B common stock shall convert automatically into one share of Class A common stock upon any transfer, whether or not for value, except for certain transfers described in our certificate of incorporation.

All authorized shares of Class B common stock shall automatically convert to Class A common stock if and when the holders of our Class B common stock collectively hold less than 30% of the aggregate number of outstanding shares of our common stock. Once transferred and converted into Class A common stock, the Class B common stock shall not be reissued. No class of common stock may be subdivided or combined unless the other class of common stock concurrently is subdivided or combined in the same proportion and in the same manner.

Dividends

Holders of our Class A common stock and Class B common stock will share ratably (based on the number of shares of common stock held) in any dividend declared by our board of directors, subject to any preferential rights of any outstanding preferred stock.

Other Rights

Upon our liquidation, dissolution or winding up, after payment in full of the amounts required to be paid to holders of preferred stock, if any, all holders of common stock, regardless of class, will be entitled to share ratably in any assets available for distribution to holders of shares of common stock. No shares of any class of common stock are subject to redemption or have preemptive rights to purchase additional shares of common stock.

Preferred Stock

Upon the closing of this offering, our board of directors will be authorized, without further stockholder approval, to issue from time to time up to an aggregate of shares of preferred stock in one or more series and to fix or alter the designations, preferences, rights and any qualifications, limitations or restrictions of the shares of each such series thereof, including the dividend rights, dividend rates, conversion rights, voting rights, terms of redemption (including sinking fund provisions), redemption price or prices, liquidation preferences and the number of shares constituting any series or designations of such series. Upon the closing of this offering, there will be no shares of preferred stock outstanding. We have no present plans to issue any shares of preferred stock. See "— Anti-Takeover Effects of Certain Provisions of Delaware Law, the Certificate of Incorporation and the Bylaws."

Anti-Takeover Effects of Certain Provisions of Delaware Law, the Certificate of Incorporation and the Bylaws

Certain provisions of our amended and restated certificate of incorporation and bylaws may be considered to have an anti-takeover effect and may delay or prevent a tender offer or other corporate transaction that a stockholder might consider to be in its best interest, including those transactions that might result in payment of a premium over the market price for our shares. These provisions are designed to discourage certain types of transactions that may involve an actual or threatened change of control of us without prior approval of our board of directors. These provisions are meant to encourage persons interested in acquiring control of us to first consult with our board of directors to negotiate terms of a potential business combination or offer. We believe that these provisions protect against an unsolicited proposal for a takeover of us that might affect the long term value of our stock or that may be otherwise unfair to our stockholders. For example, our amended and restated certificate of incorporation and bylaws:

- provide for a classified board of directors, pursuant to which our board of directors will be divided into three classes whose members will serve three-year staggered terms;
- provide that the size of the board of directors will be set by members of the board, and any vacancy on our board of directors, including a vacancy resulting from an enlargement of our board of directors, may be filled only by vote of a majority of our directors then in office;
- · do not permit stockholders to take action by written consent unless Wanda owns shares of our outstanding common stock representing at least 50.1% of the total voting power;
- provide that, except as otherwise required by law, special meetings of stockholders can only be called by our board of directors;

- establish an advance notice procedure for stockholder proposals to be brought before an annual meeting of stockholders, including proposed nominations of candidates for election to our board of directors;
- limit consideration by stockholders at annual meetings to only those proposals or nominations specified in the notice of meeting or brought before the meeting by or at the direction of our board of directors or by a stockholder of record on the record date for the meeting who is entitled to vote at the meeting and who has delivered timely written notice in proper form to our secretary of the stockholder's intention to bring such business before the meeting;
- authorize the issuance of "blank check" preferred stock that could be issued by our board of directors to increase the number of outstanding shares or establish a stockholders rights
 plan making a takeover more difficult and expensive; and
- · do not permit cumulative voting in the election of directors, which would otherwise allow less than a majority of stockholders to elect director candidates.

Our amended and restated certificate of incorporation expressly states that we have elected not to be governed by Section 203 of the DGCL, which prohibits a publicly held Delaware corporation from engaging in a "business combination" with an "interested stockholder" for a period of three years after the time the stockholder became an interested stockholder, subject to certain exceptions, including if, prior to such time, the board of directors approved the business combination or the transaction which resulted in the stockholder becoming an interested stockholder. "Business combinations" include mergers, asset sales and other transactions resulting in a financial benefit to the "interested stockholder." Subject to various exceptions, an "interested stockholder" is a person who, together with his or her affiliates and associates, owns, or within three years did own, 15% or more of the corporation's outstanding voting stock. These restrictions generally prohibit or delay the accomplishment of mergers or other takeover or change-in-control attempts that are not approved by a company's board of directors. Although we have elected to opt out of the statute's provisions, we could elect to be subject to Section 203 in the future.

Special Meeting of Stockholders

Special meetings of our stockholders may be called only by a majority of our directors.

Actions by Written Consent

Stockholder action by written consent in lieu of a meeting may only be taken so long as Wanda owns common stock representing a majority of our outstanding voting power. Thereafter, stockholder action can be taken only at an annual or special meeting of stockholders.

Advance Notice Requirements for Stockholder Proposals and Director Nominations

Our bylaws provide that stockholders seeking to bring business before an annual meeting of stockholders, or to nominate candidates for election as directors at an annual meeting of stockholders, must provide timely notice thereof in writing. To be timely, a stockholder's notice generally must be delivered to and received at our principal executive offices, not less than 90 days nor more than 120 days prior to the first anniversary of the preceding year's annual meeting; provided, that in the event that the date of such meeting is advanced more than 30 days prior to, or delayed by more than 30 days after, the anniversary of the preceding year's annual meeting of our stockholders, a stockholder's notice to be timely must be so delivered not earlier than the close of business on the 120th day prior to such meeting and not later than the close of business on the later of the 90th day prior to such meeting or the 10th day following the day on which public announcement of the date of such meeting is first made. Our bylaws also specify certain requirements as to the form and content of a stockholder's notice. These provisions may preclude stockholders from bringing matters before an

annual meeting of stockholders or from making nominations for directors at an annual meeting of stockholders.

Authorized But Unissued Shares

The authorized but unissued shares of common stock and preferred stock are available for future issuance without stockholder approval. These additional shares may be used for a variety of corporate purposes, including future public offerings to raise additional capital, corporate acquisitions and employee benefit plans. The existence of authorized but unissued shares of common stock and preferred stock could render more difficult or discourage an attempt to obtain control of us by means of a proxy contest, tender offer, merger or otherwise.

Amendments to Certificate of Incorporation or Bylaws

Our certificate of incorporation provides that the affirmative vote of a majority of the shares entitled to vote on any matter is required to amend our certificate of incorporation or bylaws. In addition, under the DGCL, an amendment to our certificate of incorporation that would alter or change the powers, preferences or special rights of the common stock so as to affect them adversely also must be approved by a majority of the votes entitled to be cast by the holders of the shares affected by the amendment, voting as a separate class. Subject to our bylaws, our board of directors may from time to time make, amend, supplement or repeal our bylaws by vote of a majority of our board of directors.

Registration Rights

Pursuant to the management stockholders agreement, described above in "Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions—Management Stockholders Agreement," certain members of management who will hold in the aggregate approximately shares of our Class A common stock (after giving effect to the exercise of stock options), will have the right subject to various conditions and limitations, to include such shares of our common stock in future registration statements relating to our Class A common stock. These registration rights of our stockholders could impair the prevailing market price and impair our ability to raise capital by depressing the price at which we could sell our common stock.

Limitation of Liability and Indemnification of Directors and Officers

As permitted by the Delaware General Corporation Law, or DGCL, we have adopted provisions in our certificate of incorporation that limit or eliminate the personal liability of our directors and officers for monetary damages for a breach of their fiduciary duty of care as a director or officer. The duty of care generally requires that, when acting on behalf of the corporation, directors and officers exercise an informed business judgment based on all material information reasonably available to them. Consequently, a director or officer will not be personally liable to us or our stockholders for monetary damages for breach of fiduciary duty as a director or officer, except for liability for:

- · any breach of the person's duty of loyalty to us or our stockholders;
- · any act or omission not in good faith or that involves intentional misconduct or a knowing violation of law;
- · any act related to unlawful stock repurchases, redemptions or other distributions or payment of dividends; or
- any transaction from which the person derived an improper personal benefit.

These limitations of liability do not generally affect the availability of equitable remedies such as injunctive relief or rescission.

As permitted by the DGCL, our certificate of incorporation and bylaws provide that:

- we will indemnify our current and former directors and officers and anyone who is or was serving at our request as the director or officer of, or our legal representative in, another
 entity, and may indemnify our current or former employees and other agents, to the fullest extent permitted by the DGCL, subject to limited exceptions; and
- we may purchase and maintain insurance on behalf of our current or former directors, officers, employees or agents against any liability asserted against them and incurred by them in any such capacity, or arising out of their status as such.

We currently maintain liability insurance for our directors and officers.

Our certificate of incorporation requires us to advance expenses to our directors and officers in connection with a legal proceeding, subject to receiving an undertaking from such director or officer to repay advanced amounts if it is determined he or she is not entitled to indemnification. Our bylaws provide that we may advance expenses to our employees and other agents, upon such terms and conditions, if any, as we deem appropriate.

We intend to enter into separate indemnification agreements with each of our directors and officers, which may be broader than the specific indemnification provisions contained in the DGCL. These indemnification agreements may require us, among other things, to indemnify our directors and officers against liabilities that may arise by reason of their status or service as directors or officers, other than liabilities arising from willful misconduct. These indemnification agreements may also require us to advance any expenses incurred by the directors or officers as a result of any proceeding against them as to which they could be indemnified and to obtain directors' and officers' insurance, if available on reasonable terms.

Currently, to our knowledge, there is no pending litigation or proceeding involving any of our directors, officers, employees or agents in which indemnification by us is sought, nor are we aware of any threatened litigation or proceeding that may result in a claim for indemnification.

Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act may be permitted for our directors, officers and controlling persons under the foregoing provisions or otherwise, we have been informed that, in the opinion of the SEC, such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and is, therefore, unenforceable.

Provisions of our Certificate of Incorporation Relating to Corporate Opportunities

To address situations in which officers or directors have conflicting duties to affiliated corporations, Section 122(17) of the Delaware General Corporation Law allows a corporation to renounce, in its certificate of incorporation or by action of its board of directors, any interest or expectancy of the corporation in specified classes or categories of business opportunities. As such, and in order to address potential conflicts of interest between us and Wanda and its subsidiaries, our Certificate of Incorporation contains provisions regulating and defining, to the fullest extent permitted by law, the conduct of our affairs as they may involve Wanda and its officers and directors.

Our Certificate of Incorporation provides that, subject to any written agreement to the contrary, Wanda will have no duty to refrain from engaging in the same or similar activities or lines of business that we engage in, and, except as set forth in our Certificate of Incorporation, neither Wanda nor its officers or directors will be liable to us or our stockholders for any breach of any fiduciary duty due to any such activities of Wanda.

Our Certificate of Incorporation also provides that we may from time to time be or become a party to and perform, and may cause or permit any subsidiary to be or become a party to and perform, one or more agreements (or modifications or supplements to pre-existing agreements) with Wanda. With limited exceptions, to the fullest extent permitted by law, no such agreement, nor the performance

thereof in accordance with its terms by us or any of our subsidiaries or Wanda, shall be considered contrary to any fiduciary duty to us or our stockholders of any director or officer of ours who is also a director, officer or employee of Wanda. With limited exceptions, to the fullest extent permitted by law, no director or officer of ours who is also a director, officer or employee of Wanda shall have or be under any fiduciary duty to us or our stockholders to refrain from acting on behalf of us or any of our subsidiaries or on behalf of Wanda in respect of any such agreement or performing any such agreement in accordance with its terms.

Our Certificate of Incorporation further provides that if one of our directors or officers who is also a director or officer of Wanda acquires knowledge of a potential transaction or matter that may be a corporate opportunity for both Wanda and us, the director or officer will have satisfied his or her fiduciary duty to us and our stockholders with respect to that corporate opportunity if he or she acts in a manner consistent with the following policy:

- a corporate opportunity offered to any person who is an officer of ours and who is also a director but not an officer of Wanda, will belong to us unless the opportunity is expressly
 offered to that person in a capacity other than such person's capacity as one of our officers, in which case it will not belong to us;
- a corporate opportunity offered to any person who is a director but not an officer of ours, and who is also a director or officer of Wanda, will belong to us only if that opportunity is
 expressly offered to that person in that person's capacity as one of our directors; and
- a corporate opportunity offered to any person who is an officer of both Wanda and us will belong to us only if that opportunity is expressly offered to that person in that person's capacity as one of our officers.

Notwithstanding these provisions, our Certificate of Incorporation does not prohibit us from pursuing any corporate opportunity of which we become aware.

These provisions in our Certificate of Incorporation will no longer be effective on the date that none of our directors or officers are also directors or officers of Wanda.

If our Certificate of Incorporation did not include provisions setting forth the circumstances under which opportunities will belong to us and regulating the conduct of our directors and officers in situations where their duties to us and Wanda conflict, the actions of our directors and officers in each such situation would be subject to the fact-specific analysis of the corporate opportunity doctrine as articulated under Delaware law. Under Delaware law, a director of a corporation may take a corporate opportunity, or divert it to another corporation in which that director has an interest, if (i) the opportunity is presented to the director or officer in his or her individual capacity, (ii) the opportunity is not essential to the corporation, (iii) the corporation holds no interest or expectancy in the opportunity and (iv) the director or officer has not wrongfully employed the resources of the corporation in pursing or exploiting the opportunity. Based on Section 122(17) of the Delaware General Corporation Law, we do not believe the corporate opportunity guidelines set forth in our Certificate of Incorporation conflict with Delaware law. If, however, a conflict were to arise between the provisions of our Certificate of Incorporation and Delaware law, Delaware law would control.

Transfer Agent and Registrar

The transfer agent and registrar for our Class A common stock is expected to be

Listing

We will apply to list the Class A common stock on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "AMC".

SHARES ELIGIBLE FOR FUTURE SALE

Prior to this offering, there has been no public market for our Class A common stock, and no predictions can be made about the effect, if any, that market sales of shares of our Class A common stock or the availability of such shares for sale will have on the market price prevailing from time to time. Nevertheless, the actual sale of, or the perceived potential for the sale of, our Class A common stock in the public market may have an adverse effect on the market price for our Class A common stock and could impair our ability to raise capital through future sales of our securities. See "Risk Factors—Risks Related to this Offering—Future sales or the possibility of future sales of a substantial amount of our common stock may depress the price of shares of our common stock."

Sale of Restricted Shares and Lock-Up Agreements

Upon completion of this offering, we will have an aggregate of shares of our Class A common stock outstanding and share of our Class B common stock outstanding.

Of these shares, the shares of our Class A common stock to be sold in this offering, or shares if the underwriters' option to purchase additional shares is exercised in full, will be freely tradable without restriction or further registration under the Securities Act, except for any shares which may be acquired by any of our "affiliates" as that term is defined in Rule 144 under the Securities Act, which will be subject to the resale limitations of Rule 144.

The remaining shares of our Class A common stock and non-voting common stock outstanding will be restricted securities, as that term is defined in Rule 144, and may in the future be sold without restriction under the Securities Act to the extent permitted by Rule 144 or any applicable exemption under the Securities Act, subject to the contractual provisions of our agreements with Wanda. See "Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions—Management Stockholders Agreement."

Wanda, who would hold in the aggregate shares of our Class B common stock, and our directors and officers who would hold in the aggregate shares of our Class A common stock, are subject to various lock-up agreements that prohibit the holders from offering, selling, contracting to sell, granting an option to purchase, making a short sale or otherwise disposing of any shares of our common stock or any option to purchase shares of our common stock or any securities exchangeable for or convertible into shares of common stock for a period of days after the date of this prospectus.

In the event that either (1) during the last 17 days of the "lock-up" period, we release earnings results or material news or a material event relating to us occurs or (2) prior to the expiration of the "lock-up" period, we announce that we will release earnings results during the 16-day period beginning on the last day of the "lock-up" period, then in either case the expiration of the "lock-up" will be extended until the expiration of the 18-day period beginning on the date of the release of the earnings results or the occurrence of the material news or event, as applicable.

Rule 144

In general, under Rule 144 under the Securities Act, a person (or persons whose shares are aggregated) who is not deemed to have been an affiliate of ours at any time during the three months preceding a sale, and who has beneficially owned restricted securities within the meaning of Rule 144 for at least six months (including any period of consecutive ownership of preceding non-affiliated holders) would be entitled to sell those shares, subject only to the availability of current public information about us. A non-affiliated person who has beneficially owned restricted securities within the meaning of Rule 144 for at least one year would be entitled to sell those shares without regard to the provisions of Rule 144.

A person (or persons whose shares are aggregated) who is deemed to be an affiliate of ours and who has beneficially owned restricted securities within the meaning of Rule 144 for at least six months would be entitled to sell within any three-month period a number of shares that does not exceed the greater of one percent of the then outstanding shares of our Class A common stock or the average weekly trading volume of our Class A common stock during the four calendar weeks preceding such sale. Such sales are also subject to certain manner of sale provisions, notice requirements and the availability of current public information about us.

Registration Rights

Pursuant to the management stockholders agreement, described above in "Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions—Management Stockholders Agreement," certain members of management who will hold in the aggregate approximately shares of our Class A common stock, will have the right subject to various conditions and limitations, to include such shares of our common stock in future registration statements relating to our Class A common stock. These registration rights of our stockholders could impair the prevailing market price and impair our ability to raise capital by depressing the price at which we could sell our common stock.

Pursuant to the registration rights agreement described above in "Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions—Registration Rights Agreement," Wanda will have the right subject to various conditions and limitations, to request that the Company effect registered offerings of any registrable securities held by Wanda and will have incidental or "piggyback" registration rights with respect to the registrable securities it holds.

MATERIAL U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSIDERATIONS TO NON-U.S. HOLDERS

The following discussion describes U.S. federal income and, to a limited extent, certain estate tax consequences to Non-U.S. Holders (as defined below) of ownership and disposition of our Class A common stock. This discussion is limited to Non-U.S. Holders who hold our Class A common stock as capital assets within the meaning of section 1221 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). This description is based on the Code, administrative pronouncements, judicial decisions and existing and proposed Treasury regulations, and interpretations of the foregoing, changes to any of which subsequent to the date of this prospectus supplement may affect the tax consequences described herein. The description does not discuss all of the tax consequences that may be relevant to Non-U.S. Holders in light of their particular circumstances. In addition, this summary does not address the Medicare tax on certain investment income, any state, local or foreign taxes or any U.S. federal tax laws other than U.S. federal income tax laws and, to a limited extent, certain estate tax laws (such as gift tax laws).

You are urged to consult with your own tax advisor concerning the U.S. federal income tax consequences of acquiring, owning and disposing of our Class A common stock, as well as the application of any state, local, and foreign income and other tax laws.

As used in this section, a "Non-U.S. Holder" is a beneficial owner of our Class A common stock that is not, for U.S. federal income tax purposes:

- · any individual who is a citizen or resident of the United States,
- · a corporation (or other entity taxable as a corporation) created or organized in or under the laws of the United States, any State thereof or the District of Columbia,
- any estate the income of which is subject to U.S. federal income taxation regardless of its source, or
- any trust if (i) a court within the United States is able to exercise primary supervision over the administration of the trust and one or more U.S. persons have the authority to control all substantial decisions of the trust or (ii) that has a valid election in effect under applicable U.S. Treasury regulations to be treated as a U.S. person.

If you are an individual, you may, in certain cases, be deemed to be a resident alien, as opposed to a nonresident alien, by virtue of being present in the United States (i) for at least 183 days during the calendar year, or (ii) for at least 31 days in the calendar year and for an aggregate of at least 183 days during the 3-year period ending in the current calendar year. For purposes of (ii), all of the days present in the current year, one-third of the days present in the immediately preceding year, and one-sixth of the days present in the second preceding year are counted. Resident aliens are subject to U.S. federal income tax as if they were U.S. citizens.

If any entity or arrangement treated as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes is a beneficial owner of our Class A common stock, the tax treatment of a partner in the partnership generally will depend upon the status of the partner and the activities of the partnership. Special rules may apply if a Non-U.S. Holder is a "controlled foreign corporation" or "passive foreign investment company," as defined under the Code, and to certain expatriates or former long-term residents of the U.S. If you fall within any of the foregoing categories, you should consult with your own tax advisor about the tax consequences of acquiring, holding, and disposing of our Class A common stock.

U.S. Trade or Business Income

For purposes of the discussion below, dividends and gains on the sale, exchange or other disposition of our Class A common stock will be considered to be "U.S. trade or business income" if such income or gain is:

- · effectively connected with the Non-U.S. Holder's conduct of a U.S. trade or business, and
- in the case of a treaty resident, attributable to a permanent establishment (or, in the case of an individual, a fixed base) maintained by the Non-U.S. Holder in the United States.

Generally, U.S. trade or business income is subject to U.S. federal income tax on a net income basis at regular graduated U.S. federal income tax rates. Any U.S. trade or business income received by a Non-U.S. Holder that is a corporation also may, under specific circumstances, be subject to an additional "branch profits tax" at a 30% rate (or a lower rate that may be specified by an applicable tax treaty).

Distributions on Class A Common Stock

Distributions paid on our Class A common stock will be treated as dividends for U.S. federal income tax purposes to the extent paid out of our current or accumulated earnings and profits, as determined for U.S. federal income tax purposes ("Tax E&P"). If a distribution exceeds our Tax E&P, such excess will constitute a return of capital that reduces, but not below zero, a Non-U.S. Holder's tax basis in our Class A common stock. Any remainder will constitute gain from the sale or exchange of our Class A common stock. Dividends, if any, that are paid to a Non-U.S. Holder of our Class A common stock generally will be subject to withholding tax at a 30% rate or a reduced rate specified by an applicable income tax treaty. However, dividends that are U.S. trade or business income are not subject to the withholding tax. To claim an exemption from withholding in the case of U.S. trade or business income, or to claim the benefits of an applicable tax treaty, a Non-U.S. Holder must provide us or our paying agent with a properly executed Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") Form W-8ECI (in the case of U.S. trade or business income) or IRS Form W-8BEN (in the case of a treaty), or any successor form that the IRS designates, as applicable, prior to the payment of the dividends. These IRS forms must be periodically updated.

Because it will generally not be known, at the time a Non-U.S. Holder receives any distribution on our Class A common stock, whether the distribution was paid out of our Tax E&P and therefore whether the distribution will be treated as a dividend for U.S. federal income tax purposes, we expect that a withholding agent will deduct and withhold U.S. tax at the applicable rate on all distributions that a Non-U.S. Holder receives on our Class A common stock. If it is later determined that a distribution on our Class A common stock was not a dividend, in whole or in part, a Non-U.S. Holder may be entitled to claim a refund of the U.S. tax withheld with respect to that portion of the distribution, provided that the required information is timely furnished to the IRS. We will notify the holders of our Class A common stock if we make a distribution on our Class A common stock that was not a dividend either by (i) delivering a copy of IRS Form 8937 ("Report of Organizational Actions Affecting Basis of Securities"), which will also be filed with the IRS, to holders of record of our Class A common stock or (ii) posting a copy of the completed form on our website.

Dispositions of Class A Common Stock

Subject to the discussion below on backup withholding and other withholding requirements, gain realized by a Non-U.S. Holder on a sale, exchange or other disposition of our Class A common stock generally will not be subject to U.S. federal income or withholding tax, unless:

· the gain is U.S. trade or business income,

- the Non-U.S. Holder is an individual who is present in the United States for 183 or more days in the taxable year of such disposition and certain other conditions are met, or
- we are, or have been, a U.S. real property holding corporation (a "USRPHC") for U.S. federal income tax purposes at any time during the shorter of the five-year period ending on the date of disposition of our Class A common stock and the Non-U.S. Holder's holding period for our Class A common stock.

Generally, a corporation is a USRPHC if the fair market value of its "United States real property interests" equals 50% or more of the sum of the fair market value of (a) its worldwide real property interests and (b) its other assets used or held for use in a trade or business. The tax relating to stock in a USRPHC does not apply to a Non-U.S. Holder whose holdings, actual and constructive, amount to 5% or less of our Class A common stock at all times during the applicable period, provided that our Class A common stock is regularly traded on an established securities market. We believe we have not been and are not currently a USRPHC, and do not anticipate being a USRPHC in the future. No assurance can be given, however, that we will not be a USRPHC or that our Class A common stock will be considered regularly traded on an established securities market when a Non-U.S. Holder disposes of shares of our Class A common stock. Non-U.S. Holders should consult with their tax advisors about the tax consequences that could result if we are, or become, a USRPHC.

Federal Estate Taxes

Individual Non-U.S. Holders and entities the property of which is potentially includible in such an individual's gross estate for U.S. federal estate tax purposes (for example, a trust funded by such an individual and with respect to which the individual has retained certain interests or powers), should note that, absent an applicable treaty benefit, our Class A common stock will be treated as U.S. situs property subject to U.S. federal estate tax.

Backup Withholding and Information Reporting

Any dividends that are paid to a Non-U.S. Holder must be reported annually to the IRS and to the Non-U.S. Holder. Copies of these information returns also may be made available to the tax authorities of the country in which the Non-U.S. Holder resides under the provisions of various treaties or agreements for the exchange of information. Unless the Non-U.S. Holder is an exempt recipient, dividends paid on our Class A common stock and the gross proceeds from a taxable disposition of our Class A common stock may be subject to additional information reporting and may also be subject to U.S. federal backup withholding (at a rate of 28%) if such Non-U.S. Holder fails to comply with applicable U.S. information reporting and certification requirements. Provision of any IRS Form W-8 appropriate to the Non-U.S. Holder's circumstances will satisfy the certification requirements necessary to avoid the backup withholding tax as well.

Backup withholding is not an additional tax. Any amounts so withheld under the backup withholding rules will be refunded by the IRS or credited against the Non-U.S. Holder's U.S. federal income tax liability, provided that the required information is timely furnished to the IRS.

Other Withholding Requirements

Non-U.S. Holders of our Class A common stock may be subject to U.S. withholding tax at a rate of 30% under sections 1471 through 1474 of the Code (commonly referred to as "FATCA"). This withholding tax may apply if a Non-U.S. Holder (or any foreign intermediary that receives a payment on a Non-U.S. Holder's behalf) does not comply with certain U.S. informational reporting requirements. The payments potentially subject to this withholding tax include dividends on, and gross proceeds from the sale or other disposition of, our Class A common stock. If FATCA is not complied with, the withholding tax described above will apply to dividends paid on or after July 1, 2014, and to

gross proceeds from the sale or other disposition of our Class A common stock on or after January 1, 2017. Non-U.S. Holders should consult their tax advisors regarding the possible implications of FATCA for their investment in our Class A common stock.

You should consult your own tax advisor as to particular tax consequences to you of acquiring, holding, and disposing of our Class A common stock, including the applicability and effect of other U.S. federal, state, local or foreign tax laws, and of any proposed changes in applicable law.

UNDERWRITING

Citigroup Global Markets Inc. and Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated are acting as joint book-running managers of the offering and as representatives of the underwriters named below. Subject to the terms and conditions stated in the underwriting agreement dated the date of this prospectus, each underwriter named below has severally agreed to purchase, and we have agreed to sell to that underwriter, the number of shares set forth opposite the underwriter's name.

Underwriter	Number of Shares of Class A Common Stock
Citigroup Global Markets Inc.	
Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith	
Incorporated	
Barclays Capital Inc.	
Credit Suisse Securities (USA) LLC	
B. Riley & Co., LLC	
Barrington Research Associates, Inc.	
HSBC Securities (USA) Inc.	
Lazard Capital Markets LLC	
Piper Jaffray & Co.	
Stifel, Nicolaus & Company, Incorporated	
Wedbush Securities Inc.	
Total	

The underwriting agreement provides that the obligations of the underwriters to purchase the shares included in this offering are subject to approval of legal matters by counsel and to other conditions. The underwriters are obligated to purchase all the shares (other than those covered by the underwriters' option to purchase additional shares) if they purchase any of the shares.

Shares sold by the underwriters to the public will initially be offered at the initial public offering price set forth on the cover of this prospectus. Any shares sold by the underwriters to securities dealers may be sold at a discount from the initial public offering price not to exceed \$ per share. If all the shares are not sold at the initial offering price, the underwriters may change the offering price and the other selling terms. The representatives have advised us that the underwriters do not intend to make sales to discretionary accounts.

If the underwriters sell more shares than the total number set forth in the table above, we have granted to the underwriters an option, exercisable for 30 days from the date of this prospectus, to purchase up to additional shares at the public offering price less the underwriting discount. To the extent the option is exercised, each underwriter must purchase a number of additional shares approximately proportionate to that underwriter's initial purchase commitment. Any shares issued or sold under the option will be issued and sold on the same terms and conditions as the other shares that are the subject of this offering.

We, our officers and directors and certain of our stockholders have agreed that, for a period of Citigroup Global Markets Inc. and Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated, dispose of or hedge any shares or any securities convertible into or exchangeable for our common stock subject to certain exceptions. Citigroup Global Markets Inc. and Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated in their sole discretion may release any of the securities subject to these lock-up agreements at any time, which, in the case of officers and directors, shall be with notice. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if (i) during the last 17 days of the -day or -day, as the case may be, restricted period, we issue an earnings release or material news or a material event

relating to our company occurs; or (ii) prior to the expiration of the day or day, as the case may be, restricted period, we announce that we will release earnings results during the day period beginning on the last day of the day or day, as the case may be, restricted period, the restrictions described above shall continue to apply until the expiration of the day period beginning on the issuance of the earnings release or the occurrence of the material news or material event.

At our request, the underwriters have reserved up to % of the shares for sale at the initial public offering price to persons who are directors, officers or employees, or who are otherwise associated with us through a directed share program. The number of shares available for sale to the general public will be reduced by the number of directed shares purchased by participants in the program. Except for certain of our officers, directors and employees who have entered into lock-up agreements as contemplated in the immediately preceding paragraph, each person buying shares through the directed share program has agreed that, for a period of days from the date of this prospectus, he or she will not, without the prior written consent of Citigroup Global Markets Inc. and Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated, dispose of or hedge any shares or any securities convertible into or exchangeable for our common stock with respect to shares purchased in the program. For certain officers, directors and employees purchasing shares through the directed share program, the lock-up agreements contemplated in the immediately preceding paragraph shall govern with respect to their purchases. Citigroup Global Markets Inc. and Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated in their sole discretion may release any of the securities subject to these lock-up agreements at any time, which, in the case of officers and directors, shall be with notice. Any directed shares not purchased will be offered by the underwriters to the general public on the same basis as all other shares offered. We have agreed to indemnify the underwriters against certain liabilities and expenses, including liabilities under the Securities Act, in connection with the sales of the directed shares

Prior to this offering, there has been no public market for our shares. Consequently, the initial public offering price for the shares was determined by negotiations among us and the representatives. Among the factors considered in determining the initial public offering price were our results of operations, our current financial condition, our future prospects, our markets, the economic conditions in and future prospects for the industry in which we compete, our management, and currently prevailing general conditions in the equity securities markets, including current market valuations of publicly traded companies considered comparable to our company. We cannot assure you, however, that the price at which the shares will sell in the public market after this offering will not be lower than the initial public offering price or that an active trading market in our shares will develop and continue after this offering.

We will apply to have our Class A common stock listed on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "AMC."

The following table shows the underwriting discounts and commissions that we are to pay to the underwriters in connection with this offering. These amounts are shown assuming both no exercise and full exercise of the underwriters' option to purchase additional shares.

	Pa	id by AMC
	No Exercise	Full Exercise
Per share	\$	\$
Total	\$	\$

We estimate that the total expenses of this offering will be \$ and \$

In connection with the offering, the underwriters may purchase and sell shares in the open market. Purchases and sales in the open market may include short sales, purchases to cover short positions,

which may include purchases pursuant to the underwriters' option to purchase additional shares, and stabilizing purchases,

- · Short sales involve secondary market sales by the underwriters of a greater number of shares than they are required to purchase in the offering.
 - · "Covered" short sales are sales of shares in an amount up to the number of shares represented by the underwriters' option to purchase additional shares.
 - "Naked" short sales are sales of shares in an amount in excess of the number of shares represented by the underwriters' option to purchase additional shares.
- Covering transactions involve purchases of shares either pursuant to the underwriters' option to purchase additional shares or in the open market in order to cover short positions.
 - To close a naked short position, the underwriters must purchase shares in the open market. A naked short position is more likely to be created if the underwriters are concerned that there may be downward pressure on the price of the shares in the open market after pricing that could adversely affect investors who purchase in the offering.
 - To close a covered short position, the underwriters must purchase shares in the open market or must exercise the underwriters' option to purchase additional shares. In determining the source of shares to close the covered short position, the underwriters will consider, among other things, the price of shares available for purchase in the open market as compared to the price at which they may purchase shares through the underwriters' option to purchase additional shares.
- · Stabilizing transactions involve bids to purchase shares so long as the stabilizing bids do not exceed a specified maximum.

Purchases to cover short positions and stabilizing purchases, as well as other purchases by the underwriters for their own accounts, may have the effect of preventing or retarding a decline in the market price of the shares. They may also cause the price of the shares to be higher than the price that would otherwise exist in the open market in the absence of these transactions. The underwriters may conduct these transactions on the New York Stock Exchange, in the over-the-counter market or otherwise. If the underwriters commence any of these transactions, they may discontinue them at any time.

Other Relationships

The underwriters are full service financial institutions engaged in various activities, which may include securities trading, commercial and investment banking, financial advisory, investment management, principal investment, hedging, financing and brokerage activities. The underwriters and their respective affiliates have in the past performed commercial banking, investment banking and advisory services for us from time to time for which they have received customary fees and reimbursement of expenses and may, from time to time, engage in transactions with and perform services for us in the ordinary course of their business for which they may receive customary fees and reimbursement of expenses. In the ordinary course of their various business activities, the underwriters and their respective affiliates may make or hold a broad array of investments and actively trade debt and equity securities (or related derivative securities) and financial advisory, investments and securities are lenders and instruments. Such investments and securities are lenders, and in some cases agents or managers for the lenders, under our credit facility. Certain of the underwriters or their affiliates that have a lending

relationship with us routinely hedge their credit exposure to us consistent with their customary risk management policies. A typical such hedging strategy would include these underwriters or their affiliates hedging such exposure by entering into transactions which consist of either the purchase of credit default swaps or the creation of short positions in our securities. The underwriters and their affiliates may also make investment recommendations and/or publish or express independent research views in respect of such securities or financial instruments and may hold, or recommend to clients that they acquire, long and/or short positions in such securities and instruments.

Lazard Frères & Co. LLC referred this transaction to Lazard Capital Markets LLC and will receive a referral fee from Lazard Capital Markets LLC in connection therewith.

We have agreed to indemnify the underwriters against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act, or to contribute to payments the underwriters may be required to make because of any of those liabilities.

Notice to Prospective Investors in the European Economic Area

In relation to each member state of the European Economic Area that has implemented the Prospectus Directive (each, a relevant member state), with effect from and including the date on which the Prospectus Directive is implemented in that relevant member state (the relevant implementation date), an offer of shares described in this prospectus may not be made to the public in that relevant member state other than:

- · to any legal entity which is a qualified investor as defined in the Prospectus Directive;
- to fewer than 100 or, if the relevant member state has implemented the relevant provision of the 2010 PD Amending Directive, 150 natural or legal persons (other than qualified investors as defined in the Prospectus Directive), as permitted under the Prospectus Directive, subject to obtaining the prior consent of the relevant Dealer or Dealers nominated by us for any such offer; or
- in any other circumstances falling within Article 3(2) of the Prospectus Directive,

provided that no such offer of shares shall require us or any underwriter to publish a prospectus pursuant to Article 3 of the Prospectus Directive.

For purposes of this provision, the expression an "offer of securities to the public" in any relevant member state means the communication in any form and by any means of sufficient information on the terms of the offer and the shares to be offered so as to enable an investor to decide to purchase or subscribe for the shares, as the expression may be varied in that member state by any measure implementing the Prospectus Directive in that member state, and the expression "Prospectus Directive" means Directive 2003/71/EC (and amendments thereto, including the 2010 PD Amending Directive, to the extent implemented in the relevant member state) and includes any relevant implementing measure in the relevant member state. The expression 2010 PD Amending Directive 2010/73/EU.

The sellers of the shares have not authorized and do not authorize the making of any offer of shares through any financial intermediary on their behalf, other than offers made by the underwriters with a view to the final placement of the shares as contemplated in this prospectus. Accordingly, no purchaser of the shares, other than the underwriters, is authorized to make any further offer of the shares on behalf of the sellers or the underwriters.

Notice to Prospective Investors in the United Kingdom

This prospectus is only being distributed to, and is only directed at, persons in the United Kingdom that are qualified investors within the meaning of Article 2(1)(e) of the Prospectus Directive

that are also (i) investment professionals falling within Article 19(5) of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Financial Promotion) Order 2005 (the "Order") or (ii) high net worth entities, and other persons to whom it may lawfully be communicated, falling within Article 49(2)(a) to (d) of the Order (each such person being referred to as a "relevant person"). This prospectus and its contents are confidential and should not be distributed, published or reproduced (in whole or in part) or disclosed by recipients to any other persons in the United Kingdom. Any person in the United Kingdom that is not a relevant person should not act or rely on this document or any of its contents.

Notice to Prospective Investors in France

Neither this prospectus nor any other offering material relating to the shares described in this prospectus has been submitted to the clearance procedures of the *Autorité des Marchés Financiers* or of the competent authority of another member state of the European Economic Area and notified to the *Autorité des Marchés Financiers*. The shares have not been offered or sold and will not be offered or sold, directly or indirectly, to the public in France. Neither this prospectus nor any other offering material relating to the shares has been or will be:

- released, issued, distributed or caused to be released, issued or distributed to the public in France; or
- · used in connection with any offer for subscription or sale of the shares to the public in France.

Such offers, sales and distributions will be made in France only:

- to qualified investors (investisseurs qualifiés) and/or to a restricted circle of investors (ercle restreint d'investisseurs), in each case investing for their own account, all as defined in, and in accordance with articles L.411-2, D.411-1, D.411-2, D.734-1, D.744-1, D.754-1 and D.764-1 of the French Code monétaire et financier,
- · to investment services providers authorized to engage in portfolio management on behalf of third parties; or
- in a transaction that, in accordance with article L.411-2-II-1°-or-2°-or 3° of the French Code monétaire et financier and article 211-2 of the General Regulations (Règlement Général) of the Autorité des Marchés Financiers, does not constitute a public offer (appel public à l'épargne).

The shares may be resold directly or indirectly, only in compliance with articles L.411-1, L.411-2, L.412-1 and L.621-8 through L.621-8-3 of the FrenchCode monétaire et financier.

Notice to Prospective Investors in Hong Kong

The shares may not be offered or sold in Hong Kong by means of any document other than (i) in circumstances which do not constitute an offer to the public within the meaning of the Companies Ordinance (Cap. 32, Laws of Hong Kong), or (ii) to "professional investors" within the meaning of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap. 571, Laws of Hong Kong) and any rules made thereunder, or (iii) in other circumstances which do not result in the document being a "prospectus" within the meaning of the Companies Ordinance (Cap. 32, Laws of Hong Kong) and no advertisement, invitation or document relating to the shares may be issued or may be in the possession of any person for the purpose of issue (in each case whether in Hong Kong or elsewhere), which is directed at, or the contents of which are likely to be accessed or read by, the public in Hong Kong (except if permitted to do so under the laws of Hong Kong) other than with respect to shares which are or are intended to be disposed of only to persons outside Hong Kong or only to "professional investors" within the meaning of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap. 571, Laws of Hong Kong) and any rules made thereunder.

Notice to Prospective Investors in Japan

The shares offered in this prospectus have not been and will not be registered under the Financial Instruments and Exchange Law of Japan. The shares have not been offered or sold and will not be offered or sold, directly or indirectly, in Japan or to or for the account of any resident of Japan (including any corporation or other entity organized under the laws of Japan), except (i) pursuant to an exemption from the registration requirements of the Financial Instruments and Exchange Law and (ii) in compliance with any other applicable requirements of Japanese law.

Notice to Prospective Investors in Singapore

This prospectus has not been registered as a prospectus with the Monetary Authority of Singapore. Accordingly, this prospectus and any other document or material in connection with the offer or sale, or invitation for subscription or purchase, of the shares may not be circulated or distributed, nor may the shares be offered or sold, or be made the subject of an invitation for subscription or purchase, whether directly or indirectly, to persons in Singapore other than (i) to an institutional investor under Section 274 of the Securities and Futures Act, Chapter 289 of Singapore (the "SFA"), (ii) to a relevant person pursuant to Section 275(1), or any person pursuant to Section 275 of the SFA or (iii) otherwise pursuant to, and in accordance with the conditions of, any other applicable provision of the SFA, in each case subject to compliance with conditions set forth in the SFA.

Where the shares are subscribed or purchased under Section 275 of the SFA by a relevant person which is:

- a corporation (which is not an accredited investor (as defined in Section 4A of the SFA)) the sole business of which is to hold investments and the entire share capital of which is owned by one or more individuals, each of whom is an accredited investor; or
- a trust (where the trustee is not an accredited investor) whose sole purpose is to hold investments and each beneficiary of the trust is an individual who is an accredited investor, shares, debentures and units of shares and debentures of that corporation or the beneficiaries' rights and interest (howsoever described) in that trust shall not be transferred within six months after that corporation or that trust has acquired the shares pursuant to an offer made under Section 275 of the SFA except:
 - to an institutional investor (for corporations, under Section 274 of the SFA) or to a relevant person defined in Section 275(2) of the SFA, or to any person pursuant to an offer that is made on terms that such shares, debentures and units of shares and debentures of that corporation or such rights and interest in that trust are acquired at a consideration of not less than S\$200,000 (or its equivalent in a foreign currency) for each transaction, whether such amount is to be paid for in cash or by exchange of securities or other assets, and further for corporations, in accordance with the conditions specified in Section 275 of the SFA;
 - · where no consideration is or will be given for the transfer; or
 - where the transfer is by operation of law.

LEGAL MATTERS

The validity of the shares of Class A common stock offered hereby will be passed upon for us by Weil, Gotshal & Manges LLP. Paul, Weiss, Rifkind, Wharton & Garrison LLP advised the underwriters in connection with the offering of our Class A common stock.

EXPERTS

The consolidated financial statements of AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc. as of December 31, 2012 and March 29, 2012, and for the August 31, 2012 to December 31, 2012 period, the 22-week period ended August 30, 2012, and each of the 52-week periods ended March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011, have been included herein and in the registration statement in reliance upon the report of KPMG LLP, independent registered public accounting firm, appearing elsewhere herein, and upon the authority of said firm as experts in accounting and auditing. The audit report covering the December 31, 2012 consolidated financial statements contains an explanatory paragraph that states that the Company had a change of controlling ownership effective August 30, 2012, and as a result, the consolidated financial information after August 30, 2012 is presented on a different costs basis than that for the period before the change of control and, therefore, is not comparable.

The financial statements of National CineMedia, LLC as of December 27, 2012 and December 29, 2011 and for the three fiscal years ended December 27, 2012 included in this prospectus have been audited by Deloitte & Touche LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in their report appearing herein. Such financial statements are included in reliance upon the report of such firm given upon their authority as experts in accounting and auditing.

The consolidated financial statements of Digital Cinema Implementation Partners, LLC as of December 31, 2012 and for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2012 included in this prospectus have been audited by CohnReznick LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in their report appearing herein. Such financial statements are included in reliance upon the report of such firm given upon their authority as experts in accounting and auditing.

The consolidated financial statements of Open Road Releasing, LLC as of December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011 and for each of the years in the two-year period ended December 31, 2012, have been included herein and in the registration statement in reliance upon the reports of KPMG LLP, independent registered public accounting firm, appearing elsewhere herein, and upon the authority of said firm as experts in accounting and auditing.

WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION

We have filed with the SEC a registration statement on Form S-1 under the Securities Act with respect to the Class A common stock offered by this prospectus. This prospectus is a part of the registration statement and, as permitted by the SEC's rules, does not contain all of the information presented in the registration statement. For further information with respect to us and our Class A common stock offered hereby, reference is made to the registration statement and the exhibits and any schedules filed therewith. Statements contained in this prospectus as to the contents of any contract or other document referred to are not necessarily complete and in each instance, if such contract or document is filed as an exhibit, reference is made to the copy of such contract or other document filed as an exhibit to the registration statement, each statement being qualified in all respects by such reference. A copy of the registration statement, including the exhibits and schedules thereto, may be read and copied at the SEC's Public Reference Room at 100 F Street, NE, Washington, D.C. 20549. Information on the operation of the Public Reference Room may be obtained by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330. In addition, the SEC maintains an Internet site at www.sec.gov, from which interested persons can electronically access the registration statement, including the exhibits and any schedules thereto.

Because certain of our subsidiaries already have public debt and also due to this offering, they are subject to the informational requirements of the Exchange Act. They fulfill their obligations with respect to such requirements by filing periodic reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC. We intend to furnish our stockholders with annual reports containing consolidated financial statements certified by an independent registered public accounting firm. We also maintain an Internet site at www.amctheatres.com. Our website and the information contained therein or connected thereto shall not be deemed to be incorporated into this prospectus or the registration statement of which this prospectus forms a part, and you should not rely on any such information in making your decision whether to purchase our securities.

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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(in thousands)

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2013 (Successor)	Twenty-six Weeks Ended June 28, 2012 (Predecessor)
	(un	audited)
Revenues		
Admissions	\$ 898,190	\$ 877,408
Food & beverage	387,414	360,149
Other theatre	54,863	69,257
Total revenues	1,340,467	1,306,814
Operating Costs and Expenses		
Film exhibition costs	476,719	463,918
Food & beverage costs	53,748	49,219
Operating expense	351,429	342,081
Rent	227,348	222,765
General and administrative:		
Merger, acquisition and transaction costs	1,653	4,476
Management fee		2,500
Other	33,347	30,946
Depreciation and amortization	98,832	105,181
Impairment of long-lived assets		285
Operating costs and expenses	1,243,076	1,221,371
Operating income	97,391	85,443
Other expense (income)	21,022	05,115
Other (income) expense	(294)	1,657
Interest expense:	(274)	1,037
Corporate borrowings	65,483	82,105
Capital and financing lease obligations	5,308	2,906
	(23,820)	(19,448)
Equity in earnings of non-consolidated entities Investment income		
	(3,337)	(51)
Total other expense	43,340	67,169
Earnings from continuing operations before income taxes	54,051	18,274
Income tax provision	12,950	905
Earnings from continuing operations	41,101	17,369
Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations, net of income taxes	4,697	(2,874)
Net earnings	\$ 45,798	\$ 14,495
5	\$ 45,798	3 14,495
Basic earnings (loss) per share of common stock:		
Earnings from continuing operations	\$ 26.78	\$ 13.58
Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations	3.06	(2.25)
Net earnings per share	\$ 29.84	\$ 11.33
Average shares outstanding:		· ——
Basic	1,534.92	1,279.14
Diluted earnings (loss) per share of common stock:		
Earnings from continuing operations	\$ 26.78	S 13.47
Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations	3.06	(2.23)
Net earnings per share	\$ 29.84	\$ 11.24
	3 27.04	3 11.24
Average shares outstanding: Diluted	1.534.92	1,289.30
Diucu	1,334.92	1,289.30

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(in thousands)

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2013		nded Ended	
			audited)	
		uccessor)		edecessor)
Net earnings	\$	45,798	\$	14,495
Foreign currency translation adjustment, net of tax		1,965		590
Pension and other benefit adjustments:				
Net loss arising during the period, net of tax		_		(18,939)
Net prior service credit arising during the period, net of tax		_		1,806
Amortization of net (gain) loss included in net periodic benefit costs, net of tax		(38)		584
Amortization of prior service credit included in net periodic benefit costs, net of tax		_		(581)
Unrealized gain on marketable securities:				
Unrealized holding gains arising during the period, net of tax		3,501		8,270
Less: reclassification adjustment for gains included in investment (income) expense, net of tax		(21)		(54)
Unrealized gain from equity method investees' cash flow hedge:				
Unrealized holding gains arising during the period, net of tax		2,468		_
Holding gains reclassified to equity in earnings of non-consolidated entities		(247)		_
Other comprehensive income (loss)		7,628		(8,324)
Total comprehensive income	\$	53,426	\$	6,171

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(in thousands, except share data)

	(Successor)	<u>Do</u>	(Successor)
ASSETS	(,
Current assets:			
Cash and equivalents	\$ 136,307	\$	133,071
Receivables, net	75,727		97,108
Other current assets	76,794		100,927
Total current assets	288,828		331,106
Property, net	1,137,797		1,147,959
Intangible assets, net	238,830		243,180
Goodwill	2,294,231		2,217,690
Other long-term assets	389,390		332,740
Total assets	\$ 4,349,076	\$	4,272,675
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 256,845	\$	226,220
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	137,693		155,286
Deferred revenues and income	142,240		171,122
Current maturities of corporate borrowings and capital and financing lease obligations	14,367		14,280
Total current liabilities	551,145		566,908
Corporate borrowings	2,073,037		2,070,671
Capital and financing lease obligations	112,964		116,369
Deferred revenues—for exhibitor services agreement	337,333		318,154
Other long-term liabilities	447,066		426,468
Total liabilities	3,521,545		3,498,570
Commitments and contingencies			
Class N Common Stock nonvoting (\$.01 par value, 25,000 shares authorized; 3,497 shares issued and outstanding as			
of June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012)	1,811		1,811
Stockholders' equity:	 		
Class A Common Stock voting (\$.01 par value, 2,000,000 shares authorized 1,531,424 shares issued and outstanding			
as of June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012)	15		15
Additional paid-in capital	799,985		799,985
Accumulated other comprehensive income	17,072		9,444
Accumulated earnings (deficit)	8,648		(37,150)
Total stockholders' equity	825,720		772,294
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 4,349,076	\$	4,272,675

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(in thousands)

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2013 (Successor)	Twenty-six Weeks Ended June 28, 2012 (Predecessor)	
		udited)	
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net earnings	\$ 45,798	\$ 14,495	
Adjustments to reconcile net earnings to net cash provided by operating activities:		105 (00	
Depreciation and amortization	98,832	105,690	
Interest paid and discount on repurchase of Parent Term Loan	_	(59,965)	
Impairment of assets		285	
Interest accrued to principal on corporate borrowings	(422)	873	
Loss (gain) on extinguishment and modification of debt Amortization of discount (premium) on corporate borrowings	(422)	922 1.036	
Amortization of discount (premium) on corporate borrowings Deferred income taxes	(6,252)	1,036	
	11,150	5.189	
Theatre and other closure expense Gain on dispositions	3,020 (4,765)	(3,044)	
	(, ,		
Equity in earnings and losses from non-consolidated entities, net of distributions Change in assets and liabilities:	(14,917)	(6,422)	
Receivables	28,547	30,283	
Other assets	(5,464)	(7,015)	
Accounts payable	38,138	686	
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	(60,649)	(60,986)	
Other, net	488	(1,074)	
·			
Net cash provided by operating activities	133,504	20,953	
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Capital expenditures	(104,695)	(73,346)	
Investments in non-consolidated entities, net	(2,766)	(1,523)	
Acquisition of Rave theatres, net of cash acquired	(1,128)	_	
Proceeds from the disposition of long-term assets	4,866	1,352	
Other, net	(4,677)	762	
Net cash used in investing activities	(108,400)	(72,755)	
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Proceeds from issuance of Term Loan due 2020	773,063	_	
Repayment of Term Loan due 2016	(464,088)	_	
Repayment of Term Loan due 2018	(296,250)	_	
Proceeds from issuance of Term Loan due 2018		297,000	
Repayment of Term Loan due 2013	_	(140,657)	
Repurchase of Senior Subordinated Notes due 2014		(160,000)	
Repurchase of Parent Term Loan	_	(159,440)	
Deferred financing costs	(8,111)	(5,494)	
Principal payments under capital and financing lease obligations	(3,064)	(1,581)	
Principal payments under Term Loan	(3,939)	(3,626)	
Change in construction payables	(19,404)	(5,860)	
Net cash used in financing activities	(21,793)	(179,658)	
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and equivalents	(75)	462	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and equivalents	3,236	(230,998)	
Cash and equivalents at beginning of period	133,071	438,193	
Cash and equivalents at end of period	\$ 136,307	\$ 207,195	
Cash and equitation at the of period	Ψ 150,507	207,173	

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2013

(Unaudited)

NOTE 1—BASIS OF PRESENTATION

AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc. ("Parent" or the "Company"), through its direct and indirect subsidiaries, including AMC Entertainment® Inc. ("AMCE") and American Multi-Cinema, Inc. ("AMC") and its subsidiaries (collectively with Parent, unless the context otherwise requires, the "Company"), is principally involved in the theatrical exhibition business and owns, operates or has interests in theatres primarily located in the United States. Parent is an indirect, wholly-owned subsidiary of Dalian Wanda Group Co., Ltd. ("Wanda"), a Chinese private conglomerate.

On August 30, 2012, Wanda acquired Parent through a merger between Parent and Wanda Film Exhibition Co. Ltd. ("Merger Subsidiary"), a wholly-owned indirect subsidiary of Wanda (the "Merger"). In connection with the change of control pursuant to the Merger, the Company's assets and liabilities were adjusted to fair value on the closing date of the Merger by application of "push down" accounting in connection with the Merger, the Company's financial statement presentations herein distinguish between a predecessor period ("Predecessor"), for periods prior to the Merger, and a successor period ("Successor"), for periods subsequent to the Merger and a successor period ("Successor"), for periods subsequent to the Merger and a successor period ("Successor"), for periods subsequent to the Merger atte, August 30, 2012. The Consolidated Financial Statements presented herein are those of Successor from January 1, 2013 through June 30, 2013, and those of Predecessor for all periods prior to the Merger date. As a result of the application of "push down" accounting at the time of the Merger, the financial statements for the Predecessor period and for the Successor period are presented on different bases and are, therefore, not comparable. See Note 2—Merger for additional information regarding the Merger.

Use of Estimates: Preparing the financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Significant estimates and assumptions are used for, but not limited to: (1) Impairments, (2) Film exhibition costs, (3) Income and operating taxes, (4) Theatre and other closure expense, and (5) Gift card and packaged ticket breakage. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Fiscal Year: On November 15, 2012, the Company changed its fiscal year to a calendar year ending on December 3ft of each year. Prior to the change, the Company had a 52/53 week fiscal year ending on the Thursday closest to the last day of March. All references to "fiscal year", unless otherwise noted, refer to the 52/53 week fiscal year, which ended on the Thursday closest to the last day of March.

Earnings per Share: Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing net earnings by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding. Diluted earnings per share includes the effects of outstanding stock options, if dilutive.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

June 30, 2013

(Unaudited)

NOTE 1—BASIS OF PRESENTATION (Continued)

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings from continuing operations per common share:

(In thousands, except per share data)	Six months Ended June 30, 2013 (Successor)	26 weeks Ended June 28, 2012 (Predecessor)
Numerator:		
Earnings from continuing operations	\$ 41,101	\$ 17,369
Denominator:		
Shares for basic earnings per common share	1,534.92	1,279.14
Stock options	_	10.16
Shares for diluted earnings per common share	1,534.92	1,289.30
Basic earnings from continuing operations per common share	\$ 26.78	\$ 13.58
Diluted earnings from continuing operations per common share	\$ 26.78	\$ 13.47

There are no outstanding options to purchase common shares during the Successor period.

Out of Period Adjustments: During the six months ended June 30, 2013, management identified adjustments necessary to correct the valuation allowance for deferred tax assets recognized when push down accounting was applied at the date of the Merger and to correct changes in the valuation allowance for deferred tax assets recognized subsequent to the Merger.

Management determined that an increase to the valuation allowance at the date of the Merger was necessary to provide for deferred tax assets that more likely than not will not be realized. The out of period adjustment increased reported goodwill by \$31,463,000, decreased other current assets by \$33,200,000 and decreased other long-term liabilities by \$1,737,000 as of June 30, 2013.

Management also determined that during the successor period from August 31, 2012 through December 31, 2012, reductions to the valuation allowance were incorrectly recorded resulting in an understatement of tax expense and net loss from continuing operations of \$5,520,000.

The out of period adjustment has been recorded during calendar 2013. The impact of these adjustments increased the tax provision and reduced earnings from continuing operations by \$5,520,000 or \$3.60 per share from amounts that otherwise would have been recorded for the three months ended June 30, 2013. This correction had no impact on reported cash flows for any period. Management does not believe the impact of this out of period adjustment materially impacts the fair presentation of the Company's operating results or financial condition for any of the periods impacted.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

June 30, 2013

(Unaudited)

NOTE 1—BASIS OF PRESENTATION (Continued)

Goodwill: The activity for goodwill is presented below:

Total
(Successor)
\$ 2,217,690
31,951
13,127
31,463
\$ 2,294,231

See Note 2—Merger and Note 3—Acquisition for additional information regarding the Merger and the Rave Acquisitions.

Discontinued Operations: The results of operations for the Company's discontinued operations have been eliminated from the Company's continuing operations and classified as discontinued operations for each period presented within the Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations. During the six months ended June 30, 2013, the Company received \$4,666,000 for a sales price adjustment from the sale of theatres located in Canada. The sales price adjustment related to tax attributes of the theatres sold in Canada which were not determinable or probable of collection at the date of the sale. The Company completed its tax returns for periods prior to the date of sale during the six months ended June 30, 2013 at which time the buyer was able to determine amounts due pursuant to the sales price adjustment and remit them to the Company. The Company recorded the additional gain on sale following the guidance for gain contingencies in ASC 450-30-25-1 when the gains were realizable.

Other (Income) Expense: The following table sets forth the components of other (income) expense:

(In thousands)	Six Months Ended June 30, 2013 (Successor)	Twenty-six Weeks Ended June 28, 2012 (Predecessor)
Gain on extinguishment of Parent Term Loan Facility	\$ —	\$ 511
Loss on redemption of 8% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2014	_	640
Loss (gain) on Senior Secured Credit Facility	(240)	383
Other (income) expense	(54)	123
Other (income) expense	\$ (294)	\$ 1,657

Temporary Equity: As of June 30, 2013 there was no material difference in the estimated fair value and recorded value of the Class N Common Shares recorded as temporary equity.

Subsequent Events: The Company has evaluated subsequent events through August 27, 2013.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

June 30, 2013

(Unaudited)

NOTE 2—MERGER

Parent and Wanda completed a Merger on August 30, 2012 in which Wanda indirectly acquired all of the outstanding capital stock of Parent. Parent merged with Merger Subsidiary, whereby Merger Subsidiary merged with and into Parent with Parent continuing as the surviving corporation and as a wholly-owned indirect subsidiary of Wanda. The merger consideration totaled \$701,811,000, with \$700,000,000 invested by Wanda and \$1,811,000 invested by members of management for which 1,338,048 shares of Class A common stock and 3,497 shares of Class N common stock were issued, respectively. The management investment was equal to 50% of the after tax amount received by the applicable members of management with respect to equity awards outstanding at the time of the Merger. The per share price paid by management was equal to the fully diluted per share consideration received by the Company's former shareholders in the Merger. Wanda also acquired cash, corporate borrowings and capital and financing lease obligations in connection with the Merger, as described below.

In connection with the Merger agreement, \$35,000,000 of consideration otherwise payable to the equity holders was deposited into an Indemnity Escrow Fund and \$2,000,000 otherwise payable to the equity holders was deposited into an account designated by the Stockholder Representative. The \$35,000,000 of consideration previously deposited in the Indemnity Escrow Fund, which was established to cover any indemnity claims by Wanda against the sellers (former owners) relating to their representations, warranties and covenants in connection with the Merger, was released in full on April 3, 2013. There were no indemnity claims made. Further, the \$2,000,000 previously deposited in an account designated by the Stockholder Representative, which account was established to cover post-merger closing de minimis taxes and administrative fees and expenses, has also been released in full. On April 15, 2013, after net of such taxes, fees and expenses, \$1,600,000 was released back to the selling stockholders, including members of management. The Company accounted for the entire \$701,800,000 as purchase price which included the amounts placed in escrow because the Company believed any contingencies requiring escrow were remote and that the amounts would be paid out subsequently.

As a result of the Merger and related change of control, the Company applied "push down" accounting, which requires allocation of the Merger consideration to the estimated fair values of the assets and liabilities acquired in the Merger. The allocation of Merger consideration was based on management's judgment after evaluating several factors, including a valuation assessment performed by a third party appraiser. Final appraisal reports were received during the first quarter of calendar 2013. The appraisal measurements included a combination of income, replacement costs and market approaches and represents management's best estimate of fair value at August 30, 2012, the acquisition date. Management finalized its purchase price allocation in May of calendar 2013. Adjustments made during calendar 2013 increased recorded goodwill by approximately \$32,000,000. Property, net and other long-term assets decreased by approximately \$28,000,000 and \$4,000,000, respectively, due to final determinations of fair values assigned to tangible assets. During June of calendar 2013, the Company increased reported goodwill by \$31,463,000, decreased other current assets by \$33,200,000 and decreased other long-term liabilities by \$1,737,000 to correct the valuation allowance for deferred taxes recognized when push down accounting was applied at the date of the Merger. See Note 1—Basis of

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

June 30, 2013

(Unaudited)

NOTE 2—MERGER (Continued)

Presentation for additional information regarding the out of period adjustment. The following is a summary of the allocation of the Merger consideration:

(In thousands)	 Total
Cash	\$ 103,784
Receivables, net	29,775
Other current assets	34,840
Property, net(1)	1,034,597
Intangible assets, net(2)	246,507
Goodwill(3)	2,202,080
Other long-term assets(4)	339,013
Accounts payable	(134,186)
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	(138,535)
Gift card, packaged tickets, and loyalty program liability(5)	(117,841)
Corporate borrowings(6)	(2,086,926)
Capital and financing lease obligations	(60,922)
Deferred revenues—for exhibitor services agreement(7)	(322,620)
Other long-term liabilities(8)	(427,755)
Total Merger consideration	\$ 701,811
Corporate borrowings	 2,086,926
Capital and financing lease obligations	60,922
Less: cash	(103,784)
Total transaction value	\$ 2,745,875

⁽¹⁾ Property, net, consists of real estate, leasehold improvements and furniture, fixtures and equipment recorded at fair value.

⁽²⁾ Intangible assets consist of a trademark and trade names, a non-compete agreement, management contracts, a contract with an equity method investee, and favorable leases. In general, the majority of the Company's asset value is comprised of real estate and fixed assets. Furthermore, the majority of the Company's theatres are operated via lease agreements as opposed to owning the underlying real estate. Therefore, any asset value related to leased real estate would exist only if the existing lease agreements were at below-market, or favorable, terms. Certain of the Company's leased locations were considered to be at favorable terms, and an intangible asset was ascribed for such lease agreements. However, the majority of lease agreements were considered to be at market terms. As a result, there is no owned real estate or lease intangible asset value ascribed to the majority of the Company's locations. In estimating the fair value of the favorable lease agreements, market rents were estimated for each of the Company's leased locations. If the contractual rents were considered to be below the market rent, a favorable lease agreement was valued by discounting the difference between the contractual rent and estimated market rates over the remaining lease term.

Renewal options in the leases were also considered in determining the remaining lease term.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

June 30, 2013

(Unaudited)

NOTE 2—MERGER (Continued)

Other intangible assets were also considered. For the Company's business, the largest intangible asset (other than a favorable lease agreement) is the trade name. There was no customer relationship asset since the Company's customers represent "walk-in traffic" in which the customer would not meet the legal or separable criteria under ASC 805. The royalty savings method, a form of the income approach, was used to estimate the fair value of the trade name. In estimating the appropriate royalty rate for the trade name, we considered the impact and contribution that the trade name provides to the Company's operating cash flows. We assessed that the trade name does provide some contribution to the Company's operating cash flow, but that the attendance in the theatre is ultimately driven by factors that are not separable from goodwill such as the quality of the film product, the location of each individual theatre, the physical condition of the individual theatre, and the competitive landscape of the individual theatre.

Other than the favorable lease agreements and the trade name, there are not many other operating intangible assets for the Company's business. However, the Company does have some contractual relationships identified as intangible assets. These contractual relationships include the non-compete agreement that was entered into as part of the Company's acquisition of Kerasotes, management agreements in which the Company manages certain theatres that are owned by a third party, and the NCM tax receivable agreement (the "NCM TRA") which represents an agreement in which the Company receives a certain portion of a tax benefit that NCM is expected to receive as part of the Company's partial ownership interest in NCM. The non-compete agreement was valued using the differential cash flow method, a form of the income approach, in which the cash flows of the Company were estimated under a scenario in which the non-compete agreement was in place and a scenario in which there was no non-compete agreement. The value of the non-compete agreement was considered to be the difference of the discounted cash flows between the two scenarios over the remaining contractual term of the agreement. The management agreements were valued using the income approach, in which the annual management fee over the life of the agreements were discounted. The NCM TRA was valued using the income approach in which the future tax benefit distribution realized from any tax amortization of intangible assets was estimated and discounted. The Company determined the value of the TRA using a discounted cash flow model. For the purposes of its analysis, the Company estimated the cash receipts from taxable transactions that are known as of the date of the Merger. The Company did not consider future transactions that NCM may undertake. The Company estimated a run-off of the intangible asset amortization benefits due to the following transactions:

- 1. ESA (Exhibitor Services Agreement)—relates to the amortization due to a modification of the initial ESA agreement.
- CUA (Common Unit Adjustment)—relates to NCM issuing additional common units to the founding members if there is an increase in the number of
 theaters under the ESA agreement. A reduction of common units is made if there are theaters removed from the ESA agreement.
- AMC II Benefit—relates to AMC's acquisition of Kerasotes theaters.
- 4. IPO Exchange Benefit—relates to amortization from NCM's IPO in 2007.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

June 30, 2013

(Unaudited)

NOTE 2—MERGER (Continued)

- 5. IPO II Exchange Benefit—relates to amortization step ups from NCM's secondary IPO in 2010.
- 6. Capital Account Administration Allocation—relates to receipts attributable to the account administration.

The estimated TRA receipts through 2037 are tax effected at 40%, based on a blended federal and 50-state average tax rate. The after tax receipts were discounted to a present value using a discount rate of 12.0%, based on the cost of equity of NCM, as the TRA payments only benefit the equity holders.

- (3) Goodwill represents the excess of the Merger consideration over the net assets recognized and represents the future expected economic benefits arising from other assets acquired that could not be individually identified and separately recognized. Goodwill associated with the Merger is not tax deductible.
- (4) Other long-term assets primarily include equity method investments, real estate held for investment and marketable equity securities recorded at fair value.
- (5) Represents a liability related to the sales of gift cards, packaged tickets and AMC Stubs™ memberships and rewards outstanding at August 30, 2012, recorded at fair value. The Company determined fair value for the gift cards and packaged tickets by removing the amount of unrecognized breakage income that was included in the deferred revenue amounts prior to the Merger. The Company made purchase accounting adjustments to reduce its deferred revenues for packaged tickets by \$24,859,000 and gift cards by \$7,441,000 such that the Company would recognize a normal profit margin on its deferred revenues for the future redemptions of the sales that occurred prior to the Merger. The Company did not make any fair value adjustments to its deferred revenues related to AMC Stubs as a result of the Merger because deferred revenues for the annual memberships require performance by AMC in the future and there was not sufficient historical data to estimate amounts of future breakage for AMC Stubs rewards. AMC Stubs vested rewards expire after 90 days if unused and AMC Stubs progress rewards expire to the extent members do not renew their annual membership.
- (6) Corporate borrowings include borrowings under the Senior Secured Credit Facility-Term Loan due 2016, the Senior Secured Credit Facility-Term Loan due 2018, the 8.75% Senior Fixed Rate Notes due 2019 and the 9.75% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2020, recorded at fair value.
- (7) Deferred revenues for Exhibitor Services Agreement reflect the Company's obligation pursuant to an arrangement with National CineMedia, LLC ("NCM") to provide advertising services on terms favorable to NCM.
- (8) Other long-term liabilities consist of certain theatre leases that have been identified as unfavorable, adjustments to reset deferred rent related to escalations of minimum rentals to zero, adjustments for pension and postretirement medical plan liabilities and deferred RealD Inc. lease incentive recorded at fair value. Other long-term liabilities include deferred tax liabilities resulting from indefinite temporary differences that arose primarily from the application of "push down" accounting.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

June 30, 2013

(Unaudited)

NOTE 2—MERGER (Continued)

Quoted market prices and observable market based inputs were used to estimate the fair value of corporate borrowings (Level 2) and the Company's investments in NCM and equity securities available for sale including RealD Inc. common stock (Level 1). The fair value measurements of other tangible and intangible assets and liabilities were based on significant inputs not observable in the market and thus represent Level 3 measurements within the fair value measurement hierarchy. Level 3 fair market values were determined using a variety of information, including estimated future cash flows, appraisals, market comparables, and quoted market prices.

During the six months ended June 30, 2013, the Company incurred additional Merger-related costs of approximately \$1,042,000, which are included in general and administrative expense: merger, acquisition and transaction costs in the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

For further information about other Merger-related costs and change of control transactions for Corporate Borrowings, see Note 2—Merger and Note 9—Corporate Borrowings and Capital and Financing Lease Obligations of the Notes to the audited Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this prospectus.

The unaudited pro forma financial information presented below sets forth the Company's historical statements of operations for the periods indicated and gives effect to the Merger as if "push down" accounting had been applied as of December 30, 2011. Such information is presented for comparative purposes to the Consolidated Statements of Operations only and does not purport to represent what

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

June 30, 2013

(Unaudited)

NOTE 2—MERGER (Continued)

the Company's results of operations would actually have been had these transactions occurred on the date indicated or to project its results of operations for any future period or date.

		ro forma ty-six Weeks
		Ended
(In thousands)		ne 28, 2012
		edecessor) naudited)
Revenues	(4.	inauditeu)
Admissions	\$	877,408
Food & beverage		360,149
Other theatre		46,321
Total revenues		1,283,878
Operating Costs and Expenses		
Film exhibition costs		463,918
Food & beverage costs		49,219
Operating expense		343,399
Rent		221,974
General and administrative:		
Merger, acquisition and transaction costs		4,476
Management fee		20.042
Other Depreciation and amortization		30,943 102,164
Impairment of long-lived assets		285
Operating costs and expenses		1,216,378
Operating income		67,500
Other expense (income)		
Other expense		1,657
Interest expense:		50.515
Corporate borrowings		72,715
Capital and financing lease obligations Equity in earnings of non-consolidated entities		2,906 (9,617)
Investment income		(3,582)
Total other expense		64,079
Earnings from continuing operations before income taxes Income tax provision		3,421 3,200
•	_	
Earnings from continuing operations		(2.874)
Loss from discontinued operations, net of income taxes		(2,874)
Net loss	\$	(2,653)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

June 30, 2013

(Unaudited)

NOTE 3—ACQUISITION

In December 2012, the Company completed the acquisition of 4 theatres and 61 screens from Rave Reviews Cinemas, LLC and 6 theatres and 95 screens from Rave Digital Media, LLC, (together "Rave"). The total purchase price for the Rave theatres, paid in cash, was \$88,683,000, net of cash acquired, and is subject to working capital and other purchase price adjustments. Approximately \$881,000 of the total purchase price was paid during the six months ended June 30, 2013.

The acquisitions are being treated as a purchase in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification, ("ASC") 805, Business Combinations, which requires allocation of the purchase price to the estimated fair values of assets and liabilities acquired in the transaction. The allocation of purchase price is based on management's judgment after evaluating several factors, including bid prices from potential buyers and a valuation assessment. The allocation of purchase price is subject to changes as an appraisal of assets and liabilities is not yet completed. The following is a summary of a preliminary allocation of the purchase price:

(In thousands)	Total
Cash	\$ 3,649
Receivables, net(1)	754
Other current assets	1,556
Property, net	79,428
Goodwill(2)	92,151
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	(8,618)
Capital and financing lease obligations	(62,598)
Other long-term liabilities(3)	(13,990)
Total estimated purchase price	\$ 92,332

- (1) Receivables consist of trade receivables recorded at estimated fair value. The Company did not acquire any other class of receivables as a result of the acquisition of the Rave theatres.
- (2) Amounts recorded for goodwill are expected to be deductible for tax purposes.
- (3) Amounts recorded for other long-term liabilities consist of unfavorable leases and long-term deferred tax liabilities.

During the six months ended June 30, 2013, the Company incurred acquisition-related costs for the Rave theatres of approximately \$396,000, which are included in general and administrative expense: merger, acquisition and transaction costs in the Consolidated Statements of Operations. The Company's operating results for the six months ended June 30, 2013 were not materially impacted by this acquisition.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

June 30, 2013

(Unaudited)

NOTE 4—INVESTMENTS

Investments in non-consolidated affiliates and certain other investments accounted for following the equity method generally include all entities in which the Company or its subsidiaries have significant influence, but not more than 50% voting control, and are recorded in the Consolidated Balance Sheets in other long-term assets. Investments in non-consolidated affiliates as of June 30, 2013, include a 15.52% interest in NCM, a 50% interest in two U.S. theatres and one IMAX screen, a 29% interest in Digital Cinema Implementation Partners, LLC ("DCIP"), and a 50% interest in Open Road Releasing, LLC, operator of Open Road Films, LLC ("ORF"). Indebtedness held by equity method investees is non-recourse to the Company.

RealD Inc. Common Stock. The Company holds an investment in RealD Inc. common stock, which is accounted for as an equity security, available for sale, and is recorded in the Consolidated Balance Sheets in other long-term assets at fair value (Level 1).

Equity in Earnings of Non-Consolidated Entities

Condensed financial information of our non-consolidated equity method investments is shown below. Amounts are presented under U.S. GAAP for the periods of ownership by the Company.

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2013									
(In thousands)	NCM	DCIP			ORF		Other		Total	
Revenues	\$ 205,000	\$	88,077	\$	101,434	\$	6,936	\$	401,447	
Operating costs and expenses	158,300		73,813		87,334		6,963		326,410	
Net earnings (loss)	\$ 46,700	\$	14,264	\$	14,100	\$	(27)	\$	75,037	

		Twenty-six Weeks Ended June 28, 2012							
(In thousands)	NCM	DCIP	ORF	Other	Total				
Revenues	\$ 189,200	\$ 79,978	\$ 68,596	\$ 16,696	\$ 354,470				
Operating costs and expenses	184,200	64,005	60,716	18,285	327,206				
Net earnings (loss)	\$ 5,000	\$ 15,973	\$ 7,880	\$ (1,589)	\$ 27,264				

The components of the Company's recorded equity in earnings of non-consolidated entities are as follows:

(In thousands)	Six Months Ended June 30, 2013		Twenty-six Weeks Ended June 28, 2012			
	(S	(Successor)		(Predecessor)		
National CineMedia, LLC	\$	8,699	\$	9,533		
Digital Cinema Implementation Partners, LLC		7,827		4,947		
Open Road Releasing, LLC		7,050		3,940		
Other		244		1,028		
The Company's recorded equity in earnings	\$	23,820	\$	19,448		

DCIP Transactions. As of June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, the Company had recorded \$683,000 and \$736,000 respectively, of amounts due from DCIP related to equipment purchases made

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

June 30, 2013

(Unaudited)

NOTE 4—INVESTMENTS (Continued)

on behalf of DCIP for the installation of digital projection systems. After the projectors are installed and the Company is reimbursed for its installation costs, the Company will make capital contributions to DCIP for projector and installation costs in excess of an agreed upon cap (\$68,000 per system for digital conversions and \$44,000 for new build locations). The Company pays equipment rent monthly and records the equipment rental expense on a straight-line basis over 12 years, including scheduled escalations of rent to commence after six and one-half years from the inception of the agreement. The difference between the cash rent and straight-line rent is recorded to deferred rent, a long-term liability account. As of June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, the Company had recorded \$4,681,000 and \$1,810,000 of deferred rent liability, respectively. The Company recorded digital equipment rental expense for continuing operations of \$5,369,000 and \$4,004,000 during the six months ended June 30, 2013 and the twenty-six weeks ended June 28, 2012, respectively.

Open Road Films Transactions. As of June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, the Company had recorded \$1,831,000 and \$1,950,000 of amounts due from Open Road Films and has recorded \$61,000 and \$326,000 of amounts payable for film rentals, respectively. The Company has incurred approximately \$8,700,000 and \$6,100,000 in gross film exhibition costs on titles distributed by Open Road Films during the six months ended June 30, 2013 and the twenty-six weeks ended June 28, 2012, respectively.

NCM Transactions. Effective June 7, 2013, NCM issued 5,315,837 common membership units to another founding member due to an acquisition, which caused a decrease in the Company's ownership share from 16.29% to 15.59%. As of June 30, 2013, the Company owns 19,052,770 common membership units, or a 15.52% interest, in NCM. As a founding member, the Company has the ability to exercise significant influence over the governance of NCM, and, accordingly accounts for its investment following the equity method. The estimated fair market value of the units in NCM was approximately \$321,801,000, based on the publically quoted price per share of NCM, Inc. on June 28, 2013 of \$16.89 per share.

The Company recorded the following transactions with NCM:

(In thousands)	June	June 30, 2013		mber 31, 2012
	(Su	(Successor)		Successor)
Due from NCM for on-screen advertising revenue	\$	2,887	\$	1,978
Due to NCM for Exhibitor Services Agreement		2,908		2,021

	Six Months	Twen	ty-six Weeks
	Ended		Ended
(In thousands)	June 30, 2013	Ju	ne 28, 2012
	(Successor)	(Pı	edecessor)
Net NCM screen advertising revenues	\$ 16,572	\$	13,064
NCM beverage advertising expense	6,721		6,837

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

June 30, 2013

(Unaudited)

NOTE 4—INVESTMENTS (Continued)

The Company recorded the following changes in the carrying amount of its investment in NCM and equity in earnings of NCM during the six months ended June 30, 2013:

(In thousands)	 vestment in NCM(1) Successor)	_	Deferred Revenue(2) (Successor)	_	Other Comprehensive (Income) (Successor)	_	Cash Received (Successor)	(I	Equity in Earnings) Successor)	(R	vertising evenue)
Ending balance December 31, 2012	\$ 245,047	\$	(318,154)	\$	(797)						
Receipt of common units	26,315		(26,315)		_						
Receipt of excess cash distributions	(8,749)		_		_	\$	8,749	\$	_	\$	_
Amortization of deferred revenue	_		7,136		_		_		_		(7,136)
Unrealized gain from cash flow hedge	700		_		(700)		_		_		_
Change in interest gain(3)	2,716		_		_		_		(2,716)		_
Equity in earnings(4)	7,365		_		_		_		(7,365)		_
Equity in loss from amortization of basis difference(5)	(1,382)		_		_		_		1,382		_
For the period ended or balance as of June 30, 2013	\$ 272,012	\$	(337,333)	\$	(1,497)	\$	8,749	\$	(8,699)	\$	(7,136)

- (1) As of the date of the Merger, August 30, 2012, the Company's investment in NCM consisted of a single investment tranche (Tranche 1 Investment) consisting of 17,323,782 membership units recorded at fair value (Level 1). As a result of the Rave theatre acquisitions in December of 2012, and as provided under the Common Unit Adjustment Agreement dated as of February 13, 2007, the Company received 1,728,988 additional NCM common membership units in calendar 2013 valued at \$26,315,000 and is recorded in a new tranche, (Tranche 2 Investment).
- (2) Represents the unamortized portion of the Exhibitor Services Agreement ("ESA") modifications payment received from NCM. Such amounts are being amortized to revenues over the remainder of the 30 year term of the ESA ending in 2036, using a units-of-revenue method, as described in ASC 470-10-35 (formerly EITF 88-18, Sales of Future Revenues). In connection with the Merger on August 30, 2012, the deferred revenue amounts related to the ESA were adjusted to estimated fair value.
- (3) A non-cash gain was recorded to adjust our investment balance due to NCM's issuance of 5,315,837 common membership units to another founding member, at a price per share in excess of the Company's average carrying amount per share.
- (4) Represents percentage of ownership equity in earnings on both Tranche 1 and Tranche 2 Investments.
- (5) Certain differences between the Company's carrying value and the Company's share of NCM's membership equity have been identified and are amortized to equity in earnings over the respective lives of the assets and liabilities.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

June 30, 2013

(Unaudited)

NOTE 5—FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Fair value refers to the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants in the market in which the entity transacts business. The inputs used to develop these fair value measurements are established in a hierarchy, which ranks the quality and reliability of the information used to determine the fair values. The fair value classification is based on levels of inputs. Assets and liabilities that are carried at fair value are classified and disclosed in one of the following categories:

- Level 1: Quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Observable market based inputs or unobservable inputs that are corroborated by market data.
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs that are not corroborated by market data.

Recurring Fair Value Measurements. The following table summarizes the fair value hierarchy of the Company's financial assets carried at fair value on a recurring basis as of June 30, 2013:

			Fair Value Measurements at June 30, 2013 Using						
(In thousands)		Total Carrying Value at June 30, 2013 (Successor)			observ	able inputs unobs	ignificant ervable inputs (Level 3)		
Other long-term assets:									
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	32	\$	32	\$	- \$	_		
Money Market Mutual Funds		83		83		_	_		
Equity securities, available-for-sale:									
RealD Inc. Common Stock		16,996		16,996		_	_		
Mutual Fund Large U.S. Equity		2,438		2,438		_	_		
Mutual Fund Small/Mid U.S. Equity		682		682		_	_		
Mutual Fund International		347		347		_	_		
Mutual Fund Balance		145		145		_	_		
Mutual Fund Fixed Income		370		370		_	_		
Total assets at fair value	\$	21,093	\$	21,093	\$	<u> </u>	_		

Valuation Techniques. The Company's money market mutual funds are invested in funds that seek to preserve principal, are highly liquid, and therefore are recorded on the balance sheet at the principal amounts deposited, which equals fair value. The equity securities, available-for-sale, primarily consist of common stock and mutual funds invested in equity, fixed income, and international funds and are measured at fair value using quoted market prices. See Note 11—Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income for the unrealized gain on the equity securities recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

June 30, 2013

(Unaudited)

NOTE 5—FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

Other Fair Value Measurement Disclosures. The Company is required to disclose the fair value of financial instruments that are not recognized in the statement of financial position for which it is practicable to estimate that value:

		Fair Value	Fair Value Measurements at June 30, 2013 Using						
	Total Carrying Value at June 30, 2013		Significant other observable inputs	Significant unobservable inputs					
(In thousands)	June 30, 2013 (Successor)	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)					
Current Maturities of Corporate Borrowings	\$ 7,750	\$ —	\$ 7,730	\$ —					
Corporate Borrowings	2 073 037	_	2 087 899	_					

Valuation Technique. Quoted market prices were used to estimate fair value.

NOTE 6—THEATRE AND OTHER CLOSURE AND DISPOSITION OF ASSETS

A rollforward of reserves for theatre and other closure and disposition of assets is as follows:

(In thousands)	Jui	x Months Ended ne 30, 2013 uccessor)	Jur	ty-six Weeks Ended ne 28, 2012 edecessor)
Beginning balance	\$	61,344	\$	66,497
Theatre and other closure expense		3,020		5,189
Transfer of assets and liabilities		(54)		(647)
Foreign currency translation adjustment		(1,404)		(41)
Cash payments		(5,716)		(7,752)
Ending balance	\$	57,190	\$	63,246

During the six months ended June 30, 2013 and the twenty-six weeks ended June 28, 2012, the Company recognized \$3,020,000 and \$5,189,000, respectively, of theatre and other closure expense, primarily related to accretion on previously closed properties with remaining lease obligations.

Theatre and other closure reserves for leases that have not been terminated are recorded at the present value of the future contractual commitments for the base rents, taxes and maintenance.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

June 30, 2013

(Unaudited)

NOTE 7—INCOME TAXES

The difference between the effective tax rate on earnings from continuing operations before income taxes and the U.S. federal income tax statutory rate is as follows:

(In thousands)	Jui	x Months Ended ne 30, 2013 successor)	Jun	ty-six Weeks Ended te 28, 2012 edecessor)
Income tax expense at the federal statutory rate	\$	18,900	\$	6,400
Effect of:				
State income taxes		1,800		905
Permanent items		100		1,150
Change in FIN 48 Reserve		_		600
Out of period adjustment (See Note 1)		5,520		_
Valuation allowance		(13,370)		(8,150)
Income tax expense	\$	12,950	\$	905
Effective income tax rate		24.0%		5.0%

The accounting for income taxes requires that deferred tax assets and liabilities be recognized, using enacted tax rates, for the tax effect of temporary differences between the financial reporting and tax bases of recorded assets and liabilities. Deferred tax assets are reduced by a valuation allowance if it is more likely than not that some or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized.

The state tax provision was for the states that impose their income based taxes on a gross sales method, that impose a margin tax or that have suspended the use of net operating loss carryforwards into the current tax year.

If, in the future, the Company generates sufficient earnings in the United States federal and state tax jurisdictions where it has recorded valuation allowances, management's conclusion regarding the need for a valuation allowance in these tax jurisdictions could change. Accordingly, it is reasonably possible the Company could have a reduction of some or a significant portion of the Company's recorded valuation allowance in the near term. This determination would be dependent on a number of factors which would include, but not be limited to, the Company's expectation of future taxable income.

NOTE 8—COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Company, in the normal course of business, is a party to various ordinary course claims from vendors (including an online ticketing vendor, food & beverage suppliers and film distributors), landlords and other legal proceedings. If management believes that a loss arising from these actions is probable and can reasonably be estimated, the Company records the amount of the loss, or the minimum estimated liability when the estimated loss is within a range and no point in this range is more probable than another. As additional information becomes available, any potential liability related to these actions is assessed and the estimates are revised, if necessary. Management believes that the ultimate outcome of such other matters, individually and in the aggregate, will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position or overall trends in results of operations. However,

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

June 30, 2013

(Unaudited)

NOTE 8—COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

litigation and claims are subject to inherent uncertainties and unfavorable outcomes could occur. An unfavorable outcome could include monetary damages. If an unfavorable outcome were to occur, there exists the possibility of a material adverse impact on the results of operations in the period in which the outcome occurs or in future periods.

NOTE 9—NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In July 2013, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued ASU No. 2013-11, Presentation of an Unrecognized Tax Benefit When a Net Operating Loss Carryforward, a Similar Tax Loss, or a Tax Credit Carryforward Exists, ("ASU 2013-11"). This amendment provides guidance on the financial statement presentation of an unrecognized tax benefit when a net operating loss carryforward, a similar tax loss, or a tax credit carryforward exists. An unrecognized tax benefit, or a portion of an unrecognized tax benefit, should be presented in the financial statements as a reduction to a deferred tax asset for a net operating loss carryforward, a similar tax loss, or a tax credit carryforward. However, to the extent that (i) a net operating loss carryforward, a similar tax loss, or a tax credit carryforward is not available at the reporting date under the tax law of the applicable jurisdiction to settle any additional income taxes that would result from the disallowance of a tax position, or (ii) the tax law of the applicable jurisdiction does not require the entity to use, and the entity does not intend to use, the deferred tax asset for such purpose, the unrecognized tax benefit should be presented in the financial statements as a liability and should not be combined with deferred tax assets. ASU 2013-11 is effective prospectively for fiscal years, and interim reporting periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2013. Early adoption is permitted and retrospective application is also permitted. The Company will adopt ASU 2013-11 as of the beginning of calendar 2014 and is in the process of evaluating the impact of this pronouncement.

In March 2013, the FASB issued ASU No. 2013-05, Foreign Currency Matters (Topic 830)—Parent's Accounting for the Cumulative Translation Adjustment upon Derecognition of Certain Subsidiaries or Groups of Assets within a Foreign Entity or of an Investment in a Foreign Entity, ("ASU 2013-05"). This amendment clarifies the applicable guidance for the release of cumulative translation adjustment into net earnings. When an entity ceases to have a controlling financial interest in a subsidiary or group of assets within a foreign entity, the entity is required to apply the guidance in ASC 830-30 to release any related cumulative translation adjustment should be released into net earnings only if the sale or transfer results in the complete or substantially complete liquidation of the foreign entity in which the subsidiary or group of assets had resided. ASU 2013-05 is effective prospectively for fiscal years, and interim reporting periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2013. Early adoption is permitted as of the beginning of the entity's fiscal year. The Company will adopt ASU 2013-05 as of the beginning of calendar 2014 and does not expect the adoption of ASU 2013-05 to have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial position, cash flows, or results of operations.

In February 2013, the FASB issued ASU No. 2013-02, Comprehensive Income (Topic 220)—Reporting of Amounts Reclassified Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income, ("ASU 2013-02"). Under this amendment, an entity is required to provide information about the amounts reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive income by component. In addition, an

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

June 30, 2013

(Unaudited)

NOTE 9—NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS (Continued)

entity is required to present, either on the face of the statement where net income is presented or in the notes, significant amounts reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive income by the respective line items of net income but only if the amount reclassified is required to be reclassified to net income in its entirety in the same reporting period. For other amounts that are not required to be reclassified in their entirety to net income, an entity is required to cross-reference to other disclosures that provide additional detail about those amounts. ASU 2013-02 is effective prospectively for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2012. Early adoption is permitted. The Company adopted the disclosure requirements of ASU 2013-02 in the first quarter of calendar 2013. See Note 11—Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income for the required disclosure.

NOTE 10—ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

The following table presents the changes in accumulated other comprehensive income by component:

(In thousands)	Fore Curre		Pension and Other Benefits		Jnrealized Gains on Marketable Securities	Unrealized Gain from Equity Method Investees' Cash Flow Hedge	(S	Total Successor)
Balance, December 31, 2012	\$ ((530)	\$ 7,264	\$	1,913	\$ 797	\$	9,444
Other comprehensive income before reclassifications	1	,965			3,501	2,468		7,934
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income		—	(38))	(21)	(247))	(306)
Net other comprehensive income (loss)	1	,965	(38))	3,480	2,221		7,628
Balance, June 30, 2013	\$ 1	,435	\$ 7,226	\$	5,393	\$ 3,018	\$	17,072

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

June 30, 2013

(Unaudited)

NOTE 10—ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Continued)

The following table presents details about accumulated other comprehensive income components for the six months ended June 30, 2013:

Reclassifications out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income

(In thousands)	from	s Reclassified Accumulated Other nprehensive Income	Affected Line Item in the Consolidated Statements of Operations
Amortization of pension and other benefit adjustments:			
Actuarial gains	\$	(38)	General and administrative: Other
Unrealized gains on marketable securities:			
Gain on marketable securities		(21)	Investment (income) expense
Unrealized gain from equity method investees' cash flow hedge:			
Gain from equity method investees' cash flow hedge		(247)	Equity in earnings of non-consolidated entities
Total reclassifications	\$	(306)	

NOTE 11—EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

The Company sponsors frozen non-contributory qualified and non-qualified defined benefit pension plans generally covering all employees who, prior to the freeze, were age 21 or older and had completed at least 1,000 hours of service in their first twelve months of employment, or in a calendar year ending thereafter, and who were not covered by a collective bargaining agreement. The Company also offers eligible retirees the opportunity to participate in a health plan. Certain employees are eligible for subsidized postretirement medical benefits. The eligibility for these benefits is based upon a participant's age and service as of January 1, 2009.

The Company expects to make pension contributions of approximately \$888,000 per quarter for a total of approximately \$3,552,000 during calendar 2013.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

June 30, 2013

(Unaudited)

NOTE 11—EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

Net periodic benefit cost recognized for the plans during the six months ended June 30, 2013 and the twenty-six weeks ended June 28, 2012 consists of the following:

		Pension I	Benefits			Other B	enefits	
(In thousands)	June	2 30, 2013	June	28, 2012	June :	30, 2013	June	28, 2012
	(Su	iccessor)	(Pre	decessor)	(Suc	cessor)	(Pred	ecessor)
Components of net periodic benefit cost:								
Service cost	\$	90	\$	90	\$	97	\$	81
Interest cost		2,256		2,319		435		496
Expected return on plan assets		(2,353)		(2,186)		_		_
Amortization of net (gain) loss		_		532		(38)		52
Amortization of prior service credit		_		_		_		(581)
Net periodic benefit cost	\$	(7)	\$	755	\$	494	\$	48

NOTE 12—CORPORATE BORROWINGS

A summary of the carrying value of corporate borrowings and capital and financing lease obligations is as follows:

(In thousands)	June 30, 2013		December 31, 2012		
	(St	iccessor)	(Successo)	r)	
Senior Secured Credit Facility-Term Loan due 2020 (3.5% as of June 30, 2013)	\$	771,242	\$	_	
Senior Secured Credit Facility-Term Loan due 2016 (4.25% as of December 31, 2012)		_	46	5,878	
Senior Secured Credit Facility-Term Loan due 2018 (4.75% as of December 31, 2012)		_	29	7,000	
8.75% Senior Fixed Rate Notes due 2019		651,262	65	4,692	
9.75% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2020		658,283	66	1,105	
Capital and financing lease obligations, 8.25% - 11%		119,581	12	2,645	
	2	2,200,368	2,20	1,320	
Less: current maturities		(14,367)	(1	4,280)	
	\$ 2	2,186,001	\$ 2,18	7,040	

On April 30, 2013, the Company entered into a new \$925,000,000 Senior Secured Credit Facility pursuant to which the Company borrowed term loans (the "Term Loan due 2020"), and used the proceeds to fund the redemption of both the Senior Secured Credit Facility Term Loan due 2016 (the "Term Loan due 2016") and the Senior Secured Credit Facility Term Loan due 2018 (the "Term Loan due 2018"). The new Senior Secured Credit Facility is comprised of a \$150,000,000 Revolving Credit Facility, which matures on April 30, 2018, and a \$775,000,000 term loan, which matures on April 30, 2020. The Term Loan due 2020 requires repayments of principal of 0.25% of the original principal amount, or \$1,937,500, per quarter, with the remaining principal payable upon maturity. The term loan

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

June 30, 2013

(Unaudited)

NOTE 12—CORPORATE BORROWINGS (Continued)

was issued at a 0.25% discount which will be amortized to interest expense over the term of the loan. The Company capitalized deferred financing costs of approximately \$6,654,000 related to the issuance of the Revolving Credit Facility and approximately \$1,282,000 related to the issuance of the Term Loan due 2020 during the second quarter of calendar 2013. Concurrently with the Term Loan due 2020 borrowings on April 30, 2013, the Company redeemed all of the outstanding Term Loan due 2016 and the Term Loan due 2018 at a redemption price of 100% of the outstanding aggregate principal balance of \$464,088,000 and \$296,250,000, respectively, plus accrued and unpaid interest. The Company recorded a net gain of approximately \$(240,000) in other expense (income), which consisted of the Term Loan due 2016 premium write-off, partially offset by the expense for the third-party costs incurred in connection with the repurchase of the Term Loan due 2016 and the Term Loan due 2018. At June 30, 2013, the aggregate principal balance of the Term Loan due 2020 was \$773,062,000 and there were no borrowings under the Revolving Credit Facility.

Borrowings under the new Senior Secured Credit Facility bear interest at a rate equal to an applicable margin plus, at the Company's option, either a base rate or LIBOR. The minimum rate for base rate borrowings is 1.75% and the minimum rate for LIBOR-based borrowings is 0.75%. The applicable margin for the Term loan due 2020 is 1.75% for base rate borrowings and 2.75% for LIBOR based loans. The applicable margin for the Revolving Credit Facility ranges from 1.25% to 1.5% for base rate borrowings and from 2.25% to 2.5% for LIBOR based borrowings. The Revolving Credit Facility also provides for an unused commitment fee of 0.50% per annum and for letter of credit fees of up to 0.25% per annum plus the applicable margin for LIBOR-based borrowings, on the undrawn amount of the letter of credit. The applicable rate for borrowings under the Term Loan due 2020 at June 30, 2013 was 3.5% based on LIBOR (2.75% margin plus 0.75% minimum LIBOR rate). Prior to redemption, the applicable rate for borrowings under the Term Loan due 2016 at April 30, 2013 was 4.25% based on LIBOR (3.25% margin plus 1.00% minimum LIBOR rate) and the applicable rate for borrowings under the Term Loan due 2018 was 4.75% margin plus 1.00% minimum LIBOR rate). The Company is obligated to repay \$7,750,000 of the Term Loan due 2020 per annum through April 30, 2019, with any remaining balance due on April 30, 2020. The Company may voluntarily repay outstanding loans under the Senior Secured Credit Facility at any time without premium or penalty, other than customary "breakage" costs with respect to LIBOR loans.

The new Senior Secured Credit Facility contains a number of covenants that, among other things, restrict, subject to certain exceptions, the Company's ability, and the ability of its subsidiaries, to sell assets; incur additional indebtedness; prepay other indebtedness (including the notes); pay dividends and distributions or repurchase their capital stock; create liens on assets; make investments; make acquisitions; engage in mergers or consolidations; engage in transactions with affiliates; amend constituent documents and material agreements governing subordinated indebtedness, including the Notes due 2020; change the business conducted by it and its subsidiaries; and enter into agreements that restrict dividends from subsidiaries. In addition, the new Senior Secured Credit Facility will require the Company and its subsidiaries to maintain on the last day of each fiscal quarter a net senior secured leverage ratio, as defined in the new Senior Secured Credit Facility, of no more than 3.25 to 1 as long as the commitments under the revolving credit facility remain outstanding. The new Senior Secured Credit Facility also contains certain customary affirmative covenants and events of default, including the

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

June 30, 2013

(Unaudited)

NOTE 12—CORPORATE BORROWINGS (Continued)

occurrence of (i) a change in control, as defined in the new Senior Secured Credit Facility, (ii) defaults under other indebtedness of the Company, any guarantor or any significant subsidiary having a principal amount of \$25,000,000 or more, and (iii) one or more uninsured judgments against the Company, any guarantor, or any significant subsidiary for an aggregate amount exceeding \$25,000,000 with respect to which enforcement proceedings are brought or a stay of enforcement is not in effect for any period of 60 consecutive days.

All obligations under the new Senior Secured Credit Facility are guaranteed by each of the Company's wholly-owned domestic subsidiaries. All obligations under the new Senior Secured Credit Facility, and the guarantees of those obligations (as well as cash management obligations), are secured by substantially all of the Company's assets as well as those of each subsidiary guarantor.

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The Board of Directors and Stockholders AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc.:

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc. (the Company) as of December 31, 2012 and March 29, 2012, and the related consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive earnings (loss), stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the August 31, 2012 to December 31, 2012 period, the 22-week period ended August 30, 2012, and each of the 52-week periods ended March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc. as of December 31, 2012 and March 29, 2012, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the August 31, 2012 to December 31, 2012 period, the 22-week period ended August 30, 2012, and each of the 52-week periods ended March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As discussed in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements, effective August 30, 2012, the Company had a change of controlling ownership. As a result of this change of control, the consolidated financial information after August 30, 2012 is presented on a different cost basis than that for the period before the change of control and, therefore, is not comparable.

/s/ KPMG LLP

Kansas City, Missouri August 27, 2013

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

		Transition	Period					
(In thousands)		Inception st 31, 2012 arough ber 31, 2012 ccessor)	tl Augu	ch 30, 2012 hrough sst 30, 2012 edecessor)	Fiscal 2012 52 Weeks Ended March 29, 2012 (Predecessor)		Fiscal 2011 52 Weeks Ended March 31, 2011 (Predecessor)	
Revenues								
Admissions	S	548,632	\$	816,031	\$	1,721,295	\$	1,644,837
Food & beverage		229,739		342,130		689,680		644,997
Other theatre		33,121		47,911		111,002		72,704
Total revenues		811,492		1,206,072		2,521,977		2,362,538
Operating costs and expenses		***		10 (#00		0460#4		0.50 480
Film exhibition costs		291,561		436,539		916,054		860,470
Food & beverage costs		30,545		47,326		93,581		79,763
Operating expense		230,434		297,328		696,783		691,264
Rent		143,374		189,086		445,326		451,874
General and administrative:		2.266		4.415		2.050		16.020
Merger, acquisition and transaction costs		3,366		4,417		3,958		16,838
Management fee Other		20.110		2,500 27,023		5,000		5,000
Depreciation and amortization		29,110 71,633		80,971		51,495 212,817		58,157 211,444
Impairment of long-lived assets		/1,055		80,971		285		12,779
		800,023	_	1,085,190		2,425,299		2,387,589
Operating costs and expenses			_					
Operating income (loss)		11,469		120,882		96,678		(25,051)
Other expense (income)		49		0.00		1.065		10.607
Other expense		49		960		1,965		42,687
Interest expense: Corporate borrowings		45,259		67,614		172,159		177,459
Capital and financing lease obligations		1,873		2,390		5,968		6,198
Equity in (earnings) losses of non-consolidated entities		2,480		(7,545)		(12,559)		(17,178)
Gain on NCM transactions		2,400		(7,545)		(12,337)		(64,441)
Investment expense (income)		290		(41)		17,619		(484)
Total other expense		49,951	-	63,378		185,152		144,241
·		(38,482)		57,504		(88,474)		(169,292)
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes Income tax provision (benefit)				2,500		2,015		1,950
•		(2,020)						
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations		(36,462)		55,004		(90,489)		(171,242)
Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations, net of income taxes		(688)		35,153		(3,609)		(3,062)
Net earnings (loss)	\$	(37,150)	\$	90,157	\$	(94,098)	\$	(174,304)
Basic earnings (loss) per share of common stock:								
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations	\$	(24.08)	\$	43.00	\$	(70.74)	\$	(133.90)
Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations		(0.45)		27.48		(2.82)		(2.39)
Net earnings (loss) per share	S	(24.53)	\$	70.48	\$	(73.56)	\$	(136.29)
Average shares outstanding:								
Basic		1,514.48		1,279.14		1,279.14		1,278.92
Diluted earnings (loss) per share of common stock:								
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations	\$	(24.08)	\$	42.74	\$	(70.74)	\$	(133.90)
Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations		(0.45)		27.32		(2.82)		(2.39)
Net earnings (loss) per share	\$	(24.53)	\$	70.06	\$	(73.56)	\$	(136.29)
Average shares outstanding:								
Diluted		1,514.48		1,286.81		1,279.14		1,278.92

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE EARNINGS (LOSS)

		Transition	Period				
(In thousands)	Au	From Inception August 31, 2012 through December 31, 2012 (Successor)		ch 30, 2012 hrough ist 30, 2012 edecessor)	Fiscal 2012 52 Weeks Ended March 29, 2012 (Predecessor)	Fiscal 2011 52 Weeks Ended March 31, 201 (Predecessor)	
Net earnings (loss)	\$	(37,150)	\$	90,157	\$ (94,098)	\$ (174,3	04)
Foreign currency translation adjustment, net of tax		(530)		11,935	2,465	(5,6	78)
Pension and other benefit adjustments:							
Net gain (loss) arising during the period, net of tax		7,279		_	(18,939)	(6	64)
Prior service credit arising during the period, net of tax		_		771	1,035	2	.83
Amortization of net loss included in net periodic benefit costs, net of tax		_		987	5	1	37
Amortization of prior service credit included in net periodic benefit costs, net							
of tax		_		(448)	(984)	(8	(65)
Settlement, net of tax		(15)		_	_		_
Unrealized gain (loss) on marketable securities:							
Unrealized holding gain (loss) arising during the period, net of tax		1,915		(4,167)	(17,490)	5,9	72
Less: reclassification adjustment for gains (loss) included in investment							
expense (income), net of tax		(2)		(44)	17,696		_
Unrealized gain from equity method investee's cash flow hedge, net of tax		797		_	_		_
Other comprehensive earnings (loss)		9,444		9,034	(16,212)	(8	15)
Total comprehensive earnings (loss)	\$	(27,706)	\$	99,191	\$ (110,310)	\$ (175,1	19)

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

Carba and equivalents S 133,071 S 277,076 Receivables, net 97,108 43,038 Other current assets 97,108 43,038 Other current assets 100,927 85,916 100,927 85,916 100,927 85,916 100,927 85,916 100,927 85,916 100,927 100,92	(In thousands)	De	cember 31, 2012 (Successor)	rch 29, 2012 Predecessor)
Cash and equivalents \$ 133,071 \$ 277,605 Receivables, net 97,108 43,038 Other current assets 100,927 85,916 Total current assets 313,106 406,559 Property, net 1,147,959 883,697 Intangible assets, net 243,180 1,530,086 Goodwill 2,217,690 1,530,086 Other Ong-term assets 332,740 261,301 Total assets 5 226,220 \$ 3,640,267 LABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY 2 171,620 195,398 Account spayable \$ 226,220 \$ 195,938 Accured expenses and other liabilities \$ 256,600 142,800 61,846 Current maturities of corporate borrowings and capital and financing lease obligations 114,280 61,846 Current maturities of corporate borrowings and capital and financing lease obligations 2,070,671 2,087,495 Capital and financing lease obligations 110,369 5,9413 38,842 Obeferred revenues—for exhibitiors exvices agreement 318,154 328,42 38,842 <	ASSETS			
Receivables, net	Current assets:			
Other current assets 100,927 85,916 Total current assets 331,106 405,55 Property, net 1,147,959 883,697 Intangible assets, net 243,180 135,036 Goodwill 2,217,609 159,508 Other long-term assets 332,740 261,910 Total assets 4272,675 3,640,267 LABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY Current liabilities 5 226,220 19,938 Accounts payable \$ 226,220 19,593 Account spayable \$ 226,220 118,348 Deferred revenues and income 171,122 174,355 Current maturities of corporate borrowings and capital and financing lease obligations 14,280 61,846 Total current liabilities 2,070,671 2,087,487 Capital and financing lease obligations 2,070,671 2,087,487 Other one-term liabilities 3,485,460 426,468 426,829 Other one-term liabilities 3,498,500 3,482,666 Committeents and contingencies 111,810 1,811		\$)	\$
Total current assets 331,106 406,559 Property, net 1,147,959 883,697 Intangible assets, net 243,180 13,024 Goodwill 2,217,690 1,953,686 Other long-term assets 332,740 26,1301 Total assets 34,272,675 3,640,267 LABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY Current liabilities: 2,220,200 Accurued expenses and other liabilities 52,262 5,953,840 Accurued expenses and other liabilities 55,266 11,122 174,355 Current maturities of corporate borrowings and capital and financing lease obligations 11,122 174,355 Current maturities of corporate borrowings and capital and financing lease obligations 116,369 59,413 Copporate borrowings 2,070,671 2,087,495 Current maturities of corporate borrowings and capital and financing lease obligations 116,369 59,413 Deferred revenues—for exhibitor services agreement 318,154 328,442 Copporate borrowings 3,498,570 3,482,666 Commitments and contingencies 3,498,570 3,482,666 Commitments and contingencies 3,498,570 Class A Common Stock voting (S.01 par value, 2,500,000 shares authorized; 2,021.01696 shares issued and outstanding as of March 29, 2012) 15 Class A Common Stock voting (S.01 par value, 2,500,000 shares authorized; 3,497 shares issued and outstanding as of March 29, 2012) 4 Class L-1 Common Stock voting (S.01 par value, 1,500,000 shares authorized; 382,475,0000 shares issued and outstanding as of March 29, 2012) 3 Class L-2 Common Stock voting (S.01 par value, 1,500,000 shares authorized; 256,085,61252 shares issued and outstanding as of March 29, 2012) 3 Class L-2 Common Stock voting (S.01 par value, 1,500,000 shares authorized; 256,085,61252 shares issued and outstanding as of March 29, 2012) 3 Class L-2 Common Stock voting (S.01 par value, 1,500,000 shares authorized; 256,085,61252 shares issued and outstanding as of March 29, 2012) 3 Class L-2 Common Stock voting (S.01 par value, 1,500,000 shares authorized; 256,				
Property, net 1,147,959	Other current assets		100,927	
Intangible assets, net	Total current assets			
Goodwill Other long-term assets 332,740 261,301 Total assets \$ 4,272,675 \$ 36,402,67 LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY Current liabilities: Accounts payable \$ 226,220 \$ 195,938 Accounte payable (accounts payable (accounts payable) \$ 226,220 \$ 195,938 Accounted expenses and other liabilities 155,286 148,348 Deferred revenues and income 171,122 174,355 Current maturities of corporate borrowings and capital and financing lease obligations 116,369 580,487 Corporate borrowings 2,070,671 2,087,495 Capital and financing lease obligations 116,369 59,413 Capital and financing lease obligations 116,369 59,413 Capital and financing lease obligations 116,369 348,426 Capital and financing lease obligations 116,369 348,430 Other long-term liabilities 3,482,666 426,468 426,282 Total liabilities 1,51 1,51 1 -				
Total assets S				
Total assets				
Current liabilities	Other long-term assets			
Accounts payable		\$	4,272,675	\$ 3,640,267
Accounts payable \$ 226,220 \$ 195,938 Accrued expenses and other liabilities 155,286 148,348 Deferred revenues and income 171,122 174,355 Current maturities of corporate borrowings and capital and financing lease obligations 14,280 61,846 Corporate borrowings 2,070,071 2,087,495 Capital and financing lease obligations 116,369 59,413 Deferred revenues—for exhibitor services agreement 318,154 328,442 Other long-term liabilities 3,498,570 3,482,666 Commitments and contingencies 1,811 — Class N Common Stock nonvoting (S.01 par value, 375,000 shares authorized; 2,021.01696 shares issued and outstanding as of March 29, 2012) 15 Stockholders' equity: 15 15 Class N Common Stock voting (S.01 par value, 2,000,000 shares authorized; 3,497 shares issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2012) — Class N-1 Common Stock nonvoting (S.01 par value, 1,500,000 shares authorized; 382,475.00000 shares issued and outstanding as of March 29, 2012) — Class A-2 Common Stock voting (S.01 par value, 1,500,000 shares authorized; 382,475.00000 shares issued and outstanding as of March 29, 2012) 4 Class L-1 Common Stock vot				
Accrued expenses and other liabilities 155,286 148,348 Deferred revenues and income 171,122 174,355 174,125 174,125 174,355 174,125 174,355 174,125 174,355 174,255 174,355 174,255 174,355 174,255 17				
Deferred revenues and income		\$		\$
Current maturities of corporate borrowings and capital and financing lease obligations 14,280 61,846 Total current liabilities 566,908 580,487 Corporate borrowings 2,070,671 2,087,495 Capital and financing lease obligations 116,369 59,413 Deferred revenues—for exhibitor services agreement 318,154 328,442 Other long-term liabilities 426,468 426,608 Total liabilities 3,498,570 3,482,666 Commitments and contingencies 3,498,570 3,482,666 Class N Common Stock nonvoting (\$.01 par value, 375,000 shares authorized; 2,021.01696 shares issued and outstanding as of March 29, 2012) 15 Stockholders' equity: 15 15 Class N Common Stock voting (\$.01 par value, 2,000,000 shares authorized; 3,497 shares issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2012) 15 Class N Common Stock voting (\$.01 par value, 1,500,000 shares authorized; 382,475,00000 shares issued and outstanding as of March 29, 2012) 4 Class A-1 Common Stock voting (\$.01 par value, 1,500,000 shares authorized; 382,475,00000 shares issued and outstanding as of March 29, 2012) 3 Class L-1 Common Stock voting (\$.01 par value, 1,500,000 shares authorized; 256,085,61252 shares issued and outstanding as of March 29, 2012)				
Total current liabilities				
Corporate borrowings	Current maturities of corporate borrowings and capital and financing lease obligations		14,280	61,846
Capital and financing lease obligations 116,369 59,413 Deferred revenues—for exhibitor services agreement 318,154 328,442 328,445 326,628 3498,570 3482,666			,	,
Deferred revenues—for exhibitor services agreement 318,154 328,442 Other long-term liabilities 426,468 426,829 Total liabilities 3,498,570 3,482,666 Total liabilities 3,498,570 3,482,666 Total liabilities 3,498,570 3,482,666 Total liabilities Class N Common Stock nonvoting (\$.01 par value, 375,000 shares authorized; 2,021.01696 shares issued and outstanding as of March 29, 2012) 1,811 — Stockholders' equity: 15 Class A Common Stock voting (\$.01 par value, 2,000,000 shares authorized; 1,531,424 shares issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2012) 15 Class N Common Stock nonvoting (\$.01 par value, 25,000 shares authorized; 3,497 shares issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2012) 4 Class A-1 Common Stock voting (\$.01 par value, 1,500,000 shares authorized; 382,475.00000 shares issued and outstanding as of March 29, 2012) 4 Class A-2 Common Stock voting (\$.01 par value, 1,500,000 shares authorized; 382,475.00000 shares issued and outstanding as of March 29, 2012) 3 4 Class L-2 Common Stock voting (\$.01 par value, 1,500,000 shares authorized; 256,085.61252 shares issued and outstanding as of March 29, 2012) 3 3 Class L-2 Common Stock voting (\$.01 par value, 1,500,000 shares authorized; 256,085.61252 shares issued and outstanding as of March 29, 2012) 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3				
Other long-term liabilities 426,468 426,829 Total liabilities 3,498,570 3,482,666 Commitments and contingencies 20,000 3,498,570 3,482,666 Class N Common Stock nonvoting (\$.01 par value, 375,000 shares authorized; 2,021.01696 shares issued and outstanding as of March 29, 2012) 1,811 — Stockholders' equity: 15 15 15 Class A Common Stock voting (\$.01 par value, 2,000,000 shares authorized; 3,497 shares issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2012) — 15 Class N Common Stock nonvoting (\$.01 par value, 25,000 shares authorized; 34,497 shares issued and outstanding as of March 29, 2012) — 4 Class A-1 Common Stock voting (\$.01 par value, 1,500,000 shares authorized; 382,475,0000 shares issued and outstanding as of March 29, 2012) 4 4 Class L-1 Common Stock voting (\$.01 par value, 1,500,000 shares authorized; 256,085.61252 shares issued and outstanding as of March 29, 2012) 3 3 Class L-2 Common Stock voting (\$.01 par value, 1,500,000 shares authorized; 256,085.61252 shares issued and outstanding as of March 29, 2012) 3 3 Class L-2 Common Stock voting (\$.01 par value, 1,500,000 shares authorized; 256,085.61252 shares issued and outstanding as of March 29, 2012) 3 3 Additional paid-in capital <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>				
Total liabilities				
Commitments and contingencies Class N Common Stock nonvoting (\$.01 par value, 375,000 shares authorized; 2,021.01696 shares issued and outstanding as of March 29, 2012) Stockholders' equity: Class A Common Stock voting (\$.01 par value, 2,000,000 shares authorized; 1,531,424 shares issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2012) Class N Common Stock nonvoting (\$.01 par value, 25,000 shares authorized; 3,497 shares issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2012) Class A-1 Common Stock voting (\$.01 par value, 1,500,000 shares authorized; 382,475.00000 shares issued and outstanding as of March 29, 2012) Class A-2 Common Stock voting (\$.01 par value, 1,500,000 shares authorized; 382,475.00000 shares issued and outstanding as of March 29, 2012) Class L-1 Common Stock voting (\$.01 par value, 1,500,000 shares authorized; 256,085.61252 shares issued and outstanding as of March 29, 2012) Class L-2 Common Stock voting (\$.01 par value, 1,500,000 shares authorized; 256,085.61252 shares issued and outstanding as of March 29, 2012) Class L-2 Common Stock voting (\$.01 par value, 1,500,000 shares authorized; 256,085.61252 shares issued and outstanding as of March 29, 2012) Additional paid-in capital Treasury Stock, 4,314 shares at cost Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) Accumulated deficit Total stockholders' equity Total stockholders' equity Total stockholders' equity	Other long-term liabilities		426,468	 426,829
Class N Common Stock nonvoting (\$.01 par value, 375,000 shares authorized; 2,021.01696 shares issued and outstanding as of March 29, 2012) Stockholders' equity: Class A Common Stock voting (\$.01 par value, 2,000,000 shares authorized; 1,531,424 shares issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2012) Class N Common Stock nonvoting (\$.01 par value, 25,000 shares authorized; 3,497 shares issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2012) Class A-1 Common Stock voting (\$.01 par value, 1,500,000 shares authorized; 382,475.0000 shares issued and outstanding as of March 29, 2012) Class A-2 Common Stock voting (\$.01 par value, 1,500,000 shares authorized; 382,475.0000 shares issued and outstanding as of March 29, 2012) 4 Class L-1 Common Stock voting (\$.01 par value, 1,500,000 shares authorized; 256,085.61252 shares issued and outstanding as of March 29, 2012) Class L-2 Common Stock voting (\$.01 par value, 1,500,000 shares authorized; 256,085.61252 shares issued and outstanding as of March 29, 2012) 3 Class L-2 Common Stock voting (\$.01 par value, 1,500,000 shares authorized; 256,085.61252 shares issued and outstanding as of March 29, 2012) Additional paid-in capital 799,985 799,985 779,325 Treasury Stock, 4,314 shares at cost - (2,596) Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) 9,444 (20,203) Accumulated deficit (37,150) (492,939) Total stockholders' equity			3,498,570	3,482,666
Class A Common Stock voting (\$.01 par value, 2,000,000 shares authorized; 1,531,424 shares issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2012) Class N Common Stock nonvoting (\$.01 par value, 25,000 shares authorized; 3,497 shares issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2012) Class A-1 Common Stock voting (\$.01 par value, 1,500,000 shares authorized; 382,475.00000 shares issued and outstanding as of March 29, 2012) Class A-2 Common Stock voting (\$.01 par value, 1,500,000 shares authorized; 382,475.00000 shares issued and outstanding as of March 29, 2012) Class L-1 Common Stock voting (\$.01 par value, 1,500,000 shares authorized; 256,085.61252 shares issued and outstanding as of March 29, 2012) Class L-2 Common Stock voting (\$.01 par value, 1,500,000 shares authorized; 256,085.61252 shares issued and outstanding as of March 29, 2012) 3 Class L-2 Common Stock voting (\$.01 par value, 1,500,000 shares authorized; 256,085.61252 shares issued and outstanding as of March 29, 2012) Additional paid-in capital 799,985 Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) 702,596 Accumulated deficit 772,294 157,601	Class N Common Stock nonvoting (\$.01 par value, 375,000 shares authorized; 2,021.01696 shares issued and		1,811	_
outstanding as of December 31, 2012) Class N Common Stock nonvoting (\$.01 par value, 25,000 shares authorized; 3,497 shares issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2012) Class A-1 Common Stock voting (\$.01 par value, 1,500,000 shares authorized; 382,475.00000 shares issued and outstanding as of March 29, 2012) Class A-2 Common Stock voting (\$.01 par value, 1,500,000 shares authorized; 382,475.00000 shares issued and outstanding as of March 29, 2012) Class L-1 Common Stock voting (\$.01 par value, 1,500,000 shares authorized; 256,085.61252 shares issued and outstanding as of March 29, 2012) Class L-2 Common Stock voting (\$.01 par value, 1,500,000 shares authorized; 256,085.61252 shares issued and outstanding as of March 29, 2012) 3 Class L-2 Common Stock voting (\$.01 par value, 1,500,000 shares authorized; 256,085.61252 shares issued and outstanding as of March 29, 2012) Additional paid-in capital 799,985 473,325 Treasury Stock, 4,314 shares at cost — (2,596) Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) 9,444 (20,203) Accumulated deficit (37,150) (492,939) Total stockholders' equity	Stockholders' equity:	_		
Class N Common Stock nonvoting (\$.01 par value, 25,000 shares authorized; 3,497 shares issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2012) — Class A-1 Common Stock voting (\$.01 par value, 1,500,000 shares authorized; 382,475.0000 shares issued and outstanding as of March 29, 2012) 4 Class A-2 Common Stock voting (\$.01 par value, 1,500,000 shares authorized; 382,475.0000 shares issued and outstanding as of March 29, 2012) 4 Class L-1 Common Stock voting (\$.01 par value, 1,500,000 shares authorized; 256,085.61252 shares issued and outstanding as of March 29, 2012) 3 Class L-2 Common Stock voting (\$.01 par value, 1,500,000 shares authorized; 256,085.61252 shares issued and outstanding as of March 29, 2012) 3 Additional paid-in capital 799,985 673,325 Treasury Stock, 4,314 shares at cost — (2,596) Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) 9,444 (20,203) Accumulated deficit (37,150) (492,939) Total stockholders' equity 772,294 157,601			15	
Class A-1 Common Stock voting (\$.01 par value, 1,500,000 shares authorized; 382,475.00000 shares issued and outstanding as of March 29, 2012) 4 Class A-2 Common Stock voting (\$.01 par value, 1,500,000 shares authorized; 382,475.00000 shares issued and outstanding as of March 29, 2012) 4 Class L-1 Common Stock voting (\$.01 par value, 1,500,000 shares authorized; 256,085.61252 shares issued and outstanding as of March 29, 2012) 3 Class L-2 Common Stock voting (\$.01 par value, 1,500,000 shares authorized; 256,085.61252 shares issued and outstanding as of March 29, 2012) 3 Additional paid-in capital 799,985 673,325 Treasury Stock, 4,314 shares at cost — (2,596) Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) 9,444 (20,203) Accumulated deficit (37,150) (492,939) Total stockholders' equity 772,294 157,601	Class N Common Stock nonvoting (\$.01 par value, 25,000 shares authorized; 3,497 shares issued and		_	
Class A-2 Common Stock voting (\$.01 par value, 1,500,000 shares authorized; 382,475.00000 shares issued and outstanding as of March 29, 2012) 4 Class L-1 Common Stock voting (\$.01 par value, 1,500,000 shares authorized; 256,085.61252 shares issued and outstanding as of March 29, 2012) 3 Class L-2 Common Stock voting (\$.01 par value, 1,500,000 shares authorized; 256,085.61252 shares issued and outstanding as of March 29, 2012) 3 Additional paid-in capital 799,985 673,325 Treasury Stock, 4,314 shares at cost — (2,596) Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) 9,444 (20,203) Accumulated deficit (37,150) (492,939) Total stockholders' equity 772,294 157,601	Class A-1 Common Stock voting (\$.01 par value, 1,500,000 shares authorized; 382,475.00000 shares issued and			4
outstanding as of March 29, 2012) 4 Class L-1 Common Stock voting (\$.01 par value, 1,500,000 shares authorized; 256,085.61252 shares issued and outstanding as of March 29, 2012) 3 Class L-2 Common Stock voting (\$.01 par value, 1,500,000 shares authorized; 256,085.61252 shares issued and outstanding as of March 29, 2012) 3 Additional paid-in capital 799,985 673,325 Treasury Stock, 4,314 shares at cost — (2,596) Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) 9,444 (20,203) Accumulated deficit (37,150) (492,939) Total stockholders' equity 772,294 157,601				7
Class L-1 Common Stock voting (\$.01 par value, 1,500,000 shares authorized; 256,085.61252 shares issued and outstanding as of March 29, 2012) 3 Class L-2 Common Stock voting (\$.01 par value, 1,500,000 shares authorized; 256,085.61252 shares issued and outstanding as of March 29, 2012) 3 Additional paid-in capital 799,985 673,325 Treasury Stock, 4,314 shares at cost — (2,596) Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) 9,444 (20,203) Accumulated deficit (37,150) (492,939) Total stockholders' equity 772,294 157,601				4
Class L-2 Common Stock voting (\$.01 par value, 1,500,000 shares authorized; 256,085.61252 shares issued and outstanding as of March 29, 2012) 3 Additional paid-in capital Treasury Stock, 4,314 shares at cost Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) — (2,596) Accumulated deficit (37,150) (492,939) Total stockholders' equity 772,294 157,601	Class L-1 Common Stock voting (\$.01 par value, 1,500,000 shares authorized; 256,085.61252 shares issued and			
outstanding as of March 29, 2012) 3 Additional paid-in capital 799,985 673,325 Treasury Stock, 4,314 shares at cost — (2,596) Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) 9,444 (20,203) Accumulated deficit (37,150) (492,939) Total stockholders' equity 772,294 157,601				3
Additional paid-in capital 799,85 673,325 Treasury Stock, 4,314 shares at cost — (2,596) Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) 9,444 (20,203) Accumulated deficit (37,150) (492,939) Total stockholders' equity 772,294 157,601				3
Treasury Stock, 4,314 shares at cost — (2,596) Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) 9,444 (20,203) Accumulated deficit (37,150) (492,939) Total stockholders' equity 772,294 157,601			799 985	
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) 9,444 (20,203) Accumulated deficit (37,150) (492,939) Total stockholders' equity 772,294 157,601				
Accumulated deficit (37,150) (492,939) Total stockholders' equity 772,294 157,601			9,444	() /
Total stockholders' equity 772,294 157,601			(37,150)	
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity \$ 4,272,675 \$ 3,640,267	Total stockholders' equity			
	Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	4,272,675	\$ 3,640,267

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

		Transition	Period		Fiscal 2012		Fiscal 2011	
(In thousands)		From Inception August 31, 2012 through December 31, 2012			52 Weeks Ended March 29, 2012		52 Weeks Ended March 31, 2011	
Cash flows from operating activities:	(51	iccessor)	(Pre	decessor)	(Pred	ecessor)	(Pre	edecessor)
Net earnings (loss)	\$	(37,150)	\$	90,157	S	(94,098)	S	(174,304)
Adjustments to reconcile net earnings (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:		(37,130)		,0,157	,	(>1,0>0)		(171,501)
Depreciation and amortization		71,633		81,234		214,029		212,413
Interest accrued to principal on corporate borrowings						9,446		10,981
Interest paid and discount on repurchase of Parent Term Loan		_		_		(59,965)		_
Discount on repurchase of Discount Notes due 2014		_		_		_		(70,877)
Deferred income taxes		(2,500)		_				
Impairment of assets		_		_		285		12,779
Loss on extinguishment and modification of debt		_		_		922		16,008
Gain on NCM transactions		_		_		17.751		(64,441)
Impairment of RealD Inc. investment Theatre and other closure expense		2.381		11,753		17,751 7,449		60,763
(Gain) loss on dispositions		73		(48,245)		(580)		(9,719)
Equity in earnings and losses from non-consolidated entities, net of distributions		12,707		(495)		20,553		18,715
Change in assets and liabilities:		.2,707		(473)		20,555		10,713
Receivables		(66,615)		12,884		(18,554)		4,381
Other assets		(35,138)		36,770		(3,712)		671
Accounts payable		69,029		(58,027)		26,747		(30,487)
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		63,288		(50,473)		21,977		(3,879)
Other, net		(3,816)		814		(5,221)		828
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	-	73,892		76,372		137,029	_	(16,168)
Cash flows from investing activities:			_				_	
Capital expenditures		(72,774)		(40,116)		(139,359)		(129,347)
Merger		3,110		(40,110)		(139,339)		(129,347)
Acquisition of Rave theatres, net of cash acquired		(87,555)		_		_		_
Acquisition of Kerasotes, net of cash acquired		(07,555)		_		_		(280,606)
Proceeds from NCM, Inc. stock sale		_		_		_		102,224
Proceeds from disposition of long-term assets		90		7,291		1,474		58,391
Investments in non-consolidated entities, net		(1,194)		1,589		(26,880)		(1,619)
Proceeds from sale/leaseback of digital projection equipment		_		_		953		4,905
Proceeds from disposition of Cinemex		_		_		_		1,840
Other, net		(575)		205		98		(5,825)
Net cash used in investing activities		(158,898)		(31,031)		(163,714)		(250,037)
Cash flows from financing activities:			_			_	_	
Proceeds from issuance of Senior Subordinated Notes due 2020		_		_		_		600,000
Proceeds from issuance of Term Loan due 2018		_		_		297,000		´ —
Repurchase of Senior Subordinated Notes due 2016		_		_		_		(325,000)
Payment of tender offer and consent solicitation consideration on Senior Subordinated Notes due 2016		_		_		_		(5,801)
Repayment of Term Loan due 2013		_		_		(140,657)		_
Repurchase of Senior Subordinated Notes due 2014		_		(191,035)		(108,965)		_
Repurchase of Parent Term Loan		_		_		(159,440)		(4.60.040)
Repurchase of Discount Notes due 2014		(4.002)		(4.002)		(4.075)		(169,918)
Principal payments under Term Loan Principal payments under capital and financing lease obligations		(4,002) (875)		(4,002) (1,298)		(4,875)		(6,500)
Capital contribution		100,000		(1,298)		(3,422)		(4,194)
Deferred financing costs		100,000		(2,378)		(6,827)		(14,742)
Change in construction payables		22,487		(23,575)		13,512		(727)
		117,610		(222,288)	_	(113,674)		73,118
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and equivalents		(207)		(222,288)		556		(1,098)
			_					
Net increase (decrease) in cash and equivalents Cash and equivalents at beginning of period		32,397 100,674		(176,931) 277,605		(139,803) 417,408		(194,185) 611,593
		,			•			
Cash and equivalents at end of period	\$	133,071	\$	100,674	\$	277,605	\$	417,408
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION: Cash paid (refunded) during the period for:		_						
Interest (including amounts capitalized of \$0, \$14, \$58 and \$64)	\$	68,794	\$	78,789	\$	219,493	\$	185,448
Income taxes, net		10,088		828		807		729
Schedule of non-cash investing and financing activities:								
Investment in NCM (See Note 7—Investments)	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	86,159
Investment in RealD Inc. (See Note 7—Investments)		_						27,586
See Note 2—Acquisition for non-cash activities related to acquisition								

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

	Class A V		Class A-1 Commor		Class A-2 V Common S		Class N Non Common		Class L-1 V Common S		Class L-2 V Common S		Additiona	ı	Accumulated Other		Total
(In thousands, except															Comprehensive A		
per share data)	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	t Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amoun	t Shares	Amount	Capital	Stock	Income (Loss)	Deficit	Equity
Predecessor		•	202 475 000	00 6 4	4 202 475 00000		1 700 (200)		256 005 61252		256 005 6125		0 ((0.005	0.00.00	0.150	6 (224 525)	6 420.5
Balance April 1, 2010 Net loss		\$ —	382,475.000	JU \$ 4	4 382,475.00000	\$ 4	1,700.63696	s —	256,085.61252	\$ 2	3 256,085.61252	. \$ 3	\$ 669,837	\$(2,596) \$ (3,176)	\$ (224,537) (174,304)	\$ 439,54
	_				_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(01.5)		
Comprehensive loss Stock-based	_	_			_			_		_	_	_	_	_	(815)		(8
compensation													1,526				1,50
Issuance of Class N	_				_	_	_	_	_		_		1,520) —	_	_	1,5.
common stock							320.38										
							320.36										
Balance March 31,																	
2011	_	_	382,475.000	00 4	4 382,475.00000	4	2,021.01696	_	256,085.61252	3	3 256,085.61252	: 3	671,363	(2,596		(398,841)	265,94
Net loss	_				_	_			_		_					(94,098)	(94,0
Comprehensive loss	_	_				_	_	_	_	_		-			(16,212)	_	(16,2
Stock-based													4.0.0				
compensation	_	_			-	_	_	_	_	_		-	1,962	! —	_	_	1,90
Balance March 29,																	
2012	_	_	382,475.000	00 4	4 382,475.00000	4	2,021.01696	_	256,085.61252	3	3 256,085.61252	! 3	\$ 673,325	(2,596	(20,203)	(492,939)	157,60
Balance March 29, 2012				-1							-						
Net earnings	_	_				_	_	_	_	_		-	_		_	90,157	90,13
Comprehensive																	
earnings	_	_			_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	-		9,034	_	9,0:
Stock-based																	
compensation	_	_				-	_	_	_	_		-	- 830) —	_	_	8:
Balance August 30,									-								
2012	_	_	382,475.000	00 4	4 382,475.00000	4	2,021.01696	_	256,085.61252	3	3 256,085.61252	\$ 3	674,155	(2,596	(11,169)	(402,782)	257,62
					-											,	
Successor																	
Balance August 30,																	
2012	_	_	-			_	_	_	_	_		-	-		_	-	
Net loss	_				_	_	_		_		_				_	(37,150)	(37,1:
Comprehensive																	
earnings	-					_	_	_	_	_		-		_	9,444	_	9,4
Merger consideration	1,338,048	14			_	_			_		_	_	- 699,986 - 99,999		_		700,00
Capital contributions	193,376	I											99,999	_			100,00
Balance December 31, 2012	1,531,424	\$ 15	·	_ \$ _		s —		s _		s –		s –	\$ 799,985	s –	\$ 9,444	\$ (37,150)	\$ 772,25
				_						_							

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 1—THE COMPANY AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc. ("Parent" or the "Company"), through its direct and indirect subsidiaries, including AMC Entertainment® Inc. ("AMCE"), American Multi-Cinema, Inc. ("AMC") and its subsidiaries, (collectively with Parent, unless the context otherwise requires, the "Company"), is principally involved in the theatrical exhibition business and owns, operates or has interests in theatres primarily located in the United States. Parent is an indirect, wholly owned subsidiary of Dalian Wanda Group Co., Ltd. ("Wanda"), a Chinese private conglomerate.

On August 30, 2012, Wanda acquired Parent through a merger between Parent and Wanda Film Exhibition Co. Ltd. ("Merger Subsidiary"), a wholly-owned indirect subsidiary of Wanda, whereby Merger Subsidiary merged with and into Parent with Parent continuing as the surviving corporation and as a wholly-owned indirect subsidiary of Wanda (the "Merger"). A change of control of the Company occurred pursuant to the Merger. Prior to the Merger, Parent was owned by J.P. Morgan Partners, LLC and certain related investment funds ("JPMP"), Apollo Management, L.P. and certain related investment funds ("Apollo"), affiliates of Bain Capital Partners ("Bain"), The Carlyle Group ("Carlyle") and Spectrum Equity Investors ("Spectrum") (collectively the "Sponsors"). The merger consideration totaled \$701,811,000, with \$700,000,000 invested by Wanda and \$1,811,000 invested by members of management. The estimated transaction value was approximately \$2,745,875,000. Wanda acquired cash, corporate borrowings and capital and financing lease obligations in connection with the Merger. Funding for the merger consideration was obtained by Merger Subsidiary pursuant to bank borrowings and cash contributed by Wanda.

In connection with the change of control discussed above, the Company's assets and liabilities were adjusted to fair value on the closing date of the Merger by application of "push down" accounting. As a result of the application of "push down" accounting in connection with the Merger, the Company's financial statement presentations herein distinguish between a predecessor period, ("Predecessor"), for periods prior to the Merger and a successor period, ("Successor"), for periods subsequent to the Merger. The Successor applied "push down" accounting and its financial statements reflect a new basis of accounting that is based on the fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed as of the Merger date, August 30, 2012. The consolidated financial statements presented herein are those of Successor from its inception on August 31, 2012 through December 31, 2012, and those of Predecessor for all periods prior to the Merger date. As a result of the application of "push down" accounting at the time of the Merger, the financial statements for the Predecessor period and for the Successor period are presented on different bases and are, therefore, not comparable. See Note 2—Merger for additional information regarding the Merger.

On March 31, 2011, Marquee Holdings Inc. ("Holdings"), a direct, wholly-owned subsidiary of Parent and a holding company, the sole asset of which consisted of the capital stock of AMCE, was merged with and into Parent, with Parent continuing as the surviving entity. As a result of the merger, AMCE became a direct subsidiary of Parent.

Use of Estimates: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Significant estimates and assumptions are used for, but not limited to: (1) Impairments, (2) Film exhibition costs, (3) Income and operating taxes, (4) Theatre and Other Closure Expense (Income),

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 1—THE COMPANY AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(5) Gift card and packaged ticket breakage, and (6) Estimates of fair value for assets and liabilities recorded in connection with the application of "push down" accounting. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Principles of Consolidation: The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of AMCE and all subsidiaries, as discussed above. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. There are no noncontrolling (minority) interests in the Company's consolidated subsidiaries; consequently, all of its stockholders' equity, net earnings (loss) and comprehensive earnings (loss) for the periods presented are attributable to controlling interests.

Fiscal Year: On November 15, 2012, the Company changed its fiscal year to a calendar year ending on December 3 ft of each year. Prior to the change, the Company had a 52/53 week fiscal year ending on the Thursday closest to the last day of March. All references to "fiscal year", unless otherwise noted, refer to the fifty-two week fiscal year, which ended on the Thursday closest to the last day of March. The consolidated financial statements cover the transition period of March 30, 2012 through December 31, 2012 ("Transition Period").

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 1—THE COMPANY AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

For comparative purposes, the Consolidated Statement of Operations, Statement of Comprehensive Loss and Statement of Cash Flows for the period April 1, 2011 through December 29, 2011 are presented as follows:

Consolidated Statement of Operations (In thousands)	(Unaudited) 39 Weeks Ended December 29, 2011 (Predecessor)
Revenues	, , , , , ,
Admissions Food & beverage	\$ 1,295,469 518.081
Other theatre	71,984
	<u> </u>
Total revenues	1,885,534
Operating costs and expenses	CO 4 O CO
Film exhibition costs	694,863 70.961
Food & beverage costs Operating expense	70,961 525,431
Rent	323,431
General and administrative:	334,007
Merger, acquisition and transaction costs	1,705
Management fee	3,750
Other	35,874
Depreciation and amortization	155,970
Operating costs and expenses	1,823,161
Operating income	62,373
Other expense (income)	
Other expense	429
Interest expense:	
Corporate borrowings	129,813
Capital and financing lease obligations	4,480
Equity in earnings of non-consolidated entities	(1,864)
Investment expense	17,644
Total other expense	150,502
Loss from continuing operations before income taxes	(88,129)
Income tax provision	1,510
Loss from continuing operations	(89,639)
Loss from discontinued operations, net of income taxes	(2,989)
Net loss	\$ (92,628)
	<u> </u>
Basic loss per share of common stock:	\$ (70.08)
Loss from continuing operations Loss from discontinued operations	
·	(2.33)
Net loss per share	\$ (72.41)
Average shares outstanding:	
Basic	1,279.14
Diluted loss per share of common stock:	
Loss from continuing operations	\$ (70.08)
Loss from discontinued operations	(2.33)
Net loss per share	\$ (72.41)
·	v (/2.11)
Average shares outstanding:	1.000.11
Diluted	1,279.14
Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Loss Net loss	\$ (92,628)
Foreign currency translation adjustment, net of tax	4,837
Amortization of net loss included in net periodic benefit costs, net of tax	4,637
Amortization of prior service credit included in net periodic benefit costs, net of tax	(668)
Unrealized gain (loss) on marketable securities:	(000)
Unrealized holding loss arising during the period, net of tax	(23,791)
Less: reclassification adjustment for loss included in investment expense, net of tax	17,724
Other comprehensive loss	(1,894)
Total comprehensive loss	\$ (94,522)
Total comprehensive toss	\$ (94,322)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 1—THE COMPANY AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows (In thousands)	39 E E Decemb	weeks nded er 29, 2011
Cash flows from operating activities:	(*****	, ,
Net loss	\$	(92,628)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization		156,914
Interest accrued to principal on corporate borrowings		8,573
Impairment of RealD Inc. investment		17,751
Theatre and other closure expense		5,687
Loss on dispositions		1,444
Equity in earnings from non-consolidated entities, net of distributions		18,731
Change in assets and liabilities:		
Receivables		(46,543)
Other assets		(1,766)
Accounts payable		38,266
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		35,529
Other, net		(5,103)
Net cash provided by operating activities		136,855
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Capital expenditures		(85,083)
Merger		_
Investments in non-consolidated entities, net		(23,835)
Other, net		944
Net cash used in investing activities		(107,974)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Principal payments under Term Loan		(3,250)
Principal payments under capital and financing lease obligations		(2,645)
Deferred financing costs		(1,423)
Change in construction payables		(1,298)
Net cash used in financing activities		(8,616)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and equivalents		520
Net increase in cash and equivalents		20,785
Cash and equivalents at beginning of period		417,408
Cash and equivalents at end of period	\$	438,193
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:		
Cash paid during the period for:		
Interest	\$	138,849
Income taxes, net		802

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 1—THE COMPANY AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Discontinued Operations: The results of operations for the Company's discontinued operations have been eliminated from the Company's continuing operations and classified as discontinued operations for each period presented within the Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations. See Note 4—Discontinued Operations.

Revenues: Revenues are recognized when admissions and food & beverage sales are received at the theatres. The Company defers 100% of the revenue associated with the sales of gift cards and packaged tickets until such time as the items are redeemed or breakage income is recorded. In the fourth quarter of fiscal 2012, the Company changed its accounting method for recognizing gift card breakage income. Prior to the fourth quarter of fiscal 2012, the Company recognized breakage income when gift card redemptions were deemed remote and the Company determined that there was no legal obligation to remit the unredeemed gift cards to the relevant tax jurisdiction ("Remote Method"), which based on historical information was 18 months after the gift card was issued. In the fourth quarter of fiscal 2012, the Company accumulated a sufficient level of historical data from a large pool of homogeneous transactions to allow management to reasonably and objectively determine an estimated gift card breakage rate and the pattern of actual gift card redemptions. Accordingly during fiscal 2012, the Company changed its method for recording gift card breakage income to recognize breakage income and derecognize the gift card liability for unredeemed gift cards in proportion to actual redemptions of gift cards ("Proportional Method"). We recognize breakage income for gift cards using the Proportional Method where we apply a breakage rate for our five gift card sales channels which range from 14% to 23% of our current month sales and we recognize that total amount of breakage for that current month's sales as income over the next 24 months in proportion to the pattern of actual redemptions. We have determined our breakage rates and redemption patterns using data accumulated over ten years on a company-wide basis. Breakage for packaged tickets continues to be recognized as the redemption of these items is determined to be remote, that is if a ticket has not been used within 18 months after being purchased. During fiscal 2012, the Company recognized \$32,633,000 of net gift card breakage income, of which \$14,969,000 (\$11.70 per share) represented the adjustment related to the change from the Remote Method to the Proportional Method. Additionally, concurrent with the accounting change discussed above, the Company changed the presentation of gift card breakage income from other income to other theatre revenues during fiscal 2012, with conforming changes made for all prior periods presented. During the Successor period August 31, 2012 through December 31, 2012, the Predecessor period March 30, 2012 through August 30, 2012, and the fiscal years ended March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011, the Company recognized \$3,483,000, \$7,776,000, \$32,633,000 and \$14,131,000 of income, respectively, related to the derecognition of gift card liabilities which was recorded in other theatre revenues in the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Film Exhibition Costs: Film exhibition costs are accrued based on the applicable box office receipts and estimates of the final settlement to the film licenses. Film exhibition costs include certain advertising costs. As of December 31, 2012 and March 29, 2012, the Company recorded film payables of \$120,650,000 and \$76,997,000, respectively, which are included in accounts payable in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Food & Beverage Costs: The Company records payments from vendors as a reduction of food & beverage costs when earned.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 1—THE COMPANY AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Screen Advertising: On March 29, 2005, the Company and Regal Entertainment Group ("Regal") combined their respective cinema screen advertising businesses into a joint venture company called National CineMedia, LLC ("NCM") and on July 15, 2005, Cinemark Holdings, Inc. ("Cinemark") joined NCM, as one of the founding members. NCM engages in the marketing and sale of cinema advertising and promotions products, business communications and training services and the distribution of digital alternative content. The Company records its share of on-screen advertising revenues generated by NCM in other theatre revenues.

Customer Frequency Program: On April 1, 2011, the Company fully launched AMC Stubs, a customer frequency program which allows members to earn rewards, including \$10 for each \$100 spent, redeemable on future purchases at AMC locations. The portion of the admissions and food & beverage revenues attributed to the rewards is deferred as a reduction of admissions and food & beverage revenues, based on member redemptions. Rewards must be redeemed no later than 90 days from the date of issuance. Upon redemption, deferred rewards are recognized as revenues along with associated cost of goods. Rewards not redeemed within 90 days are forfeited and recognized as admissions or food & beverage revenues. Progress rewards (member spend toward earned rewards) for expired membership are forfeited upon expiration of the membership and recognized as admissions or food & beverage revenues. The program's annual membership fee is deferred, net of estimated refunds, and is recognized ratably over the one-year membership period.

Advertising Costs: The Company expenses advertising costs as incurred and does not have any direct-response advertising recorded as assets. Advertising costs were \$4,137,000, \$3,603,000, \$10,118,000 and \$6,561,000 for the Successor period August 31, 2012 through December 31, 2012, the Predecessor period March 30, 2012 through August 30, 2012, and the fiscal years ended March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011, respectively, and are recorded in operating expense in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Cash and Equivalents: All highly liquid debt instruments and investments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less are classified as cash equivalents.

Intangible Assets: Intangible assets are recorded at cost or fair value, in the case of intangible assets resulting from the Merger and acquisitions, and are comprised of amounts assigned to theatre leases acquired under favorable terms, management contracts, a contract with an equity method investee, and a non-compete agreement, each of which are being amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated remaining useful lives of the assets, and trademark and trade names, which are considered indefinite lived intangible assets and therefore are not amortized but rather evaluated for impairment annually.

The Company elected to early adopt Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2012-02, Intangibles—Goodwill and Other (Topic 350)—Testing Indefinite-Lived Intangible Assets for Impairment, ("ASU 2012-02") in the last quarter of the Transition Period. Under this amendment, the Company has an option to first assess the qualitative factors to determine whether the existence of events and circumstances indicates that it is more likely than not the fair vale of an indefinite-lived intangible asset is less than its carrying amount as a basis for determining whether it is necessary to perform the quantitative impairment test. During both the Transition Period and fiscal 2012, no

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 1—THE COMPANY AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

impairment charges were incurred. In fiscal 2011, the Company impaired favorable lease intangible assets in the amount of \$1,334,000.

Investments: The Company accounts for its investments in non-consolidated entities using either the cost or equity methods of accounting as appropriate, and has recorded the investments within other long-term assets in its Consolidated Balance Sheets. Equity earnings and losses are recorded when our ownership interest provides the Company with significant influence. The Company follows the guidance in ASC 323-30-35-3, which prescribes the use of the equity method for investments where the Company has significant influence. The Company classifies gains and losses on sales of and changes of interest in equity method investments within equity in earnings of non-consolidated entities or in separate line items on the face of the Consolidated Statements of Operations when material, and classifies gains and losses on sales of investments accounted for using the cost method in investment income. Gains and losses on cash sales are recorded using the weighted average cost of all interests in the investments. Gains and losses related to non-cash negative common unit adjustments are recorded using the weighted average cost of those units accounted for as Tranche 2 Investments in NCM which were received in connection with prior common unit adjustments. Subsequent to the date of the Merger, the Company's investment in NCM consists of a single investment tranche consisting of 17,323,782 membership units recorded at fair value (Level 1) on August 30, 2012. See Note 7—Investments for further discussion of the Company's investments in NCM. As of December 31, 2012, the Company holds equity method investments comprised of a 15.47% interest in NCM, a joint venture that markets and sells cinema advertising and promotions; a 29% interest in Digital Cinema Implementation Partners LLC, a joint venture charged with implementing digital cinema in the Company's theatres; and a 50% ownership interest in two U.S. motion picture theatres and one IMAX screen. During fiscal 2011, the Company formed a motion picture distribution company, Open R

The Company's investment in RealD Inc. is an available-for-sale marketable equity security and is carried at fair value (Level 1). Unrealized gains and losses on available-for-sale securities are included in the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets as a component of accumulated other comprehensive loss. See Note 7—Investments for further discussion of the Company's investment in RealD Inc.

Goodwill: Goodwill represents the excess of purchase price over fair value of net tangible and identifiable intangible assets related to the Merger and subsequent acquisitions. The Company is not required to amortize goodwill as a charge to earnings; however, the Company is required to conduct an annual review of goodwill for impairment.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 1—THE COMPANY AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The Company's recorded goodwill was \$2,217,690,000 and \$1,953,686,000 as of December 31, 2012 and March 29, 2012, respectively. The Company evaluates goodwill and its trademark and trade names for impairment annually as of the beginning of the fourth quarter or more frequently as specific events or circumstances dictate. The Company's goodwill is recorded in its Theatrical Exhibition operating segment, which is also the reporting unit for purposes of evaluating recorded goodwill for impairment.

The Company performed its annual impairment analysis during both the last quarter of the Transition Period and the fourth quarter of fiscal 2012 and reached a determination that there was no goodwill or trademark and trade name impairment.

During fiscal 2011, the Company determined fair value by using an enterprise valuation methodology determined by applying multiples to cash flow estimates less net indebtedness, which the Company believes is an appropriate method to estimate fair value. There is considerable management judgment with respect to cash flow estimates and appropriate multiples and discount rates to be used in determining fair value and such management estimates fall under Level 3 within the fair value measurement hierarchy, see Note 16—Fair Value Measurements. There was no goodwill or trademark and trade name impairment.

Other Long-term Assets: Other long-term assets are comprised principally of investments in partnerships and joint ventures and capitalized computer software, which is amortized over the estimated useful life of the software.

Accounts Payable: Under the Company's cash management system, checks issued but not presented to banks frequently result in book overdraft balances for accounting purposes and are classified within accounts payable in the balance sheet. The change in book overdrafts are reported as a component of operating cash flows for accounts payable as they do not represent bank overdrafts. The amount of these checks included in accounts payable as of December 31, 2012 and March 29, 2012 was \$64,573,000 and \$49,338,000, respectively.

Leases: The majority of the Company's operations are conducted in premises occupied under lease agreements with initial base terms ranging generally from 15 to 20 years, with certain leases containing options to extend the leases for up to an additional 20 years. The Company does not believe that exercise of the renewal options are reasonably assured at the inception of the lease agreements and, therefore, considers the initial base term as the lease term. Lease terms vary but generally the leases provide for fixed and escalating rentals, contingent escalating rentals based on the Consumer Price Index not to exceed certain specified amounts and contingent rentals based on revenues with a guaranteed minimum.

The Company records rent expense for its operating leases on a straight-line basis over the initial base lease term commencing with the date the Company has "control and access" to the leased premises, which is generally a date prior to the "lease commencement date" in the lease agreement. Rent expense related to any "rent holiday" is recorded as operating expense, until construction of the leased premises is complete and the premises are ready for their intended use. Rent charges upon completion of the leased premises subsequent to the theatre opening date are expensed as a component of rent expense.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 1—THE COMPANY AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Occasionally, the Company will receive amounts from developers in excess of the costs incurred related to the construction of the leased premises. The Company records the excess amounts received from developers as deferred rent and amortizes the balance as a reduction to rent expense over the base term of the lease agreement.

The Company evaluates the classification of its leases following the guidance in ASC 840-10-25. Leases that qualify as capital leases are recorded at the present value of the future minimum rentals over the base term of the lease using the Company's incremental borrowing rate. Capital lease assets are assigned an estimated useful life at the inception of the lease that generally corresponds with the base term of the lease.

Occasionally, the Company is responsible for the construction of leased theatres and for paying project costs that are in excess of an agreed upon amount to be reimbursed from the developer. ASC 840-40-05-5 requires the Company to be considered the owner (for accounting purposes) of these types of projects during the construction period and therefore it is required to account for these projects as sale and leaseback transactions. As a result, the Company has recorded \$90,772,000 and \$40,655,000 as financing lease obligations for failed sale leaseback transactions on its Consolidated Balance Sheets related to these types of projects as of December 31, 2012 and March 29, 2012, respectively.

Sale and Leaseback Transactions: The Company accounts for the sale and leaseback of real estate assets in accordance with ASC 840-40. Losses on sale leaseback transactions are recognized at the time of sale if the fair value of the property sold is less than the net book value of the property. Gains on sale and leaseback transactions are deferred and amortized over the remaining lease term.

Impairment of Long-lived Assets: The Company reviews long-lived assets, including definite-lived intangibles, investments in non-consolidated subsidiaries accounted for under the equity method, marketable equity securities and internal use software for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the assets may not be fully recoverable. The Company identifies impairments related to internal use software when management determines that the remaining carrying value of the software will not be realized through future use. The Company reviews internal management reports on a quarterly basis as well as monitors current and potential future competition in the markets where it operates for indicators of triggering events or circumstances that indicate potential impairment of individual theatre assets. The Company evaluates theatres using historical and projected data of theatre level cash flow as its primary indicator of potential impairment and considers the seasonality of its business when making these evaluations. The Company performs impairment analysis during the last quarter of the year. Under these analyses, if the sum of the estimated future cash flows, undiscounted and without interest charges, are less than the carrying amount of the asset, an impairment loss is recognized in the amount by which the carrying value of the asset exceeds its estimated fair value. Assets are evaluated for impairment on an individual theatre basis, which management believes is the lowest level for which there are identifiable cash flows. The impairment evaluation is based on the estimated cash flows from continuing use until the expected disposal date for the fair value of furniture, fixtures and equipment. The expected disposal date does not exceed the remaining lease period when the Company does not expect to operate the theatre to

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 1—THE COMPANY AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

the end of its lease term. The fair value of assets is determined as either the expected selling price less selling costs (where appropriate) or the present value of the estimated future cash flows. The fair value of furniture, fixtures and equipment has been determined using similar asset sales, in some instances with the assistance of third party valuation studies and using management judgment.

There is considerable management judgment necessary to determine the estimated future cash flows and fair values of the Company's theatres and other long-lived assets, and, accordingly, actual results could vary significantly from such estimates, which fall under Level 3 within the fair value measurement hierarchy, see Note 16—Fair Value Measurements. There were no impairments during the Transition Period. During fiscal 2012, the Company recognized non-cash impairment losses of \$20,788,000 related to long-term assets. The Company recognized an impairment loss of \$285,000 on three theatres with 33 screens (in Arkansas, Maryland and Utah), which was related to property, net. The Company adjusted the carrying value of a joint venture investment, resulting in an impairment charge of \$2,742,000 and adjusted the carrying value of a common stock investment in RealD Inc., resulting in an impairment charge of \$17,751,000 when it was determined that it was an other than temporary decline in value.

Impairment losses in the Consolidated Statements of Operations are included in the following captions:

(In thousands)	From Inception August 31, 2012 Through December 31, 2012	March 30, 2012 through August 30, 2012	52 weeks Ended March 29, 2012	52 weeks Ended March 31, 2011
	(Successor)	(Predecessor)	(Predecessor)	(Predecessor)
Impairment of long-lived assets	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 285	\$ 12,779
Equity in (earnings) losses of non-consolidated entities	_	_	2,742	8,825
Investment expense (income)	_	_	17,751	_
Total impairment losses	\$	\$	\$ 20,778	\$ 21,604

Foreign Currency Translation: Operations outside the United States are generally measured using the local currency as the functional currency. Assets and liabilities are translated at the rates of exchange at the balance sheet date. Income and expense items are translated at average rates of exchange. The resultant translation adjustments are included in foreign currency translation adjustment, a separate component of accumulated other comprehensive income. Gains and losses from foreign currency transactions, except those intercompany transactions of a long-term investment nature, are included in net earnings (loss). If the Company substantially liquidates its investment in a foreign entity, any gain or loss on currency translation balance recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income is recognized as part of a gain or loss on disposition.

Earnings (loss) per Share: Basic earnings (loss) per share is computed by dividing net earnings (loss) by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding. Diluted earnings (loss) per share includes the effects of outstanding stock options, if dilutive.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 1—THE COMPANY AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings (loss) from continuing operations per common share:

(In thousands, except per share data)	From Inception August 31, 2012 through December 31, 2012 (Successor)	March 30, 2012 through August 30, 2012 (Predecessor)	52 weeks Ended March 29, 2012 (Predecessor)	52 weeks Ended March 31, 2011 (Predecessor)
Numerator:				
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations	\$ (36,462)	\$ 55,004	\$ (90,489)	\$ (171,242)
Denominator:				
Shares for basic earnings (loss) per common share	1,514.48	1,279.14	1,279.14	1,278.92
Stock options	_	7.67	_	_
Shares for diluted earnings per common share	1,514.48	1,286.81	1,279.14	1,278.92
Basic earnings (loss) from continuing operations per common share	\$ (24.08)	\$ 43.00	\$ (70.74)	\$ (133.90)
Diluted earnings (loss) from continuing operations per common share	\$ (24.08)	\$ 42.74	\$ (70.74)	\$ (133.90)

There are no outstanding options to purchase common shares during the Successor period.

Options to purchase 35,678.2 and 35,684.2 shares of common stock at a weighted average exercise price of \$450 per share and 5,366 and 5,372 shares of nonvested restricted stock were outstanding during the years ended March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011, respectively, but were not included in the computations of diluted earnings per share since the shares were anti-dilutive.

Income and Operating Taxes: The Company accounts for income taxes in accordance with ASC 740-10. Under ASC 740-10, deferred income tax effects of transactions reported in different periods for financial reporting and income tax return purposes are recorded by the asset and liability method. This method gives consideration to the future tax consequences of deferred income or expense items and recognizes changes in income tax laws in the period of enactment. The statement of operations effect is generally derived from changes in deferred income taxes on the balance sheet

The Company and Parent file a consolidated federal income tax return and combined income tax returns in certain state jurisdictions. Income taxes are allocated based on separate Company computations of income or loss. Tax sharing arrangements are in place and utilized when tax benefits from affiliates in the consolidated group are used to offset what would otherwise be taxable income generated by the Parent or another affiliate.

Casualty Insurance: The Company is self-insured for general liability up to \$1,000,000 per occurrence and carries a \$500,000 deductible limit per occurrence for workers compensation claims. The Company utilizes actuarial projections of its ultimate losses to calculate its reserves and expense.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 1—THE COMPANY AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The actuarial method includes an allowance for adverse developments on known claims and an allowance for claims which have been incurred but which have not yet been reported. As of December 31, 2012 and March 29, 2012, the Company had recorded casualty insurance reserves of \$14,980,000 and \$15,163,000, respectively, net of estimated insurance recoveries. The Company recorded expenses related to general liability and workers compensation claims of \$3,913,000, \$5,732,000, \$12,705,000 and \$12,206,000 for the Successor period August 31, 2012 through December 31, 2012, the Predecessor period March 30, 2012 through August 30, 2012, and the fiscal years ended March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011, respectively.

Other Expense: The following table sets forth the components of other expense:

	From Inception August 31 2012		March 30, 2012	52 weeks	52 weeks
	Through		through August 30,	Ended March 29.	Ended March 31,
(In thousands)	December 31, 2012 (Successor)		2012 (Predecessor)	2012 (Predecessor)	2011 (Predecessor)
Loss on extinguishment of Parent Term Loan Facility	\$	_	\$ —	\$ 510	\$ —
Loss on redemption of 12% Senior Discount Notes due 2014		—	_	_	14,840
Loss on redemption of 11% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2016		_	_	_	24,332
Loss on redemption and modification of Senior Secured Credit Facility		_	_	383	3,656
Loss on redemption of 8% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2014		_	1,297	640	_
Other expense (income)		49	(337)	432	(141)
Other expense	\$	49	\$ 960	1,965	\$ 42,687

New Accounting Pronouncements: In March 2013, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued ASU No. 2013-05, Foreign Currency Matters (Topic 830)—Parent's Accounting for the Cumulative Translation Adjustment upon Derecognition of Certain Subsidiaries or Groups of Assets within a Foreign Entity or of an Investment in a Foreign Entity, ("ASU 2013-05"). This amendment clarifies the applicable guidance for the release of cumulative translation adjustment into net earnings. When an entity ceases to have a controlling financial interest in a subsidiary or group of assets within a foreign entity, the entity is required to apply the guidance in ASC 830-30 to release any related cumulative translation adjustment into net earnings. Accordingly, the cumulative translation adjustment should be released into net earnings only if the sale or transfer results in the complete or substantially complete liquidation of the foreign entity in which the subsidiary or group of assets had resided. ASU 2013-05 is effective prospectively for fiscal years, and interim reporting periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2013. Early adoption is permitted as of the beginning of the entity's fiscal year. The Company will adopt ASU 2013-05 as of the beginning of calendar 2014 and does not expect

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 1—THE COMPANY AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

the adoption of ASU 2013-05 to have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial position, cash flows, or results of operations.

In July 2012, the FASB issued ASU No. 2012-02, Intangibles-Goodwill and Other (Topic 350)—Testing Indefinite-Lived Intangible Assets for Impairment, ("ASU 2012-02"). Under this amendment, an entity will have an option to first assess the qualitative factors to determine whether the existence of events and circumstances indicates that it is more likely than not the fair value of an indefinite-lived intangible asset is less than its carrying amount as a basis for determining whether it is necessary to perform the quantitative impairment test. ASU 2012-02 will be effective for the indefinite-lived intangible asset impairment test performed for fiscal years beginning after September 15, 2012. Early adoption is permitted. The Company adopted ASU 2012-02 in the last quarter of the Transition Period and the adoption of ASU 2012-02 did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial position, cash flows, or results of operations. For further information, see Goodwill within Note 1—The Company and Significant Accounting Policies.

In June 2011, the FASB issued ASU No. 2011-05, Comprehensive Income (Topic 220)—Presentation of Comprehensive Income, ("ASU 2011-05"). This ASU provides companies with an option to present the total of comprehensive income, the components of net income, and the components of other comprehensive income either in a single continuous statement of comprehensive income or in two-separate but consecutive statements. This ASU eliminated the option of presenting the components of other comprehensive income as part of the statement of changes in stockholders' equity. In December 2011, the FASB issued ASU No. 2011-12, Comprehensive Income (Topic 220)—Deferral of the Effective Date for Amendments to the Presentation of Reclassifications of Items Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income in Accounting Standard Update No. 2011-05, ("ASU 2011-12"), which defers the requirement within ASU 2011-05 to present on the face of the financial statements the effects of reclassifications out of accumulated other comprehensive income on the components of net income and other comprehensive income for all periods presented. During the deferral entities should continue to report reclassifications out of accumulated other comprehensive income consistent with the presentation requirements in effect prior to the issuance of ASU 2011-05. ASU 2011-05 and the deferrals in ASU 2011-12 will be effective for fiscal years and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2011 with retrospective application required. The Company adopted these accounting standard updates as of the beginning of the Transition Period and included the presentation requirements in its consolidated financial statements as of the first quarter of the Transition Period.

In February 2013, the FASB issued ASU No. 2013-02, Comprehensive Income (Topic 220)—Reporting of Amounts Reclassified Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income, ("ASU 2013-02"). Under this amendment, an entity is required to provide information about the amounts reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive income by component. In addition, an entity is required to present, either on the face of the statement where net income is presented or in the notes, significant amounts reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive income by the respective line items of net income but only if the amount reclassified is required to be reclassified to net income in its entirety in the same reporting period. For other amounts that are not required to be reclassified in their entirety to net income, an entity is required to cross-reference to other disclosures that provide additional detail about those amounts. ASU 2013-02 will be effective prospectively for

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 1—THE COMPANY AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2012. Early adoption is permitted. The Company will adopt ASU 2013-02 in the first quarter of calendar 2013 and does not expect the adoption of ASU 2013-02 to have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial position, cash flows, or results of operations.

In May 2011, the FASB issued ASU No. 2011-04, Fair Value Measurements (Topic 820)—Amendments to Achieve Common Fair Value Measurements and Disclosure Requirements in U.S. GAAP and IFRSs, ("ASU 2011-04"). This ASU requires disclosures regarding transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy, disclosures about the sensitivity of a fair value measurement categorized within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy, and the categorization by level of the fair value in transition, but for which the fair value of such items is required to be disclosed. ASU 2011-04 became effective during interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2011 and was effective for the Company as of the beginning of the Transition Period. See Note 16—Fair Value Measurements for the required disclosures.

Subsequent Events: The Company has evaluated subsequent events through August 27, 2013.

NOTE 2—MERGER

Parent and Wanda, a Chinese private conglomerate, completed a Merger on August 30, 2012 in which Wanda indirectly acquired all of the outstanding capital stock of Parent. Parent merged with Wanda Film Exhibition Co. Ltd., ("Merger Subsidiary"), a wholly-owned indirect subsidiary of Wanda, whereby Merger Subsidiary merged with and into Parent with Parent continuing as the surviving corporation and as a wholly-owned indirect subsidiary of Wanda. The merger consideration totaled \$701,811,000, with \$700,000,000 invested by Wanda and \$1,811,000 invested by members of management, for which 1,338,048 shares of Class A common stock and 3,497 shares of Class N common stock were issued, respectively. The management investment was equal to 50% of the after tax amount received by the applicable members of management with respect to equity awards outstanding at the time of the Merger. The per share price paid by management was equal to the fully diluted per share consideration received by the Company's former shareholders in the Merger. Wanda also acquired cash, corporate borrowings and capital and financing lease obligations in connection with the Merger as described below.

In connection with the Merger agreement, \$35,000,000 of consideration otherwise payable to the equity holders was deposited into an Indemnity Escrow Fund and \$2,000,000 otherwise payable to the equity holders was deposited into an account designated by the Stockholder Representative. The \$35,000,000 of consideration previously deposited in the Indemnity Escrow Fund, which was established to cover any indemnity claims by Wanda against the sellers (former owners) relating to their representations, warranties and covenants in connection with the Merger, was released in full on April 3, 2013. There were no indemnity claims made. Further, the \$2,000,000 previously deposited in an account designated by the Stockholder Representative, which account was established to cover post-merger closing de minimis taxes and administrative fees and expenses, has also been released in full. On April 15, 2013, after net of such taxes, fees and expenses, \$1,600,000 was released back to the selling stockholders, including members of management. The Company accounted for the entire \$701,800,000 as purchase price which included the amounts placed in escrow because the Company

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 2—MERGER (Continued)

believed any contingencies requiring escrow were remote and that the amounts would be paid out subsequently.

As a result of the Merger and related change of control, the Company applied "push down" accounting, which requires allocation of the Merger consideration to the estimated fair values of the assets and liabilities acquired in the Merger. The allocation of Merger consideration was based on management's judgment after evaluating several factors, including a valuation assessment performed by a third party appraiser. The appraisal measurements included a combination of income, replacement cost and market approaches and represents managements' best estimate of fair value at August 30, 2012, the acquisition date. Management has finalized its purchase price allocation except for amounts assigned provisionally to certain leasehold improvements and furniture, fixtures and equipment included in Property, net. Management expects to finalize the fair values for these assets upon completing their final value analysis in May of 2013. Amounts assigned provisionally to these assets may change when this evaluation is completed. Adjustments made since the initial allocation decreased recorded goodwill by approximately \$20,000,000. Other current assets increased by approximately \$17,000,000 due to changes in deferred tax assets; intangible assets increased by approximately \$6,000,000 primarily due to final determinations of fair values assigned to equity method investee; Other long-term liabilities declined by approximately \$100,000,000 due to changes in deferred tax liabilities. The items mentioned above represent the most significant adjustments to the initial

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 2—MERGER (Continued)

allocation of purchase price for the Merger. The following is a summary of the allocation of the Merger consideration:

(In thousands)		Total
Cash	\$	103,784
Receivables, net		29,775
Other current assets		68,040
Property, net(1)		1,063,028
Intangible assets, net(2)		246,507
Goodwill(3)		2,138,666
Other long-term assets(4)		342,533
Accounts payable		(134,186)
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		(138,535)
Gift card, package tickets, and loyalty program liability(5)		(117,841)
Corporate borrowings(6)		(2,086,926)
Capital and financing lease obligations		(60,922)
Deferred revenues—for exhibitor services agreement(7)		(322,620)
Other long-term liabilities(8)		(429,492)
Total Merger consideration	\$	701,811
Corporate borrowings	_	2,086,926
Capital and financing lease obligations		60,922
Less: cash		(103,784)
Total transaction value	\$	2,745,875
	_	

⁽¹⁾ Property, net consists of real estate, leasehold improvements and furniture, fixtures and equipment recorded at fair value.

⁽²⁾ Intangible assets consist of a trademark and trade names, a non-compete agreement, management contracts, a contract with an equity method investee, and favorable leases. See Note 6—Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets for further information. In general, the majority of the Company's asset value is comprised of real estate and fixed assets. Furthermore, the majority of the Company's theatres are operated via lease agreements as opposed to owning the underlying real estate. Therefore, any asset value related to leased real estate would exist only if the existing lease agreements were at below-market, or favorable, terms. Certain of the Company's leased locations were considered to be at favorable terms, and an intangible asset was ascribed for such lease agreements. However, the majority of lease agreements were considered to be at market terms. As a result, there is no owned real estate or lease intangible asset value ascribed to the majority of the Company's locations. In estimating the fair value of the favorable lease agreements, market rents were estimated for each of the Company's leased locations. If the contractual rents were considered to be below the market rent, a favorable lease agreement was valued by discounting the difference between the contractual rent and estimated market rates over the remaining lease term. Renewal options in the leases were also considered in determining the remaining lease term.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 2—MERGER (Continued)

Other intangible assets were also considered. For the Company's business, the largest intangible asset (other than a favorable lease agreement) is the trade name. There was no customer relationship asset since the Company's customers represent "walk-in traffic" in which the customer would not meet the legal or separable criteria under ASC 805. The royalty savings method, a form of the income approach, was used to estimate the fair value of the trade name. In estimating the appropriate royalty rate for the trade name, we considered the impact and contribution that the trade name provides to the Company's operating cash flows. We assessed that the trade name does provide some contribution to the Company's operating cash flow, but that the attendance in the theatre is ultimately driven by factors that are not separable from goodwill such as the quality of the film product, the location of each individual theatre, the physical condition of the individual theatre, and the competitive landscape of the individual theatre.

Other than the favorable lease agreements and the trade name, there are not many other operating intangible assets for the Company's business. However, the Company does have some contractual relationships identified as intangible assets. These contractual relationships include the non-compete agreement that was entered into as part of the Company's acquisition of Kerasotes, management agreements in which the Company manages certain theatres that are owned by a third party, and the NCM tax receivable agreement (the "NCM TRA") which represents an agreement in which the Company receives a certain portion of a tax benefit that NCM is expected to receive as part of the Company's partial ownership interest in NCM. The non-compete agreement was valued using the differential cash flow method, a form of the income approach, in which the cash flows of the Company were estimated under a scenario in which the non-compete agreement was in place and a scenario in which there was no non-compete agreement. The value of the non-compete agreement was considered to be the difference of the discounted cash flows between the two scenarios over the remaining contractual term of the agreement. The management agreements were valued using the income approach, in which the annual management fee over the life of the agreements were discounted. The NCM TRA was valued using the income approach in which the future tax benefit distribution realized from any tax amortization of intangible assets was estimated and discounted. The Company determined the value of the TRA using a discounted cash flow model. For the purposes of its analysis, the Company estimated the cash receipts from taxable transactions that are known as of the date of the Merger. The Company did not consider future transactions that NCM may undertake. The Company estimated a run-off of the intangible asset amortization benefits due to the following transactions:

- 1. ESA (Exhibitor Services Agreement)—relates to the amortization due to a modification of the initial ESA agreement.
- CUA (Common Unit Adjustment)—relates to NCM issuing additional common units to the founding members if there is an increase in the number of theaters under the ESA agreement. A reduction of common units is made if there are theaters removed from the ESA agreement.
- 3. AMC II Benefit—relates to AMC's acquisition of Kerasotes theaters.
- IPO Exchange Benefit—relates to amortization from NCM's IPO in 2007.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 2—MERGER (Continued)

- 5. IPO II Exchange Benefit—relates to amortization step ups from NCM's secondary IPO in 2010.
- 6. Capital Account Administration Allocation—relates to receipts attributable to the account administration.
 - The estimated TRA receipts through 2037 are tax effected at 40%, based on a blended federal and 50-state average tax rate. The after tax receipts were discounted to a present value using a discount rate of 12.0%, based on the cost of equity of NCM, as the TRA payments only benefit the equity holders.
- (3) Goodwill represents the excess of the Merger consideration over the net assets recognized and represents the future expected economic benefits arising from other assets acquired that could not be individually identified and separately recognized. Amounts recorded for goodwill are not subject to amortization and are not deductible for tax purposes.
- (4) Other long-term assets primarily include equity method investments, real estate held for investment and marketable equity securities recorded at fair value.
- (5) Represents a liability related to the sales of gift cards, packaged tickets and AMC Stubs memberships and rewards outstanding at August 30, 2012 recorded at fair value. The Company determined fair value for the gift cards and packaged tickets by removing the amount of unrecognized breakage income that was included in the deferred revenue amounts prior to the Merger. The Company made purchase accounting adjustments to reduce its deferred revenues for packaged tickets by \$24,859,000 and gift cards by \$7,441,000 such that the Company would recognize a normal profit margin on its deferred revenues for the future redemptions of the sales that occurred prior to the Merger. The Company did not make any fair value adjustments to its deferred revenues related to AMC Stubs as a result of the Merger because deferred revenues for the annual memberships require performance by AMC in the future and there was not sufficient historical data to estimate amounts of future breakage for AMC Stubs rewards. AMC Stubs vested rewards expire after 90 days if unused and AMC Stubs progress rewards expire to the extent members do not renew their annual membership.
- (6) Corporate borrowings include borrowings under the Senior Secured Credit Facility-Term Loan due 2016, the Senior Secured Credit Facility-Term Loan due 2018, the 8.75% Senior Fixed Rate Notes due 2019 and the 9.75% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2020 recorded at fair value.
- (7) Deferred revenues for Exhibitor Services Agreement reflect the Company's obligation pursuant to an arrangement with NCM to provide advertising services on terms favorable to NCM.
- (8) Other long-term liabilities consist of certain theatre leases that have been identified as unfavorable, adjustments to reset deferred rent related to future escalations of minimum rentals to zero, adjustments for pension and postretirement medical plan liabilities and deferred RealD Inc. lease incentive recorded at fair value.

 Other long-term liabilities include deferred tax liabilities resulting from indefinite temporary differences that arose primarily from the application of "push down" accounting.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 2—MERGER (Continued)

The fair value measurement of tangible and intangible assets and liabilities were based on significant inputs not observable in the market and thus represent Level 3 measurements within the fair value measurement hierarchy. Level 3 fair market values were determined using a variety of information, including estimated future cash flows, appraisals, market comparables, and quoted market prices. Quoted market prices and observable market based inputs were used to estimate the fair value of corporate borrowings (Level 2) and the Company's investments in NCM and equity securities available for sale including RealD Inc. common stock (Level 1).

During the period of August 31, 2012 through December 31, 2012, the Company incurred Merger-related costs of approximately \$2,500,000, which are included in general and administrative expense: merger, acquisition and transaction costs in the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

The unaudited pro forma financial information presented below sets forth the Company's historical statements of operations for the periods indicated and gives effect to the Merger as if "push down" accounting had been applied as of the beginning of fiscal 2012. Such information is presented for comparative purposes to the Consolidated Statements of Operations only and does not purport to

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 2—MERGER (Continued)

represent what the Company's results of operations would actually have been had these transactions occurred on the date indicated or to project its results of operations for any future period or date.

(In thousands)	Ma Dece	Pro forma March 30, 2012 through December 31, 2012 (unaudited)		March 30, 2012 through December 31, 2012		Pro forma Weeks Ended mber 29, 2011
Revenues	(unaudited)	()	unaudited)		
Admissions	\$	1,364,663	\$	1,295,469		
Food & beverage		571,869		518,081		
Other theatre		72,574		54,436		
Total revenues		2,009,106		1,867,986		
Operating Costs and Expenses						
Film exhibition costs		728,100		694,863		
Food & beverage costs		77,871		70,961		
Operating expense		529,235		528,404		
Rent		331,397		332,210		
General and administrative:						
Merger, acquisition and transaction costs		7,783		1,705		
Management fee				-		
Other		55,594		36,519		
Depreciation and amortization		150,234		150,976		
Operating costs and expenses		1,880,214		1,815,638		
Operating income		128,892		52,348		
Other evenes (income)						
Other expense (income) Other expense		1.009		429		
Interest expense		1,009		429		
Corporate borrowings		103,429		115.899		
Capital and financing lease obligations		4,263		4,480		
Equity in earnings of non-consolidated entities		(7,499)		(56)		
Investment expense		876		17,777		
Total other expense		102,078		138,529		
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes		26,814		(86,181)		
Income tax provision		3,380		2,210		
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations	_	23,434		(88,391)		
Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations		34,465		(2,989)		
Net earnings (loss)	\$	57,899	\$	(91,380)		

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 2—MERGER (Continued)

The Merger on August 30, 2012 triggered the payment of an aggregate of \$32,340,000 for success fees to financial advisors, bond amendment consent fees, professional and consulting fees, payments for cancellation of stock based compensation and management success bonuses that were contingent on the consummation of the Merger. The Company determined that its accounting policy for any cost triggered by the consummation of the Merger was to recognize the cost when the Merger was consummated. Accordingly, the fees discussed above have not been recorded in the Consolidated Statement of Operations for the Predecessor period since that statement depicts the results of operations just prior to consummation of the transaction. In addition, since the Successor period reflects the effects of push-down accounting, these costs have also not been recorded as an expense in the Successor period. However, the costs were reflected in the purchase accounting adjustments which were applied in arriving at the opening balances of the Successor.

NOTE 3—ACQUISITION

In December 2012, the Company completed the acquisition of 4 theatres and 61 screens from Rave Reviews Cinemas, LLC and 6 theatres and 95 screens from Rave Digital Media, LLC, (and together "Rave"). The purchase price for the Rave theatres, paid in cash at closing, was \$87,555,000, net of cash acquired, and is subject to working capital and other purchase price adjustments. The Company acquired the Rave theatres based on their highly complementary geographic presence in certain key markets. Additionally, the Company expects to realize synergies and cost savings related to the Rave acquisition as a result of moving to the Company's operating practices, decreasing costs for newspaper advertising and concessions and general and administrative expense savings, particularly with respect to the consolidation of corporate related functions and elimination of redundancies.

The acquisitions are being treated as a purchase in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification, ("ASC") 805, Business Combinations, which requires allocation of the purchase price to the estimated fair values of assets and liabilities acquired in the transaction. The allocation of purchase price is based on management's judgment after evaluating several factors, including bid prices from potential buyers and a preliminary valuation assessment. The allocation of purchase price is subject to

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 3—ACQUISITION (Continued)

changes as an appraisal of assets and liabilities is finalized and additional information becomes available. The following is a summary of a preliminary allocation of the purchase price:

(In thousands)	Total
Cash	\$ 3,896
Receivables, net(1)	631
Other current assets	757
Property, net	80,478
Goodwill(2)	79,024
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	(6,732)
Capital and financing lease obligations	(62,598)
Other long-term liabilities	(3,690)
Total estimated purchase price	\$ 91,766
	

⁽¹⁾ Receivables consist of trade receivables recorded at estimated fair value. The Company did not acquire any other class of receivables as a result of the acquisition of the Rave theatres.

During the period of August 31, 2012 through December 31, 2012, the Company incurred acquisition-related costs for the Rave theatres of approximately \$157,000, which are included in general and administrative expense: merger, acquisition and transaction costs in the Consolidated Statements of Operations. The Company's operating results for the Transition Period were not materially impacted by this December acquisition. Approximately \$315,000 of the estimated purchase price was accrued but not paid as of December 31, 2012.

NOTE 4—DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

In August of 2012, the Company closed one theatre with 20 screens located in Canada. The Company paid the landlord \$7,562,000 to terminate the lease agreement. Also, the Company sold one theatre with 12 screens located in the United Kingdom in August of 2012. The proceeds received from the sale was \$395,000, and is subject to working capital and other purchase price adjustments as described in the asset purchase agreement.

In July of 2012, the Company sold six theatres with 134 screens located in Canada. The aggregate gross proceeds from the sales were approximately \$1,472,000, and are subject to working capital and purchase price adjustments.

The Company recorded gains, net of lease termination expense, on the disposition of the seven Canada theatres and the one United Kingdom theatre of approximately \$39,000,000, primarily due to the write-off of long-term lease liabilities extinguished in connection with the sales and closure. The Company does not have any significant continuing involvement in the operations of these theatres after

⁽²⁾ Goodwill arising from the acquisition consists largely of the synergies and economies of scale expected from combining the operations. Amounts recorded for goodwill are not subject to amortization, but are expected to be deductible for tax purposes.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 4—DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (Continued)

the disposition. The results of operations of these theatres have been classified as discontinued operations, and information presented for all periods reflects the classification.

In December of 2008, the Company sold all of its interests in Cinemex, which then operated 44 theatres with 493 screens primarily in the Mexico City Metropolitan Area, to Entretenimiento GM de Mexico S.A. de C.V. ("Entretenimiento"). As of December 31, 2012, the Company estimates that it is contractually entitled to receive an additional \$6,275,000 of the purchase price related to tax payments and refunds. While the Company believes it is entitled to these amounts from Cinemex, the collection will require litigation, which was initiated by the Company on April 30, 2010 and is still pending. Resolution is expected to take place over a prolonged period. In fiscal 2010, as a result of the litigation, the Company established an allowance for doubtful accounts related to this receivable and directly charged off the receivable amount as uncollectible. The Company does not have any significant continuing involvement in the operations of the Cinemex theatres after the disposition. Any purchase price tax collections received or legal fees paid related to the sale of the Cinemex theatres have been classified as discontinued operations for all periods presented.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 4—DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (Continued)

Components of amounts reflected as (earnings) loss from discontinued operations in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations are presented in the following table:

	Transitio	on Period		
(In thousands)	From Inception August 31, 2012 through December 31, 2012 (Successor)	March 30, 2012 through August 30, 2012 (Predecessor)	Fiscal 2012 52 Weeks Ended March 29, 2012 (Predecessor)	Fiscal 2011 52 Weeks Ended March 31, 2011 (Predecessor)
Revenues				
Admissions	\$	\$ 16,389		
Food and beverage	_	6,099	20,192	19,111
Other theatre	_	548	2,253	2,429
Total revenues		23,036	78,617	74,561
Operating costs and expenses				
Film exhibition costs	_	8,706	28,958	27,288
Food and beverage costs	66	1,252	3,655	3,424
Operating expense	439	15,592	24,643	22,582
Rent	_	7,322	23,497	23,936
General and administrative costs	221	511	248	_
Depreciation and amortization	_	263	1,212	969
(Gain) loss on disposition	(37)	(46,951)	25	(569)
Operating costs and expenses	689	(13,305)	82,238	77,630
Operating income (loss)	(689)	36,341	(3,621)	(3,069)
Investment income	(1)	(12)	(12)	(7)
Total other expense	(1)	(12)	(12)	(7)
Earnings (loss) before income taxes	(688)	36,353	(3,609)	(3,062)
Income tax provision		1,200		
Net earnings (loss)	\$ (688)	\$ 35,153	\$ (3,609)	\$ (3,062)

NOTE 5—PROPERTY

A summary of property is as follows:

(In thousands)	 mber 31, 2012 Successor)		erch 29, 2012 Predecessor)
Property owned:			
Land	\$ 46,148	\$	50,134
Buildings and improvements	202,338		216,923
Leasehold improvements	460,850		898,916
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	501,550		1,309,969
	1,210,886		2,475,942
Less-accumulated depreciation and amortization	62,927		1,592,245
	\$ 1,147,959	\$	883,697

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 5—PROPERTY (Continued)

Property is recorded at cost or fair value, in the case of property resulting from acquisitions. The Company uses the straight-line method in computing depreciation and amortization for financial reporting purposes. The estimated useful lives for leasehold improvements reflect the shorter of the expected useful lives of the assets or the base terms of the corresponding lease agreements plus renewal options expected to be exercised for these leases. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings and improvements	5 to 40 years
Leasehold improvements	1 to 20 years
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	1 to 10 years

Expenditures for additions (including interest during construction) and betterments are capitalized, and expenditures for maintenance and repairs are charged to expense as incurred. The cost of assets retired or otherwise disposed of and the related accumulated depreciation and amortization are eliminated from the accounts in the year of disposal. Gains or losses resulting from property disposals are included in operating expense in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Depreciation expense was \$63,472,000, 70,715,000, \$184,935,000 and \$181,970,000 for the period August 31, 2012 through December 31, 2012, the period March 30, 2012 through August 30, 2012, and fiscal years ended March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011, respectively.

NOTE 6—GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Activity of goodwill is presented below:

(In thousands)	Total
Balance as a result of Merger on August 30, 2012	\$ 2,138,666
Increase in Goodwill from the acquisition of Rave theatres	79,024
Balance as of December 31, 2012	\$ 2,217,690

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 6—GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Continued)

Detail of other intangible assets is presented below:

		Decembe	er 31, 2012	Marc	ch 29, 2012
(In thousands)	Remaining Useful Life	Gross Carrying Accumulated Amount Amortization (Successor) (Successor)		Gross Carrying Amount (Predecessor)	Accumulated Amortization (Predecessor)
Amortizable Intangible Assets:					
Favorable leases	1 to 46 years	\$ 112,496	\$ (2,158)	\$ 108,17	7 \$ (63,683)
Customer frequency program	-	_	_	46,00	0 (44,206)
Loews' trade name	_	_	_	2,30	0 (2,300)
Management contracts	1 to 8 years	4,690	(278)	35,40	0 (29,931)
Non-compete agreement	3 years	3,800	(404)	6,40	6 (2,365)
NCM tax receivable agreement	24 years	20,900	(266)	_	- ' -
Other intangible assets	<u> </u>	_	<u> </u>	13,30	9 (13,139)
Total, amortizable		\$ 141,886	\$ (3,106)	\$ 211,59	2 \$ (155,624)
Unamortized Intangible Assets:					
AMC trademark		\$ 104,400		\$ 74,00	0
Kerasotes trade names				5,05	6
Total, unamortizable		\$ 104,400		\$ 79,05	6

Amortization expense associated with the intangible assets noted above is as follows:

	From Inception				
	August 31, 2012	March 30, 2012	52 Weeks	52 Weeks	
	through	through	Ended	Ended	
(In thousands)	December 31, 2012	August 30, 2012	March 29, 2012	March 31, 2011	
	(Successor)	(Predecessor)	(Predecessor)	(Predecessor)	
Recorded amortization	\$ 3,106	\$ 5,016	\$ 14,469	\$ 14,652	

Estimated annual amortization for the next five calendar years for intangible assets is projected below:

(In thousands)	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Projected annual amortization	\$ 8,917	\$ 8,783	\$ 8,379	\$ 7,516	\$ 7,402

NOTE 7—INVESTMENTS

Investments in non-consolidated affiliates and certain other investments accounted for under the equity method generally include all entities in which the Company or its subsidiaries have significant influence, but not more than 50% voting control. Investments in non-consolidated affiliates as of December 31, 2012, include a 15.47% interest in National CineMedia, LLC ("NCM"), a 50% interest in two U.S. motion picture theatres and one IMAX screen, a 29% interest in Digital Cinema Implementation Partners, LLC ("DCIP") and a 50% interest in Open Road Releasing, LLC, operator of Open Road Films, LLC ("ORF"). The Company sold its 50% interest in Midland Empire

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 7—INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Partners, LLC in June 2012. Indebtedness held by equity method investees is non-recourse to the Company.

RealD Inc. Common Stock

The Company holds an investment in RealD Inc. common stock, which is accounted for as an equity security, available for sale, and is recorded in the Consolidated Balance Sheets in other long-term assets at fair value (Level 1). Under its RealD Inc. motion picture license agreement, the Company received a ten-year option to purchase 1,222,780 shares of RealD Inc. common stock at approximately \$0.00667 per share. The stock options vested in 3 tranches upon the achievement of screen installation targets and were valued at the underlying stock price at the date of vesting. At the dates of exercise, the fair market value of the RealD Inc. common stock was recorded in other long-term assets with an offsetting entry recorded to other long-term liabilities as a deferred lease incentive. As a result of the Merger, the unamortized deferred lease incentive was recorded at fair value and is being amortized on a straight-line basis over the remaining contract life of approximately 9 years, to reduce RealD license expense recorded in the consolidated statements of operations under operating expense. For further information, see Note 2—Merger. As of December 31, 2012, the unamortized deferred lease incentive balance included in other long-term liabilities was \$21,223,000. Fair value adjustments of RealD Inc. common stock are recorded to other long-term assets with an offsetting entry to accumulated other comprehensive income.

At December 29, 2011, the Company evaluated its investment in RealD Inc. common stock for a possible other-than-temporary impairment given market prices for RealD Inc. common stock and determined that the loss as of December 29, 2011 was other-than-temporary and recognized an impairment loss of \$17,751,000 within investment expense (income), related to unrealized losses previously recorded in accumulated other comprehensive loss, as the Company determined the decline in fair value below historical cost to be other-than-temporary. Consideration was given to the financial condition and near-term prospects of the issuer, the length of time and extent to which the fair value had been less than cost and the Company's intent and ability to retain its investment in the issuer for a period of time sufficient to allow for any anticipated recovery in market value.

DCIP Transactions

On March 10, 2010, DCIP completed its financing of \$660.0 million for the deployment of digital projection systems to nearly 14,000 movie theatre screens across North America, including screens operated or managed by the Company, Cinemark and Regal. At closing the Company contributed 342 projection systems that it owned to DCIP, which were recorded at estimated fair value as part of an additional investment in DCIP of \$21,768,000. The Company also made cash investments in DCIP of \$840,000 at closing and DCIP made a distribution of excess cash to the Company after the closing date and prior to fiscal 2010 year-end of \$1,262,000. The Company recorded a loss on contribution of the 342 projection systems of \$563,000, based on the difference between estimated fair value and the carrying value on the date of contribution. On March 26, 2010, the Company acquired 117 digital projectors from third party lessors for \$6,784,000 and sold them together with seven digital projectors that it owned to DCIP for \$6,570,000. The Company recorded a loss on the sale of these 124 systems to DCIP of \$697,000. On September 20, 2010, the Company sold 29 digital projectors in a sale and

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 7—INVESTMENTS (Continued)

lease back to DCIP from its Canadian theatres for \$1,655,000 and incurred a loss of \$110,000. On October 29, 2010, the Company sold 57 digital projectors from Kerasotes theatres in a sale and leaseback to DCIP for \$3,250,000, with no gain or loss recorded on the projectors. On March 31, 2011, DCIP completed additional financing of \$220.0 million, which is expected to complete the deployment of nearly 15,000 digital projection systems in the U.S. and Canada, including screens owned or managed by the Company.

The digital projection systems leased from DCIP and its affiliates replaced most of the Company's existing 35 millimeter projection systems. The Company adjusted its estimated depreciable lives for its existing equipment that will be replaced and has accelerated the depreciation of these existing 35 millimeter projection systems, based on the estimated digital projection system deployment timeframe. The projector systems scheduled to be replaced will be fully depreciated in calendar 2013.

NCM Transactions

On March 29, 2005, the Company along with Regal combined their screen advertising operations to form NCM. On July 15, 2005, Cinemark joined the NCM joint venture by contributing its screen advertising business. On February 13, 2007, National CineMedia, Inc. ("NCM, Inc."), a newly formed entity that now serves as the sole manager of NCM, closed its initial public offering, or IPO, of 42,000,000 shares of its common stock at a price of \$21.00 per share.

In connection with the completion of NCM, Inc.'s IPO, on February 13, 2007, the Company entered into the Third Amended and Restated Limited Liability Company Operating Agreement (the "NCM Operating Agreement") among the Company, Regal and Cinemark (the "Founding Members") and NCM, Inc. Pursuant to the NCM Operating Agreement, the members are granted a redemption right to exchange common units of NCM for, at the option of NCM, Inc., NCM, Inc. shares of common stock on a one-for-one basis, or a cash payment equal to the market price of one share of NCM, Inc.'s common stock. Upon execution of the NCM Operating Agreement, each existing preferred unit of NCM held by the Founding Members was redeemed in exchange for \$13.7782 per unit, resulting in the cancellation of each preferred unit. NCM used the proceeds of a new \$725,000,000 term loan facility and \$59,800,000 of net proceeds from the NCM, Inc. IPO to redeem the outstanding preferred units. The Company received approximately \$259,347,000 in the aggregate for the redemption of all its preferred units in NCM. The Company received approximately \$26,467,000 from selling common units in NCM to NCM, Inc. in connection with the exercise of the underwriters' over-allotment option in the NCM, Inc. IPO.

Also in connection with the completion of NCM, Inc.'s IPO, the Company agreed to modify NCM's payment obligations under the prior Exhibitor Services Agreement ("ESA") in exchange for approximately \$231,308,000. The ESA provides a term of 30 years for advertising and approximately five year terms (with automatic renewal provisions) for meeting event and digital programming services, and provides NCM with a five year right of first refusal for the services beginning one year prior to the end of the term. The ESA also changed the basis upon which the Company is paid by NCM from a percentage of revenues associated with advertising contracts entered into by NCM to a monthly theatre access fee. The theatre access fee is now composed of a fixed payment per patron and a fixed payment per digital screen, which increases by 8% every five years starting at the end of fiscal 2011 for payments per patron and by 5% annually starting at the end of fiscal 2007 for payments per digital screen. The

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 7—INVESTMENTS (Continued)

theatre access fee paid in the aggregate to the Founding Members will not be less than 12% of NCM's aggregate advertising revenue, or it will be adjusted upward to meet this minimum payment. Additionally, the Company entered into the First Amended and Restated Loews Screen Integration Agreement with NCM on February 13, 2007, pursuant to which the Company paid NCM an amount that approximated the EBITDA that NCM would have generated if it had been able to sell advertising in the Loews Cineplex Entertainment Corporation ("Loews") theatre chain on an exclusive basis commencing upon the completion of NCM, Inc.'s IPO, and NCM issued to AMC common membership units in NCM, increasing the Company's ownership interest to approximately 33.7%; such Loews payments were made quarterly until the former screen advertising agreements expired in fiscal 2010. The Company is also required to purchase from NCM any on-screen advertising time provided to the Company's beverage concessionaire at a negotiated rate. In addition, the Company expects to receive mandatory quarterly distributions of excess cash from NCM. Immediately following the NCM, Inc. IPO, the Company held an 18.6% interest in NCM.

As a result of NCM, Inc.'s IPO and debt financing, the Company recorded a change of interest gain of \$132,622,000 and received distributions in excess of its investment in NCM related to the redemption of preferred and common units of \$106,188,000. The Company reduced its investment in NCM to zero and recognized the change of interest gain and the excess distribution in earnings as it has not guaranteed any obligations of NCM and is not otherwise committed to provide further financial support for NCM.

Annual adjustments to the common membership units are made pursuant to the Common Unit Adjustment Agreement dated as of February 13, 2007 between NCM, Inc. and the Founding Members. The Common Unit Adjustment Agreement was created to account for changes in the number of theatre screens operated by each of the Founding Members. Prior to fiscal 2011, each of the Founding Members had increased the number of screens it operates through acquisitions and newly built theatres. Since these incremental screens and increased attendance in turn provide for additional advertising revenues to NCM, NCM agreed to compensate the Founding Members by issuing additional common membership units to the Founding Members in consideration for their increased attendance and overall contribution to the joint venture. The Common Unit Adjustment Agreement also provides protection to NCM in that the Founding Members may be required to transfer or surrender common units to NCM based on certain limited events, including declines in attendance and the number of screens operated. As a result, each Founding Member's equity ownership interests are proportionately adjusted to reflect the risks and rewards relative to their contributions to the joint venture.

The Common Unit Adjustment Agreement provides that transfers of common units are solely between the Founding Members and NCM. There are no transfers of units among the Founding Members. In addition, there are no circumstances under which common units would be surrendered by the Company to NCM in the event of an acquisition by one of the Founding Members. However, adjustments to the common units owned by one of the Founding Members will result in an adjustment to the Company's equity ownership interest percentage in NCM.

Pursuant to the Company's Common Unit Adjustment Agreement, from time to time common units of NCM held by the Founding Members will be adjusted up or down through a formula ("Common Unit Adjustment"), primarily based on increases or decreases in the number of theatre

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 7—INVESTMENTS (Continued)

screens operated and theatre attendance generated by each Founding Member. The common unit adjustment is computed annually, except that an earlier common unit adjustment will occur for a Founding Member if its acquisition or disposition of theatres, in a single transaction or cumulatively since the most recent common unit adjustment, will cause a change of 2% or more in the total annual attendance of all of the Founding Members. In the event that a common unit adjustment is determined to be a negative number, the Founding Member shall cause, at its election, either (a) the transfer and surrender to NCM of a number of common units equal to all or part of such Founding Member's common unit adjustment or (b) pay to NCM an amount equal to such Founding Member's common unit adjustment calculated in accordance with the Common Unit Adjustment Agreement.

Effective March 27, 2008, the Company received 939,853 common membership units of NCM as a result of the Common Unit Adjustment, increasing the Company's interest in NCM to 19.1%. The Company recorded the additional units received as a result of the Common Unit Adjustment at a fair value of \$21,598,000, based on a price for shares of NCM, Inc. on March 26, 2008, of \$22.98 per share, and as a new investment (Tranche 2 Investment), with an offsetting adjustment to deferred revenue. Effective May 29, 2008, NCM issued 2,913,754 common membership units to another Founding Member due to an acquisition, which caused a decrease in the Company's ownership share from 19.1% to 18.52%. Effective March 17, 2009, the Company received 406,371 common membership units of NCM as a result of the Common Unit Adjustment, increasing the Company's interest in NCM to 18.53%. The Company recorded these additional units at a fair value of \$5,453,000, based on a price for shares of NCM, Inc. on March 17, 2009, of \$13.42 per share, with an offsetting adjustment to deferred revenue. Effective March 17, 2010, the Company received 127,290 common membership units of NCM. As a result of the Common Unit Adjustment among the Founding Members, the Company's interest in NCM decreased to 18.23% as of April 1, 2010. The Company recorded the additional units received at a fair value of \$2,290,000, based on a price for shares of NCM, Inc. on March 17, 2010, of \$17.99 per share, with an offsetting adjustment to deferred revenue. Effective June 14, 2010 and with a settlement date of June 28, 2010, the Company received 6,510,209 common membership units in NCM as a result of an Extraordinary Common Unit Adjustment in connection with the Company's acquisition of Kerasotes. The Company received 6,510,209 common Unit Adjustment, the Company's interest in NCM increased to 23.05%.

All of the Company's NCM membership units are redeemable for, at the option of NCM, Inc., cash or shares of common stock of NCM, Inc. on a share-for-share basis. On August 18, 2010, the Company sold 6,500,000 shares of common stock of NCM, Inc. in an underwritten public offering for \$16.00 per share and reduced the Company's related investment in NCM by \$36,709,000, the carrying amount of all shares sold. Net proceeds received on this sale were \$99,840,000 after deducting related underwriting fees and professional and consulting costs of \$4,160,000, resulting in a gain on sale of \$63,131,000. In addition, on September 8, 2010, the Company sold 155,193 shares of NCM, Inc. to the underwriters to cover over-allotments for \$16.00 per share and reduced the Company's related investment in NCM by \$867,000, the carrying amount of all shares sold. Net proceeds received on this sale were \$2,384,000 after deducting related underwriting fees and professional and consulting costs of \$99,000, resulting in a gain on sale of \$1,517,000. As a result of the membership unit conversions and sales, the Company's ownership interest in NCM was reduced to 17.02% as of September 30, 2010.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 7—INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Effective March 17, 2011, the Company was notified by NCM that its Common Unit Adjustment was determined to be a negative number. The Company elected to surrender 1,479,638 common membership units to satisfy the Common Unit Adjustment, leaving it with 17,323,782 units, or a 15.66% ownership interest in NCM as of March 31, 2011. The Company recorded the surrendered common units as a reduction to deferred revenues for exhibitor services agreement at fair value of \$25,361,000, based on a price per share of NCM, Inc. of \$17.14 on March 17, 2011, and recorded the reduction of the Company's NCM investment at weighted average cost for Tranche 2 Investments of \$25,568,000, resulting in a loss on the surrender of the units of \$207,000. The gain from the NCM, Inc. stock sales and the loss from the surrendered NCM common units are reported as Gain on NCM transactions on the Consolidated Statements of Operations. As a result of theatre closings and a related decline in attendance, the NCM Common Unit Adjustment for calendar 2011 called for a reduction in common units. The Company elected to pay NCM \$214,000 to retain 16,717 common units effective March 16, 2012. The amount paid to retain the units decreased the deferred revenues for exhibitor services agreement available for amortization to advertising income for future periods.

The NCM, Inc. IPO and related transactions have the effect of reducing the amounts NCM, Inc. would otherwise pay in the future to various tax authorities as a result of an increase in its proportionate share of tax basis in NCM's tangible and intangible assets. On the IPO date, NCM, Inc. and the Founding Members entered into a tax receivable agreement. Under the terms of this agreement, NCM, Inc. will make cash payments to the Founding Members in amounts equal to 90% of NCM, Inc.'s actual tax benefit realized from the tax amortization of the NCM intangible assets. For purposes of the tax receivable agreement, cash savings in income and franchise tax will be computed by comparing NCM, Inc.'s actual income and franchise tax liability to the amount of such taxes that NCM, Inc. would have been required to pay had there been no increase in NCM Inc.'s proportionate share of tax basis in NCM's tangible and intangible assets and had the tax receivable agreement not been entered into. The tax receivable agreement, in fiscal generally apply to NCM, Inc.'s taxable years up to and including the 30th anniversary date of the NCM, Inc. IPO and related transactions. Pursuant to the terms of the tax receivable agreement, in fiscal year 2009, the Company received payments of \$3,796,000 from NCM, Inc. with respect to NCM, Inc.'s 2007 taxable year; in fiscal year 2010, the Company received payments of \$8,788,000 with respect to NCM, Inc.'s 2008 and 2009 taxable year; and in fiscal year 2011, the Company received \$6,637,000 with respect to NCM, Inc.'s 2008 and 2010 taxable years. In fiscal 2012, the Company received \$6,248,000 with respect to NCM, Inc.'s 2009, 2010 and 2011 taxable years. Prior to the date of the Merger on August 30, 2012, distributions received under the tax receivable agreement from NCM, Inc. IPO and the receipt of excess cash distributions. Following the date of the Merger, the Company recorded an intangible asset of \$20,900,000 as the fair value of the tax receivable agreement. The tax receivable agreement in

As of December 31, 2012, the Company owns a 15.47% interest in NCM. As a founding member, the Company has the ability to exercise significant influence over the governance of NCM, and, accordingly accounts for its investment following the equity method. The fair market value of the units

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 7—INVESTMENTS (Continued)

in National CineMedia, LLC was approximately \$244,785,000 based on a price for shares of NCM, Inc. on December 31, 2012 of \$14.13 per share.

Transactions with Non-consolidated Affiliates

As of December 31, 2012 and March 29, 2012, the Company has recorded \$1,978,000 and \$1,909,000, respectively, of amounts due from NCM related to on-screen advertising revenue. As of December 31, 2012 and March 29, 2012, the Company had recorded \$2,021,000 and \$1,823,000, respectively, of amounts due to NCM related to the ESA. The Company recorded revenues for advertising from NCM of \$11,086,000, \$11,731,000, \$24,351,000 and \$22,408,000 during the period August 31, 2012 through December 31, 2012, the period March 30, 2012 through August 30, 2012, and the fiscal years ended March 29, 2012, and March 31, 2011, respectively. The Company recorded expenses related to its beverage advertising agreement with NCM of \$4,197,000, \$6,326,000, \$13,447,000 and \$12,458,000 during the period August 31, 2012 through December 31, 2012, the period March 30, 2012 through August 30, 2012, and the fiscal years ended March 29, 2012, and March 31, 2011, respectively.

As of December 31, 2012 and March 29, 2012, the Company has recorded \$736,000 and \$1,437,000, respectively, of amounts due from DCIP related to equipment purchases made on behalf of DCIP for the installation of digital projection systems. After the projectors are installed and the Company is reimbursed for its installation costs, the Company will make capital contributions to DCIP for projector and installation costs in excess of the cap (\$68,000 per system for digital conversions and \$44,000 for new build locations). The Company pays equipment rent monthly and records the equipment rental expense on a straight-line basis, including scheduled escalations of rent to commence after six and one-half years from the initial deployment date. The difference between the cash rent and straight-line rent is recorded to deferred rent, a long-term liability account. As of December 31, 2012 and March 29, 2012, the Company has recorded \$1,810,000 and \$5,003,000 of deferred rent, respectively. The Company recorded digital equipment rental expense of \$3,338,000, \$3,624,000 and \$6,969,000 during the period August 31, 2012 through December 31, 2012, the period March 30, 2012 through August 30, 2012, and the fifty-two weeks ended March 29, 2012, respectively.

As of December 31, 2012 and March 29, 2012, the Company has recorded \$1,950,000 and \$597,000, respectively, of amounts due from Open Road Films for promoted content and has recorded \$326,000 and \$1,843,000, respectively, of amounts payable for film rentals. The Company has incurred approximately \$5,500,000, \$1,550,000, and \$7,000,000 in gross film exhibition costs on titles distributed by Open Road Films, partially offset by \$807,000, \$548,000, and \$597,000 for promoted content earned during the period August 31, 2012 through December 31, 2012, the period March 30, 2012 through August 30, 2012, and the fifty-two weeks ended March 29, 2012.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 7—INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Summary Financial Information

Investments in non-consolidated affiliates accounted for under the equity method as of December 31, 2012, include interests in National CineMedia, LLC ("NCM"), two U.S. motion picture theatres and one IMAX screen, Digital Cinema Implementation Partners, LLC ("DCIP"), Open Road Films and other immaterial investments.

Condensed financial information of the Company's non-consolidated equity method investments is shown below. Amounts are presented under U.S. GAAP for the periods of ownership by the Company.

Financial Condition:

		December 31, 2012							
	<u></u>	NCM and							
(In thousands)	DCIP	ORF	Other	Total					
Current assets	\$ 56,322	\$ 42,712	\$ 104,447	\$ 203,481					
Noncurrent assets	1,153,610	7,352	351,058	1,512,020					
Total assets	1,209,932	50,064	455,505	1,715,501					
Current liabilities	54,211	67,402	84,576	206,189					
Noncurrent liabilities	1,016,135	7,060	879,000	1,902,195					
Total liabilities	1,070,346	74,462	963,576	2,108,384					
Stockholders' equity (deficit)	139,586	(24,398)	(508,071)	(392,883)					
Liabilities and stockholders' equity (deficit)	1,209,932	50,064	455,505	1,715,501					
The Company's recorded investment(1)	\$ 25,234	\$ (6,781)	\$ 248,969	\$ 267,422					
				-					

	March 29, 2012						
(In thousands)	NCM and						
	DCIP	ORF	Other	Total			
Current assets	\$ 43,273			\$ 185,857			
Noncurrent assets	1,122,938	10,507	377,296	1,510,741			
Total assets	1,166,211	47,993	482,394	1,696,598			
Current liabilities	47,203	35,477	65,254	147,934			
Noncurrent liabilities	1,016,216	2,700	873,731	1,892,647			
Total liabilities	1,063,419	38,177	938,985	2,040,581			
Stockholders' equity (deficit)	102,792	9,816	(456,591)	(343,983)			
Liabilities and stockholders' equity (deficit)	1,166,211	47,993	482,394	1,696,598			
The Company's recorded investment(1)	\$ 24,963	\$ 4,908	\$ 79,190	\$ 109,061			

⁽¹⁾ Certain differences in the Company's recorded investments, and its proportional ownership share resulting from the Merger where the investments were recorded at fair

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 7—INVESTMENTS (Continued)

value, are amortized to equity in (earnings) or losses over the estimated useful lives the underlying assets and liabilities. Other non-amortizing differences are considered to represent goodwill and are evaluated for impairment annually.

Operating Results:

	From Inception August 31, 2012 through						
	December 31, 2012						
	NCM and						
(In thousands)	DCIP		ORF		Other		Total
Revenues	\$ 56,851	\$	39,701	\$	187,228	\$	283,780
Operating costs and expenses	43,052		61,083		155,088		259,223
Net earnings (loss)	\$ 13,799	\$	(21,382)	\$	32,140	\$	24,557

	March 30, 2012 through Augus	30, 2012
	NCM an	i
(In thousands)	DCIP ORF Other	Total
Revenues	\$ 71,560 \$ 42,563 \$ 246,2	80 \$ 360,403
Operating costs and expenses	55,378 55,395 182,7	20 293,493
Net earnings (loss)	\$ 16,182 \$ (12,832) \$ 63,5	\$ 66,910

52 Weeks Ended March 29, 2012								
 NCM and								
 DCIP		ORF		Other		Total		
\$ 134,640	\$	44,842	\$	479,458	\$	658,940		
129,690		74,294		347,937		551,921		
\$ 4,950	\$	(29,452)	\$	131,521	\$	107,019		
_	DCIP \$ 134,640 129,690	DCIP \$ 134,640 \$ 129,690	DCIP ORF \$ 134,640 \$ 44,842 129,690 74,294	DCIP ORF \$ 134,640 \$ 44,842 \$ 129,690 74,294	DCIP ORF NCM and Other \$ 134,640 \$ 44,842 \$ 479,458 129,690 74,294 347,937	DCIP ORF NCM and Other \$ 134,640 \$ 44,842 \$ 479,458 \$ 129,690 74,294 347,937		

	52 Weeks Ended March 31, 2011							
	 NCM and							
(In thousands)	 DCIP	ORF	Other	Total				
Revenues	\$ 52,140	\$ —	\$ 447,038	\$ 499,178				
Operating costs and expenses	70,803	732	317,524	389,059				
Net earnings (loss)	\$ (18,663)	\$ (732)	\$ 129,514	\$ 110,119				

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 7—INVESTMENTS (Continued)

(In thousands)	Aug Decen	From Inception August 31, 2012 through December 31, 2012 (Successor)		ch 30, 2012 hrough ist 30, 2012 edecessor)	Mai	52 Weeks Ended rch 29, 2012 redecessor)	_	52 Weeks Ended arch 31, 2011 Predecessor)
National CineMedia, LLC	\$	4,271	\$	7,473	\$	28,489	\$	32,851
Digital Cinema Implementation Partners, LLC		4,436		4,941		1,726		(5,231)
Open Road Releasing, LLC		(10,691)		(6,416)		(14,726)		(366)
Other		(496)		1,547		(2,930)		(10,076)
The Company's recorded equity in earnings (losses)	\$	(2,480)	\$	7,545	\$	12,559	\$	17,178

The Company reviews investments in non-consolidated subsidiaries accounted for under the equity method for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the investment may not be fully recoverable. The Company reviews unaudited financial statements on a quarterly basis and audited financial statements on an annual basis for indicators of triggering events or circumstances that indicate the potential impairment of these investments as well as current equity prices for its investment in NCM and discounted projections of cash flows for certain of its other investees. Additionally, the Company has quarterly discussions with the management of significant investees to assist in the identification of any factors that might indicate the potential for impairment. In order to determine whether the carrying value of investments may have experienced an "other-than-temporary" decline in value necessitating the write-down of the recorded investment, the Company considers the period of time during which the fair value of the investment remains substantially below the recorded amounts, the investees financial condition and quality of assets, the length of time the investee has been operating, the severity and nature of losses sustained in current and prior years, a reduction or cessation in the investee's dividend payments, suspension of trading in the security, qualifications in accountant's reports due to liquidity or going concern issues, investee announcement of adverse changes, downgrading of investee debt, regulatory actions, changes in reserves for product liability, loss of a principal customer, negative operating cash flows or working capital deficiencies and the recording of an impairment charge by the investee for goodwill, intangible or long-lived assets. Once a determination is made that an other-than-temporary impairment exists, the Company writes down its investment to fair value.

Included in equity in earnings of non-consolidated entities for the fifty-two weeks ended March 31, 2011 is an impairment charge of \$8,825,000 related to a joint venture investment. The decline in the fair market value of the investment was considered other than temporary due to inadequate projected cash flows, the nature of losses sustained in current and prior years, negative operating cash flows and the length of time the investee has been operating. The decline in the fair market value of the investment was considered other than temporary due to competitive theatre builds. The impairment charges related to joint venture investments are included within equity in earnings of non-consolidated entities on the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

The Company recorded the following changes in the carrying amount of its investment in NCM and equity in earnings of NCM during the period August 31, 2012 through December 31, 2012, the

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 7—INVESTMENTS (Continued)

period March 30, 2012 through August 30, 2012, and the fifty-two weeks ended March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011.

(In thousands)	estment in NCM(1)		eferred venue(2)	c	Other comprehensive (Income)		Cash Received (Paid)	(F	Equity in Earnings) Losses	vertising tevenue)	`	Gain) on NCM Insactions
Ending balance April 1, 2010	\$ 28,826	_	252,322)	\$		\$		\$		\$ _	\$	
Receipt of Common Units(3)	111,520	(111,520)		_		_		_	_		_
Exchange and sale of NCM stock(5)	(37,576)				_]	102,224		_	_		(64,648)
Surrender of Common Units(6)	(25,568)		25,361		_		_		_	_		207
Receipt of excess cash distributions	(8,592)		_		_		28,843		(20,251)	_		_
Receipt under Tax Receivable Agreement(7)	(1,815)		_		_		6,637		(4,822)	_		_
Receipt of tax credits	(7)		_		_		22		(15)	_		_
Amortization of deferred revenue	_		4,689		_		_		_	(4,689)		_
Equity in earnings(4)	7,763		_		_		_		(7,763)	_		_
Ending balance March 31, 2011	\$ 74,551	\$ (333,792)	\$		\$ 1	137,726	\$	(32,851)	\$ (4,689)	\$	(64,441)
Receipt of excess cash distributions	\$ (6,444)	\$		\$		\$	25,275	\$	(18,831)	\$ _	\$	_
Receipt under Tax Receivable Agreement(7)	(1,840)		_		_		6,248		(4,408)	_		_
Payment to retain Common Units(8)			214		_		(214)			_		_
Amortization of deferred revenue	_		5,136		_				_	(5,136)		_
Equity in earnings(4)	5,250		_		_		_		(5,250)	_		_
Ending balance March 29, 2012	\$ 71,517	\$ (328,442)	\$		\$	31,309	\$	(28,489)	\$ (5,136)	\$	
Receipt of excess cash distributions	\$ (1,701)	\$		\$		\$	6,667	\$	(4,966)	\$	\$	
Change in interest loss	(16)		_		_		_		16	_		_
Amortization of deferred revenue	_		2,367		_		_		_	(2,367)		_
Equity in earnings(3)	2,523		_		_		_		(2,523)	_		_
Ending balance August 30, 2012	\$ 72,323	\$ (326,075)	\$	_	\$	6,667	\$	(7,473)	\$ (2,367)	\$	_
Purchase Price Fair Value Adjustment	\$ 177,832	\$	3,453	\$	_	\$	_	\$		\$ _	\$	
Receipt of excess cash distributions	(10,176)		_		_		10,176		_	_		_
Amortization of deferred revenue	_		4,468		_		_		_	(4,468)		_
Unrealized gain from cash flow hedge	797		_		(797)		_		_			_
Equity in earnings(3)	4,271		_				_		(4,271)	_		_
Ending balance December 31, 2012	\$ 245,047	\$ (318,154)	\$	(797)	\$	10,176	\$	(4,271)	\$ (4,468)	\$	

⁽¹⁾ Represents AMC's investment through the date of the Merger on August 30, 2012 in 519,979 common membership units originally valued at March 27, 2008, 224,828 common membership units originally valued at March 17, 2009, 70,424 common membership units originally valued at March 17, 2010, and 3,601,811 common membership units originally valued at June 14, 2010 received under the Common Unit Adjustment Agreement dated as of February 13, 2007 (Tranche 2 Investments). AMC's investment in 12,906,740 common membership units (Tranche 1 Investment) is carried at zero cost through the date of the Merger on August 30, 2012. Subsequent to the date of the Merger, AMC's

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 7—INVESTMENTS (Continued)

investment in NCM consisted of a single investment tranche consisting of 17,323,782 membership units recorded at fair value (Level 1) on August 30, 2012.

- (2) Represents the unamortized portion of the Exhibitors Services Agreement (ESA) modification payments received from NCM. Such amounts are being amortized to "Other theatre revenues" over a 30 year period ending in 2036, using a units-of-revenue method, as described in ASC 470-10-35 (formerly EITF 88-18, *Sales of Future Revenues*). In connection with the Merger on August 30, 2012, the deferred revenue amounts related to the ESA were adjusted to estimated fair value.
- (3) Represents equity in earnings on the Tranche 2 investments only through August 30, 2012. Subsequent to August 30, 2012, AMC has one investment tranche in NCM which consisted of 17,323,782 membership units recorded at fair value (Level 1) at August 30, 2012 in connection with the Merger.
- (4) Represents equity in earnings on the Tranche 2 Investments only.
- (5) All of the Company's NCM membership units are redeemable for, at the option of NCM, cash or shares of common stock of NCM, Inc. on a share-for-share basis. On August 18, 2010, the Company sold 6,500,000 shares of common stock of NCM, Inc. in an underwritten public offering for \$16.00 per share and reduced the Company's related investment in NCM by \$36,709,000, the carrying amount of all shares sold. Net proceeds received on this sale were \$99,840,000 after deducting related underwriting fees and professional and consulting costs of \$4,160,000, resulting in a gain on sale of \$63,131,000. In addition, on September 8, 2010, the Company sold 155,193 shares of NCM, Inc. to the underwriters to cover over-allotments for \$16.00 per share and reduced the Company's related investment in NCM by \$867,000, the carrying amount of all shares sold. Net proceeds received on this sale were \$2,384,000 after deducting related underwriting fees and professional and consulting costs of \$99,000, resulting in a gain on sale of \$1,517,000.
- (6) As a result of theatre dispositions and closings and a related decline in attendance, the NCM Common Unit Adjustment for calendar 2010 called for a reduction in common units. The Company elected to surrender 1,479,638 common units effective March 17, 2011 at a fair value of \$25,361,000 and a weighted average cost basis for Tranche 2 Investments of \$25,568,000, resulting in a loss of \$207,000. The fair value of the units surrendered reduced the deferred revenues for exhibitor services agreement available for amortization to advertising income for future periods.
- (7) Distributions received under the Tax Receivable Agreement ("TRA") in fiscal 2011 and 2012, were allocated among the Tranche 1 Investment and the Tranche 2 Investments based on the ownership percentages as of the date of the related NCM, Inc. taxable year to which the distribution relates. Post Merger, the TRA was recorded at fair value as an Intangible Asset. Amortization of the TRA intangible asset and cash receipts are recorded to Investment Expense (Income). Prior to the Merger, the Company did not have any carrying value related to the NCM tax receivable agreement and the majority of its Tranche 1 investment in NCM was recorded at \$0. In connection with push down accounting as required by the Merger the Company recorded an amortizable intangible asset in the amount of \$20,900,000 related to the NCM tax receivable agreement. Because the Company established a separate asset apart from its equity method investment in NCM that derives all of its fair value from the expected future payments under the NCM tax receivable agreement, the Company will account for the cash receipts under the NCM tax receivable agreement separately from its equity method investment in NCM. Prior to the Merger the majority of the Company's Tranche 1 investment in NCM was recorded at a carrying value of \$0 and the remaining Tranche 2 investment was recorded at a carrying value of \$72,323,000. Subsequent to the Merger the Company increased the carrying value from \$72,323,000 to a fair value of \$250,155,000. As both the NCM tax receivable agreement and investment in NCM were separately recorded at fair value as a result of the Merger, the Company will account for the NCM tax receivable agreement intangible amortization and NCM tax receivable agreement cash receipts separately as components of investment income and we will account for our share of earnings in NCM and distributions of their earnings following the equity method.
- (8) As a result of theatre closings and a related decline in attendance, the NCM Common Unit Adjustment for calendar 2011 called for a reduction in common units. The Company elected to pay NCM \$214,000 to retain 16,717 common units effective March 16, 2012. The amount paid to retain the units decreased the deferred revenues for exhibitor services agreement available for amortization to advertising income for future periods.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 8—SUPPLEMENTAL BALANCE SHEET INFORMATION

Other assets and liabilities consist of the following:

(In thousands)		mber 31, 2012 Successor)	March 29, 2012 (Predecessor)			
Other current assets:	(-	, accessor,	(2.1	edecessor)		
Prepaid rent	\$	35,551	\$	38,400		
Income taxes receivable		5,805		´—		
Prepaid insurance and other		12,049		14,582		
Merchandise inventory		8,859		11,771		
Deferred tax asset		30,300		14,300		
Other		8,363		6,863		
	\$	100,927	\$	85,916		
Other long-term assets:						
Investments in real estate	\$	14,800	\$	10,721		
Deferred financing costs		_		32,347		
Investments in equity method investees		267,422		109,061		
Computer software		32,023		30,807		
Deferred tax asset		_	ļ	57,700		
Investment in RealD Inc. common stock		13,707		15,945		
Other		4,788		4,720		
	\$	332,740	\$	261,301		
Accrued expenses and other liabilities:			<u> </u>			
Taxes other than income	\$	42,990	\$	43,071		
Income taxes payable		_		496		
Interest		9,865		39,660		
Payroll and vacation		18,799		10,326		
Current portion of casualty claims and premiums		6,332		7,266		
Accrued bonus		27,630		12,132		
Theatre and other closure		6,258		6,332		
Accrued licensing and percentage rent		13,390		11,688		
Current portion of pension and other benefits liabilities		1,039		1,217		
Other		28,983		16,160		
	\$	155,286	\$	148,348		
Other long-term liabilities:						
Unfavorable lease obligations	\$	211,329	\$	125,772		
Deferred rent		10,318		126,224		
Pension and other benefits		63,225		55,757		
Deferred gain		_		14,423		
RealD deferred lease incentive		21,223		23,768		
Deferred tax liability		40,750				
Tax liability				7,000		
Casualty claims and premiums		10,254		10,344		
Theatre and other closure		55,086		59,139		
Other		14,283	l	4,402		
	\$	426,468	\$	426,829		

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 9—CORPORATE BORROWINGS AND CAPITAL AND FINANCING LEASE OBLIGATIONS

A summary of the carrying value of corporate borrowings and capital and financing lease obligations is as follows:

(In thousands)	 ember 31, 2012		arch 29, 2012
	(Successor)	(I	Predecessor)
Senior Secured Credit Facility-Term Loan due 2016 (4.25% as of December 31, 2012)	\$ 465,878	\$	470,343
Senior Secured Credit Facility-Term Loan due 2018 (4.75% as of December 31, 2012)	297,000		297,050
8% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2014	_		190,775
8.75% Senior Fixed Rate Notes due 2019	654,692		588,366
9.75% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2020	661,105		600,000
Capital and financing lease obligations, 8.25% - 11%	122,645		62,220
	 2,201,320		2.208.754
Less: current maturities	(14,280)		(61,846)
	\$ 2,187,040	\$	2,146,908
	 	_	

The carrying amount of corporate borrowings includes \$116,336,000 of unamortized premiums as of December 31, 2012.

Minimum annual payments required under existing capital and financing lease obligations (net present value thereof) and maturities of corporate borrowings as of December 31, 2012 are as follows:

(In thousands)	Capital and Financing Lea Minimum Lease Payments Less Interest			J	igations Principal	Amount of Corporate			Total
2013	\$	16,750	\$	10,475	\$ 6,275	\$	8,004	\$	14,279
2014		16,839		9,881	6,958		8,004		14,962
2015		16,972		9,218	7,754		8,004		15,758
2016		16,983		8,484	8,499		453,328		461,827
2017		16,998		7,677	9,321		3,000		12,321
Thereafter		113,860		30,022	83,838		1,481,999		1,565,837
Total	\$	198,402	\$	75,757	\$ 122,645	\$	1,962,339	\$	2,084,984

Senior Secured Credit Facility

The Senior Secured Credit Facility is with a syndicate of banks and other financial institutions and, prior to the third amendment on December 15, 2010, had provided the Company financing of up to \$850,000,000, consisting of a \$650,000,000 term loan facility with a maturity date of January 26, 2013 and a \$200,000,000 revolving credit facility that matured in 2012. The revolving credit facility includes borrowing capacity available for letters of credit and for swingline borrowings on same-day notice.

Third Amendment. On December 15, 2010, the Company entered into a third amendment to its Senior Secured Credit Agreement dated as of January 26, 2006 to, among other things: (i) extend the

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 9—CORPORATE BORROWINGS AND CAPITAL AND FINANCING LEASE OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

maturity of the term loans held by accepting lenders and to increase the interest rate with respect to such term loans, (ii) replace the Company's existing revolving credit facility (with higher interest rates and a longer maturity than the existing revolving credit facility), and (iii) amend certain of the existing covenants therein. The following are key terms of the amendment:

- The term loan maturity was extended to December 15, 2016 (the "Term Loan due 2016") for the then aggregate principal amount of \$476,597,000 held by lenders who consented to the amendment. The remaining then aggregate term loan principal amount of \$142,528,000 (the "Term Loan due 2013") was scheduled to mature on January 26, 2013.
- The amended five-year revolving credit facility includes a borrowing capacity of \$192,500,000 through December 15, 2015 and is available for letters of credit and for swingline borrowings on same-day notice. The applicable margin for borrowings under the revolving credit facility at December 31, 2012 was 2.25% with respect to base rate borrowings and 3.25% with respect to LIBOR borrowings. The Company is required to pay an unused commitment fee to the lenders under the revolving credit facility in respect of the unutilized commitments thereunder at a rate equal to 0.50% per annum. It will also pay customary letter of credit fees. As of December 31, 2012, the Company had approximately \$11,563,000 in outstanding letters of credit issued under the credit facility, leaving approximately \$180,937,000 available to borrow against the revolving credit facility.

The Company recorded a loss on the modification of the Senior Secured Credit Agreement of \$3,656,000 in Other expense during the fifty-two weeks ended March 31, 2011, which included third party modification fees and other expenses of \$3,289,000 and previously capitalized financing fees related to the revolving credit facility of \$367,000. The Company capitalized deferred financing costs paid to creditors of \$1,943,000 related to the modification of the Senior Secured Credit Agreement during the year ended March 31, 2011.

Incremental Amendment. On February 22, 2012, the Company entered into an amendment to its Senior Secured Credit Facility pursuant to which the Company borrowed term loans (the "Term Loan due 2018"), and used the proceeds, together with cash on hand, to fund the cash tender offer and redemption of the 8% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2014 and to repay the existing Term Loan due 2013. The Term Loan due 2018 was issued under the Senior Secured Credit Facility for \$300,000,000 aggregate principal amount and the net proceeds received were \$297,000,000. The 1% discount was amortized to interest expense over the term of the loan until the Merger date of August 30, 2012, when the debt was re-measured at fair value. The Term Loan due 2018 requires repayments of principal of 1% per annum and the remaining principal payable upon maturity on February 22, 2018. The Company capitalized deferred financing costs paid to creditors of \$5,157,000 related to the issuance of the Term Loan due 2018 during the year ended March 29, 2012. Concurrently with the Term Loan due 2018 borrowings on February 22, 2012, the Company redeemed all outstanding Term Loan due 2013 at a redemption price of 100% of the then outstanding aggregate principal balance of \$140,657,000, plus accrued and unpaid interest. The Company recorded a loss on extinguishment of the Term Loan due 2013 in Other expense, due to previously capitalized deferred financing fees of \$383,000, during the fifty-two weeks ended March 29, 2012.

Borrowings under the Senior Secured Credit Facility bear interest at a rate equal to an applicable margin plus, at the Company's option, either a base rate or LIBOR. Prior to extinguishment, the Term

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 9—CORPORATE BORROWINGS AND CAPITAL AND FINANCING LEASE OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

Loan due 2013 bore interest at 2.021% on February 22, 2012, which was based on LIBOR plus 1.75%. The Company will repay \$5,003,648 of the Term Loan due 2016 per annum through September 30, 2016, with any remaining balance due on December 15, 2016. The Term Loan due 2018 requires repayments of principal of \$3,000,000 per annum and the remaining principal payable upon maturity on February 22, 2018. The Company may voluntarily repay outstanding loans under the Senior Secured Credit Facility at any time without premium or penalty, other than customary "breakage" costs with respect to LIBOR loans.

All obligations under the Senior Secured Credit Facility are guaranteed by each of the Company's wholly-owned domestic subsidiaries. All obligations under the Senior Secured Credit Facility, and the guarantees of those obligations (as well as cash management obligations), are secured by substantially all of AMC Entertainment's assets as well as those of each subsidiary guarantor.

The Senior Secured Credit Facility contains a number of covenants that, among other things, restrict, subject to certain exceptions, the Company's ability, and the ability of its subsidiaries, to sell assets; incur additional indebtedness; prepay other indebtedness (including the notes); pay dividends and distributions or repurchase their capital stock; create liens on assets; make investments; make certain acquisitions; engage in mergers or consolidations; engage in certain transactions with affiliates; change of control of permitted holders, amend certain charter documents and material agreements governing subordinated indebtedness, including the 8.75% Senior Notes due 2019 and the 9.75% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2020; change the business conducted by it and its subsidiaries; and enter into agreements that restrict dividends from subsidiaries

In addition, the Senior Secured Credit Facility requires that the Company and its subsidiaries maintain a maximum net senior secured leverage ratio as long as the commitments under the revolving credit facility remain outstanding. The Senior Secured Credit Facility also contains certain customary affirmative covenants and events of default.

The Company is restricted, in certain circumstances, from paying dividends to Parent by the terms of the indentures governing its outstanding senior and subordinated notes and its Senior Secured Credit Facility.

Fourth Amendment. On July 2, 2012, the Company entered into a waiver and fourth amendment to its Senior Secured Credit Facility dated as of January 26, 2006 to, among other things: (i) waive a certain specified default that would otherwise occur upon the change of control effected by the Merger, (ii) permit the Company to change its fiscal year after completion of the Merger, (iii) reflect the change in ownership going forward by restating the definition of "Permitted Holder" to include only Wanda and its affiliates under the Senior Secured Credit Facility in connection with the Merger, (iv) provide for a minimum LIBOR percentage of 1.00%, from, and only after, the completion of the Merger, in determining the interest rate to the Term Loan due 2016, and (v) provide for an interest rate of LIBOR plus 375 basis points to the Term Loan due 2018, from and only after, the completion of the Merger. The applicable margin at December 31, 2012 for borrowings under the Term Loan due 2016 was 4.25% with respect to LIBOR borrowings (3.25% margin plus 1.00% minimum LIBOR rate) and the applicable margin for borrowings under the Term Loan due 2018 was 4.75% (3.75% margin plus 1.00% minimum LIBOR rate).

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 9—CORPORATE BORROWINGS AND CAPITAL AND FINANCING LEASE OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

In connection with the waiver and fourth amendment discussed above, the Company paid consent fees to lenders equal to 0.25% of the sum of the revolving credit commitment of such consenting lender and the aggregate outstanding principal amount of term loans held by such consenting lender. The Company made total consent fee payments to lenders for the fourth amendment of \$2,256,000 and recorded them as deferred charges to be amortized as an adjustment to interest expense over the remaining term of the related term loan or revolving credit facility. The Company recorded deferred charges for the consent fees of \$438,000 on the Revolving Credit Facility pursuant to ASC 470-50-40-21 and recorded deferred charges of \$1,108,000 for the Term Loan due 2018 pursuant to ASC 470-50-40-17b.

Notes Due 2014

On February 24, 2004, the Company sold \$300,000,000 aggregate principal amount of 8% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2014 (the "Notes due 2014"). The interest rate for the Notes due 2014 was 8% per annum, payable in March and September. The Notes due 2014 were redeemable at the option of the Company, in whole or in part, at any time on or after March 1, 2009 at 104% of the principal amount thereof, declining ratably to 100% of the principal amount thereof on or after March 1, 2012, plus in each case interest accrued to the redemption date.

In connection with the merger in which the Company was acquired by Holdings in fiscal 2005, the carrying value of the Notes due 2014 was adjusted to fair value. As a result, a discount of \$1,500,000 was recorded and was being amortized to interest expense over the remaining term of the notes.

On February 7, 2012, the Company launched a cash tender offer to purchase up to \$160,000,000 aggregate principal amount of its then outstanding \$300,000,000 aggregate principal amount of the Notes due 2014. On February 21, 2012, holders of \$108,955,000 aggregate principal amount of the Notes due 2014 tendered pursuant to the cash tender offer. On February 22, 2012, the Company accepted for purchase \$58,063,000 aggregate principal amount, plus accrued and unpaid interest of the Notes due 2014, for total consideration equal to (i) \$972.50 per \$1,000 in principal amount of notes validly tendered plus (ii) \$30 per \$1,000 in principal amount of the notes validly tendered. On March 7, 2012, the Company accepted for purchase the remaining \$50,892,000 aggregate principal amount, plus accrued and unpaid interest of the Notes due 2014 tendered on February 21, 2012, for total consideration equal to (i) \$972.50 per \$1,000 in principal amount of notes validly tendered plus (ii) \$30 per \$1,000 in principal amount of the notes validly tendered on February 21, 2012, for total consideration equal to (i) \$972.50 per \$1,000 in principal amount, plus accrued and unpaid interest of Notes due 2014 tendered after February 21, 2012, for total consideration equal to \$972.50 per \$1,000 in principal amount of the notes validly tendered. The Company recorded a loss on extinguishment related to the cash tender offer and redeemed its Notes due 2014 of \$640,000 in Other expense during the fifty-two weeks ended March 29, 2012, which included tender offer and consent fees paid to the holders of \$213,000, write-off of a non-cash discount of \$155,000, and other expenses of \$272,000. On March 7, 2012, the Company announced its intent to redeem \$551,035,000 aggregate principal amount of Notes due 2014 at a redemption price of \$100% of the principal amount plus accrued and unpaid interest.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 9—CORPORATE BORROWINGS AND CAPITAL AND FINANCING LEASE OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

On April 6, 2012, the Company redeemed \$51,035,000 aggregate principal amount of its Notes due 2014 pursuant to a cash tender offer at a price of \$1,000 per \$1,000 principal amount. The Company used the net proceeds from the issuance of the Term Loan due 2018, which was borrowed on February 22, 2012, to pay for the consideration of the cash tender offer plus accrued and unpaid interest on the principal amount of the Notes due 2014. On August 30, 2012 prior to the consummation of the Merger, the Company issued a call notice for all of its then remaining outstanding Notes due 2014 at a redemption price of 100% of the principal amount thereof, plus accrued and unpaid interest, to the redemption date. On August 30, 2012, the Company irrevocably deposited \$141,027,000, plus accrued interest to September 1, 2012 with a trustee to satisfy and to discharge its obligations under the Notes due 2014 and its indenture. The Company used a combination of cash on hand and funds contributed by Wanda. The Company recorded a loss on redemption of \$1,297,000 prior to the Merger related to the extinguishment of the Notes due 2014.

Notes Due 2016

Concurrently with the 9.75% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2020 ("Notes due 2020") offering on December 15, 2010, the Company launched a cash tender offer and consent solicitation for any and all of its then outstanding \$325,000,000 aggregate principal amount of the 11% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2016 (the "Notes due 2016") at a purchase price of \$1,031 plus a \$30 consent fee for each \$1,000 of principal amount of outstanding Notes due 2016 validly tendered and accepted by the Company on or before the early tender date (the "Cash Tender Offer"). The Company used the net proceeds from the issuance of the Notes due 2020 on December 15, 2010 to pay the consideration for the Cash Tender Offer plus accrued and unpaid interest on \$95,098,000 principal amount of Notes due 2016 validly tendered. The Company recorded a loss on extinguishment related to the Cash Tender Offer of \$7,631,000 in Other expense during the fifty-two weeks ended March 31, 2011, which included previously capitalized deferred financing fees of \$1,681,000, a tender offer and consent fee paid to the holders of \$5,801,000 and other expenses of \$149,000. The Company redeemed the remaining \$229,902,000 aggregate principal amount outstanding Notes due 2016 at a price of \$1,055 per \$1,000 principal amount on February 1, 2011 in accordance with the terms of the indenture. The Company recorded a loss on extinguishment related to the Cash Tender Offer of \$16,701,000 in Other expense during the fifty-two weeks ended March 31, 2011, which included previously capitalized deferred financing fees of \$3,958,000, a tender offer and consent fee paid to the holders of \$12,644,000 and other expenses of \$99,000.

Notes Due 2019

On June 9, 2009, the Company issued \$600,000,000 aggregate principal amount of 8.75% Senior Notes due 2019 (the "Notes due 2019") issued under an indenture with U.S. Bank, National Association, as trustee. The Notes due 2019 bear interest at a rate of 8.75% per annum, payable on June 1 and December 1 of each year (commencing on December 1, 2009), and have a maturity date of June 1, 2019. The Notes due 2019 are redeemable at the Company's option in whole or in part, at any time on or after June 1, 2014 at 104.375% of the principal amount thereof, declining ratably to 100% of the principal amount thereof on or after June 1, 2017, plus accrued and unpaid interest to the redemption date. The Company capitalized deferred financing costs of \$16,259,000 related to the issuance of the Notes due 2019 during the year ended April 1, 2010.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 9—CORPORATE BORROWINGS AND CAPITAL AND FINANCING LEASE OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

The Notes due 2019 are general unsecured senior obligations of the Company, fully and unconditionally guaranteed, jointly and severally, on a senior basis by each of the Company's existing and future domestic restricted subsidiaries that guarantee the Company's other indebtedness.

The indenture governing the Notes due 2019 contains covenants limiting other indebtedness, dividends, purchases or redemptions of stock, transactions with affiliates and mergers and sales of assets. It also contains provisions subordinating the Company's obligations under the Notes due 2019 to the Company's obligations under its Senior Secured Credit Facility and other senior indebtedness. The Notes due 2019 were issued at a 2.418% discount which was amortized to interest expense following the interest method over the term of the notes until the Merger date of August 30, 2012, when the debt was re-measured at fair value.

In connection with the Merger on August 30, 2012, the carrying value of the Notes due 2019 was adjusted to fair value. As a result, a premium of \$57,000,000 was recorded and will be amortized to interest expense utilizing the interest rate method over the remaining term of the notes. Quoted market prices were used to estimate the fair value of the Company's Notes due 2019 (Level 2) at the date of the Merger. The Company determined the premium for the Notes due 2019 as the difference between the fair value of the Notes due 2019 and the principal balance of the Notes due 2019.

Notes Due 2020

On December 15, 2010, the Company completed the offering of \$600,000,000 aggregate principal amount of its Notes due 2020. The Notes due 2020 mature on December 1, 2020, pursuant to an indenture dated as of December 15, 2010, among the Company, the Guarantors named therein and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee. The Company will pay interest on the Notes due 2020 at 9.75% per annum, semi-annually in arrears on June 1 and December 1, commencing on June 1, 2011. The Company may redeem some or all of the Notes due 2020 at any time on or after December 1, 2015 at 104.875% of the principal amount thereof, declining ratably to 100% of the principal amount thereof on or after December 1, 2018, plus accrued and unpaid interest to the redemption date. The Company capitalized deferred financing costs of \$12,699,000 related to the issuance of Notes due 2020 during the year ended March 31, 2011.

The Indenture provides that the Notes due 2020 are general unsecured senior subordinated obligations of the Company and are fully and unconditionally guaranteed on a joint and several senior subordinated unsecured basis by all of its existing and future domestic restricted subsidiaries that guarantee its other indebtedness.

The indenture governing the Notes due 2020 contains covenants limiting other indebtedness, dividends, purchases or redemptions of stock, transactions with affiliates and mergers and sales of assets.

In connection with the Merger on August 30, 2012, the carrying value of the Notes due 2020 was adjusted to fair value. As a result, a premium of \$63,000,000 was recorded and will be amortized to interest expense over the remaining term of the notes. Quoted market prices were used to estimate the fair value of the Company's Notes due 2020 (Level 2) at the date of the Merger. The Company determined the premium for the Notes due 2020 as the difference between the fair value of the Notes due 2020 and the principal balance of the Notes due 2020.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 9—CORPORATE BORROWINGS AND CAPITAL AND FINANCING LEASE OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

Consent Solicitation

On June 22, 2012, the Company announced it had received the requisite consents from holders of each of its Notes due 2019 and its Notes due 2020 and, collectively with the Notes due 2019, the ("Notes") for (i) a waiver of the requirement for the Company to comply with the "change of control" covenant in each of the indentures governing the Notes due 2019 and the indenture governing the Notes due 2020 (collectively, the "Indentures"), in connection with the Merger (the "Waivers"), including the Company's obligation to make a "change of control offer" in connection with the Merger with respect to each series of Notes, and (ii) certain amendments to the Indentures to reflect the change in ownership going forward by adding Wanda and its affiliates to the definition of "Permitted Holder" under each of the Indentures. The Company entered into supplemental indentures to give effect to the Waivers and certain amendments to the Indentures, which became operative upon payment of the applicable consent fee immediately prior to the closing of the Merger. The holders of each of the Notes due 2019 and Notes due 2020, who validly consented to the Waiver and the proposed amendments, received a consent fee of \$2.50 per \$1,000 principal amount at the closing date of the Merger. The total consent fees were \$2,376,000. See Note 2—Merger for additional information regarding the recording of the consent fees.

Financial Covenants

Each indenture relating to the Company's notes (Notes due 2019 and Notes due 2020) allows it to incur specified permitted indebtedness (as defined therein) without restriction. Each indenture also allows the Company to incur any amount of additional debt as long as it can satisfy the coverage ratio of each indenture, after giving effect to the event on a pro forma basis. Under the indenture for the Notes due 2019 (the Company's most restrictive indenture), the Company could borrow approximately \$1,125,600,000 (assuming an interest rate of 7.0% per annum on the additional indebtedness) in addition to specified permitted indebtedness at December 31, 2012. If the Company cannot satisfy the coverage ratios of the indentures, generally the Company can borrow an additional amount under the Senior Secured Credit Facility.

As of December 31, 2012, the Company was in compliance with all financial covenants relating to the Senior Secured Credit Facility, the Notes due 2020, and the Notes due 2019.

Parent Term Loan Facility

During fiscal 2012, Parent made payments to extinguish the remaining principal balance of its Parent Term Loan Facility due June 2012 of \$160,921,000, plus accrued and unpaid interest.

NOTE 10-STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Common Stock Rights and Privileges

The Company's Class A voting Common Stock entitles the holders thereof to rights and privileges, subject to qualifications, limitations and restrictions with respect to dividends. Additionally, each share of Class A Common Stock is expected to automatically convert into one share of Residual Common Stock on a one-for-one basis immediately prior to the consummation of an Initial Public Offering.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 10—STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (Continued)

During the Successor period of August 31, 2012 through December 31, 2012, the Company received capital contributions of \$100,000,000 from Wanda.

During fiscal 2012, AMCE used cash on hand to pay a dividend distribution to Parent in an aggregate amount of \$109,581,000. Parent used the available funds to pay corporate overhead expenses incurred in the ordinary course of business and to redeem its Term Loan Facility due June 2012, plus accrued and unpaid interest of \$219,405,000.

During fiscal 2011, AMCE made dividend distributions to Holdings in an aggregate amount of \$278,258,000, and Holdings used the available funds to make a principal payment related to a tender offer for the Discount Notes due 2014, plus interest payments, and to make dividend distributions to its stockholder, Parent. Holdings and Parent used the available funds to pay corporate overhead expenses incurred in the ordinary course of business.

Temporary Equity

Certain members of management have the right to require Parent to purchase the Class N nonvoting Common Stock held by them pursuant to the terms of a stockholders agreement. During the period beginning on January 1, 2016 (or upon the termination of a management stockholder's employment by us without cause, by the management stockholder for good reason, or due to the management stockholder's death or disability) and ending on the earlier of (i) January 1, 2019 and (ii) the date of an Initial Public Offering, the management shareholders have the right to require Parent to purchase their shares at a price equal to the price per share paid by such management shareholder, with appropriate adjustments for any subsequent events such as dividends, splits, combinations and the like. Following an Initial Public Offering, the management shareholders will have the right, in limited circumstances, to require Parent to purchase shares of Parent that are not fully and freely tradeable. The Class N common stock is classified as temporary equity, apart from permanent equity, as a result of the contingent redemption feature. The Company will recognize any significant changes in the redemption value as they occur. As of December 31, 2012 there was no material difference in the estimated fair value and recorded value of the Class N Common Stock recorded as temporary equity.

The Company's Class N Common Stock entitles the holders thereof to the same rights and privileges, subject to the same qualifications, limitations and restrictions with respect to dividends as the Company's Class A voting Common Stock. Additionally, each share of Class N Common Stock is expected to automatically convert into one share of Residual Common Stock on a one-for-one basis immediately prior to the consummation of an Initial Public Offering.

Stock-Based Compensation

The Company has no stock-based compensation arrangements of its own at December 31, 2012, but prior to the Merger, Parent had adopted a stock-based compensation plan. The Company has recorded stock-based compensation expense of \$830,000, \$1,962,000 and \$1,526,000 within general and administrative: other during the period March 30, 2012 through August 30, 2012, and the fiscal years ended March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011, respectively. Upon the change of control as a result of the Merger, all of the stock options and restricted stock interests under both the amended and restated 2004 Stock Option Plan and the 2010 Equity Incentive Plan were cancelled and holders received

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 10—STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (Continued)

payments aggregating approximately \$7,035,000. The Company had previously recognized stock-based compensation expense of \$3,858,000 related to these stock options and restricted stock interests. The Company did not recognize an expense for the remaining \$3,177,000 of unrecognized stock-based compensation expense. The Company's accounting policy for any cost triggered by the consummation of the Merger was to recognize the cost when the Merger was consummated. Accordingly, unrecognized stock-based compensation expense for stock options and restricted stock interests has not been recorded in the Consolidated Statement of Operations for the Predecessor period since that statement depicts the results of operations just prior to consummation of the transaction. In addition, since the Successor period reflects the effects of push-down accounting, these costs have also not been recorded as an expense in the Successor period. However, the costs were reflected in the purchase accounting adjustments which were applied in arriving at the opening balances of the Successor. See Note 2—Merger for additional information regarding the settlement of stock options and restricted stock interests.

2004 Stock Option Plan

Prior to the Merger, Parent had adopted a stock-based compensation plan that permitted a maximum of 49,107.44681 options to be issued on Parent's stock under the 2004 Stock Option Plan. The stock options had a ten year term and generally step vested in equal amounts from one to three or five years from the date of the grant. Vesting could accelerate for a certain participant if there was a change of control (as defined in the employee agreement). All options were granted to employees of the Company.

On July 8, 2010, the Board approved a grant of 1,023 non-qualified stock options to a certain employee of the Company under the amended and restated 2004 Stock Option Plan. These options vested ratably over 5 years with an exercise price of \$752 per share. Expense for this award was recognized on a straight-line basis over the vesting period. The Company accounted for stock options using the fair value method of accounting and elected to use the simplified method for estimating the expected term of "plain vanilla" share option grants, as it did not have enough historical experience to provide a reasonable estimate. The estimated grant date fair value of the options granted on 1,023 shares was \$300.91 per share, or \$308,000, and was determined using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. The option exercise price was \$752 per share, and the estimated fair value of the shares was \$752, resulting in \$0 intrinsic value for the option grant. See 2010 Equity Incentive Plan below for further information regarding assumptions used in determining fair value.

On July 23, 2010, the Board of Directors of Parent (the "Board") determined that the Company would no longer grant any awards of shares of common stock of Parent under the 2004 Stock Option Plan.

The vested and unvested stock options under the 2004 Stock Option Plan were cancelled immediately prior to the closing of the Merger with Wanda. Holders of such options received payments for each option equal to the difference (if any) between the per share consideration received in the Merger and the exercise price of their options.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 10-STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (Continued)

2010 Equity Incentive Plan

Prior to the Merger, the 2010 Equity Incentive Plan ("Plan") provided for grants of non-qualified stock options, incentive stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock awards, other stock-based awards or performance-based compensation awards. The aggregate number of shares of common stock of Parent that was available for delivery pursuant to awards granted under the plan was 39,312 shares. The Company accounted for stock options using the fair value method of accounting and had elected to use the simplified method for estimating the expected term of "plain vanilla" share option grants, as it did not have enough historical experience to provide a reasonable estimate.

On July 8, 2010, the Board approved the grants of 5,399 non-qualified stock options, 5,399 restricted stock (time vesting), and 5,404 restricted stock (performance vesting) to certain of its employees. On February 1, 2011, the Board approved the grants of 137 non-qualified stock options, 137 restricted stock (time vesting), and 138 restricted stock (performance vesting) to certain of its employees. The estimated fair value of the stock at the grant date of July 8, 2010 was approximately \$752 per share. The common stock value of \$752 per share was based upon a contemporaneous valuation reflecting market conditions on July 8, 2010, which was prepared by an independent third party valuation specialist, and was used to estimate grants of 6,167 options and 6,431 shares of restricted stock granted in July 2010. The third party valuation was reviewed by management and provided to the Company's board of directors and the Compensation Committee of the board of directors. In determining the fair market value of the common stock, the board of directors and the Compensation Committee of the board of directors considered the valuation report and other qualitative and quantitative factors that they considered relevant. The common stock value of \$752 per share was used to estimate the fair value of each of the remaining grants of options and shares of restricted stock granted on each of August 2, 2010, December 23, 2010, March 22, 2011, and April 6, 2011 as the Company believed at the time of grant that the valuation reflected current market conditions on each of such grant dates. The Company believes that market conditions had not changed significantly over the course of these grant dates.

On June 22, 2011, the restricted stock (performance vesting) shares for fiscal 2012 were granted and the target was communicated following ASC 718-10-55-95. The grant date common stock value of \$755 per share was based upon a contemporaneous valuation reflecting market conditions on June 22, 2011, which was prepared by an independent third party valuation specialist, and was used to estimate grant value of 1,346 shares of restricted stock (performance vesting) granted on June 22, 2011. The third party valuation was reviewed by management and provided to the Company's Board of Directors and the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors. In determining the fair market value of the common stock, the Board of Directors and the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors considered the valuation report and other qualitative and quantitative factors that they considered relevant.

The award agreements, which consisted of grants of non-qualified stock options, restricted stock (time vesting), and restricted stock (performance vesting) to certain of the Company's employees under the 2010 Equity Incentive Plan, generally had the following features, subject to discretionary approval by Parent's compensation committee:

Non-Qualified Stock Option Award Agreement: Twenty-five percent of the options were to vest on each of the first four anniversaries of the date of grant. The stock options had a ten year term

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 10—STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (Continued)

from the date of grant. The vested and unvested stock options were cancelled immediately prior to the closing of the Merger with Wanda. Holders of such options received payments for each option equal to the difference (if any) between the per share consideration received in the Merger and the exercise price of their options.

- Restricted Stock Award Agreement (Time Vesting): The restricted shares were to vest on the fourth anniversary of the date of grant. The restricted stock (time vesting) awards were cancelled immediately prior to the closing of the Merger with Wanda. Holders of such restricted stock (time vesting) received payments for each restricted share equal to the per share consideration received in the Merger.
- Restricted Stock Award Agreement (Performance Vesting): In fiscal 2011, the Board approved the award of 5,542 shares of restricted stock (performance vesting), of which 1,346 shares and 1,372 shares were deemed granted in fiscal 2012 and fiscal 2011, respectively. Approximately one-fourth of the total restricted shares of 5,542 approved by the Board were to have been granted each year over a four-year period starting in fiscal 2011. Each grant had a vesting term of approximately one year conditioned upon the Company meeting certain pre-established annual performance targets. The fiscal 2013 and fiscal 2014 shares were not deemed granted per ASC 718-10-55-95 as the Compensation Committee did not approved the performance target for the restricted stock due to the Merger with Wanda. The unvested restricted stock (performance vesting) awards for fiscal 2013 and fiscal 2014 were cancelled immediately prior to the closing of the Merger. Holders of unvested restricted stock awards received payments for each restricted share equal to the per share consideration received in the Merger.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 10—STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (Continued)

Stock Option Activity

A summary of Parent's stock option activity, prior to the Merger, under both the 2004 Option Plan and the 2010 Equity Incentive Plan is as follows:

	August 30, 20	012	March 29, 20	012	March 31, 20	011
	(Predecessor)	Weighted	(Predecessor)	Weighted	(Predecessor)	Weighted
	Number of Shares	Average Exercise Price Per Share	Number of Shares	Average Exercise Price Per Share	Number of Shares	Average Exercise Price Per Share
Outstanding at beginning of year	35,678.1680905	\$ 449.88	35,684.1680905	\$ 423.70	31,597.1680905	\$ 383.58
Granted(1)	_	_	7.00000	752.00	6,507.00000	752.00
Forfeited	_	_	(13.00000)	752.00	(1,615.40000)	368.18
Cancelled	(35,678.1680905)	449.88	_	_	_	_
Exercised		_	_	_	(804.60000)	452.57
Outstanding at end of year and expected to vest(1)		\$ —	35,678.1680905	\$ 449.88	35,684.1680905	\$ 449.93
Exercisable at end of year		\$ —	22,594.5380903	\$ 429.74	17,238.4980902	\$ 423.70
Available for grant at end of year			28,580.0000000		28,568.0000000	

⁽¹⁾ The weighted average remaining contractual life for outstanding options was 6.0 years and 7.0 years for fiscal 2012 and 2011, respectively. During fiscal 2012, 7 options were granted at an exercise price of \$752. The options granted were based on an estimated fair value of \$752 of common stock, resulting in an intrinsic value for the options on the grant date of \$0. During fiscal 2011, 6,507 options were granted at an exercise price of \$752. The options granted were based on an estimated fair value of \$752 of common stock, resulting in an intrinsic value for the options on the grant date of \$0.

For options exercised, intrinsic value is calculated as the difference between the market price on the date of exercise (determined using the most recent contemporaneous valuation prior to the exercise) and the exercise price of the options. The total intrinsic value of options exercised was \$241,000 during fiscal 2011 and there were no options exercised during the period March 30, 2012 through August 30, 2012 and fiscal 2012. Parent received outstanding shares, instead of cash, from the exercise of stock options during fiscal 2011 to satisfy the aggregate strike price of approximately \$364,000.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 10—STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (Continued)

Assumptions Used To Estimate Option Values

The following table reflects the weighted average fair value per option granted during fiscal 2011 under the 2004 Option Plan and the 2010 Equity Incentive Plan, as well as the significant assumptions used in determining weighted average fair value using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model:

	March 31, 2011				
20	2010 Plan		04 Plan		
	(Predecessor)				
\$	293.72	\$	300.91		
	2.50%	6	2.58%		
	6.25		6.50		
	35.0%	6	35.0%		
	_		_		
	_	2010 Plan (Prede \$ 293.72 2.50% 6.25	2010 Plan 20 (Predecesso \$ 293.72 \$ 2.50%		

(1) The Company uses share values of its publicly traded competitor peer group for purposes of calculating volatility.

Restricted Stock Activity

The following table represents the unvested restricted stock (time vesting) and (performance vesting) activity:

	Shares of Restricted Stock (Prede	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value
Unvested at March 31, 2011	5,372	\$ 752.00
Granted	1,353	755.00
Forfeited/cancelled(1)	(1,359)	755.00
Unvested at March 29, 2012	5,366	752.00
Granted(2)	_	_
Cancelled	(5,366)	752.00
Unvested at August 30, 2012		\$ —

⁽¹⁾ The Company did not meet its pre-established annual performance target for fiscal 2012, and therefore, the restricted stock (performance vesting) grant was cancelled.

⁽²⁾ As discussed above, since there was not a grant of restricted stock (performance vesting) shares during fiscal 2013, there were no fiscal 2013 unvested restricted stock (performance vesting) shares reported in this table.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 11—INCOME TAXES

The Income tax provision reflected in the Consolidated Statements of Operations consists of the following components during the period August 31, 2012 through December 31, 2012, the period March 30, 2012 through August 30, 2012, and the fiscal years ended March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011:

(In thousands)	From Inception August 31, 2012 March 30, 2012 through through December 27, 2012 August 30, 2012 (Successor) (Predecessor)			rough t 30, 2012	52 Weeks Ended March 29, 2012 (Predecessor)	Marc	Weeks Ended th 31, 2011 decessor)
Current:							
Federal Foreign	\$	_	\$		\$	\$	
State		480		3,700	2,015		1,950
Total current		480		3,700	2,015		1,950
Deferred:							
Federal		(2,500)		_	_		_
Foreign		_		_	_		
State		_		_	_		_
Total deferred		(2,500)			_		_
Total provision (benefit)	<u> </u>	(2,020)		3,700	2,015		1,950
Tax provision from discontinued operations		_		1,200	_		_
Total provision (benefit) from continuing operations	\$	(2,020)	\$	2,500	\$ 2,015	\$	1,950

Parent has recorded no alternative minimum taxes as the consolidated tax group expects no alternative minimum tax liability.

Pre-tax income (losses) consisted of the following:

	From Inception							
	August 31, 2012		Mar	March 30, 2012 52		52 Weeks		52 Weeks
	through		through		Ended			Ended
(In thousands)	December 31, 2012		August 30, 2012 March 29, 2012		March 31, 2011			
	(Successor)		(Predecessor)		(Predecessor)		(Predecessor)	
Domestic	\$	(39,294)	\$	93,850	\$	(90,787)	\$	(172,694)
Foreign		124		7		(1,296)		340
Total	\$	(39,170)	\$	93,857	\$	(92,083)	\$	(172,354)
			. ===		_		-	

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 11—INCOME TAXES (Continued)

The difference between the effective tax rate on earnings (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes and the U.S. federal income tax statutory rate is as follows:

(In thousands)	From Inception August 31, 2012 through December 31, 2012 (Successor)		March 30, 2012 52 Weeks through August 30, 2012 March 29, 20 (Predecessor) (Predecessor		Ended arch 29, 2012	52 Weeks Ended March 31, 2011 (Predecessor)		
Income tax expense (benefit) at the federal statutory rate	\$	(13,470)	\$	20,125	\$	(30,960)	\$	(59,250)
Effect of:								
State income taxes		(1,930)		2,500		2,015		1,950
Change in ASC 740 (formerly FIN 48) reserve		_		_		(9,435)		(300)
Permanent items		20		100		825		_
Valuation allowance		13,360		(20,225)		39,570		59,550
Income tax expense (benefit)	\$	(2,020)	\$	2,500	\$	2,015	\$	1,950
Effective income tax rate		5.2%		4.3%	ó	(2.3)%	5	(1.2)%

The significant components of deferred income tax assets and liabilities as of December 31, 2012 and March 29, 2012 are as follows:

	December (Succ		March 2 (Prede	
	Deferred I	ncome Tax	Deferred I	ncome Tax
(In thousands)	Assets	Liabilities	Assets	Liabilities
Tangible assets	\$ —	\$ (125,641)	\$ 76,855	\$ —
Accrued reserves	35,359	_	34,684	_
Intangible assets	_	(76,430)	_	(25,288)
Receivables	_	(1,632)	1,949	_
Investments	_	(231,524)	_	(136,704)
Capital loss carryforwards	2,077	_	_	_
Pension postretirement and deferred compensation	28,001	_	34,276	_
Corporate borrowings	50,558	_	_	(106)
Deferred revenue	136,350	_	144,444	_
Lease liabilities	86,417	_	92,385	_
Capital and financing lease obligations	40,102	_	22,759	_
Alternative minimum tax and other credit carryovers	15,083	_	15,056	_
Charitable contributions	1,051	_	1,757	_
Net operating loss carryforward	241,216	_	227,604	_
Total	\$ 636,214	\$ (435,227)	\$ 651,769	\$ (162,098)
Less: Valuation allowance	(211,437)		(417,671)	
Total deferred income taxes(1)	\$ 424,777	\$ (435,227)	\$ 234,098	\$ (162,098)

⁽¹⁾ See Note 8—Supplemental Balance Sheet Information for additional disclosures about net current deferred tax assets and net non-current deferred tax liabilities.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 11—INCOME TAXES (Continued)

A rollforward of the Company's valuation allowance for deferred tax assets is as follows:

(In thousands)	Balance at Beginning of Period		Additions Charged (Credited) to Revenues, Costs and Expenses	Charged (Credited) to Goodwill	Charged (Credited) to Other Accounts(1)	Balance at End of Period
From Inception August 31, 2012 through December 31, 2012						
Valuation allowance-deferred income tax assets	\$	201,522	13,360	195	(3,640)	\$ 211,437
March 30, 2012 through August 30, 2012						
Valuation allowance-deferred income tax assets	\$	417,671	(20,225)	(195,924)	_	\$ 201,522
Fiscal Year 2012 Valuation allowance-deferred income tax assets	\$	376,852	39,570	_	1,249	\$ 417,671
Fiscal Year 2011						
Valuation allowance-deferred income tax assets	\$	305,895	59,550	_	11,407	\$ 376,852

⁽¹⁾ Primarily relates to amounts resulting from our tax sharing arrangement, changes in deferred tax assets and associated valuation allowance that are not related to income statement activity as well as amounts charged to other comprehensive income.

The Company's federal income tax loss carryforward of \$671,879,000 will begin to expire in 2017 and will completely expire in 2031 and will be limited annually due to certain change in ownership provisions of the Internal Revenue Code. The Company also has state income tax loss carryforwards of \$544,244,000 which may be used over various periods ranging from 1 to 20 years.

During fiscal 2010, management believed it was more likely than not that the Company had the ability to execute a feasible and prudent tax strategy that would provide for the realization of net operating losses by converting certain limited partnership units into common stock. At December 31, 2012, this tax strategy was estimated to preserve net operating losses that expire through 2019.

The Company has recorded a valuation allowance against its remaining net deferred tax asset in U.S. and foreign jurisdictions of \$211,437,000 as of December 31, 2012.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 11—INCOME TAXES (Continued)

A reconciliation of the change in the amount of unrecognized tax benefits was as follows:

(In millions)	From Inception August 31, 2012 through December 31, 2012 (Successor)		March 30, 2012 through August 30, 2012 (Predecessor)		52 Weeks Ended March 29, 2012 (Predecessor)		52 Weeks Ended March 31, 2011 (Predecessor)	
Balance at beginning of period	\$	24.5	\$	24.8	\$	34.3	\$	34.5
Gross increases—current period tax positions		_		0.6		0.7		1.2
Favorable resolutions with authorities		_		_		(4.3)		_
Expired attributes		_		_		(5.9)		(1.4)
Cash settlements		(0.5)		(0.9)		_		_
Balance at end of period	\$	24.0	\$	24.5	\$	24.8	\$	34.3

The Company's effective tax rate is not expected to be significantly impacted by the ultimate resolution of the uncertain tax positions because of the retention of a valuation allowance against most of its net operating loss carryforwards.

The Company recognizes income tax-related interest expense and penalties as income tax expense and general and administrative expense, respectively. The liabilities increased for interest and penalties by \$110,000 and \$115,000, as of December 31, 2012 and March 29, 2012, respectively.

There are currently unrecognized tax benefits which the Company anticipates will be resolved in the next 12 months; however, the Company is unable at this time to estimate what the impact on its unrecognized tax benefits will be.

The Company or one of its subsidiaries files income tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction, and various state and foreign jurisdictions. An IRS examination of the tax years February 28, 2002 through December 31, 2003 of the former Loews Cineplex Entertainment Corporation and subsidiaries was concluded during fiscal 2007. An IRS examination for the tax years ended March 31, 2005 and March 30, 2006 was completed during 2009. Generally, tax years beginning after March 28, 2002 are still open to examination by various taxing authorities. Additionally, the Company has net operating loss ("NOL") carryforwards for tax years ended October 31, 2000 through March 28, 2002 in the U.S. and various state jurisdictions which have carryforwards of varying lengths of time. These NOLs are subject to adjustment based on the statute of limitations applicable to the return in which they are utilized, not the year in which they are generated. Various state, local and foreign income tax returns are also under examination by taxing authorities. The Company does not believe that the outcome of any examination will have a material impact on its financial statements.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 12—LEASES

The following table sets forth the future minimum rental payments, by calendar year, required under existing operating leases and digital projector equipment leases payable to DCIP that have initial or remaining non-cancelable terms in excess of one year as of December 31, 2012:

	Minimum operating
(In thousands)	lease payments
2013	\$ 397,631
2014	408,209
2015	399,584
2016	382,745
2017	361,082
Thereafter	1,661,501
Total minimum payments required	\$ 3,610,752

As of December 31, 2012, the Company has lease agreements for three theatres with 33 screens which are under construction or development and are expected to open in 2014 and 2018.

Included in other long-term liabilities as of December 31, 2012 and March 29, 2012 is \$10,318,000 and \$126,224,000, respectively, of deferred rent representing future minimum rental payments for leases with scheduled rent increases, and \$211,329,000 and \$125,772,000, respectively, for unfavorable lease liabilities.

Rent expense is summarized as follows:

(In thousands)	Aug Decer	m Inception gust 31, 2012 through mber 31, 2012 Successor)	Aug	rch 30, 2012 through ust 30, 2012 redecessor)	Ma	52 Weeks Ended arch 29, 2012 redecessor)	Ma	52 Weeks Ended rch 31, 2011 redecessor)
Minimum rentals	\$	126,529	\$	166,220	\$	394,742	\$	401,563
Common area expenses		12,968		17,591		40,918		43,060
Percentage rentals based on revenues		3,877		5,275		9,666		7,251
Rent		143,374		189,086		445,326		451,874
General and administrative and other		3,940		4,207		8,747		4,665
Total	\$	147,314	\$	193,293	\$	454,073	\$	456,539

NOTE 13—EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

The Company sponsors frozen non-contributory qualified and non-qualified defined benefit pension plans generally covering all employees who, prior to the freeze, were age 21 or older and had completed at least 1,000 hours of service in their first twelve months of employment, or in a calendar year ending thereafter, and who were not covered by a collective bargaining agreement. The Company also offers eligible retirees the opportunity to participate in a health plan. Certain employees are eligible for subsidized postretirement medical benefits. The eligibility for these benefits is based upon a

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 13—EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

participant's age and service as of January 1, 2009. The Company also sponsors a postretirement deferred compensation plan.

On May 2, 2008, the Company's Board of Directors approved revisions to the Company's Post Retirement Medical and Life Insurance Plan effective January 1, 2009 and on July 3, 2008 the changes were communicated to the plan participants. As a result of these revisions, the Company recorded a prior service credit of \$5,969,000 through other comprehensive income to be amortized over eleven years starting in fiscal 2010, based on expected future service of the remaining participants.

As a result of the Merger and the application of "push down" accounting, the benefit plans reflect a new basis of accounting that is based on the fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed as of the Merger date. At August 31, 2012, the Successor balance recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income was reset to zero.

The measurement dates used to determine pension and other postretirement benefits for the Successor period was August 30, 2012, the Merger date, and December 31, 2012, the Transition Period.

Net periodic benefit cost for the plans consists of the following:

			P	ension Be	enefits					Other Be	nefits	
(In thousands)	Incep Augus 201 thro	From Inception August 31, 2012 through December 31, 2012		ch 30, 012 ough ust 30,	52 Weeks Ended March 29, 2012	E Ma	Weeks Ended arch 31, 2011	From Inception August 31, 2012 through December 31, 2012	tl Au	arch 30, 2012 hrough gust 30, 2012	52 Weeks Ended March 29, 2012	52 Weeks Ended March 31, 2011
	(Succe	ssor)	(Prede	ecessor)	(Predecessor)	(Prec	decessor)	(Successor)	(Pre	decessor)	(Predecessor)	(Predecessor)
Components of net periodic benefit cost:												
Service cost	\$	59	\$	76	\$ 180	\$	180	\$ 61	\$	74	\$ 149	\$ 154
Interest cost		1,484		1,962	4,640		4,612	306		435	1,122	1,275
Expected return on plan assets		(1,442)		(1,811)	(4,465)		(3,986)	_		_	_	_
Amortization of net loss		_		899	5		137	_		88	_	_
Amortization of prior service credit		_		_	_		_	_		(448)	(984)	(865)
Settlement		(15)		_	_		_	_		· -	· —	· - i
Net periodic benefit cost	\$	86	\$	1,126	\$ 360	\$	943	\$ 367	\$	149	\$ 287	\$ 564

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 13—EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

The following table summarizes the changes in other comprehensive income:

			Pension	Benefits			Other Benefits					
(In thousands)	From Inception August 31, 2012 through December 31, 2012 (Successor)		March 30, 2012 through August 30, 2012 (Predecessor)		52 Weeks Ended March 29, 2012 (Predecessor)		From Inception August 31, 2012 through December 31, 2012 (Successor)		March 30, 2012 through August 30, 2012 (Predecessor)		M	2 Weeks Ended Iarch 29, 2012
Net (gain) loss	\$	(4,118)	\$	_	\$	15,615	\$	(3,161)	\$	_	\$	3,324
Net prior service credit		_		_		_		_		(771)		(1,035)
Merger push-down accounting adjustment		_		(20,741)		_		_		3,804		_
Amortization of net gain (loss)		_		(899)		(5)		_		(88)		_
Amortization of prior service credit		_		_		_		_		448		984
Settlement		15		_		_		_		_		_
Total recognized in other comprehensive income	\$	(4,103)	\$	(21,640)	\$	15,610	\$	(3,161)	\$	3,393	\$	3,273
Net periodic benefit cost		86		1,126		360		367		149		287
Total recognized in net periodic benefit cost and other comprehensive income	\$	(4,017)	\$	(20,514)	\$	15,970	\$	(2,794)	\$	3,542	\$	3,560

The following tables set forth the plan's change in benefit obligations and plan assets and the accrued liability for benefit costs included in the Consolidated Balance Sheets:

			Pension	Benefits		Other Benefits						
(In thousands)	From Inception August 31, 2012 through December 31, 2012 (Successor)		March 30, 2012 through August 30, 2012 (Predecessor)		52 Weeks Ended March 29, 2012 (Predecessor)		From Inception August 31, 2012 through December 31, 2012 (Successor)		March 30, 2012 through August 30, 2012 (Predecessor)			52 Weeks Ended March 29, 2012 (redecessor)
Change in benefit obligation:												
Benefit obligation at beginning of period	\$	112,822	\$	96,672	\$	80,350	\$	25,816	\$	24,538	\$	21,916
Service cost		59		76		180		61		74		149
Interest cost		1,484		1,962		4,640		306		435		1,122
Plan participant's contributions		_		_		_		196		227		517
Actuarial (gain) loss		(3,465)		15,161		14,162		(3,161)		1,828		3,325
Plan amendment				_		_				(771)		(1,035)
Benefits paid		(862)		(1,007)		(2,660)		(453)		(515)		(1,456)
Settlement		(320)		(42)		_		_		_		
Benefit obligation at end of period	\$	109,718	\$	112,822	\$	96,672	\$	22,765	\$	25,816	\$	24,538

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 13—EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

		Pension Benefits						Other Benefits						
(In thousands)	De	From Inception August 31, 2012 through December 31, 2012 (Successor)		March 30, August 3 2012 52 Weeks 2012 through Ended through ugust 30, March 29, December 2012 2012 2012		Inception August 31, 2012 through ecember 31,	March 30, 2012 through August 30, 2012 (Predecessor)		М	2 Weeks Ended (arch 29, 2012 edecessor)				
Change in plan assets:														
Fair value of plan assets at beginning of period	\$	66,059	\$	64,236	\$	59,776	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_		
Actual return on plan assets gain		2,095		977		3,011		_		_		_		
Employer contribution		1,247		1,895		4,109		257		288		939		
Plan participants' contributions		_		_		_		196		227		517		
Benefits paid		(862)		(1,007)		(2,660)		(453)		(515)		(1,456)		
Settlement		(320)		(42)				· —		· —				
Fair value of plan assets at end of period	\$	68,219	\$	66,059	\$	64,236	\$		\$		\$			
Net liability for benefit cost:														
Funded status	\$	(41,499)	\$	(46,763)	\$	(32,436)	\$	(22,765)	\$	(25,816)	\$	(24,538)		

		Pension Benefits								Benefits	
(In thousands)	December 31, 2012 (Successor)			2012 redecessor)		Varch 29, 2012 redecessor)	_	ecember 31, 2012 Successor)		ugust 30, 2012 redecessor)	Iarch 29, 2012 redecessor)
Amounts recognized in the Balance Sheet:											
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	\$	(154)	\$	(40)	\$	(155)	\$	(885)	\$	(1,016)	\$ (1,062)
Other long-term liabilities		(41,345)		(46,723)		(32,281)		(21,880)		(24,800)	(23,476)
Net liability recognized	\$	(41,499)	\$	(46,763)	\$	(32,436)	\$	(22,765)	\$	(25,816)	\$ (24,538)
Aggregate accumulated benefit obligation	\$	(109,718)	\$	(112,822)	\$	(96,672)	\$	(22,765)	\$	(25,816)	\$ (24,538)

The following table summarizes pension plans with accumulated benefit obligations and projected benefit obligations in excess of plan assets:

		Pension Benefits								
(In thousands)	Dece	mber 31, 2012	Mai	ch 29, 2012						
		Successor)	(Pr	edecessor)						
Aggregated accumulated benefit obligation	\$	(109,718)	\$	(96,672)						
Aggregated projected benefit obligation		(109,718)		(96,672)						
Aggregated fair value of plan assets		68,219		64,236						

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 13—EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

Amounts recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income consist of the following:

			Pension Benef		Other Benefits						
(In thousands)	_	ecember 31, 2012 Successor)	August 3 2012 (Predeces		March 29, 2012 (Predecessor)		ember 31, 2012 accessor)	20	ust 30, 012 ecessor)	March 2012 (Predece	2
Net actuarial (gain) loss	\$	(4,118)	\$	_	\$ 21,639	\$	(3,161)	\$	_	\$ 4	4,823
Prior service credit				_	_		_		_	3)	8,216)

Amounts in accumulated other comprehensive income expected to be recognized in components of net periodic pension cost during the calendar year 2013 are as follows:

(In thousands)	Pension Benefits	Other Benefits
Net actuarial gain	\$ —	\$ (78)

Actuarial Assumptions

The weighted-average assumptions used to determine benefit obligations are as follows:

		Pension Benefits		Other Benefits					
(In thousands)	December 31, 2012 (Successor)	August 30, 2012 (Predecessor)	March 29, 2012 (Predecessor)	December 31, 2012 (Successor)	August 30, 2012 (Predecessor)	March 29, 2012 (Predecessor)			
Discount rate	4.17%	3.99%	4.86%	3.90%	3.65%	4.42%			
Rate of compensation increase	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A			

The weighted-average assumptions used to determine net periodic benefit cost are as follows:

		Pension Be	enefits		Other Benefits								
	From				From								
	Inception				Inception								
	August 31,	March 30,			August 31,	March 30,							
	2012	2012	52 Weeks	52 Weeks	2012	2012	52 Weeks	52 Weeks					
	through	through	Ended	Ended	through	through	Ended	Ended					
	December 31,	August 30,	March 29,	March 31,	December 31,	August 30,	March 29,	March 31,					
(In thousands)	2012	2012	2012	2011	2012	2012	2012	2011					
	(Successor)	(Predecessor)	(Predecessor)	(Predecessor)	(Successor)	(Predecessor)	(Predecessor)	(Predecessor)					
Discount rate	3.99%	4.86%				4.42%	5.51%	5.97%					
Weighted average expected long-term return on plan assets	7.27%	7.27%	6 8.00%	6 8.00%		N/A	N/A	N/A					
Rate of compensation increase	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A					

In developing the expected long-term rate of return on plan assets at each measurement date, the Company considers the plan assets' historical returns, asset allocations, and the anticipated future economic environment and long-term performance of the asset classes. While appropriate consideration

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 13—EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

is given to recent and historical investment performance, the assumption represents management's best estimate of the long-term prospective return.

For measurement purposes, the annual rate of increase in the per capita cost of covered health care benefits assumed for 2013 was 8.0% for medical. The rates were assumed to decrease gradually to 5.0% for medical in 2019. The health care cost trend rate assumption has a significant effect on the amounts reported. Increasing the assumed health care cost trend rates by one percentage point in each year would increase the accumulated postretirement benefit obligation as of December 31, 2012 by \$2,292,000 and the aggregate of the service and interest cost components of postretirement expense for calendar year 2013 by \$34,000. Decreasing the assumed health care cost trend rates by one percentage point in each year would decrease the accumulated postretirement obligation for calendar year 2013 by \$1,933,000 and the aggregate service and interest cost components of postretirement expense for calendar year 2013 by \$28,000. The Company's retiree health plan provides a benefit to its retirees that is at least actuarially equivalent to the benefit provided by the Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement and Modernization Act of 2003 ("Medicare Part D").

Cash Flows

The Company expects to contribute \$2,469,000 to the pension plans during the calendar year 2013.

The following table provides the benefits expected to be paid (inclusive of benefits attributable to estimated future employee service) in each of the next five fiscal years, and in the aggregate for the five years thereafter:

			Net of Medicare	Medicare Part D	
(In thousands)	Pensi	on Benefits	Part D Adjustments	Adjustments	_
2013	\$	3,004	\$ 902	\$ 78	ŝ
2014		2,445	926	90)
2015		3,152	983	99)
2016		3,631	1,032	106	,
2017		3,930	1,068	116	,
Years 2018 - 2022		25,510	5,637	804	ļ

Pension Plan Assets

The Company's investment objectives for its defined benefit pension plan investments are: (1) to preserve the real value of its principal; (2) to maximize a real long-term return with respect to the plan assets consistent with minimizing risk; (3) to achieve and maintain adequate asset coverage for accrued benefits under the plan; and (4) to maintain sufficient liquidity for payment of the plan obligations and expenses. The Company uses a diversified allocation of equity, debt, commodity and real estate

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 13—EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

exposures that are customized to the Plan's cash flow benefit needs. The target allocations for plan assets are as follows:

	Target
Asset Category	Allocation
Fixed(1)	12%
High yield fund	4%
Equity Securities—U.S.	23%
Equity Securities—International	16%
Collective trust fund	26%
Private Real Estate	12%
Public REITs	2%
Commodities broad basket	5%
	100%

⁽¹⁾ Includes U.S. Treasury Securities and Bond market fund.

Valuation Techniques. The fair values classified within Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy were determined using quoted market prices from actively traded markets. The fair values classified within Level 2 of the valuation hierarchy included pooled separate accounts and collective trust funds, which valuations were based on market prices for the underlying instruments that were observable in the market or could be derived by observable market data from independent external valuation information.

The fair value of the pension plan assets at December 31, 2012, by asset class are as follows:

			Fair Value Measurements at December 31, 2012 Using					
(In thousands)	Total Carrying Value at Cure market December 31, 2012 (Successor)		Significant other observable inputs (Level 2)		Significant unobservable in (Level 3)	puts		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	19	\$	19	\$	_	\$	_
U.S. Treasury Securities		1,668		1,668		_		_
Equity securities:								
U.S. companies		15,993		2,184	13,	809		_
International companies		11,098		11,098		_		_
Public REITs		1,229		_	1,	229		
Bond market fund		6,222		6,222		_		_
Collective trust fund		17,551		_	17,	551		_
Commodities broad basket fund		3,304		3,304		_		_
High yield bond fund		3,104		_	3,	104		_
Private real estate		8,031		_	8,	031		_
Total assets at fair value	\$	68,219	\$	24,495	\$ 43,	724	\$	_

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 13—EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

The fair value of the pension plan assets at March 29, 2012, by asset class are as follows:

			Fair Value Measurements at March 29, 2012 Using						
(In thousands)	Total Carrying Value at March 29, 2012 (Predecessor)		Quoted prices in active market (Level 1)		market observable inp		nputs unobservab		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	15	\$	15	\$	_	\$	_	
U.S. Treasury Securities		2,413		2,413		_		_	
Equity securities:									
U.S. companies		20,060		2,789		17,271		_	
International companies		10,169		10,157		12		_	
Public REITs		1,416		_		1,416			
Bond market fund		13,345		13,345		_		_	
Collective trust fund		6,510		_		6,510		_	
Commodities broad basket fund		3,090		3,090		_		_	
High yield bond fund		2,843				2,843		_	
Private real estate		4,375		_		4,375		_	
Total assets at fair value	\$	64,236	\$	31,809	\$	32,427	\$		

Defined Contribution Plan

The Company sponsors a voluntary 401(k) savings plan covering certain employees age 21 or older and who are not covered by a collective bargaining agreement. Effective January 1, 2011, under the Company's 401(k) Savings Plan, the Company began to match 100% of each eligible employee's elective contributions up to 3% and 50% of contributions up to 5% of the employee's eligible compensation. During the first three quarters of fiscal 2011, the Company matched 50% of each eligible employee's elective contributions up to 6% of the employee's eligible compensation. The Company's expense under the 401(k) savings plan was \$1,182,000, \$1,108,000, \$2,676,000, and \$1,650,000 for the period August 31, 2012 through December 31, 2012, the period March 30, 2012 through August 30, 2012, and the fiscal years ended March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011, respectively.

Union-Sponsored Plans

Certain theatre employees are covered by union-sponsored pension and health and welfare plans. Company contributions into these plans are determined in accordance with provisions of negotiated labor contracts. Contributions aggregated \$80,000, \$109,000, \$261,000, and \$380,000, for the period August 31, 2012 through December 31, 2012, the period March 30, 2012 through August 30, 2012, and the fiscal years ended March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011, respectively.

As of December 31, 2012, the Company's liability related to the collectively bargained multiemployer pension plan withdrawals was immaterial. At March 29, 2012, the Company's withdrawal liabilities related to multiemployer pension plans where it had ceased making contributions was approximately \$2,622,000.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 14—COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Company, in the normal course of business, is a party to various ordinary course claims from vendors (including an online ticketing vendor, food & beverage suppliers and film distributors), landlords and other legal proceedings. If management believes that a loss arising from these actions is probable and can reasonably be estimated, the Company records the amount of the loss, or the minimum estimated liability when the loss is estimated using a range and no point is more probable than another. As additional information becomes available, any potential liability related to these actions is assessed and the estimates are revised, if necessary. Management believes that the ultimate outcome of such other matters, individually and in the aggregate, will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position or overall trends in results of operations. However, litigation and claims are subject to inherent uncertainties and unfavorable outcomes could occur. An unfavorable outcome could include monetary damages. If an unfavorable outcome were to occur, there exists the possibility of a material adverse impact on the results of operations in the period in which the outcome occurs or in future periods.

NOTE 15—THEATRE AND OTHER CLOSURE AND DISPOSITION OF ASSETS

The Company has provided reserves for estimated losses from theatres and screens which have been permanently closed and vacant space with no right to future use. As of December 31, 2012, the Company has reserved \$61,344,000 for lease terminations which have either not been consummated or paid, related primarily to eight theatres and certain vacant restaurant space. The Company is obligated under long-term lease commitments with remaining terms of up to 15 years for theatres which have been closed. As of December 31, 2012, base rents aggregated approximately \$8,919,000 annually and \$79,369,000 over the remaining terms of the leases.

A rollforward of reserves for theatre and other closure is as follows:

(In thousands)	Augu ti Decem	n Inception ist 31, 2012 hrough ber 31, 2012 iccessor)	Augu	ch 30, 2012 hrough ust 30, 2012 edecessor)	Marc	Weeks Ended h 29, 2012 decessor)	Marc	2 Weeks Ended ch 31, 2011 edecessor)
Beginning balance	\$	62,935	\$	65,471	\$	73,852	\$	6,694
Theatre and other closure expense—continuing operations		2,381		4,191		7,449		60,763
Theatre and other closure expense—discontinued operations		_		7,562		_		_
Transfer of lease liability		994		(697)		571		11,780
Net book value of abandoned and other property dispositions		_		· -		(485)		(1,819)
Foreign currency translation adjustment		405		(38)		(511)		48
Cash payments		(5,371)		(13,554)		(15,405)		(3,614)
Ending balance	\$	61,344	\$	62,935	\$	65,471	\$	73,852

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 15—THEATRE AND OTHER CLOSURE AND DISPOSITION OF ASSETS (Continued)

The current portion of the ending balance is included with accrued expenses and other liabilities and the long-term portion of the ending balance is included with other long-term liabilities in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets.

During the period of August 31, 2012 through December 31, 2012 and the period of March 30, 2012 through August 30, 2012, the Company recognized \$2,381,000 and \$4,191,000 of theatre and other closure expense primarily related to the early termination of a lease agreement and accretion on previously closed properties with remaining lease obligations. In addition, the Company closed one theatre with 20 screens located in Canada and paid the landlord \$7,562,000 to terminate the lease agreement. See Note 4—Discontinued Operations for additional information.

During the fifty-two weeks ended March 29, 2012, the Company recognized \$7,449,000 of theatre and other closure expense primarily related to accretion on previously closed properties with remaining lease obligations.

During the fourth quarter of fiscal year ending March 31, 2011, the Company evaluated excess capacity and vacant and under-utilized retail space throughout the theatre circuit. On March 28, 2011, management decided to permanently close 73 underperforming screens and auditoriums in six theatre locations in the United States and Canada while continuing to operate 89 screens at these locations. The permanently closed screens were physically segregated from the screens that are in operation and access to the closed space was restricted. Additionally, management decided to discontinue development of and cease use of (including for storage) certain vacant and under-utilized retail space at four other theatres in the United States and the United Kingdom. As a result of closing the screens and auditoriums and discontinuing the development of and use of the other spaces, the Company recorded a charge of \$55,015,000 for theatre and other closure expense, which is included in operating expense in the Consolidated Statements of Operations during the fiscal year ending March 31, 2011. The charge to theatre and other closure expense reflects the discounted contractual amounts of the existing lease obligations of \$53,61,000 for the remaining 7 to 13 year terms of the leases as well as expenses incurred for related asset removal and shutdown costs of \$1,454,000. A significant portion of each of the affected properties was closed and is no longer used. The charges to theatre and other closure expense do not result in any new, increased or accelerated obligations for cash payments related to the underlying long-term operating lease agreements.

In addition to the auditorium closures, the Company permanently closed 22 theatres with 144 screens in the U.S. during the fifty-two weeks ended March 31, 2011. The Company recorded \$5,748,000 for theatre and other closure expense, which is included in operating expense in the Consolidated Statements of Operations, due primarily to the remaining lease terms of 5 theatre closures and accretion of the closure liability related to theatres closed during prior periods. Of the theatre closures in fiscal 2011, 9 theatres with 35 screens were owned properties that were marketed for sale; 7 theatres with 67 screens that had leases were allowed to expire; a single screen theatre with a management agreement was allowed to expire; and 5 theatres with 41 screens were closed with remaining lease terms in excess of one month.

Theatre and other closure reserves for leases that have not been terminated are recorded at the present value of the future contractual commitments for the base rents, taxes and maintenance. As of

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 15—THEATRE AND OTHER CLOSURE AND DISPOSITION OF ASSETS (Continued)

December 31, 2012, the future lease obligations are discounted at annual rates ranging from 7.55% to 9.0%.

NOTE 16—FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Fair value refers to the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants in the market in which the entity transacts business. The inputs used to develop these fair value measurements are established in a hierarchy, which ranks the quality and reliability of the information used to determine the fair values. The fair value classification is based on levels of inputs. Assets and liabilities that are carried at fair value are classified and disclosed in one of the following categories:

- Level 1: Quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Observable market based inputs or unobservable inputs that are corroborated by market data.
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs that are not corroborated by market data.

Recurring Fair Value Measurements. The following table summarizes the fair value hierarchy of the Company's financial assets carried at fair value on a recurring basis as of December 31, 2012:

			Fair Value Measurements at December 31, 2012 Using						
(In thousands)	Total Carrying Value at December 31, 2012 (Successor)		Quoted prices in active market (Level 1)	Significant other observable inputs (Level 2)		Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)			
Other long-term assets:	(5	accessory							
Money Market Mutual Funds	\$	85	\$ 85	\$ -	- \$	_			
Equity securities, available-for-sale:									
RealD Inc. Common Stock		13,707	13,707	-	_	_			
Mutual Fund Large U.S. Equity		1,995	1,995		_	_			
Mutual Fund Small/Mid U.S. Equity		413	413	-	_	_			
Mutual Fund International		249	249		_	_			
Mutual Fund Balance		150	150	-	_	_			
Mutual Fund Fixed Income		349	349		_	_			
Total assets at fair value	\$	16,948	\$ 16,948	\$	_ \$	_			

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 16—FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

The following table summarizes the fair value hierarchy of the Company's financial assets carried at fair value on a recurring basis as of March 29, 2012:

	Tota	l Carrying	Fair Value Measurements at March 29, 2012 Using					
(In thousands)		Value at March 29, 2012 (Predecessor)		Quoted prices in active market (Level 1)			Significant servable inputs (Level 3)	
Other long-term assets:								
Money Market Mutual Funds	\$	72	\$	72	\$	— \$	_	
Equity securities, available-for-sale:								
RealD Inc. Common Stock		15,945		15,945		_	_	
Mutual Fund Large U.S. Equity		2,186		2,186		_	_	
Mutual Fund Small/Mid U.S. Equity		332		332		_	_	
Mutual Fund International		146		146		_	_	
Mutual Fund Broad U.S. Equity		34		34		_	_	
Mutual Fund Balance		79		79		_	_	
Mutual Fund Fixed Income		267		267		_	_	
Total assets at fair value	\$	19,061	\$	19,061	\$	<u> </u>	_	

Valuation Techniques. The Company's money market mutual funds are invested in funds that seek to preserve principal, are highly liquid, and therefore are recorded on the balance sheet at the principal amounts deposited, which equals fair value. The equity securities, available-for-sale, primarily consist of common stock and mutual funds invested in equity and fixed income funds and are measured at fair value using quoted market prices. See Note 7—Investments, for further information regarding RealD Inc. common stock and the related other-than-temporary impairment. The unrealized gain on the equity securities recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income as of December 31, 2012 was approximately \$1,913,000.

Nonrecurring Fair Value Measurements. See Note 2—Merger, for information regarding the Company's assets and liabilities that were measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis due to the Merger on August 30, 2012. The following table summarizes the fair value hierarchy of the Company's assets that were measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis during fiscal 2012:

			Fair Value Measu	al 2012 Using		
(In thousands)	Va	Carrying alue ecessor)	Quoted prices in active market (Level 1)	Significant other observable inputs (Level 2)	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)	Total Losses
Property, net:						
Property owned, net	\$	99	_	_	\$ 99	\$ 285
Other long-term assets:						
Investment in a joint venture		2,761	_	_	2,761	2,742
	F-100	0				

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 16—FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

In accordance with the provisions of the impairment of long-lived assets subsections of ASC 360-10, long-lived assets held and used that were considered impaired were written down to their fair value at December 29, 2011, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011 of \$2,761,000, \$99,000 and \$10,587,000, respectively. For the fifty-two weeks ending March 29, 2012, the Company recorded impairments of long-lived assets of \$285,000 and a charge to equity in earnings of non-consolidated entities of \$2,742,000.

Other Fair Value Measurement Disclosures. The Company is required to disclose the fair value of financial instruments that are not recognized at fair value in the statement of financial position for which it is practicable to estimate that value:

		Fair Value Measurements at December 31, 2012 Using						
(In thousands)	Total Carrying Value at December 31, 2012 (Successor)		Quoted prices in active market (Level 1)		Significant other observable inputs (Level 2)		Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)	
Current Maturities of Corporate Borrowings	\$ 8,004	\$	_	\$	8,063	\$	_	
Corporate Borrowings	2.070.671		_		2,115,919		_	

Valuation Technique. Quoted market prices were used to estimate fair value.

At March 29, 2012, the carrying amount of the Company's liabilities for corporate borrowings was \$2,146,534,000 and the fair value was approximately \$2,146,136,000.

NOTE 17—OPERATING SEGMENT

The Company reports information about operating segments in accordance with ASC 280-10, Segment Reporting, which requires financial information to be reported based on the way management organizes segments within a company for making operating decisions and evaluating performance. The Company has identified one reportable segment for its theatrical exhibition operations.

Information about the Company's revenues from continuing operations and assets by geographic area is as follows:

Revenues (In thousands)	From Inception August 31, 2012 through December 31, 2012 (Successor)		March 30, 2012 through August 30, 2012 (Predecessor)		52 Weeks Ended March 29, 2012 (Predecessor)		М	52 Weeks Ended Iarch 31, 2011 Predecessor)
United States	\$	808,378	\$	1,202,179	\$	2,507,562	\$	2,346,677
Canada		809		885		2,814		4,324
Europe		2,305		3,008		11,601		11,537
Total revenues	\$	811,492	\$	1,206,072	\$	2,521,977	\$	2,362,538

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 17—OPERATING SEGMENT (Continued)

Long-term assets, net (In thousands)	December 31, 2012 (Successor)	March 29, 2012 (Predecessor)
United States	\$ 3,940,971	\$ 3,231,263
Canada	102	2,241
Europe	496	204
Total long-term assets(1)	\$ 3,941,569	\$ 3,233,708

⁽¹⁾ Long-term assets are comprised of property, intangible assets, goodwill and other long-term assets.

NOTE 18—RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Amended and Restated Fee Agreement

Upon the consummation of a change of control transaction or an initial public offering, each of the Sponsors were entitled to receive, in lieu of quarterly payments of the annual management fee, a fee equal to the net present value of the aggregate annual management fee that would have been payable to the Sponsors during the remainder of the term of the fee agreement (assuming a twelve year term from the date of the original fee agreement), calculated using the treasury rate having a final maturity date that is closest to the twelfth anniversary of the date of the original fee agreement date. The Sponsors waived their right to the payment described above that was triggered by the Merger. As a result of the Merger, the Company ceased paying the annual management fee of \$5,000,000 to the Sponsors.

Control Arrangement

Wanda has the ability to control the Company's affairs and policies and the election of directors and appointment of management.

Equity Method Investees

In February 2007, Mr. Travis Reid was hired as the chief executive officer of DCIP, a joint venture between AMCE, Cinemark and Regal formed to explore the possibility of implementing digital cinema in our theatres and to create a financing model and establish agreements with major motion picture studios for the implementation of digital cinema. Mr. Reid resigned as CEO of DCIP in October 2010. Mr. Reid was a member of the Company's Board of Directors until October 15, 2010.

See Note 7—Investments for further information about related party transactions between us and our equity method investees.

Market Making Transactions

On December 15, 2010, AMCE sold \$600,000,000 in aggregate principal amount of its Notes due 2020. J.P. Morgan Securities LLC, an affiliate of J.P. Morgan Partners, LLC, which prior to the Merger owned approximately 20.8% of Parent, and Credit Suisse Securities (USA) LLC, whose affiliates prior to the Merger owned approximately 1.62% of Parent, were initial purchasers of the Notes that 2020, As

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 18—RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

of the Merger, the Company is not a related party to J.P. Morgan Partners, LLC and Credit Suisse Securities (USA) LLC.

On June 9, 2009, AMCE sold \$600,000,000 in aggregate principal amount of its Notes due 2019. J.P. Morgan Securities LLC, an affiliate of J.P. Morgan Partners, LLC, which prior to the Merger owned approximately 20.8% of Parent, and Credit Suisse Securities (USA) LLC, whose affiliates prior to the Merger owned approximately 1.62% of Parent, were initial purchasers of the Notes due 2020. As of the Merger, the Company is not a related party to J.P. Morgan Partners, LLC and Credit Suisse Securities (USA) LLC.

NOTE 19—CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION OF PARENT COMPANY

The Company is a holding company that conducts substantially all of its business operations through its subsidiaries.

There are significant restrictions on the Company's ability to obtain funds from any of its subsidiaries through dividends, loans or advances. Accordingly, these condensed financial statements have been presented on a "parent-only" basis. Under a parent-only presentation, the Company's investments in its consolidated subsidiaries are presented under the equity method of accounting. These parent-only financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited consolidated financial statements.

AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc.

CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS—PARENT ONLY

(In thousands)	August thr Decemb	nception t 31, 2012 rough er 31, 2012 cessor)	March 30, 2012 through August 30, 2012 (Predecessor)	52 Weeks Ended March 29, 2012 (Predecessor)	52 Weeks Ended March 31, 2011 (Predecessor)
Operating Costs and Expenses					
General and administrative:					
Merger, acquisition and transaction costs	\$	_	\$ 4,245	\$ 1,336	\$ 2,753
Other		_	(2	(281)	21
Operating costs and expenses			4,243	1,055	2,774
Other expense (income)					
Equity in (earnings) loss of AMC Entertainment Inc.		37,150	(94,400	81,988	122,853
Other expense		_	_	563	14,840
Interest expense					
Corporate borrowings		_	_	10,514	33,937
Investment income		_	_	(22)	(100)
Total other (income) expense		37,150	(94,400	93,043	171,530
Earnings (loss) before income taxes		(37,150)	90,157	(94,098)	(174,304)
Income tax provision				·	
Net earnings (loss)	\$	(37,150)	\$ 90,157	\$ (94,098)	\$ (174,304)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 19—CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION OF PARENT COMPANY (Continued)

AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS—PARENT ONLY

(In thousands, except share data)	 nber 31, 2012 (uccessor)	rch 29, 2012 redecessor)
Assets		
Cash and equivalents	\$ 2,143	\$ 5,268
Total current assets	2,143	5,268
Goodwill	(2,143)	30,019
Investment in AMC Entertainment Inc.	774,105	154,340
Total assets	\$ 774,105	\$ 189,627
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity		
Current liabilities:		
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	\$ _	\$ 1,476
Total current liabilities		1,476
Deferred Taxes	_	30,550
Total liabilities	 _	 32,026
Class N Common Stock nonvoting (\$.01 par value, 375,000 shares authorized; 2,021.01696 shares issued and	 	
outstanding as of March 29, 2012)	1,811	
Stockholders' Equity:		
Class A Common Stock voting (\$.01 par value, 2,000,000 shares authorized; 1,531,424 shares issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2012)	15	
Class N Common Stock nonvoting (\$.01 par value, 25,000 shares authorized; 3,497 shares issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2012)	_	
Class A-1 Common Stock voting (\$.01 par value, 1,500,000 shares authorized; 382,475.00000 and 382,475.00000 shares issued and outstanding as of March 29, 2012)		4
Class A-2 Common Stock voting (\$.01 par value, 1,500,000 shares authorized; 382,475.00000 shares issued		
and outstanding as of March 29, 2012)		4
Class L-1 Common Stock voting (\$.01 par value, 1,500,000 shares authorized; 256,085.61252 shares issued		2
and outstanding as of March 29, 2012)		3
Class L-2 Common Stock voting (\$.01 par value, 1,500,000 shares authorized; 256,085.61252 shares issued and outstanding as of March 29, 2012)		3
Additional paid-in capital	799,985	673,325
Treasury stock, 4.314 shares at cost		(2,596)
Accumulated other comprehensive earnings (loss)	9,444	(20,203)
Accumulated deficit	(37,150)	(492,939)
Total stockholders' equity	 772,294	157,601
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 774,105	\$ 189,627

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 19—CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION OF PARENT COMPANY (Continued)

AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc.

CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS—PARENT ONLY

(In thousands)	From Inception August 31, 2012 through December 31, 2012 (Successor)			ch 30, 2012 chrough ust 30, 2012 edecessor)	52 Weeks Ended March 29, 2012 (Predecessor)	Ma	52 Weeks Ended arch 31, 2011 redecessor)
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND EQUIVALENTS							
Cash flows from operating activities							
Net earnings (loss)	\$	(37,150)	\$	90,157	\$ (94,098)	\$	(174,304)
Adjustments to reconcile net earnings (loss) to net cash used in operating activities:							
Interest accrued to principal on Corporate borrowings		_		_	9,446		10,981
Discount on repurchase of Discount Notes due 2014		_		_	_		(70,877)
Interest paid and discount on Repurchase of Parent Term Loan		_		_	(59,965)		_
Deferred income taxes		_			_		
Loss (gain) on extinguishment of debt					384		4,202
Equity in loss of AMC Entertainment Inc.		37,150		(94,400)	81,988		122,853
Net change in operating activities:				1.110	1.264		120
Receivables and other assets		_		1,118	1,364		120
Accrueds and other liabilities		_		_	(612)		(3,341)
Other, net					1,195		2,126
Net cash used in operating activities				(3,125)	(60,298)		(108,240)
Cash flows from investing activities Contribution from AMC Entertainment Inc.					109,581		278,258
			l —		109,581	_	278,258
Net cash provided by investing activities					109,381		2/8,238
Cash flows from financing activities							
Repayment of Discount Notes due 2014					(150 110)		(169,918)
Repurchase of Parent Term Loan		_		_	(159,440)		(100)
Deferred financing costs					(825)		(100)
Net cash used in financing activities		_		_	(160,265)		(170,018)
Cash received from Marquee Holdings Inc. merger with Parent		<u> </u>					2,605
Net increase (decrease) in cash and equivalents				(3,125)	(110,982)		2,605
Cash and equivalents at beginning of year		2,143		5,268	116,250		113,645
Cash and equivalents at end of year	\$	2,143	\$	2,143	\$ 5,268	\$	116,250

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 19—CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION OF PARENT COMPANY (Continued)

AMC ENTERTAINMENT HOLDINGS, INC.

CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY—PARENT ONLY

	Class A Vo		Class A-1 V Common S		Class A-2 V Common S		Class N No Common		Class L-1 V Common S		Class L-2 V Common S		Additional		Accumulated Other		Total
(In thousands, except per share data)	share and Shares A	mount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Paid-in Capital		Comprehensive . Income (Loss)	Accumulated S Deficit	Stockholder Equity
Predecessor	Shares A	inount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Сарпаі	Stock	Theome (Loss)	Dencit	Equity
Balance April 1, 2010	_ 9	s —	382,475.00000	S 4	382,475.00000	4	1,700.63696	s —	256,085.61252	S 3	256,085.61252	\$ 3	\$ 669,837	\$(2,596)	\$ (3,176)	\$ (224,537)	\$ 439,5
Net loss	_	_		_		_	_	_		_		_			_	(174,304)	(174,3)
Comprehensive loss	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(815)	_	(8
Stock-based compensation													1,526				1,50
Issuance of Class N	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,526	_	_	_	1,3.
common stock	_	_	_	_	_	_	320.38	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Balance March 31,																	
2011	_	_	382,475.00000	4	382,475.00000	4	2,021.01696	_	256,085.61252	. 3	256,085.61252	3	671,363	(2,596)	(3,991)	(398,841)	265,94
Net loss	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		(94,098)	(94,0
Comprehensive loss Stock-based	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(16,212)	_	(16,2
compensation													1,962				1,90
Balance March 29, 2012	_	_	382,475.00000	4	382,475.00000	4	2,021.01696	_	256,085.61252	. 3	256,085.61252	3	673,325	(2,596)	(20,203)	(492,939)	157,60
Balance March 29, 2012																,-	
Net earnings	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	90,157	90,13
Comprehensive earnings	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_	9,034	_	9,0:
Stock-based compensation	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_	830	_	_	_	8:
Balance August 30,									-								
2012			382,475.00000	4	382,475.00000	4	2,021.01696		256,085.61252	. 3	256,085.61252	3	674,155	(2,596)	(11,169)	(402,782)	257,62
Successor																	
Balance August 30, 2012																	
Net loss			_						_		_					(37,150)	(37,1:
Comprehensive																(37,130)	(37,1.
earnings	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	9,444	_	9,4
Merger consideration	1,338,048	14	_			_		_	_	_	_	_	699,986	_	_	_	700,00
Capital contributions	193,376	1	_						_				99,999				100,00
Balance December 31, 2012	1,531,424	§ 15	_	s —	_	s —	_	s —	_	s —		\$ —	\$ 799,985	s —	\$ 9,444	\$ (37,150)	\$ 772,29
						$\overline{}$											_

AMC ENTERTAINMENT HOLDINGS, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 20—SUPPLEMENTAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS BY QUARTER

	13 Weeks Ended March 29, 2012	13 Weeks Ended June 28, 2012	13 Weeks Ended June 30, 2011	9 Weeks Ended August 30, 2012	4 Weeks Ended September 27, 2012	13 Weeks Ended September 29, 2011	Period September 28, 2012 through December 31, 2012(4)	13 Weeks Ended December 29, 2011	March 30, 2012 through August 30, 2012	August 31, 2012 through December 31, 2012 2012	Fiscal 2012
(In thousands)		(Predecessor)			(Successor)	(Predecessor)	(Successor)	(Predecessor)	(Predecessor)	(Successor)	(Predecessor)
Revenues	6 425.027	451 500	0 462.405	0 264.440	0 7(25)	6 450.005	6 470.07/	6 271.000	016031	6 540 622	6 1 721 205
Admissions Food & beverage	\$ 425,826 171,599		\$ 463,485 187,242		\$ 76,356 32,365	\$ 459,985 182,517	\$ 472,276 197,374	\$ 371,999 148,322	\$ 816,031 342,130	\$ 548,632 229,739	\$ 1,721,295 689,680
Other theatre(1)	39,018		21,523	17,672	5,785	28,207	27,336	22,254	47,911	33,121	111,002
Total revenues	636,443		672,250		114,506	670,709	696,986	542,575	1,206,072	811,492	2,521,977
	030,443	6/0,3/1	6/2,230	333,701	114,506	670,709	090,980	342,373	1,200,072	811,492	2,321,977
Cost and Expenses Film exhibition costs	221,191	242,727	251,505	193,812	34,659	248,188	256,902	195,170	436,539	291,561	916,054
Food & beverage	221,191	242,727	231,303	193,612	34,039	240,100	230,902	193,170	450,559	291,301	910,054
costs	22,620	26,599	25,353	20,727	4,778	24,520	25,767	21,088	47,326	30,545	93,581
Operating expense	171,352		172,937	126,599	46,059	181,943	184,375	170,551	297,328	230,434	696,783
Rent	110,719	112,046	111,489	77,040	33,493	112,330	109,881	110,788	189,086	143,374	445,326
General and administrative:											
Merger, acquisition and transaction costs	2,253	2,223	905	2,194	504	702	2,862	98	4,417	3,366	3,958
Management fee	1,250		1,250	1,250		1,250	2,002	1,250	2,500	5,500	5,000
Other	15,621		14,409		7,269	13,746	21,841	7,719	27,023	29,110	51,495
Depreciation and amortization	56,847		51,579	32,637	16,602	50,991	55,031	53,400	80,971	71,633	212,817
Impairment of long-lived assets	285	_			_	_	_	_		_	285
Total costs and expenses	602,138	619,233	629,427	465,957	143,364	633,670	656,659	560,064	1,085,190	800,023	2,425,299
Other expense											
(income)			***	000					0.00	40	4.00
Other expense	1,536	121	380	839	49	36	_	13	960	49	1,965
Interest expense Corporate										_	
borrowings	42,346	39,759	42,987	27,855	10,241	43,326	35,018	43,500	67,614	45,259	172,159
Capital and financing lease	Í	Í		ĺ				ĺ	ĺ		
obligations	1,488	1,418	1,498	972	442	1,493	1,431	1,489	2,390	1,873	5,968
Equity in (earnings) loss of non- consolidated											
entities	(10,695	(8,753)	(496) 1,208	3,378	4,801	(898)	(6,169)	(7,545)	2,480	(12,559)
Investment expense (income)(2)	(25	5) (26)) (44) (15)	(1)	(13)	291	17,701	(41)	290	17,619
Total other											
expense											
(income)	34,650	32,519	44,325	30,859	14,109	49,643	35,842	56,534	63,378	49,951	185,152
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations before											
income taxes	(345	5) 18,619	(1,502)	38,885	(42,967)	(12,604)	4,485	(74,023)	57,504	(38,482)	(88,474)
Income tax provision (benefit)	505		525		100	545	(2,120)	440	2,500	(2,020)	2,015
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations	(850	18,219	(2,027) 36,785	(43,067)	(13,149)	6,605	(74,463)	55,004	(36,462)	(90,489)
Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations, net of	Ì						ŕ				` ' '
income taxes(3)	(620	(2,254)	(1,097		24	(161)	(712)	(1,731)		(688)	(3,609)
Net earnings (loss))\$ 15,965	\$ (3,124)	\$ 74,192	\$ (43,043)	\$ (13,310)	\$ 5,893	\$ (76,194)	\$ 90,157		\$ (94,098)

AMC ENTERTAINMENT HOLDINGS, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) Periods Ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011

NOTE 20—SUPPLEMENTAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS BY QUARTER (Continued)

(In thousands)	13 Wee Ende March 2012	d 13 29, l		13 Weeks Ended June 30, 2011 (Predecessor)	9 Weeks Ended August 30, 2012 (Predecessor)	Sept	2012	13 Weeks Ended September 29, 2011 (Predecessor)		Period Ended December 31, 2012(4) (Successor)	Dec	3 Weeks Ended tember 29, 2011	March 30, 2012 through August 30, 2012 2012 (Predecessor)	Dec	19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 1		iscal 2012 decessor)
Basic earnings (loss) per share:	(Trucce	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	accessor)	(Truccessor)	(Tredecessor)	(5.	accessor)	(Tracessor)		(Successor)	(2.2	cuccessory	(Francessor)	(50		(210	
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations	s	(0.66)\$	14.24	\$ (1.58°) \$ 28.76	s	(29.87)	\$ (10.28)	\$ 4.30	\$	(58.21)	\$ 43.00	s	(24.08)	\$	(70.74)
Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations		(0.49)	(1.76)				0.01	(0.13		(0.46)		(1.36)			(0.45)		(2.82)
Basic earnings (loss) per share:		(1.15)\$	12.48			s	(29.86)			\$ 3.84	s	(59.57)		s	(24.53)	\$	(73.56)
Diluted earnings (loss) per share:																	
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations	\$	(0.66)\$	14.15	\$ (1.58)) \$ 28.59	s	(29.87)	\$ (10.28)	\$ 4.30	\$	(58.21)	\$ 42.74	s	(24.08)	\$	(70.74)
Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations		(0.49)	(1.75)	(0.86)	29.08		0.01	(0.13)	(0.46)		(1.36)	27.32		(0.45)		(2.82)
Diluted earnings (loss) per share:	s	(1.15)\$	12.40	\$ (2.44)	\$ 57.67	s	(29.86)	\$ (10.41)	\$ 3.84	s	(59.57)	\$ 70.06	s	(24.53)	\$	(73.56)
Average shares outstanding Basic	1,2	79.14	1,279.14	1,279.14	1,279.14		1,441.69	1,279.14		1,534.92		1,279.14	1,279.14	-	1,514.48		1,279.14
Diluted	1,2	79.14	1,287.21	1,279.14	1,286.50		1,441.69	1,279.14		1,534.92		1,279.14	1,286.81		1,514.48		1,279.14

⁽¹⁾ Other theatre revenues for the thirteen weeks ended March 29, 2012 were impacted by a change in method of recognizing gift card breakage income from the Remote Method to the Proportional Method, which included a cumulative catch-up of \$14,969,000 of income recognized as a result of the accounting change.

⁽²⁾ During the thirteen weeks ended December 29, 2011, investment expense (income) included an impairment loss of \$17,751,000, related to the Company's investment in RealD Inc. common stock.

⁽³⁾ During the nine weeks ended August 30, 2012, the Company recorded gains, net of lease termination expense, on the disposition of the seven Canada theatres and the one United Kingdom theatre of approximately \$39,000,000, primarily due to the write-off of long-term lease liabilities extinguished in connection with the sales and closure.

⁽⁴⁾ The period September 28, 2012 through December 31, 2012 includes four more days than the thirteen weeks ended December 29, 2011. The last four days of the period ended December 31, 2012 also occurred during the year-end holiday season when the most marketable motion pictures are released, which generally drive higher attendance and revenues.

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors and Members of National CineMedia, LLC Centennial. Colorado

We have audited the accompanying balance sheets of National CineMedia, LLC (the "Company") as of December 27, 2012 and December 29, 2011 and the related statements of income, comprehensive income, members' equity / (deficit) and cash flows for the years ended December 27, 2012, December 29, 2011 and December 30, 2010. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. Our audits included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, such financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of National CineMedia, LLC as of December 27, 2012 and December 29, 2011, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years ended December 27, 2012, December 29, 2011 and December 30, 2010, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

/s/ Deloitte & Touche LLP Denver, Colorado March 20, 2013

BALANCE SHEETS

(In millions)

	Dec	As of ember 27, 2012	Dece	As of ember 29, 2011
ASSETS				
CURRENT ASSETS:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	10.4	\$	9.2
Receivables, net of allowance of \$4.5 and \$4.3, respectively		98.5		96.6
Prepaid expenses		2.4		1.7
Prepaid administration fees to managing member		0.8		1.0
Total current assets		112.1		108.5
NON-CURRENT ASSETS:				
Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$63.1 and \$54.8, respectively		25.7		24.6
Intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization of \$32.5 and \$20.8, respectively		280.3		274.9
Debt issuance costs, net of accumulated amortization of \$12.2 and \$9.8, respectively		18.3		12.6
Other investment		0.8		0.2
Other non-current assets		0.2		0.6
Total non-current assets		325.3		312.9
TOTAL	\$	437.4	\$	421.4
LIABILITIES AND MEMBERS' EQUITY/(DEFICIT)				
CURRENT LIABILITIES:				
Amounts due to founding members	\$	19.8	\$	22.0
Amounts due to managing member		15.3		21.2
Accrued expenses		18.3		16.2
Current portion of interest rate swap agreements		_		24.0
Accrued payroll and related expenses		9.6		9.0
Accounts payable (including \$0.9 and \$0.9 to related party affiliates, respectively)		13.9		12.8
Deferred revenue		5.7		2.9
Total current liabilities		82.6		108.1
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES:				
Long-term debt		879.0		794.0
Interest rate swap agreements		_		46.8
Total non-current liabilities		879.0		840.8
Total liabilities	===	961.6		948.9
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (NOTE 9)				
MEMBERS' EQUITY/(DEFICIT) (including accumulated other comprehensive loss of \$21.9 and \$56.9 million,		(524.2)		(527.5)
respectively)		(524.2)		(527.5)
TOTAL	\$	437.4	\$	421.4

STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(In millions)

			Years Ended		
	December 27, 2012	, 1	December 29, 2011	Decemb 20	
REVENUE:					
Advertising (including revenue from founding members of \$39.9, \$38.2 and \$38.5, respectively)	\$ 409.	5 \$	386.2	\$	379.5
Fathom Events	39.	3	49.2		48.0
Total	448.	.8	435.4	-	427.5
OPERATING EXPENSES:					
Advertising operating costs (including \$4.2, \$3.4 and \$0.1 to related party affiliates, respectively)	31.	3	24.6		21.7
Fathom Events operating costs (including \$5.9, \$9.3 and \$8.6 to founding members, respectively)	29.	0	34.1		32.4
Network costs	18.	9	17.7		20.0
Theatre access fees—founding members	64.	-	55.4		52.6
Selling and marketing costs (including \$1.1, \$1.1 and \$1.2 to founding members, respectively)	60.	-	59.8		57.9
Administrative and other costs	20.	-	17.6		17.9
Administrative fee—managing member	12.	-	13.7		16.6
Depreciation and amortization	20.	4	18.8		17.8
Total	257.	.0	241.7		236.9
OPERATING INCOME	191.	.8	193.7		190.6
NON-OPERATING EXPENSES:					
Interest on borrowings	56.	7	49.2		44.4
Change in derivative fair value	1.	-	1.3		5.3
Loss on swap terminations	26.	7	_		_
Impairment on investment and other non-operating expense	5.	.8	8.4		0.2
Total	90.	2	58.9		49.9
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES	101.	.6	134.8		140.7
Income tax expense	0.	.6	0.3		0.5
Equity loss from investment, net	-	_	_	\$	0.7
NET INCOME	\$ 101.	0 \$	134.5	\$	139.5

STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(In millions)

			Yea	rs Ended		
	December 27, December 29, 2012 2011			December 30, 2010		
NET INCOME	\$	101.0	\$	134.5	\$	139.5
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS):						
Unrealized gain (loss) on cash flow hedges		35.1		1.4		(10.9)
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	\$	136.1	\$	135.9	\$	128.6

STATEMENTS OF MEMBERS' EQUITY/ (DEFICIT)

(In millions, except unit amounts)

	Units	Amount
Balance—January 1, 2010	101,557,505	\$ (639.6)
Capital contribution from founding members	472,259	3.5
Distribution to managing member	_	(71.0)
Distribution to founding members	_	(85.1)
Units issued for purchase of intangible asset	8,722,428	151.3
Comprehensive Income	_	128.6
Share-based compensation issued		(0.1)
Share-based compensation expense/capitalized	_	5.8
Balance—December 30, 2010	110,752,192	\$ (506.6)
Capital contribution from managing member	385,128	5.5
Distribution to managing member	_	(78.7)
Distribution to founding members	_	(83.0)
Equity returned from purchase of intangible asset	(322,751)	(5.5)
Comprehensive Income	_	135.9
Share-based compensation issued	_	(0.1)
Share-based compensation expense/capitalized	_	5.0
Balance—December 29, 2011	110,814,569	\$ (527.5)
Capital contribution from managing member	551,654	2.3
Distribution to managing member	_	(72.7)
Distribution to founding members	_	(76.8)
Units issued for purchase of intangible asset	651,612	10.1
Comprehensive Income	_	136.1
Share-based compensation issued	_	(0.0)
Share-based compensation expense/capitalized		4.3
Balance—December 27, 2012	112,017,835	\$ (524.2)

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In millions)

	December 27, De			ember 29,	December 30,	
		2012		2011		2010
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		101.0	0	1245	Φ.	120.5
Net income	\$	101.0	2	134.5	\$	139.5
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization		20.4		18.8		17.8
Non-cash share-based compensation		4.3		4.8		5.6
Net unrealized loss on hedging transactions		1.0		1.3		5.3
Impairment on investment		1.0		6.7		J.J
Equity loss from investment		_		0.7		0.7
Amortization of debt issuance costs		2.4		2.3		1.9
Write-off of debt issuance costs		5.9		1.5		
Other non-cash operating activities		_				0.6
Loss on swap terminations		26.7		_		_
Payment for swap terminations		(63.4)		_		_
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		, ,				
Receivables, net		(2.5)		3.3		(11.1)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		3.5		9.7		(1.6)
Amounts due to/from founding members and managing member		(5.0)		(4.6)		4.1
Other, net		2.9		(1.1)		0.8
Net cash provided by operating activities		97.2		177.2		163.6
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			_			
Purchases of property and equipment		(10.4)		(13.5)		(10.1)
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment to founding member		`		`		3.0
Payment from NCM LLC's founding members for intangible assets		0.2				
Purchases of intangible assets from affiliates		(7.2)		(15.9)		_
Net cash used in investing activities		(17.4)		(29.4)		(7.1)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			-			
Proceeds from borrowings		546.0		335.0		124.3
Repayments of borrowings		(461.0)		(317.2)		(152.5)
Payment of debt issuance costs		(14.0)		(9.1)		` —
Founding member integration payments				1.9		3.9
Distributions to founding members and managing member		(151.9)		(168.4)		(159.6)
Unit settlement of share-based compensation		2.3		5.4		3.4
Net cash used in financing activities		(78.6)		(152.4)		(180.5)
CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:		1.2		(4.6)	-	(24.0)
Beginning of period		9.2		13.8		37.8
End of period	\$	10.4	\$	9.2	\$	13.8
Supplemental disclosure of non-cash financing and investing activity:						
Accrued distributions to founding members and managing member	\$	40.7	\$	43.1	\$	49.8
Purchase of an intangible asset with equity (equity returned)	\$	10.1	\$	(5.5)		151.3
Increase in cost method investment	\$		\$	0.2	\$	_
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:		2.70	-		-	
Cash paid for interest	\$	50.7	\$	39.2	\$	49.8

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

National CineMedia, LLC ("NCM LLC" or "the Company") commenced operations on April 1, 2005 and operates the largest digital in-theatre network in North America, allowing us to distribute advertising, Fathom entertainment programming events and corporate events (the "Services") under long-term exhibitor services agreements ("ESAs") with American Multi-Cinema, Inc. ("AMC"), a wholly owned subsidiary of AMC Entertainment, Inc. ("AMCE"), Regal Cinemas, Inc., a wholly owned subsidiary of Regal Entertainment Group ("Regal"), and Cinemark USA, Inc. ("Cinemark USA"), a wholly owned subsidiary of Cinemark Holdings, Inc. ("Cinemark"). AMC, Regal and Cinemark and their affiliates are referred to in this document as "founding members." The Company also provides the Services to certain third-party theatre circuits under "network affiliate" agreements, which expire at various dates.

As of December 27, 2012, the Company had 112,017,835 common membership units outstanding, of which 54,486,259 (48.6%) were owned by NCM, Inc., 22,113,150 (19.7%) were owned by Regal, 18,094,644 (16.2%) were owned by Cinemark, and 17,323,782 (15.5%) were owned by AMC. The membership units held by the founding members are exchangeable into NCM, Inc. common stock on a one-for-one basis.

During the first quarter of 2012, the Company restructured Fathom Events by winding down its Fathom Business Events division, to place more focus on the Fathom Consumer Events division. The Company continued to operate the Fathom Business Events division for a portion of the first quarter of 2012 to satisfy contractual obligations for events and will continue to execute business events on a periodic basis for existing long-term Fathom clients, or if requested by the founding members or to support events staged for NCM's major advertising clients.

Basis of Presentation

The Company has prepared its financial statements and related notes of NCM, LLC in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") and the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). Certain reclassifications have been made to the prior years' financial statements to conform to the current presentation. These reclassifications had no effect on previously reported results of operations or retained earnings

Estimates—The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Significant estimates include those related to the reserve for uncollectible accounts receivable, share-based compensation and interest rate swaps. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Significant Accounting Policies

Accounting Period—The Company operates on a 52-week fiscal year, with the fiscal year ending on the first Thursday after December 25, which, in certain years, results in a 53-week year.

Segment Reporting—Advertising is the principal business activity of the Company and is the Company's reportable segment under the requirements of ASC 280—Segment Reporting. Fathom Events is an operating segment under ASC 280. The Company does not evaluate its segments on a fully allocated cost basis, nor does the Company track segment assets separately. As such, the results are not

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

indicative of what segment results of operations would have been had it been operated on a fully allocated cost basis. The Company cautions that it would be inappropriate to assume that unallocated operating costs are incurred proportional to segment revenue or any directly identifiable segment expenses. Refer to Note 12—Segment Reporting.

Revenue Recognition—Advertising revenue is recognized in the period in which an advertising contract is fulfilled against the contracted theatre attendees. Make-good provisions are made to defer contracted revenue to future periods when attendance is delivered and is included in accrued expenses. Deferred revenue refers to the unearned portion of advertising contracts. All deferred revenue is classified as a current liability. Fathom Events revenue is recognized in the period in which the event is held.

Barter Transactions—The Company enters into barter transactions that exchange advertising program time for products and services used principally for selling and marketing activities. The Company records barter transactions at the estimated fair value of the advertising exchanged based on fair value received for similar advertising from cash paying customers. Revenues for advertising barter transactions are recognized when advertising is provided, and products and services received are charged to expense when used. The Company limits the use of such barter transactions to items and services for which it would otherwise have paid cash. Any timing differences between the delivery of the bartered revenue and the use of the bartered expense products and services are recorded through deferred revenue. Revenue and expense from barter transactions for the year ended December 27, 2012 were \$3.0 million and \$1.3 million, respectively, \$1.6 million and \$1.1 million for the year ended December 30, 2010.

Operating Costs—Advertising related operating costs primarily include personnel and other costs related to advertising fulfillment, payments due to unaffiliated theatre circuits under the network affiliate agreements, and to a lesser extent, production costs of non-digital advertising.

Fathom Events operating costs include revenue share under the amended and restated ESAs to the founding members and revenue share to affiliate theatres under separate agreements, payments to event content producers and other direct costs of the meeting or event, including equipment rental, catering and movie tickets acquired primarily from the founding members.

Payment to the founding members of a theatre access fee is comprised of a payment per theatre attendee, a payment per digital screen and a payment per digital cinema projector equipped in the theatres, all of which escalate over time.

Network costs include personnel, satellite bandwidth, repairs, and other costs of maintaining and operating the digital network and preparing advertising and other content for transmission across the digital network. These costs are not specifically allocated between the advertising business and the Fathom Events business.

Cash and Cash Equivalents—All highly liquid debt instruments and investments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less are classified as cash equivalents and are considered available-for-sale securities. There are cash balances in a bank in excess of the federally insured limits or in the form of a money market demand account with a major financial institution.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Restricted Cash—As of December 27, 2012 and December 29, 2011, other non-current assets included restricted cash of \$0.3 million, which secures a letter of credit used as a lease deposit on our New York office.

Marketable Securities—Marketable securities are reported at fair value, with unrealized gains and losses recognized in earnings. The fair value of substantially all securities is determined by quoted market prices. The estimated fair value of securities for which there are no quoted market prices is based on similar types of securities that are traded in the market.

Concentration of Credit Risk and Significant Customers—Bad debts are provided for based on historical experience and management's evaluation of outstanding receivables at the end of the period. Receivables are written off when management determines amounts are uncollectible. Trade accounts receivable are uncollateralized and represent a large number of geographically dispersed debtors. The collectability risk is reduced by dealing with large, national advertising agencies who have strong reputations in the advertising industry and clients with stable financial positions. As of December 27, 2012, there were no customers or advertising agency groups which accounted for more than 10% of the gross receivables balance or advertising revenues. As of December 29, 2011, there was one advertising agency group through which the Company sources national advertising revenues representing approximately 15% of the Company's outstanding gross receivables balance; however, none of the individual contracts related to the advertising agencies were more than 10% of advertising revenues.

Receivables consisted of the following (in millions):

	Year	s Ended
	December 27, 2012	December 29, 2011
Trade accounts	\$ 101.8	\$ 98.4
Other	1.2	2.5 .5.5
Less allowance for doubtful accounts	(4.5) (4.3)
Total	\$ 98.5	\$ 96.6

Long-lived Assets—Property and equipment is stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation or amortization. Generally, the equipment associated with the digital network of the founding member theatres is owned by the founding members, while the equipment associated with network affiliate theatres is owned by the Company. Major renewals and improvements are capitalized, while replacements, maintenance, and repairs that do not improve or extend the lives of the respective assets are expensed as incurred. The Company records depreciation and amortization using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Equipment	4 - 10 years
Computer hardware and software	3 - 5 years
Leasehold improvements	Lesser of lease term or asset life

Software and web site development costs developed or obtained for internal use are accounted for in accordance with ASC Subtopic 350-40Internal Use Software and ASC Subtopic 350-50—Website

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Development Costs. The subtopics require the capitalization of certain costs incurred in developing or obtaining software for internal use. The majority of software costs and website development costs, which are included in equipment, are depreciated over three to five years. As of December 27, 2012 and December 29, 2011, the Company had a net book value of \$10.4 million and \$9.3 million, respectively, of capitalized software and website development costs. Approximately \$4.1 million, \$4.8 million and \$6.5 million was recorded for the years ended December 27, 2012, December 29, 2011 and December 30, 2010, respectively, in depreciation expense. For the years ended December 27, 2012, December 29, 2011 and December 30, 2010, the Company recorded \$0.8 million, \$0.9 million and \$1.2 million in research and development expense, respectively.

The Company assesses impairment of long-lived assets pursuant with ASC 360—Property, Plant and Equipment. This includes determining if certain triggering events have occurred that could affect the value of an asset. The Company has not recorded impairment charges related to long-lived assets.

Intangible assets—Intangible assets consist of contractual rights and are stated at cost, net of accumulated amortization. The Company records amortization using the straight-line method over the contractual life of the intangibles, corresponding to the term of the ESAs or the term of the contract with the network affiliate. Refer to Note 3—Intangible Assets.

Amounts Due to/from Founding Members—Amounts due to/from founding members include amounts due for the theatre access fee, offset by a receivable for advertising time purchased by the founding members on behalf of their beverage concessionaire, revenue share earned for Fathom Events plus any amounts outstanding under other contractually obligated payments. Payments to or received from the founding members against outstanding balances are made monthly.

Amounts Due to Managing Member—Amounts due to the managing member include amounts due under the NCM LLC operating agreement and other contractually obligated payments. Payments to or received from the managing member against outstanding balances are made monthly

Income Taxes—As a limited liability company, NCM LLC's taxable income or loss is allocated to the founding members and managing member and, therefore, the only provision for income taxes included in the financial statements is for income-based state and local taxes.

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss—Accumulated other comprehensive income/(loss) consists of the fair value of derivative instruments and income of \$35.1 million, income of \$1.4 million and a loss of \$10.9 million as of December 27, 2012, December, 29, 2011 and December 30, 2010, respectively.

Debt Issuance Costs—In relation to the issuance of outstanding debt discussed in Note 6—Borrowings, there is a balance of \$18.3 million and \$12.6 million in deferred financing costs as of December 27, 2012 and December 29, 2011, respectively. The debt issuance costs are being amortized on a straight-line basis over the terms of the underlying obligation and are included in interest on borrowings, which approximates the effective interest method.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The changes in debt issuance costs are as follows (in millions):

		Years Ended						
	December 27, 2012	December 29, 2011	December 30, 2010					
Beginning Balance	\$ 12.6	\$ 7.3	\$ 9.2					
Debt issuance payments	14.0	9.1	_					
Amortization of debt issuance costs	(2.4	(2.3)	(1.9)					
Write-off of debt issuance costs	(5.9	(1.5)	_					
Ending balance	\$ 18.3	\$ 12.6	\$ 7.3					

Other Investment—The Company received equity securities in a privately held company as consideration for an advertising contract. The equity securities are accounted as a cost method investment. At December 27, 2012 and December 29, 2011, the carrying amount of the investment was \$0.8 million and \$0.2 million, respectively. There were no identified events or changes in circumstances that had an adverse effect on the fair value of the investment.

Share-Based Compensation—NCM, Inc. issues two types of share-based compensation awards: stock options and non-vested (restricted) stock. Compensation cost of non-vested stock is valued based on the market price on the grant date, the probability of vesting and is expensed over the vesting period. Compensation cost of stock options is based on the estimated grant date fair value using the Black-Scholes option pricing model, which requires that NCM, Inc. make estimates of various factors. Under the fair value recognition provisions of ASC 718 Compensation—Stock Compensation, the Company recognizes share-based compensation net of an estimated forfeiture rate, and therefore only recognizes compensation cost for those shares expected to vest over the requisite service period of the award. The recognized expense, including equity based compensation costs of NCM, Inc. employees, is included in the operating results of the Company. Refer to Note 7—Share Based Compensation.

Fair Value Measurements—Fair value is the price that would be received from selling an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value is estimated by applying the following hierarchy, which prioritizes the inputs used to measure fair value into three levels and bases the categorization within the hierarchy upon the lowest level of input that is available and significant to the fair value measurement:

Level 1—Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2—Observable inputs other than quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets, or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.

Level 3—Inputs that are generally unobservable and typically reflect management's estimate of assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Derivative Instruments—The Company is exposed to various financial and market risks including changes in interest rates that exist as part of its ongoing operations. The Company utilizes certain derivative instruments to enhance its ability to manage these risks. In accordance with ASC 815—Derivatives and Hedging, the effective portion of changes in the fair value of a derivative that is designated as a cash flow hedge is recorded in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income ("AOCI") and reclassified into earnings in the same period or periods during which the hedged transaction affects earnings. Any ineffectiveness associated with designated cash flow hedges, as well as any change in the fair value of a derivative that is not designated as a hedge, is recorded immediately in the Statements of Operations. Refer to Note 11—Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In December 2011, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update 2011-12—Deferral of the Effective Date for Amendments to the Presentation of Reclassifications of Items Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income in ASU 2011-05 ("ASU 2011-12"). ASU 2011-12 indefinitely defers the specific requirement within ASU 2011-05 to present on the face of the financial statements items that are reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income to net income separately with their respective components of net income and other comprehensive income. The effective dates for ASU 2011-12 are consistent with the effective dates for ASU 2011-05 and, similar to the Company's evaluation for the adoption of ASU 2011-05, the adoption of this guidance does not have a material effect on the Company's financial statements.

The Company has considered all other recently issued accounting pronouncements and does not believe the adoption of such pronouncements will have a material impact on its financial statements.

2. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

The following is a summary of property and equipment, at cost less accumulated depreciation (in millions):

	Dece	December 27, Decem 2012 20		As of mber 29, 2011
Equipment, computer hardware and software	\$	84.3	\$	73.7
Leasehold Improvements		3.4		3.4
Less accumulated depreciation		(63.1)		(54.8)
Subtotal		24.6		22.3
Construction in Progress		1.1		2.3
Total property and equipment	\$	25.7	\$	24.6

For the years ended December 27, 2012, December 29, 2011, and December 30, 2010, the Company recorded depreciation expense of \$8.7 million, \$8.8 million, and \$11.4 million, respectively.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

3. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

The Company's intangible assets consist of contractual rights with the founding members and network affiliates. The Company records amortization using the straight-line method over the contractual life of the intangibles, corresponding to the term of the ESAs or the term of the contract with the network affiliate. The Company's intangible assets with its founding members are recorded at the fair market value of NCM, Inc.'s publicly traded stock as of the date on which the common membership units were issued. The Company's common membership units are fully convertible into NCM, Inc.'s common stock. The Company also records intangible assets for up-front fees paid to network affiliates upon commencement of a network affiliate agreement. Pursuant to ASC 350-10—Intangibles—Goodwill and Other, the Company's intangible assets have a finite useful life and the Company amortizes the assets over the remaining useful life corresponding with the ESAs or the term of the contract with the network affiliate. If common membership units are issued to a founding member for newly acquired theatres that are subject to an existing on-screen advertising agreement with an alternative provider, the amortization of the intangible asset commences after the existing agreement expires and the Company can utilize the theatres for all of its services.

The following is a summary of the Company's intangible assets (in millions):

	As of December 29,						Dec	As of ember 27,
	2011		Additions(1)	Amortization		Other(2)		2012
Gross carrying amount	\$	295.7	\$ 17.1	\$		\$ —	\$	312.8
Accumulated amortization		(20.8)	_		(11.7)	_		(32.5)
Total intangible assets, net	\$	274.9	\$ 17.1	\$	(11.7)	\$ —	\$	280.3

	As of					As of			
	Dec	December 30,					December 29,		
		2010	Additions(3)	Amortizatio	1	Other(2)	2011		
Gross carrying amount	\$	286.0	\$ 10.4	\$ -	_ \$	\$ (0.7)	\$ 295.7		
Accumulated amortization		(10.8)	_	(10	.0)	_	(20.8)		
Total intangible assets, net	\$	275.2	\$ 10.4	\$ (10	.0) \$	\$ (0.7)	\$ 274.9		

(1) During the first quarter of 2012, the Company issued 651,612 common membership units to its founding members for the rights to exclusive access to net new theatre screens and attendees added by the founding members to NCM LLC's network during 2011. The Company recorded a net intangible asset of \$9.9 million in the first quarter of 2012 as a result of the common unit adjustment. In lieu of surrendering 16,727 units, AMC paid NCM LLC \$0.2 million in the first quarter of 2012.

During 2012, the Company purchased intangible assets for \$7.2 million associated with network affiliate agreements. The assets will be amortized over the term of the respective agreements.

- (2) See Note 5—Related-Party Transactions for further information on integration payments.
- (3) During the first quarter of 2011, our founding members returned a net 322,751 common membership units to NCM LLC. This results in an adjustment to the previously issued common membership units issued in exchange for the rights to exclusive access in accordance with the ESA, to net new theatre screens and attendees added by the founding members to NCM LLC's network.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

3. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Continued)

As a result, the Company recorded a reduction to the intangible asset at fair value of the common membership units of \$5.5 million.

During 2011, the Company purchased intangible assets for \$15.9 million associated with network affiliate agreements. The assets will be amortized over the term of the respective agreements.

As of December 27, 2012 and December 29, 2011, the Company's intangible assets associated to the founding members, net of accumulated amortization was \$258.7 million and \$259.4 million, respectively with weighted average remaining lives of 23.6 years and 25.2 years as of December 27, 2012 and December 29, 2011, respectively.

As of December 27, 2012 and December 29, 2011, the Company's intangible assets related to the network affiliates, net of accumulated amortization was \$21.6 and \$15.5 million, respectively with weighted average remaining lives of 19.7 years and 19.2 years as of December 27, 2012 and December 29, 2011, respectively.

For the years ended December 27, 2012, December 29, 2011 and December 30, 2010 the Company recorded amortization expense of \$11.7 million, \$10.0 million and \$6.4 million, respectively. The estimated aggregate amortization expense for each of the five succeeding years is as follows (in millions):

Year	Amor	rtization
<u>Year</u> 2013	\$	12.1
2014		12.1
2015		12.1
2016		12.1
2017		12.1

4. ACCRUED EXPENSES

The following is a summary of the Company's accrued expenses (in millions):

	Decer	s of nber 27, 012	Decem	s of aber 29, 011
Make-good reserve	\$	1.2	\$	2.7
Accrued interest		12.9		9.5
Deferred rent		2.8		2.9
Other accrued expenses		1.4		1.1
Total accrued expenses	\$	18.3	\$	16.2

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

5. RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Founding Member and Managing Member Transactions—Following is a summary of the transactions between the Company and the founding members and its managing member (in millions):

Included in the Statements of Income:		December 27, Decem 2012 20		December 30, 2010
Revenues:				
Beverage concessionaire revenue (included in advertising revenue)(1)	\$	39.7	\$ 38.0	\$ 37.2
Advertising inventory revenue (included in advertising revenue)(2)		0.2	0.2	1.3
Operating expenses:				
Theatre access fee(3)		64.5	55.4	52.6
Revenue share from Fathom Events (included in Fathom Events operating costs)(4)		5.5	8.3	7.3
Purchase of movie tickets and concession products (included in Fathom Events operating costs)(5)		0.4	1.0	1.3
Purchase of movie tickets and concession products (included in selling and marketing costs)(5)		1.1	1.1	1.2
Administrative fee—managing member(6)		12.1	13.7	16.6
Included in the Balance Sheets:				
Prepaid management fees to managing member(7)		0.8	1.0	0.8
Integration payments (in intangible assets)(8)		_	0.7	3.9

⁽¹⁾ For the years ended December 27, 2012, December 29, 2011 and December 30, 2010, the founding members purchased 60 seconds of on-screen advertising time (with a right to purchase up to 90 seconds) from the Company to satisfy their obligations under their beverage concessionaire agreements at a specified 30 second equivalent CPM.

⁽²⁾ The value of such purchases is calculated by reference to the Company's advertising rate card.

⁽³⁾ Comprised of payments per theatre attendee, payments per digital screen with respect to the founding member theatres included in the Company's network and payments for access to higher quality digital cinema equipment.

⁽⁴⁾ These payments are at rates (percentage of event revenue) included in the ESAs based on the nature of the event.

⁽⁵⁾ Used primarily for marketing to the Company's advertising clients and marketing resale to Fathom Business customers.

⁽⁶⁾ Pursuant to the Company's operating agreement, as the sole manager of NCM LLC, NCM, Inc. provides certain specific management services to NCM LLC, including the services of the president and chief executive officer, president of sales and marketing, executive vice president and chief financial officer, executive vice president and chief operations officer and executive vice president and general counsel. In exchange for these services, the Company reimburses NCM, Inc. for compensation paid to the officers (including share based compensation) and other expenses of the officers and for certain out-of-pocket costs.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

5. RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

- (7) The payments for estimated management services related to employment are made one month in advance. NCM LLC also provides administrative and support services to NCM, Inc. such as office facilities, equipment, supplies, payroll and accounting and financial reporting at no charge. Based on the limited activities of NCM, Inc. as a standalone entity, the Company does not believe such unreimbursed costs are significant.
- (8) On April 30, 2008, Regal acquired Consolidated Theatres and NCM LLC issued common membership units to Regal upon the closing of its acquisition in exchange for the right to exclusive access to the theatres. The Consolidated Theatres had a pre-existing advertising agreement and, as a result, Regal made integration payments pursuant to the ESAs on a quarterly basis in arrears through the second quarter of 2011 in accordance with certain run-out provisions.

Pursuant to the terms of the NCM LLC Operating Agreement in place since the completion of NCM, Inc.'s IPO, the Company is required to make mandatory distributions on a proportionate basis to its members of available cash, as defined in the NCM LLC Operating Agreement, on a quarterly basis in arrears. Mandatory distributions for the years ended December 27, 2012, December 29, 2011 and December 30, 2010 are as follows (in millions):

Years Ended					
December 27, December 2012 2011			9, December 30, 2010		
\$ 23.1	\$	25.3	\$	28.8	
24.2		25.5		24.0	
29.5		32.2		32.3	
72.8		78.7		71.0	
\$ 149.6	\$	161.7	\$	156.1	
\$	2012 \$ 23.1 24.2 29.5	December 27, Dece	December 27, 2012 December 29, 2011 \$ 23.1 \$ 25.3 24.2 25.5 29.5 32.2 72.8 78.7	December 27, 2012 December 29, 2011 December 29, 2011 \$ 23.1 \$ 25.3 \$ 25.5 24.2 25.5 29.5 32.2 72.8 78.7	

The mandatory distributions of available cash by the Company to its founding members for the quarter ended December 27, 2012 of \$20.9 million, is included in amounts due to founding members in the Balance Sheets as of December 27, 2012 and will be made in the first quarter of 2013.

Amounts due to founding members as of December 27, 2012 were comprised of the following (in millions):

	AMC		Ci	Cinemark		Regal		otal
Theatre access fees, net of beverage revenues	\$	0.6	\$	0.6	\$	0.9	\$	2.1
Cost and other reimbursement		(1.1)		(0.7)		(1.4)		(3.2)
Distributions payable		6.3		6.6		8.0		20.9
Total	\$	5.8	\$	6.5	\$	7.5	\$	19.8

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

5. RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

Amounts due to founding members as of December 29, 2011 were comprised of the following (in millions):

	AMC		AMC		AMC		AMC		AMC		AMC		AMC		C	inemark	R	legal	1	Γotal
Theatre access fees, net of beverage revenues	\$	0.5	\$	0.5	\$	0.6	\$	1.6												
Cost and other reimbursement		(0.5)		(0.5)		(0.7)		(1.7)												
Distributions payable, net		6.7		6.8		8.6		22.1												
Total	\$	6.7	\$	6.8	\$	8.5	\$	22.0												

Related Party Affiliates—The Company enters into network affiliate agreements and Fathom agreements with network affiliates for NCM LLC to provide in-theatre advertising and Fathom Events at theatre locations that are owned by companies that are affiliates of certain of the founding members or directors of NCM, Inc. Related party affiliate agreements are entered into at terms that are similar to those of the Company's other network affiliates.

Following is a summary of advertising operating costs in the Statements of Income between the Company and its related party affiliates (in millions):

		Years Ended				
	Decem	ber 27,	Decem	ber 29,	Decem	ber 30,
Related Party Affiliate	20	12	20	11	20	10
Starplex(1)	\$	3.2	\$	2.9	\$	
Showplex(2)		0.4		0.2		_
Other(3)		0.6		0.3		0.1
Total	\$	4.2	\$	3.4	\$	0.1

Following is a summary of the accounts payable balance between the Company and its related party affiliates included in the Balance Sheets (in millions):

Related Party Affiliate	As of December 27, 2012	As of December 29, 2011
Starplex(1)	\$ 0.7	\$ 0.7
Showplex(2)	0.1	0.1
Other(3)	0.1	0.1
Total	\$ 0.9	\$ 0.9

- (1) The Company entered into a network affiliate agreement in 2009 with Starplex Operating L.P. ("Starplex"), an affiliate of Cinemark.
- (2) The Company entered into a digital content agreement and a Fathom agreement in 2011 with Showplex Cinemas, Inc. ("Showplex"), an affiliate of one of NCM, Inc.'s directors.
- (3) Other affiliates include LA Live Cinemas LLC ("LA Live"), an affiliate of Regal, and Texas Cinemas, Corp., an affiliate of one of NCM, Inc.'s directors.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

5. RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

National CineMedia, Inc.—The management services agreement provides that the Company may participate in the NCM, Inc., equity incentive plan (see Note 7—Share-Based Compensation).

Amounts due to/from managing member were comprised of the following (in millions):

		as of mber 27, 2012	Decem	s of aber 29, 011
Distribution payable	\$	19.8	\$	21.0
Costs and other reimbursement		(4.5)		0.2
Total	\$	15.3	\$	21.2

6. BORROWINGS

The following table summarizes the Company's total outstanding debt as of December 27, 2012 and December 29, 2011 and the significant terms of its borrowing arrangements:

	(Outstanding	Bala	nce as of														
	Dec	ember 27,	D	ecember 29,														
Borrowings (\$ in millions)	2012		2011		2011		2011		2011		2011		2011		2011		Maturity Date	Interest Rate
Revolving Credit Facility	\$	14.0	\$	44.0	November 26, 2017(a)	(b)												
Term Loan		265.0		550.0	November 26, 2019	(b)												
Senior Unsecured Notes		200.0		200.0	July 15, 2021	7.875%												
Senior Secured Notes		400.0		_	April 15, 2022	6.000%												
Total	\$	879.0	\$	794.0														

- (a) A portion of the revolving credit facility has a maturity date of December 31, 2014, as described in further detail below.
- (b) The interest rates on the revolving credit facility and term loan are described below.

Senior Secured Credit Facility—The Company's senior secured credit facility consists of a \$124.0 million revolving credit facility and a \$265.0 million term loan. The obligations under the senior secured credit facility are secured by a lien on substantially all of the assets of NCM LLC.

Revolving Credit Facility—The revolving credit facility portion is available, subject to certain terms and conditions, for general corporate purposes of the Company in the ordinary course of business and for other transactions permitted under the senior secured credit facility, and a portion is available for letters of credit. The Company entered into two amendments to the senior secured credit facility during 2012. As a result, the Company's total availability under the revolving credit facility is \$124.0 million. On April 27, 2012, the Company entered into an amendment (the "Amendment") to its senior secured credit facility which resulted in the maturity of the remaining \$105.0 million available under the revolving credit facility to be extended to April 27, 2017, subject to acceleration if the term loan under the senior secured credit facility is not repaid, refinanced or extended by December 31, 2014. The Amendment became effective upon the completion of the private placement of the Senior Secured Notes (defined and discussed below) on April 27, 2012.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

6. BORROWINGS (Continued)

On November 26, 2012, the Company entered into an amendment and restatement of its senior secured credit facility, by and among NCM LLC, Barclays Bank PLC, as administrative agent, and certain lenders party thereto (the "Amended Credit Facility"). Under the Amended Credit Facility, the amount available under the Company's revolving credit facility was increased from \$119.0 million to \$124.0 million. The maturity date applicable to the \$14.0 million outstanding principal formerly held by Lehman remained December 31, 2014. The maturity date applicable to the remaining outstanding principal was extended to November 26, 2017. The unused line fee is 0.50% per annum.

Of the total available, \$14.0 million outstanding principal of the revolving credit facility formerly held by Lehman Brothers Holdings, Inc. ("Lehman") will not be repaid in connection with any future prepayments of the revolving credit facility amounts, but rather Lehman's share of the revolving credit facility will be paid in full by NCM LLC to the successor lenders, along with any accrued and unpaid fees and interest, on the termination date of December 31, 2014.

Borrowings under the revolving credit facility bear interest at the Company's option of either the LIBOR index plus an applicable margin or the base rate (Prime Rate or the Federal Funds Effective Rate, as defined in the senior secured credit facility) plus an applicable margin. The applicable margin for the revolving credit facility is determined quarterly and is subject to adjustment based upon a net senior secured leverage ratio for NCM LLC (the ratio of secured funded debt less unrestricted cash and cash equivalents, over a non-GAAP measure defined in the credit agreement). As part of the July 2011 amendment, the applicable margins on the \$110.0 million portion of the revolving credit facility increased by 75 basis points based upon the then current senior secured leverage ratio to the LIBOR index plus 2.25% or the base rate plus 1.25%. The margin on the \$14.0 million portion of the revolving credit facility remained unchanged at the LIBOR index plus 1.50% or the base rate plus 0.50%. The weighted-average interest rate on the outstanding balance on the revolving credit facility as of December 27, 2012 was 1.74%.

Term Loan—As a result of the Amended Credit Facility, the aggregate principal amount under the term loan increased from \$225 million to \$265 million and the maturity date was extended from February 13, 2015 to November 26, 2019. The interest rate was increased from the LIBOR index plus 1.50% or the base rate (Prime Rate or the Federal Funds Effective Rate, as defined in the Credit Facility) plus 0.50%, at the Company's option, to the LIBOR index plus 3.25% or the base rate (Prime Rate or the Federal Funds Effective Rate, as defined in the Credit Facility) plus 2.25%, at the Company's option. The loan was entered into with an original issue discount of 0.75%. The amendment resulted in a \$3.4 million non-cash charge for the write-off of net deferred issuance costs.

In connection with the amendment to the senior secured credit facility on April 27, 2012 and the private placement of \$400.0 million of Senior Secured Notes (defined below), the Company paid down the term loan by \$325.0 million, reducing the balance from \$550.0 million to \$225.0 million resulting in a non-cash charge of \$2.5 million for the write-off of net deferred issuance costs associated with the payment on the term loan. Prior to the Amended Credit Facility, interest rate swaps resulted in the entire \$225.0 million term loan having a fixed annual interest rate of 6.484% (both those accounted for as hedges and those that are not). The interest rate swaps were terminated as part of the Amended Credit Facility. See Note 11—Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities for further discussion of the interest rate swaps.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

6. BORROWINGS (Continued)

The senior secured credit facility contains a number of covenants and financial ratio requirements, with which the Company was in compliance at December 27, 2012, including maintaining a consolidated net senior secured leverage ratio of 6.5 times on a quarterly basis. The Company is permitted to make quarterly dividend payments and other payments based on the Company's leverage ratios so long as no default or event of default has occurred and continues to occur. The quarterly dividend payments and other distributions are made if the consolidated net senior secured leverage ratio is less than or equal to 6.5 times.

There are no borrower distribution restrictions as long as the Company's consolidated net senior secured leverage ratio is below 6.5 times and the Company is in compliance with its debt covenants. If there are limitations on the restricted payments, the Company may not declare or pay any dividends, or make any payments on account of the Company, or set aside assets for the retirement or other acquisition of capital stock of the borrower or any subsidiary, or make any other distribution for obligations of the Company. When these restrictions are effective, the Company may still pay the services fee and reimbursable costs pursuant to terms of the management agreement. The Company can also make payments pursuant to the tax receivable agreement in the amount, and at the time necessary to satisfy the contractual obligations with respect to the actual cash tax benefits payable to the Company's founding members.

As of December 27, 2012, the Company's net senior secured leverage ratio was 3.1 times (versus the covenant of 6.5 times).

Senior Unsecured Notes due 2021—On July 5, 2011, the Company completed a private placement of \$200.0 million in aggregate principal amount of 7.875% Senior Unsecured Notes ("Senior Unsecured Notes") for which the exchange offering was completed on September 22, 2011. The Senior Unsecured Notes have a maturity date of July 15, 2021 and pay interest semi-annually in arrears on January 15 and July 15 of each year, commencing January 15, 2012. The notes are subordinated to all existing and future secured debt, including indebtedness under the Company's existing senior secured credit facility and the Senior Secured Notes defined below. The Senior Unsecured Notes contain certain covenants with which the Company was in compliance as of December 27, 2012.

Senior Secured Notes due 2022—On April 27, 2012, the Company completed a private placement of \$400.0 million in aggregate principal amount of 6.00% Senior Secured Notes (the "Senior Secured Notes"). The Senior Secured Notes have a maturity date of April 15, 2022 and pay interest semi-annually in arrears on April 15 and October 15 of each year, which commenced October 15, 2012. The Senior Secured Notes are senior secured obligations of NCM LLC, rank the same as NCM LLC's senior secured credit facility, subject to certain exceptions, and share in the same collateral that secures NCM LLC's obligations under the senior secured credit facility. The Senior Secured Notes contain certain covenants with which the Company was in compliance as of December 27, 2012.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

6. BORROWINGS (Continued)

Future Maturities of Borrowings—The scheduled annual maturities on the senior secured credit facility and Senior Secured and Senior Unsecured Notes as of December 27, 2012 are as follows (in millions):

Year	Amount
<u>Year</u> 2013	<u>\$</u>
2014	14.0
2015	_
2016	=
2017	_
Thereafter	865.0
Total	\$ 879.0

7. SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION

At the date of the IPO, NCM, Inc. adopted the NCM, Inc. 2007 Equity Incentive Plan. As of December 27, 2012, there were 10,076,000 shares of common stock available for issuance or delivery under the Equity Incentive Plan of which 1,851,975 remain available for grants as of December 27, 2012. Options awarded under the Equity Incentive Plan are granted with an exercise price equal to the closing market price of NCM, Inc. common stock on the date NCM, Inc.'s board of directors approves the grant. Upon vesting of the restricted stock awards or exercise of options, NCM LLC will issue common membership units to NCM, Inc. equal to the number of shares of NCM, Inc.'s common stock represented by such awards. Options and non-vested restricted stock vest annually over a three or five-year period and options have either 10-year or 15-year contractual terms. A forfeiture rate of 5% was estimated to reflect the potential separation of employees.

The Company recognized \$4.7 million, \$7.5 million and \$7.0 million for the years ended December 27, 2012, December 29, 2011 and December 30, 2010, respectively, of share-based compensation expense and \$0.1 million were capitalized during each of the years ended December 27, 2012, December 29, 2011 and December 30, 2010, respectively. As of December 27, 2012, unrecognized compensation cost related to unvested options was approximately \$3.7 million, which will be recognized over a weighted average remaining period of 1.5 years.

The weighted average grant date fair value of granted options was \$4.08, \$3.81 and \$4.84 for the years ended December 27, 2012, December 29, 2011 and December 30, 2010, respectively. The intrinsic value of options exercised during the year was \$1.4 million, \$1.5 million and \$2.2 million for the years ended December 27, 2012, December 29, 2011 and December 30, 2010, respectively. The total fair value of awards vested during the years ended December 27, 2012, December 29, 2011 and December 30, 2010 was \$7.8 million, \$6.2 million and \$3.2 million, respectively.

The fair value of each option award is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing valuation model that uses the assumptions noted in the table below. Expected volatilities are based on implied volatilities from traded options on the Company's stock, historical volatility of the Company's stock, and other factors. The Company uses historical data to estimate option exercise and employee termination within the valuation model. The expected term of options granted is derived from the output of the option valuation model and represents the period of time that options granted

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

7. SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION (Continued)

are expected to be outstanding. The risk-free rate for periods within the contractual life of the option is based on the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of grant. The following assumptions were used in the valuation of the options for the years ended December 27, 2012, December 29, 2011 and December 30, 2010:

		Years Ended				
	December 27, 2012					
Expected term (in years)	6.0	6.0	6.0			
Risk free interest rate	.8% - 1.1%	1.2% - 2.4%	1.4% - 3.8%			
Expected volatility	53.2% - 54.6%	30.0% - 53.6%	39.0%			
Dividend yield	5.5%	3.8% to 4.0%	3.8% to 4.0%			

A summary of option award activity under the Equity Incentive Plan as of December 27, 2012, and changes during the year then ended are presented below:

	Options	A E	eighted verage xercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life (in years)	In	gregate trinsic Value millions)
Outstanding at December 29, 2011	4,837,572	\$	16.25			
Granted	562,623		13.28			
Exercised	(241,939)		9.31			
Forfeited	(173,233)		19.64			
Expired	(71)		17.46			
Outstanding at December 27, 2012	4,984,952	\$	16.13	7.6	\$	3.6
Exercisable at December 27, 2012	3,083,131	\$	16.09	7.2	\$	2.8
Vested and Expected to Vest at December 27, 2012	4,965,564	\$	16.14	7.6	\$	3.5

The following table summarizes information about the stock options at December 27, 2012, including the weighted average remaining contractual life and weighted average exercise price:

	O _I	otions Outstanding		Options Exercisable				
Range of Exercise Price	Number Outstanding as of December 27, 2012	Weighted Average Remaining Life (in years)	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Number Exercisable as of December 27, 2012	Weighted Average Exercise Price			
\$5.35 - \$13.55	1,165,240	7.5	\$ 11.09	604,908	\$ 9.44			
\$13.56 - \$16.66	1,114,470	8.3	16.01	916,694	16.23			
\$16.67 - \$16.97	915,650	7.1	16.97	605,895	16.97			
\$16.98 - \$18.38	1,237,326	8.1	18.28	487,744	18.23			
\$18.39 - \$26.76	552,266	6.3	20.80	467,890	21.00			
	4,984,952	7.6	\$ 16.13	3,083,131	\$ 16.09			

Non-vested (Restricted) Stock—NCM, Inc. has a non-vested stock program as part of the Equity Incentive Plan. The plan provides for non-vested stock awards to officers, board members and other

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

7. SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION (Continued)

key employees. Under the non-vested stock program, common stock of NCM, Inc. may be granted at no cost to officers, board members and key employees, subject to requisite service and meeting financial performance targets (for certain grants beginning in 2009), and as such restrictions lapse, the award vests in that proportion. The participants are entitled to cash dividends from NCM, Inc. and to vote their respective shares, although the sale and transfer of such shares is prohibited and the shares are subject to forfeiture during the restricted period. Additionally, the accrued cash dividends for 2010, 2011 and 2012 grants are subject to forfeiture during the restricted period. The shares are also subject to the terms and provisions of the Equity Incentive Plan. Non-vested stock awards granted in 2009 through 2012 (except grants to board members) include performance vesting conditions, which permit vesting to the extent that NCM, Inc. achieves specified non-GAAP targets at the end of the measurement period. The length of the measurement period is two to three years. Non-vested stock granted to non-employee directors vest after one year.

The Company recorded \$4.3 million, \$4.3 million and \$7.0 million in compensation expense related to such outstanding non-vested shares during the years ended December 27, 2012, December 29, 2011 and December 30, 2010, respectively. No compensation expense was recorded for the 2011 non-vested restricted stock grants subject to performance conditions as the grants are not expected to vest due to the projected underperformance against the specified non-GAAP targets as of December 27, 2012. Of the \$7.0 million in compensation expense for the year ended December 30, 2010, \$1.6 million was related to the Company's expected performance against the specified non-GAAP targets for the 2009 and 2010 grants as of December 30, 2010.

During the years ended December 27, 2012, December 29, 2011 and December 30, 2010 there was \$0.1 million, \$0.1 million and \$0.1 million capitalized, respectively. As of December 27, 2012, unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested stock was approximately \$3.6 million, which will be recognized over a weighted average remaining period of 1.7 years. The weighted average grant date fair value of non-vested stock was \$13.23, \$17.66 and \$17.24 for the years ended December 27, 2012, December 29, 2011 and December 30, 2010, respectively. The total fair value of awards vested was \$6.9 million, \$1.8 million and \$1.6 million during the years ended December 27, 2012, December 29, 2011 and December 30, 2010, respectively.

A summary of restricted stock award activity under the Equity Incentive Plan as of December 27, 2012, and changes during the year then ended are presented below:

	Number of Restricted Shares	Weighted Average Grant-Date Fair Value
Non-vested as of December 29, 2011	1,285,508	\$ 16.92
Granted	911,491	13.23
Exercised/released	(454,850)	15.72
Forfeited	(35,021)	16.02
Non-vested as of December 27, 2012	1,707,128	\$ 15.30

8. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

The Company sponsors the NCM 401(k) Profit Sharing Plan (the "Plan") under Section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, for the benefit of substantially all full-time employees.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

8. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

The Plan provides that participants may contribute up to 20% of their compensation, subject to Internal Revenue Service limitations. Employee contributions are invested in various investment funds based upon election made by the employee. The Company made discretionary contributions of \$1.0 million, \$0.9 million and \$0.9 million during the years ended December 27, 2012, December 29, 2011 and December 30, 2010, respectively.

9. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Legal Actions—The Company is subject to claims and legal actions in the ordinary course of business. The Company believes such claims will not have a material effect on its financial position or results of operations.

Operating Commitments—The Company leases office facilities for its headquarters in Centennial, Colorado and also in various cities for its sales and marketing personnel as sales offices. The Company has no capital lease obligations. Total lease expense for the years ended December 27, 2012, December 29, 2011 and December 30, 2010, was \$2.3 million, \$2.3 million and \$2.2 million, respectively.

Future minimum lease payments under noncancelable operating leases as of December 27, 2012 are as follows (in millions):

	Minimum Lease
Year	Payments
<u>Year</u> 2013	\$ 2.5
2014	2.5
2015	2.5
2016	2.6
2017	2.0
Thereafter	5.9
Total	\$ 18.0

Minimum Revenue Guarantees—As part of the network affiliate agreements entered in the ordinary course of business under which the Company sells advertising for display in various network affiliate theatre chains, the Company has agreed to certain minimum revenue guarantees on a per attendee basis. If a network affiliate achieves the attendance set forth in their respective agreement, the Company has guaranteed minimum revenue for the network affiliate per attendee if such amount paid under the revenue share arrangement is less than its guaranteed amount. The amount and term varies for each network affiliate, but terms range from three to 20 years, prior to any renewal periods of which some are at the option of the Company. The maximum potential amount of future payments the Company could be required to make pursuant to the minimum revenue guarantees is \$47.3 million over the remaining terms of the network affiliate agreements. As of December 27, 2012 and December 29, 2011, the Company had no liabilities recorded for these obligations as such guarantees are less than the expected share of revenue paid to the affiliate.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

10. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Fair Value of Financial Instruments—The carrying amount of the revolving credit facility is considered a reasonable estimate of fair value due to its floating-rate terms. The estimated fair values of the Company's financial instruments where carrying values do not approximate fair value are as follows (in millions):

		As of December 27, 2012				As of December 29, 2011			
	C	Carrying				arrying Value	East	ir Value(1)	
	_	Value					ra		
Term Loan	\$	265.0	\$	265.8	\$	550.0	\$	530.6	
Senior Unsecured Notes		200.0		222.0		200.0		198.4	
Senior Secured Notes		400.0		425.5		_		_	

(1) The Company has estimated the fair value on an average of at least two non-binding broker quotes and the Company's analysis. If the Company were to measure the borrowings in the above table at fair value on the balance sheet they would be classified as Level 2.

Recurring Measurements—The fair values of the Company's assets and liabilities measured on a recurring basis pursuant to ASC 820-10 Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures are as follows (in millions):

			Fair Value Measurements					
		at Re	porting Date Usin	ıg				
		Quoted Prices in	Significant					
		Active	Other	Significant				
	As of	Markets for	Observable	Unobservable				
	December 27,	Identical Assets	Inputs	Inputs				
	2012	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)				
ASSETS:								
Other investment(1)	0.8	_	0.8	_				
Total assets	\$ 0.8	ş —	\$ 0.8	\$ —				

(1) Other investment—The Company's other investment are equity securities in a privately held company.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

10. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

	1	As of December 29, 2011	Quoted Pric Active Mar for Identi Assets (Lev	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)		Significa Unobserv Inputs (Level	able s	
ASSETS:	_							
Other investment(1)	\$	0.2	\$	_	\$	0.2	\$	_
Total assets	\$	0.2	\$		\$	0.2	\$	_
LIABILITIES:	=						1	
Current portion of interest rate swap agreements(2)	\$	24.0	\$	_	\$	24.0	\$	_
Interest rate swap agreements(2)		46.8		_		46.8		_
Total liabilities	\$	70.8	\$		\$	70.8	\$	_
	_							

- (1) Other Investment—The Company's other investment are equity securities in a privately held company.
- (2) Interest Rate Swap Agreements—Refer to Note 11.

11. DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS AND HEDGING ACTIVITIES

Risk Management Objectives and Strategies

The Company is exposed to various financial and market risks including changes in interest rates that exist as part of its ongoing operations and utilizes certain derivative instruments to enhance its ability to manage these risks.

Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities

In accordance with ASC 815—Derivatives and Hedging, the effective portion of changes in the fair value of a derivative that is designated as a cash flow hedge is recorded in AOCI and reclassified into earnings in the same period or periods during which the hedged transaction affects earnings.

The Company formally documents all relationships between hedging instruments and the underlying hedged items, as well as its risk management objective and strategy for undertaking various hedge transactions. This process includes linking all derivatives that have been designated as cash flow hedges to forecasted transactions. The Company formally assesses, both at inception of the hedge and on an ongoing basis, whether the hedge is highly effective in offsetting changes in cash flows of the underlying hedged items. The Company also performs an assessment of the probability of the forecasted transactions on a periodic basis. If it is determined that a derivative ceases to be highly effective during the term of the hedge or if the forecasted transaction is no longer probable, the Company discontinues hedge accounting prospectively for such derivative.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

11. DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS AND HEDGING ACTIVITIES (Continued)

As of December 27, 2012 and December 29, 2011, the estimated fair value and line item caption of derivative instruments recorded were as follows (in millions):

		Fa	ir Value of Liabilit		ve
	Balance Sheet Location	Decem 20	,	Decem 20	
Derivatives designated as hedging instruments in cash flow hedges:					
Current portion of interest rate swap agreements	Current Liabilities	\$	_	\$	18.0
Interest rate swap agreements	Other Liabilities		_		35.1
Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments:					
Current portion of interest rate swap agreements	Current Liabilities		_		6.0
Interest rate swap agreements	Other Liabilities		_		11.7
Total derivatives		\$		\$	70.8

During 2012, the Company entered into two amendments to the senior secured credit facility (see Note 6—Borrowings) resulting in amendments to our derivative instruments.

On April 27, 2012, the Company amended its existing interest rate swap agreements terminating a notional amount of \$325.0 million (the aggregate amount of the term loan prepayment) such that 100% of the Company's interest rate exposure relating to the remaining \$225.0 million term loan debt balance remained hedged at 6.484%. Since the forecasted transactions, or quarterly interest payments, on the \$325.0 million term loan prepayment are no longer probable of occurring, the Company discontinued cash flow hedge accounting on those swaps and reclassified the corresponding outstanding balance in AOCI related to those interest rate swaps into earnings. As a result, the Company recorded a loss of approximately \$26.7 million related to the partial swap terminations and paid approximately \$40.2 million in breakage fees.

The swaps were terminated ratably among the four counterparties, however the Company's cash flow hedge accounting designation for each swap was pegged to varying balances of the underlying term loan. Cash flow hedge accounting was discontinued because the underlying debt instrument is no longer outstanding and the interest payments are no longer probable.

The Company also discontinued cash flow hedge accounting for swaps in which the Company terminated its swap with the counterparty, however, the corresponding term loan associated with those swaps remained outstanding. In accordance with ASC 815, the net derivative loss related to the discontinued cash flow hedges shall continue to be reported in AOCI because it is probable that the forecasted transaction will occur by the end of the originally specified time period.

In connection with the amendment to the term loans on November 26, 2012, the entire notional amount of NCM LLC's interest rate swaps with four counterparties, equal to \$225.0 million, was terminated such that the Company's interest rate exposure related to the Amended Term Loan will be unhedged. The Company paid approximately \$23.2 million in breakage fees in connection with the swap. The net derivative loss related to the discontinued cash flow hedges shall continue to be reported in AOCI because it is probable that the forecasted transaction will occur by the end of the originally specified time period.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

11. DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS AND HEDGING ACTIVITIES (Continued)

As of December 27, 2012, a total of \$21.9 million of cash flow hedges remaining in AOCI will be amortized in the Statements of Income over the original swap term or February 13, 2015. The Company estimates approximately \$10.3 million will be amortized to change in derivative fair value in the Statements of Income in the next 12 months.

During the periods presented, the Company also recorded changes in the fair value and amortization of AOCI related to an interest rate swap in which the Company discontinued cash flow hedge accounting in 2008 due to the bankruptcy of its counterparty. In connection with the swap terminations in April 2012, the entire balance of this swap was terminated and the remaining balance in AOCI of \$3.5 million was reclassified into earnings during the second quarter of 2012.

The effect of derivative instruments in cash flow hedge relationships on the financial statements for the years ended December 27, 2012, December 29, 2011 and December 30, 2010 were as follows (in millions):

		ed Gain (Loss) Reco Inc.'s Other Compre		Rea	alized Loss Recogniz in Interest on	red	
		Income (Pre-tax)		Borrowings (Pre-tax)			
		Years Ended			Years Ended		
	December 27,	December 29,	December 30,	December 27,	December 29,	December 30,	
	2012	2011	2010	2012	2011	2010	
terest Rate Swaps	\$ 26.0	\$ (18.1)	\$ (30.3)	\$ (9.1)	\$ (19.5)	\$ (19.4)	

The effect of derivatives not designated as hedging instruments under ASC 815 on the financial statements for the years ended December 27, 2012, December 29, 2011 and December 30, 2010 were as follows (in millions):

			Loss) Recognized ating Expenses (P	
		 . von open	Years Ended	· c tuaj
Derivative Instruments not Designated as Hedging Instruments	Income Statement Location	ember 27, 2012	December 29, 2011	December 30, 2010
Realized loss on derivative instruments	Interest on borrowings	\$ (5.1) \$	(6.5)	\$ (6.2)
Gain (loss) from change in fair value on cash flow hedges	Change in derivative fair value	3.0		(4.0)
Amortization of AOCI on discontinued cash flow hedges	Change in derivative fair value	(4.0)	(1.3)	(1.3)
Total		\$ (6.1) \$	(7.8)	\$ (11.5)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

12. SEGMENT REPORTING

Advertising revenue accounts for 91.2%, 88.7% and 88.7%, of revenue for the years ended December 27, 2012, December 29, 2011 and December 30, 2010, respectively. The following table presents revenues less directly identifiable expenses to arrive at income before income taxes for the advertising reportable segment, the combined Fathom Events operating segments, and network, administrative and unallocated costs. Refer to Note 1—Segment Reporting.

		Year Ended December 27, 2012 (in millions)							
			Fathom	Network, Administrative and					
	Ad	vertising	Events and		Unallocated Costs			Total	
Revenue	\$	409.5	\$	39.3	\$	_	\$	448.8	
Operating costs		95.8		29.0		18.9		143.7	
Selling and marketing costs		53.9		4.2		2.4		60.5	
Administrative and other costs		2.6		0.8		29.0		32.4	
Depreciation and amortization		_		_		20.4		20.4	
Interest and other costs						90.2		90.2	
Income before income taxes	\$	257.2	\$	5.3	\$	(160.9)	\$	101.6	

	Year	Year Ended December 29, 2011 (in millions)							
			Network, Administrative						
		Fathom Events and	and Unallocated						
	Advertising	Other	Costs Total						
Revenue	\$ 386.2	\$ 49.2	\$ — \$ 435.4						
Operating costs	80.0	34.1	17.7 131.8						
Selling and marketing costs	49.2	7.9	2.7 59.8						
Administrative and other costs	2.6	0.8	27.9 31.3						
Depreciation and amortization	_	_	18.8 18.8						
Interest and other costs			58.9 58.9						
Income before income taxes	\$ 254.4	\$ 6.4	\$ (126.0) \$ 134.8						

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

12. SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

		Year	r Ended December 30, 2010 (in millions)							
			F	athom	Network, Administrative and					
	Ad	vertising	Events and Other		Unallocated Costs	Total				
Revenue	\$	379.5	\$	48.0	\$ —	\$ 427.5				
Operating costs		74.3		32.4	20.0	126.7				
Selling and marketing costs		46.5		8.1	3.3	57.9				
Administrative and other costs		3.2		0.8	30.5	34.5				
Depreciation and amortization		_		_	17.8	17.8				
Interest and other costs					49.9	49.9				
Income before income taxes	\$	255.5	\$	6.7	\$ (121.5)	\$ 140.7				

The following is a summary of revenues by category (in millions):

	Years Ended						
		December 27,		December 29,		cember 30,	
		2012		2011		2010	
National advertising revenue	\$	288.7	\$	267.6	\$	272.0	
Local advertising revenue		81.1		80.6		70.3	
Founding member advertising revenue from beverage concessionaire agreements		39.7		38.0		37.2	
Fathom Consumer revenue		34.2		35.0		31.5	
Fathom Business revenue		5.1		14.2		16.5	
Total revenue	\$	448.8	\$	435.4	\$	427.5	

During the first quarter of 2012, the Company began to wind down the Fathom Business Events division, to place more focus on the Fathom Consumer Events division.

13. VALUATION AND QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS

The Company's valuation allowance for doubtful accounts for the years ended December 27, 2012, December 29, 2011 and December 30, 2010 were as follows (in millions):

	December 27, December 29, 2012 2011			nber 30, 010
ALLOWANCE FOR DOUBTFUL ACCOUNTS:				
Balance at beginning of period	\$	4.3	\$ 3.7	\$ 3.6
Provision for bad debt		1.2	2.1	2.3
Write-offs, net		(1.0)	(1.5)	(2.2)
Balance at end of period	\$	4.5	\$ 4.3	\$ 3.7

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

14. QUARTERLY FINANCIAL DATA (UNAUDITED)

The following represents selected information from the Company's unaudited quarterly Statements of Income for the years ended December 27, 2012 and December 29, 2011 (in millions):

		First	Second	Third	Fourth
2012	Q	uarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter
2012 Revenues	\$	79.1	\$ 110.1	\$ 143.7	\$ 115.9
Operating expenses		62.1	64.8	65.6	64.5
Operating income		17.0	45.3	78.1	51.4
Net income(1)		3.2	1.8	62.9	33.1

2011 Revenues	First uarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter
Revenues	\$ 70.8	\$ 114.0	\$ 136.0	\$ 114.6
Operating expenses	55.8	63.8	62.0	60.1
Operating income	15.0	50.2	74.0	54.5
Net income	5.1	37.6	56.6	35.2

⁽¹⁾ During the second quarter, the Company recorded a loss of approximately \$26.7 million related to partial swap terminations. See Note 11—Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities.

15. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

During the first quarter of 2013, NCM LLC issued 4,536,014 common membership units to its founding members, which is an adjustment to the previously issued common membership units issued in exchange for the rights to exclusive access, in accordance with the ESAs, to net new theatre screens and attendees added by the founding members to NCM LLC's network. As a result, NCM LLC recorded an intangible asset at fair value of the common membership units of \$69.0 million. The Company based the fair value of the intangible asset on the market value of the common membership units when issued, which are freely convertible into NCM, Inc.'s common stock. Pursuant to ASC 350-10 Intangibles—Goodwill and Other, the intangible asset has a finite useful life and the Company will amortize the asset over the remaining useful life corresponding with the ESAs.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Members

Digital Cinema Implementation Partners, LLC

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Digital Cinema Implementation Partners, LLC and Subsidiaries, which comprise the consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2012 and 2011, and the related consolidated statements of operations, members' equity and cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2012 and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Digital Cinema Implementation Partners, LLC and Subsidiaries as of December 31, 2012 and 2011, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2012 in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

/s/ CohnReznick LLP

Roseland, New Jersey February 20, 2013

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(\$ in thousands)

	Decem	er 31,	
	2012	2011	
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 19,161		
Accounts receivable, net	36,953	29,976	
Other current assets	208	195	
Total current assets	56,322	33,037	
Property and equipment, net	900,186	776,387	
Deferred financing costs, net	24,894	32,091	
Deferred warranty reimbursement costs, net	190,351	219,757	
Restricted cash	11,396	14,271	
Other noncurrent assets	26,783	12,239	
Total assets	\$ 1,209,932	\$ 1,087,782	
LIABILITIES AND MEMBERS' EQUITY			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 22,455	\$ 28,153	
Current maturities of long-term debt	24,700	2,200	
Warranty reimbursement liability, current	7,056	3,790	
Total current liabilities	54,211	34,143	
Warranty reimbursement liability (excluding current)	223,464	236,554	
Long-term debt (excluding current)	763,176	692,416	
Derivative liabilities	29,419	34,580	
Other noncurrent liabilities	76	42	
Total liabilities	1,070,346	997,735	
Commitments			
Members' equity	139,586	90,047	
Total liabilities and members' equity	\$ 1,209,932	\$ 1,087,782	

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(\$ in thousands)

	Yea	Years Ended December		
	2012	2011	2010	
REVENUES				
Virtual print fees	\$ 158,327			
Exhibitor lease fees	13,114	8,633	2,41	
Additional rent			154	
Alternative content fees	955	764	18	
Peak period payments	343	243	12	
Management fees	2,149	1,672		
Subtotal, operating revenues	174,888	120,708	34,76	
Warranty reimbursement costs	(23,371	(16,737)	(5,11	
Exhibitor lease, step-up rent adjustment	14,500	9,453	2,74	
Net operating revenues	166,017	113,424	32,39	
OPERATING EXPENSES				
General and administrative	9.796	7,749	9,26	
Depreciation and amortization	53,558	35,167	10,31	
Total operating expenses	63,354	42,916	19,57	
Operating income	102,663	70,508	12,81	
INTEREST EXPENSE				
Interest	58,574	43,918	13,51	
Paid-in-kind interest	5,459	4,286	1,98	
Amortization of deferred financing costs	7,198	7,658	4,37	
Derivative (gain) loss	(5,161	17,160	17,42	
Total interest expense	66,070	73,022	37,28	
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)				
Interest income	5	4		
Loss on sale of assets	(43		_	
Other income	197	,		
~	159	4		
Total other income, net			-	
Net income (loss)	\$ 36,752	\$ (2,510)	\$ (24,46	

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF MEMBERS' EQUITY

(\$ in thousands)

	Years Ended December 31,			1,
	 2012	2011		2010
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 90,047	\$ 63,942	\$	1,891
Capital contributions	12,787	28,615		90,897
Distributions to Members				(4,385)
Net income (loss)	36,752	(2,510)	(24,461)
Balance, end of year	\$ 139,586	\$ 90,047	\$	63,942

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(\$ in thousands)

	Years Ended December 31,			,	
		2012	2011		2010
Operating activities:					
Net income (loss)	\$	36,752	\$ (2,510)	\$	(24,461)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:					
Depreciation and amortization		53,558	35,167		10,311
Amortization of deferred warranty reimbursement costs		23,371	16,737		5,111
Amortization of deferred financing costs		7,198	7,658		4,371
Derivative loss		(5,161)	17,160		17,420
Loss on sale of assets		43			1.000
Paid-in-kind interest Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		5,459	4,286		1,980
Accounts receivable		(6,977)	(15,997)		(13,979
Other current and noncurrent assets		(14,557)	. , ,		(3,002
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		2,432	207		(1,835
Warranty reimbursement liability		(2,428)			(1,033
Payment of prior period warranty reimbursement liability		(528)			_
Other noncurrent liabilities		34	(37)		50
	_			_	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	_	99,196	52,627	_	(4,034
Investing activities:					
Purchase of property and equipment		(160,320)	(423,927)		(280,532
Payment of prior period property and equipment in accounts payable		(26,341)	(37,416)		_
Sale of property and equipment		298	_		_
Restricted cash		2,875	(7,797)		(6,474
Net cash used in investing activities		(183,488)	(469,140)		(287,006
Financing activities:					
Increase in long-term debt		90,000	603,750		291,250
Paydown of long-term debt		(2,200)			291,230
Capital contributions from Members		12,787	28,615		40,173
Distributions to Members			20,015		(4,352
Deferred financing costs		_	(11,684)		(31,460
Net cash provided by financing activities	_	100,587	414,031	-	295,611
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	_	16,295	(2,482)	_	4,571
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		2,866	5,348		777
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	19,161	\$ 2,866	\$	5,348
Supplemental schedule of non-cash investing and financing activities: Additions to property and equipment included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	e	17,378	\$ 26,341	¢	37,416
	\$			\$	37,410
Warranty reimbursement payable in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	1,361	\$ 528	\$	
Deferred warranty asset and warranty reimbursement obligation	\$	(6,035)		\$	118,969
Non-cash contributions from Members	\$		<u> </u>	\$	50,724
Non-cash distributions to Members	\$		<u> </u>	\$	33

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1-Nature of Operations

Digital Cinema Implementation Partners, LLC, ("DCIP", and together with its consolidated wholly-owned subsidiaries, the "Company") was formed as a Delaware limited liability company on February 12, 2007 for the purpose of raising third-party capital to purchase and deploy digital cinema projection equipment ("Digital Systems") in theatres located throughout the United States and Canada. The Company is headquartered in New Jersey and has offices in Colorado and Minnesota. The Company is owned by its founding members American Multi-Cinema, Inc. ("AMC"), Cinemark Media, Inc. ("Cinemark") and Regal/DCIP Holdings, LLC ("Regal") (collectively, the "Founding Members").

On March 10, 2010, the Company completed an initial financing transaction for the deployment of Digital Systems utilizing its subsidiary entities Kasima, LLC ("Kasima"), Kasima Holdings, LLC ("Holdings") and Kasima Parent Holdings, LLC ("Parent") to execute its business plan. Kasima is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Holdings, Holdings is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Parent and Parent is a wholly-owned subsidiary of the DCIP. On March 31, 2011, the Company obtained the incremental financing necessary to complete its planned deployment of Digital Systems. See Note 3 for a more detailed description of these financing transactions.

Digital Systems are purchased by Kasima and leased to each Founding Member or one of its affiliates (each such entity, an "Exhibitor") pursuant to the terms of a Master Equipment Lease Agreement ("ELA"). Kasima facilitates the installation of the leased Digital Systems into each Exhibitor's theatres pursuant to the terms of an Installation Agreement. The Exhibitor is responsible for the ongoing maintenance and insurance of the Digital Systems. The Company has also entered into (and assigned to Kasima) long-term Digital Cinema Deployment Agreements ("DCDAs") with six major motion picture studios ("Major Studios") pursuant to which Kasima receives a virtual print fee ("VPF") each time the studio books a film or certain other content on the Digital Systems. Other content distributors have entered into DCDAs or shorter term agreements with the Company that provide for the payment of VPFs to Kasima for bookings of the distributor's content on a Digital System.

On June 20, 2011, DCIP and Canadian Digital Cinema Partnership ("CDCP") entered into a long-term management services agreement (an "MSA" and with respect to CDCP, the "CDCP MSA") to manage a similar deployment of Digital Systems in Canada and to perform certain other specified services for CDCP related thereto (see Note 2). CDCP is a Canadian limited partnership formed by Cineplex Entertainment LP ("Cineplex") and Empire Theatres Ltd. ("Empire") to facilitate the purchase and deployment of Digital Systems to their theatres in Canada. On April 1, 2012, DCIP entered into a long-term MSA with Cinemark USA, Inc., a Texas corporation and an affiliate of Cinemark, to manage deployment of Digital Systems to theatres operated by its affiliates in Latin America (the "CNI MSA").

Note 2—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Principles of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of DCIP and its subsidiaries. Intercompany accounts have been eliminated in consolidation.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 2—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. The Company's most significant estimates relate to depreciation and recoverability of property and equipment, amortization, the valuation of derivative agreements and the reimbursement liability concerning equipment warranty and replacement costs under the ELAs. The Company bases its estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that the Company believes to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results could differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

Cash and cash equivalents

The Company considers all highly-liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. The carrying amount of the Company's cash equivalents approximates fair value due to the short maturities of these investments and consists primarily of money market funds and other overnight investments. The Company maintains bank accounts with major banks, which from time to time may exceed the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation's insured limits. The Company periodically assesses the financial condition of the institutions and believes that the risk of any loss is minimal.

Concentration of credit risk

At December 31, 2012, 2011 and 2010 the Company had five customers that represented 56%, 62% and 69%, respectively, of operating revenues and five customers that represented 63% and 71%, respectively, of net accounts receivable. These customers are each parties to DCDAs. None of the Company's other customers individually represented more than 10% of operating revenues for the years ended December 31, 2012, 2011 or 2010 or accounts receivable at December 31, 2012 or 2011.

The Company has credit risk associated with certain accounts receivable, which consists primarily of amounts owed by the Major Studios and other digital content distributors. The Company actively monitors the status of its accounts receivable and has mechanisms in place to minimize the potential for incurring material accounts receivable credit losses. At December 31, 2012 and 2011 management has determined that there is no requirement for an allowance for doubtful accounts.

Concentration of supplier risk

The Company currently purchases Digital System components from a limited number of suppliers. The inability to obtain certain components on a timely basis would limit the Company's ability to complete installation of such systems in a timely manner and could affect the amount of future revenues. In 2012, 2011 and 2010, two suppliers represented 81%, 74% and 76%, respectively, of the amount spent by the Company on Digital System component purchases.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 2—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Concentration in foreign countries

The Company leases Digital Systems to AMC (pursuant to its ELA) for theatres located in Canada and receives revenues from CDCP pursuant to the CDCP MSA. During 2012, AMC sold the majority of its Canadian theatres to Cineplex and Empire, significantly reducing the number of Digital Systems leased by Kasima to AMC in Canada. The revenue earned from these operations is paid to the Company in U.S. dollars. For the years ended December 31, 2012, 2011 and 2010, revenues earned from Canadian sources totaled \$2,494,000, \$2,228,000 and \$261,000, respectively. The carrying value of equipment deployed in Canada at December 31, 2012 and 2011, totaled \$197,000 and \$2,798,000, respectively. The CNI MSA did not produce revenue for the year ended December 31, 2012.

Fair value and credit risk

All current assets and liabilities are carried at cost, which approximates fair value due to the short-term maturities of those instruments. The Company's Credit Facility (see Note 7) is comprised of floating rate instruments and management believes fair value approximates carrying value. The Note Facility (see Note 7) is a fixed rate instrument for which the Company estimates fair value at approximately \$172.8 million, a premium of \$37.8 million to its carrying value. This sestimate is based on the present value of the cash flows discounted at an estimated market interest rate. This rate was estimated based on the change in interest rates for risk free treasury bonds from the inception of the Note Facility to December 31, 2012 and was further adjusted based on management's assessment of business risk for the current operating entity contrasted to the development-stage entity at the inception of the Note Facility.

Property and equipment, net

Property and equipment, net, is stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation and amortization. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets as follows:

Computer equipment and software	3 - 5 years
Leasehold improvements	5 years
Digital cinema projection equipment	17.5 years
Furniture and fixtures	7 years

Leasehold improvements are amortized over the shorter of the lease term or the estimated useful life of the assets. Certain costs of computer software developed or obtained for internal use are capitalized and amortized on a straight-line basis over three to five years. Costs for general and administrative expenses, overhead, maintenance and training, as well as the cost of software coding that does not add functionality to existing systems, are expensed as incurred. Upon the sale or other disposition of any property and equipment, the cost and related accumulated depreciation and amortization are removed from the accounts and the gain or loss on disposal is included in the statements of operations.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 2—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Deferred financing costs, net

Deferred financing costs are amortized on a straight-line basis by a charge to interest expense over the terms of the respective financing agreements. Accumulated amortization of deferred financing costs at December 31, 2012, and 2011totaled \$19,228,000 and \$12,029,000, respectfully.

Fair value measurements

The Company accounts for and reports the fair value of certain assets and liabilities. The Company applies fair value accounting for financial assets and liabilities that are recognized or disclosed at fair value in the consolidated financial statements.

The Company utilizes valuation techniques that maximize the use of observable inputs (Levels 1 and 2) and minimize the use of unobservable inputs (Level 3) within the fair value hierarchy established by the Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC"):

- Level 1: Quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Observable market-based inputs or unobservable inputs that are corroborated by market data.
 - evel 3: Unobservable inputs reflecting the reporting entity's own assumptions.

The following table sets forth, by level, the fair value measurements of the Company's consolidated financial liabilities (\$ in thousands):

Fair Value Measurements

	Decen	December 31, 2012		vel 1	Level 2	Level 3	3
Fair value of Interest Rate Swap	\$	(29,725)(1)	\$	_	\$ (29,725)	\$ -	
Fair value of Interest Rate Cap		306 (1)		_	306	-	_
	\$	(29,419)(1)	\$		\$ (29,419)	\$ -	
			_	_			_

Reported in derivative liabilities on the consolidated balance sheets.

The fair value of the Company's obligation under its Interest Rate Swap and Interest Rate Cap (each as defined below) is based upon observable market-based inputs that reflect the present values of the difference between estimated future fixed rate payments and future variable receipts and, therefore, is classified within Level 2. The Level 2 fair value of the Interest Rate Swap and Interest Rate Cap at December 31, 2011 was \$(35,800) and \$1,220, respectively.

Accounting for derivatives

In March 2010, the Company executed (and in March 2011 amended) an interest rate swap agreement (as amended, the "Interest Rate Swap") and an interest rate cap agreement (the "Interest Rate Cap") to limit the Company's exposure to changes in interest rates. Derivative financial instruments such as the Interest Rate Swap and Interest Rate Cap are recorded at fair value. Changes in the fair value of derivative financial instruments are either recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income (a component of Member's equity) or in the consolidated statements of

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 2—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

operations depending on whether the derivative is being used to hedge changes in cash flows or fair value. The Company has determined that the Interest Rate Swap and Interest Rate Cap are not effective hedging transactions; therefore, the changes in market value of the Interest Rate Swap and Interest Rate Cap are recorded as interest expense in the consolidated statements of operations.

Income taxes

The Company is a limited liability company and, as such, is treated as a partnership for federal and state income tax purposes. Accordingly, as a partnership for tax purposes, the Company is not a taxable entity and is not subject to federal or state income taxes. Income or loss of the Company as a limited liability company is reported to and included in the individual income tax returns of its members. Tax years ended on or about December 31, 2012, 2011, 2010 and 2009 remain open to examination by federal and state taxing authorities with regard to the allocation of income or losses by the Company to its members.

Impairment of long-lived assets

The Company reviews the recoverability of its long-lived assets when events or conditions exist that indicate a possible impairment. The assessment for recoverability is based primarily on the Company's ability to recover the carrying value of its long-lived assets from expected future undiscounted net cash flows. If the total of expected future undiscounted net cash flows is less than the total carrying value of an asset, the asset is deemed not to be recoverable and possibly impaired. The Company then estimates the fair value of the asset to determine whether an impairment loss should be recognized. An impairment loss will be recognized if the carrying value of the asset exceeds its fair value. Fair value is determined by computing the expected future discounted cash flows. No impairment charges were recorded for the years ended December 31, 2012, 2011 or 2010.

Revenue recognition

The majority of the Company's revenues are VPFs from Major Studios under the DCDAs. The Company earns VPF revenue when movies and certain other content distributed by Major Studios and other content distributors are booked and exhibited on screens utilizing the Company's Digital Systems. VPFs are earned and payable based on a fee schedule outlined in the DCDAs and other VPF agreements. The VPF revenue is recognized in the period in which it is earned, generally the first time the content is booked and exhibited in the theatre auditorium for which a Digital System has been installed.

The DCDAs with the Major Studios require the payment of VPFs for a period that ends on the earlier to occur of (i) the tenth anniversary of the "mean deployment date" for all Digital Systems scheduled to be deployed over a period of up to five years, or (ii) the date the Company achieves "cost recoupment", each as defined in the DCDAs. Cost recoupment occurs when revenues attributable to the Digital Systems exceed the costs associated with their purchase (including financing), deployment, administration and other allowed amounts, all as defined in the DCDAs.

In addition to VPF revenue, the Company also earns a fee each time certain digital content other than feature films (e.g., concerts, sporting events and opera performances) is booked and exhibited on a Digital System. The Company refers to fees derived on a per-exhibition basis from these alternative forms of digital content as alternative content fees ("ACFs"). ACFs may be paid by the distributor of

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 2—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

the alternative content pursuant to an agreement with the Company or by the Exhibitor showing the content pursuant to its ELA. ACF revenue is recognized in the period in which the alternative content is exhibited.

Lease revenues in respect of the Digital Systems and certain other rental and usage fees are earned by the Company in accordance with the terms of the ELAs. All amounts due to the Company under these agreements are recognized as revenue when earned and any unearned amounts are recorded as deferred revenue. The initial lease term for each piece of equipment deployed under the ELAs begins on the date the equipment is placed in service and continues for 12 years, with the first and last month incurring one-half of the monthly lease payment otherwise due.

The Company generates multiple revenue streams from the leased Digital Systems under the ELAs as follows:

Lease fees are payable by the Exhibitors monthly and are comprised of a fixed base lease rate with a step-up in rate for all equipment (regardless of lease commencement date) on October 1, 2016. The Company recognizes lease revenue from these fees on a straight-line method making an allowance for the step-up in rent.

Subject to certain minimum revenue tests in the ELAs, additional rent ("Additional Rent") may be due in respect of complexes ("Additional Rent Complexes") that are not 100% converted to digital within four weeks of the initial deployment of a Digital System in the complex by the Company. Additional Rent, if any, is calculated and recognized on a monthly basis, but billed and paid semi-annually.

Contingent rent may be due under the ELAs if total revenues in respect of the Digital Systems deployed thereunder (calculated quarterly on a rolling last twelve month basis) fail to meet certain minimum revenue thresholds. The minimum revenue thresholds were prorated for the initial four quarters of the ELAs. Contingent rent, if any, is calculated and recognized monthly, but billed and paid quarterly.

Peak period payments are due under the ELAs when the leased Digital Systems are taken out of service by an Exhibitor for one or more consecutive defined "peak periods" (generally a weekend) as a result of relocation, damage or a complex closing. Peak period payments, if any, are recognized, billed and paid monthly.

In accordance with the ELAs the Exhibitors are required to acquire extended warranties with respect to the leased Digital Systems covering the period from the expiration of the initial included manufacturer's warranty through the date of repayment of the Credit Facility and Note Facility (each as defined in Note 7) (the "Warranty End Date"), but in no event later than 12 years from the effective date of the ELAs. Following the Warranty End Date, the Exhibitors may choose to continue extended warranty coverage through the expiration of the DCDAs (the "DCDA End Date"). The DCDA End Date will occur on the earlier of (i) the tenth anniversary of the "mean deployment date" of the Digital Systems or (ii) the date the Company achieves "cost recoupment", each as defined in the DCDAs. The Company expects that the Exhibitors will maintain extended warranty coverage through the DCDA End Date. Pursuant to the ELAs, the Company is required to reimburse the Exhibitor for the costs of the extended warranties (and/or equipment replacement costs) subject to quarterly caps set forth in the ELAs. This contractual obligation by the Company to incur costs at a future date for the extended warranties or replacement costs when the leased equipment is purchased creates a liability at

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 2—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

the purchase date and a contra revenue adjustment in respect of revenues derived under the ELAs that is recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. During the year ended December 31, 2012, based on deployments to date and revised projections of future deployments, management estimated that the "mean deployment date" has been accelerated by approximately one year from the date originally projected. As a result, management now estimates that the DCDA End Date will occur and the warranty reimbursement obligation will end during 2021 rather than 2022. This change in estimate resulted in a \$45,481,000 reduction in the overall warranty liability and related warranty asset. The impact of this change on the Company's results of operations for the year ended December 31, 2012 and subsequent years is not material.

The Company also earns revenues in respect of the services DCIP provides under the CDCP MSA. The revenues are earned ratably as the services are performed under the agreement.

Subsequent events

The Company has evaluated subsequent events through February 20, 2013, which is the date the consolidated financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 3—Financing Transactions

On March 10, 2010, the Company completed a financing transaction to enable the purchase, deployment and leasing of Digital Systems for approximately 10,000 movie theatre screens operated by the Exhibitors in the United States and Canada over the subsequent three to five years. On March 31, 2011, the Company completed an incremental financing transaction to enable the purchase, deployment and leasing of Digital Systems for approximately 4,700 additional movie theatre screens operated by the Exhibitors in the United States and Canada.

The financing transaction completed in March 2010 consisted of a \$79,472,000 equity contribution to DCIP from the Founding Members (subsequently contributed as equity to Kasima), a \$135,000,000 long-term promissory note commitment (the Note Facility described in Note 7) to Parent from an investor group and a \$445,000,000 senior secured loan commitment (also described in Note 7) to Kasima from a group of commercial banks. The equity contribution from the Founding Members consisted of \$50,724,000 of previously installed Digital Systems and \$28,748,000 of cash. The contributed Digital Systems were recorded by the Company at their fair value on the date of contribution. The financing transaction completed in March 2011 consisted of a \$220,000,000 incremental senior secured term loan (the Incremental Term Loan described in Note 7) to Kasima from a group of commercial banks and institutional investors.

Note 4—Consolidated Balance Sheet Components

Restricted cash

The Company had restricted cash of \$11,396,000 and \$14,271,000 on hand at December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively, in the form of an interest reserve escrow account related to the Credit Facility (see Note 7) and an excess cost escrow account for the funding of Digital Systems in excess of costs caps established in the related credit agreement.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 4—Consolidated Balance Sheet Components (Continued)

Accounts receivable, net

Accounts receivable, net consists of the following (\$ in thousands):

	Decemb	er 31,
	2012	2011
Accounts receivable	\$ 38,087	\$ 30,807
Accrued revenue	41	129
Deferred revenue(1)	(1,175)	(960)
Total accounts receivable, net	\$ 36,953	\$ 29,976

⁽¹⁾ Deferred revenue consists of unearned amounts billed but not collected at December 31, 2012, 2011 and 2010.

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities consists of the following (\$ in thousands):

	Decem	ber 31,
	2012	2011
Accounts payable	\$ 13,257	\$ 23,814
Accrued equipment purchases leased to others	3,533	2,430
Accrued bonus and compensation	3,327	721
Warranty reimbursement payable	1,361	528
Accrued taxes payable	184	306
Accrued interest payable	163	288
Other accrued liabilities	51	66
Accrued equipment purchases, not deployed	579	_
Total accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 22,455	\$ 28,153

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 5—Property and Equipment, net

Property and equipment, net consists of the following (\$ in thousands):

	December 31,			,
		2012		2011
Equipment leased to others(1)	\$	993,648	\$	807,696
Equipment, not deployed		1,263		10,065
Computer equipment and software		4,674		4,599
Leasehold improvements		382		298
Furniture and fixtures		244		244
Total property and equipment		1,000,211		822,902
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization		(100,025)		(46,515)
Property and equipment, net	\$	900,186	\$	776,387

At December 31, 2012, the approximate cost and carrying value of equipment leased to others was \$994,000 and \$898,000 and at December 31, 2011, \$808,000 and \$764,000.

Note 6—Exhibitor Lease Fees

The Company earns lease revenues and other fees through the lease of Digital Systems to the Exhibitors in accordance with the ELAs described in Note 2. The aggregate future minimum lease revenues due under non-cancellable equipment lease agreements that have initial or remaining terms in excess of one year as of December 31, 2012 are as follows (\$ in thousands):

Year ending December 31,	Amount
2013	\$ 14,147
2014	14,147
2015	14,147
2016	23,578
2017	42,441
Thereafter	224,677
Total	\$ 333,137

Revenues earned under the ELAs for the years ended December 31, 2012, 2011 and 2010 totaled \$13,649,000, \$9,603,000 and \$2,749,000, respectively.

Note 7—Long-term Debt

Credit facility

On March 10, 2010, DCIP, Holdings and Kasima entered into a Credit Agreement with JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. as Administrative Agent and a group of lenders which agreed to provide Kasima a \$110 million revolving line of credit ("Revolver") and a \$335 million delayed draw term loan ("Term Loan"). On March 31, 2011 the Credit Agreement was amended and restated to include a \$220 million incremental term loan (the "Incremental Term Loan" and together with the Revolver and the Term Loan, the "Credit Facility"). Borrowings under the Credit Facility are being used (i) to fund the

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 7—Long-term Debt (Continued)

purchase and installation of Digital Systems by Kasima, (ii) to reimburse the Company for its permitted operating expenses associated with management services it provides to Kasima and Holdings pursuant to a management services agreement (the "MSA"), (iii) to fund payment of fees, interest and expenses payable under the Credit Facility, (iv) to fund distributions in respect of the Note Facility as permitted by the Credit Facility and (v) for other permitted operating expenses of Kasima and Holdings including interest reserve requirements, closing costs and upfront fees, associated with the Credit Facility. All costs of the Digital Systems exceeding established caps are funded by capital contributions from the Founding Members. Each borrowing under the Credit Facility must be at least \$20 million increments.

The net proceeds from the Incremental Term Loan (\$205 million) were used to prepay a portion of the Company's then outstanding delayed draw Term Loans and the Company's existing lenders agreed to increase their lending commitments by the amount prepaid and to extend the date of their Term Loan commitments from March 10, 2012 to September 30, 2012. The Incremental Term Loan was fully drawn at closing on March 31, 2011. The Revolver is available following the availability of the Term Loan and subject to certain conditions through March 10, 2015, the maturity date (the "Original Maturity Date") of the Term Loan and Revolver. The maturity date of the Incremental Term Loan is March 31, 2017 (the "Incremental Maturity Date"). At December 31, 2012, the Revolver was fully drawn, subject to hold-back provisions contained in the Credit Facility. Each Term Loan, Incremental Term Loan and Revolver borrowing bears interest, at the option of Kasima, at either the Adjusted LIBO Rate or the Alternate Base Rate, each as defined in the Credit Facility, plus the defined Applicable Rate, which is 2.75% in the case of borrowings based on the Alternate Base Rate and 3.75% for borrowings based on the Adjusted LIBO Rate. The Incremental Term Loan is further subject to an Adjusted LIBO Rate floor of 1.25%. The commitment fee on undrawn amounts in respect of the Term Loan is 1.25% per annum and in respect of the Revolver is 0.50% per annum.

The Incremental Term Loan amortizes at a rate of 1.00% of its original principal amount per annum, payable in quarterly increments of \$550,000 that commenced on June 30, 2011, with the remaining balance, including any unpaid interest and fees, payable on the Incremental Maturity Date. Beginning September 30, 2013, in addition to interest in respect of all of its borrowings under the Credit Facility and undrawn commitment fees in respect of the Term Loan and Revolver, the Company must repay a principal amount of the Term Loan equal to \$78.5 million in installments over a six quarter period ending December 31, 2014, with the balance of the Term Loan and Revolver, including any unpaid interest and fees outstanding, due on the Original Maturity Date. Kasima may at any time terminate or permanently reduce commitments under the Credit Facility without premium or penalty in \$5 million increments of not less than \$20 million. Following the first four quarter period for which Cash Flow from Operations exceeds Consolidated Fixed Charges (each as defined), the Credit Facility will be permanently reduced by quarterly prepayments required to be made by Kasima based on defined Excess Cash Flow.

The "Borrower" under the Credit Facility is Kasima and the Credit Facility is guaranteed by Holdings and each direct or indirect subsidiary of Holdings other than the Borrower. The Credit Facility is secured by a first priority lien on all of the assets of the Company (with certain negotiated exclusions), including contract rights, cash and securities accounts and the Digital Systems on Exhibitors' premises. Company assets excluded from the Credit Facility collateral package include, but are not limited to the rights to receivables under the MSA and the membership interest in Holdings, which is pledged in support of the Note Facility.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 7—Long-term Debt (Continued)

Under the Credit Facility, the Borrower is required to maintain compliance with certain financial covenants. Material covenants include an interest coverage ratio beginning June 30, 2013, average revenues and bookings per screen performance measures, a minimum liquidity of \$25 million comprised of undrawn Revolver balance, cash balances and interest reserve, and capital expenditure limitations. At December 31, 2012, the Borrower was in compliance with all of its Credit Facility covenants.

Note purchase agreement

On March 10, 2010, Parent entered into a Note Purchase Agreement with Wilmington Trust Company as Parent Note Agent pursuant to which a group of mezzanine debt funds (the "Noteholders") affiliated with Highbridge Mezzanine Partners agreed to purchase, subject to certain conditions, notes (the "Parent Notes") issued by Parent due March 10, 2025 (the "Note Maturity Date") totaling \$135 million (the "Note Facility"). The first purchase of Parent Notes occurred on March 10, 2010 in the amount of \$52.5 million. The second purchase of Parent Notes occurred on April 6, 2011 in the amount of \$53.7 million. The proceeds of the Note Facility are being and will be used for the purposes described for the Credit Facility above. The Company provides management services to Parent and is reimbursed for its out-of-pocket expenses up to a cap set forth in a management services agreement between the Company and Parent. All net proceeds of the Note Facility are being and will be contributed as equity to Holdings and then to Kasima, by each of Parent and Holdings, respectively. The Parent Notes issued bear interest at 15.12% per annum, of which 12.0% (the "Current Yield") is paid in cash quarterly subject to restrictions set forth in the Credit Facility. Accrued and unpaid interest ("PIK Interest") is added to the outstanding principal balance of Parent Notes on each Current Yield payment date. All outstanding Parent Notes together with any PIK Interest are due on the Note Maturity Date. The Company may at any time prepay the Parent Notes in increments of \$1 million, subject to restrictions, on or after March 10, 2014 as set forth in the Note Facility.

The Company's long-term debt at December 31, 2012, 2011 and 2010 consisted of the following (\$ in thousands):

			Carrying Amount	
Instrument	Maturity Date	Interest Rate(2)	2012	2011
Term Loan	03/10/2015	4.07%\$	335,000	\$ 335,000
Incremental Term Loan	03/31/2017	5.00%	216,150	218,350
Revolver	03/10/2015	4.07%	90,000	_
Parent Notes(1)	03/10/2025	15.12%	146,726	141,266
Total Long-term Debt		\$	787,876	\$ 694,616

⁽¹⁾ Parent Notes include PIK Interest of \$11,726 and \$6,266 at December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

⁽²⁾ Interest rates in effect at December 31, 2012. At December 31, 2011, Term Loan, Incremental Term Loan and Parent Notes interest rates were 4.33%, 5.00% and 15.12%, respectfully.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 7—Long-term Debt (Continued)

The Company's aggregate maturities of long-term debt are as follows (\$ in thousands):

Years Ending December 31,	Amount
2013	\$ 24,700
2014	58,200
2015	348,700
2016	2,200
2017	207,350
2018 to 2024	_
2025	146,726
Total	\$ 787,876

Interest expense on long-term debt was \$64,033,000, \$48,204,000 and \$15,491,000, for the years ended December 31, 2012, 2011 and 2010, respectively, consisting of cash interest of \$58,574,000, \$43,918,000 and \$13,421,000 respectively, and PIK Interest of \$5,460,000,\$4,286,000 and \$1,980,000, respectively.

Derivatives

The Interest Rate Swap and Interest Rate Cap contracts were entered into for interest expense cost protection from rising variable interest rates and are currently associated with the Company's Term Loan and Revolver, which mature on March 10, 2015, and its Incremental Term Loan, which matures on March 31, 2017. Under the Interest Rate Swap contracts, the Company receives current market LIBOR interest rate payments, subject to an interest rate floor for the Incremental Term Loan of 1.25%, and pays a fixed rate of 3.71% for the Term Loan and Revolver and 2.93% for the Incremental Term Loan per annum, each calculated on the same notional principal amount which changes for each fiscal quarterly period commencing as of the quarter ended September 30, 2010 and terminating on the contract expiration dates of March 31, 2015 and 2017, respectively. The Interest Rate Swap contracts in effect for the quarterly period ended December 31, 2012 required the Company to pay a fixed rate of 3.71% per annum on a notional contract amount of \$334,075,000 (Term Loan) and 2.93% per annum on a notional contract amount of \$172,920,000 (Incremental Term Loan), The Company received an interest payment based on the same notional contract value and calculated at a LIBOR interest rate of 0.32% per annum (Term Loan) and 1.25% per annum (Incremental Term Loan), as in effect for the quarter ended December 31, 2012. This protection against rising market interest rates extends until March 31, 2015 in respect of the Term Loan and Revolver and March 31, 2017 in respect of the Incremental Term Loan and is based on notional amounts as determined by the Interest Rate Swap contracts which increased quarterly up to a maximum of \$509,800,000 at March 31, 2012 and then decline to \$55,479,000 for the quarter ended March 31, 2017.

The Interest Rate Cap protects the Company from rising quarterly LIBOR market interest rates that exceed 3.71% based on a notional contract schedule of \$222,998,000 beginning for the quarter ended March 31, 2015 then decline to a notional contract value of \$13,043,000 for the quarterly period ended December 31, 2015. The Company expects to have LIBOR based bank borrowings during this term and will receive an interest rate payment in the event that quarterly LIBOR interest rates then in effect exceed 3.71%. These payments, if any are based on an interest rate equal to the rate by which

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 7—Long-term Debt (Continued)

the LIBOR rate exceeds 3.71% per annum and are calculated on the applicable notional contract value in effect for each quarterly contract period.

Note 8-Retirement Plan

The Company maintains a defined contribution plan for eligible employees under Section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Company's plan provides for eligible employees to contribute up to 80% of eligible compensation with a Company match of 50% of the first 6% of employee contributions. All employees are eligible to participate in the plan upon hire. The Company's contributions to the plan totaled \$48,000, \$34,000 and \$32,000 for the years ended December 31, 2012, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

Note 9—Commitments

Operating leases

The Company has leased facilities in the states of New Jersey, Colorado and Minnesota. The aggregate future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases that have initial or remaining terms in excess of one year as of December 31, 2012 are as follows (\$ in thousands):

Year Ending December 31,	Ar	mount
2013	\$	165
2014		138
2015		156
2016		160
2017		120
Total	\$	739

Rent expense for operating leases for the years ended December 31, 2012, 2011 and 2010 totaled \$213,000, \$183,000 and \$193,000, respectively.

Employment agreements

The Company has employment agreements with two of its key executives setting forth key compensation terms (generally annual salary plus a defined bonus) and providing each executive with a severance benefit in the case the executive's employment is terminated without cause or the executive resigns with good reason, each as defined.

Note 10-Related Party Transactions

At December 31, 2012, all of the Company's Digital Systems are leased to the Exhibitors under the ELAs. For the fiscal years ended December 31, 2012, 2011 and 2010, revenues earned from the Exhibitors totaled \$13,649,000, \$9,603,000 and \$2,749,000, respectively. Net accounts receivable due from the Exhibitors totaled \$1,629,000 and \$1,951,000 at December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively, and will be settled in cash. Payments under the ELAs are generally due on the fifth day of the month after billing. At times, the Company purchases digital equipment from the Exhibitors at cost subject to caps established in the ELAs. At December 31, 2012 and 2011 the Company had liabilities for

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 10—Related Party Transactions (Continued)

reimbursement of equipment purchases due to the Exhibitors of \$4,871,000 and, zero, respectively. The \$230,520,000 warranty reimbursement liability represents a liability to reimburse the Exhibitors for the extended equipment warranty and other replacement costs (as defined in the ELAs) as cash payments beginning in 2011 and continuing through the DCDA End Date (see Note 2). Warranty reimbursements earned in 2012, 2011 and 2010 totaled \$3,789,000, \$1,261,000 and zero, respectively, consisting of reimbursement payments of \$2,956,000, \$733,000 and zero, respectively, and payables of \$1,361,000 and \$528,000 at December 31, 2012 and 2011.

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KPMG LLP Suite 2000 355 South Grand Avenue Los Angeles, CA 90071-1568

Independent Auditors' Report

The Board of Directors Open Road Releasing, LLC:

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Open Road Releasing, LLC and its subsidiary, which comprise the consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2012 and 2011, and the related consolidated statements of operations, changes in members' equity, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the consolidated financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

KPMG LLP is a Delaware limited liability partnership, the U.S. member firm of KPMG International Cooperative ("KPMG International"), a Swiss entity.

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Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly in all material respects, the financial position of Open Road Releasing, LLC and its subsidiary as of December 31, 2012 and 2011, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

KPMG LLP

Los Angeles, California February 6, 2013

Consolidated Balance Sheets

December 31, 2012 and 2011

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

	2012	2011
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,418	9,991
Restricted cash	21,090	186
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts	12,051	252
Prepaid expenses and other	153	77
Total current assets	42,712	10,506
Property and equipment, net	487	590
Film costs	4,132	700
Other assets	167	213
Deferred financing cost, net	2,566	3,627
Total assets	\$ 50,064	15,636
Liabilities and Members' Equity		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 5,213	1,016
Accrued expenses	42,097	3,520
Notes payable	20,000	
Capital lease obligation, current portion	92	92
Total current liabilities	67,402	4,628
Long term liabilities:		
Accrued residuals and participations—long term	5,133	542
Deferred compensation	1,883	_
Capital lease obligation, net of current portion	44	130
Total liabilities	74,462	5,300
Members' equity	(24,398)	10,336
Total liabilities and members' equity	\$ 50,064	15,636

Consolidated Statements of Operations

Years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

	2012	2011
Revenues	\$ 117,960	9,146
Direct costs:		
Distribution and marketing costs	117,466	30,511
Participations, residuals, and other costs	22,884	737
Total direct costs	140,350	31,248
Gross profit	(22,390)	(22,102)
Operating expenses:		
General and administrative	10,054	5,896
Depreciation and amortization	147	36
Total operating expenses	10,201	5,932
Interest expense	2,143	1,130
Net loss	\$ (34,734)	(29,164)

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Members' Equity

Years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

Balance as of December 31, 2010	\$	_
Capital contributions	3	39,500
Net loss	(2	29,164)
Balance as of December 31, 2011	1	10,336
Capital contributions		_
Net loss	(3	34,734)
Balance as of December 31, 2012	\$ (2	24,398)

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

Years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

		2011
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net loss	\$ (34,734)	(29,164)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	147	36
Amortization of minimum guarantees	6,847	_
Amortization of deferred financing cost	1,062	619
Amortization on administration agent fees	125	73
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(11,799)	(252)
Deposits and other	35	(202)
Prepaid expenses and other	(76)	(25)
Minimum guarantees on films	(10,279)	(700)
Accounts payable	4,197	1,016
Accrued expenses	43,168	4,062
Deferred compensation	1,883	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	576	(24,537)
Cash flows from investing activity:		
Purchase of property and equipment	(34)	(379)
Net cash used in investing activity	(34)	(379)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Members' contributions	_	39,500
Borrowing from credit facility	31,700	_
Repayments to credit facility	(11,700)	_
Principal payments under capital lease obligation	(86)	(36)
Deferred financing cost	_	(4,246)
Administrative agent fees	(125)	(125)
Increase in restricted cash	(20,904)	(186)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(1,115)	34,907
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(573)	9,991
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	9,991	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 9,418	9,991
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:		
Cash paid during the period for interest, excluding deferred financing costs	\$ 903	438
Capital lease	_	241

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2012 and 2011

(1) Organization and Operations

The accompanying financial statements include the consolidated accounts of Open Road Releasing, LLC (the Company), formerly REGAMC, LLC, and its wholly owned subsidiary Open Road Films, LLC (Open Road Films), formerly REGAMC, LLC.

The Company was incorporated on December 20, 2010 in the state of Delaware as a limited liability company (LLC). The Company is governed by the terms of its Limited Liability Company Agreement (the Operating Agreement). The Company is an independent distributor of motion pictures to exhibitors in the United States and certain territories. The Company licenses motion pictures in ancillary markets, principally to home entertainment, subscription and transactional video on demand, free television, and non-theatrical.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Cash and Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash

The Company considers money market accounts and other highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Restricted cash consists of advances held in distribution bank accounts for marketing and distribution costs to be paid on behalf of third parties.

(b) Film Costs

Film costs include unamortized costs of acquisition for motion pictures, including minimum guarantees.

Film costs are amortized using the individual-film-forecast method, whereby these costs are amortized and participation and residual costs are accrued in the proportion that current year's revenue bears to management's estimate of ultimate revenue expected to be recognized from the sale of the films at the beginning of the current year. Ultimate revenue includes estimates of sales and license fees following the date of initial release.

Film costs are stated at the lower of unamortized cost and fair value. The valuation is reviewed, on a title-by-title basis, when an event or change in circumstance indicates that the fair value is less than unamortized cost. Fair value is determined using management's future revenue and cost estimates. Distribution and marketing expenses are expensed as incurred.

(c) Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is provided using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, ranging from two to five years.

(d) Participations and Residuals Payable

Participations payable, included in accrued expenses, consist of amounts due under contractual arrangements for producers, participants and promoted content distribution obligations to founding members under the Operating Agreement. Residuals payable consist of amounts due to talent for the reuse of the talent's work in media subsequent to initial exploitation. These costs are accrued

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

December 31, 2012 and 2011

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

using the individual-film-forecast method. The Company expects that approximately \$18,983,000 of accrued participations and residuals as of December 31, 2012 will be paid within one year.

(e) Revenue Recognition and Trade Receivable

Revenue from the sale or licensing of films is recognized when all of the following criteria have been met: a) persuasive evidence of a sales or licensing arrangement with a customer exists; b) the film is complete and has been delivered or is available for immediate and unconditional delivery; c) the license period of the arrangement has begun; d) the arrangement fee is fixed or determinable; and e) collection of the arrangement fee is reasonably assured. Each film is distributed theatrically to major and independent exhibitors of motion pictures in the United States and certain territories. Home entertainment, subscription and transactional video on demand, free television, and non-theatrical distribution of each film are generally effected through one of the major film distribution or television broadcasting companies in the United States. Minimum guarantees from the licensing or sale of film rights are recognized in revenue when all of the aforementioned conditions are met. For multiple media rights contracts where the contract provides for media holdbacks (defined as contractual media release restrictions), the license fee is allocated to the various media based on management's assessment of the relative fair value of the rights to exploit each media and is recognized as each holdback is released. Amounts due from distributors in excess of the minimum guarantees, if any, are recognized in revenue when such amounts are reported by distributors. Amounts received or contractually due prior to the film's availability are recorded as deferred revenue. Trade receivable are recorded at invoiced amount and do not bear interest.

(f) Commitment Fees

The Company has entered into a credit facility, which requires quarterly payments of commitment fees on the unused facility amount (note 5). Commitment fees of \$732,000 and \$438,000 are included in interest expense in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

(g) Income Taxes

The Company is a disregarded entity for income tax purposes, and substantially all federal and state income taxes are recorded by its members, except for a minimum annual tax and a limited liability company fee in the state of California. Accordingly, the Company does not provide for income taxes. The Company may incur certain state and local taxes imposed by states and localities in which the Company conducts business, which are included in direct costs and general and administrative expenses in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations.

(h) Commitments and Contingencies

Liabilities for loss contingencies arising from claims, assessments, litigation, fines, and penalties and other sources are recorded when it is probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount can be reasonably estimated. Legal costs incurred in connection with loss contingencies are expensed as incurred.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

December 31, 2012 and 2011

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

(i) Concentration of Credit Risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to significant concentrations of credit risk consist principally of cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, and trade receivable. The Company places its cash investments with high-quality financial institutions. Management believes that credit risk related to the Company's trade receivable is limited due to the creditworthiness of its customers.

(j) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as of the balance sheet date, as well as the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. The most significant estimates made by the Company's management in the preparation of the financial statements relate to: ultimate revenue, costs, and fair value for minimum guarantees on films. The actual results could differ significantly from those estimates.

(k) Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Company's financial instruments consist principally of cash, cash equivalents, trade receivable, accounts payable, accrued expenses, and notes payable. The carrying amounts of these instruments approximate fair value due to their short-term maturities.

(3) Film Costs

Film costs, at December 31, 2012 and 2011, consist of the following (in thousands):

	2012	2011
Minimum guarantees:		
Released films	\$ 10,600	_
Films not released	379	700
Total film costs	10,979	700
Accumulated amortization	(6,847)	_
Total minimum guarantees, net	\$ 4,132	700

Amortization of minimum guarantees is included in participations, residuals, and other costs on the consolidated statements of operations. The Company expects approximately 42% of unamortized minimum guarantees will be amortized during 2013 and 83% of unamortized minimum guarantees for released films will be amortized within 3 years from the date of the balance sheet.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

December 31, 2012 and 2011

(4) Property and Equipment

Property and equipment at December 31, 2012 and 2011 consist of the following (in thousands):

	 2012	2011
Furniture and office equipment	\$ 135	120
Computer software and equipment	468	486
Leasehold improvements	51	14
	654	620
Accumulated depreciation	(167)	(30)
	\$ 487	590

(5) Senior Revolving Credit Facility

On June 3, 2011, the Company entered into a four-year senior secured revolving credit facility (the Credit Facility) with a syndicate of four banks permitting borrowings at closing up to \$100,000,000. Amounts borrowed under the Credit Facility either carry interest at one-, two-, three-, or six-month LIBOR plus 3.75%, or are base rate loans, which bear fluctuating interest rates per annum equal to the highest of the federal funds rate plus 0.5%, the Bank of America prime rate, or the Eurodollar rate plus 1.0%. The Credit Facility also carries a fee of 0.75% per annum on the unused borrowings, which are calculated and payable quarterly. The Company may borrow against the Credit Facility to the extent of the available borrowing base, as defined. The borrowing base primarily comprises seven-year remaining ultimate revenue and expense estimates, based on contracted distribution rights to motion pictures. Additionally, as part of the borrowing base calculation, there is a discounting calculation and tiered advance rates applied to future net remaining cash flows. There was approximately \$16,989,000 available under the Credit Facility at December 31, 2012.

On December 31, 2012, there were two outstanding obligations under the Credit Facility totaling \$20,000,000. Both obligations carry interest at 3.9617% and mature January 31, 2013. The maturity dates may be converted to new obligations for similar or longer maturity periods. On December 31, 2011, there was no outstanding debt under the Credit Facility. The amounts outstanding under the Credit Facility are secured by substantially all of the Company's assets.

Deferred financing costs represent costs incurred in connection with the establishment of the Company's Credit Facility. Deferred financing costs are amortized using the straight-line method over the expected term of the facility of four years. Deferred financing costs were \$2,566,000, net of accumulated amortization of \$1,681,000 as of December 31, 2012 and were \$3,627,000, net of accumulated amortization of \$619,000 as of December 31, 2011. Amortization of deferred financing cost of \$1,062,000 and \$619,000 for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively, is included in interest expense in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations.

The Credit Facility agreement includes covenants that the Company must comply with on a quarterly or annual basis, including a film performance test and annual limits on selling, general, and administrative expenses. The Company was in compliance with all covenants as of December 31, 2012.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

December 31, 2012 and 2011

(6) Commitments and Contingencies

At December 31, 2012, the Company had outstanding commitments to pay minimum guarantees and advances on films in the amount of \$6,621,000 in 2013.

The Company leases corporate offices in Los Angeles, California, under a seven-year operating lease expiring in 2018. The Company has the onetime right to terminate the lease at the end of the fifth year.

Total rental expense from the operating lease was \$311,000 and \$130,000 for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

In August 2011, the Company entered into a three-year capital lease for the acquisition of its theatrical distribution software system.

The total future minimum annual payments under noncancelable operating leases (with initial or remaining lease terms in excess of one year) and capital leases at December 31, 2012 are presented below (in thousands):

	Capital lease Operatin obligation leases		Operating leases
2013	\$	92	326
2014		53	336
2015		_	346
2016		_	357
2017		_	367
Thereafter		_	218
Total minimum payments		145	\$ 1,950
Less imputed interest at 4%		(9)	
Present value of minimum lease payments		136	
Less current portion		(92)	
Long-term capital lease obligation	\$	44	

(7) Members' Equity

In December 2010, the members of the Company made a contribution of \$500,000. During 2011, the Company received capital contributions from the members of \$39,500,000. Accordingly, the members have effectively contributed \$40,000,000 to the Company.

The members will not be personally liable for any debt, obligation, or liability of the Company solely by reason of being members of the Company.

(8) Deferred Compensation

The Company has a deferred compensation plan with key executives. Amounts will be paid in the years 2015 and 2016 based on the Company's performance, as defined in the agreements. During the year ended December 31, 2012, the Company recorded expense of \$1,834,000 and has a liability of

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

December 31, 2012 and 2011

(8) Deferred Compensation (Continued)

\$1,883,000 at December 31, 2012. The Company will continue to estimate the liability and compensation expense through settlement.

(9) Related-Party Transactions

The Company recognized revenue in the amount of \$24,880,000 and \$4,312,000 from its members for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively. The Company had \$583,000 and \$33,000 in outstanding accounts receivable at December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively, from its members. At December 31, 2012, the Company has recorded direct costs of \$4,173,000 and a \$4,173,000 liability to its members related to a promoted content distribution obligation as defined in the Company's Operating Agreement. The Company paid \$222,000 in 2012 under that agreement. In 2011, the Company also paid consulting fees in the amount of \$400,000 to Apollo Management, a related party at that time. Furthermore, the Company paid \$520,000 and \$55,000 in marketing costs to its members for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

(10) Subsequent Events

The Company has evaluated subsequent events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through the date the accompanying financial statements were available to be issued.

Shares

AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc.

Class A Common Stock



PRELIMINARY PROSPECTUS

, 2013

Citigroup
BofA Merrill Lynch
Barclays
Credit Suisse
B. Riley & Co.
Barrington Research
HSBC
Lazard Capital Markets
Piper Jaffray
Stifel
Wedbush Securities

Until , 2013 (25 days after the date of this prospectus), all dealers that buy, sell or trade shares of our Class A common stock, whether or not participating in this offering, may be required to deliver a prospectus. This is in addition to the dealers' obligation to deliver a prospectus when acting as underwriters and with respect to their unsold allotments or subscriptions.

PART II

INFORMATION NOT REQUIRED IN PROSPECTUS

ITEM 13. OTHER EXPENSES OF ISSUANCE AND DISTRIBUTION

The following table sets forth the expenses expected to be incurred in connection with the issuance and distribution of Class A common stock registered hereby, all of which expenses, except for the Securities and Exchange Commission registration fee, are estimated.

Securities and Exchange Commission registration fee	\$ 54,560
National securities exchange listing fee	*
Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. filing fee	\$ 60,500
Printing fees and expenses	*
Legal fees and expenses	*
Accounting fees and expenses	*
Blue Sky fees and expenses	*
Transfer agent and registrar fees and expenses	*
Miscellaneous expenses	*
Total	\$ *

^{*} To be completed by amendment.

ITEM 14. INDEMNIFICATION OF DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS

Section 102 of the Delaware General Corporation Law (the "DGCL") grants us the power to limit the personal liability of our directors or our stockholders for monetary damages for breach of a fiduciary duty. Article VIII, Section A of our Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation eliminates the personal liability of directors for monetary damages for actions taken as a director, except for liability for breach of duty of loyalty; for acts or omissions not in good faith or involving intentional misconduct or knowing violation of law; under Section 174 of the Delaware General Corporation Law (unlawful dividends); or for transactions from which the director derived improper personal benefit.

Under Section 145 of the DGCL, a corporation has the power to indemnify directors and officers under certain prescribed circumstances against certain costs and expenses, actually and reasonably incurred in connection with any action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative, to which any of them is a party by reason of his being a director or officer of the corporation if it is determined that he acted in accordance with the applicable standard of conduct set forth in such statutory provision. Article VIII, Section B of our Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation requires us to indemnify any current or former directors or officers to the fullest extent permitted by the DGCL, and to pay expenses incurred in defending any such proceeding in advance of its final disposition upon delivery to us of an undertaking, by or on behalf of an indemnified person, to repay all amounts so advanced if it should be determined ultimately that such person is not entitled to be indemnified under this section or otherwise. Article VIII, Section B also permits us to indemnify any current or former employees or agents to the fullest extent permitted by the DGCL, and to pay expenses incurred in defending any such proceeding in advance of its final disposition upon such terms and conditions, if any, as we deem appropriate.

Section 145 of the DGCL authorizes a corporation to purchase and maintain insurance on behalf of any person who is or was a director, officer, employee or agent of the corporation against any liability asserted against and incurred by such person in any such capacity, or arising out of such person's status as such. As permitted by Section 145 and Section 6.08 of our Amended and Restated

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Bylaws, we carry insurance policies insuring its directors and officers against certain liabilities that they may incur in their capacity as directors and officers.

The indemnification rights set forth above shall not be exclusive of any other right which an indemnified person may have or hereafter acquire under any statute, provision of our Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation or Amended and Restated Bylaws, agreement, vote of stockholders or disinterested directors or otherwise.

ITEM 15. RECENT SALES OF UNREGISTERED SECURITIES

In the past three years, we have not sold securities without registration under the Securities Act of 1933, except as described below.

On August 30, 2012, Parent sold 3,497 shares of its Class N Common Stock to certain members of management for \$517.2 per share.

This transaction was exempt from registration pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act, as it was a transaction by an issuer that did not involve a public offering of securities.

In connection with the Reclassification, we will issue shares of our Class A common stock and shares of our Class B common stock to holders of common stock to AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc. This transaction will be effected without registration under the Securities Act in reliance on the exemption from registration provided under Section 4(2) promulgated

ITEM 16. EXHIBITS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES

(a) Exhibits

See the Exhibit Index immediately following the signature pages included in this Registration Statement.

(b) Financial Statement Schedules

See the Index to Financial Statements included on page F-1 for a list of the financial statements included in this registration statement.

All schedules not identified above have been omitted because they are not required, are not applicable or the information is included in the selected consolidated financial data or notes contained in this registration statement.

ITEM 17. UNDERTAKINGS

(a) Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act may be permitted to directors, officers and controlling persons of the registrant pursuant to the foregoing provisions, or otherwise, the registrant has been advised that in the opinion of the SEC such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and is, therefore, unenforceable. In the event that a claim for indemnification against such liabilities (other than the payment by the registrant of expenses incurred or paid by a director, officer or controlling person of the registrant in the successful defense of any action, suit or proceeding) is asserted by such director, officer or controlling person in connection with the securities being registered, the registrant will, unless in the opinion of its counsel the matter has been settled by controlling precedent, submit to a court of appropriate jurisdiction the question whether such indemnification by it is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and will be governed by the final adjudication of such issue.

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- (b) The undersigned registrant hereby undertakes that:
 - (1) For purposes of determining any liability under the Securities Act, the information omitted from the form of prospectus filed as part of this registration statement in reliance upon Rule 430A and contained in a form of prospectus filed by the registrant pursuant to Rule 424(b)(1) or (4) or 497(h) under the Securities Act shall be deemed to be part of this registration statement as of the time it was declared effective.
 - (2) For the purpose of determining any liability under the Securities Act, each post-effective amendment that contains a form of prospectus shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered therein, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial bona fide offering thereof.
- (c) The undersigned registrant hereby undertakes to provide to the underwriter at the closing specified in the underwriting agreement, certificates in such denominations and registered in such names as required by the underwriter to permit prompt delivery to each purchaser.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, the registrant has duly caused this registration statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Leawood, State of Kansas, on October 7, 2013.

AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc.

By:	/s/ GERARDO I. LOPEZ
	Gerardo I. Lopez Chief Executive Officer, President and Director

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, this registration statement has been signed by the following persons in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

<u>Signature</u>	<u>Title</u>	Date
/s/ GERARDO I. LOPEZ	Chief Executive Officer, President and Director (Principal Executive Officer)	October 7, 2013
Gerardo I. Lopez		
/s/ CRAIG R. RAMSEY	Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)	October 7, 2013
Craig R. Ramsey		
* Lin Zhang	Chairman of the Board and Director	October 7, 2013
*		
Anthony J. Saich	Director	October 7, 2013
*		
Chaohui Liu	Director	October 7, 2013
*		
Ning Ye	Director	October 7, 2013
*	Senior Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary	October 7, 2013
Kevin M. Connor		

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Signature	<u>Title</u>	<u>Date</u>	
*	Senior Vice President and Chief Accounting Officer	October 7, 2013	
Chris A. Cox	(Principal Accounting Officer)		
*By: /s/ CRAIG R. RAMSEY			
Craig R. Ramsey Attorney-in-fact			
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EXHIBIT INDEX

EXHIBIT NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
†1.1	Underwriting Agreement (to be filed by amendment).
*2.1	Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated May 21, 2012, by and among AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc., Dalian Wanda Group Co., Ltd. and, solely with respect to certain sections, the stockholder representative referenced therein.
†3.1	Third Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc. (to be filed by amendment).
†3.2	Second Amended and Restated Bylaws of AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc. (to be filed by amendment).
4.1(a	a)Credit Agreement, dated April 30, 2013, by and among AMC Entertainment Inc., the lenders and the issuers party thereto, Citicorp North

on Form 8-K (File No. 1-8747) filed on May 3, 2013).

4.1(b)Guaranty, dated as of April 30, 2013, by AMC Entertainment Inc. and each of the other Guarantors party thereto in favor of the Guaranteed Parties named therein (incorporated by reference from Exhibit 10.2 to AMCE's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 1-8747) filed on May 3,

America, Inc., as agent, and the other agents and arrangers party thereto (incorporated by reference from Exhibit 10.1 to AMCE's Current Report

- 4.1(c)Pledge and Security Agreement, dated as of April 30, 2013, by AMC Entertainment Inc. and each of the other Grantors party thereto in favor of Citicorp North America, Inc., as agent for the Secured Parties (incorporated by reference from Exhibit 10.3 to AMCE's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 1-8747) filed on May 3, 2013).
- 4.2(a)Indenture, dated as of June 9, 2009, respecting AMCE's 8.75% Senior Notes due 2019, by and among AMCE, a Delaware corporation, the Guarantors party thereto from time to time and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee (incorporated by reference from Exhibit 4.1 to AMCE's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 1-8747) filed on June 9, 2009).
- 4.2(b)First Supplemental Indenture, dated June 24, 2010, respecting AMC Entertainment Inc.'s 8.75% Senior Notes due 2019 (incorporated by reference from Exhibit 4.3 to AMCE's Form 10-Q (File 1-8747) filed on August 10, 2010).
- 4.2(c)Second Supplemental Indenture, dated November 30, 2010, respecting AMC Entertainment Inc.'s 8.75% Senior Notes due 2019 pursuant to which AMC ITD, Inc. guaranteed the 8.75% Senior Notes due 2019 (incorporated by reference from Exhibit 4.4 to AMCE's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 1-8747) filed on December 17, 2010).
- 4.2(d)Third Supplemental Indenture, dated April 27, 2012, respecting AMCE's 8.75% Senior Notes due 2019 (incorporated by reference from Exhibit 4.4(d) to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-168105) filed on July 14, 2010, as amended).
- 4.2(e)Fourth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of June 21, 2012, respecting AMCE's 8.75% Senior Notes due 2019 (incorporated by reference from Exhibit 4.1 to AMCE's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 1-8747) filed on June 22, 2012).

EXHIBIT NUMBER DESCRIPTION

- 4.3 Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of June 9, 2009, respecting AMCE's 8.75% Senior Notes due 2019, by and among AMCE, the Guarantors party thereto from time to time, Credit Suisse Securities (USA) LLC, for itself and on behalf of the other Initial Purchasers, and J.P. Morgan Securities Inc., as Market Maker (incorporated by reference from Exhibit 4.2 to AMCE's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 1-8747) filed on June 9, 2009).
- 4.4(a)Indenture, dated December 15, 2010, respecting AMC Entertainment Inc.'s 9.75% senior subordinated notes due 2020, between AMC Entertainment Inc., the Guarantors named therein and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee (incorporated by reference from Exhibit 4.1 to AMCE's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 1-8747) filed on December 17, 2010).
- 4.4(b)First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of April 27, 2012, respecting AMCE's 9.75% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2020 (incorporated by reference from Exhibit 4.11(b) to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-168105) filed on July 14, 2010, as amended).
- 4.4(c)Second Supplemental Indenture, dated as of June 21, 2012, respecting AMCE's 9.75% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2020 (incorporated by reference from Exhibit 4.2 to AMCE's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 1-8747) filed on June 22, 2012).
- 4.5 Registration Rights Agreement, dated December 15, 2010, respecting AMC Entertainment Inc.'s 9.75% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2020, among Goldman, Sachs & Co., J.P. Morgan Securities LLC, Barclays Capital Inc., Citigroup Global Markets Inc., Credit Suisse Securities (USA) LLC, Deutsche Bank Securities Inc. and Foros Securities LLC, as representatives of the initial purchasers of the 2020 Senior Subordinated Notes and J.P. Morgan Securities LLC, as market maker (incorporated by reference from Exhibit 4.2 to AMCE's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 1-8747) filed on December 17, 2010).
- †4.6 Form of Certificate of Class A Common Stock.
- †4.7 Form of Certificate of Class B Common Stock.
- †5.1 Opinion of Weil, Gotshal & Manges LLP.
- 10.1 Consent Decree, dated December 21, 2005, by and among Marquee Holdings Inc., LCE Holdings, Inc. and the State of Washington (incorporated by reference from Exhibit 10.1 to AMCE's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 1-8747) filed on December 27, 2005).
- 10.2 Final Judgment, dated December 20, 2005, by and among Marquee Holdings Inc., LCE Holdings, Inc. and the Antitrust Division of the United States Department of Justice (incorporated by reference from Exhibit 10.3 to AMCE's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 1-8747) filed on December 27, 2005).
- *10.3 Management Stockholders Agreement of AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc., dated August 30, 2012, by and among AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc., Dalian Wanda Group Co., Ltd. and the management stockholders of AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc. party thereto.
- 10.4 American Multi-Cinema, Inc. Savings Plan, a defined contribution 401(k) plan, restated January 1, 1989, as amended (incorporated by reference from Exhibit 10.6 to AMCE's Registration Statement on Form S-1 (File No. 33-48586) filed June 12, 1992, as amended).

EXHIBIT
NUMBER
DESCRIPTION

- 10.5(a) Defined Benefit Retirement Income Plan for Certain Employees of American Multi-Cinema, Inc., as Amended and Restated, effective December 31, 2006, and as Frozen, effective December 31, 2006 (incorporated by reference from Exhibit 10.15(a) to AMCE's Form 10-K (File No. 1-8747) filed June 18, 2007).
- 10.5(b)American Multi-Cinema, Inc. Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan, as Amended and Restated, generally effective January 1, 2006, and as Frozen, effective December 31, 2006 (incorporated by reference from Exhibit 10.15(b) to AMCE's Form 10-K (File No. 1-8747) filed June 18, 2007).
- 10.6 American Multi-Cinema, Inc. Retirement Enhancement Plan, as Amended and Restated, effective January 1, 2006, and as Frozen, effective December 31, 2006 (incorporated by reference from Exhibit 10.19 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-139249) filed April 12, 2007, as amended).
- 10.7 AMC Non-Qualified Deferred Compensation Plan, as Amended and Restated, effective January 1, 2005 (incorporated by reference from Exhibit 10.21 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-139249) filed April 12, 2007, as amended).
- 10.8 Employment agreement between AMC Entertainment Inc., American Multi-Cinema, Inc. and John D. McDonald which commenced July 1, 2001. (incorporated by reference from Exhibit 10.29 to Amendment No. 1 to the AMCE's Form 10-K (File No. 1-8747) filed on July 27, 2001).
- 10.9 Employment agreement between AMC Entertainment Inc., American Multi-Cinema, Inc. and Craig R. Ramsey which commenced on July 1, 2001. (incorporated by reference from Exhibit 10.36 to AMCE's Form 10-Q (File No. 1-8747) filed on August 12, 2002).
- 10.10 Contribution and Unit Holders Agreement, dated as of March 29, 2005, among National Cinema Network, Inc., Regal CineMedia Corporation and National CineMedia, LLC (incorporated by reference from Exhibit 10.1 to the AMCE's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 1-8747) filed April 4, 2005).
- 10.11 Exhibitor Services Agreement, dated February 13, 2007 between National CineMedia, LLC and American Multi-Cinema, Inc. (filed as Exhibit 10.2 to the Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 1-33296) of National CineMedia, Inc., filed on February 16, 2007, and incorporated herein by reference).
- 10.12 Third Amended and Restated Limited Liability Company Operating Agreement, dated February 13, 2007 between American Multi-Cinema, Inc., Cinemark Media, Inc., Regal CineMedia Holdings, LLC and National CineMedia, Inc. (incorporated by reference from Exhibit 10.3 to the AMCE's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 1-8747) filed February 20, 2007).
- 10.13 Employment Agreement, dated as of November 6, 2002, by and among Kevin M. Connor, AMC Entertainment Inc. and American Multi-Cinema, Inc. (incorporated by reference from Exhibit 10.49 to AMCE's Form 10-K (File No. 1-8747) filed on June 18, 2007).
- 10.14 Amendment to Exhibitor Services Agreement dated as of November 5, 2008, by and between National CineMedia, LLC and American Multi-Cinema, Inc. (filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 1-33296) of National CineMedia, Inc., filed on February 6, 2008, and incorporated herein by reference).
- 10.15 Employment Agreement, dated as of February 23, 2009, by and between Gerardo I. Lopez and AMC Entertainment Inc. (incorporated by reference from Exhibit 10.2 to AMCE's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 1-8747) filed on February 24, 2009).

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EXHIBIT NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
10.16	Employment Agreement, dated as of April 17, 2009, by and between Robert J. Lenihan and AMC Entertainment Inc. (incorporated by reference from Exhibit 10.51 to AMCE's Form 10-K (File No. 1-8747) filed on June 15, 2010).
10.17	Employment Agreement, dated as of November 24, 2009, by and between Stephen A. Colanero and AMC Entertainment Inc. (incorporated by reference from Exhibit 10.48 to AMCE's Form 10-K (File No. 1-8747) filed on June 3, 2011).
10.18	Employment Agreement, dated as of July 1, 2001, by and between Mark A. McDonald and AMC Entertainment Inc. (incorporated by reference from Exhibit 10.48 to AMCE's Form 10-K (File No. 1-8747) filed on June 18, 2008)
10.19	Employment Agreement, dated as of August 18, 2010, by and between Elizabeth Frank and AMC Entertainment Inc. (incorporated by reference from Exhibit 10.65 to AMCE's Form 10-K (File No. 1-8747) filed on March 13, 2013)
*10.20	Management Subscription Agreement, dated as of May 21, 2012, by and among AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc. and Geraldo I. Lopez.
*10.21	Management Subscription Agreement, dated as of May 21, 2012, by and among AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc. and Craig R. Ramsey.
*10.22	Management Subscription Agreement, dated as of May 21, 2012, by and among AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc. and Elizabeth Frank.
*10.23	Management Subscription Agreement, dated as of May 21, 2012, by and among AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc. and John D. McDonald.
*10.24	Management Subscription Agreement, dated as of May 21, 2012, by and among AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc. and Mark A. McDonald.
14.1	Code of Ethics (incorporated by reference from Exhibit 14 to AMCE's Form 10-K (File No. 1-8747) filed on June 23, 2004).
**21	Subsidiaries of AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc.
*23.1	Consent of KPMG LLP, Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm, as to AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc.'s consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2012 and for each of the periods ended December 31, 2012, March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011.
*23.2	Consent of Deloitte & Touche LLP as to National CineMedia, LLC's financial statements.
*23.3	Consent of CohnReznick LLP as to Digital Cinema Implementation Partners, LLC's financial statements.
*23.4	Consent of KPMG, Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm, as to Open Road Releasing, LLC's financial statements.
†23.5	Consent of Weil, Gotshal & Manges LLP (included in Exhibit 5.1).
**24	Powers of Attorney.
* Filed	d herewith.
† To b	be filed by amendment.
** Prev	riously filed.

AGREEMENT AND PLAN OF MERGER

dated as of

May 21, 2012

among

AMC ENTERTAINMENT HOLDINGS, INC.,

DALIAN WANDA GROUP CO., LTD.

and,

solely with respect to $\underline{Section~2.11, Article~12, Section~13.01}$ and $\underline{Section~13.06}$

the STOCKHOLDER REPRESENTATIVE referred to herein

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AGREEMENT AND PLAN OF MERGER

AGREEMENT AND PLAN OF MERGER (this "Agreement") dated as of May 21, 2012 among AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), Dalian Wanda Group Co., Ltd., a company organized under the laws of the People's Republic of China ("Buyer") and, solely with respect to Section 2.11, Article 12, Section 13.01 and Section 13.06, Apollo Management V, L.P., in its capacity as the Stockholder Representative (as defined below).

WITNESSETH:

WHEREAS, on the terms and subject to the conditions set forth herein, each of the Company and Buyer desire to effect a transaction in which Buyer will acquire the Company by means of a merger of Merger Subsidiary (the "Merger") with and into the Company;

WHEREAS, the Board of Directors of each of the Company and Buyer have determined that the Merger is advisable and in the best interests of the Company and Buyer, respectively, and have unanimously approved and adopted this Agreement, the Merger and the transactions contemplated hereby;

WHEREAS, immediately following execution of this Agreement, on the date hereof, each of the Sponsors, collectively representing (A) a Requisite Stockholder Majority under, and for purposes of, the provisions of the Company's certificate of incorporation as currently in effect and the Company Stockholder Arrangements and (B) a majority of the Company Stock, will execute and deliver to the Company a written consent substantially in the form set forth on Exhibit A hereto (each, a "Consent" and collectively the "Consents"), pursuant to which, among other things, each such Sponsor will act by written consent in favor of adoption of this Agreement and approval of the Merger and the transactions contemplated hereby, waive any and all rights under Delaware Law or otherwise to assert dissenters' rights or demand appraisal of their shares of Company Stock in connection with the Merger and approve the termination, as of the Effective Time, of the Company Stockholder Arrangements, in accordance with their respective terms, and any other stockholder or similar agreements referenced in such Consent;

WHEREAS, concurrently herewith, each of the individuals listed on Exhibit B hereto (collectively, the "Individual Stockholders") has executed and delivered to the Company a written consent substantially in the form set forth on Exhibit C hereto (each, a "Management Consent" and collectively, the "Management Consents") pursuant to which each such Individual Stockholder has approved the termination, as of the Effective Time, of the Company Management Stockholder Agreement, in accordance with its terms; and

WHEREAS, concurrently herewith, each Management Member has entered into a subscription agreement (each, a "Subscription Agreement") pursuant to which

Management Member has agreed to purchase a specified number of shares of common stock of the Surviving Corporation on the terms set forth in such Subscription Agreement.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the foregoing and the representations, warranties, covenants and agreements contained herein, the parties hereto agree as follows:

ARTICLE 1 DEFINITIONS

Section 1.01. Definitions. (a) As used herein, the following terms have the following meanings:

- "Affiliate" means, with respect to any Person, any other Person directly or indirectly controlling, controlled by, or under common control with such Person. For the purposes of this definition, "control" means the possession, directly or indirectly, of the power to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of a Person, whether through the ownership of voting securities, by contract or otherwise; and the terms "controlling" and "controlled" have meanings correlative to the foregoing.
- "Aggregate Closing Consideration" means \$700,000,000 less (A) the total Transaction Expenses as set forth on the Transaction Expenses Certificate delivered by the Company pursuant to Section 2.10 less (B) the Indemnity Escrow Amount less (C) the amount of the Stockholder Representative Reserve plus (D) the aggregate exercise price of all Closing-In-The-Money Company Stock Options outstanding immediately prior to the Effective Time.
- "Aggregate Consideration" means \$700,000,000 less (A) the total Transaction Expenses as set forth on the Transaction Expenses Certificate delivered by the Company pursuant to Section 2.10 plus (B) the aggregate exercise price of all Final In-The-Money Company Stock Options outstanding immediately prior to the Effective Time.
- "Aggregate Final Merger Consideration" means the Aggregate Closing Consideration plus any amounts paid out of the Indemnity Escrow Fund and the Stockholder Representative Reserve to Equityholders from time to time pursuant to Sections 12.04 and 12.05(d) plus the excess, if any, of (A) the aggregate exercise price of all Final In-The-Money Company Stock Options over (B) the aggregate exercise price of all Closing In-The-Money Company Stock Options.
- "Applicable Law" means, with respect to any Person, any foreign, federal, state or local law (statutory, common or otherwise), constitution, treaty, convention, ordinance, code, rule, regulation, order, injunction, judgment, decree, ruling or other similar requirement enacted, adopted, promulgated or applied by a Governmental Authority that is binding upon or applicable to such Person, as amended unless expressly specified otherwise.

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- "Business Day" means a day, other than Saturday, Sunday or other day on which commercial banks in New York, New York, in Beijing, People's Republic of China or in the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region, are authorized or required by Applicable Law to close.
 - "Buyer Disclosure Schedule" means the disclosure schedule dated the date hereof regarding this Agreement that has been provided by Buyer to the Company.
- "Buyer Material Adverse Effect" means with respect to Buyer, Merger Subsidiary or the Holding Companies, a material adverse effect on the ability of any such Person to timely consummate the transactions contemplated by this Agreement or the other Transaction Documents to which it is or is specified to be a party or perform any of its obligations hereunder or under any such other Transaction Document.
- "Cash on Hand" means, as of any date, all cash on hand or other sources of immediately available funds of Buyer, including all amounts held in the name of Buyer in any operating bank account at a third party financial institution which are immediately available for use as of such date, *less* (a) all outstanding checks, unpaid drafts and wire transfers, cash serving as collateral, escrowed amounts, trapped cash and other cash amounts that may not be immediately distributed or transferred for any reason as of such date and (b)(i) all claims, damages, penalties, debts, liabilities, commitments and obligations (whether direct or indirect, absolute or contingent, accrued or unaccrued, liquidated or unliquidated) of Buyer, in each case, to the extent such claims are due or past due and payable as of such date and (ii) all obligations of the type referred to in clause (b)(i) of other Persons, including Subsidiaries and Affiliates, for the payment of which Buyer is responsible or liable, directly or indirectly, as obligor, guarantor, surety or otherwise, including guarantees of such obligations, in each case, as of such date, in each of cases (a) and (b), to the extent that such amounts are determinable.
 - "Class A-1 Common Stock" means Class A-1 Common Stock, par value \$0.01 per share, of the Company.
 - "Class A-2 Common Stock" means Class A-2 Common Stock, par value \$0.01 per share, of the Company.
 - "Class L-1 Common Stock" means Class L-1 Common Stock, par value \$0.01 per share, of the Company.
 - "Class L-2 Common Stock" means Class L-2 Common Stock, par value \$0.01 per share, of the Company.
 - $\hbox{\bf ``Class N Common Stock''} \ means \ Class \ N \ Common \ Stock, par \ value \$0.01 \ per \ share, of the \ Company.$
 - "Closing Fully Diluted Shares" means the aggregate number of shares of Company Stock outstanding immediately prior to the Effective Time, including for

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purposes of this computation (i) the aggregate number of shares of Company Stock issuable upon the exercise in full of all Closing In-The-Money Company Stock Options outstanding immediately prior to the Effective Time, whether or not vested or currently exercisable, without regard to the exercise price and (ii) the aggregate number of shares of Company Stock represented by all outstanding Company Restricted Shares.

- "Closing In-The-Money Company Stock Option" means a Company Stock Option with a per share exercise price that is less than the Per Share Closing Date Consideration.
 - "Code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.
- "Collective Bargaining Agreement" means any written agreement, memorandum of understanding or other contractual obligation between the Company or any of its Subsidiaries and any labor organization or other authorized employee representative representing any officer, employee or independent contractor of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries.

- "Common Stock" means Common Stock, par value \$0.01 per share, of the Company.
- "Company Balance Sheet" means the audited consolidated balance sheet of the Company as of March 31, 2011 and the footnotes thereto set forth in Amendment No. 7 to the Form S-1/A filed by the Company with the SEC on December 9, 2011.
 - "Company Balance Sheet Date" means March 31, 2011.
 - "Company Disclosure Schedule" means the disclosure schedule dated the date hereof regarding this Agreement that has been provided by the Company to Buyer.
- "Company Management Stockholder Agreement" means the Management Stockholders Agreement of the Company dated as of June 11, 2007 and filed as Exhibit 10.4 to the Current Report on Form 8-K of AMC Entertainment Inc. filed with the SEC on June 13, 2007.
- "Company Material Adverse Effect" means a material adverse effect on (i) the condition (financial or otherwise), business or results of operations of the Company and its Subsidiaries, taken as a whole, or (ii) the Company's ability to timely consummate the transactions contemplated by this Agreement or the other Transaction Documents to which it is or is specified to be a party or perform its obligations hereunder or under any such other Transaction Document; provided that "Company Material Adverse Effect" shall be deemed not to include any material adverse effect to the extent arising out of or resulting from one or more of the following: (A) changes in the financial or securities markets or general economic or political conditions in the United States, China or anywhere else in the world not having a materially disproportionate effect on the Company and its Subsidiaries, taken as a whole, relative to other participants in the

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industry in which the Company and its Subsidiaries operate, (B) changes or conditions generally affecting the industry in which the Company and its Subsidiaries operate and not specifically relating to or having a materially disproportionate effect on the Company and its Subsidiaries, taken as a whole, (C) acts of war, sabotage or terrorism, or natural disasters or other force majeure events in the United States of America, China or anywhere else in the world not having a materially disproportionate effect on the Company and its Subsidiaries, taken as a whole, relative to other participants in the industry in which the Company and its Subsidiaries operate, (D) the mere failure by the Company to meet any internal or external projections, estimates or budgets for any period prior to, on or after the date of this Agreement (it being understood and agreed that the underlying change, event, occurrence or state of facts giving rise to such failure may constitute or contribute to a Company Material Adverse Effect), (E) compliance with the terms of, or the taking of any action required by, this Agreement, or the failure to take any action prohibited by this Agreement, (F) the availability or cost of any equity, debt or other financing from or to Buyer or Merger Subsidiary (or, for the benefit thereof, to the Company and its Subsidiaries), including, without limitation any Indebtedness of the Company and its Subsidiaries that is required to be repaid as a result of the transactions contemplated hereby, (G) any matters expressly set forth on the Company Disclosure Schedule, provided, however, that (i) each such matter is expressly identified as being included in this clause (G) for purposes of this definition, (ii) alongside each such matter is set forth the Company's good faith estimate of the maximum potential monetary impact and any other potential adverse effects of the applicable matter on the Company and its Subsidiaries and (iii) only such quantified impact as so set forth on the Company Disclosure Schedule pursuant to the preceding clause (ii) shall be included in this clause (G), (H) any actions taken, or failure to take action, by the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, in each case, which Buyer or Merger Subsidiary has expressly approved, requested or consented to in writing, (I) any change in GAAP or other accounting standards or any Applicable Law or, in each case, in interpretations thereof and, solely for purposes of clause (i) of the definition of "Company Material Adverse Effect", (J) the announcement or the pendency of this Agreement or the other Transaction Documents or the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby.

"Company S-I" means the registration statement on Form S-1 of the Company filed on July 14, 2010, as such Form S-1 has been or will be amended subsequent to July 14, 2010.

"Company Stock" means the shares of Class A-1 Common Stock, Class A-2 Common Stock, Class L-1 Common Stock, Class L-2 Common Stock, Class N Common Stock and Common Stock.

"Company Stockholder Agreement" means the Stockholders Agreement of the Company dated as of June 11, 2007 and filed as Exhibit 10.3 to the Current Report on Form 8-K of AMC Entertainment Inc. filed with the SEC on June 13, 2007.

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"Company Stockholder Arrangements" means the Company Management Stockholder Agreement, the Company Stockholder Agreement and the Company Voting Agreements.

"Company Title Insurance Policies" means all of the Company's owner and leasehold title insurance policies with respect to the Real Properties that are set forth on Section 1.01(a) of the Company Disclosure Schedule.

"Company Voting Agreements" means the Voting and Irrevocable Proxy Agreements of the Company, each dated as of June 11, 2007 and filed, respectively, as Exhibits 10.5 and 10.6 to the Current Report on Form 8-K of AMC Entertainment Inc. filed with the SEC on June 13, 2007.

"Competition Laws" means statutes, rules, regulations, orders, decrees, administrative and judicial doctrines, and other laws that are designed or intended to prohibit, restrict or regulate actions having the purpose or effect of monopolization, lessening of competition or restraint of trade.

"Consent Decrees" means each of the Consent Decrees, dated as of May 21, 2010 and December 20, 2005, entered into by the Company with the United States Department of Justice in connection with the Company's acquisition of Kerasotes Showplace Theatres, LLC in March 2010 and of LCE Holdings, Inc. in January 2006.

"Contract" means any currently effective written contract, commitment, understanding, indenture, note, bond, lease or other legally binding written agreement, instrument or arrangement.

"Damages" means any damages actually incurred by the Surviving Corporation or any of its Subsidiaries, net of the value of any assets or other benefits accruing to or received by the Company, the Surviving Corporation or any of its Subsidiaries (as applicable) that relate to the facts, events or circumstances giving rise to such damages; provided, however, that, in each case, "Damages" shall not include any claims or related costs or expenses or contingencies or consequential, incidental, indirect, remote, special, punitive, exemplary, opportunity cost or treble damages or loss of future revenue, income or profits, diminution of value, damages based on a multiple of earnings or value or loss of business reputation or opportunity.

"Debt Financing Sources" means the financial institutions party to the Debt Commitment Letters on the date hereof.

"Debt Instruments" means the following outstanding notes of the Reporting Subsidiary: (i) the 8% senior subordinated notes due 2014 issued pursuant to the indenture, dated as of February 24, 2004, among the Reporting Subsidiary and HSBC Bank USA, as trustee, as may be amended, restated, amended and restated, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time; (ii) the 8.75% senior notes due 2019 issued pursuant to the indenture, dated as of June 9, 2009, among the Reporting Subsidiary and

- U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee, as may be amended, restated, amended and restated, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time; and (iii) the 9.75% senior subordinated notes due 2020 issued pursuant to the indenture, dated as of December 15, 2010, among the Reporting Subsidiary and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee, as may be amended, restated, amended and restated, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time.
- "Debt Refinancing" means the refinancing of all outstanding Indebtedness, including any potential repayment at Closing of all borrowings outstanding under the Subsidiary Credit Agreement and including any potential redemption or repurchase following the Closing of all outstanding Debt Instruments upon the exercise by the holders thereof of rights granted to them pursuant to the terms of such Debt Instruments to require the Company to so redeem or repurchase such Debt Instruments upon the occurrence of a "Change of Control", as such term is defined in the applicable Debt Instrument and, in each case, all accrued interest, premiums, penalties, charges and other fees and expenses payable in connection with any of the foregoing.
 - "Delaware Law" means the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware.
- "Deposit Escrow Agreement" means that certain agreement, dated as of the date hereof, by and among the Company, Buyer and the Deposit Escrow Agent, in the form attached hereto as Exhibit D.
 - "Dispute Period" means the period ending forty (40) days following receipt by the Stockholder Representative of either a Claim Notice or an Indemnity Notice.
- "Employee Plan" means any (w) "employee benefit plan", as defined in Section 3(3) of ERISA; (x) any employment, consultancy, severance or similar service agreement, plan, arrangement or policy; or (y) any other plan or arrangement providing for compensation, bonuses, profit-sharing, equity or equity-based compensation or other forms of incentive or deferred compensation, vacation benefits, insurance (including any self-insured arrangements), medical, dental, vision or prescription benefits, disability or sick leave benefits, life insurance, employee assistance program, workers' compensation, supplemental unemployment benefits and post-employment or retirement benefits (including compensation, pension or insurance benefits); in each case which is sponsored, maintained, administered, contributed to, extended or arranged by the Company or any Affiliate and covers any current or former employee, director or independent contractor of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries has any liability; provided that any International Plan (and any plan or program that would otherwise constitute an International Plan, but for the proviso in the definition of such term) and any Multiemployer Plan shall not constitute an Employee Plan.
 - "Environmental Law" means any Applicable Law, permit or governmental restriction or requirement relating to the environment or any pollutant, contaminant, or

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any toxic, radioactive, ignitable, corrosive, reactive or otherwise hazardous substance, waste or material.

- "Equityholders" means all holders of Company Stock, Company Stock Options and Company Restricted Shares (each, an "Equityholder").
- "ERISA" means the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended.
- "ERISA Affiliate" of any entity means any other entity that, together with such entity, would be treated as a single employer under Section 414 of the Code.
- "Final Fully Diluted Shares" means the aggregate number of shares of Company Stock outstanding immediately prior to the Effective Time, including for purposes of this computation (i) the aggregate number of shares of Company Stock issuable upon the exercise in full of all Final In-The-Money Company Stock Options outstanding immediately prior to the Effective Time, whether or not vested or currently exercisable, without regard to the exercise price and (ii) the aggregate number of shares of Company Stock represented by all outstanding Company Restricted Shares.
- "Final In-The-Money Company Stock Option" means a Company Stock Option with a per share exercise price that is Iess than the Final Per Share Consideration, as determined from time to time.
 - "Final Per Share Consideration" means the Aggregate Final Merger Consideration divided by the Final Fully Diluted Shares.
 - "GAAP" means generally accepted accounting principles in the United States.
- "Governmental Authority" means any transnational, domestic or foreign federal, state or local governmental, regulatory or administrative authority, department, court, agency or official (including any court, tribunal or arbitral body) and any political subdivision thereof, including the NDRC, the MOFCOM and the SAFE.
- "Hazardous Substances" means any pollutant, contaminant, or any toxic, radioactive, ignitable, corrosive, reactive or otherwise hazardous substance, waste or material, or any substance, waste or material having any constituent elements displaying any of the foregoing characteristics, including petroleum, its derivatives, by-products and other hydrocarbons, toxic mold, asbestos and asbestos-containing materials.
 - "HSR Act" means the Hart-Scott-Rodino Antitrust Improvements Act of 1976.
- "Indebtedness" means (i) all outstanding borrowings of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries under the Subsidiary Credit Agreement and (ii) the aggregate principal amount of all Debt Instruments outstanding.

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- "Indemnity Escrow Agreement" means that certain agreement, to be executed at Closing by and among the Indemnity Escrow Agent, the Surviving Corporation, Buyer and the Stockholder Representative, in the form attached hereto as Exhibit E.
 - "Indemnity Escrow Amount" means \$35,000,000.
- "Intellectual Property" shall mean (i) trademarks, service marks, brand names, certification marks, trade dress, domain names and other indications of origin, the goodwill associated with the foregoing and registrations in any jurisdiction of, and applications in any jurisdiction to register, the foregoing, including any extension, modification or renewal of any such registration or application; (ii) inventions and discoveries, whether patentable or not, in any jurisdiction; patents, applications for patents (including, without limitation, divisions, continuations, continuations in part and renewal applications), and any renewals, extensions or reissues thereof, in any jurisdiction; (iii) trade secrets and confidential information and rights in any jurisdiction to limit the use or disclosure thereof by any person (the "Trade Secrets"); (iv) writings and other works, whether copyrightable or not, in any jurisdiction, and any and all copyright rights, whether registered or not; and registrations or applications for registration of copyrights in any jurisdiction, and any renewals or extensions thereof; and (v) any similar intellectual property or proprietary rights.

"International Plan" means, whether or not written and whether or not required by Applicable Law, (x) any employment, consultancy, severance or similar agreement, plan, arrangement or policy or (y) any other plan or arrangement providing for compensation, bonuses, profit-sharing, equity or equity-based compensation or other forms of incentive or deferred compensation, vacation benefits, insurance (including any self-insured arrangements), medical, dental, vision or prescription benefits, disability or sick leave benefits, life insurance, employee assistance program, workers' compensation, supplemental unemployment benefits and post-employment or retirement benefits (including compensation, pension or insurance benefits), which, in the case of (x) or (y) is sponsored, maintained, administered, contributed to, extended or arranged by the Company or any of its Subsidiaries and covers any current or former employee, officer, director or independent contractor of the Company where such individuals are located exclusively outside of the United States; provided, however, that a plan or program sponsored, maintained, administered or operated by a Governmental Authority (including the State Earnings Related Pension Scheme in the United Kingdom) and any Multiemployer Plan shall not constitute an International Plan.

"Investment Canada Act" means the Investment Canada Act (Canada).

"IT Assets" shall mean computers, computer software, firmware, middleware, servers, workstations, routers, hubs, switches, data communications lines, and all other information technology equipment, and all associated documentation owned by the Company or its Subsidiaries, or licensed or leased by the Company or its Subsidiaries pursuant to a written agreement (excluding any public networks).

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"knowledge" means (a) except as otherwise specified in <u>Section 12.01</u> of this Agreement, with respect to the Company and its Subsidiaries, the actual knowledge, without obligation of inquiry, of the individuals listed on <u>Section 1.01(b)</u> of the Company Disclosure Schedule and (b) with respect to Buyer, the actual knowledge, without obligation of inquiry, of the individuals listed on <u>Section 1.01</u> of the Buyer Disclosure Schedule.

"Lien" means, with respect to any property or asset, any mortgage, lien, pledge, charge, security interest or, encumbrance of any kind in respect of such property or asset, including the interest of a vendor or lessor under any conditional sale agreement, capital lease or other title retention agreement relating to such property or asset.

"Management Member" means the eleven (11) individuals listed on Section 1.01(c) of the Company Disclosure Schedule.

"Management Stockholders' Agreement" means that certain agreement between the Management Members and the Surviving Corporation, to be entered into and effective as of the Effective Time, substantially in the form attached to the Subscription Agreements.

"Merger Subsidiary" means a Delaware corporation to be formed by Buyer or a Holding Company prior to the Effective Time for the purpose of effecting the Merger and the other transactions contemplated hereby.

"MOFCOM" means the Ministry of Commerce of the PRC as well as its local counterpart in Dalian, Liaoning province of the PRC.

"Multiemployer Plan" means any "multiemployer plan," as defined in Section 3(37) of ERISA, which is contributed to by the Company or any of its Subsidiaries.

"NDRC" means the National Development and Reform Commission of the PRC as well as its local counterpart in Dalian, Liaoning province of the PRC.

"1933 Act" means the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereby.

"1934 Act" means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereby.

"Option Holder" means any holder of Company Stock Options.

"PBGC" means the Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation.

"Permitted Lien" means (a) zoning and planning restrictions, easements, permits and other restrictions or limitations of public record affecting the use of such properties; provided, that, individually and in the aggregate, such restrictions, easements and permits do not interfere materially with the current use of such property (assuming its continued

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use in the manner in which it is currently used) or, with respect to unimproved or vacant real property, interfere materially with the intended use of such property, as applicable, on the date hereof and do not materially impair the use of such properties as motion picture theatres or for such other purposes as such properties are currently being used; (b) Liens of landlords and liens of carriers, warehousemen, mechanics and materialmen and other like Liens arising in the ordinary course of business and securing obligations not yet due and payable; (c) Liens for Taxes not yet due or being contested in good faith, provided adequate reserves (based on good faith estimates of management) have been set aside for the payment thereof; (d) Liens arising pursuant to the terms of the Leases, as applicable (other than Liens arising due to any default, or circumstance which with the lapse of time or giving of notice thereof would constitute a default, thereunder); (e) Liens caused by or resulting from the action of Buyer or any of its Affiliates; (f) other Liens, whether or not of record, or any encroachments or other survey defects, that individually and in the aggregate do not materially detract from the value of, or materially impair the existing use of, the relevant Real Property; (g) Liens securing indebtedness of the Company and its Subsidiaries; (h) the Liens set forth on Section 1.01(d) of the Company Disclosure Schedule; (i) any title exception disclosed in any Company Title Insurance Policies (whether material or immaterial) made available to Buyer, provided that such title exceptions are not otherwise prohibited by this Agreement; (j) Liens and obligations arising under the Material Contracts and Leases; (k) Liens imposed or promulgated by Applicable Law or any Governmental Authority; (1) nonexclusive licenses granted in the ordinary course of business; and (m) other Liens being contested in the ordinary course of business in good faith, provided an appropriate reserve has been established therefor on the Compa

"Per Share Closing Date Consideration" means the Aggregate Closing Consideration divided by the Closing Fully Diluted Shares.

"Per Share Merger Consideration" means the Aggregate Consideration divided by the Final Fully Diluted Shares.

"Person" means an individual, corporation, partnership, limited liability company, association, trust or other entity or organization, including a government or political subdivision or an agency or instrumentality thereof.

"PRC" means the People's Republic of China, excluding Hong Kong, Macau and Taiwan.

"PRC Regulatory Approvals" means, all preliminary and final approvals from any Governmental Authority in the PRC that are required in connection with or as a result of the execution and delivery by each of Buyer and Merger Subsidiary of this Agreement and the other Transaction Documents to which it is, or is specified to be, a party, and the performance by Buyer and Merger Subsidiary of their respective obligations hereunder and thereunder, including the (i) approval of the NDRC, (ii) approval of the MOFCOM and (iii) such foreign exchange registrations and filings with SAFE, in each case, as are required under the Applicable Law of the PRC (A) for Buyer

or its Affiliates to make payments from the PRC to another jurisdiction pursuant to the approvals referenced in the preceding clauses (i) through (iii) above and (B) to consummate all of the Debt Financing and the Debt Refinancing at the times, and in the manner, specified in the Transaction Documents, the Subsidiary Credit Agreement and the Debt Instruments, as the case may be. In the case of any PRC Regulatory Approval referenced in clauses (i) through (iii) above, such approvals, registration or filing shall be issued by or filed with (as the case may be) either the national level of the applicable authority or, to the extent required or available, such authority's relevant local branch with authorization from the applicable national level authority.

"Proceeding" means any civil, criminal or administrative action, audit, suit, petition, lawsuit, claim, counterclaim, hearing, investigation, arbitration, eminent domain or condemnation proceeding, or any other proceeding at law, or in equity, by or before any Governmental Authority.

"Pro Rata Percentage" means, with respect to any (i) Stockholder or Restricted Share Holder, the percentage equivalent of the fraction, the numerator of which shall be the number of shares of Company Stock or Restricted Shares (as applicable) held by such Stockholder or Restricted Share Holder immediately prior to the Effective Time and the denominator of which shall be the total number of Final Fully Diluted Shares and (ii) Option Holder, the percentage equivalent of the fraction, the numerator of which shall be the number of shares of Company Stock that such Option Holder would be entitled to receive upon exercise of the Final In-The-Money Company Stock Options held by such Option Holder immediately prior to the Effective Time without regard to the exercise price and the denominator of which shall be the total number of Final Fully Diluted Shares.

"Related Person" means, with respect to any Person, such Person's former, current or future Representatives, direct or indirect equity holders, controlling persons, general or limited partners, members, stockholders, Affiliates and assignees, but, with respect to Related Persons of the Company prior to the Effective Time, shall not include Buyer or any of its controlled Affiliates.

"Reporting Subsidiary" means AMC Entertainment Inc., a wholly-owned Subsidiary of the Company.

"Representatives" means, with respect to any Person, such Person's directors, managers, officers, employees, consultants, accountants, attorneys, investment bankers, agents, advisors and other representatives, as applicable.

"Required Third Party Consents" means each Third Party Consent set forth on Section 9.02(b) of the Company Disclosure Schedule.

"Requisite Stockholder Majority" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 12(a) of the Company Stockholder Agreement.

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"Restricted Share Holder" means any holder of Company Restricted Shares.

"SAFE" means the State Administration of Foreign Exchange of the PRC as well as its applicable local counterpart.

"Sarbanes-Oxley Act" means the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

"SEC" means the Securities and Exchange Commission.

"Specified Stockholders" means those Stockholders set forth on Section 2.04(a)(i) of the Company Disclosure Schedule who shall receive the applicable portion of the Aggregate Closing Consideration on behalf of and for distribution to the Stockholders identified on such schedule.

"Sponsor" means each of Apollo Investment Fund V, L.P., J.P. Morgan Partners (BHCA), L.P., Bain Capital (Loews) I, LLC, Carlyle Partners III Loews, L.P. and Spectrum Equity Investors IV, L.P., in each case together with any related entities of such Sponsor that also hold shares of Company Stock.

"Sponsor Fee Agreement" means the Fee Agreement of the Company dated as of June 11, 2007 and filed as Exhibit 10.7 to the Current Report on Form 8-K of AMC Entertainment Inc. filed with the SEC on June 13, 2007.

"Sponsor Annual Management Fee" means the Management Fee as defined in, and payable by the Company to the Sponsors pursuant to and in accordance with, Section 3 of the Sponsor Fee Agreement.

"Sponsor Lump Sum Fee" means the Lump Sum Payment as defined in, and payable by the Company to the Sponsors upon a Change of Control (as defined in the Sponsor Fee Agreement) pursuant to and in accordance with, Section 3 of the Sponsor Fee Agreement and in the amount set forth on Section 4.12(c) of the Company Disclosure Schedule.

"Stockholder" means any holder of Company Stock.

"Subsidiary" means, with respect to any Person, any entity of which securities or other ownership interests having ordinary voting power to elect a majority of the board of directors or other persons performing similar functions are at any time directly or indirectly owned by such Person.

"Subsidiary Credit Agreement" means the Credit Agreement among AMC Entertainment Inc., Grupo Cinemex, S.A. de C.V., Cadena Mexicana de Exhibicion, S.A. de C.V., the Lenders and the Issuers named therein, Citicorp North America, Inc. and Banco Nacional de Mexico, S.A., Integrante del Groupo Financiero Banamex, dated as of January 26, 2006 as amended, restated, amended and restated, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time.

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"Third Party" means any Person, including as defined in Section 13(d) of the 1934 Act, other than Buyer or any of its Affiliates or any Governmental Authority.

"Third Party Consents" means all consents, approvals, waivers, authorizations, notices and filings required to be obtained by the Company or any of its Subsidiaries from any Third Party, in each case, in connection with the execution, delivery and performance by the Company of this Agreement or the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby (other than the Debt Financing and the Debt Refinancing) or pursuant to the provisions of (or as otherwise required to maintain or renew) any Lease, Material Contract or material Company Permit.

"Transaction Documents" means this Agreement, the Deposit Escrow Agreement, the Indemnity Escrow Agreement and all other documents, agreements and instruments executed and delivered in connection herewith and therewith, in each case, as amended, modified or supplemented from time to time; *provided*, that for the purposes of this definition, the Subscription Agreements, the Management Stockholders' Agreement and any document, agreement or instrument executed in connection with the Debt Financing or the Debt Refinancing shall only be a Transaction Document of Buyer, Merger Subsidiary and the Holding Companies (as applicable).

"Transaction Expenses" means, without duplication, the aggregate amount of the following fees, costs or expenses incurred between March 31, 2011 and the Closing by the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, whether payable prior to, at or following the Closing and whether incurred on behalf of the Company, any Subsidiary, any Sponsor, any other Stockholder or any Management Member: (A) the third party legal, financial advisory, accounting, investment banking and any other third party fees and expenses incurred in connection with the negotiation, preparation and execution of this Agreement and the other Transaction Documents and the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby, including, without limitation, (x) all fees and expenses that are payable to Citigroup Global Markets, Inc. or any Affiliate thereof, to Weil, Gotshal & Manges LLP and, if applicable, to any other law firm or attorney on behalf of any Management Member, (y) the amount of the Sponsor Lump Sum Fee as set forth on Section 4.12(c) of the Company Disclosure Schedule, but solely to the extent actually paid to the Sponsors at or prior to the Closing, and (z) all fees and expenses that are payable pursuant to the agreements listed on Section 1.01(e) of the Company Disclosure Schedule plus (B) all bonus amounts set forth on Section 1.01(f) of the Company Disclosure Schedule and paid or payable to any Management Member prior to or at the Closing as a result of and contingent upon the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby plus (C) \$1,500,000 plus (D) 50% of all fees and expenses that are payable to the Deposit Escrow Agent or the Indemnity Escrow Agent in accordance with the terms, and subject to the conditions, of the Deposit Escrow Agreement and the Indemnity Escrow Agreement respectively. For the avoidance of doubt, (i) a Transaction Expense which has been paid by any Person other than the Company and its Subsidiaries

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shall not be treated as a Transaction Expense incurred by the Company or any of its Subsidiaries for purposes of this definition and (ii) except as set forth in subclause (B) above, Transaction Expenses shall not include any cash or equity or other amounts paid or payable to any Management Member prior to, at or following the Closing in connection with the transactions contemplated hereby and by the other Transaction Documents.

"WARN Act" means the Worker Adjustment and Retraining Notification Act.

(b) Each of the following terms is defined in the Section set forth opposite such term:

Term	Section
Agreement	Preamble
Approved Expenses	8.07(e)
Buyer	Preamble
Cap	12.01(c)(ii)
Certificates	2.04(a)(i)
CFIUS	5.05(b)
Claim Notice	12.03(a)
Closing	2.01(b)
Closing Date	2.01(b)
Company	Preamble
Company Board Resolutions	4.02(b)
Company Joint Venture	4.23(a)(i)
Company Joint Venture Agreements	4.23(a)(iii)
Company Permits	4.13(a)
Company Restricted Share	4.05(b)
Company SEC Documents	4.07(a)
Company Securities	4.05(c)
Company Stock Option	4.05(b)
Company Stockholder Approvals	4.02(a)
Company Subsidiary Securities	4.06(b)
Confidentiality Agreement	6.02
Consents	Recitals
Continuing Employee	7.02(a)
Debt Commitment Letters	5.09(c)
Debt Financing	5.09(c)
Deductible	12.01(c)(i)
Deposit Escrow Agent	2.03(a)
Deposit Escrow Amount	2.03(a)
Draft Filing	8.01(c)
D&O Tail Policies	8.08(b)
Effective Time	2.01(c)
End Date	10.01(b)(i)
Enforceability Exceptions	4.02(a)

Term	Section
Equity Award Notice	2.04(f)
Exon-Florio Filing	5.05(b)
Final Notice	8.01(c)
Holding Companies	5.01
Indemnified Persons	8.08(a)
Indemnity Claim	12.03(b)
Indemnity Escrow Agent	2.03(b)
Indemnity Escrow Amount Balance	2.04(a)
Indemnity Escrow Fund	2.03(b)
Indemnity Escrow Termination Date	12.01(b)
Indemnity Notice	12.03(b)
Individual Stockholders	Recitals
Information Statement	8.06
Initiating Party	8.02

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IRS	4.18(e)
Joint Certificate	2.03(b)
LCIA	13.06(b)
Leased Real Properties	4.15(b)
Lease	4.15(b)
Letter of Transmittal	2.04(a)(i)
Management Consents	Recitals
Majority Holders	12.05(e)
Material Contract	4.22(a)
Merger	Recitals
Net Benefit Letter	8.01(e)
Notice of Disagreement	8.02
Opinion	8.02
Opinion Period	8.02
Owned Real Properties	4.15(a)
PRC Firm	8.02
Pre-End Date	10.01(b)(i)
Present Fair Salable Value	5.10
Real Properties	4.15(b)
Required Divestitures	4.25
Stockholder Representative	12.05(a)
Stockholder Representative Reserve	2.04(a)(iv)
Solvent	5.10
Solvency	5.10
Standstill Period	8.09
Subleases	4.15(c)
Subscription Agreement	Recitals
Surviving Corporation	2.01(a)
Tax	4.18(m)
Taxing Authority	4.18(m)
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Term	Section
Tax Return	4.18(m)
Tax Sharing Agreements	4.18(m)
Third Party Claim	12.03(a)
Transaction Expenses Certificate	2.10(a)
Transfer Taxes	13.03(b)
Uncertificated Shares	2.04(a)(i)

Section 1.02. Other Definitional and Interpretative Provisions. The words "hereof", "herein" and "hereunder" and words of like import used in this Agreement shall refer to this Agreement as a whole and not to any particular provision of this Agreement. The captions herein are included for convenience of reference only and shall be ignored in the construction or interpretation hereof. References to Articles, Sections, Exhibits and Schedules are to Articles, Sections, Exhibits and Schedules of this Agreement unless otherwise specified. All Exhibits and Schedules annexed hereto or referred to herein are hereby incorporated in and made a part of this Agreement as if set forth in full herein. Any capitalized terms used in any Exhibit or Schedule but not otherwise defined therein, shall have the meaning as defined in this Agreement. Any singular term in this Agreement shall be deemed to include the plural, and any plural term the singular. Whenever the words "includes" or "includes" or "including" are used in this Agreement, they shall be deemed to be followed by the words "without limitation", whether or not they are in fact followed by those words or words of like import. The phrase "made available", "provided to", "delivered to" or "furnished to" or other similar terms means that the information referred to has been physically or electronically delivered to the relevant parties, in each case, prior to the date hereof, including, in the case of "made available", "provided to", "delivered to" or "furnished to" or other similar terms to Buyer or Merger Subsidiary, (i) material contained in any Company SEC Document, subject to Section 13.04(b), (ii) material posted and thereby made available to Buyer or Merger Subsidiary through any on-line "virtual data room" established by the Company or its Representatives on behalf of the Company, (iii) written material provided or disclosed by the Company or its Representatives on behalf of the Company in response to diligence requests by or on behalf of Buyer or Merger Subsidiary and (iv) other information about the Company conveyed in writing by the Company or its Representatives to Buyer or Merger Subsidiary, in each case, prior to the date of this Agreement. "Writing", "written" and comparable terms refer to printing, typing and other means of reproducing words (including electronic media) in a visible form. References to any statute shall be deemed to refer to such statute as amended from time to time and to any rules or regulations promulgated thereunder. References to any agreement or contract are to that agreement or contract as amended, modified or supplemented from time to time in accordance with the terms hereof and thereof. References to any Person include the successors and permitted assigns of that Person. References from or through any date mean, unless otherwise specified, from and including or through and including, respectively. References to "law", "laws" or to a particular statute or law shall be deemed also to include any Applicable Law. References to "\$" shall be deemed to be a reference to the lawful currency of the United States, unless otherwise specified.

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ARTICLE 2 THE MERGER

Section 2.01. *The Merger*. (a) At the Effective Time, Merger Subsidiary shall be merged with and into the Company in accordance with Delaware Law, whereupon the separate existence of Merger Subsidiary shall cease, and the Company shall be the surviving corporation (the "Surviving Corporation").

- (b) Subject to the provisions of <u>Article 9</u> and the following proviso, unless otherwise mutually agreed in writing between the Company and Buyer, the closing of the Merger (the "Closing") shall take place in New York City at the offices of Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP, 450 Lexington Avenue, New York, New York, 10017 no later than on the tenth (10th) Business Day following the satisfaction or, to the extent permitted by Law, waiver (by the party entitled to grant such waiver) of the conditions set forth in <u>Article 9</u> (other than the conditions which by their nature can only be satisfied at the Closing) *provided, however*, that, notwithstanding the foregoing, without the prior consent of Buyer, the Closing shall in no event occur until the date that is ninety (90) days after the date of this Agreement. The date on which the Closing actually occurs is referred to as the "Closing Date."
- (c) At the Closing, the Company and Merger Subsidiary shall file a certificate of merger in form and substance satisfactory to each party with the Delaware Secretary of State and make all other filings or recordings required by Delaware Law in connection with the Merger. The Merger shall become effective at such time (the "Effective Time") as the certificate of merger is duly filed with the Delaware Secretary of State (or at such later time as may be specified in the certificate of merger).

(d) From and after the Effective Time, the Surviving Corporation shall possess all the rights, powers, privileges and franchises and be subject to all of the obligations, liabilities, restrictions and disabilities of the Company and Merger Subsidiary, all as provided under Delaware Law.

Section 2.02. Conversion of Shares. At the Effective Time:

(a) Except as otherwise provided in Section 2.02(b), Section 2.02(c) or Section 2.05, each share of Company Stock outstanding immediately prior to the Effective Time shall be converted into the right to receive an amount in cash equal to the Per Share Merger Consideration; provided, that (1) the portion of the Per Share Merger Consideration representing such holder's portion of the Indemnity Escrow Fund shall only be paid, if at all, in the manner and at the times set forth in Section 12.04, and (2) the portion of the Per Share Merger Consideration representing such holder's portion of the Stockholder Representative Reserve shall only be paid, if at all, in the manner and at the times set forth in Section 12.05(d). As of the Effective Time, all such shares of Company Stock shall no longer be outstanding and shall automatically be canceled and retired and shall cease to exist, and shall thereafter represent only the right to receive the Per Share

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Merger Consideration to be paid in accordance with this Section 2.02 and Section 2.04, without interest.

- (b) Each share of Company Stock held by the Company as treasury stock or owned by Buyer or any of its Subsidiaries immediately prior to the Effective Time shall be canceled, and no payment shall be made with respect thereto.
- (c) Each share of Company Stock held by any Subsidiary of the Company immediately prior to the Effective Time shall be converted into such number of shares of stock of the Surviving Corporation such that each such Subsidiary owns the same percentage of the Surviving Corporation immediately following the Effective Time as such Subsidiary owned in the Company immediately prior to the Effective Time.
- (d) Each share of common stock of Merger Subsidiary outstanding immediately prior to the Effective Time shall be converted into and become one share of Class A Common Stock, par value \$0.01 per share, of the Surviving Corporation with the same rights, powers and privileges as the shares so converted and shall constitute the only outstanding shares of capital stock of the Surviving Corporation.
- Section 2.03. *Deposit Escrow*. (a) Simultaneously with the execution of this Agreement, Buyer has deposited with Citibank, N.A., Hong Kong Branch (the "Deposit Escrow Agent") cash in the amount of U.S. \$30,000,000 (the "Deposit Escrow Amount") pursuant to the Deposit Escrow Agreement.
- (b) The Deposit Escrow Agent shall hold the Deposit Escrow Amount in accordance with the terms of the Deposit Escrow Agreement in order to secure Buyer's obligations pursuant to Sections 10.02(b)(iv) 10.02(b)(vi) hereunder in the event this Agreement is terminated. At the Closing, Buyer and the Company shall deliver to the Deposit Escrow Agent a joint payment instruction duly executed by Buyer and the Company in accordance with the requirements of the Deposit Escrow Agreement (a "Joint Certificate") directing the Deposit Escrow Agent to release the Deposit Escrow Amount and all interest credited thereon through the date of such release and deliver such amount to Citibank, N.A., New York Branch (the "Indemnity Escrow Agent") for deposit into the escrow account to be established by the Indemnity Escrow Agent pursuant to the Indemnity Escrow Agreement (the "Indemnity Escrow Fund"). The Indemnity Escrow Agent shall hold and disburse the Indemnity Escrow Amount pursuant to the terms of the Indemnity Escrow Agreement. In furtherance and not in limitation of the foregoing, the Indemnity Escrow Fund shall be held as a trust fund and shall not be subject to any lien, attachment, trustee process or any other judicial process of any creditor of any party hereto, and shall be held and disbursed solely for the purposes and in accordance with the terms of this Agreement and the Indemnity Escrow Agreement.

Section 2.04. Surrender and Payment. (a) Except as set forth in the following sentence, the Company shall act as paying agent in effecting the exchange of Company Stock provided for herein. At the Closing, Buyer shall pay (or cause to be paid) by wire transfer of immediately available funds:

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- (i) to each Specified Stockholder on behalf of each holder of Company Stock, as set forth on Section 2.04(a)(i) of the Company Disclosure Schedule, who has duly executed and delivered to the Company, no later than two (2) Business Days prior to the Closing Date, a letter of transmittal (which shall specify that the delivery shall be effected, and risk of loss and title shall pass, only upon proper (x) delivery of the certificates representing shares of Company Stock (the "Certificates") or (y) transfer of the uncertificated shares of Company Stock (the "Uncertificated Shares") to the Company) in the form set forth on Exhibit F hereto (each, a "Letter of Transmittal") and the Certificates or Uncertificated Shares in respect therefore, an amount in cash (in U.S. dollars) equal to the amount of the aggregate Per Share Closing Date Consideration for the total shares of Company Stock represented thereby, in accordance with the instructions included in the Letter of Transmittal of the applicable Specified Stockholder;
- (ii) to the Company, an amount in cash (in U.S. dollars) equal to the remainder of the Aggregate Closing Consideration payable to the other holders of Company Stock, Company Stock Options and Company Restricted Shares to the account (or accounts) specified by the Company, to be held in a separate segregated account, designated as such, for the sole purpose of disbursement to such holders pursuant to this Section 2.04;
- (iii) to the Indemnity Escrow Agent, an amount in cash equal to U.S. \$5,000,000*less* the amount of all interest credited on the Deposit Escrow Amount through the date of the release of the Deposit Escrow Amount by the Deposit Escrow Agent into the Indemnity Escrow Fund (the "Indemnity Escrow Amount Balance"), for deposit into the Indemnity Escrow Fund; and
- (iv) to an account designated by the Stockholder Representative, an amount in cash equal to U.S. \$2,000,000 (the Stockholder Representative Reserve").

Promptly following the date hereof, the Company shall make the Letter of Transmittal available to all holders of Company Stock.

(b) After the Effective Time, upon surrender of such Certificates or Uncertificated Shares to the Company, together with a Letter of Transmittal, duly completed and validly executed and delivered in accordance with the instructions thereto, the holder of such Certificate or Uncertificated Shares shall be entitled to receive, from the Company, in exchange therefor, the aggregate Per Share Merger Consideration for such Company Stock in cash, as set forth in, and subject to, the provisions of this Agreement, including Section 2.02(a), and such Certificates or Uncertificated Shares shall be cancelled. Until surrendered as contemplated by, and in accordance with, this Section 2.04, each Certificate or Uncertificated Shares shall be deemed at any time after the Effective Time to represent only the right to receive the aggregate Per Share Merger Consideration, for such Company Stock in cash, as set forth in, and subject to, the provisions of this Agreement, including Section 2.02(a).

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form for transfer or such Uncertificated Share shall be properly transferred and (ii) the Person requesting such payment shall pay to the Company any transfer or other taxes required as a result of such payment to a Person other than the registered holder of such Certificate or Uncertificated Share or establish to the satisfaction of the Company that such tax has been paid or is not payable.

- (d) After the Effective Time, there shall be no further registration of transfers of Shares of Company Stock. If, after the Effective Time, Certificates or Uncertificated Shares are presented to the Surviving Corporation, they shall be canceled and exchanged for the Per Share Merger Consideration provided for, and in accordance with the procedures set forth in, this Agreement, including Section 2.02(a).
- (e) Any portion of the Aggregate Closing Consideration made available to the Company pursuant to Section 2.04(a) that remains unclaimed by the holders of shares of Company Stock six (6) months after the Effective Time shall be returned to Buyer, upon demand, and any holder who has not exchanged shares of Company Stock for the Per Share Merger Consideration in accordance with this Section 2.04 prior to that time shall thereafter look only to the Company for payment of the Per Share Merger Consideration, as set forth in, and subject to, the provisions of this Agreement, including Section 2.02(a), in respect of such shares without any interest thereon. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Buyer shall not be liable to any holder of shares of Company Stock for any amounts paid to a public official pursuant to applicable abandoned property, escheat or similar laws.
- (f) Promptly after the date hereof, the Company shall furnish to each holder of a Company Stock Option and each holder of a Company Restricted Share, a notice and consent (each, an "Equity Award Notice") in the form attached hereto as Exhibit G. The Company shall pay to each former holder of a Company Stock Option and each former holder of a Company Restricted Share an amount in cash calculated in accordance with Section 2.09(a)(i) with respect to each Company Stock Option held by such holder at Closing and an amount in cash calculated in accordance with Section 2.09(b)(i) with respect to each Company Stock Option held by such holder at Closing, in each case, through a special payroll of the Company to be effected on the Closing Date. Buyer shall be responsible for ensuring that all payments to be made to each holder of a Company Stock Option and each holder of a Company Restricted Share pursuant to this Agreement are made by the Company or the Surviving Corporation (as applicable) in accordance with this Agreement, and Buyer shall be liable to each holder of a Company Stock Option and each holder of a Company Restricted Share for any failure by the Surviving Corporation to discharge such payment obligations in accordance with the terms hereof.

Section 2.05. Dissenting Shares. Notwithstanding Section 2.02, shares of Company Stock outstanding immediately prior to the Effective Time and held by a holder who has not voted in favor of the Merger or consented thereto in writing and who has

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demanded appraisal for such shares in accordance with Delaware Law shall not be converted into the right to receive the Per Share Merger Consideration, unless such holder fails to perfect, withdraws or otherwise loses the right to appraisal. If, after the Effective Time, such holder fails to perfect, withdraws or otherwise loses the right to appraisal, such shares shall be treated as if they had been converted as of the Effective Time into the right to receive the Per Share Merger Consideration as set forth in, and subject to, the provisions of this Agreement, including Section 2.02(a). The Company shall give Buyer prompt notice of any demands received by the Company for appraisal of shares, and Buyer shall have the right to participate in all negotiations and proceedings with respect to such demands. Except with the prior written consent of Buyer, the Company shall not make any payment with respect to, or offer to settle or settle, any such demands.

Section 2.06. *Adjustments*. If, during the period between the date of this Agreement and the Effective Time, any change in the outstanding shares of capital stock of the Company shall occur, including by reason of any reclassification, recapitalization, stock split or combination, exchange or readjustment of shares, or any stock dividend thereon with a record date during such period, but excluding any change that results from any exercise of options outstanding as of the date hereof to purchase shares of Company Stock granted under the Company's stock option or compensation plans or arrangements, the amount of the Per Share Merger Consideration and any other amounts payable pursuant to this Agreement shall be appropriately adjusted.

Section 2.07. Withholding Rights. Notwithstanding any provision contained herein to the contrary, each of the Company, Merger Subsidiary, the Surviving Corporation and Buyer shall be entitled to deduct and withhold from the consideration otherwise payable to any Person pursuant to this Article 2 such amounts as it is required to deduct and withhold with respect to the making of such payment under any provision of federal, state, local or foreign tax law. If the Company, Merger Subsidiary, the Surviving Corporation or Buyer, as the case may be, so withholds any amounts described in the preceding sentence, such amounts shall be treated for all purposes of this Agreement as having been paid to the applicable Person in respect of which the Company, the Surviving Corporation or Buyer, as the case may be, made such deduction and withholding; provided, however, that any amounts so withheld under any provision of PRC Tax law or Hong Kong Tax law solely as a result of Buyer or any Subsidiary of Buyer being a company organized under PRC law and Hong Kong law, as applicable (other than any such amounts withheld with respect to a holder of Company Stock who is a PRC resident for PRC Tax purposes or Hong Kong resident for Hong Kong Tax purposes) shall not be treated as having been paid to the applicable Person under this Agreement and therefore shall be treated as payable; provided, further, that in the case of any non-United States (federal, state or local) withholding, Buyer shall provide the Stockholder Representative notice of the applicability of such withholding at least five (5) Business Days prior to the Closing, and the parties shall endeavor in good faith to structure the transaction to avoid such withholding.

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Section 2.08. Lost Certificates. If any Certificate shall have been lost, stolen or destroyed, upon the making of an affidavit of that fact by the Person claiming such Certificate to be lost, stolen or destroyed and, if required by the Surviving Corporation, the posting by such Person of a bond, in such reasonable amount as the Surviving Corporation may direct, as indemnity against any claim that may be made against it with respect to such Certificate, the Company will issue, in exchange for such lost, stolen or destroyed Certificate, the Per Share Merger Consideration to be paid in respect of the shares of Company Stock represented by such Certificate, as set forth in, and subject to, the provisions of this Agreement, including Section 2.02(a).

Section 2.09. *Outstanding Equity Awards*. (a) At or immediately prior to the Effective Time, each Company Stock Option, whether or not vested or exercisable, shall be canceled. Each holder of any such Company Stock Option shall have the right to receive from the Company or the Surviving Corporation, as applicable, in respect of such Company Stock Option, (i) an amount in cash, payable at or promptly after the Effective Time, equal to (A) the excess, if any, of the Per Share Closing Date Consideration over the applicable per share exercise price of such Company Stock Option, multiplied by (B) the number of shares of Company Stock subject to such Company Stock Option and (ii) an amount in cash, if any, payable following the Closing Date in accordance with Sections 12.04 and 12.05(d) (it being understood that each holder of an unexercised Company Stock Option with a per share exercise price equal to or greater than the Final Per Share Consideration shall not have the right to receive any consideration therefor under this Agreement).

- (b) At or immediately prior to the Effective Time, each Company Restricted Share shall be canceled. Each holder of any such Company Restricted Share shall have the right to receive from the Company or the Surviving Corporation, as applicable, in respect of such Company Restricted Share, (i) an amount in cash, if any, payable on or following the Closing Date, equal to the Per Share Closing Date Consideration and (ii) an amount in cash, payable in accordance with Sections 12.04 and 12.05(d).
- (c) The Board of Directors of the Company shall take such actions in respect of the Company Stock Options and Company Restricted Shares as may be required to give effect to the provisions of this Section 2.09.

Section 2.10. Additional Closing Deliverables. (a) Not later than five (5) Business Days prior to the Closing Date, the Company shall deliver, or cause the delivery, to Buyer and Merger Subsidiary of a certificate (the "Transaction Expenses Certificate") setting forth (i) a reasonably detailed calculation of all Transaction Expenses that have been incurred as of such date with a statement that no Transaction Expenses other than those shown on such calculation have been incurred as of such date by the

- (b) At the Closing, Buyer and Merger Subsidiary, as applicable, shall deliver to the Company each of the following:
- (i) to the extent not previously delivered, a duly executed counterpart to each Transaction Document to which Buyer or Merger Subsidiary, as the case may be, is a party; and
- (ii) a certificate, dated the Closing Date and signed by the Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer or General Counsel of Buyer pursuant to Section 9.03(a)(v) hereto.
- (c) At the Closing, the Company shall deliver, or cause the delivery, to Buyer and Merger Subsidiary of each of the following:
 - (i) to the extent not previously delivered, a duly executed counterpart to each Transaction Document to which the Company is a party;
- (ii) a certificate, dated the Closing Date and signed by the Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer or General Counsel of the Company pursuant to Section 9.02(a)(iv) hereto;
- (iii) to the extent requested by Buyer at least five (5) Business Days prior to the Closing Date, duly executed and valid resignations, effective as of immediately following the Effective Time, of each director of the Company and its Subsidiaries; and
- (iv) (A) a certification relating to the Company's status as a "United States real property holding corporation" substantially in the form attached hereto as Exhibit H and (B) a notice to the Internal Revenue Service, signed by the Company, substantially in the form attached hereto as Exhibit I; provided, however, that if Buyer makes a request to the Company no later than five (5) Business Days prior to the Closing Date, the Company shall deliver the certification and notice described in clauses (A) and (B) of this Section 2.10(c)(iv) to each of Buyer and a Holding Company that Buyer specifies in its request; provided further, that Buyer's only recourse in the event that the Company fails to make the deliveries set forth in this Section 2.10(c) iv shall be to withhold an appropriate amount from the consideration otherwise payable pursuant to this Article 2 in accordance with Section 1445 of the Code and to remit such amount to the IRS.

Section 2.11. *Indemnity Escrow Release*. Following the Indemnity Escrow Termination Date, the Indemnity Escrow Agent shall pay all amounts remaining in the Indemnity Escrow Fund, including any interest and other income resulting from the investment of such amounts, in the manner, at the time and to the Persons set forth in <u>Section 12.04</u>.

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ARTICLE 3 THE SURVIVING CORPORATION

- Section 3.01. Certificate of Incorporation. The certificate of incorporation of the Company in effect at the Effective Time shall be the certificate of incorporation of the Surviving Corporation, as amended and restated substantially in the form of Exhibit J hereto, until amended in accordance with Applicable Law.
- Section 3.02. *Bylaws.* The bylaws of the Company in effect at the Effective Time shall be the bylaws of the Surviving Corporation until amended in accordance with Applicable Law.
- Section 3.03. *Directors and Officers*. From and after the Effective Time, until successors are duly elected or appointed and qualified in accordance with Applicable Law, (a) the directors of Merger Subsidiary at the Effective Time shall be the directors of the Surviving Corporation and (b) the officers of the Company at the Effective Time shall be the officers of the Surviving Corporation.

ARTICLE 4 REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES OF THE COMPANY

Subject to Section 13.04, except as disclosed in any Company SEC Document filed before the date of this Agreement or as set forth in the Company Disclosure Schedule, the Company makes the following representations and warranties to Buyer as of the date of this Agreement (except to the extent that such representations and warranties specifically speak as of another date, in which case, as of such date):

- Section 4.01. Corporate Existence and Power. The Company is a corporation duly incorporated, validly existing and in good standing under the laws of the State of Delaware and has all corporate powers and all governmental licenses, authorizations, permits, consents and approvals required to carry on its business as now conducted, except for those governmental licenses, authorizations, permits, consents and approvals the absence of which would not have, individually or in the aggregate, a Company Material Adverse Effect. The Company is duly qualified to do business as a foreign corporation and is in good standing (with respect to jurisdictions that recognize such concept or a similar concept) in each jurisdiction where such qualification is necessary, except for those jurisdictions where failure to be so qualified would not reasonably be expected to have, individually or in the aggregate, a Company Material Adverse Effect. Prior to the date hereof, the Company has furnished to Buyer complete and accurate copies of its certificate of incorporation and bylaws as currently in effect, and the Company is in compliance, in all material respects, with all terms and provisions thereof.
- Section 4.02. *Corporate Authorization.* (a) The execution, delivery and performance by the Company of this Agreement and the other Transaction Documents to which it is, or is specified to be, a party, and the consummation by the Company of the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby, are within the Company's corporate

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powers and have been duly authorized by all necessary corporate action on the part of the Company. The affirmative vote of (i) the Requisite Stockholder Majority and (ii) the holders of a majority of the outstanding shares of Company Stock, voting as a single class, are the only votes of the holders of any of the Company's capital stock necessary in connection with the consummation of the Merger (collectively, the "Company Stockholder Approvals"). The Company Stockholder Approvals have been duly and validly obtained by virtue of the Consents delivered on the date hereof by each of the Sponsors, whose collective holdings of Company Stock represent the Requisite Stockholder Majority and a majority of the outstanding shares of Company Stock as of the date hereof. Section 4.02 of the Company Disclosure Schedule sets forth a true, accurate and complete list, as of the date hereof, of the number and class of shares of Company Stock, each Stockholder owning such shares, and the percentage equity ownership in the Company of such Stockholder that is represented by such number of shares. Assuming due authorization, execution and delivery by Buyer, this Agreement constitutes a valid and binding agreement of the Company, enforceable against the Company in accordance with its terms, except to the extent that the enforceability thereof may be limited by

applicable bankruptcy, insolvency, fraudulent conveyance, reorganization, moratorium or similar laws from time to time in effect affecting generally the enforcement of creditors' rights and remedies (the "Enforceability Exceptions"). Assuming due authorization, execution and delivery by each other party thereto, each other Transaction Document to which the Company is, or will be, a party, shall upon full execution thereof and as of the Effective Time constitute a valid and binding agreement of the Company, except to the extent of the Enforceability Exceptions.

- (b) At a meeting duly called and held, the Company's Board of Directors has (A) (i) unanimously determined that this Agreement and the transactions contemplated hereby are fair to and in the best interests of the Stockholders, (ii) unanimously approved, adopted and declared advisable this Agreement and the transactions contemplated hereby and (iii) unanimously resolved to recommend approval and adoption of this Agreement by the Stockholders and (B) unanimously resolved to terminate the Company Management Stockholder Agreement and the Sponsor Fee Agreement, each in accordance with its terms (the resolutions adopted by the Company's Board of Directors in respect of all matters referred to in this clause (b), collectively the "Company Board Resolutions").
 - (c) On or prior to the date hereof, the Company has delivered to Buyer true, accurate and complete copies of the Company Board Resolutions.

Section 4.03. Governmental Authorization. The execution, delivery and performance by the Company of this Agreement and the other Transaction Agreements to which it is, or is specified to be, a party, and the consummation by the Company of the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby, require no action by or in respect of, or filing with, any Governmental Authority other than (i) the filing of a certificate of merger with respect to the Merger with the Delaware Secretary of State and appropriate documents with the relevant authorities of other states in which the Company is qualified to do business, (ii) compliance with any applicable requirements of the HSR Act, (iii)

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receipt of the PRC Regulatory Approvals, (iv) compliance with any applicable requirements of the 1933 Act, the 1934 Act, and any other applicable state or federal securities laws, (v) compliance with any applicable requirements of the Investment Canada Act and (vi) any other actions or filings the absence of which would not reasonably be expected to have, individually or in the aggregate, a Company Material Adverse Effect.

Section 4.04. Non-contravention. The execution, delivery and performance by the Company of this Agreement and the other Transaction Documents to which it is, or is specified to be, a party, and the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby do not and will not (i) contravene, conflict with, or result in any violation or breach of any provision of the certificate of incorporation or bylaws of the Company or any similar organizational documents of any of its Subsidiaries or, to the Company's knowledge, any Company Joint Venture, (ii) assuming compliance with the matters referred to in Section 4.03, contravene, conflict with or result in a violation or breach of any provision of any Applicable Law, except for such violations as would not, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to have a Company Material Adverse Effect, (iii) assuming compliance with the matters referred to in Section 4.03, require any consent or other action by any Person under, constitute a default under, or an event that, with or without notice or lapse of time or both, would constitute a default, or cause or permit the termination, cancellation, acceleration or other material change of any right or obligation or the loss or impairment of any benefit to which the Company, any of its Subsidiaries is entitled under any provision of any Material Contract binding upon the Company or such Subsidiary or (iv) result in the creation or imposition of any Lien on any asset of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, except for any Permitted Liens.

Section 4.05. *Capitalization.* (a) The authorized capital stock of the Company consists of 13,375,000 shares of Company Stock, of which 1,500,000 are designated shares of Class A-1 Common Stock, 1,500,000 are designated shares of Class A-2 Common Stock, 1,500,000 are designated shares of Class L-2 Common Stock, 375,000 are designated shares of Class N Common Stock and 7,000,000 are designated Common Stock. All shares of Company Stock have been duly authorized and validly issued, are fully paid and nonassessable and were not issued in violation of any preemptive rights.

(b) As of the date hereof, there are outstanding 382,475 shares of Class A-1 Common Stock, 382,475 shares of Class A-2 Common Stock, 256,085.61 shares of Class L-1 Common Stock, 256,085.61 shares of Class L-2 Common Stock, 2,021.01 shares of Class N Common Stock and no shares of Common Stock. As of the date hereof, there are (A) outstanding employee stock options to purchase an aggregate of 35,678.17 shares of Class N Common Stock (of which options to purchase an aggregate of 23,211.89 shares of Class N Common Stock were exercisable) (each, a "Company Stock Option"), and there are no other outstanding employee stock options to purchase any shares of Company Stock with respect to any other class or series of equity security of the Company and (B) 8,053 shares of time-vesting and performance-vesting restricted Class N Common Stock (each, a "Company Restricted Share"). All outstanding shares of

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capital stock of the Company have been, and all shares that may be issued pursuant to any employee stock option or other compensation plan or arrangement will be, when issued in accordance with the respective terms thereof, duly authorized and validly issued and fully paid. Section 4.05(b) of the Company Disclosure Schedule contains a complete and correct list, as of the date hereof, of each outstanding Company Stock Option and Company Restricted Share, including the holder, date of grant, exercise price, vesting schedule, date of expiration, number and class of shares of Company Stock subject thereto.

- There are no outstanding bonds, debentures, notes or other indebtedness of the Company, in each case, having the right to vote (or convertible into, or exchangeable for, securities having the right to vote) on any matters on which Stockholders may vote. Except as described in this Section 4.05, there are no issued, reserved for issuance or outstanding (i) shares of capital stock or other voting securities of or ownership interests in the Company, (ii) securities of the Company convertible into or exchangeable for shares of capital stock or other voting securities of or ownership interests in the Company, (iii) warrants, calls, options or other rights to acquire from the Company, or other obligations of the Company to issue, any capital stock, voting securities or securities convertible into or exchangeable for capital stock or voting securities of the Company or (iv) restricted shares, stock appreciation rights, performance units, contingent value rights, "phantom" stock or similar securities or rights that are derivative of, or provide economic benefits based, directly or indirectly, on the value or price of, any capital stock of or voting securities of the Company (the items in clauses (i) through (iv) being referred to collectively as the "Company Securities"). Except as set forth in Section 4.05(c) of the Company Disclosure Schedule, there are no outstanding obligations of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries to repurchase, redeem or otherwise acquire any of the Company Securities. Except as set forth in Section 4.05(c) of the Company Disclosure Schedule, neither the Company nor any of its Subsidiaries is a party to any voting agreement with respect to the voting of any Company Securities.
- (d) Except as described in this Section 4.05, none of (i) the shares of capital stock of the Company or (ii) the Company Securities are owned by any Subsidiary of the Company.

Section 4.06. Subsidiaries. (a) Each Subsidiary of the Company has been duly organized, is validly existing and (where applicable) in good standing under the laws of its jurisdiction of organization, has all organizational powers and all governmental licenses, authorizations, permits, consents and approvals required to carry on its business as now conducted, except for those governmental licenses, authorizations, permits, consents and approvals the absence of which would not reasonably be expected to have, individually or in the aggregate, a Company Material Adverse Effect. Each such Subsidiary is duly qualified to do business as a foreign entity and is in good standing in each jurisdiction where such qualification is necessary, except for those jurisdictions where failure to be so qualified would not reasonably be expected to have, individually or in the aggregate, a Company Material Adverse Effect. Each Subsidiary of the Company and its respective jurisdiction of organization is identified on Section 4.06(a) of the

Company Disclosure Schedule; prior to the date hereof, the Company has furnished to Buyer complete and accurate copies of the applicable organizational documents of each such Subsidiary; and each such Subsidiary is in compliance, in all material respects, with all terms and provisions thereof.

- (b) Except as set forth in Section 4.06(b) of the Company Disclosure Schedule, all of the outstanding capital stock or other voting securities of, or ownership interests in, each Subsidiary of the Company, are owned by the Company, directly or indirectly, free and clear of any Lien and free of any other limitation or restriction (including any restriction on the right to vote, sell or otherwise dispose of such capital stock or other voting securities or ownership interests). There are no issued, reserved for issuance or outstanding (i) securities of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries convertible into, or exchangeable for, shares of capital stock or other voting securities of, or ownership interests in, any Subsidiaries to issue, any capital stock or other voting securities of, or ownership interests in, or any securities convertible into, or exchangeable for, any capital stock or other voting securities of, or ownership interests in, or any securities convertible into, or exchangeable for, any capital stock or other voting securities of, or ownership interests in, or any securities convertible into, or exchangeable for, any capital stock or other voting securities or indirectly, on the voting securities of, or ownership interests in, any Subsidiary of the Company or (iii) restricted shares, stock appreciation rights, performance units, contingent value rights, "phantom" stock or similar securities or rights that are derivative of, or provide economic benefits based, directly or indirectly, on the value or price of, any capital stock or other voting securities of, or ownership interests in, any Subsidiary of the Company (the items in clauses (i) through (iii) being referred to collectively as the "Company Subsidiary Securities."). There are no outstanding obligations of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries to repurchase, redeem or otherwise acquire any of the Company Subsidiary Securities. Except for the capital stock or other voting securities of, or ownership interests in, any Person.
- Section 4.07. SEC Filings and the Sarbanes-Oxley Act. (a) Each of the Company and the Reporting Subsidiary have filed with or furnished to the SEC all reports, schedules, forms, statements, prospectuses, registration statements and other documents required to be filed or furnished by each such Person since January 1, 2009 (collectively, together with any exhibits and schedules thereto and other information incorporated therein, and including the Company S-1, the "Company SEC Documents"). Other than the Reporting Subsidiary, no Subsidiary of the Company is subject to the periodic reporting requirements of the 1934 Act.
- (b) As of their respective effective dates (in the case of the Company SEC Documents that are registration statements filed pursuant to the requirements of the 1933 Act) and as of their respective SEC filing dates (in the case of all other Company SEC Documents), the Company SEC Documents complied, or, if not yet filed or furnished, will comply, in all material respects with the applicable requirements of the 1933 Act and the 1934 Act, as the case maybe, and none of the Company SEC Documents as of such

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respective dates (or, if amended or superseded by a filing prior to the date hereof, on the date of such filing) contained any untrue statement of a material fact or omitted to state any material fact necessary in order to make the statements therein, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading.

- (c) The Reporting Subsidiary has established and maintains disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15 under the 1934 Act), as required by Rules 13a-15(a) of the 1934 Act. Such disclosure controls and procedures are reasonably designed to ensure that material information relating to such Reporting Subsidiary, including its consolidated Subsidiaries, is made known to such Reporting Subsidiary's principal executive officer and its principal financial officer by others within those entities. Such disclosure controls and procedures are reasonably effective in timely alerting such Reporting Subsidiary's principal executive officer and principal financial officer to material information required to be included in such Reporting Subsidiary's periodic and current reports required under the 1934 Act. For purposes of this Agreement, "principal executive officer" and "principal financial officer" shall have the meanings given to such terms in the Sarbanes-Oxley Act.
- (d) Since January 1, 2009, the Reporting Subsidiary and its Subsidiaries have established and maintained a system of internal controls over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15 under the 1934 Act) sufficient to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of such Reporting Subsidiary's financial reporting and the preparation of such Reporting Subsidiary's financial statements for external purposes in accordance with GAAP' as consistently applied by the Company. The Reporting Subsidiary has disclosed, based on its most recent evaluation of internal controls over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15 under the 1934 Act) prior to the date hereof, to such Reporting Subsidiary's auditors and audit committee (i) any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal controls over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect such Reporting Subsidiary's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information and (ii) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in such Reporting Subsidiary's internal controls over financial reporting. Set forth in Section 4.07(d) of the Company Disclosure Schedule is a summary of any such disclosure communicated orally or in writing by management to the Reporting Subsidiary's auditors and audit committee since January 1, 2009.
- (e) There are no outstanding loans or other extensions of credit made by the Reporting Subsidiary or any of its Subsidiaries to any executive officer (as defined in Rule 3b-7 under the 1934 Act) or director of the Reporting Subsidiary. The Reporting Subsidiary has not, since January 1, 2009, taken any action prohibited by Section 402 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act.
- (f) Except for such items that are of the type to be set forth in the notes to the consolidated financial statements of the Company, the Company is not party to any off-balance sheet Contract or other "off balance sheet arrangements" (as defined in Item 303(a) of Regulation S-K under the 1934 Act)), where the result, purpose or

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intended effect of such Contract is to avoid disclosure of any material transaction involving, or material liabilities of, the Company or any of its Subsidiaries in the Company SEC Documents.

- (g) Each of the principal executive officer and principal financial officer of the Reporting Subsidiary (or each former principal executive officer and principal financial officer of the Reporting Subsidiary, as applicable) have made all certifications required by Rule 13a-14 and 15d-14 under the 1934 Act and Sections 302 and 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, and the statements contained in any such certifications are complete and correct.
- Section 4.08. Company Controls and Procedures. The Company maintains accurate books and records reflecting its assets and liabilities and maintains proper and adequate internal accounting controls for a privately held company which are designed to provide reasonable assurance, in all material respects, that (a) transactions are executed with management's authorization, (b) transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of the consolidated financial statements of the Company and to maintain accountability for the Company's consolidated assets, and (c) accounts, notes and other receivables and inventory were recorded accurately and proper and adequate procedures are implemented to effect the collection thereof on a current and timely basis. The books and records of the Company and its Subsidiaries have been maintained in all material respects in accordance with the business practices of the Company or such Subsidiary and any Applicable Laws. The minute books of the Company and its Subsidiaries contain accurate and complete records, in all material respects, of all meetings held of, and corporate action taken by, the Board of Directors of the Company or such Subsidiary, and the committees thereof, since January 1, 2009.
- Section 4.09. Financial Statements. The consolidated financial statements of the Company and the Reporting Subsidiary (including all related notes and schedules) included or incorporated by reference in the Company SEC Documents, as amended or supplemented prior to the date of this Agreement, fairly present in all material respects, in conformity with GAAP as consistently applied by the Company (except as may be indicated in the notes thereto or, in the case of unaudited statements, as

permitted by the rules and regulations of the SEC), the consolidated financial position of the Company, the Reporting Subsidiary and their respective consolidated Subsidiaries, as the case may be, as of the dates thereof and their respective consolidated results of operations and cash flows for the periods then ended (subject to, in the case of any unaudited interim financial statements, normal year-end audit adjustments).

Section 4.10. Absence of Certain Changes. (a) Since the Company Balance Sheet Date through the date of this Agreement, (i) the business of the Company and its Subsidiaries has been conducted in the ordinary course consistent with past practices (except with respect to the negotiation of the transactions contemplated hereby or by any other Transaction Document to which it is or is specified to be a party or as set forth on Section 4.10(a) of the Company Disclosure Schedule) and (ii) there has not been any

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event or state of facts or circumstances that has had or would reasonably be expected to have, individually or in the aggregate, a Company Material Adverse Effect.

- (b) From the Company Balance Sheet Date until the date hereof, there has not been any action taken by the Company or any of its Subsidiaries that, if taken during the period from the date of this Agreement through the Effective Time without Buyer's consent, would constitute a breach of Sections 6.01(a), 6.01(b), 6.01(c), 6.01(d), 6.01(f), 6.01(g), 6.01(f), 6.01
- Section 4.11. No Undisclosed Material Liabilities. Neither the Company nor any of its Subsidiaries has any liabilities or obligations of a nature required by GAAP as consistently applied by the Company to be reflected on a consolidated balance sheet of the Company, other than (i) liabilities or obligations disclosed or provided for on the Company Balance Sheet, including the notes thereto, (ii) liabilities or obligations incurred in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practice since the Company Balance Sheet Date, (iii) liabilities or obligations incurred under or in accordance with this Agreement or in connection with the transactions contemplated hereby or by any other Transaction Document to which it is or is specified to be a party or (iv) liabilities or obligations that, individually or in the aggregate, would not reasonably be expected to be material to the Company and its Subsidiaries, taken as a whole.
- Section 4.12. Stockholder Arrangements and Related Party Transactions. (a) Section 4.12(a) of the Company Disclosure Schedule sets forth a true, accurate and complete list of all stockholder, voting, proxy or other Contracts (other than employment agreements and related Contracts and indemnification agreements) to which the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, on the one hand, and any holder of Company Stock (including any Sponsor), on the other hand, is a party. A true, accurate and complete copy of each Contract listed on Section 4.12(a) of the Company Disclosure Schedule as it is currently in effect has been provided to Buyer prior to the date hereof.
- (b) The Consents and the Company Board Resolutions approving the termination, as of the Effective Time, of the applicable Company Stockholder Arrangements, are, on the date hereof, and shall be, as of the Closing Date, in full force and effect and, without the prior written consent of Buyer, have not been amended, modified, repealed or rescinded.
- (c) Section 4.12(c) of the Company Disclosure Schedule sets forth, based on the assumptions set forth therein, the Company's good faith estimate of the aggregate amount of the Sponsor Lump Sum Fee that is payable by the Company to the Sponsors in connection with the transactions contemplated hereby in accordance with the Sponsor Fee Agreement, together with a reasonably detailed calculation of such amount. Other

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than the Sponsor Lump Sum Fee, any payments of the Sponsor Management Fee due from the date hereof through the Effective Time and any payments due in connection with this Agreement or otherwise due in connection with services to the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, no other amount is payable, by the Company to any Sponsor or any other holder of Company Stock, whether pursuant to the Company Stockholder Arrangements, the Sponsor Fee Agreement or any other Contract.

- Section 4.13 *Permits; Compliance with Laws and Court Orders.* (a) The Company and each of its Subsidiaries is in possession of all authorizations, licenses, permits, certificates, approvals and clearances from, and has submitted or caused to be submitted all notices to, all applicable Governmental Authorities as are necessary for the Company and its Subsidiaries to develop, construct, own, lease and operate its properties or other assets and carry on their respective businesses in the manner conducted as of the date hereof (collectively, the "Company Permits"), except as would not reasonably be expected to have a Company Material Adverse Effect. All such Company Permits are valid and in full force and effect, except for such failures to be valid and in full force and effect as would not reasonably be expected to be material to the Company and its Subsidiaries, taken as a whole. None of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries is, or since January 1, 2009 has been, in defaults or violations as would not, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to be material to the Company and its Subsidiaries, taken as a whole.
- (b) The Company and each of its Subsidiaries is, and since January 1, 2009, has been, in compliance with, and to the knowledge of the Company is not under investigation with respect to and has not been threatened to be charged with or given written notice of any violation of, any Applicable Law, except for such non-compliance or violations as would not, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to be material to the Company and its Subsidiaries, taken as a whole. As of the date hereof, there is no material judgment, decree, injunction, rule or order of any arbitrator or Governmental Authority outstanding against the Company or any of its Subsidiaries or any such judgment, decree, injunction, rule or order that in any manner seeks to prevent, enjoin, alter or materially delay the Merger or any of the other transactions contemplated hereby (other than the Debt Financing or the Debt Refinancing) or by any other Transaction Document to which it is or is specified to be a party.
- Section 4.14. *Litigation*. As of the date hereof, there is no material action, suit, claim, investigation or proceeding pending against, or, to the knowledge of the Company, threatened against or affecting, the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, or, to the knowledge of the Company, any of their respective present or former officers, directors or employees or any other Person for whom the Company or any of its Subsidiaries may be liable or any of their respective properties before (or, in the case of threatened material actions, suits, investigations or proceedings, would be before) or by any Governmental Authority or arbitrator. As of the date hereof, there is no writ, judgment, decision, decree, injunction or similar order of any Governmental Authority outstanding against the Company or any of its Subsidiaries that in any manner, individually or in the aggregate, seeks to prevent, enjoin, alter or materially delay the Merger or any of the other

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transactions contemplated hereby (other than the Debt Financing or the Debt Refinancing) or by any other Transaction Document to which it is or is specified to be a party.

Section 4.15. *Real Property; Leases.* (a) Section 4.15(a) of the Company Disclosure Schedule sets forth a true, accurate and complete list of all real property owned by the Company or any of its Subsidiaries (together with all improvements thereon and fixtures therein and all other rights appurtenant thereto, the "Owned Real Properties"). As of the date hereof, the Company or its Subsidiaries have, and, except as otherwise permitted pursuant to the terms of this Agreement, as of the Effective Time, the Company or its Subsidiaries will have, fee simple, and good, marketable and valid, title to the Owned Real Properties free and clear of all Liens (other than Permitted Liens). Except as described in Section 4.15(c), none of the Owned Real Properties are subject to any material lease or occupancy agreement. The Company has

delivered or made available to Buyer for review true, correct and complete copies of all deeds, title reports and surveys in the Company's possession for the Owned Real Properties.

- (b) Section 4.15(b)(i) of the Company Disclosure Schedule sets forth a list, by address, of all real property leased by the Company or its Subsidiaries. Section 4.15(b)(ii) of the Company Disclosure Schedule sets forth a true, accurate and complete list, by address, of the forty (40) real properties leased by the Company or any of its Subsidiaries which are currently used as theaters and which generated, during the twelve-month period ended December 29, 2011, the greatest amount of Adjusted EBITDA (as such term is defined on Section 4.15(b)(ii) of the Company Disclosure Schedule) (collectively, the "Leased Real Properties", and, together with the Owned Real Properties"), along with the applicable lease or Contract providing for the Company's or its applicable Subsidiary's occupancy of such property for each such Leased Real Property (each such lease or Contract and any amendments thereto, a "Lease"). The Company has made available to Buyer true, accurate and complete copies of each Lease. With respect to the Leased Real Properties, other than as disclosed in Section 4.15(b)(iii) of the Company Disclosure Schedule and other than such exceptions as would not, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on the value, use or operation of the relevant Leased Real Property:
 - (i) each Lease is valid and binding upon the Company or its Subsidiaries, as applicable, and, to the knowledge of the Company, upon the landlord thereunder, is in full force and effect and grants the lessee under such Lease, once the premises demised there under have been delivered by the landlord, the exclusive right to use and occupy the premises, subject to Permitted Liens, and the Company or its Subsidiary enjoys peaceful and undisturbed possession of the premises demised there under, subject to Permitted Liens;
 - (ii) the Company or a Subsidiary of the Company and, to the knowledge of the Company, each counterparty to a Lease, has performed, in all material respects, all obligations required to be performed by it under such Lease;

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- (iii) the Company or a Subsidiary of the Company has good and valid title to the leasehold estate or other interest created under each of the Leases, and such interests are free of any Liens other than Permitted Liens; and
- (iv) since January 1, 2009, there has been no, nor has the Company or any of its Subsidiaries received written notice of any, material default (or condition or event which, after notice or lapse of time or both, would constitute a material default) under any Lease by the lessee or, to the Company's knowledge, by the landlord thereunder.
- (c) Section 4.15(c) of the Company Disclosure Schedule identifies all Contracts between a third party and the Company or one of its Subsidiaries providing for the lease, sublease or subsublease (regardless of tier), letting, license, concession, occupancy agreement or other Contract pursuant to which any Person is granted by the Company or a Subsidiary of the Company a possessory interest in, or right to use or occupy all or any portion of any space in any Real Properties in excess of 1,000 square feet (the "Subleases"). With respect to the Subleases, other than such exceptions as would not, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on the value, use or operation of the relevant Real Property:
 - (i) each Sublease is legal, valid and binding upon the Company or a Subsidiary of the Company and, to the knowledge of the Company, upon the tenant thereunder, is in full force and effect, and each Sublease (A) was entered into in an arm's-length transaction in the ordinary course of business and (B) was not entered into in violation of any Company Lease or other Sublease;
 - (ii) no Sublease provides the tenant thereunder with any right or option to purchase, or any right of first refusal with respect to all or any material portion of any Real Property;
 - (iii) since January 1, 2009, neither the Company nor any of its Subsidiaries has received written notice from any tenant under any Sublease of any alleged material default by the Company or any Subsidiary under the terms of any Sublease;
 - (iv) since January 1, 2009, neither the Company nor any of its Subsidiaries has received written notice of termination from any tenant under any Sublease;
 - (v) since January 1, 2009, neither the Company nor any of its Subsidiaries has delivered written notice to any tenant under any Sublease of an event of default by such tenant under the terms of any Sublease; and
 - (vi) assuming receipt of any required Third Party Consents, none of the rights of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries under any of the Subleases will be subject to termination or modification as a result of the consummation of the

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transactions contemplated by this Agreement (other than the Debt Financing or the Debt Refinancing).

- (d) Since January 1, 2009, neither the Company nor any of its Subsidiaries has received any written notice from any insurance company that has issued a policy with respect to any Leased Real Property or Owned Real Property requiring performance of any structural or other repairs or alterations costing in excess of \$1,000,000 to such Real Property. Other than maintenance, repairs and replacements necessary in the ordinary course of business, all components of all improvements included within each Leased Real Property and Owned Real Property, except in respect of the Real Properties set forth on Section 4.15(h) of the Company Disclosure Schedule, including, without limitation, the roofs and structural elements thereof and the heating, ventilation, air conditioning, plumbing, electrical, mechanical, sewer, waste water, storm water, paving and parking equipment, systems and facilities included therein, are in good working order and repair, except for such failures to be in good working order or repair as would not, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on the operation of the relevant Real Property.
- (e) The Company has not received any written notice of, and, to the knowledge of the Company, there are no threatened or pending foreclosures or other similar proceedings that, if determined adversely, would have a material adverse effect on the Company's use and occupancy of the Leased Real Properties and ownership of the Owned Real Properties.
- (f) Other than Permitted Liens and the Leases, the Company is not obligated under, or a party to any Contract providing for (i) the purchase by the Company or any of its Subsidiaries of any Leased Real Property or (ii) any option, right of first refusal or other right or obligation to sell, assign or dispose of any Owned Real Property to any Person.
- (g) Except as would not reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on the operation of such Real Property, and except in respect of the Real Properties set forth on Section 4.15(h) of the Company Disclosure Schedule, (i) the Leased Real Properties and Owned Real Properties are currently being supplied with utilities and other material public services reasonably necessary for the operation of such Real Properties as currently being operated by the Company or such Subsidiary, (ii) such Leased Real Properties that are operating theaters may be used as motion picture theaters under all Applicable Laws (including relating to zoning laws) and (iii) such material Owned Real Properties that are operating theaters may be used as motion picture theaters under all Applicable Laws (including relating to zoning laws).

- (i) The Company has not received any written notice of, nor to the knowledge of the Company, is subject to, any pending or threatened condemnation proceeding affecting any Leased Real Property or Owned Real Property or any part thereof, or any sale or other disposition of any Leased Real Property or Owned Real Property or any part thereof in lieu of condemnation, except in each case for those which would not materially interfere with the value, use or operation of the relevant Real Property.
 - (j) For the avoidance of doubt, no Lease shall constitute a Material Contract for purposes of Section 4.22(a).
- Section 4.16. *Title and Sufficiency of Assets*. As of the date hereof, the Company and each of its Subsidiaries either owns or has valid leasehold interest in all assets and properties necessary for the operation of its business, in all material respects, as currently conducted.
- Section 4.17. *Intellectual Property*. (a) Section 4.17(a) of the Company Disclosure Schedule contains a true and complete list of all material registrations and applications for registration of any Intellectual Property owned by the Company or any of its Subsidiaries.
- (b) The Company and each of its Subsidiaries owns, or is licensed to use (in each case, free and clear of any Lien, except Permitted Liens), all Intellectual Property material to the conduct of its business as currently conducted. To the Company's knowledge: (i) neither the Company nor its Subsidiaries has infringed, misappropriated or otherwise violated the Intellectual Property rights of any Person in any material respect; and (ii) no Person has challenged, infringed, misappropriated or otherwise violated any material Intellectual Property right owned by the Company or its Subsidiaries. Neither the Company nor any of its Subsidiaries has received any written notice of any material pending or threatened claim, action, suit, order or proceeding with respect to any material Intellectual Property used by the Company or such Subsidiaries infringes, misappropriates or otherwise violates any Intellectual Property rights of any Person. To the Company's knowledge, the consummation of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement (other than the Debt Financing or the Debt Refinancing) or any other Transaction Document to which it is or is specified to be a party will not alter, encumber, impair or extinguish any material Intellectual Property right of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, or impair, in any material respect, the right of Buyer to develop, use, sell, license or dispose of, or to bring any action for the infringement of, any material Intellectual Property right of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries.
- (c) The Company and its Subsidiaries have taken reasonable steps consistent with industry practice to maintain the confidentiality of all material Trade Secrets owned, used or held for use by the Company or any of its Subsidiaries have been

disclosed other than to employees, representatives and agents of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, all of whom are bound by written confidentiality agreements.

- (d) The IT Assets operate and perform in all material respects in a manner that permits the Company and its Subsidiaries to conduct their respective businesses as currently conducted. The Company and each of its Subsidiaries take commercially reasonable actions, consistent with current industry standards, to protect the confidentiality, integrity and security of the IT Assets (and all information and transactions stored or contained therein or transmitted thereby) against any unauthorized use, access, interruption, modification or corruption, including but not limited to the implementation of commercially reasonable (i) data backup, (ii) disaster avoidance and recovery procedures and (iii) business continuity procedures.
- Section 4.18. *Taxes.* (a) All material Tax Returns required by Applicable Law to be filed with any Taxing Authority by, or on behalf of, the Company or any of its Subsidiaries have been filed when due in accordance with all Applicable Law, and all such material Tax Returns were at the time of filing true and complete in all material respects. For the avoidance of doubt, the representations in this Section 4.18(a) shall not be construed as a representation regarding the existence, amount, usability or any other aspect of any net operating losses, capital loss carryforwards, or tax credit carryforwards, of the Company or its Subsidiaries as of or after the Closing Date.
 - (b) There are no material Liens for Taxes upon the assets of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, except Permitted Liens.
- (c) The Company and each of its Subsidiaries has paid (or has had paid on its behalf) or has withheld and remitted to the appropriate Taxing Authority all material amounts of Taxes due and payable, or, where payment is not yet due, has established (or has had established on its behalf and for its sole benefit and recourse) in accordance with GAAP, as consistently applied by the Company, an adequate accrual for all material amounts of Taxes through the end of the last period for which the Company and its Subsidiaries ordinarily record items on their respective books.
- (d) Disregarding any potential challenges with respect to net operating losses and other tax attribute carryforwards, the income and franchise Tax Returns of the Company and its Subsidiaries through the Tax year ended April 3, 2008 have been examined and closed or are Tax Returns with respect to which the applicable period for assessment under Applicable Law, after giving effect to extensions or waivers, has expired.
- (e) No deficiencies for material amounts of Taxes have been claimed, proposed or assessed in writing against the Company or any of its Subsidiaries by any Taxing Authority that have not been finally resolved. No written requests for waivers of the time to assess material amounts of Taxes have been made that are still pending. No income Tax Return of the Company or its Subsidiaries is under current examination by the Internal Revenue Service (the "IRS") or by any state or foreign Taxing Authority the

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outcome of which is reasonably expected to have a material effect on the Company. There is no claim, audit, action, suit, proceeding or investigation now pending or, to the Company's knowledge, threatened against or with respect to the Company or its Subsidiaries in respect of any material Tax or Tax asset.

- (f) During the five-year period ending on the date hereof, neither the Company nor any of its Subsidiaries was a distributing corporation or a controlled corporation in a transaction intended to be governed by Section 355 of the Code.
- (g) Section 4.18(g) of the Company Disclosure Schedule contains a list of all jurisdictions (whether foreign or domestic) in which the Company or any of its Subsidiaries currently files Tax Returns.
 - (h) Neither the Company nor any of its Subsidiaries is party to any Tax Sharing Agreement, other than as set forth on Section 4.18(h) of the Company

Disclosure Schedule.

- (i) Neither the Company nor any of its Subsidiaries has participated in a "listed transaction" within the meaning of Treasury Regulations Section 1.6011-4.
- (j) None of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries has required or is subject to a private letter ruling.
- (k) None of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries has (x) agreed to or is required to make a material adjustment pursuant to Section 481 of the Code or any similar provision of Applicable Law, (y) knowledge that any taxing authority has proposed any such adjustment, or (z) any application pending with any Governmental Authority requesting permission for any material changes in accounting methods.
 - (l) The Company has complied with all material escheat laws in all material respects.
- (m) "Tax" means (i) any tax, governmental fee or other like assessment or charge of any kind whatsoever (including withholding on amounts paid to or by any Person), together with any interest, penalty, addition to tax or additional amount imposed by any Governmental Authority (a "Taxing Authority") responsible for the imposition of any such tax (domestic or foreign), and any liability for any of the foregoing as transferee, (ii) in the case of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, liability for the payment of any amount of the type described in clause (i) as a result of being or having been before the Effective Time a member of an affiliated, consolidated, combined or unitary group, or a party to any agreement or arrangement, as a result of which liability of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries to a Taxing Authority is determined or taken into account with reference to the activities of any other Person, and (iii) liability of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries for the payment of any amount as a result of being party to any Tax Sharing Agreement or with respect to the payment of any amount imposed on any Person of the type described in (i) or (ii) as a result of any existing

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express or implied agreement or arrangement (including an indemnification agreement or arrangement). "Tax Return" means any report, return, document, declaration or other information or filing required to be supplied to any Taxing Authority with respect to Taxes, including information returns, any documents with respect to or accompanying payments of estimated Taxes, or with respect to or accompanying requests for the extension of time in which to file any such report, return, document, declaration or other information. "Tax Sharing Agreements" means all existing agreements or arrangements (whether or not written) binding the Company or any of its Subsidiaries that provide for the allocation, apportionment, sharing or assignment of any Tax liability or benefit, or the transfer or assignment of income, revenues, receipts, or gains for the purpose of determining any Person's Tax liability.

- Section 4.19. *Employee Benefit Plans*. (a) Section 4.19(a) of the Company Disclosure Schedule contains a correct and complete list identifying each material Employee Plan. Copies or descriptions of each such material Employee Plan and any amendments thereto have been made available to Buyer, and copies of, to the extent applicable, any related trust or funding agreements or insurance policies, amendments thereto, prospectuses or summary plan descriptions relating thereto and the most recent annual report (Form 5500 including, if applicable, Schedule B thereto) and Tax Return (Form 990) prepared in connection therewith have been made available to Buyer.
- (b) No Title IV Plan is in "at-risk status" (within the meaning of Section 303(i)(4) of ERISA), and no condition exists that could constitute grounds for termination of any Title IV Plan by the PBGC. None of the assets of the Company and its Subsidiaries are now, nor will they after the passage of time be, subject to any Lien imposed under Section 303(k) of ERISA or Section 430(k) of the Code by reason of a failure of the Company or any of its ERISA Affiliates (or any predecessor of any such entity) to make timely installments or other payments required under Section 412 of the Code.
- (c) No transaction prohibited by Section 406 of ERISA or Section 4975 of the Code has occurred with respect to any Employee Plan which is covered by Title I of ERISA, which transaction has or will cause the Company or any of its Subsidiaries to incur any material liability under ERISA, the Code or otherwise, excluding transactions effected pursuant to and in compliance with a statutory or administrative exemption. No "reportable event", within the meaning of Section 4043 of ERISA, other than a "reportable event" that will not have a Company Material Adverse Effect, and no event described in Section 4062 or 4063 of ERISA, has occurred in connection with any Employee Plan. Neither the Company nor any of its ERISA Affiliates has (i) engaged in, or is a successor or parent corporation to an entity that has engaged in, a transaction described in Sections 4069 or 4212(c) of ERISA or (ii) incurred, or reasonably expects to incur prior to the Effective Time, (A) any liability under Title IV of ERISA arising in connection with the termination of, or a complete or partial withdrawal from, any plan covered or previously covered by Title IV of ERISA or (B) any liability under Section 4971 of the Code that in either case could become a liability of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries or Buyer or any of its ERISA Affiliates after the Effective Time.

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- (d) Section 4.19(d) of the Company Disclosure Schedule contains a true, correct and complete list identifying each Multiemployer Plan. No condition exists that could present a material risk of complete or partial withdrawal from any Multiemployer Plan which could result in the Company or any of its ERISA Affiliates incurring a withdrawal liability within the meaning of Section 4201 of ERISA, and, except as would not, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to have a Company Material Adverse Effect, if a complete withdrawal by the Company and all of its ERISA Affiliates were to occur as of the Closing Date with respect to all Multiemployer Plans, none of the Company, any of its Subsidiaries or any of their ERISA Affiliates would incur any material withdrawal liability under Title IV of ERISA. Since January 1, 2009, neither the Company nor any of its ERISA Affiliates has received written notice of any Multiemployer Plan's (i) failure to satisfy the minimum funding requirements of Section 412 of the Code or application for or receipt of a waiver of such minimum funding requirements, (ii) "endangered status" or "critical status" (within the meaning of Section 432 of the Code) or (iii) insolvency, "reorganization" (within the meaning of Section 4241 of ERISA) or proposed or, to the Company's knowledge, threatened termination. Except as would not, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to be material to the Company and its Subsidiaries, taken as a whole, all contributions, surcharges and premium payments owed by the Company and its ERISA Affiliates with respect to each Multiemployer Plan have been paid when due.
- (e) Each Employee Plan that is intended to be qualified under Section 401(a) of the Code is so qualified has received a favorable determination or opinion letter from the IRS or has applied to the IRS for such a letter within the applicable remedial amendment period or such period has not expired and, to the knowledge of the Company, no circumstances exist that would reasonably be expected to result in any such letter being revoked or not being reissued or a penalty under the IRS Closing Agreement Program if discovered during an IRS audit or investigation. Each trust created under any such Employee Plan is exempt from tax under Section 501(a) of the Code and has been so exempt since its creation. Copies of the most recent determination letter of the Internal Revenue Service relating to each such Employee Plan have been made available to Buyer. Each material Employee Plan has been maintained in compliance with its terms and with the requirements prescribed by all Applicable Law, including ERISA and the Code, except as would not, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to be material to the Company and its Subsidiaries, taken as a whole.

 There is no action, suit, investigation, audit or proceeding pending against or involving or, to the knowledge of the Company, threatened against or involving, any Employee Plan before any Governmental Authority, except as would not, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to be material to the Company and its Subsidiaries, taken as a whole.
- (f) Except as set forth on Section 4.19(f) of the Company Disclosure Schedule, neither the Company nor any of its Subsidiaries has any current or projected liability in respect of post-employment or post-retirement health or medical or life insurance benefits for retired, former or current directors, officers or employees of the

Company or any of its Subsidiaries, except as required to avoid excise tax under Section 4980B of the Code.

- (g) Section 4.19(g) of the Company Disclosure Schedule contains a true, correct and complete list identifying each material International Plan. Copies or descriptions of each such material International Plan and any amendments thereto have been made available to Buyer, and copies of, to the extent applicable, any related trust or funding agreements or insurance policies, amendments thereto, actuarial reports relating thereto and prospectuses or summary plan descriptions relating thereto have been made available to Buyer. Each material International Plan has been maintained in material compliance with its terms and with the requirements prescribed by Applicable Law and has been maintained in good standing with the applicable Governmental Authority, in each case, except as would not reasonably be expected to have, individually or in the aggregate, a Company Material Adverse Effect. According to the actuarial assumptions and valuations most recently used for the purpose of funding each International Plan, as of the date hereof, the total amount or value of the funds available under such International Plan to pay benefits accrued thereunder or segregated in respect of such accrued benefits, together with any reserve or accrual with respect thereto, equals or exceeds the present value of all benefits (actual or contingent) accrued as of such date of all participants and past participants therein in respect of which the Company or any of its Subsidiaries has or would have after the Effective Time any obligation, except as would not reasonably be expected to be, individually or in the aggregate, material to the Company and its Subsidiaries, taken as a whole. Neither the execution of this Agreement, nor the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby, will cause such funds, accruals or reserves to be less than the present value of such accrued benefits or will limit or restrict the right of the Surviving Corporation and its Subsidiaries, as applicable, to access such funds, accruals or reserves.
- (h) Neither the execution of this Agreement, nor the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby (either alone or together with any other event) will (i) entitle any current or former employee, director or independent contractor to any material payment or benefit, including any material bonus, retention, severance, retirement or job security payment or benefit, (ii) accelerate the time of payment or vesting or trigger any material payment or funding (through a grantor trust or otherwise) of compensation or benefits under, or increase the amount payable or trigger any other material liability under, any Employee Plan or International Plan or (iii) limit or restrict the right of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries or, after the Closing, Buyer, to merge, amend or terminate any Employee Plan or International Plan.
- (i) To the knowledge of the Company, no Employee Plan is reasonably expected to cause any participant therein to incur taxes or interest in an amount that would be reasonably material to such participant under Section 409A of the Code.
- (j) The representations and warranties set forth in this <u>Section 4.19</u> are the sole and exclusive representations and warranties of the Company pertaining to Employee Benefits matters.

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- Section 4.20. *Labor Matters*. (a) The Company and each of its Subsidiaries have complied, in all material respects, with all Applicable Laws relating to labor and employment, including those relating to wages, hours, collective bargaining, unemployment compensation, worker's compensation, equal employment opportunity, age and disability discrimination, immigration control, employee classification, information privacy and security, and continuation coverage with respect to group health plans.
- (b) (i) There are no unfair labor practice charges or complaints against the Company or any of its Subsidiaries pending before the National Labor Relations Board or, to the knowledge of the Company, any foreign equivalent; (ii) there are no labor strikes, slowdowns or stoppages actually pending or, to the knowledge of the Company, threatened against or affecting the Company or any of its Subsidiaries; (iii) there are no representation claims or petitions pending before the National Labor Relations Board or, to the knowledge of the Company, any foreign equivalent and, to the knowledge of the Company, no union or similar organizational campaign is in progress with respect to the employees of the Company or its Subsidiaries; (iv) there are no grievance or pending arbitration proceedings against the Company or any of its Subsidiaries that arose out of or under any Collective Bargaining Agreement; and (v) the consent or consultation of, or the rendering of formal advice by, any labor or trade union, works council or other employee representative body, is not required under any Collective Bargaining Agreement or Applicable Law for the Company to enter into this Agreement or any other Transaction Document to which it is party or to consummate any of the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby (other than the Debt Financing or the Debt Refinancing).
- (c) Since the Company Balance Sheet Date, neither the Company nor any of its Subsidiaries has effectuated (i) a "plant closing" (as defined in the WARN Act) affecting any site of employment or one or more facilities or operating units within any site of employment or facility of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries; (ii) a "mass layoff" (as defined in the WARN Act); or (iii) to the knowledge of the Company, such other transaction, layoff, reduction in force or employment terminations sufficient in number to trigger application of any similar foreign, state or local law.
- Section 4.21. *Environmental Matters.* (a) Except as would not, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to be material to the Company and its Subsidiaries, taken as a whole:
 - (i) (x) since January 1, 2009, no written notice, notification, demand, request for information, citation, summons or order has been received, no complaint has been filed, no penalty has been assessed and (y) no investigation, action, claim, suit or proceeding is pending or, to the knowledge of the Company, threatened, in the case of each of clauses (x) and (y), with respect to any matters (A) relating to the Company or its Subsidiaries and (B) relating to or arising out of any Environmental Law or Hazardous Substance;

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- (ii) to the knowledge of the Company, there are no liabilities or obligations of or relating to the Company or its Subsidiaries of any kind whatsoever, whether accrued, contingent, absolute, determined, determinable or otherwise, relating to or arising out of any Environmental Law or Hazardous Substance, and, to the knowledge of the Company, there are no facts, conditions, situations or sets of circumstances that would reasonably be expected to result in or be the basis for any such liability or obligation; and
- (iii) the Company and its Subsidiaries are, and have at all times since January 1, 2009 been, in compliance with all Environmental Laws, which compliance includes obtaining, maintaining and complying with all Company Permits required by Environmental Law.
- (b) To the knowledge of the Company, there is no material environmental investigation, study, test, review or other analysis, which is in the possession or control of the Company or its Subsidiaries, in relation to the business of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries or any property or facility now or previously owned, leased or operated by the Company or any of its Subsidiaries that has not been made available to Buyer.
- (c) The consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby (other than the Debt Financing or the Debt Refinancing) requires no filings to be made or actions to be taken pursuant to the New Jersey Industrial Site Recovery Act or the "Connecticut Property Transfer Law" (Sections 22a-134 through 22-134e of the Connecticut General Statutes).
- (d) Except as provided for in <u>Section 4.23(b)</u>, the representations and warranties set forth in this <u>Section 4.21</u> are the sole and exclusive representations and warranties of the Company pertaining to environmental matters.
- Section 4.22. *Material Contracts*. (a) Section 4.22(a) of the Company Disclosure Schedule sets forth a list of each Material Contract as of the date of this Agreement. For purposes of this Agreement, "Material Contract" means each of the following contracts to which the Company or any Subsidiary is bound:

- (i) any Contract entered into on or after January 1, 2009 relating to the acquisition or disposition of any business (whether by merger, consolidation, acquisition or sale of stock or assets or otherwise) of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries involving amounts in excess of \$5,000,000;
- (ii) any Contract (other than ordinary course purchase or work orders or similar instruments), including for the purchase or sale by the Company or any of its Subsidiaries of materials, supplies, goods, equipment or other tangible or intangible assets, providing for, or that could reasonably be expected to result in, (A) individual payments by or to the Company or its Subsidiaries of \$1,000,000 or more in any twelve-month period or (B) aggregate payments by or to the Company or its Subsidiaries of \$10,000,000 or more in any twelve-month period,

and, in each case, which cannot be terminated on ninety (90) days' or less notice without payment by the Company or the applicable Subsidiary of any material penalty or premium;

- (iii) any credit facility, indenture or other Contract relating to indebtedness for borrowed money (whether incurred, assumed, guaranteed or secured by any asset);
- (iv) any Contract containing any provision or covenant limiting in any material respect the ability of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries (or, after the Effective Time, the Surviving Corporation or any of its Subsidiaries) to (A) sell any services or products of or to any other Person or in any geographic region, (B) engage in any line of business or (C) compete with or to obtain services or products from any Person or limiting the ability of any Person to provide services or products to the Company or any of its Subsidiaries (or, after the Effective Time, the Surviving Corporation or any of its Subsidiaries);
- (v) any Contract the primary purpose of which is to provide indemnification by the Company or any of its Subsidiaries or to grant "most favored nation" or other exclusive rights to such other party;
- (vi) any Contract with any officer, director or Affiliate of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries (other than employment agreements or related Contracts and indemnification agreements), in each case in any material respect;
- (vii) any material Contracts (excluding licenses for commercial off the shelf computer software that are generally available on nondiscriminatory pricing terms which have an aggregate acquisition cost of \$250,000 or less) to which the Company or any of its Subsidiaries is a party or otherwise bound and pursuant to which the Company or any of its Subsidiaries (A) obtains the right to use, or a covenant not to be sued under, any Intellectual Property or (B) grants the right to use, or a covenant not to be sued under, any Intellectual Property;
 - (viii) any Collective Bargaining Agreement; and
 - (ix) any other "material contract" as such term is defined in Item 601(b)(10) of Regulation S-K promulgated by the SEC.
- (b) Each Material Contract disclosed or required to be disclosed in Section 4.22(a) of the Company Disclosure Schedule is valid and binding and in full force and effect and, to the Company's knowledge, enforceable against the other party or parties thereto in accordance with its terms (except as enforceability may be limited by the Enforceability Exceptions). Neither the Company nor any of its Subsidiaries, nor, to the Company's knowledge, any other party to any Material Contract, has violated any provision of, or taken or failed to take any action which, with or without notice, lapse of time, or both, would constitute a material default under the provisions of such Material

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Contract, and neither the Company nor any of its Subsidiaries has received written or, to the Company's knowledge, oral notice that it has materially breached, violated or defaulted under, or providing for the termination of, any Material Contract.

- (c) The Company has provided to Buyer prior to the date hereof a true and complete copy of each Material Contract, in each case as such Material Contract is in effect as of the date hereof.
- Section 4.23. Company Joint Ventures. (a) Section 4.23(a)(i) of the Company Disclosure Schedule sets forth a true, accurate and complete list of each material joint venture, partnership or similar entity or arrangement to which the Company or any of its Subsidiaries is a party and in which the Company or any of its Subsidiaries holds an equity or other ownership interest equaling more than 10% of the aggregate outstanding equity or other interests of such entity (each, a "Company Joint Venture") and (ii) Section 4.23(a)(iii) of the Company Disclosure Schedule sets forth a true, accurate and complete list, to the knowledge of the Company, of each other joint venture, partnership or similar entity or arrangement to which the Company or any of its Subsidiaries holds an equity or other ownership interest equaling less than 10% of the aggregate outstanding equity interests of such entity and, in each of cases (i) and (ii), their respective jurisdictions of incorporation, (iii) any Contract binding on the Company or any Subsidiary relating to such Company Joint Ventures (the "Company Joint Venture Agreements") and (iv) the identity of each party to such Company Joint Venture and the equity or other ownership interest held by each such party in the applicable Company Joint Venture as of the date hereof. Prior to the date hereof, the Company has provided to Buyer true, accurate and complete copies of each Company Joint Venture Agreement (together with any amendments thereto) and the applicable organizational documents of each Company Joint Venture. Except as set forth on Section 4.23(a)(iii) of the Company Disclosure Schedule, all of the equity or other ownership interests held by the Company or any of its Subsidiaries in any Company Joint Venture, directly or indirectly, are owned free and clear of any Lien and free and clear of any other limitation or restriction (including any restriction on the right to vote, sell or otherwise dispose of such interest).
- (b) To the Company's knowledge, (i) each Company Joint Venture is duly organized, validly existing and (where applicable) in good standing under the laws of the jurisdiction in which it is organized, and has all powers and all governmental licenses, authorizations, permits, consents and approvals required to carry on its business as now conducted, except for those governmental licenses, authorizations, permits, consents and approvals the absence of which would not have, individually or in the aggregate, a Company Material Adverse Effect, (ii) each Company Joint Venture is duly qualified to do business as a foreign corporation and is in good standing in each jurisdiction where such qualification is necessary, except for those jurisdictions where failure to be so qualified would not reasonably be expected to have, individually or in the aggregate, a Company Material Adverse Effect, (iii) each Company Joint Venture Agreement is valid and binding and in full force and effect and enforceable against the other party or parties thereto in accordance with its terms (except as enforceability may be limited by the Enforceability Exceptions) and (iv) each Company Joint Venture is, and has been, since

- (c) Neither the Company nor any of its Subsidiaries has violated any provision of, or taken or failed to take any action which, with or without notice, lapse of time, or both, would constitute a material default under the provisions of such Company Joint Venture Agreement, except for such violations or defaults that would not, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to be material to the Company and its Subsidiaries, taken as a whole, and neither the Company nor any of its Subsidiaries has received written notice that it has materially breached, violated or defaulted under, or providing for the termination of, any Company Joint Venture Agreement.
- (d) Except as set forth on Section 4.23(d) of the Company Disclosure Schedule, none of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries is, as of the date hereof, or will be, as of the Effective Time, obliged, pursuant to any Company Joint Venture Agreement, to purchase any securities in or make any other equity investment in or capital or other financial contribution to, any Company Joint Venture, nor does the Company or any of its Subsidiaries have any outstanding material liability in respect of any Company Joint Venture as of the date hereof.
- (e) As of the date hereof, there is no material legal proceeding or action in effect and, to the Company's knowledge, there is no material legal proceeding or action threatened between the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, on the one hand, and any other party to any Company Joint Venture or Company Joint Venture Agreement, on the other hand.
- (f) The representations and warranties set forth in this <u>Section 4.23</u> are the sole and exclusive representations and warranties of the Company pertaining to Company Joint Ventures.
- Section 4.24. *Insurance*. To the Company's knowledge, the Company and each of its Subsidiaries maintains insurance coverage with reputable insurers or maintains self-insurance practices in such amounts and covering such risks as are in accordance in all material respects, with normal industry practice for companies of a similar size engaged in similar business operations. <u>Section 4.24</u> of the Company Disclosure Schedule sets forth a true, accurate and complete list of all material insurance policies and fidelity bonds relating to the assets, business, operations, employees, officers or directors of the Company and its Subsidiaries. All such insurance policies are in full force and effect, in all material respects, with the applicable premiums having been timely paid, in all material respects, and none of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries has received written notice that it is in default in any material respect to its obligations under any insurance policy maintained by it. There is no material claim by

the Company or any of its Subsidiaries pending under any such policy or bonds as to which coverage has been denied or disputed by the underwriters of such policies or bonds.

- Section 4.25. *Required Divestitures*. The Company has completed all divestitures of theater or other assets of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries required to be made under the terms of, or otherwise in order to comply with, the Consent Decrees (collectively, the "Required Divestitures"), and has provided to Buyer prior to the date hereof true, accurate and complete copies of all material contracts and other material documentation relating to any Required Divestitures.
- Section 4.26. Outstanding Indebtedness. Section 4.26 of the Company Disclosure Schedule sets forth, as of March 31, 2012, all outstanding borrowings of the Company or any Subsidiary thereof under the Subsidiary Credit Agreement as well as, in each case, any unpaid costs, expenses, premiums or penalties of the Company or its Subsidiaries thereunder, and from such date until the date hereof, the Company has not made any additional borrowings under the revolving portion of the Subsidiary Credit Agreement.
- Section 4.27. *Canadian Operations.* As calculated in accordance with the Investment Canada Act and the regulations thereto, the total book value of the assets in Canada of the Company and its Subsidiaries is less than C\$50 million. Neither the Company nor its Subsidiaries are engaged in any film distribution activities in Canada.
- Section 4.28. Finders' Fees. Except as set forth on Section 4.28 of the Company Disclosure Schedule, there is no investment banker, broker, finder or other intermediary that has been retained by or is authorized to act on behalf of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries who might be entitled to any fee or commission from the Company or any of its Affiliates in connection with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement (other than the Debt Financing or the Debt Refinancing) or by any other Transaction Document to which it is or is specified to be a party.
- Section 4.29. Antitakeover Statutes. The Company has taken all action necessary to exempt the Merger, this Agreement and the transactions contemplated hereby from Section 203 of Delaware Law and, accordingly, neither such Section nor any other antitakeover or similar statute or regulation applies or purports to apply to any such transactions. No "control share acquisition", "fair price", "moratorium" or other antitakeover laws enacted under U.S. state or federal laws apply to this Agreement or any of the transactions contemplated hereby.
- Section 4.30. *Information Statement*. The information supplied or to be supplied by the Company for inclusion in the Information Statement shall not, at the date the Information Statement is provided to the Stockholders, contain any statement which, at such time, is false or misleading with respect to any material fact, or misstate any material fact necessary in order to make the statements made therein, in light of the circumstances under which they are made, not false or misleading.

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Section 4.31. Exclusivity of Representations. The representations and warranties made by the Company in this Article 4 with respect to the Company and its Subsidiaries are the exclusive representations and warranties, including any implied warranties, made by the Company, its Subsidiaries and Affiliates and their respective Representatives and Related Persons with respect to the business, operations, assets, liabilities, condition or prospects of the Company and its Subsidiaries and in connection with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement. The Company hereby disclaims any other representations and warranties, including implied warranties, other than the representations and warranties set forth in this Article 4, as qualified herein and by the Company Disclosure Schedule and the Company SEC Documents.

ARTICLE 5 REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES OF BUYER

Subject to Section 13.04, except as set forth in the Buyer Disclosure Schedule, Buyer makes the following representations and warranties to the Company as of the date of this Agreement (except to the extent that such representations and warranties specifically speak as of another date, in which case, as of such date); provided, that any such representations and warranties applicable to or made in respect of Merger Subsidiary and the Holding Companies shall, to the extent such entities have not been formed and do not exist as of the date hereof, be made as of the Closing only and not as of the date hereof:

Section 5.01. Corporate Existence and Power. Buyer is, and, as of the Effective Time, each of Merger Subsidiary and its direct and indirect parent entities (other than Buyer or any parent entity of Buyer, the "Holding Companies") will be, a corporation duly incorporated, validly existing and in good standing under the laws of its jurisdiction of incorporation with all corporate powers and all governmental licenses, authorizations, permits, consents and approvals required to carry on its business as now conducted (or, in the case of Merger Subsidiary and the Holding Companies, as conducted as of the Effective Time), except for those licenses, authorizations, permits, consents and approvals the absence of which would not reasonably be expected to have, individually or in the aggregate, a Buyer Material Adverse Effect. When formed, Merger Subsidiary and the Holding Companies shall be direct or indirect wholly owned Subsidiaries of Buyer. Prior to the Effective Time, Merger Subsidiary and the Holding

Companies will not have engaged in any activities other than in connection with or as contemplated by this Agreement. Prior to the date hereof, Buyer has furnished to the Company complete and accurate copies of its certificate of incorporation and bylaws as currently in effect, and is in compliance, in all material respects, with all terms and provisions thereof. Other than as described on Section 5.01 of the Buyer Disclosure Schedule, Buyer is the ultimate parent entity of Dalian Wanda Group Co., Ltd. and controls, directly or indirectly, including by stock ownership, Contract and majority board representation, all of the Subsidiaries of Dalian Wanda Group Co., Ltd. Prior to the Effective Time, each of Merger Subsidiary and the Holding Companies will have furnished to the Company complete and accurate copies of its certificate of incorporation and bylaws as in effect as of such time, and as of the Effective Time, will be in

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compliance, in all material respects, with all terms and provisions thereof. Other than the Deposit Escrow Amount, Buyer and its Subsidiaries do not, directly or indirectly, own, hold or otherwise have or control (through stock ownership, Contract or agreement, board representation or otherwise) any assets, properties or funds outside of the PRC

- Section 5.02. Corporate Authorization. The execution, delivery and performance by Buyer and Merger Subsidiary of this Agreement and the other Transaction Documents to which it is, or is specified to be, a party, and the consummation by Buyer and Merger Subsidiary of the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby are, in the case of Buyer, and will be, as of the Effective Time, in the case of Merger Subsidiary, within their respective corporate powers and have been, in the case of Buyer, and will be, as of the Effective Time, in the case of Merger Subsidiary, duly authorized by all necessary corporate action, including any required authorizations of the stockholders and Board of Directors of Buyer and Merger Subsidiary. Assuming due authorization, execution and delivery by the Company, this Agreement constitutes a valid and binding agreement of Buyer, and will as of the Closing constitute a valid and binding agreement of Merger Subsidiary, enforceable against such entity in accordance with its terms, except to the extent of the Enforceability Exceptions. Assuming due authorization, execution and delivery by each other party thereto (other than Buyer or Merger Subsidiary), each other Transaction Document to which Buyer or Merger Subsidiary is, or will be, a party, shall upon full execution thereof and as of the Closing constitute a valid and binding agreement of Buyer or Merger Subsidiary, as the case may be, except to the extent of the Enforceability Exceptions.
- Section 5.03. Governmental Authorization. (a) The execution, delivery and performance by Buyer and Merger Subsidiary of this Agreement and the other Transaction Documents to which it is, or is specified to be, a party, and the consummation by Buyer, Merger Subsidiary and the Holding Companies of the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby, require no action by or in respect of, or filing with, any Governmental Authority, other than (i) the filing of a certificate of merger with respect to the Merger with the Delaware Secretary of State and appropriate documents with the relevant authorities of other states in which Buyer is qualified to do business, (ii) compliance with any applicable requirements of the HSR Act, (iii) receipt of the PRC Regulatory Approvals, (iv) compliance with any applicable requirements of the Investment Canada Act and (v) any other actions or filings the absence of which would not reasonably be expected to have, individually or in the aggregate, a Buyer Material Adverse Effect.
- (b) Section 5.03(b) of the Buyer Disclosure Schedule sets forth (i) a true, correct and complete list of any and all PRCRegulatory Approvals and a reasonably detailed description thereof and (ii) a true and complete list of any such PRC Regulatory Approvals (preliminary or final) received prior to the date of this Agreement, including the date on which such PRC Regulatory Approval was received.
- Section 5.04. Non-contravention. (a) The execution, delivery and performance by Buyer of this Agreement and the other Transaction Documents to which it is, or is

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specified to be, a party, and the consummation by Buyer, Merger Subsidiary and the Holding Companies of the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby, do not and will not (i) contravene, conflict with, or result in any violation or breach of any provision of the certificate of incorporation or bylaws of Buyer or any of its Subsidiaries, (ii) assuming compliance with the matters referred to in Section 5.03, contravene, conflict with or result in a violation or breach of any provision of any Applicable Law, (iii) assuming compliance with the matters referred to in Section 5.03, require any consent or other action by any Person under, constitute a default under, or cause or permit the termination, cancellation, acceleration or other change of any right or obligation or the loss of any benefit to which Buyer or any of its Subsidiaries is entitled under any provision of any Contract of Buyer or any of its Subsidiaries or (iv) result in the creation or imposition of any Lien on any asset of Buyer or any of its Subsidiaries, with only such exceptions, in the case of each of clauses (ii) through (iv), as would not reasonably be expected to have, individually or in the aggregate, a Buyer Material Adverse Effect.

- (b) Buyer and each of its Subsidiaries and Affiliates is, and each of Merger Subsidiary and the Holding Companies shall be, in compliance with, and to the knowledge of Buyer is not under investigation with respect to and has not been threatened to be charged or given notice of any material violation of, any Applicable Law. Additionally, Buyer and each of its Subsidiaries is, and each of Merger Subsidiary and the Holdings Companies shall be, in compliance with any applicable permits, licenses or other similar approvals issued in respect of either such Person by any Governmental Authority, except, in each case, as would not, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to have a Buyer Material Adverse Effect.
- (c) Since January 1, 2009, none of Buyer or any of its Subsidiaries or Affiliates, directly or indirectly, has been or is engaged in, or has held or currently holds, any investment or ownership interest in (or option to acquire any rights to), or has been or is currently is a party to, any Contract or agreement in respect of any actual or proposed investment or ownership interest in, or otherwise involved in the management, control or operation of, (x) any business that competes with the Company or any of its Subsidiaries in any jurisdiction in which the Company or any of its Subsidiaries has operations or conducts business or any business or (y) except as set forth on Section 5.04 of the Buyer Disclosure Schedule, any business that owns or operates a movie studio or film production company.
- Section 5.05. Business Activities. (a) Buyer, its Subsidiaries and Affiliates engage in business activities or are otherwise commercially involved exclusively in the following lines of business: (i) real estate development in respect of residential and commercial properties, hotels and chain stores, (ii) tourism investment and (iii) cultural and entertainment affairs, in each case, solely in the PRC.
- (b) Buyer, its Subsidiaries and Affiliates do not engage in any business activities any place in the world directly or indirectly related to national security or defense or any other matter that would reasonably be expected to cause the Committee on Foreign Investment in the United States ("CFIUS") to initiate an investigation following

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the submission of the Exon-Florio notification in accordance with the regulations implementing Exon-Florio (the"Exon-Florio Filing").

(c) None of Buyer or any of its Subsidiaries or Affiliates is owned or controlled by a Governmental Authority.

Section 5.06. *Litigation; Absence of Certain Conditions.* (a) There is no action, suit, claim, investigation or proceeding pending, or, to the knowledge of Buyer, threatened, against or affecting, Buyer, Merger Subsidiary (as of the Closing), the Holding Companies (as of the Closing) or any of its or their respective Subsidiaries or

Affiliates or any of their respective properties, or, to the knowledge of Buyer, any of Buyer's or its Subsidiaries' present or former officers, directors or employees or any other Person whom Buyer, Merger Subsidiary (as of the Closing), the Holding Companies (as of the Closing) or any of their respective Subsidiaries is obligated to indemnify, except as would not, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to have a Buyer Material Adverse Effect. There is no writ, judgment, decision, decree, injunction or similar order of any Governmental Authority outstanding against Buyer, Merger Subsidiary (as of the Closing), the Holding Companies (as of the Closing) or any of its or their respective Subsidiaries or Affiliates or, to the knowledge of Buyer, any of Buyer's or its Subsidiaries' present or former officers, directors or employees, except as would not, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to have a Buyer Material Adverse Effect.

- (b) There does not exist any event or state of facts or circumstances (including, without limitation, in respect of or relating to Buyer, any of its Subsidiaries or Affiliates or, to the knowledge of Buyer, any of Buyer's or its Subsidiaries' respective present or former officers, directors or employees) that has had or would reasonably be expected to have, individually or in the aggregate, a Buyer Material Adverse Effect.
- Section 5.07. *Operations of Merger Subsidiary*. As of the Effective Time, each of Merger Subsidiary and the Holding Companies shall have been formed solely for the purpose of engaging in the transactions contemplated by this Agreement and after its formation and prior to the Closing, shall have engaged in no other business activities and will have incurred no liabilities or obligations other than as contemplated herein.
- Section 5.08. *Finders' Fees.* There is no investment banker, broker, finder or other intermediary that has been retained by or is authorized to act on behalf of Buyer, Merger Subsidiary, the Holding Companies or any of their Affiliates who might be entitled to any fee or commission from the Company or any of its Affiliates upon consummation of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement or any other Transaction Document to which it is or is specified to be a party.
- Section 5.09. Financing. (a) Buyer has, and will have on the Closing Date, sufficient Cash on Hand to enable it to consummate the Merger pursuant to the terms of this Agreement, including to pay the Aggregate Closing Consideration (plus the amount of the Stockholder Representative Reserve, plus the Indemnity Escrow Amount Balance,

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but *less* the aggregate exercise price of all Closing-In-The-Money Company Stock Options outstanding immediately prior to the Effective Time) for all of the Closing Fully Diluted Shares and any other amounts payable by it or its Subsidiaries hereunder and to pay all related fees and expenses of Buyer, Merger Subsidiary and their respective Representatives pursuant to this Agreement. Buyer's obligation hereunder to pay the Aggregate Closing Consideration as specified in the preceding sentence is not subject to the receipt or availability of any third-party debt or equity financing.

- (b) Buyer has, and will have on the Closing Date and on any date after the Closing Date on which any payment in respect of the Debt Refinancing is required under the terms of the applicable Indebtedness, sufficient Cash on Hand or available lines of credit to contribute such amounts to the Company and the Reporting Subsidiary to consummate the Debt Refinancing. Buyer's obligation hereunder to consummate the Closing and effect the Debt Refinancing is not subject to the receipt or availability of any third-party debt or equity financing.
- Buyer has delivered to the Company true, correct and complete copies of the commitment letters providing for the debt financing in respect of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement (including the Debt Financing), which copies are attached hereto as Exhibit K (the "Debt Commitment Letters", such debt financing contemplated by the Debt Commitment Letters is the "Debt Financing"). The Debt Commitment Letters are (i) in full force and effect, (ii) the legal, valid and binding obligation of each of the parties thereto, and (iii) enforceable in accordance with its terms against Buyer and, to the knowledge of Buyer, each of the other parties thereto, subject to the Enforceability Exceptions. The Debt Commitment Letters constitute the entire and complete agreement between the parties thereto with respect to the Debt Financing and has not been amended, modified or terminated prior to the date hereof. Other than the Debt Commitment Letters, neither Buyer nor Merger Subsidiary nor any of their respective Affiliates has entered into any side letters, contracts or agreements pursuant to which any Person has the right to modify or amend the terms of, or that could affect the availability of, the Debt Financing. The commitments contained in the Debt Commitment Letters have not been reduced, withdrawn or rescinded prior to the date hereof, and, assuming the satisfaction of the conditions set forth in Section 9.01 and Section 9.02, no event has occurred which, with or without notice, lapse of time or both, would constitute a default or breach under any term or condition of the Debt Commitment Letters. Assuming the satisfaction of the conditions set forth in Section 9.02, neither Buyer nor Merger Subsidiary is aware of any fact, occurrence or conditions that make any of the assumptions or statements set forth in the Debt Commitment Letters in accurate in any material respect or that would cause the commitments provided in the Debt Commitment Letters to be terminated, reduced or ineffective or any of the conditions conta

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Person other than the Company and its Subsidiaries, and there are no contingencies that would permit the Debt Financing Sources to reduce the total amount of the Debt Financing. Buyer and Merger Subsidiary have fully paid (or caused to be fully paid) all fees required to be paid on or prior to the date hereof pursuant to the Debt Commitment Letters and will promptly pay any additional fees as they become due.

- Section 5.10. Solvency of the Surviving Corporation. Immediately following the Effective Time and after giving effect to the Merger, including the Debt Financing and the Debt Refinancing, the Surviving Corporation and its Subsidiaries on a consolidated basis will be Solvent. For purposes of this Agreement, "Solvent" when used with respect to the Surviving Corporation, means that, as of any date of determination, (a) the Present Fair Salable Value of its assets will, as of such date, exceed its probable liabilities on existing debts as they become absolute and matured (including, in any event, payments that may become due under the Debt Instruments as a result of the transactions contemplated hereby), (b) the Surviving Corporation will not have, as of such date, an unreasonably small amount of assets or capital for the business in which it is engaged or will be engaged and (c) the Surviving Corporation will be able to pay its debts as they become absolute and matured, in the ordinary course of business. The term "Solvency" shall have a correlative meaning. For purposes of the definition of "Solvent", "debt" means liability on a right to payment, whether or not such a right is reduced to judgment, liquidated, unliquidated, fixed, contingent, matured, unmatured, disputed, undisputed, legal, equitable, secured or unsecured. "Present Fair Salable Value" means the amount that may be realized if the aggregate assets of the Surviving Corporation (including goodwill) are sold as an entirety with reasonable promptness in an arm's length transaction under present conditions for the sale of comparable business enterprises.
- Section 5.11. Acquisition for Own Account. Each of Buyer, Merger Subsidiary and the Holding Companies represents and warrants that (a) it has not entered into, and has no plan or intention to enter into or to cause the Company to enter into (except in the ordinary course of business) negotiations with any third party regarding the sale, transfer, assignment, conveyance or other disposition of the stock of the Surviving Corporation or any assets (including stock of subsidiaries) of the Company, in each case that would constitute a violation of the federal securities Laws or any applicable foreign or state securities Law and (b) it has not acted or been engaged as an agent, broker, finder or intermediary on behalf of any Person with respect to the sale, transfer, assignment, conveyance or other disposition of the stock of the Surviving Corporation or any assets (including stock of subsidiaries) of the Company.
- Section 5.12. No Reliance. Each of Buyer and, as of the Closing, Merger Subsidiary, acknowledges, on its own behalf and on behalf of its respective Affiliates, that except as expressly provided in this Agreement (i) neither Buyer, Merger Subsidiary nor any of their respective Affiliates is relying (for purposes of entering into this Agreement, any other Transaction Document or otherwise) upon any advice, counsel or representations (whether written or oral) of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, stockholders or other Representatives other than those representations expressly made in

Article 4 hereof, (ii) Buyer has consulted with its own advisors as to legal, regulatory, tax, financial, accounting, business and investment matters and has made its decisions with respect to the entry of this Agreement and the other Transaction Documents based upon its own judgment and the advice received from such advisors, with a full understanding of the terms, risks and conditions hereof and thereof and is entering into this Agreement and each of the other Transaction Documents to which it is a party with a full understanding of all the terms, conditions and risks hereof and thereof (economic and otherwise), and it is capable of and willing to assume (financially and otherwise) those risks, (iii) none of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries or Affiliates or their respective Related Persons or Representatives has given Buyer, Merger Subsidiary or any of their Affiliates (directly or indirectly through any other Person) any assurance, guarantee, or representation whatsoever as to the expected prospects or projected success, profitability, return, performance, result, effect, consequence or benefit (including legal, regulatory, tax, financial, accounting or otherwise) of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement or any other Transaction Document or the business of the Company to be conducted after the date hereof and (iv) none of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries or stockholders or any of their respective Representatives make, have not made nor shall be deemed to have made any representation or warranty to Buyer, Merger Subsidiary or any of their respective Affiliates, express or implied, at law or in equity, with respect to projections, estimates, forecasts or plans.

Section 5.13. Access to Information. In entering into this Agreement and each of the other documents and instruments relating to the Merger and the other transactions contemplated by this Agreement, Buyer and Merger Subsidiary have each conducted an independent investigation and verification of the current condition and affairs of the Company and relied upon its own investigation and analysis, including in respect of the condition, the cash flow and the prospects of the Company and its Subsidiaries. Buyer acknowledges that, for purposes of conducting its due diligence, it has been afforded (including via its Representatives) access to the books, records, facilities and personnel of and information about the Company and its Subsidiaries and their respective financial condition, results of operations, business and properties so as to be able to make an informed investment decision with respect to the Merger and the other transactions contemplated hereby and under the other Transaction Documents, including the opportunity to ask questions that it has deemed necessary of, and has received answers, information and materials from, the Company, its management and its Representatives in connection therewith.

Section 5.14. Exclusivity of Representations. The representations and warranties made by Buyer in this Agreement with respect to Buyer and Merger Subsidiary are the exclusive representations and warranties, including any implied warranties, made by Buyer, Merger Subsidiary (as of the Closing) and their respective Related Persons in connection with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement. Buyer and, as of the Effective Time, Merger Subsidiary, each disclaim any other representations and warranties, including implied warranties, other than the

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representations and warranties set forth in this Agreement, as qualified herein and by the Buyer Disclosure Schedule.

ARTICLE 6 COVENANTS OF THE COMPANY

The Company agrees that:

Section 6.01. Conduct of the Company. Except as set forth in Section 6.01 of the Company Disclosure Schedule, from the date hereof until the earlier of termination of this Agreement pursuant to Section 10.01 or the Effective Time, the Company shall, and shall cause each of its Subsidiaries to, conduct its business in the ordinary course consistent with past practice and use its reasonable best efforts to (i) preserve intact its business organizations and relationships with third parties, (ii) maintain in effect all of the Company Permits, (iii) maintain in effect all insurance policies that are in effect as of the date hereof consistent with past practice, (iv) keep available the services of its present officers and employees and (v) maintain satisfactory relationships with its lenders, suppliers and others having material business relationships with it. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, except with the prior written consent of Buyer (which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed) or as expressly contemplated by this Agreement or set forth in Section 6.01 of the Company Disclosure Schedule, from the date hereof until the earlier of termination of this Agreement pursuant to Section 10.01 or the Effective Time, the Company shall not, nor shall it permit any of its Subsidiaries to:

- (a) amend or propose to amend its articles of incorporation, bylaws or other similar organizational documents;
- (b) (i) split, combine or reclassify any shares of its capital stock, (ii) authorize, declare, set aside or pay any dividend or other distribution (whether in cash, stock or property or any combination thereof) in respect of its capital stock (except for any dividend or distribution by a Subsidiary to the Company or another Subsidiary of the Company) or (iii) redeem, repurchase or otherwise acquire or offer to redeem, repurchase, or otherwise acquire any Company Securities or any Company Subsidiary Securities (except in connection with the forfeiture, net exercise or payment of Taxes in connection with exercise or vesting, of Company Stock Options outstanding on the date of this Agreement);
- (c) (i) issue, deliver or sell, or offer to issue, deliver or sell, or authorize the issuance, delivery or sale of, any shares of any Company Scurities or Company Subsidiary Securities or shares or other equity interests in any Company Joint Venture, including the taking of any actions in furtherance of a public offering of capital stock of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries except as expressly permitted pursuant to Section 6.01(d), other than (A) the issuance of any shares of the Company Stock upon the exercise of company stock options that are outstanding on the date of this Agreement in accordance with the terms of those options on the date of this Agreement and (B) the

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issuance of any Company Subsidiary Securities to the Company or any other Subsidiary of the Company or (ii) amend any term of any Company Security or any Company Subsidiary Security;

- (d) except as, in the reasonable judgment of the Company, is necessary or advisable to comply with the ongoing reporting requirements of the 1934 Act of the Reporting Subsidiary, prepare or make any filings with the SEC; provided, however, that neither the foregoing nor any other provision of this Agreement shall preclude the Company from filing with the SEC any amendments to the Company S-1, or other documents required to be filed with or furnished to the SEC in connection therewith; provided, further, however, that the Company shall not have such Company S-1 declared effective or take other actions relating to a public offering of the Company or its Subsidiaries prior to the earlier of the Closing and the termination of this Agreement;
- (e) incur any capital expenditures, except for (i) those contemplated by the capital expenditure budget set forth in Section 6.01(e) of the Company Disclosure Schedule, which has been provided to Buyer prior to the date of this Agreement and (ii) any unbudgeted capital expenditures not to exceed \$5,000,000 individually or \$10,000,000 in the aggregate;
- (f) acquire (by merger, consolidation, acquisition of stock or assets or otherwise), directly or indirectly, any amount of assets, securities, properties, interests or businesses with a value or purchase price in excess of \$5,000,000 individually or \$10,000,000 in the aggregate, other than (i) pursuant to existing Contracts or binding commitments or (ii) inventory, furniture and equipment in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practices;
 - (g) other than in connection with actions permitted by this Section 6.01, make any loans, advances or capital contributions to, or investments in, any other

Person in excess of \$5,000,000 individually or \$10,000,000 in the aggregate, other than in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practices or pursuant to existing Contracts or binding commitments;

- (h) other than in connection with actions permitted by this Section 6.01, create, incur, assume, suffer to exist or otherwise be liable with respect to any indebtedness for borrowed money or guarantees thereof, other than (i) draw-downs under the Subsidiary Credit Agreement not exceeding, in the aggregate, principal amount of \$20,000,000 or (ii) inter-company indebtedness among the Company and its Subsidiaries;
- (i) other than in connection with actions permitted by this Section 6.01 or Section 8.01 of this Agreement or required pursuant to Section 8.07(d) of this Agreement, (i) enter into any Contract that would constitute a Material Contract, Lease, Company Joint Venture Agreement or material license if it had been entered into as of the date hereof, other than ordinary course purchase or work orders or similar instruments (except any Transaction Documents to which the Company or any Subsidiary thereof is specified to be a party) or (ii) amend or modify, in any material respect, other than in the ordinary

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course of business consistent with past practice, or terminate any Material Contract, Lease, Company Joint Venture Agreement, material license or Company Permit or otherwise waive, release or assign any material rights, claims or benefits of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, other than in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practice;

- (j) purchase, sell, pledge, dispose of (including a disposition on account of a Lease termination), transfer, lease, license, abandon, fail to maintain or encumber, fail to exercise extensions of the Leases or authorize the sale, pledge, disposition, transfer, lease, license, abandonment, failure to maintain or encumbrance of, any material property, rights or assets of the Company or its Subsidiaries with a value or purchase price in excess of \$5,000,000 individually, except for (i) purchases, sales, pledges, dispositions, transfers, leases, licenses or encumbrances pursuant to existing contracts or commitments, (ii) Permitted Liens, (iii) sales or dispositions of inventory and other tangible current assets in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practice and (iv) transfers among the Company and its Subsidiaries;
- (k) except as required to comply with Applicable Law or any Material Contract or Employee Plan in accordance with its terms on the date of this Agreement, (i) with respect to any employee of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries whose annual compensation exceeds \$250,000 or any director or officer, (A) grant or increase any severance or termination pay (or amend any existing severance pay or termination arrangement or policies) or (B) enter into any employment, deferred compensation or other similar agreement (or amend any such existing agreement) (and in the case of any such employee whose annual compensation does not exceed \$250,000, any action in the foregoing clause (A) or (B) shall be taken only in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practice), (ii) amend, in any material respect, or establish or adopt, any material Employee Plan or material International Plan, (iii) increase compensation, bonus or other benefits payable to any employee of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, except (A) in connection with promotions in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practice or (B) with respect to any employee of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries who is not a director or officer and whose annual compensation does not exceed \$250,000, in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practice, (iv) accelerate the payment of any bonus or other amounts (relative to the timing contemplated as of the date of this Agreement), (v) grant any equity-based awards or accelerate the vesting, exercisability or lapse of forfeiture restrictions, as applicable, with respect to any Company Stock Option or Company Restricted Share or (vi) hire or terminate the employment of any full-time employee, except for new hires at an annualized compensation level of \$250,000 or less in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practice and terminations of employees for cause;
- (1) change the Company's accounting principles, except as (i) may be requested by the Company's auditors or (ii) required by concurrent changes in GAAP or in Regulation S-X of the 1934 Act or statutory or regulatory accounting rules or interpretations with respect thereto, as agreed to by its independent public accountants;

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- (m) settle, or offer or propose to settle, (i) any litigation, investigation, arbitration, proceeding or other claim against the Company or any of its Subsidiaries other than settlements or compromises of any litigation, investigation, arbitration, proceeding or other claim where the amount paid in settlement or compromise does not exceed \$5,000,000 individually or where no material equitable relief is imposed on the Company, its Subsidiaries or any of their respective assets, (ii) any stockholder litigation or dispute or (iii) any litigation, arbitration, proceeding or dispute that relates to the transactions contemplated hereby;
- (n) make or change any material Tax election, change any annual Tax accounting period, or adopt or change any material method of Tax accounting, in each case, other than as required by Applicable Law or GAAP, materially amend any Tax Returns or file claims for material Tax refunds, enter into any material closing agreement, settle any material Tax claim, audit or assessment, or surrender any right to claim a material Tax refund, offset or other reduction in Tax liability; or
 - (o) agree, resolve or commit to do any of the foregoing.

Section 6.02. Access to Information; Confidentiality. (a) From the date hereof until the Effective Time (or the date on which this Agreement is terminated in accordance with its terms) and subject to Applicable Law and the Confidentiality Agreement, dated as of January 9, 2012, between Buyer and the Reporting Subsidiary (the "Confidentiality Agreement"), the Company shall, and shall cause its Subsidiaries to, (i) give to Buyer, its counsel, financial advisors, auditors and other authorized representatives reasonable access during normal business hours to the offices, properties, books and records of the Company and its Subsidiaries, (ii) as soon as reasonably practicable after the end of each calendar month, furnish to Buyer, its counsel, financial advisors, auditors and other authorized representatives an unaudited consolidated balance sheet of the Company as of the end of such calendar month and an unaudited consolidated statement of income and unaudited consolidated statement of such calendar month coincides with the end of a calendar quarter, an unaudited consolidated statement of income and unaudited consolidated statement of income and unaudited consolidated statement of cash flow for such calendar quarter and for the relevant year-to-date period, (iii) as soon as reasonably practicable after the end of any fiscal year of the Company, furnish to Buyer, its counsel, financial advisors, auditors and other authorized representatives the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company as of the end of such fiscal year and for the fiscal year then ended, (iv) furnish to Buyer, its counsel, financial advisors, auditors and other authorized representatives to reasonably cooperate with Buyer in its investigation of the Company and its Subsidiaries; provided, however, that the Company and its Subsidiaries shall not be obligated to provide, or cause to be provided, such access or information to the extent that the Company determines, in its reasonable, good faith judgment, that doing so would (w) violate A

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the protection of an attorney-client privilege or (z) expose the Company to a risk of liability for disclosure of sensitive or personal information of its employees provided further, however, in the event that the Company does not provide access or information in reliance on the preceding clause, it shall provide notice to Buyer that it is withholding such access or information and shall use its commercially reasonable efforts to communicate, to the extent feasible, the applicable information in a way that would not violate Applicable Law or Contract or risk waiver of privilege or exposure to liability. Any investigation pursuant to this Section 6.02(a) shall be conducted in such manner as not to interfere unreasonably with the conduct of the business of the Company and its Subsidiaries.

- (b) Upon the Closing, the Confidentiality Agreement shall terminate and be of no further force and effect. If for any reason, the termination of this Agreement occurs prior to the Closing, the parties' obligations under the Confidentiality Agreement shall continue in full force and effect in accordance with the terms thereof.
- Section 6.03. Certain Payments and Entitlements. The Company will prior to Closing take all such actions within its control as are required to submit a vote of the Stockholders in accordance with the requirements under Section 280G(b)(5)(B) of the Code with respect to any payment or entitlement of any executive officer or employee of the Company that would otherwise be subject to excise tax under Section 4999 of the Code or to a limitation of deductibility under Section 280G of the Code. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Company shall, in a manner that complies with the requirements of Section 280G(b)(5) and the regulations promulgated thereunder, provide disclosure to the Stockholders that includes all material facts concerning all payments which (but for the approval of the Stockholders under Section 280(b)(5)) would constitute "parachute payments" to any "disqualified individual", and such disclosure and approval procedures shall be reasonably acceptable to Buyer. The results of such Stockholder vote shall be promptly furnished to Buyer.
- Section 6.04. Company Management Stockholders Agreement. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in Section 6.01, the Company shall use its reasonable best efforts to cause each Person whose consent is required to terminate the Company Management Stockholders Agreement pursuant to and in accordance with its terms to execute and deliver to the Company and Buyer a Management Consent at or prior to the Closing (other than the Individual Stockholders who have executed and delivered Management Consents concurrently herewith). If, having complied with its obligations under the preceding sentence, the Company is unable to cause the execution and delivery of any such Management Consents, the Company shall enforce all of its rights under the Management Stockholder Agreement to obligate such Persons to consent to and participate in the transactions contemplated hereby, including the (x) call rights provided in Section 2 therein, (y) drag-along rights provided in Section 3 therein and (z) rights set forth in Section 9(e) therein.

ARTICLE 7 COVENANTS OF BUYER

Buyer agrees that:

- Section 7.01. Formation and Obligations of Merger Subsidiary. Promptly following receipt of the PRC Regulatory Approvals necessary to form Merger Subsidiary, and in any event prior to the Closing, Buyer agrees to take all actions necessary to cause Merger Subsidiary to be duly and validly formed. Promptly following the formation of Merger Subsidiary, Buyer shall take all action necessary to transfer and assign the rights and obligations of Merger Subsidiary under this Agreement to Merger Subsidiary, and to cause Merger Subsidiary to take the applicable actions contemplated under this Agreement and to consummate the Merger on the terms and conditions set forth in this Agreement, in each case, pursuant to a written agreement in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the Company
- Section 7.02. *Employee Matters*. (a) Buyer agrees that each employee of the Company who continues employment with Buyer, the Surviving Corporation or any of their respective Subsidiaries after the Closing Date (a "Continuing Employee") shall be provided, for a period extending until the first anniversary of the Closing Date, with (i) base salary, cash bonus opportunities and severance that are the same as the base salary, cash bonus opportunities and severance provided by the Company to such Continuing Employee immediately prior to the date of this Agreement and (ii) benefits that are not materially less favorable, in the aggregate than the benefits generally provided by the Company to Continuing Employees immediately prior to the date of this Agreement. Nothing in this Agreement (x) shall require Buyer, the Surviving Corporation or any of their Subsidiaries to continue to employ any particular Continuing Employee following the Closing Date or (y) shall be construed to prohibit Buyer, the Surviving Corporation or any of their Subsidiaries from amending or terminating any Employee Plan or any employee benefit plan, program or policy of Buyer, the Surviving Corporation or any of their Subsidiaries.
- (b) Buyer shall ensure that, as of the Closing Date, each Continuing Employee receive full credit (for all purposes, including eligibility to participate, vesting, vacation entitlement and severance benefits, but excluding benefit accrual) for service with the Company (or predecessor employers to the extent the Company provides such past service credit under its employee benefit plans) under each of the comparable employee benefit plans, programs and policies of Buyer, the Surviving Corporation or the relevant Subsidiary, as applicable, in which such Continuing Employee becomes a participant; provided, however, that no such service recognition shall result in any duplication of benefits. As of the Closing Date, Buyer shall, or shall cause the Surviving Corporation or relevant Subsidiary to, credit to Continuing Employees the amount of vacation time that such employees had accrued but not used under any applicable Employee Plan as of the Closing Date. With respect to each health or welfare benefit plan maintained by Buyer, the Surviving Corporation or the relevant Subsidiary for the benefit of any Continuing Employees, subject only to any required approval of the applicable insurance provider, if

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any, Buyer shall use its commercially reasonable efforts to (i) cause to be waived any eligibility waiting periods, any evidence of insurability requirements and the application of any pre-existing condition limitations under such plan and (ii) cause each Continuing Employee to be given credit under such plan for all amounts paid by such Continuing Employee under any similar Employee Plan for the plan year that includes the Closing Date for purposes of applying deductibles, co-payments and out-of-pocket maximums as though such amounts had been paid in accordance with the terms and conditions of the applicable plan maintained by Buyer, the Surviving Corporation or the relevant Subsidiary, as applicable, for the plan year in which the Closing Date occurs.

(c) No provision of this <u>Section 7.02</u> shall create any third-party beneficiary rights in any employee or former employee (including any beneficiary or dependent of such employee or former employee) of the Company or its Subsidiaries in respect of continued employment (or resumed employment) or any other matter.

ARTICLE 8 COVENANTS OF BUYER AND THE COMPANY

The parties hereto agree that:

Section 8.01. Reasonable Best Efforts. (a) Subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement, the Company and Buyer shall use their reasonable best efforts to take, or cause to be taken, all actions and to do, or cause to be done, all things necessary, proper or advisable under Applicable Law to consummate the transactions contemplated by this Agreement as promptly as practicable, including (i) the taking of all acts necessary to cause the conditions to closing to be satisfied as promptly as practicable, (ii) preparing and filing as promptly as practicable with any Governmental Authority or other Third Party all documentation to effect all necessary filings, notices, petitions, statements, registrations, submissions of information, applications and other documents, (iii) obtaining and maintaining all Third Party Consents and all approvals, consents, registrations, permits, authorizations and other confirmations required to be obtained from any Governmental Authority that are necessary, proper or advisable to consummate the transactions contemplated by this Agreement (including, without limitation, the PRC Regulatory Approvals), (iv) securing clearance under all applicable Competition Laws (including the expiration or termination of any applicable waiting period thereunder) of the Merger and the other transactions contemplated by this Agreement and (v) the execution and delivery of any additional instruments necessary to consummate the transactions contemplated by, or to fully carry out the purposes of, this Agreement. Each of Buyer and the Company shall cooperate with one another in seeking and obtaining all such approvals, authorizations, consents, waivers or clearances, including the preparation of relevant documentation and supplying, as promptly as practicable any additional information and documentary material that may be requested or required in connection therewith, and keep one another reasonably informed with respect to the status of each clearance, approval or waiver sought from any Governmental A

shall consult with one another, and consider in good faith the views of the other party, prior to submitting any written communication to, or entering into any agreement with, any Governmental Authority.

- In furtherance and not in limitation of the foregoing, each of Buyer and the Company shall, to the extent not made prior to the date hereof, make appropriate filings pursuant to applicable Competition Laws, including an appropriate filing of a Notification and Report Form pursuant to the HSR Act, with respect to the transactions contemplated hereby as promptly as practicable and in any event within ten (10) Business Days of the date hereof. It is understood and agreed that the Company, in consultation with Buyer, shall take primary responsibility for communicating with any Governmental Authority relating to filings under the HSR Act and developing strategy for responding to any investigation or inquiry by any Governmental Authority under the HSR Act. The Company shall pay any and all fees and costs associated with the filings and submissions under the HSR Act prior to the Closing; provided, however, that (i) no such fees or costs shall be deemed to be Transaction Expenses in the event that the transactions contemplated hereby are consummated and (ii) the Company shall not be entitled to be separately reimbursed by Buyer for such fees and costs in the event of termination pursuant to Section 10.01. The parties agree not to participate in any meeting, or engage in any substantive conversation, with any Governmental Authority in respect of such filings, investigation or other inquiry unless they consult, where possible, with the other party in advance, and consider in good faith the views of the other party, and, to the extent permitted by such Governmental Authority, give the other party the opportunity to attend and participate at such meeting or conversation. In furtherance and not in limitation of the foregoing, each of Buyer and the Company shall supply as promptly as practicable any additional information and documentary material that may be requested pursuant to the HSR Act and shall use reasonable best efforts to take all other actions necessary to cause the expiration or termination of the applicable waiting periods under the HSR Act. Each party will use its reasonable best efforts to cooperate with the other party in obtaining any such Permits related to any Competition Laws; provided, however, that, prior to Closing, no party shall be required to expend money, sell, divest, hold separate or otherwise dispose of any of its or its Subsidiaries' material assets or properties, commence or participate in any litigation, cease, restrain or otherwise modify its business or operations in any material way, or offer or grant any material accommodation (financial or otherwise) to any Person (including any Governmental Authority) in connection therein.
- (c) In furtherance and not in limitation of the foregoing, Buyer and the Company shall, as promptly as practicable and in any event within ten (10) Business Days after the date hereof, submit a draft joint Exon-Florio Filing to CFIUS with regard to the transactions contemplated by this Agreement (the "Draft Filing"), Buyer and the Company shall submit a final joint Exon-Florio notification to CFIUS (the "Final Notice") within three (3) Business Days of receipt of any CFIUS comments on such draft. Buyer and the Company shall have shared responsibility for preparation and submission of the draft and final Exon-Florio Filing. The Company shall pay any and all

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fees and costs associated with the preparation and submission of the Exon-Florio Filing prior to the Closing provided, however, that (i) no such fees or costs shall be deemed to be Transaction Expenses in the event that the transactions contemplated hereby are consummated and (ii) the Company shall not be entitled to be separately reimbursed by Buyer for such fees and costs in the event of termination pursuant to Section 10.01. Each of Buyer, Merger Subsidiary and the Company shall permit the other party to review, prior to submission, the Draft Filing and the Final Notice and shall consider in good faith the written comments of the other party and its Representatives to each of the Draft Filing and the Final Notice and all documents and submission materials relating thereto. The Company hereby agrees promptly to provide Buyer, and Buyer agrees promptly to provide the Company, with all information and other assistance necessary to prepare and timely submit the Exon-Florio Filing in accordance with this Section 8.01(c). Each of Buyer and the Company shall, as promptly as practicable but in any event within the time required to avoid possible rejection or deferred acceptance of the Exon-Florio Filing under 31 C.F.R. § 800.403, respond to any inquiries from CFIUS or any other interested Governmental Authority and make any other submissions under Exon-Florio that are required or requested by CFIUS to be made, or that Buyer and the Company agree should be made; provided, that neither Buyer nor the Company shall make any response, submission or other communication, including the initial submission, with CFIUS without prior consultation, in good faith with, and approval of the other party, unless CFIUS specifically directs otherwise.

(d) In furtherance and not in limitation of the foregoing, Buyer shall, as promptly as practicable and in any event within five (5) Business Days after the date hereof, file or otherwise submit (to the extent not filed or submitted prior to the date hereof) with the applicable Governmental Authority in the PRC all applications for the PRC Regulatory Approvals and use its reasonable best efforts to obtain the PRC Regulatory Approvals with regard to the transactions contemplated by this Agreement as promptly as practicable; provided, however, that to the extent that the issuance of any PRC Regulatory Approval is a prerequisite for the filing or submission for any other PRC Regulatory Approval, Buyer shall, as promptly as practicable and in any event within five (5) Business Days after the issuance date of such prerequisite PRC Regulatory Approval, file or otherwise submit with the applicable Governmental Authority in the PRC the application for such other PRC Regulatory Approval. It is understood and agreed that Buyer shall take primary responsibility for preparation and submission of the applicable filings relating to the PRC Regulatory Approvals; it being agreed that Buyer shall bear all costs related to the preparation, submission and receipt of the PRC Regulatory Approvals. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Company hereby agrees promptly to provide Buyer with all necessary information and other assistance necessary to prepare and submit such filings in accordance with this Section 8.01(d). Each of Buyer and the Company shall, as promptly as practicable, respond to any inquiries from any applicable Governmental Authority and make any other submissions in connection with the PRC Regulatory Approvals that are required to be made or that Buyer and the Company agree should be made. Buyer agrees not to participate in any meeting, or engage in any substantive conversation, with any Governmental Authority in respect of the PRC Regulatory

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Approvals unless it consults, where possible, with the Company in advance, and considers in good faith the views of the Company, and, to the extent permitted by such Governmental Authority, gives the Company or its Representatives the opportunity to attend and participate at such meeting or conversation. Buyer shall use its reasonable best efforts to keep the Company apprised on a reasonably current basis of the status of its efforts to obtain the PRC Regulatory Approvals and of any material communications with the applicable Governmental Authorities in respect thereof, in each case to the extent that such disclosure to the Company is permitted under Applicable Law. Buyer further agrees to (i) provide the Company and its Representatives with reasonable access, in hard copy at Buyer's offices in Beijing, PRC (at the address set forth in Section 13.01) to all application documents and submissions in respect of the PRC Regulatory Approvals before they are submitted to the Governmental Authorities of the PRC (provided, that the Company and its Representatives shall not be entitled to remove any such copies or otherwise be entitled to receive such copies outside of Buyer's offices) and (ii) consider in good faith the written comments of the Company and its Representatives to such application documents and submission materials relating to the PRC Regulatory Approvals. Each of Buyer and the Company shall, as promptly as practicable and using reasonable best efforts to avoid possible delay or non-issuance of the PRC Regulatory Approvals, respond to any inquiries from the Governmental Authorities of the PRC and make any other submissions under the Applicable Law of the PRC that are required or requested to be made in connection with the transactions contemplated hereby, or that Buyer and the Company agree should be made; provided, that neither Buyer nor the Company shall make any response, submission or other communication, including the initial submission, with any Governmental Authority of the PRC without prior consultation, in good faith with, and approval of, the other party. Buyer further agrees to provide the Company and its Representatives promptly, and in any event within two (2) Business Days of receipt thereof, of written evidence (or access thereto) in customary form of each of the PRC Regulatory Approvals. To the extent that any question, dispute or disagreement arises as to the receipt, validity, adequacy, form or other term or aspect of any PRC Regulatory Approval, the provisions of Section 8.02 shall apply to the resolution of such matter.

(e) In furtherance and not in limitation of the foregoing, if fifteen (15) days following the date hereof, one or more movie theatres in Canada is owned or leased by a Subsidiary of the Company that is incorporated under the laws of Canada or a province thereof, then Buyer shall, as promptly as practicable thereafter and in any event within a further five (5) Business Days, file a notification under Part III of the Investment Canada Act in respect of the Merger. If Buyer receives a notice from the Minister of Investments regarding the Merger pursuant to paragraph 15(b) of the Investment Canada Act within the time period specified in such paragraph, then Buyer shall, as promptly

information and assistance as the other party may reasonably request in connection with preparing any submission or responding to any such request from a Governmental Authority relating to the Investment Canada Act. If Buyer receives a notice from the Minister of Investments regarding the Merger in accordance with paragraph 15(b) of the Investment Canada Act, Buyer shall use its reasonable best efforts to take all actions necessary to obtain notice from the responsible Minister under the Investment Canada Act that he or she is satisfied that the Merger is likely to be of net benefit to Canada (a "Net Benefit Letter"); provided that, subject to compliance with Section 8.01(e) of the Company Disclosure Schedule, as a condition of or otherwise for purposes of the issuance by the responsible Minister under the Investment Canada Act of a Net Benefit Letter, no party shall be required to (A) pay any material consideration, grant any other material financial accommodation, or assume any material cost, obligation, limitation, restriction or liability; (B) sell, divest, hold separate or otherwise dispose of any of its or its Subsidiaries' material assets or properties; (C) commence or participate in any litigation; (D) cease, restrain or otherwise modify its business or operations in a material way; or (E) offer or grant any other material accommodation to any Person.

(f) In furtherance and not in limitation of the provisions of Section 8.01(a), the Company agrees to use its reasonable best efforts to secure needed approvals, authorizations, consents, waivers or clearances from any Person in connection with this Agreement or the Merger, including, without limitation, the Third Party Consents, as promptly as practicable; provided, however, that (i) the Company shall not, without the prior written consent of Buyer, take or agree to take any action that would otherwise be prohibited by Section 6.01 of this Agreement and (ii) the Company shall not, without the prior written consent of Buyer, pay any consideration (or grant any financial accommodation) to, or assume any cost, obligation, limitation, restriction or liability from, any Third Party, in each case, as a condition of or otherwise primarily in connection with obtaining any Third Party Consent, and in no event shall the Company be obliged or required to take any such action prior to the Closing Date (or which is effective prior to the Closing Date); provided, that, notwithstanding anything to the contrary set forth herein or inSection 6.01, in connection with obtaining the Required Third Party Consents only, the Company is hereby expressly permitted to take the actions set forth on Section 8.01(f) of the Company Disclosure Schedule, without Buyer's prior consent. To the extent that the Company requests Buyer's approval pursuant to clause (ii) above and Buyer does not grant such approval in a reasonably timely manner, then the Company's subsequent omission to take (or delay in taking) the specified action(s) shall not be deemed to be a failure of the Company to comply with its obligation to use reasonable best efforts to obtain the Third Party Consents pursuant to this Section 8.01.

Section 8.02. *PRC Regulatory Approval Dispute.* Notwithstanding Section 13.06 herein or in any other term of this Agreement, in the event of a question, dispute or other disagreement as to satisfaction of the condition in Section 9.01(d) of this Agreement, including in respect of the receipt, validity, adequacy, form or other term or aspect of any PRC Regulatory Approval, the party disputing, disagreeing with or otherwise questioning such PRC Regulatory Approval (the "Initiating Party") shall

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provide the other party with written notice of its disagreement (a "Notice of Disagreement") within ten (10) Business Days of its receipt of written or other indication of evidence (or access thereto) of such PRC Regulatory Approval. Any Notice of Disagreement shall specify in reasonable detail the nature of any question, dispute or disagreement so asserted and identify additional information reasonably required by the Initiating Party from the other party or from the applicable Governmental Authority of the PRC to evaluate the determination made in respect of the PRC Regulatory Approval at issue. Within two (2) Business Days of receipt of a Notice of Disagreement, Buyer and the Company shall mutually agree upon and engage one of the PRC law firms set forth on Section 8.02 of the Company Disclosure Schedule (the "PRC Firm"). Promptly thereafter and no later than five (5) Business Days after such engagement, Buyer and the Company shall submit the Notice of Disagreement to the PRC Firm for resolution through the issuance of a written and unqualified legal opinion, in the form attached hereto as Exhibit L. addressed to all of the parties and affirming that the applicable PRC Regulatory Approval has been filed or obtained so as to satisfy the condition in Section 9.01(d) of this Agreement (the "Opinion"). Each party shall furnish with its submission to the PRC Firm such other information and documents as it deems relevant to the Notice of Disagreement or such information and documents as may be requested by the PRC Firm in connection with delivery of the Opinion, with copies of such materials being given to the other party substantially simultaneously. The parties shall use their respective reasonable best efforts to cause the PRC Firm to render an Opinion within fifteen (15) Business Days of submission of the Notice of Disagreement thereto (the "Opinion Period"). The parties hereby acknowledge and agree that if the PRC Firm issues the Opinion within the Opinion Period in respect of the PRC Regulatory Approval subject to the Notice of Disagreement, the delivery of such Opinion shall constitute final, binding and conclusive evidence, not subject to adjudication pursuant to Section 13.06 of this Agreement, of the receipt and adequacy of the applicable PRC Regulatory Approval for purposes of satisfaction of the condition in Section 9.01(d) and resolution of the Notice of Disagreement. The parties hereby further acknowledge and agree that if the PRC Firm does not issue the Opinion within the Opinion Period in respect of the PRC Regulatory Approval subject to the Notice of Disagreement, the failure by the PRC Firm to deliver the Opinion shall constitute final, binding and conclusive evidence, not subject to adjudication pursuant to Section 13.06 of this Agreement, that the applicable PRC Regulatory Approval has not been received and the condition in Section 9.01(d) has not been satisfied, and the Company shall be entitled to payment of \$30,000,000 pursuant to Section 10.02 of this Agreement as its remedy in respect thereof. The parties hereby acknowledge and agree that they and their Subsidiaries and Affiliates and their respective Related Persons (x) have not transacted material business with, obtained material legal services from or otherwise entered into material engagements with any of the PRC law firms set forth on Section 8.02 of the Company Disclosure Schedule and (y) will not engage or enter into any commitment, agreement or understanding (whether oral or written) with any of the PRC law firms set forth on Section 8.02 of the Company Disclosure Schedule to transact business with, provide legal services to or otherwise enter into an engagement with such Persons, except in connection with the Opinion to be provided pursuant to this Section 8.02.

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Section 8.03. Public Announcements. Buyer and the Company shall consult with each other before issuing any press release, having any communication with the press (whether or not for attribution), making any other public statement or scheduling any press conference or conference call with investors or analysts with respect to this Agreement or any other Transaction Document or the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby and, except in respect of any public statement or press release as may be required by Applicable Law, shall not issue any such press release or make any such other public statement or schedule any such press conference or conference call without the consent of the other party (which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed). To the extent permitted under Applicable Law, any public statement or press release required to be made by Applicable Law shall be made after reasonable notice to and consultation with the other party, and, to the extent so permitted, the parties shall use their reasonable efforts to cause a mutually agreeable press release or other public statement to be issued.

Section 8.04. Further Assurances. At and after the Effective Time, the officers and directors of the Surviving Corporation shall be authorized to execute and deliver, in the name and on behalf of the Company or Merger Subsidiary, any deeds, bills of sale, assignments or assurances and to take and do, in the name and on behalf of the Company or Merger Subsidiary, any other actions and things to vest, perfect or confirm of record or otherwise in the Surviving Corporation any and all right, title and interest in, to and under any of the rights, properties or assets of the Company acquired or to be acquired by the Surviving Corporation as a result of, or in connection with, the Merger.

Section 8.05. Notices of Certain Events. (a) Each of the Company and Buyer shall promptly notify the other, pursuant to the terms of Section 13.01, of:

(i) any written notice or communication from any Person alleging that the consent of such Person is or may be required in connection with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement;

- (ii) any written notice or communication from any Governmental Authority in connection with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement;
- (iii) any actions, suits, claims, investigations or proceedings commenced or, to its knowledge, threatened against, relating to or involving the Company, any of its Subsidiaries or its or their officers, directors or employees or Buyer, any of its Subsidiaries or Affiliates or its or their officers, directors or employees, as the case may be, that, if pending on the date of this Agreement, would have been required to have been disclosed pursuant to Section 4.14 or Section 5.06(a) of this Agreement or that relate to the failure of the Debt Financing to be received; and
- (iv) upon such party's knowledge thereof, any inaccuracy of such party's representation or warranty in this Agreement or breach or failure of such party to comply with or satisfy any covenant hereunder at any time during the

term hereof that would reasonably be expected to cause any condition set forth in Article 9 not to be satisfied or the failure of the Debt Financing to be received;

provided, that the delivery of any notice pursuant to this Section 8.05 shall not limit or otherwise affect the remedies available hereunder to the party receiving such notice.

Section 8.06. *Information Statement*. Promptly after the date hereof, the Company, in consultation with Buyer, shall prepare an information statement (the "Information Statement") in accordance with Section 228 of Delaware Law and shall mail or cause the Information Statement to be mailed to any holder of Company Stock who has not executed a Consent in accordance with Delaware Law.

Section 8 07 Debt Financing. (a) Buyer and Merger Subsidiary shall each use their respective reasonable best efforts to complete the Debt Financing at Closing on the terms and conditions described in the Debt Commitment Letters and shall not agree to any amendment or modification to, any waiver of any provision or remedy under, or any replacement of, the Debt Commitment Letters without the prior written consent of the Company if such amendment, modification, waiver or replacement would or would reasonably be expected to (i) reduce the aggregate amount of the Debt Financing, (ii) impose new or additional conditions to the receipt of the Debt Financing on the Closing Date and/or on any date after the Closing Date on which any payment in respect of the Debt Financing is required, including with respect to regulatory approvals (it being understood and agreed that no such amendment, modification, waiver or replacement shall result in the imposition of any condition precedent or other contingency (x) relating to the condition (financial or otherwise), results, investments, indebtedness, performance, operations, properties or prospects of any Person other than the Company and/or its Subsidiaries or (y) to the making of any payment in respect of the Debt Refinancing after the Closing Date other than an event of default resulting from the bankruptcy of the Reporting Subsidiary), (iii) prevent or materially delay the consummation of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement, including the Debt Refinancing, (iv) adversely impact the ability of Buyer or Merger Subsidiary to enforce their respective rights against the other parties to the Debt Commitment Letters or (v) result in the provision of all or any portion of the Debt Financing from any Person that is not organized under the laws of the United States or the PRC or a United Statesbased branch of a financing source that is organized under the laws of the PRC. In addition, Buyer and Merger Subsidiary shall each use their respective reasonable best efforts to (A) negotiate definitive agreements with respect to the Debt Financing on the terms and conditions contained in the Debt Commitment Letters or on other terms reasonably acceptable to Buyer and Merger Subsidiary and not in violation of this Section 8.07(a) and (B) satisfy on a timely basis all conditions applicable to the Debt Financing under the Debt Commitment Letters. In the event that all conditions to funding under the Debt Commitment Letters (other than the availability of equity financing and such conditions which by their nature can only be satisfied at the Closing) have been satisfied, Buyer and Merger Subsidiary shall each use their respective reasonable best efforts to cause the Debt Financing Sources to fund the Debt Financing required to consummate the Merger and related transactions on the Closing Date and, when required under the terms of the

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applicable Debt Instrument, the Debt Refinancing (including taking enforcement actions to cause the Debt Financing Sources to provide such financing) and Buyer shall, in each case, cause the proceeds of the Debt Financing to be applied to repay or redeem any Indebtedness required to be repaid or redeemed in connection with the Debt Refinancing (whether by contributing or otherwise transferring such proceeds to the Surviving Corporation and the Reporting Subsidiary or otherwise). In the event that any portion of the Debt Financing becomes unavailable on the terms and conditions contemplated in the Debt Commitment Letters, (1) Buyer shall promptly notify the Company and (2) Buyer and Merger Subsidiary shall each use their respective reasonable best efforts to obtain alternative financing from alternative sources organized under the laws of the United States or the PRC or the United States-based branches of financing sources that are organized under the laws of the PRC or other financing sources to which the Company may consent in writing on terms not materially less beneficial to the Company as it pertains to conditionality (but in any event not including any conditions or other contingencies (x) relating to the condition (financial or otherwise), results, investments, indebtedness, performance, operations, properties or prospects of any Person other than the Company and/or its Subsidiaries or (y) to the making of any payment in respect of the Debt Refinancing after the Closing Date other than an event of default resulting from the bankruptcy of the Reporting Subsidiary) in an amount sufficient to consummate the Merger as promptly as possible and, when required under the applicable Debt Instrument, the Debt Refinancing. For purposes of this Agreement, references to "Debt Financing" shall include the financing contemplated by the Debt Commitment Letters as permitted by this Section 8.07(a) to be amended, modified or replaced and references to the "Debt Commitment Letters" shall include such document as permitted by this Section 8.07(a) to be amended, modified or replaced, in each case from and after such amendment, modification or replacement, and references to "Debt Financing Sources" in this Agreement shall include any financing source permitted to provide any Debt Financing in accordance with the terms of this Section 8.07(a). Following the Closing, if the Company or any of its Subsidiaries is required to redeem any Indebtedness upon the occurrence of a "Change of Control" resulting from the transactions contemplated hereby under the documents governing such Indebtedness (including the Debt Instruments), the Surviving Corporation shall (and Buyer shall cause the Surviving Corporation and the Reporting Subsidiary to) comply with the requirements under such documents and Buyer shall cause the proceeds of the Debt Financing to be applied to redeem such Indebtedness (whether by contributing or otherwise transferring such proceeds to the Surviving Corporation and the Reporting Subsidiary or otherwise).

- (b) Buyer shall keep the Company apprised on a reasonably current basis of the status of its efforts to consummate the Debt Financing.
- (c) Buyer acknowledges and agrees that obtaining any Debt Financing is not a condition to the Closing (except to the extent that the consummation of a Debt Financing is prohibited by Applicable Law, pursuant to Section 9.01(a)) and reaffirms its obligation to consummate the transactions contemplated hereby on the terms and subject to the

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conditions set forth herein, independently of the availability of, or the ability to obtain, any Debt Financing (except to the extent set forth in Section 9.01(a)).

(d) From the date of this Agreement to the Effective Time and subject to Section 8.07(e) below, the Company shall, shall cause its Subsidiaries to, and shall use reasonable best efforts to cause its Representatives to, provide to Buyer all cooperation reasonably requested by Buyer in connection with any Debt Financing. Such cooperation may include, without limitation, (i) the Company's use of reasonable best efforts to assist Buyer in obtaining, prior to Closing, an amendment to the definition of "Change of Control" in the Subsidiary Credit Agreement to the extent necessary to permit the consummation of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement without causing an event of default under the applicable agreement (it being understood that any such amendment shall be conditioned upon the Closing and become effective

substantially concurrently with the Effective Time), (ii) providing direct contact between any Debt Financing Sources and, if a syndication is contemplated, other prospective financing sources in connection with such syndication, on the one hand, and the officers and directors of the Company and its Subsidiaries, on the other hand, providing relevant or appropriate assistance in connection with such entities' due diligence investigations and, if a syndication is contemplated, participating in a reasonable number of meetings (including customary one-on-one meetings with lead arrangers and agents or prospective lenders or purchasers), presentations and due diligence sessions and sessions with ratings agencies in connection with such syndication, (iii) providing any financial information that may be reasonably requested by Buyer to the extent the same is reasonably available to the Company necessary in connection with any Debt Financing, if applicable, within the time periods required under the Debt Commitment Letters, (iv) taking all corporate actions or executing any required instruments, certificates or documents, subject to the occurrence of the Closing, as may be reasonably requested by Buyer in connection with any Debt Financing, and (v) if a syndication is contemplated, assisting with preparation of any required disclosure documents or customary marketing materials, lender presentations or rating agency presentations. Notwithstanding the foregoing, (A) no officer, director, member of management, employee, Stockholder or other Representative of the Company or its Subsidiaries shall be required to travel outside the United States in connection with the Company or its Subsidiaries' obligations pursuant to this Section 8.07(d), (B) all material, non-public information regarding the Company and its Subsidiaries provided to Buyer, Merger Subsidiary, any Debt Financing Source or any other Person pursuant to this Section 8.07 shall be kept confidential by them in accordance with the terms of the Confidentiality Agreement, in the case of Buyer and Merger Subsidiary, or a confidentiality agreement on terms substantially identical to those set forth in the Confidentiality Agreement, in the case of any Debt Financing Source or other Person, and (C) none of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries or the Stockholders shall be required to (1) commit to take any action that is not contingent upon the Closing (including the entry into any agreement) or that would be effective prior to the Effective Time or that would otherwise subject any of them to actual or potential liability in connection with the Debt Financing or (2) take any action to the extent that it would, in the Company's reasonable, good faith judgment, (x) unreasonably interfere

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with the business or operations of the Company or its Subsidiaries, (y) violate any Applicable Law or (z) be reasonably likely to result in the waiver of any attorney-client privilege, the unauthorized disclosure of any trade secrets of third parties or the breach of any applicable confidentiality obligations.

(e) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, including Section 8.07(d) above, none of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries shall incur any fees, charges, expenses, premiums, penalties and other amounts payable in connection with any of the foregoing (including the payment of any commitment or other fee) in connection with any Debt Financing or Debt Refinancing other than to the extent (i) arising out of or pursuant to actions taken at Buyer's express written request or (ii) otherwise incurred with Buyer's express written consent ("Approved Expenses"), and none of the Company's or its Subsidiaries' respective stockholders or other Representatives shall be required to incur any such fees, charges, expenses, premiums, penalties and other amounts payable except for Approved Expenses that are reimbursable pursuant to the following sentence (it being understood and agreed that nothing herein shall prohibit the Company or any of its Subsidiaries from complying with the terms of the Subsidiary Credit Agreement, any Debt Instrument or any other Indebtedness existing as of the date hereof or incurred in compliance with Section 6.01). Buyer and/or Merger Subsidiary shall, within ten (10) days following receipt of a summary invoice therefor, reimburse the Company and/or its Subsidiaries for all Approved Expenses and shall use reasonable best efforts to obtain all PRC Regulatory Approvals required in connection therewith. To the extent that the Company, its Subsidiaries, or their respective stockholders or other Representatives request Buyer's approval pursuant to clause (ii) above to take any action in connection with any Debt Financing or Debt Refinancing, and Buyer does not grant such approval in a reasonably timely manner, then such requesting Person's subsequent omission to take (or delay in taking) such action shall not be deemed to be a failure of the Company to comply with its obligations to cooperate with Buyer pursuant to this Section 8.07. Buyer shall indemnify and hold harmless the Company,

Section 8.08. *Indemnification and Insurance.* (a) Buyer and Merger Subsidiary agree that all rights to indemnification, exculpation and advancement existing in favor of the current or former directors, officers, employees and agents of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries (the "Indemnified Persons"), as provided in the certificate of incorporation, articles of organization, bylaws or similar constituent documents of the Company or any its Subsidiaries, or in any indemnification agreement or arrangement as in effect as of the date of this Agreement with respect to matters occurring prior to or at the Effective Time, shall survive the consummation of the Merger and shall continue in full force and effect from and after the Effective Time.

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- (b) The Company shall purchase prior to the Closing, and the Surviving Corporation shall maintain with reputable and financially sound carriers, tail policies to the current directors' and officers' liability insurance and fiduciaries liability insurance policies maintained on the date of this Agreement by the Company and its Subsidiaries, which tail policies and fiduciaries liability policies (i) shall be effective for a period from the Effective Time through and including the date that is six (6) years after the Closing Date with respect to claims in respect of acts or omissions occurring prior to or at the Effective Time and (ii) shall contain coverage that is at least as protective to the Persons covered by such existing policies (the "D&O Tail Policies"); provided, that the Company shall give Buyer a reasonable opportunity to participate in the selection of such D&O Tail Policies and the Company shall give reasonable and good faith consideration to any comments made by Buyer with respect thereto. The Company shall pay any and all costs associated with the D&O Tail Policies prior to the Closing; provided, however, that no such costs shall be deemed to be Transaction Expenses. The Surviving Corporation shall provide copies of the D&O Tail Policies to the Indemnified Persons covered thereby, as reasonably requested by such Persons from time to time.
- (c) This Section 8.08 shall survive the consummation of the Merger and continue in full force and effect and is intended to benefit, and shall be enforceable, as third party beneficiaries, by each Indemnified Person (notwithstanding that such Persons are not parties to this Agreement) and their respective heirs and legal representatives. The indemnification provided for herein shall not be deemed exclusive of any other rights to which an Indemnified Person is entitled, whether pursuant to Applicable Law, contract or otherwise.
- (d) In the event that the Surviving Corporation, Buyer or any of their respective successors or assigns (i) consolidates with or merges into any other Person and shall not be the continuing or surviving corporation or entity of such consolidation or merger or (ii) transfers or conveys all or substantially all of its properties and assets to any Person, then, and in each such case, proper provision shall be made so that the successors and assigns of the Surviving Corporation or Buyer or the properties and assets thereof, as the case may be, shall succeed to the obligations set forth in this Section 8.08.
- Section 8.09. Standstill Period. In the event that the Merger is not consummated and this Agreement is terminated, Buyer agrees that for a period of twenty-four (24) months from the date of this Agreement (the "Standstill Period"), except as expressly contemplated by this Agreement, neither it nor any of its Subsidiaries or Affiliates, alone or with others, will in any manner (a) acquire, agree to acquire, or make any proposal to acquire any securities or assets of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries (other than assets transferred in the ordinary course of the Company's or any such Subsidiary's business), unless such acquisition, agreement or making of a proposal shall have been expressly first approved by the board of directors of the Company, (b) except with the prior approval of the Company, propose to enter into, directly or indirectly, any merger or business combination involving the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, (c) solicit proxies from the Stockholders or any of its Affiliates, (d) form, join or in any way participate in a "group" (within the meaning of Section 13(d)(3) of the 1934 Act) with

respect to any voting securities of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, (e) otherwise act, alone or in concert with others, to seek to control or influence the board of directors or the management or policies of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, (f) disclose any intention, plan or arrangement inconsistent with the foregoing, (g) take any action which might require the Company or any of its Subsidiaries to make a public announcement regarding the possibility of a business combination, merger or extraordinary transaction or (h) assist, advise or encourage any other person in doing any of the foregoing.

ARTICLE 9 CONDITIONS TO THE MERGER

Section 9.01. Conditions to the Obligations of Each Party. The obligations of the Company and Buyer to consummate the Merger are subject to the satisfaction of the following conditions:

- (a) no Applicable Law shall make illegal the consummation of (i) the Merger or (ii) the transactions contemplated by any Debt Financing;
- (b) no Governmental Authority shall have enacted, issued, promulgated or entered a final non-appealable order or injunction prohibiting, enjoining or restraining the Merger;
 - (c) any applicable waiting period under the HSR Act relating to the Merger shall have expired or been terminated;
 - (d) all PRC Regulatory Approvals shall have been filed or obtained (as the case may be);
- (e) if a notification under Part III of the Investment Canada Act in respect of the Merger is required to be filed pursuant to Section 8.01(e), then either (i) the Minister of Investments under the Investment Canada Act shall not have sent a notice for review regarding the Merger to Buyer pursuant to paragraph 15(b) of the Investment Canada Act and the time period for sending such a notice shall have expired, or (ii) if the Minister of Investments under the Investment Canada Act has sent a notice for review regarding the Merger to Buyer pursuant to paragraph 15(b), then either (A) Buyer shall have received a Net Benefit Letter from the responsible Minister under the Investment Canada Act, or the responsible Minister, by expiry of the applicable review period under the Investment Canada Act, shall be deemed to be satisfied that the Merger is likely to be of net benefit to Canada, or (B) the Merger shall no longer be subject to the Investment Canada Act; and
- (f) Buyer and the Company shall have received notice or other indication from CFIUS that there are no issues of national security sufficient to warrant an investigation under Section 721 of the Defense Production Act, or that the President of the United States, upon conclusion of an investigation, has not and will not exercise his authority under Section 721 to take further action to block or impair the Merger.

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Section 9.02. Conditions to the Obligations of Buyer and Merger Subsidiary. The obligations of Buyer and Merger Subsidiary to consummate the Merger are subject to the satisfaction of the following further conditions:

- (i) the Company shall have performed in all material respects all of its obligations hereunder required to be performed by it at or prior to the Closing; (ii) the representations and warranties of the Company contained in Sections 4.01, 4.02, 4.03, 4.04(a), 4.05, 4.06(a) and the first sentence of 4.06(b), 4.26, 4.27, 4.28, 4.29 and 4.30 of this Agreement (x) that are qualified by materiality, Company Material Adverse Effect or any similar qualification shall be true at and as of the Closing as if made at and as of such time (other than representations and warranties that by their terms address matters only as of another specified time, which shall be true only as of such time) and (y) that are not so qualified shall be true in all material respects at and as of the Closing as if made at and as of such time (other than representations and warranties that by their terms address matters only as of another specified time, which shall be true only as of such time); (iii) the other representations and warranties of the Company contained in this Agreement, or in any certificate or other writing delivered by the Company pursuant hereto, shall be true at and as of the Closing as if made at and as of such time (other than representations and warranties that by their terms address matters only as of another specified time, which shall be true only as of such time), with, in the case of this clause (iii) only, only such exceptions as have not had and would not reasonably be expected to have, individually or in the aggregate, a Company Material Adverse Effect; and (iv) Buyer shall have received a certificate, dated as of the Closing Date, signed by the Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer or General Counsel of the Company to the foregoing effect;
 - (b) at least three (3) of the five (5) Required Third Party Consents shall have been obtained; and
- (c) from the date of this Agreement to the Closing, there shall not exist and there shall not have occurred and be continuing any event or state of facts or circumstances which, individually or in the aggregate, has had or would reasonably be expected to have, a Company Material Adverse Effect.

Section 9.03. Conditions to the Obligations of the Company. The obligations of the Company to consummate the Merger are subject to the satisfaction of the following further conditions:

(a) (i) Buyer shall have performed in all material respects all of its obligations hereunder required to be performed by it at or prior to the Closing; (ii) the representations and warranties of Buyer, Merger Subsidiary and the Holding Companies contained in Sections 5.01, 5.02, 5.03, 5.04, 5.05, 5.06(a) and 5.08 of this Agreement (x) that are qualified by materiality, Buyer Material Adverse Effect or any similar qualification shall be true at and as of the Closing as if made at and as of such time (other than representations and warranties that by their terms address matters only as of another specified time, which shall be true only as of such time) and (y) that are not so qualified shall be true in all material respects at and as of the Closing as if made at and as of such

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time (other than representations and warranties that by their terms address matters only as of another specified time, which shall be true only as of such time); (iii) the representation and warranty of Buyer contained in Section 5.06(b) shall be true in all respects at and as of the Closing as if made at and as of such time; (iv) the other representations and warranties of Buyer, Merger Subsidiary and the Holding Companies contained in this Agreement, or in any certificate or other writing delivered by Buyer or Merger Subsidiary pursuant hereto, shall be true at and as of the Closing as if made at and as of such time (other than representations and warranties that by their terms address matters only as of another specified time, which shall be true only as of such time), with, in the case of this clause (iv) only, only such exceptions as have not had and would not reasonably be expected to have, individually or in the aggregate, a Buyer Material Adverse Effect; and (v) the Company shall have received a certificate, dated as of the Closing Date, signed by the Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer or General Counsel of Buyer to the foregoing effect.

ARTICLE 10 TERMINATION

Section 10.01 Termination. This Agreement may be terminated and the Merger may be abandoned at any time prior to the Effective Time:

- (a) by mutual written agreement of the Company and Buyer;
- (b) by either the Company or Buyer, if:

(i)	the Merger has not been consummated on or before October 3, 2012 (such date, as it may be automatically extended in accordance with the
following proviso,	the "End Date"); provided, however, that if all of the conditions to closing set forth in Article 9 (other than those that by their nature can only be
satisfied at the Closing) are first satisfied after the date (the "Pre-End Date") that is ten (10) Business Days prior to October 3, 2012, then the End Date shall	
automatically be ex	stended one time to the date that is ten (10) Business Days after the Pre-End Date;

- (ii) (A) there shall be any Applicable Law that shall make illegal the consummation of the Merger or (B) a Governmental Authority shall have enacted, issued, promulgated or entered an order or injunction prohibiting, enjoining or restraining the Merger and such order or injunction shall have become final and nonappealable;
- (c) by Buyer, if (i) a breach of any representation or warranty or failure to perform any covenant or agreement on the part of the Company set forth in this Agreement shall have occurred that would cause any of the conditions set forth in Section 9.01 or Section 9.02 not to be satisfied and (ii) such condition is incapable of being cured or, if curable, is not cured by the Company by the earlier of (A) the End Date and (B) within twenty (20) days after the giving to the Company of written notice of such breach

or failure; provided that, at the time of such termination, Buyer shall not be in material breach of its obligations under this Agreement; or

(d) by the Company, if (i) a breach of any representation or warranty or failure to perform any covenant or agreement on the part of Buyer or Merger Subsidiary set forth in this Agreement shall have occurred that would cause any of the conditions set forth in Section 9.01 or Section 9.03 not to be satisfied and (ii) such condition is incapable of being cured or, if curable, is not cured by Buyer or Merger Subsidiary by the earlier of (A) the End Date and (B) within twenty (20) days after the giving to Buyer and Merger Subsidiary of written notice of such breach or failure; provided that, at the time of such termination, the Company shall not be in material breach of its obligations under this Agreement.

The party desiring to terminate this Agreement pursuant to this <u>Section 10.01</u> (other than pursuant to <u>Section 10.01(a)</u>) shall give notice of such termination to the other parties in accordance with <u>Section 13.01</u>.

Section 10.02. Effect of Termination. (a) If this Agreement is terminated pursuant to Section 10.01, this Agreement shall, except as provided in this Section 10.02(a), become void and of no effect without liability of any party or any Related Person of such party to any other party or any Related Person of such other party. The provisions of Section 6.02(b), Section 8.09, this Section 10.02 and Article 13 shall survive any termination hereof pursuant to Section 10.01. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement (except for the terms set forth in Section 13.12), if Buyer or the Company fails to effect the Merger or otherwise is in breach of this Agreement, then the aggregate liability of Buyer, the Company and any of Buyer's Related Persons, whether at law or equity, in contract, in tort or otherwise, shall be limited to the amount set forth in the applicable provision of Section 10.02(b); provided, however, that, subject to Section 10.02(b)(vii), no such termination shall relieve the Company of any liability for damages incurred by Buyer resulting from a material breach by the Company of any representation, warranty, covenant or agreement of the Company contained in this Agreement. The parties hereto agree that each Related Person of each party shall be a third party beneficiary of the provisions of this Section 10.02(a) for purposes of the limitations on liability set forth herein.

(b) If this Agreement is terminated:

(i) (A) by any party as permitted by Section 10.01(b)(i) and (B) at the time of such termination, all conditions set forth in Sections 9.01, 9.02 and 9.03 other than the condition in Section 9.01(c) shall have been satisfied and the primary cause of the failure to satisfy the condition shall be a breach or failure to perform any covenant or agreement on the part of the Company set forth in Section 8.01(a) or 8.01(b) of this Agreement, the Company shall be fully liable to pay to Buyer an amount equal to \$5,000,000 as liquidated damages for any and all liabilities and damages incurred or suffered by Buyer as a result thereof;

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- (ii) by Buyer as permitted by Section 10.01(b)(ii) as a result of the entry by a Governmental Authority of a final non-appealable order or injunction prohibiting, restraining or enjoining the Merger pursuant to the HSR Act, provided, that there shall not have been a breach or failure of any representation, warranty or covenant contained in this Agreement by or of Buyer, Merger Subsidiary or any Holding Company, the Company shall be fully liable to pay to Buyer an amount equal to \$5,000,000 as liquidated damages for any and all liabilities and damages incurred or suffered by Buyer as a result thereof;
- (iii) by Buyer as permitted by Section 10.01(c) as a result of the non-satisfaction of the condition set forth in Section 9.01(c) and the primary cause of the failure to satisfy the condition shall be a breach or failure any covenant or agreement on the part of the Company set forth in Section 8.01(a) or 8.01(b) of this Agreement, the Company shall be fully liable to pay to Buyer an amount equal to \$5,000,000 as liquidated damages for any and all liabilities and damages incurred or suffered by Buyer as a result thereof;
- (iv) by any party as permitted by Section 10.01(b)(i), unless the Closing shall not have occurred on or before the End Date and (A) any of the conditions in Section 9.02 have failed to be satisfied (other than those which by their nature can only be satisfied at the Closing), (B) the condition in Section 9.01(c) or Section 9.01(f) has failed to be satisfied because of the passage, entry, enactment or issuance of an Applicable Law or final, non-appealable order or injunction (as applicable) by (x) a Governmental Authority in the U.S., (y) a Governmental Authority in Canada or (z) a Governmental Authority outside of the U.S., Canada and the PRC where Buyer has waived or agreed to waive such condition; provided, that the failure of any condition to be satisfied as described in clauses (A), (B) or (D)(x) shall not have been and shall not be attributable to a breach or failure of any representation, warranty or covenant of Buyer or Merger Subsidiary contained in this Agreement, or that the failure of any condition to be satisfied as described in clause (C) shall not have been and shall not be attributable to a breach or failure of any covenant of Buyer or Merger Subsidiary contained in this Agreement, then Buyer shall be fully liable to pay to the Company an amount equal to \$30,000,000 as liquidated damages for any and all liabilities and damages incurred or suffered by the Company as a result thereof;
- (v) by any party as permitted by Section 10.01(b)(ii), unless the transaction is terminated (A) as a result of the passage, entry, enactment or issuance of an Applicable Law or final, non-appealable order or injunction (as applicable) by a Governmental Authority in the U.S., (B) as a result of the passage, entry, enactment or issuance of an Applicable Law or final, non-appealable order or injunction (as applicable) by a Governmental Authority in Canada or (C) by the Company as a result of the passage, entry, enactment or issuance of an Applicable Law or final, non-appealable order or injunction (as

equal to \$30,000,000 as liquidated damages for any and all liabilities and damages incurred or suffered by the Company as a result thereof; and

- (vi) by the Company as permitted by Section 10.01(d), Buyer shall be fully liable to pay to the Company an amount equal to \$30,000,000 as liquidated damages for any and all liabilities and damages incurred or suffered by the Company as a result thereof.
- (vii) In each of clauses (b)(i)-(vi) above, the specified liquidated damages amount payable to a party thereunder shall be the sole and exclusive monetary remedy that such party shall have against the other party or any Related Person under this Agreement or in connection with the breach or termination of this Agreement. For the avoidance of doubt, payment shall only be made once by one party pursuant to Section 10.02(b)(i)-(vi). In furtherance and not in limitation of the foregoing, neither party (nor any Related Person thereof) shall be permitted to commence an action or Proceeding seeking additional monetary damages in respect of any circumstance in which liquidated damages are payable pursuant to this Section 10.02 and, if any party asserts that it is entitled to any damages (other than the liquidated damages pursuant to this Section 10.02) in connection with this Agreement or its breach or termination, such party shall not be entitled to and shall immediately forfeit all rights to the liquidated damages amounts set forth herein. Notwithstanding the foregoing, this Section 10.02(b) shall in no way prohibit or restrict a party's right, at its sole election, to seek specific performance of this Agreement or any other equitable relief as contemplated by the provisions of Section 13.11 hereof in lieu of (or as an alternative to) effecting a termination pursuant to Sections 10.01(b), 10.01(c) or 10.01(d); provided, however, that while any party may pursue both (x) a grant of specific performance in accordance with and to the extent expressly permitted by Section 13.11 and (y) monetary damages (or the payment of the applicable amount as provided by this Section 10.02), under no circumstances shall either party be permitted or entitled to receive both such grant of specific performance and such payment of monetary damages (or the applicable liquidated damages amount).
- (c) In the case of each of clauses (b)(iv)-(vi) above, the Company shall be entitled to retain the Escrow Amount and interest credited thereon as its sole monetary remedy against Buyer or any of its Related Persons (including Buyer, Merger Subsidiary and the Holding Companies) under this Agreement upon the earlier of (x) the delivery, within three (3) Business Days following the date upon which this Agreement is terminated, by Buyer and the Company to the Escrow Agent of a Joint Certificate

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directing the Escrow Agent to immediately deliver all of the Escrow Amount and any interest credited thereon to the Company or (y) the receipt of an arbitral award in accordance with Section 13.06 hereof.

- (d) If this Agreement is terminated by any party as permitted by Section 10.01 but other than as provided in Section 10.02(c) above, Buyer shall be entitled to retain the Escrow Amount and interest credited thereon upon the earlier of (x) the delivery, within three (3) Business Days following the date upon which this Agreement is terminated, by Buyer and the Company to the Escrow Agent of a Joint Certificate directing the Escrow Agent to immediately deliver all of the Escrow Amount and any interest credited thereon to Buyer or (y) the receipt of an arbitral award in accordance with Section 13.06 hereof.
- (e) In furtherance and not in limitation of the preceding clause (d), in the case of each of clauses (b)(i)-(iii) above, Buyer shall be entitled to receive from the Company as its sole monetary remedy against the Company and its Subsidiaries or any of their respective Related Persons an amount of \$5,000,000 upon the earlier of (x) the delivery by Buyer to the Company, within three (3) Business Days following the date upon which this Agreement is terminated, of wire transfer instructions designating the account to which such amount shall be paid or (y) the receipt of an arbitral award in accordance with Section 13.06 hereof.

ARTICLE 11 SURVIVAL OF REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES

Section 11.01. Survival of Company Representations and Warranties. The representations, warranties, covenants and agreements of the Company contained in this Agreement or in any certificate or other writing delivered pursuant hereto or in connection herewith shall terminate (i) at the Effective Time, except for those covenants and agreements set forth in Article 12 and Article 13, each of which shall survive for such time as set forth herein or indefinitely, or (ii) upon termination of this Agreement pursuant to Section 10.01, except as otherwise provided in Section 10.02(a).

Section 11.02. Survival of Buyer, Merger Subsidiary and the Surviving Corporation Representations and Warranties. The representations, warranties, covenants and agreements of Buyer, Merger Subsidiary and the Surviving Corporation contained in this Agreement or in any certificate or other writing delivered pursuant hereto or in connection herewith (as applicable) shall terminate (i) at the Effective Time, except for those covenants and agreements set forth in Article 2, Sections 7.02, 8.03, 8.04, 8.07, 8.08, Article 12 and Article 13, each of which shall survive for such time as set forth herein or indefinitely, or (ii) upon termination of this Agreement pursuant to Section 10.01, except as otherwise provided in Section 10.02(a).

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ARTICLE 12 INDEMNIFICATION

Section 12.01. *Indemnification.* (a) Subject to Section 12.03(b), Section 12.03(c) and the other Sections of this Article 12, from and after the Effective Time, the Equityholders, severally but not jointly, shall, solely out of the Indemnity Escrow Fund, indemnify Buyer in respect of, and save and hold it harmless from and against: (i) any and all Damages that arise from or as a result of any undisclosed liabilities (whether absolute or contingent, accrued or unaccrued) of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries (A) that existed as of the date of this Agreement (and then only to the extent of such Damages on the date of this Agreement), (B) of which the individuals listed on Section 12.01(a)(i) of the Company Disclosure Schedule had actual knowledge, without obligation of inquiry, on the date of this Agreement, and (C) that are not disclosed on the Company Disclosure Schedule, including Section 12.01(a)(ii) thereof, or in the Company SEC Documents; (ii) any unpaid Transaction Expenses payable after the Effective Time but solely to the extent such amounts exceed the amounts set forth on the Transaction Expenses Certificate; (iii) any and all out-of-pocket costs and expenses actually incurred by the Company or any of its Subsidiaries or for which such Persons are liable to the extent specified on Section 12.01(a)(iii) of the Company Disclosure Schedule; and (iv) any and all Section 8.01(e) Expenses incurred by Buyer or any of its Subsidiaries (including, after the Effective Time, the Surviving Corporation and its Subsidiaries) or for which such Persons are liable to the extent specified on Section 12.01(a)(iv) of the Company Disclosure Schedule. Buyer hereby acknowledges and agrees that the mere existence of an undisclosed liability shall not in and of itself constitute a Damage for purposes of indemnification under this Article 12, and Buyer shall be required to prove Damages suffered by the Surviving Corporation and its Subsidiaries as a result of such undisclosed liability in order to be entitled to recover am

(b) The right to indemnification set forth in Section 12.01(a) above shall commence at the Effective Time and continue in full force and effect until the earlier of (x) the date that is fourteen (14) days following completion of the audit of the Surviving Corporation's financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012 and (y) May 15, 2013 (the "Indemnity Escrow Termination Date"). No claim for indemnification pursuant to Section 12.01(a) may be made after the Indemnity Escrow Termination Date; provided, however, that any claim made or asserted by a party in accordance with Section 12.03 and within the time period prescribed above shall survive such expiration until such claim is finally resolved and all obligations with respect thereto are fully satisfied. Buyer must give notice, in accordance with Section 12.03, of any claim for indemnification sought under this Section 12.01 on or prior to the Indemnity Escrow Termination Date and any claim for indemnification not made by Buyer in accordance with Section 12.03 on or prior to such date is automatically irrevocably and unconditionally released and waived without any further action required by any party.

(c) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Agreement:

- (i) as to any claim for indemnification pursuant to Section 12.01(a)(i). Buyer shall not be entitled to indemnification (A) for any single Damage or series of related Damages that does not exceed \$1,000,000 and (B) until all single Damages or series of related Damages in excess of \$1,000,000 exceed, in the aggregate, an amount equal to \$10,000,000 (the "Deductible"), in which case Buyer shall be entitled to indemnification (subject to the Cap) only to the extent such Damages exceed the Deductible;
- (ii) the maximum amount which Buyer is entitled to recover pursuant to <u>Section 12.01(a)</u> shall in no event exceed the Indemnity Escrow Fund (the "Cap");
 - (iii) any indemnity payment under this Agreement shall be treated as an adjustment to the purchase price paid by buyer for Tax purposes;
- (iv) in calculating amounts payable to Buyer under this section, the amount of any indemnifiable Damages shall be determined without duplication of any other indemnifiable Damages for which an indemnification claim has been made under any other covenant, agreement or other provision of this Agreement or any other Transaction Document, and any indemnifiable Damages shall be limited to the amount of actual out-of-pocket Damages incurred by reason of such undisclosed liability (and no Equityholder shall have an indemnification payment obligation in respect of any contingent liability unless and until such liability becomes due and payable);
- (v) Buyer shall not be indemnified or reimbursed for any Damage (A) arising or resulting from any change in Applicable Law or GAAP from and after the Closing Date, (B) for which reserves exist in the financial statements included or incorporated by reference in the Company SEC Documents, or (C) to the extent that such Damage is attributable to: (x) any voluntary act, omission, transaction, or arrangement carried out at the request of, or with the written consent of, Buyer before, on or after the date hereof or under the terms of this Agreement or any other Transaction Document; (y) any voluntary act, omission, transaction, or arrangement carried out by Buyer on or after the date hereof which is outside the ordinary course of business and/or which Buyer knew, or ought reasonably to have known (without obligation of inquiry), would result in a Damage; or (z) any admission of liability made in breach of the provisions of this Agreement by Buyer; and
- (vi) To the extent that the individuals set forth on Section 1.01 of the Buyer Disclosure Schedule had actual knowledge (without obligation of inquiry) of the facts, events or circumstances giving rise to such Damages at or before the date of this Agreement and the amount of such Damages, Buyer shall not be entitled to seek recovery for such amount of Damages pursuant to this Section 12.01.

- (d) The amount of any Damages subject to indemnification under this Agreement shall be calculated (i) net of any amounts recovered by Buyer or its Affiliates (including the Surviving Corporation after the Closing) under applicable insurance policies held by Buyer or its Affiliates and (ii) net of any cash Tax benefit recognized by Buyer or its Affiliates (including the Surviving Corporation after the Closing) by reason of the facts and circumstances giving rise to the indemnification. For purposes of the preceding sentence, the amount of any state income Tax benefit or cost shall take into account the federal income Tax effect of such benefit or cost.
- Buyer and its Affiliates shall seek full recovery under all insurance policies covering any Damage to the same extent as they would if such Damage were not subject to indemnification hereunder, and until the Indemnity Escrow Termination Date neither Buyer nor the Surviving Corporation shall terminate or cancel any insurance policies maintained by the Company for periods prior to the Closing. In the event that an insurance recovery is made by Buyer or any of its Affiliates with respect to any Damage for which any such Person has been indemnified hereunder, then a refund equal to the aggregate amount of the recovery (net of all direct unreimbursed collection expenses) shall be made promptly to the Stockholder Representative (for the benefit of the Equityholders). If any of the Damages for which Buyer seeks recovery under this section are recoverable or reasonably likely to be recoverable against any other Person at the time that payment is due hereunder, Buyer shall attempt in good faith to collect any and all such Damages on account thereof from such third party for the benefit of the Equityholders. Buyer shall reimburse the Equityholders for any and all Damages paid by the Equityholders to Buyer pursuant to this section to the extent such amount is subsequently paid to Buyer by any Person other than the Equityholders. Buyer shall use reasonable best efforts to mitigate or resolve any claim or liability that could reasonably be expected to give rise to any Damages that are indemnifiable hereunder, upon and after becoming aware of any event or condition which could reasonably be expected to give rise to any such Damages. Buyer shall not be entitled to indemnification under this section for the amount of any Damages in excess of the amount of such Damages which would have been incurred but for (i) the failure of Buyer, the Surviving Corporation or any of its or their Affiliates to use reasonable best efforts to mitigate such Damages upon becoming aware of any claim, or (ii) the unlawful conduct of Buyer, the Surviving Corporation or any of its or their Affiliates or breach by any such Person of any of the provisions of this Agreement. In the event of a payment to Buyer in respect of any indemnifiable claim pursuant to this Section 12.01, the Stockholder Representative (on behalf of the Equityholders) shall be subrogated, to the extent of such payment, to all rights and remedies of Buyer to any insurance benefits or other claims of Buyer with respect to such claim. Without limiting the generality or effect of any other provision hereof, Buyer shall duly execute upon request all instruments reasonably necessary to evidence and perfect the subrogation rights detailed herein and otherwise cooperate in the prosecution of such claims.

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(f) To the extent requested by Buyer, indemnity amounts payable to Buyer under this Agreement shall be paid to the account of a Holding Company specified by Buyer in writing in such request.

Section 12.02. Exclusivity. From and after the Effective Time, the indemnities set forth in this Article 12 shall be the sole and exclusive remedies of Buyer, Merger Subsidiary, the Surviving Corporation and their respective Affiliates and Related Persons against any Equityholder and/or the Stockholder Representative and each of their respective Related Persons with respect to any breach of representation, warranty, covenant or agreement contained in this Agreement or otherwise arising from the transactions contemplated by this Agreement or any other Transaction Document and then solely to the extent provided for in this Article 12. In furtherance of the foregoing, from and after the Effective Time, Buyer, Merger Subsidiary, the Surviving Corporation and their respective Affiliates and Related Persons hereby waive, to the fullest extent permitted by Applicable Law, any and all other rights, claims and causes of action (including rights of contribution, if any) known or unknown, foreseen or unforeseen, which exist or may arise in the future, that any of them may have against any of the Equityholders, the Stockholder Representative or their respective Related Persons, as the case may be, regardless of the legal theory under which such liability or obligation may be sought to be imposed, whether sounding in contract or tort or any other theory of liability, or whether at law or in equity, and shall have no other remedy or recourse with respect to any of the foregoing other than pursuant to, and subject to the terms and conditions of, this Article 12. Each of Buyer, Merger Subsidiary, the Surviving Corporation and their respective Affiliates and Related Persons further acknowledges and agrees that they may not avoid such limitation on liability by (x) seeking damages for breach of contract, tort or pursuant to any other theory of liability, all of which are hereby waived or (y) asserting or threatening any claim against any Person that is not a party hereto (or a successor to a party hereto) or the Stockholder Representative. Each of Buyer, Merger Subsidiary, the Surviving Corporation and their respective Affiliates and Related Persons expressly waives all rights afforded by any statute which limits the effect of a release with respect to unknown claims and understands the significance of this release and waiver of statutory protection. Each such Person acknowledges and agrees that this waiver is an essential and material term of this Agreement. The parties acknowledge and agree that each Equityholder and its respective Related Persons shall be a third party beneficiary of the provisions of this Section 12.02 for purposes of the limitations on liability set forth herein.

(a) In the event any claim or demand in respect of which Buyer would be entitled to seek indemnity under Section 12.01 is asserted against or sought to be collected from Buyer by a Person other than the Buyer, Merger Subsidiary or any of their respective Affiliates (a "Third Party Claim"), Buyer shall deliver a written notice (a "Claim Notice") to the Stockholder Representative with reasonable detail regarding the Third Party Claim, including the basis therefor and a good faith reasonable calculation of

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the Damages claimed (taking into account the information then available to Buyer), no later than five (5) Business Days following the date on which Buyer obtained actual knowledge of the events or circumstances giving rise to such claim or demand; *provided, however*, that the failure to so notify the Stockholder Representative shall not relieve the Equityholders of their obligations hereunder unless the Equityholders are actually prejudiced thereby. At the time the Third Party Claim is made and thereafter, Buyer shall provide the Stockholder Representative with copies of all materials in its possession or provided to it describing the facts or otherwise containing information regarding the basis for the Third Party Claim. The Stockholder Representative shall notify Buyer within the Dispute Period if the Equityholders dispute the claim for indemnification under this <u>Article 12</u> or whether the Equityholders desire, at their sole cost and expense, to defend Buyer against such Third Party Claim.

- (i) If the Stockholder Representative notifies Buyer within the Dispute Period that the Equityholders desire to defend Buyer with respect to the Third Party Claim pursuant to this Section 12.03, then the Stockholder Representative will, at its option, have the right to defend, with counsel selected by the Stockholder Representative, at the sole cost and expense of the Equityholders, such Third Party Claim by all appropriate proceedings, which proceedings will be prosecuted by the Equityholders to a final conclusion. Subject to the following clause (iii), if the Stockholder Representative assumes defense of a Third Party Claim, the Equityholders will have full control of such defense and proceedings, including any settlement thereof; provided, however, that Buyer may participate (but not control), at its own expense, in the defense of such Third Party Claim; and provided further, that if requested by the Stockholder Representative, Buyer will cooperate with the Stockholder Representative and its counsel in contesting any Third Party Claim that the Equityholders elect to contest, or, if appropriate and related to the Third Party Claim in question, in making any counterclaim against the Person asserting the Third Party Claim, or any cross-complaint against any Person (other than Buyer or any of its Affiliates).
- (ii) Buyer will have the right to assume and maintain control of the defense of the Third Party Claim, at the sole cost of the Equityholders, if (A) the Stockholder Representative fails to notify Buyer within the Dispute Period that the Equityholders desire to defend the Third Party Claim pursuant to this Section 12.03 or (B) if the Stockholder Representative fails to give any notice whatsoever within the Dispute Period. If Buyer assumes and maintains control of the defense of any Third Party Claim, then Buyer will have the right to defend the Third Party Claim by all appropriate proceedings, which proceedings will be vigorously and diligently prosecuted by Buyer to a final conclusion or will be settled at the discretion of Buyer (subject to clause (iv) below); provided, however, that the Stockholder Representative may participate, at the expense of the Equityholders, in the defense of such Third Party Claim.
- (iii) If Buyer maintains control of the defense of any Third Party Claim, the Stockholder Representative will be entitled to participate in any such defense

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with separate counsel at the expense of the Equityholders if, in the reasonable opinion of counsel to the Stockholder Representative, a conflict or potential conflict exists between Buyer and the Equityholders that would make such separate representation advisable. If the Equityholders maintain control of the defense of any Third Party Claim, Buyer will be entitled to participate in any such defense with separate counsel at its expense if, in the reasonable opinion of counsel to Buyer, a conflict or potential conflict exists between Buyer and the Equityholders that would make such separate representation advisable.

- (iv) The Stockholder Representative shall be kept reasonably informed of all Third Party Claims at all stages thereof, whether or not it elects to defend such claims, and the parties hereto agree to cooperate fully with each other, and keep each other reasonably informed, in connection with the defense, negotiation or settlement of all Third Party Claims. Notwithstanding anything in this Section 12.03 to the contrary, neither Buyer nor the Stockholder Representative shall, without the written consent of the other party (which consent shall not be unreasonably conditioned, withheld or delayed), settle or compromise any Third Party Claim or permit a default or consent to entry of any judgment. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if a settlement offer solely for money damages is made by the applicable third party claimant, and the Stockholder Representative notifies Buyer in writing of the Stockholder Representative's willingness to accept the settlement offer and, subject to the applicable limitations of Section 12.01, pay the amount called for by such offer, and Buyer declines to accept such offer, Buyer may continue to contest such Third Party Claim, free of any participation by the Stockholder Representative, and the amount of any ultimate liability with respect to such Third Party Claim subject to indemnification hereunder shall be limited to the lesser of (A) the amount of the settlement offer that Buyer declined to accept or (B) the aggregate Damages of the Surviving Corporation with respect to such Third Party Claim.
- (b) In the event Buyer is entitled to indemnification under Section 12.01 with respect to Damages that do not involve a Third Party Claim (an "Indemnity Claim"), Buyer shall deliver a written notice (an "Indemnity Notice") with reasonable detail regarding the Indemnity Claim, including the basis therefor and a good faith reasonable calculation of the Damages claimed (taking into account the information then available to Buyer) no later than five (5) Business Days of the date on which Buyer obtained actual knowledge of the events or circumstances giving rise to such claim to the Stockholder Representative. At the time the Indemnity Claim is made and thereafter, Buyer shall provide the Stockholder Representative with copies of all materials in its possession or provided to it describing the facts or otherwise containing information regarding the basis for the Indemnity Claim.
- (c) The Stockholder Representative shall notify Buyer within the Dispute Period if the Equityholders dispute the claim for indemnification under this Article 12. If the Stockholder Representative has timely disputed indemnification with respect to such Indemnity Claim, Buyer and the Stockholder Representative shall proceed in good faith

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to negotiate a resolution of such dispute. If the dispute is not resolved through such negotiations within sixty (60) days after the delivery of the Indemnity Notice, such dispute shall be resolved fully and finally in accordance with the terms and provisions of Section 13.06 of this Agreement.

Section 12.04. *Manner of Payment.* (a)(i) One (1) Business Day following the Indemnity Escrow Termination Date (as defined herein), the Indemnity Escrow Agent shall pay all amounts remaining in the Indemnity Escrow Fund, including any interest and other income resulting from the investment of such amounts, on the Indemnification Escrow Termination Date, directly to: (A) each former Stockholder of the Company, and (B) the Surviving Corporation, on behalf and for the benefit of each former holder of Company Stock Options and Company Restricted Shares, and (ii) on the Indemnity Escrow Termination Date, the Indemnity Escrow Fund shall terminate. Payment of such amounts to the Equityholders (and to the Surviving Corporation on behalf of the Option Holders and Restricted Share Holders) shall be made as follows: (x) each former Stockholder and each former Restricted Share Holder shall receive an amount in cash equal to (1) the Final Per Share Consideration (as determined immediately following the release of such amounts) *multiplied* by the total number of shares of Company Stock or Company Restricted Shares formerly held by such Person *minus* (2) the aggregate Final Per Share Consideration (including, for the avoidance of doubt, any Per Share Closing Date Consideration) previously paid to such holder; and

(y) each former Option Holder shall receive, in respect of each Final In-The-Money Company Stock Option (as determined immediately following the release of such amounts) formerly held by such holder, an amount in cash equal to (i)(A) the excess, if any, of the Final Per Share Consideration (as determined immediately following the release of such amounts) over the per share exercise price of such Company Stock Option, *multiplied* by (B) the number of shares of Company Stock subject to such Final In-The-Money Company Stock Option *minus* (ii) the aggregate amount, if any, previously paid to such holder pursuant to this Agreement with respect to such Final In-The-Money Company Stock Option.

- (b) Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the event an Indemnification Claim or a Third Party Claim arises under this <u>Article 12</u> and a Claim Notice or an Indemnity Notice has been provided to the Stockholder Representative prior to the Indemnity Escrow Termination Date, a good faith reasonable estimate of the Damages claimed by Buyer shall be made jointly by Buyer and the Stockholder Representative and the corresponding portion of the Indemnity Escrow Fund shall be retained until the amount of Damages has been determined, and any remaining amounts in the Indemnity Escrow Fund shall be distributed as provided for in <u>Section 12.04(a)</u>.
- (c) After any final decision, judgment or award shall have been rendered pursuant to Section 13.06 of this Agreement, or a settlement tantamount thereto shall have been consummated, or the indemnified party and the indemnifying party shall have arrived at a mutually binding agreement with respect to an Indemnification Claim or a Third Party Claim hereunder, Buyer and the Stockholder Representative shall deliver a joint written instruction to the Indemnity Escrow Agent in accordance with the terms of the Indemnity Escrow Agreement to release the applicable portion of the Indemnity

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Escrow Fund with respect to such matter. If any amounts remaining in the Indemnity Escrow Fund are released to the Equityholders (including to the Surviving Corporation on behalf of the Option Holders and Restricted Share Holders), payment of such amounts to the Equityholders shall be made as follows: (x) each former Stockholder and each former Restricted Share Holder shall receive an amount in cash equal to (1) the Final Per Share Consideration, as determined immediately following the release of such additional funds, *multiplied* by the total number of shares of Company Stock or Company Restricted Shares formerly held by such Person, *minus* (2) the aggregate Final Per Share Consideration (including, for the avoidance of doubt, any Per Share Closing Date Consideration) previously paid to such holder; and (y) each former Option Holder shall receive, in respect of each Final In-The-Money Company Stock Option (as determined immediately following the release of such additional funds) formerly held by such holder, an amount in cash equal to (i)(A) the excess, if any, of the Final Per Share Consideration (as determined immediately following the release of such additional funds) over the per share exercise price of such Company Stock Option, *multiplied* by (B) the number of shares of Company Stock subject to such Final In-The-Money Company Stock Option *minus* (ii) the aggregate amount, if any, previously paid to such holder pursuant to this Agreement with respect to such Final In-The-Money Company Stock Option.

- (d) Subject to Sections 12.02 and 13.12, it is hereby acknowledged and agreed that Buyer, Merger Subsidiary, the Surviving Corporation and their respective Affiliates and Related Persons shall, from and after the Effective Time, solely and exclusively seek remedy from the Indemnity Escrow Fund with respect to any claims asserted under Article 12 of this Agreement and, upon the depletion of the Indemnity Escrow Fund, shall have no further recourse against the Equityholders or the Stockholder Representative of their respective Related Persons. The parties acknowledge and agree that each Equityholder and its Related Persons shall be a third party beneficiary of the provisions of this Section 12.04(d) for purposes of the limitations on liability set forth herein.
- Section 12.05. Stockholder Representative. (a) Each Equityholder, by virtue of the approval and adoption of this Agreement or by accepting any consideration payable hereunder, shall be deemed to have irrevocably constituted, appointed, authorized and empowered Apollo Management V, L.P. as the "Stockholder Representative," for the benefit of the Equityholders and as the exclusive agent and attorney-in-fact to act for and on behalf of each Equityholder in connection with this Agreement and the other Transaction Documents and with full power and authority to take all actions contemplated to be taken by the Stockholder Representative hereunder and thereunder and to facilitate the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby, which shall, without limitation, include the power and authority:
 - (i) to execute and deliver this Agreement and the Indemnity Escrow Agreement (with such modifications or changes therein as to which the Stockholder Representative, in its sole discretion, shall have consented) on behalf of the Stockholders and to agree to such amendments or modifications thereto as the Stockholder Representative, in its sole discretion, determines to be desirable;

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- (ii) to execute and deliver such waivers, consents and amendments (with respect to any and all matters or issues, including those which may have a negative impact on an Equityholder) under this Agreement and the other Transaction Documents and the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby as the Stockholder Representative, in its sole discretion, may deem necessary or desirable;
- (iii) to enforce and protect the rights and interests of the Equityholders and to enforce and protect the rights and interests of such Persons arising out of or under or in any manner relating to this Agreement and the other Transaction Documents and the transactions provided for herein and therein, and to take any and all actions which the Stockholder Representative believes are necessary or appropriate under this Agreement and the other Transaction Documents for and on behalf of the Stockholders, including consenting to, compromising or settling any claims, conducting negotiations with Buyer, the Surviving Company and their respective Representatives regarding claims, and, in connection therewith, to (A) assert any claim or institute any action, proceeding or investigation, (B) investigate, defend, contest or litigate any claim, action, proceeding or investigation initiated by Buyer, the Surviving Company or any other Person, or by any Governmental Authority against the Stockholder Representative and/or any of the Equityholders, and receive process on behalf of any or all Equityholders in any claim, action, proceeding or investigation; and compromise or settle on such terms as the Stockholder Representative shall determine to be appropriate, and give receipts, releases and discharges with respect to, any such claim, action, proceeding or investigation; (C) file any proofs of debt, claims and petitions as the Stockholder Representative may deem advisable or necessary; (D) settle or compromise any claims asserted under this Agreement and the other Transaction Documents; and (E) file and prosecute appeals from any decision, judgment or award rendered in any such action, proceeding or investigation;
- (iv) to refrain from enforcing any right of the Stockholders arising out of or under or in any manner relating to this Agreement and the other Transaction Documents; provided, however, that no such failure to act on the part of the Stockholder Representative, except as otherwise provided in this Agreement, shall be deemed a waiver of any such right or interest by the Stockholder Representative or by the Equityholders unless such waiver is in a writing signed by the waiving party or by the Stockholder Representative;
- (v) to take or refrain from taking any other actions specified in this Agreement to be taken by the Stockholder Representative, including, without limitation, any actions pursuant to the Indemnity Escrow Agreement and <u>Article 12</u> of this Agreement;
- (vi) to make, execute, acknowledge and deliver all such other agreements, guarantees, orders, receipts, endorsements, notices, requests, instructions, certificates, stock powers, letters and other writings, and, in general,

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convenient in connection with or to carry out the transactions contemplated by this Agreement and the other Transaction Documents;

- (vii) to engage special counsel, accountants and other advisors and incur such other expenses on behalf of the Equityholders in connection with any matter arising under this Agreement and the other Transaction Documents;
- (viii) to collect, hold and receive any amounts, including any portion of the Indemnity Escrow Amount, received by the Stockholder Representative pursuant to the terms hereof in accordance with the terms of this Agreement and the other Transaction Documents;
- (ix) to provide notice and instructions to the Indemnity Escrow Agent and to authorize disbursement of funds from the Indemnity Escrow Account in accordance with this Agreement and the Indemnity Escrow Agreement; and
 - (x) to make any payments or pay any expenses under or in connection with this Agreement on behalf of the Equityholders.

It being understood that, in the case of each of the foregoing, the Stockholder Representative shall not have any obligation to take any such actions, and shall not have any liability for any failure to take any such actions.

- (b) The grant of authority provided for herein is coupled with an interest and shall be irrevocable and survive the death, incompetency, bankruptcy or liquidation of any Equityholder. Any and all decisions, actions, consents and instructions by the Stockholder Representative shall be final, binding and conclusive upon all of the Equityholders and their respective executors, heirs, legal representatives, successors and assigns, and no Equityholder shall have the right to object to, dissent from, protest or otherwise contest the same. Buyer shall be entitled to deal exclusively with the Stockholder Representative, on behalf of the Equityholders, under this Agreement and the Indemnity Escrow Agreement and rely conclusively, without further evidence of any kind or obligation of inquiry, on any decision, action, consent or instruction of the Stockholder Representative as being the decision, action, consent or instruction of each Equityholder.
- (c) The Stockholder Representative shall be entitled to receive reimbursement from, and be indemnified by, the Stockholders for certain expenses, charges and liabilities as provided below. In connection with this Agreement, and in exercising or failing to exercise all or any of the powers conferred upon the Stockholder Representative hereunder, (i) the Stockholder Representative shall incur no responsibility whatsoever to any Stockholders or other party hereto by reason of any error in judgment or other act or omission performed or omitted hereunder and (ii) the Stockholder Representative shall be entitled to rely on the advice of counsel, public accountants or other independent experts

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experienced in the matter at issue, and any error in judgment or other act or omission of the Stockholder Representative pursuant to such advice shall in no event subject the Stockholder Representative to liability to any Equityholder or other party hereto. The Stockholder Representative shall not be liable to the Equityholders for actions taken pursuant to this Agreement or the other Transaction Documents, except to the extent such actions shall have been determined by a court of competent jurisdiction to have constituted willful misconduct or fraud. Each Equityholder agrees to indemnify, severally in proportion to its Pro Rata Percentage and not jointly, the Stockholder Representative from and against any and all claims, actions, liabilities, obligations, losses, damages, penalties, judgments, suits, costs, fees, expenses or disbursements of whatever kind, including reasonable attorneys', accountants' and other experts' fees and the amount of any judgment against them, of any nature whatsoever (including, but not limited to, any and all expense whatsoever reasonably incurred in investigating, preparing or defending against any litigation, commenced or threatened or any claims whatsoever), arising out of or in connection with any claim, investigation, challenge, action or proceeding or in connection with any appeal thereof, relating to the acts or omissions of the Stockholder Representative hereunder. In the event of any indemnification hereunder, upon written notice from the Stockholder Representative to the Equityholder's share of the amount of such deficiency in proportion to such Equityholder's Pro Rata Percentage. The Stockholder Representative the duties expressly stated in this Agreement and shall have no other duty, express or implied.

(d) The Stockholder Representative shall receive, hold and manage the Stockholder Representative Reserve, which amount (and the earnings thereon) may be applied as the Stockholder Representative, in its sole discretion, determines to be appropriate to defray, offset or pay any costs or expenses reasonably incurred by the Stockholder Representative in connection with the performance of the Stockholder Representative's rights and duties under this Agreement and the other Transaction Documents, including the payment of reasonable fees and expenses of any legal counsel retained by the Stockholder Representative. The balance of the Stockholder Representative Reserve held pursuant to this Section 12.05. if any, and any income earned thereon, shall be paid promptly following the termination of the Indemnity Escrow Fund and the release of all funds contained therein to: (A) the Indemnity Escrow Agent for distribution to each former Stockholder of the Company, and (B) the Surviving Corporation, on behalf and for the benefit of each former holder of Company Stock Options and Company Restricted Shares. Payment of such amounts to the Equityholders (and to the Surviving Corporation on behalf of the Option Holders and Restricted Share Holders) shall be made as follows: (x) each former Stockholder and each former Restricted Share Holder shall receive an amount in cash equal to (1) the Final Per Share Consideration, as determined immediately following the release of such additional funds, multiplied by the total number of shares of Company Stock or Company Restricted Shares formerly held by such Person, minus (2) the aggregate Final Per Share

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Consideration (including, for the avoidance of doubt, any Per Share Closing Date Consideration) previously paid to such holder; and (y) each former Option Holder shall receive, in respect of each Final In-The-Money Company Stock Option (as determined immediately following the release of such amounts) formerly held by such holder, an amount in cash equal to (i)(A) the excess, if any, of the Final Per Share Consideration (as determined immediately following the release of such amounts) over the per share exercise price of such Company Stock Option, *multiplied* by (B) the number of shares of Company Stock subject to such Final In-The-Money Company Stock Option *minus* (ii) the aggregate amount, if any, previously paid to such holder pursuant to this Agreement with respect to such Final In-The-Money Company Stock Option.

- (e) The Stockholder Representative may resign at any time and may be removed for any reason by the vote or written consent of Equityholders holding a majority of the aggregate shares of Company Stock outstanding immediately prior to the Closing (the "Majority Holders"). In the event of the death, incapacity, resignation or removal of the Stockholder Representative, a new Stockholder Representative shall be appointed by the vote or written consent of the Majority Holders. Notice of such vote or a copy of the written consent appointing such new Stockholder Representative shall be sent to Buyer, such appointment to be effective upon the later of the date indicated in such consent or the date such consent is delivered by Buyer.
- (f) All of the indemnities, immunities and powers granted to the Stockholder Representative under this Agreement shall survive the Closing and/or any termination of this Agreement.

ARTICLE 13 MISCELLANEOUS

Section 13.01. *Notices*. All notices, requests, consents and other communications hereunder to any party shall be deemed to be sufficient if contained in a written instrument delivered in person or by telecopy (including facsimile or e-mail transmission) or sent by nationally recognized overnight courier, and shall be given,

if to Buyer, to:

Dalian Wanda Group Co. Ltd. 21/F Block B, Wanda Plaza 93 Jianguo Road Chaoyang District, Beijing

China 100022

Attention: Wu Hua

Facsimile: +86 (10) 8585-3095 Email: wuhua@wanda.com.cn

with a copy (which shall not constitute notice) to:

Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP 450 Lexington Avenue New York, New York 10017

Attention: Phillip R. Mills Facsimile No.: (212) 701-5800

E-mail: phillip.mills@davispolk.com

if to the Company, to:

AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc. 920 Main Street Kansas City, MO 64105

Attention: General Counsel Facsimile No.: (816) 480-4700

E-mail: kconnor@amctheatres.com

with a copy (which shall not constitute notice) to:

Weil, Gotshal & Manges LLP 767 Fifth Avenue New York, New York 10153

Attention: Douglas A. Ryder
Facsimile No.: (212) 310-8007
Email: douglas.ryder@weil.com

or to such other address, facsimile number or e-mail address as such party may hereafter specify for this purpose by notice to the other parties hereto. All such notices, requests, consents and other communications shall be deemed to have been delivered and received: (i) in the case of personal delivery or delivery by facsimile, on the date of such delivery (and, if such date is not a Business Day, then on the next Business Day); and (ii) in the case of dispatch by nationally recognized overnight courier, on the next Business Day following such dispatch.

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- Section 13.02. *Amendments and Waivers.* (a) Any provision of this Agreement may be amended or waived prior to the Effective Time if, but only if, such amendment or waiver is in writing and is signed, in the case of an amendment, by each party to this Agreement or, in the case of a waiver, by each party against whom the waiver is to be effective; *provided* that without further approval by the holders of a majority of the outstanding shares of Company Stock, there shall be no amendment or waiver that would require the further approval of the Stockholders under Delaware Law without such approval having first been obtained.
- (b) No failure or delay by any party in exercising any right, power or privilege hereunder shall operate as a waiver thereof nor shall any single or partial exercise thereof preclude any other or further exercise thereof or the exercise of any other right, power or privilege. The rights and remedies herein provided shall be cumulative and not exclusive of any rights or remedies provided by Applicable Law.
- Section 13.03. Expenses. (a) Subject to the treatment provided herein in respect of Transaction Expenses and except as otherwise provided herein, all costs and expenses incurred in connection with this Agreement shall be paid by the party incurring such cost or expense.
- (b) Buyer shall pay all transfer, sales, use, stamp duty, stamp duty reserve tax, stamp duty land tax, documentary, registration and other such taxes (including all applicable real estate transfer taxes) (collectively, "Transfer Taxes") in connection with this Agreement and the other Transaction Documents and the transactions contemplated hereby.
- Section 13.04. Disclosure Schedule and SEC Document References. (a) The parties hereto agree that any reference in a particular Section of either the Company Disclosure Schedule or the Buyer Disclosure Schedule shall be deemed to be an exception to (or, as applicable, a disclosure for purposes of) the representations and warranties (or covenants, as applicable) of the relevant party that are contained in the corresponding Section of this Agreement and shall be deemed disclosed for purposes of all other sections or subsections to the extent its relevance to such other sections or subsections is reasonably apparent.
- (b) The parties hereto agree that any information contained in any part of any Company SEC Document shall only be deemed to be an exception to (or a disclosure for purposes of) the Company's representations and warranties if such information is not risk factor disclosure contained in any Company SEC Document under the heading "Risk Factors" or any disclosure of risks included in any "forward-looking statements" disclaimer or other statements that are similarly non-specific and are predictive or forward-looking in nature in each case, other than any specific factual information contained therein.
- Section 13.05. Binding Effect; Benefit; Assignment. (a) The provisions of this Agreement shall be binding upon and shall inure to the benefit of the parties hereto and

Persons for purposes of the limitations on liability set forth therein, no provision of this Agreement is intended to confer any rights, benefits, remedies, obligations or liabilities hereunder upon any Person other than the parties hereto and their respective successors and assigns.

(b) Except as otherwise provided in the following sentences of this Section 13.05(b), no party may assign, delegate or otherwise transfer any of its rights or obligations under this Agreement without the consent of each other party hereto. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, the parties hereto acknowledge and agree that, prior to the Closing, Buyer shall cause the formation of Merger Subsidiary and shall cause Merger Subsidiary to execute a joinder agreement, in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the Company, pursuant to which Merger Subsidiary shall assume all of the obligations, and shall have all of the rights, of Merger Subsidiary hereunder; provided, that the execution of such agreement shall not relieve Buyer of any of the obligations of Buyer hereunder, and pursuant to such execution Buyer shall retain all of the rights of Buyer hereunder. Additionally, after the Effective Time, Buyer may transfer or assign its rights and obligations under this Agreement, in whole or from time to time in part, other than its obligations under Article 2, Section 8.07 and Section 8.08(a) of this Agreement, to (i) one or more of its Affiliates or (ii) any other Person; provided, that any such transfer or assignment by Buyer shall not relieve Buyer of its obligations hereunder or enlarge, alter or change any obligation of any other party hereto or due to Buyer.

Section 13.06. Governing Law; Arbitration. (a) This Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of New York, without regard to the conflicts of law rules of such state, except that Delaware Law shall apply to the Merger.

(b) Subject to the terms of Section 13.11 of this Agreement, which relate solely and exclusively to Buyer's right to specifically enforce the terms of this Agreement prior to its termination pursuant to Section 10.01 or the Closing, the parties acknowledge and agree that any suit, action or proceeding seeking to enforce any provision of, or based on any matter arising out of or in connection with, this Agreement or the transactions contemplated hereby, shall be exclusively referred to and finally resolved by arbitration under the applicable rules of the London Court of International Arbitration ("LCIA") as of the date of this Agreement, which rules are deemed to be incorporated by reference into this clause, and applying the substantive laws of the State of New York (in accordance with and subject to Section 13.06(a) above). The seat of the arbitration shall be New York County, New York, and the language to be used in the arbitral proceedings shall be English. The number of arbitrators shall be three. Each of

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Buyer, on the one hand, and the Company, on the other hand, shall have the right to nominate an arbitrator and the third, who shall be chairman of the tribunal, shall be nominated by the two party-appointed arbitrators. The tribunal shall use its reasonable best efforts to prepare written findings of fact and conclusions of law within two months of the conclusion of the arbitration hearing. It is mutually agreed that the written decision of the tribunal shall be valid, binding and final from the day it is made and not capable of appeal. The tribunal shall have power to take whatever interim measures it deems necessary, including injunctive relief, specific performance and other equitable relief. Judgment upon the award rendered by the tribunal may be entered in any court having jurisdiction thereof. Without limiting the foregoing, each party agrees that service of process on such party as provided in Section 13.01 shall be deemed effective service of process on such party.

- (c) Without prejudice to the generality of Section 13.06(b), each party hereby acknowledges and agrees that any dispute arising in connection with or in respect of the Deposit Escrow Amount, including which party is entitled to receive the Deposit Escrow Amount and whether an event has occurred in respect of which the Deposit Escrow Amount is payable to the Company or by the Company pursuant to Section 10.02(b) shall be exclusively determined and resolved pursuant to the provisions of Section 13.06(b) and (c) and shall not be subject to dispute or adjudication pursuant to the terms of the Deposit Escrow Agreement.
- (d) Each party agrees that service in person or by certified or by nationally recognized overnight courier to its address set forth in Section 13.01 shall constitute valid in personam service upon such party and its successors and assigns in any arbitration proceeding commenced pursuant to this Section 13.06.
- (e) Each party acknowledges and agrees that the choice of the laws of the State of New York as the governing law of this Agreement and the other Transaction Documents and Delaware Law as the governing law of the Merger was freely made by it for bona fide purposes.
- (f) Each party hereby acknowledges that this is a commercial transaction, that the foregoing provisions for consent to arbitration, service of process and waiver of jury trial have been read, understood and voluntarily agreed to by each party and that by agreeing to such provisions each party is waiving important legal rights.

Section 13.07. WAIVER OF JURY TRIAL. EACH OF THE PARTIES HERETO HEREBY IRREVOCABLY WAIVES ANY AND ALL RIGHT TO TRIAL BY JURY IN ANY LEGAL PROCEEDING ARISING OUT OF OR RELATED TO THIS AGREEMENT OR THE TRANSACTIONS CONTEMPLATED HEREBY.

Section 13.08. Counterparts; Effectiveness. This Agreement may be signed in any number of counterparts (including by facsimile or electronic .pdf submission), each of which shall be an original, with the same effect as if the signatures thereto and hereto were upon the same instrument. This Agreement shall become effective when each party

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hereto shall have received a counterpart hereof signed by all of the other parties hereto. Until and unless each party has received a counterpart hereof signed by the other party hereto (including by facsimile or electronic .pdf submission), this Agreement shall have no effect and no party shall have any right or obligation hereunder (whether by virtue of any other oral or written agreement or other communication).

Section 13.09. *Entire Agreement*. This Agreement, the Confidentiality Agreement and the other Transaction Documents constitute the entire agreement between the parties with respect to the subject matter of this Agreement and supersedes all prior agreements and understandings, both oral and written, between the parties with respect to the subject matter of this Agreement.

- Section 13.10. Severability. If any term, provision, covenant or restriction of this Agreement is held by a court of competent jurisdiction or other Governmental Authority to be invalid, void or unenforceable, the remainder of the terms, provisions, covenants and restrictions of this Agreement shall remain in full force and effect and shall in no way be affected, impaired or invalidated so long as the economic or legal substance of the transactions contemplated hereby is not affected in any manner materially adverse to any party. Upon such a determination, the parties shall negotiate in good faith to modify this Agreement so as to effect the original intent of the parties as closely as possible in an acceptable manner in order that the transactions contemplated hereby be consummated as originally contemplated to the fullest extent possible.
- Section 13.11. Specific Performance. The parties hereto agree that irreparable damage would occur if any provision of this Agreement were not performed by the Company in accordance with the terms hereof and that Buyer shall, prior to termination of this Agreement pursuant to Section 10.01 or the Closing, be entitled to an injunction, specific performance and other equitable relief to prevent breaches of this Agreement and to enforce specifically the performance of the terms and provisions hereof in the Chancery Court of the State of Delaware and any state appellate court therefrom within the State of Delaware (or, if the Chancery Court of the State of Delaware declines to accept jurisdiction over a particular matter, any state or federal court sitting in the City of Wilmington, Delaware), in addition to any other remedy to which they are entitled at law or in equity. The Company agrees to waive any requirement for the securing or posting of any bond in connection with such remedy. The parties acknowledge that the Company shall not be entitled to an injunction or injunctions to prevent breaches of this Agreement by Buyer or any remedy to enforce specifically the terms and provisions of this Agreement and that the Company's sole and exclusive remedies with respect to any such breach shall be the remedies set forth in Sections 10.01 and 10.02; provided, however, that, notwithstanding anything to the contrary set forth herein, the Company shall be entitled to an injunction, specific performance and other equitable relief to prevent breaches of Section 8.09 by Buyer, its Subsidiaries or its and their Affiliates and to enforce specifically the performance of the terms and provisions

Wilmington, Delaware), in addition to any other remedy to which the Company is entitled at law or in equity.

Section 13.12. Non-Recourse. The parties hereto covenant, acknowledge and agree that this Agreement may only be enforced against, and any claim or cause of action based upon, arising out of, or related to this Agreement may only be brought against a party hereto and then only with respect to the specific obligations set forth herein with respect to such party. No past, present or future director, officer, employee, incorporator, member, partner, stockholder, Affiliate, agent, representative or other Related Person of any party hereto shall have any liability for any obligations or liabilities of such party under this Agreement or for any claim, whether at law or equity, in contract, in tort or otherwise, based on, in respect of, or by reason of, the provisions of this Agreement. The parties acknowledge and agree that each Related Person of the parties shall be a third party beneficiary of the provisions of this Section 13.12 for purposes of the limitations on liability set forth herein.

Section 13.13. Governing Document. This Agreement is written in both English and Chinese. The Parties acknowledge that this Agreement was negotiated based on the English version and has been translated into a Chinese version solely in connection with Buyer's regulatory approvals. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Parties hereby agree that, in the event that there is any discrepancy or inconsistency between the English version and Chinese version, the English version shall prevail in all cases over the Chinese version.

[signature page follows]

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Agreement to be duly executed by their respective authorized officers as of the date set forth on the cover page of this Agreement.

AMC ENTERTAINMENT HOLDINGS, INC.

By: /s/ Craig R. Ramsey

Name: Craig R. Ramsey

Title: Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

DALIAN WANDA GROUP CO., LTD.

By: /s/ Zhang Lin

Name: Zhang Lin Title: Director

APOLLO MANAGEMENT V, L.P.

By: AIF V Management, LLC, its general partner

By: /s/ Aaron J. Stone

Name: Aaron J. Stone

Title:

[SIGNATURE PAGE TO THE MERGER AGREEMENT]

MANAGEMENT STOCKHOLDERS AGREEMENT

OF

AMC ENTERTAINMENT HOLDINGS, INC.

This Management Stockholders Agreement, dated as of August 30, 2012 (this "Agreement"), is entered into by and among AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), Dalian Wanda Group Co., Ltd., a company organized under the laws of the People's Republic of China ("Wanda"), and each of the individuals listed on Schedule 1 hereto, and the Persons who, from time to time, become stockholders of the Company in accordance with this Agreement and execute and deliver a Joinder Agreement, substantially in the form of Exhibit A hereto (each individually, a "Management Member," and collectively, the "Management Members"). These parties are sometimes referred to herein individually by name or as a "Party" and collectively as the "Parties." The definitions of certain capitalized terms used herein are set forth in Section 11. Capitalized terms used but not otherwise defined herein shall have the meanings ascribed to them in the Merger Agreement (as defined below).

RECITALS:

WHEREAS, each of the Management Members is an employee, executive officer, or director of the Company or one or more subsidiaries of the Company;

WHEREAS, the Company and Wanda are parties to that certain Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of May 21, 2012 (the <u>Merger Agreement</u>"), pursuant to which Merger Subsidiary, a Delaware corporation and a wholly owned subsidiary of Wanda will merge with and into the Company (the "<u>Merger</u>"), with the Company surviving the merger;

WHEREAS, in connection with the Merger, at or immediately prior to the Effective Time, each of the Management Members listed or Schedule 1 hereto shall subscribe for a number of Shares (as defined herein) pursuant to and as set forth in a subscription agreement dated as of the date of the Merger Agreement (each, a "Subscription Agreement"); and

WHEREAS, the Parties desire to enter into this Agreement to govern the rights, duties and obligations of each of the Parties with respect to the Shares and any Successor Shares (each as defined herein).

AGREEMENT:

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the foregoing and the mutual agreements set forth herein, and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and adequacy of which is hereby acknowledged, the Parties, intending to be legally bound, hereby agree as follows:

Section 1. Restrictions on Transfer.

- (a) Each Management Member hereby agrees and acknowledges that, subject to <u>Section 1(b)</u>, such Management Member shall not Transfer any Management Shares or Converted Shares without the prior written consent of Wanda prior to the later of (x) January 1, 2016 and (y) an IPO Date (the "<u>Release Date</u>"). Thereafter, each Management Member may Transfer Management Shares and Converted Shares freely and without the prior written consent of Wanda or any other restriction, subject to the following limitations:
 - (1) from the Release Date until the first (1st) anniversary thereof, each Management Member may Transfer only such number of Management Shares and Converted Shares as shall equal no more than 33 1/3% of the Initial Management Shares held by such Person on the date hereof;
 - (2) from the first (1st) anniversary of the Release Date until the second (2nd) anniversary thereof, each Management Member may Transfer only such number of Management Shares and Converted Shares as shall equal, when aggregated with all Shares Transferred pursuant to Section 1(a)(1) hereof, no more than 66 2/3% of the Initial Management Shares held by such Person on the date hereof; and
 - (3) from the second (2nd) anniversary of the Release Date and thereafter, each Management Member may Transfer such number of Management Shares and Converted Shares as shall equal, when aggregated with all Shares Transferred pursuant to <u>Sections 1(a)</u> (1) and <u>1(a)(2)</u> hereof, 100% of the Initial Management Shares held by such Person on the date hereof;

provided, however, that, in respect of clause (1) above, no Management Member shall be permitted to Transfer any Management Shares or Converted Shares for up to one hundred eighty (180) days to the extent that any such Transfer would be in contravention of any contractual obligation pursuant to an underwriter's or similar lock-up agreement that prohibits the sale of Shares. Any purported Transfer in violation of the provisions of this Section 1 shall be null and void and shall have no force or effect. For the avoidance of doubt, each Management Member shall be permitted to Transfer all of his or her Management Shares and Converted Shares freely and without limitation hereunder following the third (3rd) anniversary of the Release Date, subject to the establishment of reasonable and temporary blackout periods (i.e., periods during which Initial Management Shares cannot be sold) established pursuant to the Company's documented insider trading policies to enable public company directors and/or executives to comply with Applicable Law (a "Trading Policy") or any inability to sell Management Shares because of the Management Member's possession of material non-public information

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Notwithstanding anything to the contrary set forth herein,

- (x) each Management Member shall have the right to Transfer any Management Shares or Converted Shares in a Public Offering in connection with the exercise of such Management Member's rights under <u>Section 8(a)</u>; and
- (y) after the IPO Date, each Management Member shall be entitled to Transfer freely and without limitation any of his or her Vested Management Shares (as such term is defined in the Subscription Agreement and including any Initial Vested Management Shares and any Unvested Management Shares that become vested pursuant to Section 5(a) thereof) or Converted Shares in respect of such Shares without the prior written consent of Wanda beginning on the earliest of

(i) the date the Management Member's service for the Company and its Affiliates is terminated by the Company or its Affiliates without Cause (as such term is defined in the Subscription Agreement), (ii) the date the Management Member's service for the Company and its Affiliates is terminated by the Management Member with Good Reason (as such term is defined in the Subscription Agreement) and (iii) the date the Management Member's service for the Company and its Affiliates is terminated due to death or Disability (as defined in the Subscription Agreement).

For the avoidance of doubt, nothing in this Agreement shall (i) require the Company or Wanda to register any Shares on a national or international securities exchange, (ii) prohibit the establishment of a Trading Policy or (iii) override any inability to sell Initial Management Shares because of the Management Member's possession of material non-public information.

- (b) Notwithstanding the foregoing, nothing in this <u>Section 1</u> shall prevent the Transfer of any Management Shares or Converted Shares by any Management Member (i) pursuant to <u>Sections 2, 3, 4, 5</u> or <u>6</u> of this Agreement, (ii) to such Management Member's Family Group, (iii) to any trusts, corporations, partnerships or other entities established for estate planning purposes or for the benefit of any member of such Management Member's Family Group or (iv) upon a Management Member's death, to such Management Member's executors, administrators, testamentary trustees, legatees and beneficiaries.
- (c) Each Management Member agrees that, as a condition precedent to any Transfer described in this Section 1, each proposed transferee that is not a party to this Agreement shall become a party to this Agreement by executing and delivering to the Company a Joinder Agreement substantially in the form of Exhibit A hereto.
- (d) No less than five (5) Business Days prior to any proposed Transfer of any Management Shares or Converted Shares pursuant to Section 1(b)(ii) or (iii), the Management Member holding such Management Shares or Converted Shares to be Transferred shall give written notice to Wanda of his or her intention to effect such Transfer, which shall set forth in reasonable detail the terms and conditions of such proposed Transfer, including the proposed amount and form of consideration, terms and conditions of payment and a summary of any other material terms pertaining to the Transfer.

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Section 2. Put Right.

- (a) Subject to Section 2(e) hereof, during the period beginning on January 1, 2016 and ending on the earlier of (i) January 1, 2019 and (ii) the IPO Date, each Management Member shall have the right, but not the obligation, to sell to the Company, and to require the Company to purchase from such Management Member, from time to time, that number of such Management Member's Initial Management Shares or Converted Shares in respect thereof that such Management Member desires to sell at a price per share equal to the price per share paid pursuant to Section 2(a) of the Subscription Agreement, taking into account any adjustments thereto pursuant to Section 2(b) thereof and with appropriate adjustments for any dividends, splits, reverse splits, combinations, recapitalizations, and the like occurring after the date hereof (the "Purchase Price Per Share").
- (b) Subject to Section 2(e) hereof, if the Company has not consummated its Initial Public Offering before January 1, 2019, then, during the period beginning on January 1, 2019 and ending on the IPO Date, each Management Member shall have the right, but not the obligation, to sell to the Company, and to require the Company to purchase from such Management Member, from time to time, that number of such Management Member's Initial Management Shares or Converted Shares in respect thereof that such Management Member desires to sell at a price per share equal to the greater of (x) the Fair Market Value of such Initial Management Shares or Converted Shares in respect thereof on the date of exercise and (y) the Purchase Price Per Share. A Management Member may irrevocably waive his or her right to require the Company to purchase such Management Member's Initial Management Shares or Converted Shares in respect thereof at the Purchase Price Per Share by executing and returning to the Company a completed waiver in the form of Exhibit B attached hereto. For the avoidance of doubt, if a Management Member irrevocably waives such right, such Management Member shall nonetheless retain the right to require the Company to purchase such Management Member's Initial Management Shares or Converted Shares in respect thereof at the Fair Market Value of such Initial Management Shares or Converted Shares in respect thereof in accordance with the first sentence of this Section 2(b).
- (c) Subject to Section 2(e) hereof, if, following the IPO Date, the Initial Management Shares or Converted Shares in respect thereof are not fully and freely tradable securities (without regard to any unexercised rights of the Management Member pursuant to Section 8 hereof) that are (1) listed on an established national or international securities exchange and (2) transferable without restriction or limitation (other than (x) any contractual obligations pursuant to an underwriter's or similar lock-up agreement entered into by such Management Member that prohibit the sale of Initial Management Shares or Converted Shares in respect thereof for up to one hundred eighty (180) days, (y) any inability to sell Initial Management Shares or Converted Shares in respect thereof because of the Management Member's possession of material non-public information or (z) reasonable and temporary blackout periods established pursuant to a Trading Policy ("Tradeable Securities"), then, beginning on the later of (i) the IPO Date and (ii) January 1, 2016 and ending on the third anniversary of the later of (x) the IPO Date and (y) January 1, 2016, each Management Member shall have the right, but not the obligation, to sell to the Company, and to require the Company to purchase from such Management Member, from time to time, that number of such Management Member's Initial Management Shares or Converted Shares in respect thereof that are not fully and freely tradable as described

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herein and that such Management Member desires to sell at the Purchase Price Per Share. For purposes herein, a <u>Put Right</u>" shall mean the rights described in <u>Sections 2(a)</u>, (b) and (c).

- (d) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary set forth herein, but subject to Section 2(e) hereof, each Management Member shall be entitled to exercise his or her Put Right pursuant to Section 2(a) with respect to any Vested Management Shares (as such term is defined in the Subscription Agreement and including any Initial Vested Management Shares and any Unvested Management Shares that become vested pursuant to Section 5(a) thereof) or Converted Shares in respect of such Shares without the prior written consent of Wanda beginning on the earliest of (i) the date the Management Member's service for the Company and its Affiliates is terminated by the Company or its Affiliates without Cause (as such term is defined in the Subscription Agreement), (ii) the date the Management Member's service for the Company and its Affiliates is terminated by the Management Member with Good Reason (as such term is defined in the Subscription Agreement), (iii) the date the Management Member's service for the Company and its Affiliates is terminated due to death or Disability (as defined in the Subscription Agreement) and (iv) January 1, 2016.
- (e) A Management Member may, in his or her sole discretion, exercise a Put Right only on the last Business Day of any fiscal quarter of the Company (each such date of exercise, a "Put Exercise Date") by providing the Company at least three (3) Business Days prior to, but no more than thirty (30) Business Days prior to, the applicable exercise date with: (a) a completed and executed written notice of exercise of a Put Right (the "Put Notice") duly delivered to the Company at the address for notice specified pursuant to Section 12(f), which shall include the number of Initial Management Shares or Converted Shares in respect thereof that such Management Member desires to sell pursuant to such Put Right (the "Put Exercised Shares"), and (b) the stock certificate(s) representing the Put Exercised Shares. A Management Member may revoke a Put Notice by providing the Company, up to five (5) Business Days prior to the applicable Put Exercise Date, with a completed and executed written notice of revocation duly delivered to the Company at the address for notice specified in Section 12(f), which shall include the number of Initial Management Shares or Converted Shares in respect thereof that such Management Member no longer desires to sell pursuant to his or her Put Right on the applicable Put Exercise Date.
- (f) The Company shall, no later than five (5) Business Days after the later of (i) the Put Exercise Date and (ii) the final determination of Applicable Value (if applicable), effect, or cause to be effected, payment in U.S. dollars, by check, wire transfer or any combination thereof, to the Management Member into an account designated in writing by such Management Member for the Put Exercised Shares, subject to applicable United States federal, state and local withholding tax requirements. To the extent Wanda assumes and performs the obligations of the Company pursuant to Section 2(g), references in this Section 2(f) to five (5) Business Days shall be ten

(g) In the event that the Company is legally prohibited or restricted, by contract or otherwise, from effecting any purchase and sale provided for in Sections 2(a)-(e) hereof, then Wanda shall assume and perform the obligations of the Company pursuant to this Section 2 and the Management Members shall have the right to require Wanda to purchase their Initial Management Shares and Converted Shares in respect thereof in accordance with the terms

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set forth herein, provided that Wanda is not legally prohibited or restricted from effecting any purchase and sale pursuant to this Section 2.

(h) The provisions of this <u>Section 2</u> shall apply to each Management Member at anytime and from time to time, so long as such Management Member owns any of his or her Initial Management Shares or Converted Shares in respect thereof.

Section 3. Company Drag-Along.

- (a) At any time prior to the IPO Date, Wanda may require each Management Member to include such Management Member's Company Drag-Along Pro Rata Share in any Qualified SC Sale pursuant to which Wanda and its Affiliates are Transferring at least 75% of the Shares then held by Wanda and its Affiliates, taken as a whole, for consideration consisting of cash and cash equivalents (a "Company Exit Sale") to an Independent Third Party (a 'Company Exit Sale Transferee") in a bona fide arm's length transaction or series of transactions, in each case, at the same purchase price per share as that received by Wanda and its Affiliates and otherwise upon the same terms and subject to the same conditions of those applicable to Wanda and its Affiliates. In connection with a Company Exit Sale, Wanda may also require each Management Member to provide his or her written consent approving the Company Exit Sale with respect to those Management Shares owned by such Management Member, as necessary or desirable to authorize, approve and adopt the Company Exit Sale. In the event that a sale is proposed pursuant to this Section 3(a), all outstanding Put Notices shall immediately be deemed withdrawn until the expiration of the time period provided for in Section 3(c). The consummation of a Company Exit Sale by Wanda and/or its Affiliates shall be subject to the sole discretion of Wanda, who shall have no liability or obligation whatsoever (other than compliance with this Section 3) to any Management Member required to participate therein in connection with such Management Member's Transfer of Management Shares.
- (b) The rights set forth in Section 3(a) shall be exercised by Wanda giving written notice (the "Company Drag-Along Notice") to the Management Members, at least fifteen (15) Business Days prior to the date on which the Company Exit Sale is consummated. In the event that the terms and/or conditions set forth in the Company Drag-Along Notice are thereafter amended in any material respect, Wanda shall give prompt written notice (a "Company Amended Drag-Along Notice") of the amended terms and conditions of the proposed Transfer to the Management Members. Each Company Drag-Along Notice and Company Amended Drag-Along Notice shall set forth: (i) the name of the Company Exit Sale Transferee and the number of Shares proposed to be purchased by such Company Exit Sale Transferee, (ii) the proposed amount and type of consideration and material terms and conditions of payment offered by the Company Exit Sale Transferee and (iii) a summary of any other material terms pertaining to the Transfer.
- (c) All Transfers of Shares, including Management Shares, to the Company Exit Sale Transferee pursuant to this <u>Section 3</u> shall be consummated simultaneously on a Business Day not less than fifteen (15) Business Days or more than ninety (90) calendar days after the Company Drag-Along Notice is received by the Management Members; *provided*, that, if such Transfer of Shares is subject to the receipt of any required regulatory approval pursuant to Applicable Law, such ninety (90)-day period shall be extended until the expiration of three (3)

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Business Days after all such approvals have been received, but in no event later than one-hundred and thirty-five (135) days after the date of delivery of the Company Drag-Along Notice. The delivery of stock certificates shall be made on such date of consummation, against payment of the purchase price for such Shares being Transferred by the Management Member, duly endorsed for Transfer or with duly executed stock powers or similar instruments, or such other instrument of Transfer of such Shares as may be customary in connection with Transfers of such type and reasonably requested by Wanda, with, to the extent applicable, any and all transfer taxes paid and stamps affixed. Each Management Member shall receive the same form and amount of consideration received by Wanda and its Affiliates per Share; provided, that, in no event shall any consideration for any additional agreements entered into in connection with such transaction, such as non-competition agreements, be included in the amount of consideration; provided, however, that notwithstanding the foregoing, each Management Member shall nonetheless be entitled to receive consideration, if any, due to such person as a result of or in connection with his or her entry into a non-competition agreement.

- (d) Promptly after the consummation of the Company Exit Sale, Wanda shall give notice thereof to the Management Members, shall remit or cause to be remitted to each of the Management Members that have surrendered their certificates and other applicable instruments the total consideration to be paid at closing of the Company Exit Sale for the Shares Transferred (for the avoidance of doubt, less such Management Member's pro-rata share of any escrows, holdbacks or adjustments in purchase price and any transaction expenses), with the cash portion of the purchase price paid by wire transfer of immediately available funds in accordance with such Management Member's wire transfer instructions and shall furnish such other evidence of the completion and the date of completion of such Transfer and the terms thereof as may be reasonably requested by the Management Members.
- (e) To the extent that the parties (or any successors thereto) to a sale described in this Section 3 are to provide any indemnification or otherwise assume any other post-closing liabilities, Wanda and its Affiliates and all Management Members selling Shares in a transaction described under this Section 3 shall do so severally and not jointly (and on a pro-rata basis in accordance with the Shares being sold by each) and each such Person's respective potential liability thereunder shall in no event exceed the net proceeds received by such Person in the Company Exit Sale. Furthermore, each Management Member shall only be required to give customary representations and warranties including, but not limited to, title to Shares conveyed, legal authority and capacity and non-contravention of other agreements to which he or she is a party, with respect to which indemnification or other post-closing liabilities shall be several and not joint (and only as to the representations and warranties given by such Management Member) and each Management Member's respective potential liability thereunder shall not exceed the net proceeds received by such Management Member. Each Management Member shall be required to enter into any instrument, undertaking or obligation necessary or reasonably requested and deliver all documents and take all other actions reasonably necessary or reasonably requested in connection with such sale (as specified in the Company Drag-Along Notice) in connection with this Section 3; provided, that in connection with such transaction no Management Member shall be required to enter into any non-competition agreement.
- (f) If at the end of the ninetieth (90th) day after the Management Members' receipt of the Company Drag-Along Notice (or such longer period pursuant to Section 3(c)), the

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Section 4. Parent Drag-Along.

- Conversion, Wanda may require each Management Member to include such Management Member's Parent Drag-Along Pro Rata Share in any Qualified Parent Sale pursuant to which Wanda and its Affiliates are Transferring at least 75% of the Successor Shares then held by Wanda and its Affiliates, taken as a whole, for consideration consisting of cash and cash equivalents (a "Parent Exit Sale") to an Independent Third Party (a 'Parent Exit Sale Transferee") in a bona fide arm's length transaction or series of transactions, in each case, at the same purchase price per share as that received by Wanda and its Affiliates and otherwise upon the same terms and subject to the same conditions of those applicable to Wanda and its Affiliates (the material terms and conditions of which shall be set forth in the Parent Drag-Along Notice). In connection with a Parent Exit Sale, Wanda may also require each Management Member to provide his or her written consent approving the Parent Exit Sale with respect to those Converted Shares owned by such Management Member that are included in such Management Member's Parent Drag-Along Pro Rata Share, as necessary or desirable to authorize, approve and adopt the Parent Exit Sale. In the event that a sale is proposed pursuant to this Section 4(a), all outstanding Put Notices shall immediately be deemed withdrawn until the expiration of the time period provided for in Section 4(c). The consummation of a Parent Exit Sale by Wanda and/or its Affiliates shall be subject to the sole discretion of Wanda, who shall have no liability or obligation whatsoever (other than compliance with this Section 4) to any Management Member required to participate therein in connection with such Management Member's Transfer of Converted Shares.
- (b) The rights set forth in Section 4(a) shall be exercised by Wanda giving written notice (the "Parent Drag-Along Notice") to the Management Members, at least fifteen (15) Business Days prior to the date on which Wanda expects that the Parent Exit Sale will be consummated. In the event that the terms and/or conditions set forth in the Parent Drag-Along Notice are thereafter amended in any material respect, Wanda shall give prompt written notice (a "Parent Amended Drag-Along Notice") of the amended terms and conditions of the proposed Transfer to the Management Members. Each Parent Drag-Along Notice and Parent Amended Drag-Along Notice shall set forth: (i) the name of the Parent Exit Sale Transferee and the number of Successor Shares proposed to be purchased by such Parent Exit Sale Transferee, (ii) the proposed amount and type of consideration and material terms and conditions of payment offered by the Parent Exit Sale Transferee and (iii) a summary of any other material terms pertaining to the Transfer.

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- All Transfers of Successor Shares, including Converted Shares, to the Parent Exit Sale Transferee pursuant to this Section 4 shall be consummated simultaneously on a Business Day not less than fifteen (15) Business Days or more than ninety (90) calendar days after the Parent Drag-Along Notice is received by the Management Members; provided, that, if such Transfer of Successor Shares and Converted Shares is subject to the receipt of any required regulatory approval pursuant to Applicable Law, such ninety (90)-day period shall be extended until the expiration of three (3) Business Days after all such approvals have been received, but in no event later than one-hundred and thirty-five (135) days after the date of delivery of the Parent Drag-Along Notice. The delivery of stock certificates shall be made on such date of consummation, against payment of the purchase price for such Converted Shares being Transferred by the Management Member, duly endorsed for Transfer or with duly executed stock powers or similar instruments, or such other instrument of Transfer of such Shares as may be customary in connection with Transfers of such type and reasonably requested by Wanda, with, to the extent applicable, any and all stock transfer taxes paid and stamps affixed. Each Management Member shall receive the same form and amount of consideration received by Wanda and its Affiliates per Converted Share.
- (d) Promptly after the consummation of the Parent Exit Sale, Wanda shall give notice thereof to the Management Members, shall remit or cause to be remitted to each of the Management Members that have surrendered their certificates and other applicable instruments the total consideration to be paid at closing of the Parent Exit Sale for the Shares Transferred (for the avoidance of doubt, less such Management Member's pro-rata share of any escrows, holdbacks or adjustments in purchase price and any transaction expenses), with the cash portion of the purchase price paid by wire transfer of immediately available funds in accordance with such Management Member's wire transfer instructions and shall furnish such other evidence of the completion and the date of completion of such Transfer and the terms thereof as may be reasonably requested by the Management Members.
- (e) To the extent that the parties (or any successors thereto) to a sale described in this Section 4 are to provide any indemnification or otherwise assume any other post-closing liabilities, Wanda and its Affiliates and all Management Members selling Converted Shares in a transaction described under this Section 4 shall do so severally and not jointly (and on a pro-rata basis in accordance with the Converted Shares being sold by each) and each such Person's respective potential liability thereunder shall in no event exceed the net proceeds received by such Person in the Parent Exit Sale. Furthermore, each Management Member shall only be required to give customary representations and warranties including, but not limited to, title to Converted Shares conveyed, legal authority and capacity and non-contravention of other agreements to which he or she is a party, with respect to which indemnification or other post-closing liabilities shall be several and not joint (and only as to the representations and warranties given by such Management Member) and each Management Member's respective potential liability thereunder shall not exceed the net proceeds received by such Management Member. Each Management Member shall be required to enter into any instrument, undertaking or obligation necessary or reasonably requested and deliver all documents and take all other actions necessary or reasonably requested in connection with such sale (as specified in the Parent Drag-Along Notice) in connection with this Section 4; provided, that in connection with such transaction no Management Member shall be required to enter into any non-competition agreement.

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(f) If at the end of the ninetieth (90th) day after the Management Members' receipt of the Parent Drag-Along Notice (or such longer period pursuant to Section 4(c)), the proposed Parent Exit Sale has not been consummated, the Parent Drag-Along Notice shall be null and void, Wanda shall promptly return to each of the Management Members all certificates and other applicable instruments representing Converted Shares that Management Members delivered for Transfer pursuant hereto, together with any other documents in the possession of Wanda executed by the Management Members in connection with such proposed Transfer, and it shall be necessary for a separate Parent Drag-Along Notice to be delivered, and the terms and provisions of this Section 4 separately complied with, in order to consummate any Transfer pursuant to this Section 4.

Section 5. Company Tag-Along Rights.

- (a) If at any time prior to the IPO Date, Wanda proposes to directly or indirectly Transfer any Shares held by Wanda or any of its Affiliates to any Person other than the Company or any Affiliate of Wanda, whether in one transaction or in a series of related transactions, then Wanda shall give each of the Management Members written notice (the "Company Tag-Along Notice") of their opportunity to participate in such sale pursuant to the terms set forth herein (a "Company Tag-Along Sale"). Each Management Member shall have the right, exercisable upon written notice to Wanda within fifteen (15) Business Days after receipt of the Company Tag-Along Notice (the "Company Tag-Along Tag-Along Tag-Along Notice shall set forth: (i) the name of this Agreement, to participate in such Company Tag-Along Transferee"). Each Company Tag-Along Notice shall set forth: (i) the name of the Company Tag-Along Transferee and the number of Shares proposed to be purchased by such Company Tag-Along Transferee, (ii) the proposed amount and type of consideration and material terms and conditions of payment offered by the Company Tag-Along Transferee and (iii) a summary of any other material terms pertaining to the Transfer (such participation rights being hereinafter referred to as "Company Tag-Along Rights").
- (b) Any Management Member who elects not to exercise Company Tag-Along Rights or who has not notified Wanda of his or her intent to exercise Company Tag-Along Rights within the Company Tag-Along Election Period shall be deemed to have elected not to exercise such Company Tag-Along Right with respect to such Company Tag-Along Sale and Wanda, any of its Affiliates and the Management Members who have exercised Company Tag-Along Rights hereunder shall thereafter be free to Transfer to the Company Tag-Along Transferee at a per Share price no greater than the per Share price set forth in the Company Tag-Along Notice with respect to such Transfer and on other terms and conditions that are not materially more favorable to Wanda, any of its Affiliates and the Management Members who have exercised such

Company Tag-Along Rights than those set forth in such Company Tag-Along Notice, without any further obligation to such Management Members who have elected not to exercise Company Tag-Along Rights or not provided notice to exercise Company Tag-Along Rights. Each Management Member who elects to exercise Company Tag-Along Rights within the Company Tag-Along Election Period may sell in the Company Tag-Along Sale up to the number of whole Management Shares in an amount equal to such Management Member's Company Tag-Along Pro Rata Share (reduced, to the extent necessary, so that each participating Management Member shall be able to include its Company Tag-Along Pro Rata Share) and such additional Management Shares as permitted by Section 5(c).

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- (c) If one or more Management Members elects not to include the maximum number of his or her eligible Management Shares in a proposed Transfer, Wanda shall give prompt notice to each other participating Management Member and each participating Management Member may Transfer in the proposed Transfer a number of additional Management Shares equal to such participating Management Member's pro-rata portion (based upon the aggregate number of Management Shares owned by such participating Management Member relative to the aggregate number of Management Shares owned by all participating Management Members) of the number of Management Shares eligible to be included in the proposed Transfer that were not allocated to Management Members pursuant to Section 5(b). Such additional Management Shares which any such Management Member(s) proposes to sell shall not be included in the calculation of whether such Management Member's Company Tag-Along Pro Rata Share has been exceeded under the last sentence of Section 5(b).
- (d) At the closing of the Company Tag-Along Sale, the delivery of stock certificates shall be made on such date by each Management Member exercising Company Tag-Along Rights, against payment of the purchase price for such Shares, duly endorsed for transfer or with duly executed stock powers or similar instruments, or such other instrument of Transfer of such Shares as may be customary in connection with Transfers of such type and reasonably requested by Wanda, with, to the extent applicable, any and all stock transfer taxes paid and stamps affixed. The consummation of such proposed Company Tag-Along Sale shall be subject to the sole discretion of Wanda, who shall have no liability or obligation whatsoever (other than compliance with this Section 5) to any Management Member participating therein in connection with such Management Member's Transfer of Management Shares. Each Management Member exercising Company Tag-Along Rights shall receive the same amount and form of consideration received by Wanda and its Affiliates per Share on the same terms and conditions as Wanda and its Affiliates; provided, that, in no event shall any consideration for any additional agreements entered into in connection with such transaction, such as non-competition agreements, be included in the amount of consideration provided, however, that notwithstanding the foregoing, each Management Member shall nonetheless be entitled to receive consideration, if any, due to such person as a result of or in connection with his or her entry into a non-competition agreement.
- (e) To the extent that the parties (or any successors thereto) to the Company Tag-Along Sale are to provide any indemnification or otherwise assume any other post-closing liabilities, Wanda, any of its Affiliates and Management Members Transferring Shares to the Company Tag-Along Transferee shall do so severally and not jointly (and on a pro-rata basis in accordance with the Shares being sold by each), and each such Person's respective potential liability thereunder shall in no event exceed the net proceeds received by such Person in such Company Tag-Along Sale. Furthermore, each Management Member Transferring Shares to the Company Tag-Along Transferee shall only be required to give customary representations and warranties including, but not limited to, title to Shares conveyed, legal authority and capacity and non-contravention of other agreements to which he or she is a party, with respect to which indemnification or other post-closing liabilities shall be several and not joint (and only as to the representations and warranties given by such Management Member) and his or her potential liability thereunder shall not exceed the net proceeds thereof received by such Management Member.

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- (f) All Transfers of Shares, including Management Shares, to the Company Tag-Along Transferee pursuant to this Section 5 shall be consummated simultaneously on a Business Day not less than fifteen (15) Business Days or more than ninety (90) calendar days after the end of the Company Tag-Along Election Period; provided, that, if such Transfer of Shares is subject to any required regulatory approval pursuant to Applicable Law, such ninety (90)-day period shall be extended until the expiration of three (3) Business Days after all such approvals have been received, but in no event later than one-hundred and thirty-five (135) days after the end of the Company Tag-Along Election Period. Each participating Management Member shall be required to enter into any instrument, undertaking, obligation or make any filing reasonably necessary or reasonably requested and deliver all documents and take all other actions necessary or reasonably requested in connection with such sale (as specified in the Company Tag-Along Notice) as a condition to the exercise of such holder's rights to Transfer Management Shares under this Section 5; provided, that, in connection with such transaction no Management Member shall be required to enter into any non-competition agreement.
- Promptly after the consummation of the Company Tag-Along Sale, Wanda shall give notice thereof to the Management Members, shall remit or cause to be remitted to each of the Management Members that have surrendered their certificates and other applicable instruments the total consideration to be paid at closing of the Company Tag-Along Sale for the Shares Transferred (for the avoidance of doubt, less such Management Member's pro-rata share of any escrows, holdbacks or adjustments in purchase price and any transaction expenses), with the cash portion of the purchase price paid by wire transfer of immediately available funds in accordance with such Management Member's wire transfer instructions and shall furnish such other evidence of the completion and the date of completion of such Transfer and the terms thereof as may be reasonably requested by the Management Members.
- (h) If at the end of the ninetieth (90th) day after the end of the Company Tag-Along Election Period (or such longer period pursuant to Section 5(g)), the proposed Company Tag-Along Sale has not been consummated, the Company Tag-Along Notice shall be null and void, Wanda shall promptly return to each of the Management Members all certificates and other applicable instruments representing Shares that Management Members delivered for Transfer pursuant hereto, together with any other documents in the possession of Wanda executed by the Management Members in connection with such proposed Transfer, and it shall be necessary for a separate Company Tag-Along Notice to be delivered, and the terms and provisions of this Section 5 separately complied with, in order to consummate any Transfer pursuant to this Section 5.

Section 6. Parent Tag-Along Rights.

(a) Concurrently and in connection with a Qualified Parent Sale that resulted in the Conversion pursuant to Section 9 or at any time after such Conversion, if Wanda proposes to directly or indirectly Transfer any of the Successor Shares held by Wanda or any of its Affiliates to any Person other than the Company or any Affiliate of Wanda, whether in one transaction or in a series of related transactions, then Wanda shall give each of the Management Members written notice (the "Parent Tag-Along Notice") of their opportunity to participate in such sale pursuant to the terms set forth herein (a <u>Parent Tag-Along Sale</u>"). Each Management Member shall have the right, exercisable upon written notice to Wanda within fifteen (15)

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Business Days after receipt of the Parent Tag-Along Notice (the "Parent Tag-Along Election Period") and subject to the other terms and conditions of this Agreement, to participate in the Parent Tag-Along Sale to any Person (the "Parent Tag-Along Transferee"). Each Parent Tag-Along Notice shall set forth: (i) the name of the Parent Tag-Along Transferee and the number of Successor Shares proposed to be purchased by such Parent Tag-Along Transferee, (ii) the proposed amount and type of consideration and material terms and conditions of payment offered by the Parent Tag-Along Transferee and (iii) a summary of any other material terms pertaining to the Transfer (such participation rights being hereinafter referred to as "Parent Tag-Along Rights").

Parent Tag-Along Rights within the Parent Tag-Along Election Period shall be deemed to have elected not to exercise such Parent Tag-Along Right with respect to such Parent Tag-Along Sale and Wanda, any of its Affiliates and the Management Members who have exercised Parent Tag-Along Rights hereunder shall thereafter be free to Transfer to the Parent Tag-Along Transferee at a per Converted Share price no greater than the per Successor Share price set forth in the Parent Tag-Along Notice with respect to such Transfer and on other terms and conditions that are not materially more favorable to Wanda, any of its Affiliates and the Management Members who have exercised such Parent Tag-Along Rights than those set forth in such Parent Tag-Along Notice, without any further obligation to such Management Members who have elected not to exercise Parent Tag-Along Rights or not provided notice to exercise Parent Tag-Along Rights. Each Management Member who elects to exercise Parent Tag-Along Rights within the Parent Tag-Along Election Period may sell in the Parent Tag-Along Sale up to the number of whole Converted Shares in an amount equal to such Management Member's Parent Tag-Along Pro Rata Share (reduced, to the extent necessary, so that each participating Management Member shall be able to include its Parent Tag-Along Pro Rata Share) and such additional Converted Shares as permitted by Section 6(c).

- (c) If one or more Management Members elects not to include the maximum number of his or her eligible Converted Shares in a proposed Transfer, Wanda shall give prompt notice to each other participating Management Member and each participating Management Member may Transfer in the proposed Transfer a number of additional Converted Shares equal to such participating Management Member's pro-rata portion (based upon the aggregate number of Converted Shares owned by such participating Management Members of the number of Converted Shares eligible to be included in the proposed Transfer that were not allocated to Management Members pursuant to Section 6(b). Such additional Converted Shares which any such Management Member(s) proposes to sell shall not be included in the calculation of whether such Management Member's Parent Tag-Along Pro Rata Share has been exceeded under the last sentence of Section 6(b).
- (d) At the closing of the Parent Tag-Along Sale, the delivery of stock certificates shall be made on such date by each Management Member exercising Parent Tag-Along Rights, against payment of the purchase price for such Converted Shares, duly endorsed for transfer or with duly executed stock powers or similar instruments, or such other instrument of transfer of such Converted Shares as may be reasonably requested by the Parent Tag-Along

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Transferee and the Company, with, to the extent applicable, any and all stock transfer taxes paid and stamps affixed. The consummation of such proposed Parent Tag-Along Sale shall be subject to the sole discretion of Wanda, who shall have no liability or obligation whatsoever (other than compliance with this Section 6) to any Management Member participating therein in connection with such Management Member's Transfer of Converted Shares. Each Management Member exercising Parent Tag-Along Rights shall receive the same amount and form of consideration received by Wanda and its Affiliates per Converted Share on the same terms and conditions as Wanda and its Affiliates; provided, that, in no event shall any consideration for any additional agreements entered into in connection with such transaction, such as non-competition agreements, be included in the amount of consideration.

- (e) To the extent that the parties (or any successors thereto) to the Parent Tag-Along Sale are to provide any indemnification or otherwise assume any other post-closing liabilities, Wanda, any of its Affiliates and Management Members Transferring Successor Shares or Converted Shares to the Parent Tag-Along Transferee shall do so severally and not jointly (and on a pro-rata basis in accordance with the Successor Shares or Converted Shares being sold by each), and each such Person's respective potential liability thereunder shall in no event exceed the net proceeds received by such Person in such Parent Tag-Along Sale. Furthermore, each Management Member Transferring Converted Shares to the Parent Tag-Along Transferee shall only be required to give customary representations and warranties including, but not limited to, title to Converted Shares conveyed, legal authority and capacity and non-contravention of other agreements to which he or she is a party, with respect to which indemnification or other post-closing liabilities shall be several and not joint (and only as to the representations and warranties given by such Management Member) and his or her potential liability thereunder shall not exceed the net proceeds thereof received by such Management Member.
- (f) All Transfers of Successor Shares and Converted Shares to the Parent Tag-Along Transferee pursuant to this Section 6 shall be consummated simultaneously on a Business Day not less than fifteen (15) Business Days or more than ninety (90) calendar days after the end of the Parent Tag-Along Election Period; provided, that, if such Transfer of Successor Shares and Converted Shares is subject to any required regulatory approval pursuant to Applicable Law, such ninety (90)-day period shall be extended until the expiration of three (3) Business Days after all such approvals have been received, but in no event later than one-hundred and thirty-five (135) days after the end of the Parent Tag-Along Election Period. Each participating Management Member shall be required to enter into any instrument, undertaking, obligation or make any filing necessary or reasonably requested and deliver all documents and take all other actions necessary or reasonably requested in connection with such sale (as specified in the Parent Tag-Along Notice) as a condition to the exercise of such holder's rights to Transfer Converted Shares under this Section 6; provided, that, in connection with such transaction no Management Member shall be required to enter into any non-competition agreement.
- (g) Promptly after the consummation of the Parent Tag-Along Sale, Wanda shall give notice thereof to the Management Members, shall remit or cause to be remitted to each of the Management Members that have surrendered their certificates and other applicable instruments the total consideration to be paid at closing of the Parent Tag-Along Sale for the Shares Transferred (for the avoidance of doubt, less such Management Member's pro-rata share

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of any escrows, holdbacks or adjustments in purchase price and any transaction expenses), with the cash portion of the purchase price paid by wire transfer of immediately available funds in accordance with such Management Member's wire transfer instructions and shall furnish such other evidence of the completion and the date of completion of such Transfer and the terms thereof as may be reasonably requested by the Management Members.

(h) If at the end of the ninetieth (90th) day after the end of the Parent Tag-Along Election Period (or such longer period pursuant to Section 6(g)), the proposed Parent Tag-Along Sale has not been consummated, the Parent Tag-Along Notice shall be null and void, Wanda shall promptly return to each of the Management Members all certificates and other applicable instruments representing Converted Shares that Management Members delivered for Transfer pursuant hereto, together with any other documents in the possession of Wanda executed by the Management Members in connection with such proposed Transfer, and it shall be necessary for a separate Parent Tag-Along Notice to be delivered, and the terms and provisions of this Section 6 separately complied with, in order to consummate any Transfer pursuant to this Section 6.

Section 7. <u>Cooperation.</u>

- (a) If the Company or the holders of the Company's securities enter into any transaction for which Rule 506 (or any similar rule then in effect) promulgated under the 1933 Act may be available with respect to the transaction (including a merger, consolidation, or other reorganization), each Management Member shall, if requested by the Company, appoint a purchaser representative (as defined in Rule 501 of the 1933 Act) reasonably acceptable to the Company. If the purchaser representative is appointed by the Company, the Company shall pay the fees of the purchaser representative, but if any Management Member appoints another purchaser representative, such Management Member shall be responsible for the fees of the purchaser representative so appointed.
- (b) Each of Wanda, the Company and the Management Members shall reasonably cooperate to effect any Transfers pursuant to Sections 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6 of this Agreement, including seeking and obtaining all such approvals, authorizations, consents, waivers or clearances, the preparation of relevant documentation and supplying, as promptly as practicable, any additional information and documentary material that may be requested or required in connection therewith, and keep one another reasonably informed with respect to the status of each clearance, approval or waiver sought from any Governmental Authority in connection with any Transfers contemplated by this Agreement and any material communications between such party and such Governmental Authority.
 - (c) No Management Member shall be obligated to pay any expenses incurred in connection with any unconsummated Company Exit Sale or Parent

(d) Each Management Member shall bear his or her pro-rata share of the costs of any transaction in which he or she sells Management Shares (based on the number of Management Shares sold by such Management Member in such transaction) to the extent such costs are incurred for the benefit of all holders of Management Shares and are not otherwise paid by the Company or the acquiring party.

Section 8. Registration Rights.

- Piggyback Registrations. If the Company or Wanda at any time proposes to register any Shares or any security convertible into or exchangeable or exercisable for Shares, including pursuant to Section 9 hereof, under the 1933 Act (other than a registration on Form S-8, S-4 or F-4, or any successor forms, relating to Shares issuable upon exercise of employee stock options or in connection with any employee benefit or similar plan of the Company or in connection with a direct or indirect acquisition by the Company of another Person), whether or not for sale for its own account, the Company or Wanda (as applicable) shall give written notice of the proposed registration to each Management Member not later than fifteen (15) Business Days prior to the filing thereof. Each Management Member shall have the right to request that all or any part of such Management Member's Management Shares be included in such registration. Each Management Member can make such a request by giving written notice to the Company within ten (10) Business Days after the receipt of the Company's notice of the proposed registration; provided, however, that if the registration is an underwritten registration and the managing underwriters of such offering determine that the aggregate amount of securities of the Company which the Company, Wanda and all Management Members propose to sell in such registration exceeds the maximum amount of securities that can be sold in such offering without having a material adverse effect on the success of the offering, including without limitation an impact on the selling price and other terms of such offering, the Company will include in such registration only the number of securities that, in the reasonable opinion of such underwriter or underwriters, can be sold without having a material adverse effect on the success of the offering as follows: (i) first, the securities which the Company proposes to sell; and (ii) second, the securities of Wanda (and its Affiliates) and the Management Members (pro rata among Wanda and all such Management Members on the basis of the number of such securities so requested to be included in such registration by each). Securities proposed to be registered and sold pursuant to an underwritten offering for the account of any Management Members shall be sold to the prospective underwrittens, selected by the holders of a majority of Shares to which such registration statement relates and approved by the Company, on the terms and subject to the conditions of one or more underwriting agreements negotiated between the holders of a majority of Shares to which such registration statement relates, the Company and the prospective underwriters at the same purchase price per securities as, and on the same applicable terms and conditions as apply to, the Company and Wanda. The Company may withdraw any registration statement at any time before it becomes effective, or postpone or terminate the offering of securities, without obligation or liability to any Management Member.
- (b) <u>Holdback Agreements</u>. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Agreement, each Management Member agrees that (if so required by the underwriters in an underwritten offering and provided that such condition is applicable to all Management Members) he or she will not (and it shall be a condition to the rights of each Management Member under this Agreement that such Management Member does not) offer for Public Sale

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any securities during (i) a period not to exceed sixty (60) days prior to and one-hundred and eighty (180) days after the effective date of any registration statement filed by the Company in connection with an underwritten Initial Public Offering and any subsequent underwritten offerings (except as part of such underwritten registration or as otherwise permitted by such underwritten) and (ii) a period not to exceed ninety (90) days after the effective date of any Registration Statement filed by the Company in connection with any underwritten Public Sale of securities that is not an Initial Public Offering (except as part of such underwritten registration or as otherwise permitted by such underwriters); provided, however, that in each case, no Management Member shall object to shortening such period if the underwriter agrees that shortening such period would not materially and adversely effect the success of the offering.

- (c) Expenses. Except as otherwise required by state securities or blue sky laws or the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, all expenses, disbursements and fees incurred by the Company and the Management Members in connection with any registration under this Section 8 shall be borne by the Company, except that the following expenses shall be borne by the Management Members incurring the same: (i) the costs and expenses of counsel to such Management Member to the extent such Management Member retains counsel; (ii) discounts, commissions, fees or similar compensation owing to underwriters, selling brokers, dealer managers or other industry professionals, to the extent relating to the distribution or sale of such Management Member's securities; and (iii) transfer taxes with respect to the securities sold by such Management Member.
- (d) <u>Registration Procedures.</u> Whenever any Person requests that any Registrable Securities be registered pursuant to this <u>Section 8</u>, subject to the provisions of this <u>Section 8</u>, the Company shall use its reasonable best efforts to effect the registration and the sale of such Registrable Securities in accordance with the intended method of disposition thereof as quickly as practicable, and, in connection with any such request:
- (i) Prior to filing a registration statement or prospectus or any amendment or supplement thereto, the Company shall furnish to each participating Person and each underwriter, if any, of the Registrable Securities covered by such registration statement copies of such registration statement as proposed to be filed, and thereafter the Company shall furnish to such Person and underwriter, if any, such number of copies of such registration statement, each amendment and supplement thereto (in each case including all exhibits thereto and documents incorporated by reference therein), the prospectus included in such registration statement (including each preliminary prospectus and any summary prospectus) and any other prospectus filed under Rule 424 or Rule 430A under the 1933 Act and such other documents as such Person or underwriter may reasonably request in order to facilitate the disposition of the Registrable Securities owned by such Person.
- (ii) After the filing of the registration statement, the Company shall (x) cause the related prospectus to be supplemented by any required prospectus supplement, and, as so supplemented, to be filed pursuant to Rule 424 under the 1933 Act and shall incorporate such information as the managing underwriter or underwriters agree should be included therein relating to the plan of distribution, (y) comply with the provisions of the 1933 Act with respect to the disposition of all Registrable Securities covered by such registration statement during the applicable period in accordance with the intended methods of disposition set forth in such

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registration statement or supplement to such prospectus and (z) promptly notify each Person holding Registrable Securities covered by such registration statement of any stop order issued or threatened by the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") or any state securities commission and take all reasonable actions required to prevent the entry of such stop order or to remove it if entered.

(iii) The Company shall use its reasonable best efforts to (x) register or qualify the Registrable Securities covered by such registration statement under such other securities or "blue sky" laws of such jurisdictions in the United States as any Person holding such Registrable Securities reasonably (in light of such Person's intended plan of distribution) requests and (y) cause such Registrable Securities to be registered with or approved by such other governmental agencies or authorities as may be necessary by virtue of the business and operations of the Company and do any and all other acts and things that may be reasonably necessary or

advisable to enable such Person to consummate the disposition of the Registrable Securities owned by such Person; *provided*, that the Company shall not be required to (A) qualify generally to do business in any jurisdiction where it would not otherwise be required to qualify but for this <u>Section 8(d)(iii)</u>, (B) subject itself to taxation in any such jurisdiction or (C) consent to general service of process in any such jurisdiction.

- (iv) The Company shall otherwise use its reasonable best efforts to comply with all applicable rules and regulations of the SEC, and make available to its security holders, as soon as reasonably practicable, an earnings statement or such other document that shall satisfy the provisions of Section 11(a) of the 1933 Act and Rule 158 thereunder. The Company shall cooperate with each seller of Registrable Securities and each underwriter, if any, participating in the disposition of such Registrable Securities and their respective counsel in connection with any filings to be made with the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc.
- (v) Each Person agrees that at the time that such Person is holding Registrable Securities, upon receipt of any written notice from the Company of the occurrence of any event requiring the preparation of a supplement or amendment of a prospectus relating to the Registrable Securities covered by a registration statement that is required to be delivered under the 1933 Act so that, as thereafter delivered to the purchasers of such Registrable Securities, such prospectus will not contain an untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state any material fact required to be stated therein or to make the statements therein not misleading, such Person shall forthwith discontinue disposition of Registrable Securities pursuant to the registration statement covering such Registrable Securities until such Person's receipt of the copies of a supplemented or amended prospectus, and, if so directed by the Company, such Person shall deliver to the Company all copies, other than any permanent file copies then in such Person's possession, of the most recent prospectus covering such Registrable Securities at the time of receipt of such notice. If the Company shall give such notice, the Company shall extend the period during which such registration statement shall be maintained effective by the number of days during the period from and including the date of the giving of notice pursuant to this Section 8(d)(v) to the date when the Company shall make available to such Person a prospectus supplemented or amended to conform with the requirements of this Section 8(d)(v).
- (vi) The Company shall use its reasonable best efforts to list all Registrable Securities covered by such registration statement on any securities

exchange or

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quotation system on which any of the Registrable Securities are then listed or traded and if none of the Registrable Securities are so listed, on any securities exchange or quotation system on which similar securities issued by the Company are then listed, and if no such similar securities are listed, on any national securities exchange.

(vii) The Company shall have appropriate officers of the Company (x) prepare and make presentations at any "road shows" and before analysts and rating agencies, as the case may be, (y) take other reasonable actions to obtain ratings for any Registrable Securities and (z) otherwise use their reasonable best efforts to cooperate as requested by the underwriters in the offering, marketing or selling of the Registrable Securities.

(e) <u>Foreign jurisdictions</u>.

- (i) The Management Members shall be entitled to the foregoing registration rights with respect to any potential public offering of the Shares in the United States and shall be entitled to reasonably analogous or equivalent rights with respect to any other offering of the Shares (or any other securities of any of the Offering Entities (as defined below) that may be distributed to the Management Members) in any other jurisdiction in which the Company (or any of the Offering Entities) undertakes to publicly offer or list such securities for trading on a recognized securities exchange. Whenever any provision in this Section 8 refers to a law or institution of the United States but the Company wishes to effectuate a registration or an analogous procedure such as the application for listing accompanied by the issue of a prospectus or equivalent listing requirements in a different jurisdiction, reference in this Section 8 to the laws or institutions of the United States shall be read as referring, mutantis mutandis, to the comparable laws or institutions of the jurisdiction in question and registration shall be construed, as appropriate, to include an application for listing of the Shares (or other securities of any of the Offering Entities, as applicable) on a recognized stock exchange accompanied by the issue of a prospectus or equivalent listing requirements.
- (ii) In furtherance of the foregoing, for purposes of this Agreement, reference to registration of securities under the 1933 Act and the 1934 Act shall be deemed to mean the equivalent registration in a jurisdiction other than the United States, it being understood and agreed that in each such case all references in this Agreement to the 1933 Act, the 1934 Act and the rules, forms of registration statements and registration of securities thereunder, U.S. law and the SEC, shall be deemed to refer to the equivalent statutes, rules, forms of registration statements, registration of securities and laws of and equivalent government authority in the applicable non-U.S. jurisdiction.

Section 9. <u>Conversion</u>.

(a) In the event of an Initial Public Offering, Qualified Offering or Qualified Parent Sale by Wanda or any of its Affiliates of any entity (other than the Company) of which the Company and its Subsidiaries, taken as a whole, comprise 90% or more of the assets, revenues or income (such entity, a "Successor Entity"), then, immediately prior to the consummation of such Initial Public Offering, Qualified Offering or Qualified Parent Sale, all then-outstanding Management Shares shall be automatically canceled and each Management Member shall receive, in exchange for the cancellation of his or her Management Shares, such

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number of shares of common stock (or equivalent class of securities) of the Successor Entity (<u>Successor Shares</u>") with an aggregate Fair Market Value equal to the aggregate Fair Market Value of such Management Member's Management Shares (the Successor Shares so disbursed to the Management Members, and Successor Shares acquired by any Management Member thereafter, the "<u>Converted Shares</u>") (such cancellation and exchange, the "<u>Conversion</u>"). All fractional Successor Shares shall be paid in cash to the applicable Management Member(s). Wanda agrees to (i) provide a written notice to the Management Members at least fifteen (15) Business Days prior to the date on which Wanda expects to consummate an Initial Public Offering, Qualified Offering or Qualified Parent Sale in which a Conversion shall occur and (ii) to the extent permitted by Applicable Law, take any and all reasonable and necessary actions and comply with all necessary legal and regulatory requirements to permit the issuance of the Converted Shares to the Management Members; *provided*, *however*, that notwithstanding the foregoing, if (x) an Initial Public Offering, Qualified Offering or Qualified Parent Sale in which a Conversion shall occur is to be consummated solely in the PRC, and (y) the then applicable legal and/or regulatory requirements of the PRC prohibit Wanda from issuing the Successor Shares to the Management Members (a "Non-Conversion Event"), then Management Members shall retain his or her outstanding Management Shares. Any such Successor Entity undertaking an Initial Public Offering or a Qualified Offering shall hereinafter be referred to as an "Offering Entity", and any shares of such Offering Entity shall hereinafter be referred to as an "Offering Share".

(b) No Management Member shall be obligated to pay any expenses incurred in connection with any Conversion that does not result in the receipt or ownership by such Management Member of Tradeable Securities; *provided*, *however*, that the foregoing clause shall not, and shall not be deemed or construed to, eliminate or otherwise limit any Management Member's obligation to bear the costs and expenses for which such Management Member is responsible as provided in <u>Sections 7(c)</u> and <u>8(c)</u>.

Section 10. Termination of Agreement.

This Agreement may be terminated at any time by a resolution of the Board terminating this Agreement and the approval in writing of Management Members holding in the aggregate a majority of the then-outstanding Management Shares or Converted Shares outstanding as of the effective time of this Agreement (as applicable); provided, however, that, the provisions of Section 2 and Section 9 hereunder may not be terminated unless such termination is in writing and is signed by each

Management Member in respect of whom the termination is to be effective.

Section 11. <u>Definitions</u>.

(a) As used in this Agreement, the following terms have the following meanings:

"Affiliate" means, with respect to a specified Person, any other Person that directly or indirectly controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with, the specified Person. As used in this definition, the term "control" means the possession, directly or

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indirectly, of the power to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of a Person, whether through ownership of voting securities, by contract or otherwise.

"Agreement" has the meaning set forth in the preamble.

"Applicable Value" shall mean, with respect to a Share or Successor Share, the value as determined by the Board in its reasonable good faith within ten (10) Business Days following the applicable Put Exercise Date, without application of any minority, illiquidity, transfer or voting restriction, or other similar discounts. In determining the value of a Share or Successor Share, the Board may consider any relevant factors including (a) the Company's or the Successor Entity's net profit for the previous year, (b) the Company's or the Successor Entity's expected level of growth and net profit, (c) the Company's or the Successor Entity's revenue and net profit growth and overall margins compared to other companies in the industry, including public companies, (d) the risk associated with achieving the Company's or the Successor Entity's expected growth in revenue and net profit, (e) the impact of Specified Exclusions and Transaction Adjustments (as such terms are defined in the Management Incentive Bonus Plan), (f) the timing and anticipated value of any potential exit by Wanda with respect to the Company or the Successor Entity and (g) enterprise value based on discounted cash flow. If Management Members who are party to this Agreement as of the date hereof and who hold a majority of the outstanding Management Shares (or Converted Shares, as applicable) as of the date of determination, disagree with the value determined by the Board, such Management Members shall notify the Board of such disagreement within five (5) Business Days following the Board's determination, in which case the Applicable Value shall be determined by an independent qualified third-party appraiser, which may include an investment bank, of national reputation in the United States or of widely recognized international reputation selected by such Management Members from a group of two such appraisers proposed by the Board. The determination of such appraiser shall be based on any relevant factors such appraiser deems appropriate and shall not be

"Board" means the Board of Directors of the Company.

"Business Day" means any day that is not a Saturday, a Sunday or other day on which banks are required or authorized by law to be closed in New York, New York or in Beijing, PRC.

"Company" has the meaning set forth in the preamble.

"Company Amended Drag-Along Notice" has the meaning set forth in Section 3(b).

"Company Drag-Along Notice" has the meaning set forth in Section 3(b).

"Company Drag-Along Pro Rata Share" means, with respect to each Management Member (i) the aggregate number of Management Shares held by such Management Member *multiplied by* (ii) a fraction, the numerator of which is equal to the number of Shares proposed to

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be sold by Wanda and its Affiliates in the applicable Company Exit Sale under Section 3 and the denominator of which is the aggregate number of Shares owned by Wanda and its Affiliates.

"Company Exit Sale" has the meaning set forth in Section 3(a).

"Company Exit Sale Transferee" has the meaning set forth in Section 3(a).

"Company Tag-Along Election Period" has the meaning set forth in Section 5(a).

"Company Tag-Along Notice" has the meaning set forth in Section 5(a).

"Company Tag-Along Pro Rata Share" means, with respect to each Management Member (i) the aggregate number of Management Shares held by such Management Member, multiplied by (ii) a fraction, the numerator of which is equal to the number of Shares proposed to be sold by Wanda and its Affiliates in the applicable Company Tag-Along Sale under Section 5 and the denominator of which is the aggregate number of Shares owned by Wanda and its Affiliates.

"Company Tag-Along Rights" has the meaning set forth in Section 5(a).

"Company Tag-Along Sale" has the meaning set forth in Section 5(a).

"Company Tag-Along Transferee" has the meaning set forth in Section 5(a).

"Conversion" has the meaning set forth in Section 9(a).

"Converted Shares" has the meaning set forth in Section 9(a).

"Fair Market Value" of a Share or Successor Share shall be (a) in the event that such Shares or Successor Shares are not listed on an established internationally recognized securities exchange or any established internationally recognized over-the-counter trading system, a Share's or Successor Share's Applicable Value or (b) in the event that such Shares or Successor Shares are listed on an established internationally recognized securities exchange or any established internationally recognized over-the-counter trading system, the average closing price of a Share or Successor Share on the principal exchange on which such Shares or Successor Shares are then trading, as reported by Bloomberg L.P. or as reported on any composite index which includes such principal exchange, over the period of the twenty (20) trading days immediately prior to such date of determination.

"Family Group" means, with respect to any individual, such individual's spouse, parents and descendants (whether natural or adopted).

"Governmental Authority" means any transnational, domestic or foreign federal, state or local governmental, regulatory or administrative authority, department, court, agency or official (including any court, tribunal or arbitral body) and any political subdivision thereof, including the NDRC, the MOFCOM and the SAFE.

"Independent Third Party" means any Person that is not an Affiliate of Wanda.

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"Initial Management Shares" means all Management Shares subscribed for by a Management Member pursuant to the applicable Subscription Agreement or, as applicable, Converted Shares in respect of such Shares.

"Initial Public Offering" means the first bona fide firm commitment underwritten public offering of Shares (or any Offering Shares) registered on Form S-1 (or any equivalent or successor form under the 1933 Act or any similar form under any foreign rules and regulations) in which the Shares (or any Offering Shares) are listed on the NASDAQ Stock Market, the New York Stock Exchange, the Hong Kong Stock Exchange, or such other internationally recognized stock exchange that is determined by Wanda (including the Shanghai Stock Exchange and the Shenzhen Stock Exchange in the case of a public offering of Shares in the PRC).

"IPO Date" means the date on which the Company or the Successor Entity (or any successor thereto) consummates its Initial Public Offering.

"LCIA" has the meaning set forth in Section 12(o)(i).

"Management Member" and "Management Members" has the meaning set forth in the preamble.

"Management Shares" means all Shares subscribed for by a Management Member at or immediately prior to the Effective Time and any Shares acquired by any Management Member after the date hereof.

"Merger" has the meaning set forth in the recitals.

"Merger Agreement" has the meaning set forth in the recitals.

"Merger Subsidiary" has the meaning set forth in the recitals.

"MOFCOM" means the Ministry of Commerce of the PRC as well as its local counterpart in Dalian, Liaoning province of the PRC.

"NDRC" means the National Development and Reform Commission of the PRC as well as its local counterpart in Dalian, Liaoning province of the PRC.

"1933 Act" means the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereby.

"1934 Act" means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereby.

"Offering Entity" has the meaning set forth in Section 9(a).

"Offering Shares" has the meaning set forth in Section 9(a).

"Parent Amended Drag-Along Notice" has the meaning set forth in Section 4(b).

"Parent Drag-Along Notice" has the meaning set forth in Section 4(b).

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"Parent Drag-Along Pro Rata Share" means, with respect to each Management Member (i) the aggregate number of Successor Shares held by such Management Member *multiplied by* (ii) a fraction, the numerator of which is equal to the number of Successor Shares proposed to be sold by Wanda and its Affiliates in the applicable Parent Exit Sale under Section 4 and the denominator of which is the aggregate number of Successor Shares owned by Wanda and its Affiliates.

"Parent Exit Sale" has the meaning set forth in Section 4(a).

"Parent Exit Sale Transferee" has the meaning set forth in Section 4(a).

"Parent Tag-Along Election Period" has the meaning set forth in Section 6(a).

"Parent Tag-Along Notice" has the meaning set forth in Section 6(a).

"Parent Tag-Along Pro Rata Share" means, with respect to each Management Member (i) the aggregate number of Successor Shares held by such Management Member, multiplied by (ii) a fraction, the numerator of which is equal to the number of Successor Shares proposed to be sold by Wanda and its Affiliates in the applicable Parent Tag-Along Sale under Section 6 and the denominator of which is the aggregate number of Successor Shares owned by Wanda and its Affiliates.

"Parent Tag-Along Rights" has the meaning set forth in Section 6(a).

"Parent Tag-Along Sale" has the meaning set forth in Section 6(a).

"Parent Tag-Along Transferee" has the meaning set forth in Section 6(a).

"Party" and "Parties" has the meaning set forth in the preamble.

"PRC" means the People's Republic of China.

"Person" means an individual, corporation, partnership, limited liability company, association, trust or other entity or organization.

"<u>Public Offering</u>" means a public offering, which may include an underwritten offering, of shares of Shares or Offering Shares, pursuant to an effective registration statement under the 1933 Act or pursuant to the laws of any other jurisdiction, including the rules of any securities exchange.

"Public Sale" means a Transfer pursuant to (i) a bona fide underwritten public offering pursuant to an effective registration statement filed under the 1933

Act, (ii) Rule 144 (other than in a privately negotiated sale) or (iii) any foreign rules and regulations similar to clauses (i) or (ii).

"Purchase Price Per Share" has the meaning set forth in Section 2(a).

"Put Exercise Date" has the meaning set forth in Section 2(e).

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"Put Exercised Shares" has the meaning set forth in Section 2(e).

"Put Notice" has the meaning set forth in Section 2(e).

"Put Right" has the meaning set forth in Section 2(b).

"Qualified Offering" shall mean an underwritten public offering of Registrable Securities pursuant to (i) an effective registration statement under the 1933 Act (other than pursuant to a registration statement on Form S-4 or Form S-8 or any similar or successor form) if such Qualified Offering is in the United States, or (ii) such other equivalent form of registration statement (to the extent applicable) or other relevant or analogous form of registration document or application, if such Qualified Offering is conducted in a jurisdiction outside of the United States.

"Qualified Parent Sale" shall mean any one of the following: (i) a direct or indirect change in the ownership or control of any Successor Entity, whether effected through a transaction or series of transactions (including by way of merger, consolidation, business combination or similar transaction involving the Successor Entity or any of its Subsidiaries), whereby any "person" or related "group" of "persons" (as such terms are used in Sections 13(d) and 14(d)(2) of the 1934 Act) (other than Wanda or any of its Subsidiaries, an employee benefit plan maintained by Wanda or any of its Subsidiaries, or a "person" that, prior to such transaction, directly or indirectly controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with the Successor Entity) directly or indirectly acquires beneficial ownership (within the meaning of Rule 13d-3 under the 1934 Act), of more than fifty percent (50%) of the Successor Shares then outstanding, or of securities of the Successor Entity (or options, rights or warrants to purchase or securities convertible into or exchangeable for such securities) possessing more than fifty percent (50%) of the total combined voting power of the Successor Entity's securities outstanding, in either case immediately after such transaction or series of transactions; or (ii) the sale, lease, transfer, conveyance or other disposition, in one or a series of related transactions, of all or substantially all of the assets of the Successor Entity and its Subsidiaries taken as a whole, to any "person" (as defined above).

"Qualified SC Sale" shall mean any one of the following: (i) a change in the ownership or control of the Company, whether effected through a transaction or series of transactions (including by way of merger, consolidation, business combination or similar transaction involving the Company or any of its Subsidiaries), whereby any "person" or related "group" of "persons" (as such terms are used in Sections 13(d) and 14(d)(2) of the 1934 Act) (other than the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, an employee benefit plan maintained by the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, or a "person" that, prior to such transaction, directly or indirectly controlled by, or is under common control with the Company) directly or indirectly acquires beneficial ownership (within the meaning of Rule 13d-3 under the 1934 Act), of more than fifty percent (50%) of the Shares of the Company then outstanding, or of securities of the Company (or options, rights or warrants to purchase or securities convertible into or exchangeable for such securities) possessing more than fifty percent (50%) of the total combined voting power of the Company's securities outstanding, in either case immediately after such transaction or series of transactions; or (ii) the sale, lease, transfer, conveyance or other

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disposition, in one or a series of related transactions, of all or substantially all of the assets of the Company and its Subsidiaries taken as a whole, to any "person" (as defined above).

"Registrable Securities" shall mean, at any time, any Shares or shares of common stock of the Offering Entity, and any securities issued or issuable in respect of such shares by way of conversion, exchange, stock dividend, split or combination, recapitalization, merger, consolidation, other reorganization or otherwise until (i) a registration statement covering such shares has been declared effective by the SEC and such shares have been disposed of pursuant to such effective registration statement, (ii) any Shares or shares of common stock of the Offering Entity are sold under circumstances in which all of the applicable conditions of Rule 144 (or any similar provisions then in force) under the 1933 Act are met, (iii) any Shares or shares of common stock of the Offering Entity shall have ceased to be outstanding or (iv) any Shares or shares of common stock of the Offering Entity are otherwise Transferred and such Shares may be resold without subsequent registration under the 1933 Act or other applicable securities laws.

"Release Date" has the meaning set forth in Section 1(a).

"Rule 144" means Rule 144, or any successor thereto, promulgated under the 1933 Act.

"SAFE" means the State Administration of Foreign Exchange of the PRC as well as its applicable local counterpart.

"SEC" has the meaning set forth in Section 8(d)(ii).

"Shares" means all shares of any classes of common stock of the Company, par value \$0.01, whenever issued.

"Subscription Agreement" has the meaning set forth in the recitals.

"Subsidiary" means, with respect to any Person, any entity of which securities or other ownership interests having ordinary voting power to elect a majority of the board of directors or other persons performing similar functions are at any time directly or indirectly owned by such Person.

"Successor Entity" has the meaning set forth in Section 9(a).

"Successor Shares" has the meaning set forth in Section 9(a).

"Tradeable Securities" has the meaning set forth in Section 2(c).

"Trading Policy" has the meaning set forth in Section 1(a).

"Transfer" means a transfer, sale, assignment, pledge, hypothecation or other disposition or exchange (whether by agreement, sale, merger, consolidation, gift, liquidation, dissolution, dividend, distribution or otherwise), including any transfer of a voting or economic interest in securities or other property; or the commitment to make such a transfer, sale,

assignment, pledge, hypothecation or other disposition or exchange, and "Transferring" or "Transferred" have correlative meanings.

"Transferee" has the meaning set forth in Section 12(b).

"Wanda" has the meaning set forth in the preamble.

- (a) Unless the context of this Agreement otherwise requires, (i) words of any gender include each other gender; (ii) words using the singular or plural number also include the plural or singular number, respectively; (iii) the terms "hereof," "herein," "hereby" and derivative or similar words refer to this entire Agreement; (iv) the terms "Article" or "Section" refer to the specified Article or Section of this Agreement; (v) the word "including" shall mean "including, without limitation;" (vi) each defined term has its defined meaning throughout this Agreement, whether the definition of such term appears before or after such term is used, and (vii) the word "or" shall be disjunctive but not exclusive.
 - (b) References to agreements and other documents shall be deemed to include all subsequent amendments and other modifications thereto.
- (c) References to statutes shall include all regulations promulgated thereunder and references to statutes or regulations shall be construed as including all statutory and regulatory provisions consolidating, amending or replacing the statute or regulation.

Section 12. <u>Miscellaneous</u>.

(a) <u>Legends</u>. Each Management Member understands and agrees that the Management Shares held by it on the date hereof have not been registered under the 1933 Act and are restricted securities under the 1933 Act. No Management Member shall Transfer any Management Shares (or solicit any offers in respect of any Transfer of any Management Shares), except in compliance with the 1933 Act, any other applicable securities or "blue sky" laws and any restrictions on Transfer contained in this Agreement or any other provisions set forth in any other agreements or instruments pursuant to which such Management Shares were issued. No Management Member shall Transfer any Management Shares if such Transfer would cause any class of Shares to be required to become subject to registration under the 1933 Act. Each certificate representing the Management Shares shall bear the following legends:

"THE SHARES REPRESENTED BY THIS CERTIFICATE HAVE NOT BEEN REGISTERED UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933, AND HAVE BEEN ACQUIRED FOR INVESTMENT AND NOT WITH A VIEW TO, OR IN CONNECTION WITH, THE SALE OR DISTRIBUTION THEREOF. NO SUCH SALE OR DISTRIBUTION MAY BE EFFECTED WITHOUT AN EFFECTIVE REGISTRATION STATEMENT RELATED THERETO OR AN OPINION OF COUNSEL IN A FORM SATISFACTORY TO THE COMPANY THAT SUCH REGISTRATION IS NOT REQUIRED UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933."

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"THE SHARES REPRESENTED BY THIS CERTIFICATE MAY NOT BE TRANSFERRED, SOLD, ASSIGNED, PLEDGED, HYPOTHECATED OR OTHERWISE DISPOSED OF OR EXCHANGED UNLESS SUCH TRANSFER, SALE, ASSIGNMENT, PLEDGE, HYPOTHECATION OR OTHER DISPOSITION OR EXCHANGE COMPLIES WITH THE PROVISIONS OF THE MANAGEMENT STOCKHOLDERS AGREEMENT, DATED AS OF AUGUST 30, 2012, BY AND AMONG THE COMPANY AND THE MANAGEMENT MEMBERS PARTY THERETO, A COPY OF WHICH IS ON FILE WITH THE SECRETARY OF THE COMPANY."

- Party, in whole or in part (directly or indirectly, whether by operation of law, stock sale, merger, consolidation or otherwise, except in the case of the Company), without the prior written consent of the Parties, and any attempt to make such assignment without such written consent shall be null and void. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a Party may assign or Transfer its rights, interests and obligations hereunder to a transferee of Shares hereunder without obtaining the prior written consent of the Parties solely in connection with Transfers of Shares made in compliance with the provisions of this Agreement. This Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the Parties and their respective legal representatives, heirs, legatees and permitted successors and assigns. All references to the Company set forth herein shall mean the Company and any direct or indirect successor or assign or other entity that has assumed the rights, obligations or interests of the Company. In furtherance and not in limitation of the foregoing, to the extent that the equity, assets or other interests of the Company (or any successor or assign thereof) are contributed or otherwise Transferred to any entity (the "Transferee"), the Transferee shall covenant and agree to assume all of the rights, obligations, covenants or agreements of the Company pursuant to this Agreement.
- (c) Specific Performance. The parties hereto agree that irreparable damage would occur if any provision of this Agreement were not performed in accordance with the terms hereof and that either party shall, prior to termination of this Agreement, be entitled to an injunction, specific performance and other equitable relief to prevent breaches of this Agreement and to enforce specifically the performance of the terms and provisions hereof, in addition to any other remedy to which they are entitled at law or in equity. The parties agree to waive any requirement for the securing or posting of any bond in connection with such remedy.
- (d) Governing Law. This Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of New York, without regard to the conflicts of law rules of such state.
- (e) <u>Interpretation</u>. The headings of the Sections contained in this Agreement are solely for the purpose of reference, are not part of the agreement of the Parties and shall not affect the meaning or interpretation of this Agreement.

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- (f) Notices. All notices, requests, consents and other communications hereunder to any Party shall be deemed to be sufficient if contained in a written instrument delivered in person or by telecopy (including facsimile or e-mail transmission) or sent by nationally recognized overnight courier, and shall be given:
 - (i) if to the Company, addressed to it at:

AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc. 920 Main Street
Kansas City, MO 64105
Attention: Kevin M. Connor
Footimile No.: (816) 489 4700

Facsimile No.: (816) 480-4700

(ii) if to Wanda, addressed to it at:

Dalian Wanda Group Co. Ltd.

21/F Block B, Wanda Plaza 93 Jianguo Road Chaoyang District, Beijing China 100022

Attention: Wu Hua

Facsimile: +86 (10) 8585-3095

with a copy (which shall not constitute notice) to:

Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP 450 Lexington Avenue New York, New York 10017 Attention: Phillip R. Mills Facsimile No.: (212) 701-5800

E-mail: phillip.mills@davispolk.com

and

(iii) if to a Management Member, to the address set forth on such Management Member's signature page hereto;

or to such other address, facsimile number or e-mail address as such Party may hereafter specify in accordance with this Section 12(f) for this purpose by notice to the other Parties. All such notices, requests, consents and other communications shall be deemed to have been delivered and received: (i) in the case of personal delivery or delivery by facsimile, on the date of such delivery (and, if such date is not a Business Day, then on the next Business Day); and (ii) in the case of dispatch by nationally recognized overnight courier, on the next Business Day following such dispatch.

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- (g) Recapitalization, Exchange, Etc. Affecting the Company's Common Stock. The provisions of this Agreement, including, without limitation, Sections 2 and 9, shall apply, to the full extent set forth herein, with respect to any and all Shares (including the Initial Management Shares) or of any successor or assign of the Company (whether by merger, consolidation, sale of assets, conversion to a corporation or otherwise) that may be issued in respect of, in exchange for, or in substitution of, the Shares and shall be appropriately adjusted for any dividends, splits, reverse splits, combinations, recapitalizations, and the like occurring after the date hereof.
- (h) <u>Counterparts.</u> This Agreement may be signed in any number of counterparts (including by facsimile or electronic .pdf submission), each of which shall be an original, with the same effect as if the signatures thereto and hereto were upon the same instrument. Until and unless each Party has received a counterpart hereof signed by the other Party hereto (including by facsimile or electronic .pdf submission), this Agreement shall have no effect and no Party shall have any right or obligation hereunder (whether by virtue of any other oral or written agreement or other communication).
- (i) Severability. In the event that any one or more of the provisions contained herein, or the application thereof in any circumstances, is held invalid, illegal, or unenforceable in any respect for any reason, the validity, legality, and enforceability of any such provision in every other respect and of the remaining provisions contained herein shall not be in any way impaired thereby.
- (j) Amendment. This Agreement may be amended, modified or extended, and the provisions hereof may be waived, only by (i) a resolution of the Board and (ii) approval in writing by Management Members holding in the aggregate a majority of the Management Shares outstanding as of the effective time of this Agreement (taken together); provided, however, that, the provisions of Section 2 and Section 9 hereunder may not be amended unless such amendment is in writing and is signed by each Management Member in respect of whom the amendment is to be effective. At any time hereafter, Persons acquiring Management Shares may be made parties hereto by executing a Joinder Agreement in the form attached as Exhibit A hereto, which signature page shall be countersigned by the Company and shall be attached to this Agreement and become a part hereof without any further action of any other Party hereto.
- (k) <u>Waiver</u>. Any provision of this Agreement may be waived by a Management Member but only if such waiver is in writing and is signed by the Management Member against whom the waiver is to be effective.
- (l) <u>Tax Withholding</u>. The Company shall be entitled to require payment in cash or deduction from other compensation payable to any Management Member of any sums required by United States federal, state, or local tax law to be withheld with respect to the issuance, repurchase, or cancellation of any Management Share
- (m) <u>Integration</u>. This Agreement constitutes the entire agreement among the Parties hereto pertaining to the subject matter hereof and supersede all prior agreements and understandings pertaining thereto.

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(n) <u>Further Assurances.</u> In connection with this Agreement and the transactions contemplated thereby, each of Wanda, the Company and each Management Member shall execute and deliver any additional documents and instruments and perform any additional acts that may be necessary or appropriate to effectuate and perform the provisions of this Agreement and such transactions.

(o) Submission to Jurisdiction; Waiver of Jury Trial

- (i) The parties hereto acknowledge and agree that any suit, action or proceeding seeking to enforce any provision of, or based on any matter arising out of or in connection with, this Agreement or the transactions contemplated hereby, shall be exclusively referred to and finally resolved by arbitration under the applicable rules of the London Court of International Arbitration ("LCIA") as of the date of this Agreement, which rules are deemed to be incorporated by reference into this clause, and applying the substantive laws of the State of New York (in accordance with and subject to Section 12(d) above). The seat of the arbitration shall be New York County, New York, and the language to be used in the arbitral proceedings shall be English. The number of arbitrators shall be three. The Management Members who are party to this Agreement as of the date hereof and who hold a majority of the outstanding Management Shares (or Converted Shares, as applicable) as of the date of such dispute, on the one hand, and the Company, on the other hand, shall have the right to nominate an arbitrator and the third, who shall be chairman of the tribunal, shall be nominated by the two party-appointed arbitrators. The tribunal shall use its reasonable best efforts to prepare written findings of fact and conclusions of law within one month of the conclusion of the arbitration hearing. It is mutually agreed that the written decision of the tribunal shall be valid, binding and final from the day it is made and not capable of appeal. The tribunal shall have power to take whatever interim measures it deems necessary, including injunctive relief, specific performance and other equitable relief. Judgment upon the award rendered by the tribunal may be entered in any court having jurisdiction thereof. Without limiting the foregoing, each party agrees that service of process on such party as provided in this Section 12(o) shall be deemed effective service of process on such party.
- (ii) Each party agrees that service in person or by certified or by nationally recognized overnight courier to its address set forth in Section 12(f) shall constitute valid in personam service upon such party and its successors and assigns in any arbitration proceeding commenced pursuant to this Section 12(o).

- (iii) Each party acknowledges and agrees that the choice of the laws of the State of New York as the governing law of this Agreement was freely made by it for bona fide purposes.
- (iv) Each party hereby acknowledges that this is a commercial transaction, that the foregoing provisions for consent to arbitration, service of process and waiver of jury trial have been read, understood and voluntarily agreed to by each party and that by agreeing to such provisions each party is waiving important legal rights.
 - (v) EACH OF THE PARTIES HERETO HEREBY IRREVOCABLY WAIVES ANY AND ALL RIGHT TO TRIAL BY JURY IN ANY

LEGAL PROCEEDING

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ARISING OUT OF OR RELATED TO THIS AGREEMENT OR THE TRANSACTIONS CONTEMPLATED HEREBY.

(p) No Strict Construction. This Agreement shall be deemed to be collectively prepared by the Parties, and no ambiguity herein shall be construed for or against any Party based upon the identity of the author of this Agreement or any provision hereof.

[signature pages follow]

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned have executed this Agreement on the date first written above.

AMC ENTERTAINMENT HOLDINGS, INC.

By: /s/ Craig R. Ramsey

Name: Craig R. Ramsey

Title: Executive Vice President & Chief Financial Officer

DALIAN WANDA GROUP CO., LTD.

By: /s/ Zhang Lin

Name: Zhang Lin Title: Director

Each Management Member has agreed to be bound by the terms of this Agreement by execution and delivery of the Joinder Agreement set forth as Exhibit A hereto.

JOINDER AGREEMENT TO THE MANAGEMENT STOCKHOLDERS AGREEMENT OF AMC ENTERTAINMENT HOLDINGS, INC.

By execution of this Joinder Agreement, Gerardo I. Lopez hereby agrees to become a party to, be bound by the obligations of, and receive the benefits of, that certain Management Stockholders Agreement of AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc., dated as of August 30, 2012, by and among AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc. and certain other parties named therein, as amended from time to time thereafter.

/s/ Gerardo I. Lopez

Gerardo I. Lopez

Residence Address:

JOINDER AGREEMENT TO THE MANAGEMENT STOCKHOLDERS AGREEMENT OF AMC ENTERTAINMENT HOLDINGS, INC.

By execution of this Joinder Agreement, Craig Ramsey hereby agrees to become a party to, be bound by the obligations of, and receive the benefits of, that certain Management Stockholders Agreement of AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc., dated as of August 30, 2012, by and among AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc. and certain other parties named therein, as amended from time to time thereafter.

/s/ Craig Ramsey

Craig Ramsey

Residence Address:

JOINDER AGREEMENT TO THE MANAGEMENT STOCKHOLDERS AGREEMENT OF AMC ENTERTAINMENT HOLDINGS, INC.

By execution of this Joinder Agreement, John McDonald hereby agrees to become a party to, be bound by the obligations of, and receive the benefits of, that

certain Management Stockholders Agreement of AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc. certain other parties named therein, as amended from time to time thereafter.	, dated as of August 30, 2012, by and among AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc. and
	/s/ John McDonald
	John McDonald
	Residence Address:
	AGREEMENT
	O THE CKHOLDERS AGREEMENT
AMC ENTERTAIN	OF MENT HOLDINGS, INC.
	rees to become a party to, be bound by the obligations of, and receive the benefits of, that , dated as of August 30, 2012, by and among AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc. and
	/s/ Mark McDonald
	Mark McDonald
	Residence Address:
	AGREEMENT O THE
	CKHOLDERS AGREEMENT
AMC ENTERTAIN	OF MENT HOLDINGS, INC.
By execution of this Joinder Agreement, Kevin Connor hereby agree	s to become a party to, be bound by the obligations of, and receive the benefits of, that , dated as of August 30, 2012, by and among AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc. and
	/s/ Kevin Connor
	Kevin Connor
	Residence Address:
JOINDER	AGREEMENT
Т	O THE
MANAGEMENT STOC	CKHOLDERS AGREEMENT OF
AMC ENTERTAIN	MENT HOLDINGS, INC.
	tes to become a party to, be bound by the obligations of, and receive the benefits of, that , dated as of August 30, 2012, by and among AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc. and
	/s/ Elizabeth Frank
	Elizabeth Frank

JOINDER AGREEMENT TO THE MANAGEMENT STOCKHOLDERS AGREEMENT OF AMC ENTERTAINMENT HOLDINGS, INC.

Residence Address:

certain Management Stockholders Agreement of AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc., ocertain other parties named therein, as amended from time to time thereafter.	dated as of August 30, 2012, by and among AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc. and
	/s/ Stephen Colanero
	Stephen Colanero
	Residence Address:
ТО	AGREEMENT) THE KHOLDERS AGREEMENT
	OF IENT HOLDINGS, INC.
By execution of this Joinder Agreement, Robert Lenihan hereby agreertain Management Stockholders Agreement of AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc., a certain other parties named therein, as amended from time to time thereafter.	es to become a party to, be bound by the obligations of, and receive the benefits of, that dated as of August 30, 2012, by and among AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc. and
	/s/ Robert Lenihan
	Robert Lenihan
	Residence Address:
ТО	AGREEMENT O THE ZHOLDERS A CREEMENT
	KHOLDERS AGREEMENT OF
	IENT HOLDINGS, INC.
	grees to become a party to, be bound by the obligations of, and receive the benefits of, nc., dated as of August 30, 2012, by and among AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc. and
	/s/ Christina Sternberg
	Christina Sternberg
	Residence Address:
	AGREEMENT OTHE
MANAGEMENT STOCK	KHOLDERS AGREEMENT
	OF IENT HOLDINGS, INC.
	grees to become a party to, be bound by the obligations of, and receive the benefits of, nc., dated as of August 30, 2012, by and among AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc. and
	/s/ Keith Wiedenkeller Keith Wiedenkeller
	Residence Address:
	AGREEMENT
	OTHE KHOLDERS AGREEMENT
	OF IENT HOLDINGS, INC.
	rees to become a party to, be bound by the obligations of, and receive the benefits of,
	nc., dated as of August 30, 2012, by and among AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc. and

/s/ Michael Zwonitzer

Michael Zwonitzer		

Residence Address:

EXHIBIT A

JOINDER AGREEMENT TO THE MANAGEMENT STOCKHOLDERS AGREEMENT OF

AMC ENTERTAINM	IENT HOLDINGS, INC.
By execution of this Joinder Agreement, [Name] hereby agrees to b Management Stockholders Agreement of AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc., dated as certain other parties named therein, as amended from time to time thereafter.	become a party to, be bound by the obligations of, and receive the benefits of, that certain s of , 2012, by and among AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc. and
	[Name]
	Residence Address:
EXH	нвіт в
[AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc.] [address] [address] Attention: [General Counsel]	
To Whom it May Concern:	
], 2012 among AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the the People's Republic of China, and each of the individuals listed on Schedule 1 thereto e defined shall have the meanings ascribed to such terms in the Stockholders Agreement.
Effective as of today, (date), the undersigned hereby elects Initial Management Shares at \$[] as set forth in Section 2(b) of the Stockholders.	to irrevocably waive [his] [her] right to require the Company to purchase [his] [her] Agreement.
Except as expressly set forth herein, this letter does not constitute an amendaterms and conditions shall remain in full force and effect.	ment or waiver of any term or condition of the Stockholders Agreement, and all such
	Very truly yours,
	By: Name:
SCHE	EDULE 1
INITIAL MANAC	TEMENT MEMBEDS

Craig Ramsey
John McDonald
Mark McDonald
Kevin Connor
Elizabeth Frank
Stephen Colanero
Robert Lenihan
Christina Sternberg

Keith Wiedenkeller Michael Zwonitzer

Gerardo Lopez

MANAGEMENT SUBSCRIPTION AGREEMENT (this "Agreement") dated as of May 21, 2012, between AMC ENTERTAINMENT HOLDINGS, INC., a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), and GERARDO I. LOPEZ (the "Purchaser").

WHEREAS, the Company, Dalian Wanda Group Co., Ltd. ("Wanda"), a company organized under the laws of the People's Republic of China, and certain other parties have entered into an Agreement and Plan of Merger dated as of May 21, 2012 (the "Merger Agreement"); and

WHEREAS, at the Effective Time (as defined in the Merger Agreement), the Purchaser wishes to subscribe for, and the Company wishes to issue to the Purchaser, shares of Class N Common Stock (as defined below) of the Company pursuant to the terms and conditions set forth herein.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the covenants and agreements herein contained, the parties hereto agree as follows:

SECTION 1. Definitions.

"Affiliate" shall have the meaning set forth in the Stockholders Agreement.

"Applicable Tax Rate" means 45%; provided that, except for purposes of determining Specified Value (as defined below), the Applicable Tax Rate shall be equitably adjusted to take into account changes to applicable federal, foreign, state or local tax rates enacted following the date of this Agreement.

"Board of Directors" means the Board of Directors of the Company.

"Business Day" means a day, other than Saturday, Sunday or other day on which commercial banks in New York, New York, in Beijing, People's Republic of China or in the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region, are authorized or required by Applicable Law (as defined in the Merger Agreement) to close.

"Code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

"Class N Common Stock" means shares of Class N common stock of the Company, par value \$0.01.

"Cause" shall have the same meaning set forth in the Purchaser's then-effective employment agreement with the Company or its Affiliates, if any, or, if not so defined, the occurrence of any one of the following events:

(i) the Purchaser has committed a felony (under the laws of the United States or any relevant state, or a similar crime or offense under the applicable laws of any relevant foreign jurisdiction);

- (ii) the Purchaser has engaged in acts of fraud, dishonesty, gross negligence or other misconduct including abuse of controlled substances, that is injurious to the Company, its Affiliates or any of their customers, clients or employees;
- (iii) the Purchaser willfully fails to perform or uphold his or her duties under and/or willfully fails to comply with reasonable directives of the Board of Directors, in either case, that is not remedied by the Purchaser within fifteen (15) days after written notice thereof has been delivered to the Purchaser; or
- (iv) any material breach by the Purchaser of any contract he or she is a party to with the Company or any of its Affiliates including the Code of Ethics or another material written policy; *provided*, however, that any such breach shall not constitute Cause unless the Purchaser fails to promptly cure such breach, if such breach is reasonably susceptible to cure, within fifteen (15) days of receiving such written notice thereof.
 - "Company Stock Option" shall have the meaning set forth in the Merger Agreement.
- "Disability" shall have the same meaning set forth in the Purchaser's employment agreement with the Company or its Affiliates, if any, or, if not so defined, a physical or mental impairment which, as reasonably determined by the Board of Directors, renders the Purchaser unable to perform the essential functions of his employment with the Company or its Affiliates, even with reasonable accommodation that does not impose an undue hardship on the Company or any of its Affiliates, for more than 90 days in any 180-day period, unless a longer period is required by federal or state law, in which case that longer period would apply.

"Equityholders" shall have the meaning set forth in the Merger Agreement.

"Fair Market Value" shall have the meaning set forth in the Stockholders Agreement.

"Good Reason" shall have the same meaning set forth in the Purchaser's then-effective employment agreement with the Company or its Affiliates, if any (which meaning shall be deemed to include a failure by the Company or its Affiliates to pay to the Purchaser any benefit due under the Management Profit Sharing Plan (as defined below), if such breach does not otherwise constitute Good Reason thereunder) or, if not so defined, the occurrence of any one of the following events:

- (i) a material diminution in the Purchaser's rate of base salary;
- (ii) a material diminution in the Purchaser's authority, duties, or responsibilities;
- (iii) a material change in the geographic location of the Purchaser's principal office with the Company (for this purpose, in no event shall a relocation of such office to a new location that is not more than fifty (50) miles from the current location of the Purchaser's principal office constitute a "material change"); or
- (iv) (A) a material breach by the Company or any of its Affiliates of any contract the Company or any of its Affiliates is a party to with the Purchaser or (B) a failure by the Company

or its Affiliates to pay to the Purchaser any benefit due under the Management Profit Sharing Plan.

"Indemnity Escrow Fund" shall have the meaning set forth in the Merger Agreement.

"Initial Vested Management Share" means each Management Share that shall be vested as of the Effective Time.

- "IRS" means the Internal Revenue Service.
- "Management Profit Sharing Plan" means the AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc. Management Profit Sharing Plan, as in effect from time to time.
- "1933 Act" means the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereby.
- "1934 Act" means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereby.
- "Put Right" shall have the meaning set forth in the Stockholders Agreement.
- "SEC" means the Securities and Exchange Commission.
- "Specified Value" means the product of (i) 0.50, (ii) the difference between 1.00 and the Applicable Tax Rate and (iii) the sum of (A) the aggregate amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(a)(i) of the Merger Agreement, (B) the aggregate amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(a)(ii) of the Merger Agreement, assuming that the maximum amount of the Indemnity Escrow Fund (as defined in the Merger Agreement) and the maximum amount of the Stockholder Representative Reserve (as defined in the Merger Agreement) are paid to Equityholders, (C) the aggregate amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(b)(i) of the Merger Agreement, assuming that the maximum amount of the Indemnity Escrow Fund and the maximum amount of the Stockholder Representative Reserve are paid to Equityholders.
- "Stockholders Agreement" means the Management Stockholders Agreement, substantially in the form attached hereto as Schedule A, that will be entered into at the Effective Time among the Company, Wanda and the other parties signatory thereto (including any individual who executes and delivers a joinder agreement), as amended from time to time.
 - "Stockholder Representative Reserve" shall have the meaning set forth in the Merger Agreement.
- "Unvested Company Stock Option" means each Company Stock Option held by the Purchaser immediately prior to the Effective Time that is unvested as of immediately prior to the Effective Time (without regard to the cancellation of such Company Stock Options required by Section 2.09(a) of the Merger Agreement).
- "Unvested Management Share" means each Management Share that shall be unvested, and shall be subject to forfeiture as set forth in this Agreement, as of the Effective Time.
- "Vested Company Stock Option" means each Company Stock Option held by the Purchaser immediately prior to the Effective Time that is vested as of immediately prior to the Effective Time (without regard to the cancellation of such Company Stock Options required by Section 2.09(a) of the Merger Agreement).
 - "Vesting Date" means July 19, 2014.
 - SECTION 2. Price Per Share Adjustment of Number of Shares
- (a) **Price Per Share.** Upon the terms and subject to the conditions of this Agreement, at the Effective Time, the Purchaser shall purchase from the Company a number of shares of Class N Common Stock equal to (i) the Specified Value *divided by* (ii) the Per Share Merger Consideration (as defined in the Merger Agreement, assuming that the maximum amount of the Indemnity Escrow Fund and Stockholder Representative Reserve are paid to Equityholders at the Closing of the Merger) rounded down to the nearest whole share (such shares, the "Management Shares").
- (b) Adjustment of Number of Shares. The Company covenants and agrees that the per share purchase price of the shares of Class N Common Stock purchased by Purchaser pursuant to the terms of this Agreement shall be the same as the per share purchase price paid by Wanda for the shares of Class A Common Stock in connection with the transactions contemplated by the Merger Agreement. The Company acknowledges that if any portion of the Indemnity Escrow Fund is not paid to the Equityholders and is instead paid to any Person other than the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, then, at the Company's election, the number of shares of Class A Common Stock issued to Wanda will be adjusted, the number of shares of Class N Common Stock issued to the Purchaser will be adjusted and/or a portion of the Per Share Merger Consideration will be paid in cash, without interest, to the Purchaser so that the per share purchase price of shares of Class N Common Stock and the per share purchase price of shares of Class A Common Stock acquired by Wanda in connection with the transactions contemplated by the Merger Agreement are equal; provided, however, that this Section 2(b) shall only apply to those Management Shares that Purchaser holds on the date of the final release of any amounts from the Indemnity Escrow Fund. The parties hereto agree that any such adjustment shall be made following the final release of any amounts from the Indemnity Escrow Fund, but such adjustment (i) shall take into account the total portion of the Indemnity Escrow Fund that is not paid to the Equityholders and is instead paid to any Person other than the Company or any of its Subsidiaries and (ii) shall be given effect from the original issuance of Shares of Class N Common Stock pursuant to the terms of this Agreement. The Company covenants and agrees to promptly take all actions required to effect the terms of this Section 2(b).
 - SECTION 3. Stockholders Agreement; Protective Section 83(b) Election; Management Profit Sharing Plan.
- (a) Stockholders Agreement. As of the Effective Time, and as a condition precedent to the acquisition of the Management Shares hereunder, the Purchaser shall execute the

Stockholders Agreement. By execution of this Agreement, the Purchaser acknowledges that all Management Shares acquired hereunder shall be subject to the provisions of the Stockholders Agreement.

- (b) Protective Section 83(b) Election. As of the Effective Time, and as a condition precedent to the acquisition of the Management Shares hereunder, the Purchaser shall make an election with the IRS under Section 83(b) of the Code and the regulations promulgated thereunder (a "Protective Section 83(b) Election") with respect to the Unvested Management Shares (as defined below), and the Purchaser shall provide a copy of such form to the Company promptly following its filing, which is required under current law to be filed with the IRS no later than thirty (30) days after the date in which the Effective Time occurs. The form for making the Protective Section 83(b) Election is attached hereto as Schedule B.
- (c) Management Profit Sharing Plan. As a condition precedent to the acquisition of the Management Shares hereunder, the Management Profit Sharing Plan shall become effective as of the Effective Time. If the Management Profit Sharing Plan does not become effective as of or substantially concurrent with the Effective Time, this Agreement shall become null and void ab initio and have no effect, and all rights and obligations of the parties hereunder shall automatically terminate.
 - **SECTION 4**. Terms of Management Shares.
- (a) Initial Vested Management Shares. The number of Initial Vested Management Shares shall equal the product of (i) the number of Management Shares and (ii) the Initial Vested Percentage. The "Initial Vested Percentage" shall be a fraction, the numerator of which shall be the sum of (i) the aggregate amount payable to the

Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(a)(i) of the Merger Agreement and (ii) the aggregate amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(a)(ii) of the Merger Agreement, assuming that the maximum amount of the Indemnity Escrow Fund and the maximum amount of the Stockholder Representative Reserve are paid to Equityholders, and the denominator of which shall be the sum of (A) the aggregate amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(a)(i) of the Merger Agreement, (B) the aggregate amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(a)(ii) of the Merger Agreement, assuming that the maximum amount of the Indemnity Escrow Fund and the maximum amount of the Stockholder Representative Reserve are paid to Equityholders, (C) the aggregate amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(b)(i) of the Merger Agreement, assuming that the maximum amount of the Indemnity Escrow Fund and the maximum amount of the Stockholder Representative Reserve are paid to Equityholders.

(b) Unvested Management Shares. The number of Unvested Management Shares shall equal the product of (i) the number of Management Shares and (ii) the Initial Unvested Percentage. The "Initial Unvested Percentage" shall be a fraction, the numerator of which shall be sum of (i) the aggregate amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(b)(ii) of the Merger Agreement and (ii) the aggregate amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(b)(ii) of the Merger Agreement, assuming that the maximum amount of the Indemnity Escrow Fund and the maximum amount of the Stockholder Representative Reserve are paid to Equityholders, and the denominator of which shall be the sum of (A) the aggregate

amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(a)(i) of the Merger Agreement, (B) the aggregate amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(a)(ii) of the Merger Agreement, assuming that the maximum amount of the Indemnity Escrow Fund and the maximum amount of the Stockholder Representative Reserve are paid to Equityholders, (C) the aggregate amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(b)(ii) of the Merger Agreement and (D) the aggregate amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(b)(ii) of the Merger Agreement, assuming that the maximum amount of the Indemnity Escrow Fund and the maximum amount of the Stockholder Representative Reserve are paid to Equityholders. The Unvested Management Shares shall become fully vested and nonforfeitable on the Vesting Date, subject only to the Purchaser's continued service for the Company or any of its Affiliates through the Vesting Date (any such Unvested Management Shares that become vested and nonforfeitable, together with the Initial Vested Management Shares, the "Vested Management Shares"). If the Purchaser's service for the Company and its Affiliates terminates prior to the Vesting Date, the Unvested Management Shares shall be forfeited, without any payment to the Purchaser, unless otherwise provided in this Agreement (including pursuant to Section 5(a) below).

- (c) Stockholder Rights. Subject to the restrictions set forth in this Agreement and the Stockholders Agreement, the Purchaser shall have all rights of a holder of Class N Common Stock as set forth in the Certificate of Incorporation of the Surviving Corporation, which shall be amended and restated substantially in the form of Exhibit J of the Merger Agreement pursuant to Section 3.01 thereof.
- (d) Dividends and Distributions. All cash and other dividends and distributions, if any, that are paid with respect to shares of Class N Common Stock (i) shall, with respect to any Vested Management Shares at the time of such dividend or distribution, be paid to the Purchaser at the same time, at the same rate and in the same manner as other holders of shares of Class N Common Stock, and (ii) shall, with respect to any Unvested Management Shares at the time of such dividend or distribution, be withheld by the Company and paid to the Purchaser as described in clause (i) of this Section 4(d), without interest, on the Vesting Date, to the extent that such Unvested Management Shares become vested and nonforfeitable in accordance with this Agreement.
- (e) Net Shares. Notwithstanding the terms of the Stockholders Agreement, upon any taxable event arising under federal, foreign, state or local tax law with respect to the Management Shares (including, but not limited to, the issuance, repurchase, cancellation, vesting or transfer of the Management Shares, or the waiver or cancellation of the Put Right), at the election of the Purchaser, the Company shall repurchase for their then-current Fair Market Value a number of the Management Shares up to the amount of the tax liability incurred with respect to such taxable event, such tax liability to be calculated using the applicable tax rate of the Purchaser at the time the taxable event arises.

SECTION 5. Termination of Employment.

(a) Termination prior to the Vesting Date due to Death or Disability, without Cause or for Good Reason If the employment of the Purchaser with the Company and its Affiliates terminates prior to the Vesting Date (i) due to death or Disability, (ii) by the Company or any of

its Affiliates without Cause or (iii) by the Purchaser with Good Reason, then the Purchaser's Unvested Management Shares as of the date of such termination of employment shall become fully vested and nonforfeitable as of the date of such termination of employment.

- (b) Termination prior to the Vesting Date other than due to Death or Disability, with Cause or without Good Reason If the employment of the Purchaser with the Company and its Affiliates terminates prior to the Vesting Date other than as set forth in Section 5(a), then the Purchaser's Unvested Management Shares as of the date of such termination of employment without any payment to the Purchaser.
- (c) Vested Management Shares. If the employment of the Purchaser with the Company and its Affiliates terminates for any reason, the Purchaser's Vested Management Shares as of the date of such termination of employment shall not be forfeited.

SECTION 6. Representations and Warranties.

The Purchaser hereby represents and warrants to the Company as follows:

- (a) The Purchaser has been advised that the Management Shares have not been registered under the 1933 Act and, therefore, cannot be resold to a third party unless the Management Shares are registered or unless an exemption from registration is available. The Purchaser is acquiring the Management Shares for his or her own account, for investment and not with a view to, or for resale in connection with, the distribution thereof, and the Purchaser has no present intention of selling, assigning, transferring, distributing or otherwise disposing of, or causing the sale, assignment, transferr, distribution or other disposition of, any thereof. In making the foregoing representations, the Purchaser is aware that he or she must bear the economic risk of an investment in the Management Shares for an indefinite period of time since, in the view of the SEC, the statutory basis for exemption from registration under the 1933 Act would not be present if such representations meant merely that the Purchaser's current intention is to hold these securities only for the long-term capital gains period of the Code, or for a deferred sale, or for any fixed period in the future.
- (b) The Purchaser has been given the opportunity to ask questions of, and receive answers from, the Company concerning the terms and conditions of the Management Shares to be transferred hereunder and other related matters. The Purchaser represents and warrants that he or she has been furnished with and has carefully read this Agreement and the Stockholders Agreement and that the Company has made available to the Purchaser or his agents all documents and information requested by him/her or on his/her behalf in connection with his/her investment in the Management Shares and that he or she understands and has evaluated the merits and risks of an investment in the Management Shares. In evaluating the suitability of an investment in such Management Shares, the Purchaser has not relied upon any other representations or other information (whether oral or written) made by or on behalf of the Company other than such express representations and warranties as are made in this Agreement and the Stockholders Agreement.

- The Purchaser is aware of and familiar with the restrictions on the transfer of any Management Shares, including, without limitation, the restrictions contained in this Agreement and the Stockholders Agreement.
- The Purchaser represents that this Agreement has been duly executed and delivered by the Purchaser and constitutes a legal, valid and binding agreement of (d) the Purchaser, enforceable against the Purchaser in accordance with its terms.
 - The Purchaser is an "accredited investor" as such term is defined in Regulation D under the 1933 Act.

SECTION 7. Miscellaneous.

- Specific Performance. The parties hereto agree that irreparable damage would occur if any provision of this Agreement, including the Purchaser's failure to (a) execute the Stockholders Agreement, were not performed by the Purchaser in accordance with the terms hereof and that the Company shall, following the Effective Time, be entitled to specific performance and other equitable relief to prevent breaches of this Agreement and to enforce specifically the performance of the terms and provisions hereof in the Chancery Court of the State of Delaware and any state appellate court therefrom within the State of Delaware (or, if the Chancery Court of the State of Delaware declines to accept jurisdiction over a particular matter, any state or federal court sitting in the City of Wilmington, Delaware), in addition to any other remedy to which they are entitled at law or in equity. The Purchaser agrees to waive any requirement for the securing or posting of any bond in connection with such remedy.
- No Restriction on Right of Company to Effect Corporate Changes Neither this Agreement nor the Stockholders Agreement shall affect in any way the right or power of the Company or its stockholders to, after the Effective Time, make or authorize any or all adjustments, recapitalizations, reorganizations or other changes in the Company's capital structure or its business, or any merger or consolidation of the Company, or any issue of stock or of options, warrants or rights to purchase stock or of bonds, debentures, preferred or prior preference stocks whose rights are superior to or affect the Management Shares or the rights thereof or which are convertible into or exchangeable for Class N Common Stock or other equity securities of the Company, or the dissolution or liquidation of the Company, or any sale or transfer of all or any part of its assets or business, or any other corporate act or proceeding, whether of a similar character or otherwise.

SECTION 8. Survival; Assignment. All agreements, representations and warranties made herein shall survive the issuance to the Purchaser of the Management Shares and, notwithstanding any investigation heretofore or hereafter made by the Purchaser or the Company or on the Purchaser's or the Company's behalf, shall continue in full force and effect. No party may assign, delegate or otherwise transfer any of its rights or obligations under this Agreement without the consent of the other party hereto, except as permitted by the Stockholders Agreement or by will or the laws of descent and distribution. Whenever in this Agreement any of the parties hereto is referred to, such reference shall be deemed to include the heirs and permitted successors and assigns of such party; and all agreements herein by or on behalf of the Company, or by or on

behalf of the Purchaser, shall bind and inure to the benefit of the heirs and permitted successors and assigns of such parties hereto.

SECTION 9. Notices. All notices, requests, consents and other communications hereunder to any party shall be deemed to be sufficient if contained in a written instrument delivered in person or by telecopy (including facsimile or e-mail transmission) or sent by nationally recognized overnight courier, and shall be given:

If to the Company:

AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc. 920 Main Street Kansas City, MO 64105-1977 Facsimile: (816) 480-4700 Attn: General Counsel

with a copy (which shall not constitute notice) to:

Dalian Wanda Group Co., Ltd. 21/F Block B, Wanda Plaza 93 Jianguo Road Chaoyang District, Beijing China 100022 Facsimile: +86 (10) 8585-3095

Attn: Wu Hua

with a copy (which shall not constitute notice) to:

Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP 450 Lexington Avenue New York, New York 10017 Attention: Phillip R. Mills Facsimile No.: (212) 701-5800

E-mail: phillip.mills@davispolk.com

If to the Purchaser, to the address set forth on such Purchaser's signature page hereto;

or to such other address, facsimile number or e-mail address as such party may hereafter specify in accordance with this Section 9 for this purpose by notice to the other parties.

All such notices, requests, consents and other communications shall be deemed to have been delivered and received: (i) in the case of personal delivery or delivery by facsimile, on the date of such delivery (and, if such date is not a Business Day, then on the next Business Day); and (ii) in the case of dispatch by nationally recognized overnight courier, on the next Business Day following such dispatch.

SECTION 10. Waiver. Any provision of this Agreement may be waived by a party but only if such waiver is in writing and is signed by the party against whom the waiver is to be effective. The waiver by either party of compliance with any provision of this Agreement by the other party shall not operate or be construed as a waiver of any other provision of this Agreement, or of any subsequent breach by the other party of a provision of this Agreement.

SECTION 11. Amendment. No amendment or modification of any provision of this Agreement shall be effective unless signed in writing by or on behalf of the Company and the Purchaser.

SECTION 12. Entire Agreement; Governing Law; Submission of Jurisdiction.

- (a) This Agreement and the Stockholders Agreements set forth the entire agreement and understanding between the parties hereto and supersede all prior agreements and understandings relating to the subject matter hereof. The headings of sections and subsections herein are included solely for convenience of reference and shall not affect the meaning of any of the provisions of this Agreement. This Agreement shall be subject, and construed in accordance with, the laws of the State of New York, without regard to the conflict of law rules of such state.
- (b) Each party acknowledges and agrees that the choice of the laws of the State of New York as the governing law of this Agreement was freely made by it for bona fide purposes.
- (c) The parties hereto agree that any suit, action or proceeding seeking to enforce any provision of, or based on any matter arising out of or in connection with, this Agreement or the transactions contemplated hereby shall be brought in the Chancery Court of the State of Delaware or of any federal court located in the State of Delaware, so long as one of such courts shall have subject matter jurisdiction over such suit, action or proceeding, and that any case of action arising out of this Agreement shall be deemed to have arisen from a transaction of business in the State of Delaware, and each of the parties hereby irrevocably consents to the jurisdiction of such courts (and of the appropriate appellate courts therefrom) in any such suit, action or proceeding and irrevocably waives, to the fullest extent permitted by law, any objection that it may now or hereafter have to the laying of the venue of any such suit, action or proceeding in any such court or that any such suit, action or proceeding which is brought in any such court has been brought in an inconvenient forum.

SECTION 13. WAIVER OF JURY TRIAL. EACH OF THE PARTIES HERETO HEREBY IRREVOCABLY WAIVES ANY AND ALL RIGHT TO TRIAL BY JURY IN ANY LEGAL PROCEEDING ARISING OUT OF OR RELATED TO THIS AGREEMENT. EACH PARTY HEREBY ACKNOWLEDGES THAT THIS IS A COMMERCIAL TRANSACTION, THAT THE FOREGOING PROVISIONS FOR WAIVER OF JURY TRIAL HAVE BEEN READ, UNDERSTOOD AND VOLUNTARILY AGREED TO BY EACH PARTY AND THAT BY AGREEING TO SUCH PROVISIONS EACH PARTY IS WAIVING IMPORTANT LEGAL RIGHTS

SECTION 14. Counterparts. This Agreement may be signed in any number of counterparts (including by facsimile or electronic .pdf submission), each of which shall be an original, with the same effect as if the signatures thereto and hereto were upon the same

instrument. This Agreement shall become effective when each party hereto shall have received a counterpart hereof signed by all of the other parties hereto. Until and unless each party has received a counterpart hereof signed by the other party hereto (including by facsimile or electronic .pdf submission), this Agreement shall have no effect and no party shall have any right or obligation hereunder (whether by virtue of any other oral or written agreement or other communication).

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Company has caused this Agreement to be executed by its duly authorized officer and the Purchaser has executed this Agreement, both as of the day and year first above written.

AMC ENTERTAINMENT HOLDINGS, INC.

By: /s/ Craig R. Ramsey

Name: Craig R. Ramsey

Title: Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

[SIGNATURE PAGE TO THE SUBSCRIPTION AGREEMENT]

PURCHASER

/s/ Gerardo I. Lopez

Name: Gerardo I. Lopez

Address:

[SIGNATURE PAGE TO THE SUBSCRIPTION AGREEMENT]

SCHEDULE A

Form of Stockholders Agreement

Please see attached

SCHEDULE B

Protective Election to Include Class N Common Stock in Gross Income Pursuant to §83(b) of the United States Internal Revenue Code

On [], 2012, the undersigned (the "Taxpayer") acquired shares of Class N common stock of AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc. (the "Company"), par value \$0.01 (the "Property"). The Property is subject to certain restrictions pursuant to the Management Subscription Agreement, dated as of May 21, 2012.

The Taxpayer does not believe that the Property has been "transferred" under the provisions of § 83 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code") because the Taxpayer has a put right at the purchase price for the Property, and thereby does not have a risk of loss with respect to the Property

under	ant to Treasury Regulation § 1.83-3(a)(6) and Treasury Regulation § 1.83-3(a)(7), Example 5. However, in the event that the sale is treated as a "transfer" § 83 of the Code, the Taxpayer desires to make an election to have the receipt of the Property taxed under § 83(b) of the Code at the time the Taxpayer ed the Property.
to the F	Therefore, pursuant to § 83(b) of the Code and Treasury Regulation § 1.83-2 promulgated thereunder, the Taxpayer hereby makes a protective election, with respect Property, to report as taxable income for calendar year 2012 the excess, if any, of the Property's fair market value on [], 2012 over the purchase price thereof.
	The following information is supplied in accordance with Treasury Regulation § 1.83-2(e):
<i>1</i> .	The name, address and taxpayer identification number of the Taxpayer:
	Name:
	Address:
	Taxpayer I.D. No.:
2.	A description of the Property with respect to which the election is being made:
	[] shares of Class N common stock of the Company, par value \$0.01.
3.	The date on which the Property was transferred and the taxable year for which such election is made:
	[], 2012, and calendar year 2012.
4.	The nature of the restriction(s) to which the Property is subject:
by the	The Property is subject to transfer restrictions. In addition, the property is subject to forfeiture restrictions that lapse only if the Taxpayer remains employed Company
_	a July 19, 2014, or if the Taxpayer's employment is terminated without "Cause" or for "Good Reason" (in each case, as defined in the Management Subscription ment between the Company and the Taxpayer) or due to death or disability.
5.	Fair market value at the time of transfer:
Propert	The fair market value at time of transfer (determined without regard to any restrictions other than restrictions which by their terms will never lapse) of the ty was \$[].
6.	Amount paid for the Property:
	The amount paid by the Taxpayer for the Property was \$\[\]].
<i>7</i> .	Furnishing statement to the Company:

[SIGNATURE PAGE FOLLOWS]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned Taxpayer executes this Election to Include Value of Restricted Property in Gross Income in Year of Transfer Under Internal Revenue Code § 83(b) as of the day of , 2012.

[Name]

A copy of this statement has been furnished to the Company.

MANAGEMENT SUBSCRIPTION AGREEMENT (this "Agreement") dated as of May 21, 2012, between AMC ENTERTAINMENT HOLDINGS, INC., a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), and CRAIG R. RAMSEY (the 'Purchaser').

WHEREAS, the Company, Dalian Wanda Group Co., Ltd. ("Wanda"), a company organized under the laws of the People's Republic of China, and certain other parties have entered into an Agreement and Plan of Merger dated as of May 21, 2012 (the "Merger Agreement"); and

WHEREAS, at the Effective Time (as defined in the Merger Agreement), the Purchaser wishes to subscribe for, and the Company wishes to issue to the Purchaser, shares of Class N Common Stock (as defined below) of the Company pursuant to the terms and conditions set forth herein.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the covenants and agreements herein contained, the parties hereto agree as follows:

SECTION 1. Definitions.

"Affiliate" shall have the meaning set forth in the Stockholders Agreement.

"Applicable Tax Rate" means 45%; provided that, except for purposes of determining Specified Value (as defined below), the Applicable Tax Rate shall be equitably adjusted to take into account changes to applicable federal, foreign, state or local tax rates enacted following the date of this Agreement.

"Board of Directors" means the Board of Directors of the Company.

"Business Day" means a day, other than Saturday, Sunday or other day on which commercial banks in New York, New York, in Beijing, People's Republic of China or in the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region, are authorized or required by Applicable Law (as defined in the Merger Agreement) to close.

"Code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

"Class N Common Stock" means shares of Class N common stock of the Company, par value \$0.01.

"Cause" shall have the same meaning set forth in the Purchaser's then-effective employment agreement with the Company or its Affiliates, if any, or, if not so defined, the occurrence of any one of the following events:

(i) the Purchaser has committed a felony (under the laws of the United States or any relevant state, or a similar crime or offense under the applicable laws of any relevant foreign jurisdiction);

- (ii) the Purchaser has engaged in acts of fraud, dishonesty, gross negligence or other misconduct including abuse of controlled substances, that is injurious to the Company, its Affiliates or any of their customers, clients or employees;
- (iii) the Purchaser willfully fails to perform or uphold his or her duties under and/or willfully fails to comply with reasonable directives of the Board of Directors, in either case, that is not remedied by the Purchaser within fifteen (15) days after written notice thereof has been delivered to the Purchaser; or
- (iv) any material breach by the Purchaser of any contract he or she is a party to with the Company or any of its Affiliates including the Code of Ethics or another material written policy; *provided*, however, that any such breach shall not constitute Cause unless the Purchaser fails to promptly cure such breach, if such breach is reasonably susceptible to cure, within fifteen (15) days of receiving such written notice thereof.
 - "Company Stock Option" shall have the meaning set forth in the Merger Agreement.
- "Disability" shall have the same meaning set forth in the Purchaser's employment agreement with the Company or its Affiliates, if any, or, if not so defined, a physical or mental impairment which, as reasonably determined by the Board of Directors, renders the Purchaser unable to perform the essential functions of his employment with the Company or its Affiliates, even with reasonable accommodation that does not impose an undue hardship on the Company or any of its Affiliates, for more than 90 days in any 180-day period, unless a longer period is required by federal or state law, in which case that longer period would apply.

"Equityholders" shall have the meaning set forth in the Merger Agreement.

"Fair Market Value" shall have the meaning set forth in the Stockholders Agreement.

"Good Reason" shall have the same meaning set forth in the Purchaser's then-effective employment agreement with the Company or its Affiliates, if any (which meaning shall be deemed to include a failure by the Company or its Affiliates to pay to the Purchaser any benefit due under the Management Profit Sharing Plan (as defined below), if such breach does not otherwise constitute Good Reason thereunder) or, if not so defined, the occurrence of any one of the following events:

- (i) a material diminution in the Purchaser's rate of base salary;
- (ii) a material diminution in the Purchaser's authority, duties, or responsibilities;
- (iii) a material change in the geographic location of the Purchaser's principal office with the Company (for this purpose, in no event shall a relocation of such office to a new location that is not more than fifty (50) miles from the current location of the Purchaser's principal office constitute a "material change"); or
- (iv) (A) a material breach by the Company or any of its Affiliates of any contract the Company or any of its Affiliates is a party to with the Purchaser or (B) a failure by the Company

or its Affiliates to pay to the Purchaser any benefit due under the Management Profit Sharing Plan.

"Indemnity Escrow Fund" shall have the meaning set forth in the Merger Agreement.

"Initial Vested Management Share" means each Management Share that shall be vested as of the Effective Time.

- "IRS" means the Internal Revenue Service.
- "Management Profit Sharing Plan" means the AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc. Management Profit Sharing Plan, as in effect from time to time.
- "1933 Act" means the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereby.
- "1934 Act" means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereby.
- "Put Right" shall have the meaning set forth in the Stockholders Agreement.
- "SEC" means the Securities and Exchange Commission.
- "Specified Value" means the product of (i) 0.50, (ii) the difference between 1.00 and the Applicable Tax Rate and (iii) the sum of (A) the aggregate amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(a)(i) of the Merger Agreement, (B) the aggregate amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(a)(ii) of the Merger Agreement, assuming that the maximum amount of the Indemnity Escrow Fund (as defined in the Merger Agreement) and the maximum amount of the Stockholder Representative Reserve (as defined in the Merger Agreement) are paid to Equityholders, (C) the aggregate amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(b)(i) of the Merger Agreement, assuming that the maximum amount of the Indemnity Escrow Fund and the maximum amount of the Stockholder Representative Reserve are paid to Equityholders.
- "Stockholders Agreement" means the Management Stockholders Agreement, substantially in the form attached hereto as Schedule A, that will be entered into at the Effective Time among the Company, Wanda and the other parties signatory thereto (including any individual who executes and delivers a joinder agreement), as amended from time to time.
 - "Stockholder Representative Reserve" shall have the meaning set forth in the Merger Agreement.
- "Unvested Company Stock Option" means each Company Stock Option held by the Purchaser immediately prior to the Effective Time that is unvested as of immediately prior to the Effective Time (without regard to the cancellation of such Company Stock Options required by Section 2.09(a) of the Merger Agreement).
- "Unvested Management Share" means each Management Share that shall be unvested, and shall be subject to forfeiture as set forth in this Agreement, as of the Effective Time.
- "Vested Company Stock Option" means each Company Stock Option held by the Purchaser immediately prior to the Effective Time that is vested as of immediately prior to the Effective Time (without regard to the cancellation of such Company Stock Options required by Section 2.09(a) of the Merger Agreement).
 - "Vesting Date" means July 19, 2014.
 - SECTION 2. Price Per Share Adjustment of Number of Shares
- (a) **Price Per Share.** Upon the terms and subject to the conditions of this Agreement, at the Effective Time, the Purchaser shall purchase from the Company a number of shares of Class N Common Stock equal to (i) the Specified Value *divided by* (ii) the Per Share Merger Consideration (as defined in the Merger Agreement, assuming that the maximum amount of the Indemnity Escrow Fund and Stockholder Representative Reserve are paid to Equityholders at the Closing of the Merger) rounded down to the nearest whole share (such shares, the "Management Shares").
- (b) Adjustment of Number of Shares. The Company covenants and agrees that the per share purchase price of the shares of Class N Common Stock purchased by Purchaser pursuant to the terms of this Agreement shall be the same as the per share purchase price paid by Wanda for the shares of Class A Common Stock in connection with the transactions contemplated by the Merger Agreement. The Company acknowledges that if any portion of the Indemnity Escrow Fund is not paid to the Equityholders and is instead paid to any Person other than the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, then, at the Company's election, the number of shares of Class A Common Stock issued to Wanda will be adjusted, the number of shares of Class N Common Stock issued to the Purchaser will be adjusted and/or a portion of the Per Share Merger Consideration will be paid in cash, without interest, to the Purchaser so that the per share purchase price of shares of Class N Common Stock and the per share purchase price of shares of Class A Common Stock acquired by Wanda in connection with the transactions contemplated by the Merger Agreement are equal; provided, however, that this Section 2(b) shall only apply to those Management Shares that Purchaser holds on the date of the final release of any amounts from the Indemnity Escrow Fund. The parties hereto agree that any such adjustment shall be made following the final release of any amounts from the Indemnity Escrow Fund, but such adjustment (i) shall take into account the total portion of the Indemnity Escrow Fund that is not paid to the Equityholders and is instead paid to any Person other than the Company or any of its Subsidiaries and (ii) shall be given effect from the original issuance of Shares of Class N Common Stock pursuant to the terms of this Agreement. The Company covenants and agrees to promptly take all actions required to effect the terms of this Section 2(b).
 - SECTION 3. Stockholders Agreement; Protective Section 83(b) Election; Management Profit Sharing Plan.
- (a) Stockholders Agreement. As of the Effective Time, and as a condition precedent to the acquisition of the Management Shares hereunder, the Purchaser shall execute the

Stockholders Agreement. By execution of this Agreement, the Purchaser acknowledges that all Management Shares acquired hereunder shall be subject to the provisions of the Stockholders Agreement.

- (b) Protective Section 83(b) Election. As of the Effective Time, and as a condition precedent to the acquisition of the Management Shares hereunder, the Purchaser shall make an election with the IRS under Section 83(b) of the Code and the regulations promulgated thereunder (a "Protective Section 83(b) Election") with respect to the Unvested Management Shares (as defined below), and the Purchaser shall provide a copy of such form to the Company promptly following its filing, which is required under current law to be filed with the IRS no later than thirty (30) days after the date in which the Effective Time occurs. The form for making the Protective Section 83(b) Election is attached hereto as Schedule B.
- (c) Management Profit Sharing Plan. As a condition precedent to the acquisition of the Management Shares hereunder, the Management Profit Sharing Plan shall become effective as of the Effective Time. If the Management Profit Sharing Plan does not become effective as of or substantially concurrent with the Effective Time, this Agreement shall become null and void ab initio and have no effect, and all rights and obligations of the parties hereunder shall automatically terminate.
 - **SECTION 4**. Terms of Management Shares.
- (a) Initial Vested Management Shares. The number of Initial Vested Management Shares shall equal the product of (i) the number of Management Shares and (ii) the Initial Vested Percentage. The "Initial Vested Percentage" shall be a fraction, the numerator of which shall be the sum of (i) the aggregate amount payable to the

Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(a)(i) of the Merger Agreement with respect to Vested Company Stock Options and (ii) the aggregate amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(a)(ii) of the Merger Agreement with respect to Vested Company Stock Options, assuming that the maximum amount of the Indemnity Escrow Fund and the maximum amount of the Stockholder Representative Reserve are paid to Equityholders, and the denominator of which shall be the sum of (A) the aggregate amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(a)(i) of the Merger Agreement, (B) the aggregate amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(a)(ii) of the Merger Agreement, assuming that the maximum amount of the Stockholder Representative Reserve are paid to Equityholders, (C) the aggregate amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(b)(ii) of the Merger Agreement and (D) the aggregate amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(b)(ii) of the Merger Agreement, assuming that the maximum amount of the Indemnity Escrow Fund and the maximum amount of the Stockholder Representative Reserve are paid to Equityholders.

(b) Unvested Management Shares. The number of Unvested Management Shares shall equal the product of (i) the number of Management Shares and (ii) the Initial Unvested Percentage. The "Initial Unvested Percentage" shall be a fraction, the numerator of which shall be sum of (i) the aggregate amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(a)(i) of the Merger Agreement with respect to Unvested Company Stock Options, (ii) the aggregate amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(a)(ii) of the Merger Agreement with respect to Unvested Company Stock Options, assuming that the maximum amount of the

Indemnity Escrow Fund and the maximum amount of the Stockholder Representative Reserve are paid to Equityholders, (iii) the aggregate amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(b)(ii) of the Merger Agreement, assuming that the maximum amount of the Indemnity Escrow Fund and the maximum amount of the Stockholder Representative Reserve are paid to Equityholders, and the denominator of which shall be the sum of (A) the aggregate amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(a)(i) of the Merger Agreement, (B) the aggregate amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(a)(ii) of the Merger Agreement, assuming that the maximum amount of the Indemnity Escrow Fund and the maximum amount of the Stockholder Representative Reserve are paid to Equityholders, (C) the aggregate amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(b)(i) of the Merger Agreement and (D) the aggregate amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(b)(ii) of the Merger Agreement, assuming that the maximum amount of the Indemnity Escrow Fund and the maximum amount of the Stockholder Representative Reserve are paid to Equityholders. The Unvested Management Shares shall become fully vested and nonforfeitable on the Vesting Date, subject only to the Purchaser's continued service for the Company or any of its Affiliates through the Vesting Date (any such Unvested Management Shares that become vested and nonforfeitable, together with the Initial Vested Management Shares, the "Vested Management Shares shall be forfeited, without any payment to the Purchaser, unless otherwise provided in this Agreement (including pursuant to Section 5(a) below).

- (c) Stockholder Rights. Subject to the restrictions set forth in this Agreement and the Stockholders Agreement, the Purchaser shall have all rights of a holder of Class N Common Stock as set forth in the Certificate of Incorporation of the Surviving Corporation, which shall be amended and restated substantially in the form of Exhibit J of the Merger Agreement pursuant to Section 3.01 thereof.
- (d) **Dividends and Distributions.** All cash and other dividends and distributions, if any, that are paid with respect to shares of Class N Common Stock (i) shall, with respect to any Vested Management Shares at the time of such dividend or distribution, be paid to the Purchaser at the same time, at the same rate and in the same manner as other holders of shares of Class N Common Stock, and (ii) shall, with respect to any Univested Management Shares at the time of such dividend or distribution, be withheld by the Company and paid to the Purchaser as described in clause (i) of this Section 4(d), without interest, on the Vesting Date, to the extent that such Univested Management Shares become vested and nonforfeitable in accordance with this Agreement.
- (e) Net Shares. Notwithstanding the terms of the Stockholders Agreement, upon any taxable event arising under federal, foreign, state or local tax law with respect to the Management Shares (including, but not limited to, the issuance, repurchase, cancellation, vesting or transfer of the Management Shares, or the waiver or cancellation of the Put Right), at the election of the Purchaser, the Company shall repurchase for their then-current Fair Market Value a number of the Management Shares up to the amount of the tax liability incurred with respect to such taxable event, such tax liability to be calculated using the applicable tax rate of the Purchaser at the time the taxable event arises.

SECTION 5. Termination of Employment.

- (a) Termination prior to the Vesting Date due to Death or Disability, without Cause or for Good Reason If the employment of the Purchaser with the Company and its Affiliates terminates prior to the Vesting Date (i) due to death or Disability, (ii) by the Company or any of its Affiliates without Cause or (iii) by the Purchaser with Good Reason, then the Purchaser's Unvested Management Shares as of the date of such termination of employment shall become fully vested and nonforfeitable as of the date of such termination of employment.
- (b) Termination prior to the Vesting Date other than due to Death or Disability, with Cause or without Good Reason If the employment of the Purchaser with the Company and its Affiliates terminates prior to the Vesting Date other than as set forth in Section 5(a), then the Purchaser's Unvested Management Shares as of the date of such termination of employment shall be forfeited in their entirety as of the date of such termination of employment without any payment to the Purchaser.
- (c) Vested Management Shares. If the employment of the Purchaser with the Company and its Affiliates terminates for any reason, the Purchaser's Vested Management Shares as of the date of such termination of employment shall not be forfeited.

SECTION 6. Representations and Warranties.

The Purchaser hereby represents and warrants to the Company as follows:

- (a) The Purchaser has been advised that the Management Shares have not been registered under the 1933 Act and, therefore, cannot be resold to a third party unless the Management Shares are registered or unless an exemption from registration is available. The Purchaser is acquiring the Management Shares for his or her own account, for investment and not with a view to, or for resale in connection with, the distribution thereof, and the Purchaser has no present intention of selling, assigning, transferring, distributing or otherwise disposing of, or causing the sale, assignment, transfer, distribution or other disposition of, any thereof. In making the foregoing representations, the Purchaser is aware that he or she must bear the economic risk of an investment in the Management Shares for an indefinite period of time since, in the view of the SEC, the statutory basis for exemption from registration under the 1933 Act would not be present if such representations meant merely that the Purchaser's current intention is to hold these securities only for the long-term capital gains period of the Code, or for a deferred sale, or for any fixed period in the future.
- (b) The Purchaser has been given the opportunity to ask questions of, and receive answers from, the Company concerning the terms and conditions of the Management Shares to be transferred hereunder and other related matters. The Purchaser represents and warrants that he or she has been furnished with and has carefully read this Agreement and the Stockholders Agreement and that the Company has made available to the Purchaser or his agents all documents and information requested by him/her or on his/her behalf in connection with his/her investment in the Management Shares and that he or she understands and has evaluated the merits and risks of an investment in the Management Shares. In evaluating the suitability of an investment in such Management Shares, the Purchaser has not relied upon any other

representations or other information (whether oral or written) made by or on behalf of the Company other than such express representations and warranties as are made in this Agreement and the Stockholders Agreement.

- (c) The Purchaser is aware of and familiar with the restrictions on the transfer of any Management Shares, including, without limitation, the restrictions contained in this Agreement and the Stockholders Agreement.
- (d) The Purchaser represents that this Agreement has been duly executed and delivered by the Purchaser and constitutes a legal, valid and binding agreement of the Purchaser, enforceable against the Purchaser in accordance with its terms.
 - (e) The Purchaser is an "accredited investor" as such term is defined in Regulation D under the 1933 Act.

SECTION 7. Miscellaneous.

- (a) Specific Performance. The parties hereto agree that irreparable damage would occur if any provision of this Agreement, including the Purchaser's failure to execute the Stockholders Agreement, were not performed by the Purchaser in accordance with the terms hereof and that the Company shall, following the Effective Time, be entitled to specific performance and other equitable relief to prevent breaches of this Agreement and to enforce specifically the performance of the terms and provisions hereof in the Chancery Court of the State of Delaware and any state appellate court therefrom within the State of Delaware (or, if the Chancery Court of the State of Delaware declines to accept jurisdiction over a particular matter, any state or federal court sitting in the City of Wilmington, Delaware), in addition to any other remedy to which they are entitled at law or in equity. The Purchaser agrees to waive any requirement for the securing or posting of any bond in connection with such remedy.
- (b) No Restriction on Right of Company to Effect Corporate Changes Neither this Agreement nor the Stockholders Agreement shall affect in any way the right or power of the Company or its stockholders to, after the Effective Time, make or authorize any or all adjustments, recapitalizations, reorganizations or other changes in the Company's capital structure or its business, or any merger or consolidation of the Company, or any issue of stock or of options, warrants or rights to purchase stock or of bonds, debentures, preferred or prior preference stocks whose rights are superior to or affect the Management Shares or the rights thereof or which are convertible into or exchangeable for Class N Common Stock or other equity securities of the Company, or the dissolution or liquidation of the Company, or any sale or transfer of all or any part of its assets or business, or any other corporate act or proceeding, whether of a similar character or otherwise.

SECTION 8. Survival; Assignment. All agreements, representations and warranties made herein shall survive the issuance to the Purchaser of the Management Shares and, notwithstanding any investigation heretofore or hereafter made by the Purchaser or the Company or on the Purchaser's or the Company's behalf, shall continue in full force and effect. No party may assign, delegate or otherwise transfer any of its rights or obligations under this Agreement without the consent of the other party hereto, except as permitted by the Stockholders Agreement

or by will or the laws of descent and distribution. Whenever in this Agreement any of the parties hereto is referred to, such reference shall be deemed to include the heirs and permitted successors and assigns of such party; and all agreements herein by or on behalf of the Company, or by or on behalf of the Purchaser, shall bind and inure to the benefit of the heirs and permitted successors and assigns of such parties hereto.

SECTION 9. *Notices.* All notices, requests, consents and other communications hereunder to any party shall be deemed to be sufficient if contained in a written instrument delivered in person or by telecopy (including facsimile or e-mail transmission) or sent by nationally recognized overnight courier, and shall be given:

If to the Company:

AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc. 920 Main Street Kansas City, MO 64105-1977 Facsimile: (816) 480-4700 Attn: General Counsel

with a copy (which shall not constitute notice) to:

Dalian Wanda Group Co., Ltd. 21/F Block B, Wanda Plaza 93 Jianguo Road Chaoyang District, Beijing China 100022 Facsimile: +86 (10) 8585-3095

Attn: Wu Hua

with a copy (which shall not constitute notice) to:

Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP 450 Lexington Avenue New York, New York 10017 Attention: Phillip R. Mills Facsimile No.: (212) 701-5800 E-mail: phillip.mills@davispolk.com

If to the Purchaser, to the address set forth on such Purchaser's signature page hereto;

or to such other address, facsimile number or e-mail address as such party may hereafter specify in accordance with this Section 9 for this purpose by notice to the other parties.

All such notices, requests, consents and other communications shall be deemed to have been delivered and received: (i) in the case of personal delivery or delivery by facsimile, on the date of such delivery (and, if such date is not a Business Day, then on the next Business Day); and (ii) in

the case of dispatch by nationally recognized overnight courier, on the next Business Day following such dispatch.

SECTION 10. Waiver. Any provision of this Agreement may be waived by a party but only if such waiver is in writing and is signed by the party against whom the

waiver is to be effective. The waiver by either party of compliance with any provision of this Agreement by the other party shall not operate or be construed as a waiver of any other provision of this Agreement, or of any subsequent breach by the other party of a provision of this Agreement.

SECTION 11. *Amendment*. No amendment or modification of any provision of this Agreement shall be effective unless signed in writing by or on behalf of the Company and the Purchaser.

SECTION 12. Entire Agreement; Governing Law; Submission of Jurisdiction.

- (a) This Agreement and the Stockholders Agreements set forth the entire agreement and understanding between the parties hereto and supersede all prior agreements and understandings relating to the subject matter hereof. The headings of sections and subsections herein are included solely for convenience of reference and shall not affect the meaning of any of the provisions of this Agreement. This Agreement shall be subject, and construed in accordance with, the laws of the State of New York, without regard to the conflict of law rules of such state.
- (b) Each party acknowledges and agrees that the choice of the laws of the State of New York as the governing law of this Agreement was freely made by it for bona fide purposes.
- (c) The parties hereto agree that any suit, action or proceeding seeking to enforce any provision of, or based on any matter arising out of or in connection with, this Agreement or the transactions contemplated hereby shall be brought in the Chancery Court of the State of Delaware or of any federal court located in the State of Delaware, so long as one of such courts shall have subject matter jurisdiction over such suit, action or proceeding, and that any case of action arising out of this Agreement shall be deemed to have arisen from a transaction of business in the State of Delaware, and each of the parties hereby irrevocably consents to the jurisdiction of such courts (and of the appropriate appellate courts therefrom) in any such suit, action or proceeding and irrevocably waives, to the fullest extent permitted by law, any objection that it may now or hereafter have to the laying of the venue of any such suit, action or proceeding in any such court or that any such suit, action or proceeding which is brought in any such court has been brought in an inconvenient forum.

SECTION 13. WAIVER OF JURY TRIAL. EACH OF THE PARTIES HERETO HEREBY IRREVOCABLY WAIVES ANY AND ALL RIGHT TO TRIAL BY JURY IN ANY LEGAL PROCEEDING ARISING OUT OF OR RELATED TO THIS AGREEMENT. EACH PARTY HEREBY ACKNOWLEDGES THAT THIS IS A COMMERCIAL TRANSACTION, THAT THE FOREGOING PROVISIONS FOR WAIVER OF JURY TRIAL HAVE BEEN READ, UNDERSTOOD AND VOLUNTARILY AGREED TO BY EACH PARTY AND THAT BY AGREEING TO SUCH PROVISIONS EACH PARTY IS WAIVING IMPORTANT LEGAL RIGHTS.

SECTION 14. Counterparts. This Agreement may be signed in any number of counterparts (including by facsimile or electronic .pdf submission), each of which shall be an original, with the same effect as if the signatures thereto and hereto were upon the same instrument. This Agreement shall become effective when each party hereto shall have received a counterpart hereof signed by all of the other parties hereto. Until and unless each party has received a counterpart hereof signed by the other party hereto (including by facsimile or electronic .pdf submission), this Agreement shall have no effect and no party shall have any right or obligation hereunder (whether by virtue of any other oral or written agreement or other communication).

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Company has caused this Agreement to be executed by its duly authorized officer and the Purchaser has executed this Agreement, both as of the day and year first above written.

AMC ENTERTAINMENT HOLDINGS, INC.

By: /s/ Kevin M. Connor

Name: Kevin M. Connor

Title: SVP. General Counsel and Secretary

[SIGNATURE PAGE TO THE SUBSCRIPTION AGREEMENT]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Company has caused this Agreement to be executed by its duly authorized officer and the Purchaser has executed this Agreement, both as of the day and year first above written.

PURCHASER

/s/ Craig Ramsey

Name: Craig Ramsey

Address:

[SIGNATURE PAGE TO THE SUBSCRIPTION AGREEMENT]

SCHEDULE A

Form of Stockholders Agreement

Please see attached

United States Internal Revenue Code

On [], 2012, the undersigned (the " Taxpayer ") acquired shares of Class N common stock of AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc. (the " Company "), par value \$0.01 (the " Property "). The Property is subject to certain restrictions pursuant to the Management Subscription Agreement, dated as of May 21, 2012.
The Taxpayer does not believe that the Property has been "transferred" under the provisions of § 83 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code") because the Taxpayer has a put right at the purchase price for the Property, and thereby does not have a risk of loss with respect to the Property pursuant to Treasury Regulation § 1.83-3(a)(6) and Treasury Regulation § 1.83-3(a)(7), Example 5. However, in the event that the sale is treated as a "transfer" under § 83 of the Code, the Taxpayer desires to make an election to have the receipt of the Property taxed under § 83(b) of the Code at the time the Taxpayer acquired the Property.
Therefore, pursuant to § 83(b) of the Code and Treasury Regulation § 1.83-2 promulgated thereunder, the Taxpayer hereby makes a protective election, with respect to the Property, to report as taxable income for calendar year 2012 the excess, if any, of the Property's fair market value on [], 2012 over the purchase price thereof.
The following information is supplied in accordance with Treasury Regulation § 1.83-2(e):
1. The name, address and taxpayer identification number of the Taxpayer:
Name:
Address:
Taxpayer I.D. No.:
2. A description of the Property with respect to which the election is being made:
shares of Class N common stock of the Company, par value \$0.01.
3. The date on which the Property was transferred and the taxable year for which such election is made:
[], 2012, and calendar year 2012.
4. The nature of the restriction(s) to which the Property is subject:
The Property is subject to transfer restrictions. In addition, the property is subject to forfeiture restrictions that lapse only if the Taxpayer remains employed
by the Company
through July 19, 2014, or if the Taxpayer's employment is terminated without "Cause" or for "Good Reason" (in each case, as defined in the Management Subscription Agreement between the Company and the Taxpayer) or due to death or disability.
5. Fair market value at the time of transfer:
The fair market value at time of transfer (determined without regard to any restrictions other than restrictions which by their terms will never lapse) of the Property was \$[
6. Amount paid for the Property:
The amount paid by the Taxpayer for the Property was \$\[\]].
7. Furnishing statement to the Company:
A copy of this statement has been furnished to the Company.
[SIGNATURE PAGE FOLLOWS]
IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned Taxpayer executes this Election to Include Value of Restricted Property in Gross Income in Year of Transfer
Under Internal Revenue Code § 83(b) as of the day of , 2012.
[Name]

MANAGEMENT SUBSCRIPTION AGREEMENT (this "Agreement") dated as of May 21, 2012, between AMC ENTERTAINMENT HOLDINGS, INC., a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), and ELIZABETH FRANK (the "Purchaser").

WHEREAS, the Company, Dalian Wanda Group Co., Ltd. ("Wanda"), a company organized under the laws of the People's Republic of China, and certain other parties have entered into an Agreement and Plan of Merger dated as of May 21, 2012 (the "Merger Agreement"); and

WHEREAS, at the Effective Time (as defined in the Merger Agreement), the Purchaser wishes to subscribe for, and the Company wishes to issue to the Purchaser, shares of Class N Common Stock (as defined below) of the Company pursuant to the terms and conditions set forth herein.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the covenants and agreements herein contained, the parties hereto agree as follows:

SECTION 1. Definitions.

"Affiliate" shall have the meaning set forth in the Stockholders Agreement.

"Applicable Tax Rate" means 45%; provided that, except for purposes of determining Specified Value (as defined below), the Applicable Tax Rate shall be equitably adjusted to take into account changes to applicable federal, foreign, state or local tax rates enacted following the date of this Agreement.

"Board of Directors" means the Board of Directors of the Company.

"Business Day" means a day, other than Saturday, Sunday or other day on which commercial banks in New York, New York, in Beijing, People's Republic of China or in the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region, are authorized or required by Applicable Law (as defined in the Merger Agreement) to close.

"Code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

"Class N Common Stock" means shares of Class N common stock of the Company, par value \$0.01.

"Cause" shall have the same meaning set forth in the Purchaser's then-effective employment agreement with the Company or its Affiliates, if any, or, if not so defined, the occurrence of any one of the following events:

(i) the Purchaser has committed a felony (under the laws of the United States or any relevant state, or a similar crime or offense under the applicable laws of any relevant foreign jurisdiction);

- (ii) the Purchaser has engaged in acts of fraud, dishonesty, gross negligence or other misconduct including abuse of controlled substances, that is injurious to the Company, its Affiliates or any of their customers, clients or employees;
- (iii) the Purchaser willfully fails to perform or uphold his or her duties under and/or willfully fails to comply with reasonable directives of the Board of Directors, in either case, that is not remedied by the Purchaser within fifteen (15) days after written notice thereof has been delivered to the Purchaser; or
- (iv) any material breach by the Purchaser of any contract he or she is a party to with the Company or any of its Affiliates including the Code of Ethics or another material written policy; *provided*, however, that any such breach shall not constitute Cause unless the Purchaser fails to promptly cure such breach, if such breach is reasonably susceptible to cure, within fifteen (15) days of receiving such written notice thereof.
 - "Company Stock Option" shall have the meaning set forth in the Merger Agreement.
- "Disability" shall have the same meaning set forth in the Purchaser's employment agreement with the Company or its Affiliates, if any, or, if not so defined, a physical or mental impairment which, as reasonably determined by the Board of Directors, renders the Purchaser unable to perform the essential functions of his employment with the Company or its Affiliates, even with reasonable accommodation that does not impose an undue hardship on the Company or any of its Affiliates, for more than 90 days in any 180-day period, unless a longer period is required by federal or state law, in which case that longer period would apply.

"Equityholders" shall have the meaning set forth in the Merger Agreement.

"Fair Market Value" shall have the meaning set forth in the Stockholders Agreement.

"Good Reason" shall have the same meaning set forth in the Purchaser's then-effective employment agreement with the Company or its Affiliates, if any (which meaning shall be deemed to include a failure by the Company or its Affiliates to pay to the Purchaser any benefit due under the Management Profit Sharing Plan (as defined below), if such breach does not otherwise constitute Good Reason thereunder) or, if not so defined, the occurrence of any one of the following events:

- (i) a material diminution in the Purchaser's rate of base salary;
- (ii) a material diminution in the Purchaser's authority, duties, or responsibilities;
- (iii) a material change in the geographic location of the Purchaser's principal office with the Company (for this purpose, in no event shall a relocation of such office to a new location that is not more than fifty (50) miles from the current location of the Purchaser's principal office constitute a "material change"); or
- (iv) (A) a material breach by the Company or any of its Affiliates of any contract the Company or any of its Affiliates is a party to with the Purchaser or (B) a failure by the Company

or its Affiliates to pay to the Purchaser any benefit due under the Management Profit Sharing Plan.

"Indemnity Escrow Fund" shall have the meaning set forth in the Merger Agreement.

"Initial Vested Management Share" means each Management Share that shall be vested as of the Effective Time.

- "IRS" means the Internal Revenue Service.
- "Management Profit Sharing Plan" means the AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc. Management Profit Sharing Plan, as in effect from time to time.
- "1933 Act" means the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereby.
- "1934 Act" means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereby.
- "Put Right" shall have the meaning set forth in the Stockholders Agreement.
- "SEC" means the Securities and Exchange Commission.
- "Specified Value" means the product of (i) 0.50, (ii) the difference between 1.00 and the Applicable Tax Rate and (iii) the sum of (A) the aggregate amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(a)(i) of the Merger Agreement, (B) the aggregate amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(a)(ii) of the Merger Agreement, assuming that the maximum amount of the Indemnity Escrow Fund (as defined in the Merger Agreement) and the maximum amount of the Stockholder Representative Reserve (as defined in the Merger Agreement) are paid to Equityholders, (C) the aggregate amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(b)(i) of the Merger Agreement, assuming that the maximum amount of the Indemnity Escrow Fund and the maximum amount of the Stockholder Representative Reserve are paid to Equityholders.
- "Stockholders Agreement" means the Management Stockholders Agreement, substantially in the form attached hereto as Schedule A, that will be entered into at the Effective Time among the Company, Wanda and the other parties signatory thereto (including any individual who executes and delivers a joinder agreement), as amended from time to time.
 - "Stockholder Representative Reserve" shall have the meaning set forth in the Merger Agreement.
- "Unvested Company Stock Option" means each Company Stock Option held by the Purchaser immediately prior to the Effective Time that is unvested as of immediately prior to the Effective Time (without regard to the cancellation of such Company Stock Options required by Section 2.09(a) of the Merger Agreement).
- "Unvested Management Share" means each Management Share that shall be unvested, and shall be subject to forfeiture as set forth in this Agreement, as of the Effective Time.
- "Vested Company Stock Option" means each Company Stock Option held by the Purchaser immediately prior to the Effective Time that is vested as of immediately prior to the Effective Time (without regard to the cancellation of such Company Stock Options required by Section 2.09(a) of the Merger Agreement).
 - "Vesting Date" means July 19, 2014.
 - SECTION 2. Price Per Share Adjustment of Number of Shares
- (a) **Price Per Share.** Upon the terms and subject to the conditions of this Agreement, at the Effective Time, the Purchaser shall purchase from the Company a number of shares of Class N Common Stock equal to (i) the Specified Value *divided by* (ii) the Per Share Merger Consideration (as defined in the Merger Agreement, assuming that the maximum amount of the Indemnity Escrow Fund and Stockholder Representative Reserve are paid to Equityholders at the Closing of the Merger) rounded down to the nearest whole share (such shares, the "Management Shares").
- (b) Adjustment of Number of Shares. The Company covenants and agrees that the per share purchase price of the shares of Class N Common Stock purchased by Purchaser pursuant to the terms of this Agreement shall be the same as the per share purchase price paid by Wanda for the shares of Class A Common Stock in connection with the transactions contemplated by the Merger Agreement. The Company acknowledges that if any portion of the Indemnity Escrow Fund is not paid to the Equityholders and is instead paid to any Person other than the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, then, at the Company's election, the number of shares of Class A Common Stock issued to Wanda will be adjusted, the number of shares of Class N Common Stock issued to the Purchaser will be adjusted and/or a portion of the Per Share Merger Consideration will be paid in cash, without interest, to the Purchaser so that the per share purchase price of shares of Class N Common Stock and the per share purchase price of shares of Class A Common Stock acquired by Wanda in connection with the transactions contemplated by the Merger Agreement are equal; provided, however, that this Section 2(b) shall only apply to those Management Shares that Purchaser holds on the date of the final release of any amounts from the Indemnity Escrow Fund. The parties hereto agree that any such adjustment shall be made following the final release of any amounts from the Indemnity Escrow Fund, but such adjustment (i) shall take into account the total portion of the Indemnity Escrow Fund that is not paid to the Equityholders and is instead paid to any Person other than the Company or any of its Subsidiaries and (ii) shall be given effect from the original issuance of Shares of Class N Common Stock pursuant to the terms of this Agreement. The Company covenants and agrees to promptly take all actions required to effect the terms of this Section 2(b).
 - SECTION 3. Stockholders Agreement; Protective Section 83(b) Election; Management Profit Sharing Plan.
- (a) Stockholders Agreement. As of the Effective Time, and as a condition precedent to the acquisition of the Management Shares hereunder, the Purchaser shall execute the

Stockholders Agreement. By execution of this Agreement, the Purchaser acknowledges that all Management Shares acquired hereunder shall be subject to the provisions of the Stockholders Agreement.

- (b) Protective Section 83(b) Election. As of the Effective Time, and as a condition precedent to the acquisition of the Management Shares hereunder, the Purchaser shall make an election with the IRS under Section 83(b) of the Code and the regulations promulgated thereunder (a "Protective Section 83(b) Election") with respect to the Unvested Management Shares (as defined below), and the Purchaser shall provide a copy of such form to the Company promptly following its filing, which is required under current law to be filed with the IRS no later than thirty (30) days after the date in which the Effective Time occurs. The form for making the Protective Section 83(b) Election is attached hereto as Schedule B.
- (c) Management Profit Sharing Plan. As a condition precedent to the acquisition of the Management Shares hereunder, the Management Profit Sharing Plan shall become effective as of the Effective Time. If the Management Profit Sharing Plan does not become effective as of or substantially concurrent with the Effective Time, this Agreement shall become null and void ab initio and have no effect, and all rights and obligations of the parties hereunder shall automatically terminate.
 - **SECTION 4**. Terms of Management Shares.
- (a) Initial Vested Management Shares. The number of Initial Vested Management Shares shall equal the product of (i) the number of Management Shares and (ii) the Initial Vested Percentage. The "Initial Vested Percentage" shall be a fraction, the numerator of which shall be the sum of (i) the aggregate amount payable to the

Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(a)(i) of the Merger Agreement with respect to Vested Company Stock Options and (ii) the aggregate amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(a)(ii) of the Merger Agreement with respect to Vested Company Stock Options, assuming that the maximum amount of the Indemnity Escrow Fund and the maximum amount of the Stockholder Representative Reserve are paid to Equityholders, and the denominator of which shall be the sum of (A) the aggregate amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(a)(i) of the Merger Agreement, (B) the aggregate amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(a)(ii) of the Merger Agreement, assuming that the maximum amount of the Stockholder Representative Reserve are paid to Equityholders, (C) the aggregate amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(b)(ii) of the Merger Agreement and (D) the aggregate amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(b)(ii) of the Merger Agreement, assuming that the maximum amount of the Indemnity Escrow Fund and the maximum amount of the Stockholder Representative Reserve are paid to Equityholders.

(b) Unvested Management Shares. The number of Unvested Management Shares shall equal the product of (i) the number of Management Shares and (ii) the Initial Unvested Percentage. The "Initial Unvested Percentage" shall be a fraction, the numerator of which shall be sum of (i) the aggregate amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(a)(i) of the Merger Agreement with respect to Unvested Company Stock Options, (ii) the aggregate amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(a)(ii) of the Merger Agreement with respect to Unvested Company Stock Options, assuming that the maximum amount of the

Indemnity Escrow Fund and the maximum amount of the Stockholder Representative Reserve are paid to Equityholders, (iii) the aggregate amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(b)(ii) of the Merger Agreement, assuming that the maximum amount of the Indemnity Escrow Fund and the maximum amount of the Stockholder Representative Reserve are paid to Equityholders, and the denominator of which shall be the sum of (A) the aggregate amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(a)(i) of the Merger Agreement, (B) the aggregate amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(a)(ii) of the Merger Agreement, assuming that the maximum amount of the Indemnity Escrow Fund and the maximum amount of the Stockholder Representative Reserve are paid to Equityholders, (C) the aggregate amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(b)(i) of the Merger Agreement and (D) the aggregate amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(b)(ii) of the Merger Agreement, assuming that the maximum amount of the Indemnity Escrow Fund and the maximum amount of the Stockholder Representative Reserve are paid to Equityholders. The Unvested Management Shares shall become fully vested and nonforfeitable on the Vesting Date, subject only to the Purchaser's continued service for the Company or any of its Affiliates through the Vesting Date (any such Unvested Management Shares that become vested and nonforfeitable, together with the Initial Vested Management Shares, the "Vested Management Shares shall be forfeited, without any payment to the Purchaser, unless otherwise provided in this Agreement (including pursuant to Section 5(a) below).

- (c) Stockholder Rights. Subject to the restrictions set forth in this Agreement and the Stockholders Agreement, the Purchaser shall have all rights of a holder of Class N Common Stock as set forth in the Certificate of Incorporation of the Surviving Corporation, which shall be amended and restated substantially in the form of Exhibit J of the Merger Agreement pursuant to Section 3.01 thereof.
- (d) **Dividends and Distributions.** All cash and other dividends and distributions, if any, that are paid with respect to shares of Class N Common Stock (i) shall, with respect to any Vested Management Shares at the time of such dividend or distribution, be paid to the Purchaser at the same time, at the same rate and in the same manner as other holders of shares of Class N Common Stock, and (ii) shall, with respect to any Univested Management Shares at the time of such dividend or distribution, be withheld by the Company and paid to the Purchaser as described in clause (i) of this Section 4(d), without interest, on the Vesting Date, to the extent that such Univested Management Shares become vested and nonforfeitable in accordance with this Agreement.
- (e) Net Shares. Notwithstanding the terms of the Stockholders Agreement, upon any taxable event arising under federal, foreign, state or local tax law with respect to the Management Shares (including, but not limited to, the issuance, repurchase, cancellation, vesting or transfer of the Management Shares, or the waiver or cancellation of the Put Right), at the election of the Purchaser, the Company shall repurchase for their then-current Fair Market Value a number of the Management Shares up to the amount of the tax liability incurred with respect to such taxable event, such tax liability to be calculated using the applicable tax rate of the Purchaser at the time the taxable event arises.

SECTION 5. Termination of Employment.

- (a) Termination prior to the Vesting Date due to Death or Disability, without Cause or for Good Reason If the employment of the Purchaser with the Company and its Affiliates terminates prior to the Vesting Date (i) due to death or Disability, (ii) by the Company or any of its Affiliates without Cause or (iii) by the Purchaser with Good Reason, then the Purchaser's Unvested Management Shares as of the date of such termination of employment shall become fully vested and nonforfeitable as of the date of such termination of employment.
- (b) Termination prior to the Vesting Date other than due to Death or Disability, with Cause or without Good Reason If the employment of the Purchaser with the Company and its Affiliates terminates prior to the Vesting Date other than as set forth in Section 5(a), then the Purchaser's Unvested Management Shares as of the date of such termination of employment shall be forfeited in their entirety as of the date of such termination of employment without any payment to the Purchaser.
- (c) Vested Management Shares. If the employment of the Purchaser with the Company and its Affiliates terminates for any reason, the Purchaser's Vested Management Shares as of the date of such termination of employment shall not be forfeited.

SECTION 6. Representations and Warranties.

The Purchaser hereby represents and warrants to the Company as follows:

- (a) The Purchaser has been advised that the Management Shares have not been registered under the 1933 Act and, therefore, cannot be resold to a third party unless the Management Shares are registered or unless an exemption from registration is available. The Purchaser is acquiring the Management Shares for his or her own account, for investment and not with a view to, or for resale in connection with, the distribution thereof, and the Purchaser has no present intention of selling, assigning, transferring, distributing or otherwise disposing of, or causing the sale, assignment, transfer, distribution or other disposition of, any thereof. In making the foregoing representations, the Purchaser is aware that he or she must bear the economic risk of an investment in the Management Shares for an indefinite period of time since, in the view of the SEC, the statutory basis for exemption from registration under the 1933 Act would not be present if such representations meant merely that the Purchaser's current intention is to hold these securities only for the long-term capital gains period of the Code, or for a deferred sale, or for any fixed period in the future.
- (b) The Purchaser has been given the opportunity to ask questions of, and receive answers from, the Company concerning the terms and conditions of the Management Shares to be transferred hereunder and other related matters. The Purchaser represents and warrants that he or she has been furnished with and has carefully read this Agreement and the Stockholders Agreement and that the Company has made available to the Purchaser or his agents all documents and information requested by him/her or on his/her behalf in connection with his/her investment in the Management Shares and that he or she understands and has evaluated the merits and risks of an investment in the Management Shares. In evaluating the suitability of an investment in such Management Shares, the Purchaser has not relied upon any other

representations or other information (whether oral or written) made by or on behalf of the Company other than such express representations and warranties as are made in this Agreement and the Stockholders Agreement.

- (c) The Purchaser is aware of and familiar with the restrictions on the transfer of any Management Shares, including, without limitation, the restrictions contained in this Agreement and the Stockholders Agreement.
- (d) The Purchaser represents that this Agreement has been duly executed and delivered by the Purchaser and constitutes a legal, valid and binding agreement of the Purchaser, enforceable against the Purchaser in accordance with its terms.
 - (e) The Purchaser is an "accredited investor" as such term is defined in Regulation D under the 1933 Act.

SECTION 7. Miscellaneous.

- (a) Specific Performance. The parties hereto agree that irreparable damage would occur if any provision of this Agreement, including the Purchaser's failure to execute the Stockholders Agreement, were not performed by the Purchaser in accordance with the terms hereof and that the Company shall, following the Effective Time, be entitled to specific performance and other equitable relief to prevent breaches of this Agreement and to enforce specifically the performance of the terms and provisions hereof in the Chancery Court of the State of Delaware and any state appellate court therefrom within the State of Delaware (or, if the Chancery Court of the State of Delaware declines to accept jurisdiction over a particular matter, any state or federal court sitting in the City of Wilmington, Delaware), in addition to any other remedy to which they are entitled at law or in equity. The Purchaser agrees to waive any requirement for the securing or posting of any bond in connection with such remedy.
- (b) No Restriction on Right of Company to Effect Corporate Changes Neither this Agreement nor the Stockholders Agreement shall affect in any way the right or power of the Company or its stockholders to, after the Effective Time, make or authorize any or all adjustments, recapitalizations, reorganizations or other changes in the Company's capital structure or its business, or any merger or consolidation of the Company, or any issue of stock or of options, warrants or rights to purchase stock or of bonds, debentures, preferred or prior preference stocks whose rights are superior to or affect the Management Shares or the rights thereof or which are convertible into or exchangeable for Class N Common Stock or other equity securities of the Company, or the dissolution or liquidation of the Company, or any sale or transfer of all or any part of its assets or business, or any other corporate act or proceeding, whether of a similar character or otherwise.

SECTION 8. Survival; Assignment. All agreements, representations and warranties made herein shall survive the issuance to the Purchaser of the Management Shares and, notwithstanding any investigation heretofore or hereafter made by the Purchaser or the Company or on the Purchaser's or the Company's behalf, shall continue in full force and effect. No party may assign, delegate or otherwise transfer any of its rights or obligations under this Agreement without the consent of the other party hereto, except as permitted by the Stockholders Agreement

or by will or the laws of descent and distribution. Whenever in this Agreement any of the parties hereto is referred to, such reference shall be deemed to include the heirs and permitted successors and assigns of such party; and all agreements herein by or on behalf of the Company, or by or on behalf of the Purchaser, shall bind and inure to the benefit of the heirs and permitted successors and assigns of such parties hereto.

SECTION 9. *Notices.* All notices, requests, consents and other communications hereunder to any party shall be deemed to be sufficient if contained in a written instrument delivered in person or by telecopy (including facsimile or e-mail transmission) or sent by nationally recognized overnight courier, and shall be given:

If to the Company:

AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc. 920 Main Street Kansas City, MO 64105-1977 Facsimile: (816) 480-4700 Attn: General Counsel

with a copy (which shall not constitute notice) to:

Dalian Wanda Group Co., Ltd. 21/F Block B, Wanda Plaza 93 Jianguo Road Chaoyang District, Beijing China 100022 Facsimile: +86 (10) 8585-3095 Attn: Wu Hua

with a copy (which shall not constitute notice) to:

Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP 450 Lexington Avenue New York, New York 10017 Attention: Phillip R. Mills Facsimile No.: (212) 701-5800 E-mail: phillip.mills@davispolk.com

If to the Purchaser, to the address set forth on such Purchaser's signature page hereto;

or to such other address, facsimile number or e-mail address as such party may hereafter specify in accordance with this Section 9 for this purpose by notice to the other parties.

All such notices, requests, consents and other communications shall be deemed to have been delivered and received: (i) in the case of personal delivery or delivery by facsimile, on the date of such delivery (and, if such date is not a Business Day, then on the next Business Day); and (ii) in

the case of dispatch by nationally recognized overnight courier, on the next Business Day following such dispatch.

SECTION 10. Waiver. Any provision of this Agreement may be waived by a party but only if such waiver is in writing and is signed by the party against whom the waiver is to be effective. The waiver by either party of compliance with any provision of this Agreement by the other party shall not operate or be construed as a waiver of

any other provision of this Agreement, or of any subsequent breach by the other party of a provision of this Agreement.

SECTION 11. Amendment. No amendment or modification of any provision of this Agreement shall be effective unless signed in writing by or on behalf of the Company and the Purchaser.

SECTION 12. Entire Agreement; Governing Law; Submission of Jurisdiction.

- (a) This Agreement and the Stockholders Agreements set forth the entire agreement and understanding between the parties hereto and supersede all prior agreements and understandings relating to the subject matter hereof. The headings of sections and subsections herein are included solely for convenience of reference and shall not affect the meaning of any of the provisions of this Agreement. This Agreement shall be subject, and construed in accordance with, the laws of the State of New York, without regard to the conflict of law rules of such state.
- (b) Each party acknowledges and agrees that the choice of the laws of the State of New York as the governing law of this Agreement was freely made by it for bona fide purposes.
- (c) The parties hereto agree that any suit, action or proceeding seeking to enforce any provision of, or based on any matter arising out of or in connection with, this Agreement or the transactions contemplated hereby shall be brought in the Chancery Court of the State of Delaware or of any federal court located in the State of Delaware, so long as one of such courts shall have subject matter jurisdiction over such suit, action or proceeding, and that any case of action arising out of this Agreement shall be deemed to have arisen from a transaction of business in the State of Delaware, and each of the parties hereby irrevocably consents to the jurisdiction of such courts (and of the appropriate appellate courts therefrom) in any such suit, action or proceeding and irrevocably waives, to the fullest extent permitted by law, any objection that it may now or hereafter have to the laying of the venue of any such suit, action or proceeding in any such court or that any such suit, action or proceeding which is brought in any such court has been brought in an inconvenient forum.

SECTION 13. WAIVER OF JURY TRIAL. EACH OF THE PARTIES HERETO HEREBY IRREVOCABLY WAIVES ANY AND ALL RIGHT TO TRIAL BY JURY IN ANY LEGAL PROCEEDING ARISING OUT OF OR RELATED TO THIS AGREEMENT. EACH PARTY HEREBY ACKNOWLEDGES THAT THIS IS A COMMERCIAL TRANSACTION, THAT THE FOREGOING PROVISIONS FOR WAIVER OF JURY TRIAL HAVE BEEN READ, UNDERSTOOD AND VOLUNTARILY AGREED TO BY EACH PARTY AND THAT BY AGREEING TO SUCH PROVISIONS EACH PARTY IS WAIVING IMPORTANT LEGAL RIGHTS.

SECTION 14. Counterparts. This Agreement may be signed in any number of counterparts (including by facsimile or electronic .pdf submission), each of which shall be an original, with the same effect as if the signatures thereto and hereto were upon the same instrument. This Agreement shall become effective when each party hereto shall have received a counterpart hereof signed by all of the other parties hereto. Until and unless each party has received a counterpart hereof signed by the other party hereto (including by facsimile or electronic .pdf submission), this Agreement shall have no effect and no party shall have any right or obligation hereunder (whether by virtue of any other oral or written agreement or other communication).

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Company has caused this Agreement to be executed by its duly authorized officer and the Purchaser has executed this Agreement, both as of the day and year first above written.

AMC ENTERTAINMENT HOLDINGS, INC.

By: /s/ Craig R. Ramsey

Name: Craig R. Ramsey

Title: Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

[SIGNATURE PAGE TO THE SUBSCRIPTION AGREEMENT]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Company has caused this Agreement to be executed by its duly authorized officer and the Purchaser has executed this Agreement, both as of the day and year first above written.

PURCHASER

/s/ Elizabeth Frank

Name: Elizabeth Frank

Address:

[SIGNATURE PAGE TO THE SUBSCRIPTION AGREEMENT]

SCHEDULE A

Form of Stockholders Agreement

Please see attached

Pursuant to §83(b) of the United States Internal Revenue Code

On [], 2012, the undersigned (the "Taxpayer") acquired shares of Class N common stock of AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc. (the "Company"), par value \$0.01 (the "Property"). The Property is subject to certain restrictions pursuant to the Management Subscription Agreement, dated as of May 21, 2012.
The Taxpayer does not believe that the Property has been "transferred" under the provisions of § 83 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code") because the Taxpayer has a put right at the purchase price for the Property, and thereby does not have a risk of loss with respect to the Property pursuant to Treasury Regulation § 1.83-3(a)(6) and Treasury Regulation § 1.83-3(a)(7), Example 5. However, in the event that the sale is treated as a "transfer" under § 83 of the Code, the Taxpayer desires to make an election to have the receipt of the Property taxed under § 83(b) of the Code at the time the Taxpayer acquired the Property.
Therefore, pursuant to § 83(b) of the Code and Treasury Regulation § 1.83-2 promulgated thereunder, the Taxpayer hereby makes a protective election, with respect to the Property, to report as taxable income for calendar year 2012 the excess, if any, of the Property's fair market value on [], 2012 over the purchase price thereof.
The following information is supplied in accordance with Treasury Regulation § 1.83-2(e):
1. The name, address and taxpayer identification number of the Taxpayer:
Name:
Address:
Taxpayer I.D. No.:
2. A description of the Property with respect to which the election is being made:
[] shares of Class N common stock of the Company, par value \$0.01.
3. The date on which the Property was transferred and the taxable year for which such election is made:
[], 2012, and calendar year 2012.
4. The nature of the restriction(s) to which the Property is subject:
The Property is subject to transfer restrictions. In addition, the property is subject to forfeiture restrictions that lapse only if the Taxpayer remains employed by the Company through July 19, 2014, or if the Taxpayer's employment is terminated without "Cause" or for "Good Reason" (in each case, as defined in the Management Subscription
Agreement between the Company and the Taxpayer) or due to death or disability.
5. Fair market value at the time of transfer:
The fair market value at time of transfer (determined without regard to any restrictions other than restrictions which by their terms will never lapse) of the Property was \$[
6. Amount paid for the Property:
The amount paid by the Taxpayer for the Property was \$[].
7. Furnishing statement to the Company:
A copy of this statement has been furnished to the Company.
[SIGNATURE PAGE FOLLOWS]
IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned Taxpayer executes this Election to Include Value of Restricted Property in Gross Income in Year of Transfer Under Internal Revenue Code § 83(b) as of the day of , 2012.
[Name]

MANAGEMENT SUBSCRIPTION AGREEMENT (this "Agreement") dated as of May 21, 2012, between AMC ENTERTAINMENT HOLDINGS, INC., a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), and JOHN D. MCDONALD (the "Purchaser").

WHEREAS, the Company, Dalian Wanda Group Co., Ltd. ("Wanda"), a company organized under the laws of the People's Republic of China, and certain other parties have entered into an Agreement and Plan of Merger dated as of May 21, 2012 (the "Merger Agreement"); and

WHEREAS, at the Effective Time (as defined in the Merger Agreement), the Purchaser wishes to subscribe for, and the Company wishes to issue to the Purchaser, shares of Class N Common Stock (as defined below) of the Company pursuant to the terms and conditions set forth herein.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the covenants and agreements herein contained, the parties hereto agree as follows:

SECTION 1. Definitions.

"Affiliate" shall have the meaning set forth in the Stockholders Agreement.

"Applicable Tax Rate" means 45%; provided that, except for purposes of determining Specified Value (as defined below), the Applicable Tax Rate shall be equitably adjusted to take into account changes to applicable federal, foreign, state or local tax rates enacted following the date of this Agreement.

"Board of Directors" means the Board of Directors of the Company.

"Business Day" means a day, other than Saturday, Sunday or other day on which commercial banks in New York, New York, in Beijing, People's Republic of China or in the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region, are authorized or required by Applicable Law (as defined in the Merger Agreement) to close.

"Code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

"Class N Common Stock" means shares of Class N common stock of the Company, par value \$0.01.

"Cause" shall have the same meaning set forth in the Purchaser's then-effective employment agreement with the Company or its Affiliates, if any, or, if not so defined, the occurrence of any one of the following events:

(i) the Purchaser has committed a felony (under the laws of the United States or any relevant state, or a similar crime or offense under the applicable laws of any relevant foreign jurisdiction);

- (ii) the Purchaser has engaged in acts of fraud, dishonesty, gross negligence or other misconduct including abuse of controlled substances, that is injurious to the Company, its Affiliates or any of their customers, clients or employees;
- (iii) the Purchaser willfully fails to perform or uphold his or her duties under and/or willfully fails to comply with reasonable directives of the Board of Directors, in either case, that is not remedied by the Purchaser within fifteen (15) days after written notice thereof has been delivered to the Purchaser; or
- (iv) any material breach by the Purchaser of any contract he or she is a party to with the Company or any of its Affiliates including the Code of Ethics or another material written policy; *provided*, however, that any such breach shall not constitute Cause unless the Purchaser fails to promptly cure such breach, if such breach is reasonably susceptible to cure, within fifteen (15) days of receiving such written notice thereof.
 - "Company Stock Option" shall have the meaning set forth in the Merger Agreement.
- "Disability" shall have the same meaning set forth in the Purchaser's employment agreement with the Company or its Affiliates, if any, or, if not so defined, a physical or mental impairment which, as reasonably determined by the Board of Directors, renders the Purchaser unable to perform the essential functions of his employment with the Company or its Affiliates, even with reasonable accommodation that does not impose an undue hardship on the Company or any of its Affiliates, for more than 90 days in any 180-day period, unless a longer period is required by federal or state law, in which case that longer period would apply.

"Equityholders" shall have the meaning set forth in the Merger Agreement.

"Fair Market Value" shall have the meaning set forth in the Stockholders Agreement.

- "Good Reason" shall have the same meaning set forth in the Purchaser's then-effective employment agreement with the Company or its Affiliates, if any (which meaning shall be deemed to include a failure by the Company or its Affiliates to pay to the Purchaser any benefit due under the Management Profit Sharing Plan (as defined below), if such breach does not otherwise constitute Good Reason thereunder) or, if not so defined, the occurrence of any one of the following events:
 - (i) a material diminution in the Purchaser's rate of base salary;
 - (ii) a material diminution in the Purchaser's authority, duties, or responsibilities;
- (iii) a material change in the geographic location of the Purchaser's principal office with the Company (for this purpose, in no event shall a relocation of such office to a new location that is not more than fifty (50) miles from the current location of the Purchaser's principal office constitute a "material change"); or
- (iv) (A) a material breach by the Company or any of its Affiliates of any contract the Company or any of its Affiliates is a party to with the Purchaser or (B) a failure by the Company

or its Affiliates to pay to the Purchaser any benefit due under the Management Profit Sharing Plan.

"Indemnity Escrow Fund" shall have the meaning set forth in the Merger Agreement.

"Initial Vested Management Share" means each Management Share that shall be vested as of the Effective Time.

- "IRS" means the Internal Revenue Service.
- "Management Profit Sharing Plan" means the AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc. Management Profit Sharing Plan, as in effect from time to time.
- "1933 Act" means the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereby.
- "1934 Act" means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereby.
- "Put Right" shall have the meaning set forth in the Stockholders Agreement.
- "SEC" means the Securities and Exchange Commission.
- "Specified Value" means the product of (i) 0.50, (ii) the difference between 1.00 and the Applicable Tax Rate and (iii) the sum of (A) the aggregate amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(a)(i) of the Merger Agreement, (B) the aggregate amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(a)(ii) of the Merger Agreement, assuming that the maximum amount of the Indemnity Escrow Fund (as defined in the Merger Agreement) and the maximum amount of the Stockholder Representative Reserve (as defined in the Merger Agreement) are paid to Equityholders, (C) the aggregate amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(b)(i) of the Merger Agreement, assuming that the maximum amount of the Indemnity Escrow Fund and the maximum amount of the Stockholder Representative Reserve are paid to Equityholders.
- "Stockholders Agreement" means the Management Stockholders Agreement, substantially in the form attached hereto as Schedule A, that will be entered into at the Effective Time among the Company, Wanda and the other parties signatory thereto (including any individual who executes and delivers a joinder agreement), as amended from time to time.
 - "Stockholder Representative Reserve" shall have the meaning set forth in the Merger Agreement.
- "Unvested Company Stock Option" means each Company Stock Option held by the Purchaser immediately prior to the Effective Time that is unvested as of immediately prior to the Effective Time (without regard to the cancellation of such Company Stock Options required by Section 2.09(a) of the Merger Agreement).
- "Unvested Management Share" means each Management Share that shall be unvested, and shall be subject to forfeiture as set forth in this Agreement, as of the Effective Time.
- "Vested Company Stock Option" means each Company Stock Option held by the Purchaser immediately prior to the Effective Time that is vested as of immediately prior to the Effective Time (without regard to the cancellation of such Company Stock Options required by Section 2.09(a) of the Merger Agreement).
 - "Vesting Date" means July 19, 2014.
 - SECTION 2. Price Per Share Adjustment of Number of Shares
- (a) **Price Per Share.** Upon the terms and subject to the conditions of this Agreement, at the Effective Time, the Purchaser shall purchase from the Company a number of shares of Class N Common Stock equal to (i) the Specified Value *divided by* (ii) the Per Share Merger Consideration (as defined in the Merger Agreement, assuming that the maximum amount of the Indemnity Escrow Fund and Stockholder Representative Reserve are paid to Equityholders at the Closing of the Merger) rounded down to the nearest whole share (such shares, the "Management Shares").
- (b) Adjustment of Number of Shares. The Company covenants and agrees that the per share purchase price of the shares of Class N Common Stock purchased by Purchaser pursuant to the terms of this Agreement shall be the same as the per share purchase price paid by Wanda for the shares of Class A Common Stock in connection with the transactions contemplated by the Merger Agreement. The Company acknowledges that if any portion of the Indemnity Escrow Fund is not paid to the Equityholders and is instead paid to any Person other than the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, then, at the Company's election, the number of shares of Class A Common Stock issued to Wanda will be adjusted, the number of shares of Class N Common Stock issued to the Purchaser will be adjusted and/or a portion of the Per Share Merger Consideration will be paid in cash, without interest, to the Purchaser so that the per share purchase price of shares of Class N Common Stock and the per share purchase price of shares of Class A Common Stock acquired by Wanda in connection with the transactions contemplated by the Merger Agreement are equal; provided, however, that this Section 2(b) shall only apply to those Management Shares that Purchaser holds on the date of the final release of any amounts from the Indemnity Escrow Fund. The parties hereto agree that any such adjustment shall be made following the final release of any amounts from the Indemnity Escrow Fund, but such adjustment (i) shall take into account the total portion of the Indemnity Escrow Fund that is not paid to the Equityholders and is instead paid to any Person other than the Company or any of its Subsidiaries and (ii) shall be given effect from the original issuance of Shares of Class N Common Stock pursuant to the terms of this Agreement. The Company covenants and agrees to promptly take all actions required to effect the terms of this Section 2(b).
 - SECTION 3. Stockholders Agreement; Protective Section 83(b) Election; Management Profit Sharing Plan.
- (a) Stockholders Agreement. As of the Effective Time, and as a condition precedent to the acquisition of the Management Shares hereunder, the Purchaser shall execute the

Stockholders Agreement. By execution of this Agreement, the Purchaser acknowledges that all Management Shares acquired hereunder shall be subject to the provisions of the Stockholders Agreement.

- (b) Protective Section 83(b) Election. As of the Effective Time, and as a condition precedent to the acquisition of the Management Shares hereunder, the Purchaser shall make an election with the IRS under Section 83(b) of the Code and the regulations promulgated thereunder (a "Protective Section 83(b) Election") with respect to the Unvested Management Shares (as defined below), and the Purchaser shall provide a copy of such form to the Company promptly following its filing, which is required under current law to be filed with the IRS no later than thirty (30) days after the date in which the Effective Time occurs. The form for making the Protective Section 83(b) Election is attached hereto as Schedule B.
- (c) Management Profit Sharing Plan. As a condition precedent to the acquisition of the Management Shares hereunder, the Management Profit Sharing Plan shall become effective as of the Effective Time. If the Management Profit Sharing Plan does not become effective as of or substantially concurrent with the Effective Time, this Agreement shall become null and void ab initio and have no effect, and all rights and obligations of the parties hereunder shall automatically terminate.
 - **SECTION 4**. Terms of Management Shares.
- (a) Initial Vested Management Shares. The number of Initial Vested Management Shares shall equal the product of (i) the number of Management Shares and (ii) the Initial Vested Percentage. The "Initial Vested Percentage" shall be a fraction, the numerator of which shall be the sum of (i) the aggregate amount payable to the

Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(a)(i) of the Merger Agreement with respect to Vested Company Stock Options and (ii) the aggregate amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(a)(ii) of the Merger Agreement with respect to Vested Company Stock Options, assuming that the maximum amount of the Indemnity Escrow Fund and the maximum amount of the Stockholder Representative Reserve are paid to Equityholders, and the denominator of which shall be the sum of (A) the aggregate amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(a)(i) of the Merger Agreement, (B) the aggregate amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(a)(ii) of the Merger Agreement, assuming that the maximum amount of the Stockholder Representative Reserve are paid to Equityholders, (C) the aggregate amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(b)(ii) of the Merger Agreement and (D) the aggregate amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(b)(ii) of the Merger Agreement, assuming that the maximum amount of the Indemnity Escrow Fund and the maximum amount of the Stockholder Representative Reserve are paid to Equityholders.

(b) Unvested Management Shares. The number of Unvested Management Shares shall equal the product of (i) the number of Management Shares and (ii) the Initial Unvested Percentage. The "Initial Unvested Percentage" shall be a fraction, the numerator of which shall be sum of (i) the aggregate amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(a)(i) of the Merger Agreement with respect to Unvested Company Stock Options, (ii) the aggregate amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(a)(ii) of the Merger Agreement with respect to Unvested Company Stock Options, assuming that the maximum amount of the

Indemnity Escrow Fund and the maximum amount of the Stockholder Representative Reserve are paid to Equityholders, (iii) the aggregate amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(b)(ii) of the Merger Agreement, assuming that the maximum amount of the Indemnity Escrow Fund and the maximum amount of the Stockholder Representative Reserve are paid to Equityholders, and the denominator of which shall be the sum of (A) the aggregate amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(a)(i) of the Merger Agreement, (B) the aggregate amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(a)(ii) of the Merger Agreement, assuming that the maximum amount of the Indemnity Escrow Fund and the maximum amount of the Stockholder Representative Reserve are paid to Equityholders, (C) the aggregate amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(b)(i) of the Merger Agreement and (D) the aggregate amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(b)(ii) of the Merger Agreement, assuming that the maximum amount of the Indemnity Escrow Fund and the maximum amount of the Stockholder Representative Reserve are paid to Equityholders. The Unvested Management Shares shall become fully vested and nonforfeitable on the Vesting Date, subject only to the Purchaser's continued service for the Company or any of its Affiliates through the Vesting Date (any such Unvested Management Shares that become vested and nonforfeitable, together with the Initial Vested Management Shares, the "Vested Management Shares shall be forfeited, without any payment to the Purchaser, unless otherwise provided in this Agreement (including pursuant to Section 5(a) below).

- (c) Stockholder Rights. Subject to the restrictions set forth in this Agreement and the Stockholders Agreement, the Purchaser shall have all rights of a holder of Class N Common Stock as set forth in the Certificate of Incorporation of the Surviving Corporation, which shall be amended and restated substantially in the form of Exhibit J of the Merger Agreement pursuant to Section 3.01 thereof.
- (d) **Dividends and Distributions.** All cash and other dividends and distributions, if any, that are paid with respect to shares of Class N Common Stock (i) shall, with respect to any Vested Management Shares at the time of such dividend or distribution, be paid to the Purchaser at the same time, at the same rate and in the same manner as other holders of shares of Class N Common Stock, and (ii) shall, with respect to any Univested Management Shares at the time of such dividend or distribution, be withheld by the Company and paid to the Purchaser as described in clause (i) of this Section 4(d), without interest, on the Vesting Date, to the extent that such Univested Management Shares become vested and nonforfeitable in accordance with this Agreement.
- (e) Net Shares. Notwithstanding the terms of the Stockholders Agreement, upon any taxable event arising under federal, foreign, state or local tax law with respect to the Management Shares (including, but not limited to, the issuance, repurchase, cancellation, vesting or transfer of the Management Shares, or the waiver or cancellation of the Put Right), at the election of the Purchaser, the Company shall repurchase for their then-current Fair Market Value a number of the Management Shares up to the amount of the tax liability incurred with respect to such taxable event, such tax liability to be calculated using the applicable tax rate of the Purchaser at the time the taxable event arises.

SECTION 5. Termination of Employment.

- (a) Termination prior to the Vesting Date due to Death or Disability, without Cause or for Good Reason If the employment of the Purchaser with the Company and its Affiliates terminates prior to the Vesting Date (i) due to death or Disability, (ii) by the Company or any of its Affiliates without Cause or (iii) by the Purchaser with Good Reason, then the Purchaser's Unvested Management Shares as of the date of such termination of employment shall become fully vested and nonforfeitable as of the date of such termination of employment.
- (b) Termination prior to the Vesting Date other than due to Death or Disability, with Cause or without Good Reason If the employment of the Purchaser with the Company and its Affiliates terminates prior to the Vesting Date other than as set forth in Section 5(a), then the Purchaser's Unvested Management Shares as of the date of such termination of employment shall be forfeited in their entirety as of the date of such termination of employment without any payment to the Purchaser.
- (c) Vested Management Shares. If the employment of the Purchaser with the Company and its Affiliates terminates for any reason, the Purchaser's Vested Management Shares as of the date of such termination of employment shall not be forfeited.

SECTION 6. Representations and Warranties.

The Purchaser hereby represents and warrants to the Company as follows:

- (a) The Purchaser has been advised that the Management Shares have not been registered under the 1933 Act and, therefore, cannot be resold to a third party unless the Management Shares are registered or unless an exemption from registration is available. The Purchaser is acquiring the Management Shares for his or her own account, for investment and not with a view to, or for resale in connection with, the distribution thereof, and the Purchaser has no present intention of selling, assigning, transferring, distributing or otherwise disposing of, or causing the sale, assignment, transfer, distribution or other disposition of, any thereof. In making the foregoing representations, the Purchaser is aware that he or she must bear the economic risk of an investment in the Management Shares for an indefinite period of time since, in the view of the SEC, the statutory basis for exemption from registration under the 1933 Act would not be present if such representations meant merely that the Purchaser's current intention is to hold these securities only for the long-term capital gains period of the Code, or for a deferred sale, or for any fixed period in the future.
- (b) The Purchaser has been given the opportunity to ask questions of, and receive answers from, the Company concerning the terms and conditions of the Management Shares to be transferred hereunder and other related matters. The Purchaser represents and warrants that he or she has been furnished with and has carefully read this Agreement and the Stockholders Agreement and that the Company has made available to the Purchaser or his agents all documents and information requested by him/her or on his/her behalf in connection with his/her investment in the Management Shares and that he or she understands and has evaluated the merits and risks of an investment in the Management Shares. In evaluating the suitability of an investment in such Management Shares, the Purchaser has not relied upon any other

representations or other information (whether oral or written) made by or on behalf of the Company other than such express representations and warranties as are made in this Agreement and the Stockholders Agreement.

- (c) The Purchaser is aware of and familiar with the restrictions on the transfer of any Management Shares, including, without limitation, the restrictions contained in this Agreement and the Stockholders Agreement.
- (d) The Purchaser represents that this Agreement has been duly executed and delivered by the Purchaser and constitutes a legal, valid and binding agreement of the Purchaser, enforceable against the Purchaser in accordance with its terms.
 - (e) The Purchaser is an "accredited investor" as such term is defined in Regulation D under the 1933 Act.

SECTION 7. Miscellaneous.

- (a) Specific Performance. The parties hereto agree that irreparable damage would occur if any provision of this Agreement, including the Purchaser's failure to execute the Stockholders Agreement, were not performed by the Purchaser in accordance with the terms hereof and that the Company shall, following the Effective Time, be entitled to specific performance and other equitable relief to prevent breaches of this Agreement and to enforce specifically the performance of the terms and provisions hereof in the Chancery Court of the State of Delaware and any state appellate court therefrom within the State of Delaware (or, if the Chancery Court of the State of Delaware declines to accept jurisdiction over a particular matter, any state or federal court sitting in the City of Wilmington, Delaware), in addition to any other remedy to which they are entitled at law or in equity. The Purchaser agrees to waive any requirement for the securing or posting of any bond in connection with such remedy.
- (b) No Restriction on Right of Company to Effect Corporate Changes Neither this Agreement nor the Stockholders Agreement shall affect in any way the right or power of the Company or its stockholders to, after the Effective Time, make or authorize any or all adjustments, recapitalizations, reorganizations or other changes in the Company's capital structure or its business, or any merger or consolidation of the Company, or any issue of stock or of options, warrants or rights to purchase stock or of bonds, debentures, preferred or prior preference stocks whose rights are superior to or affect the Management Shares or the rights thereof or which are convertible into or exchangeable for Class N Common Stock or other equity securities of the Company, or the dissolution or liquidation of the Company, or any sale or transfer of all or any part of its assets or business, or any other corporate act or proceeding, whether of a similar character or otherwise.

SECTION 8. Survival; Assignment. All agreements, representations and warranties made herein shall survive the issuance to the Purchaser of the Management Shares and, notwithstanding any investigation heretofore or hereafter made by the Purchaser or the Company or on the Purchaser's or the Company's behalf, shall continue in full force and effect. No party may assign, delegate or otherwise transfer any of its rights or obligations under this Agreement without the consent of the other party hereto, except as permitted by the Stockholders Agreement

or by will or the laws of descent and distribution. Whenever in this Agreement any of the parties hereto is referred to, such reference shall be deemed to include the heirs and permitted successors and assigns of such party; and all agreements herein by or on behalf of the Company, or by or on behalf of the Purchaser, shall bind and inure to the benefit of the heirs and permitted successors and assigns of such parties hereto.

SECTION 9. *Notices.* All notices, requests, consents and other communications hereunder to any party shall be deemed to be sufficient if contained in a written instrument delivered in person or by telecopy (including facsimile or e-mail transmission) or sent by nationally recognized overnight courier, and shall be given:

If to the Company:

AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc. 920 Main Street Kansas City, MO 64105-1977 Facsimile: (816) 480-4700 Attn: General Counsel

with a copy (which shall not constitute notice) to:

Dalian Wanda Group Co., Ltd. 21/F Block B, Wanda Plaza 93 Jianguo Road Chaoyang District, Beijing China 100022 Facsimile: +86 (10) 8585-3095

Attn: Wu Hua

with a copy (which shall not constitute notice) to:

Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP 450 Lexington Avenue New York, New York 10017 Attention: Phillip R. Mills Facsimile No.: (212) 701-5800 E-mail: phillip.mills@davispolk.com

If to the Purchaser, to the address set forth on such Purchaser's signature page hereto;

or to such other address, facsimile number or e-mail address as such party may hereafter specify in accordance with this Section 9 for this purpose by notice to the other parties.

All such notices, requests, consents and other communications shall be deemed to have been delivered and received: (i) in the case of personal delivery or delivery by facsimile, on the date of such delivery (and, if such date is not a Business Day, then on the next Business Day); and (ii) in

the case of dispatch by nationally recognized overnight courier, on the next Business Day following such dispatch.

SECTION 10. Waiver. Any provision of this Agreement may be waived by a party but only if such waiver is in writing and is signed by the party against whom the

waiver is to be effective. The waiver by either party of compliance with any provision of this Agreement by the other party shall not operate or be construed as a waiver of any other provision of this Agreement, or of any subsequent breach by the other party of a provision of this Agreement.

SECTION 11. *Amendment*. No amendment or modification of any provision of this Agreement shall be effective unless signed in writing by or on behalf of the Company and the Purchaser.

SECTION 12. Entire Agreement; Governing Law; Submission of Jurisdiction.

- (a) This Agreement and the Stockholders Agreements set forth the entire agreement and understanding between the parties hereto and supersede all prior agreements and understandings relating to the subject matter hereof. The headings of sections and subsections herein are included solely for convenience of reference and shall not affect the meaning of any of the provisions of this Agreement. This Agreement shall be subject, and construed in accordance with, the laws of the State of New York, without regard to the conflict of law rules of such state.
- (b) Each party acknowledges and agrees that the choice of the laws of the State of New York as the governing law of this Agreement was freely made by it for bona fide purposes.
- (c) The parties hereto agree that any suit, action or proceeding seeking to enforce any provision of, or based on any matter arising out of or in connection with, this Agreement or the transactions contemplated hereby shall be brought in the Chancery Court of the State of Delaware or of any federal court located in the State of Delaware, so long as one of such courts shall have subject matter jurisdiction over such suit, action or proceeding, and that any case of action arising out of this Agreement shall be deemed to have arisen from a transaction of business in the State of Delaware, and each of the parties hereby irrevocably consents to the jurisdiction of such courts (and of the appropriate appellate courts therefrom) in any such suit, action or proceeding and irrevocably waives, to the fullest extent permitted by law, any objection that it may now or hereafter have to the laying of the venue of any such suit, action or proceeding in any such court or that any such suit, action or proceeding which is brought in any such court has been brought in an inconvenient forum.

SECTION 13. WAIVER OF JURY TRIAL. EACH OF THE PARTIES HERETO HEREBY IRREVOCABLY WAIVES ANY AND ALL RIGHT TO TRIAL BY JURY IN ANY LEGAL PROCEEDING ARISING OUT OF OR RELATED TO THIS AGREEMENT. EACH PARTY HEREBY ACKNOWLEDGES THAT THIS IS A COMMERCIAL TRANSACTION, THAT THE FOREGOING PROVISIONS FOR WAIVER OF JURY TRIAL HAVE BEEN READ, UNDERSTOOD AND VOLUNTARILY AGREED TO BY EACH PARTY AND THAT BY AGREEING TO SUCH PROVISIONS EACH PARTY IS WAIVING IMPORTANT LEGAL RIGHTS.

SECTION 14. Counterparts. This Agreement may be signed in any number of counterparts (including by facsimile or electronic .pdf submission), each of which shall be an original, with the same effect as if the signatures thereto and hereto were upon the same instrument. This Agreement shall become effective when each party hereto shall have received a counterpart hereof signed by all of the other parties hereto. Until and unless each party has received a counterpart hereof signed by the other party hereto (including by facsimile or electronic .pdf submission), this Agreement shall have no effect and no party shall have any right or obligation hereunder (whether by virtue of any other oral or written agreement or other communication).

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Company has caused this Agreement to be executed by its duly authorized officer and the Purchaser has executed this Agreement, both as of the day and year first above written.

AMC ENTERTAINMENT HOLDINGS, INC.

By: /s/ Craig R. Ramsey

Name: Craig R. Ramsey

Title: Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

[SIGNATURE PAGE TO THE SUBSCRIPTION AGREEMENT]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Company has caused this Agreement to be executed by its duly authorized officer and the Purchaser has executed this Agreement, both as of the day and year first above written.

PURCHASER

/s/ John McDonald

Name: John McDonald

Address:

[SIGNATURE PAGE TO THE SUBSCRIPTION AGREEMENT]

SCHEDULE A

Form of Stockholders Agreement

Please see attached

Pursuant to §83(b) of the United States Internal Revenue Code

On [], 2012, the undersigned (the " Taxpayer ") acquired shares of Class N common stock of AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc. (the " Company "), par value \$0.01 (the " Property "). The Property is subject to certain restrictions pursuant to the Management Subscription Agreement, dated as of May 21, 2012.
The Taxpayer does not believe that the Property has been "transferred" under the provisions of § 83 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code") because the Taxpayer has a put right at the purchase price for the Property, and thereby does not have a risk of loss with respect to the Property pursuant to Treasury Regulation § 1.83-3(a)(6) and Treasury Regulation § 1.83-3(a)(7), Example 5. However, in the event that the sale is treated as a "transfer" under § 83 of the Code, the Taxpayer desires to make an election to have the receipt of the Property taxed under § 83(b) of the Code at the time the Taxpayer acquired the Property.
Therefore, pursuant to § 83(b) of the Code and Treasury Regulation § 1.83-2 promulgated thereunder, the Taxpayer hereby makes a protective election, with respect to the Property, to report as taxable income for calendar year 2012 the excess, if any, of the Property's fair market value on [], 2012 over the purchase price thereof.
The following information is supplied in accordance with Treasury Regulation § 1.83-2(e):
1. The name, address and taxpayer identification number of the Taxpayer:
Name:
Address:
Taxpayer I.D. No.:
2. A description of the Property with respect to which the election is being made:
shares of Class N common stock of the Company, par value \$0.01.
3. The date on which the Property was transferred and the taxable year for which such election is made:
[], 2012, and calendar year 2012.
4. The nature of the restriction(s) to which the Property is subject:
through July 19, 2014, or if the Taxpayer's employment is terminated without "Cause" or for "Good Reason" (in each case, as defined in the Management Subscription Agreement between the Company and the Taxpayer) or due to death or disability.
5. Fair market value at the time of transfer:
The fair market value at time of transfer (determined without regard to any restrictions other than restrictions which by their terms will never lapse) of the Property was \$[
6. Amount paid for the Property:
The amount paid by the Taxpayer for the Property was \$\[\]].
7. Furnishing statement to the Company:
A copy of this statement has been furnished to the Company.
[SIGNATURE PAGE FOLLOWS]
IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned Taxpayer executes this Election to Include Value of Restricted Property in Gross Income in Year of Transfer Under Internal Revenue Code § 83(b) as of the day of , 2012.
[Name]

MANAGEMENT SUBSCRIPTION AGREEMENT (this "Agreement") dated as of May 21, 2012, between AMC ENTERTAINMENT HOLDINGS, INC., a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), and MARK A. MCDONALD (the "Purchaser").

WHEREAS, the Company, Dalian Wanda Group Co., Ltd. ("Wanda"), a company organized under the laws of the People's Republic of China, and certain other parties have entered into an Agreement and Plan of Merger dated as of May 21, 2012 (the "Merger Agreement"); and

WHEREAS, at the Effective Time (as defined in the Merger Agreement), the Purchaser wishes to subscribe for, and the Company wishes to issue to the Purchaser, shares of Class N Common Stock (as defined below) of the Company pursuant to the terms and conditions set forth herein.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the covenants and agreements herein contained, the parties hereto agree as follows:

SECTION 1. Definitions.

"Affiliate" shall have the meaning set forth in the Stockholders Agreement.

"Applicable Tax Rate" means 45%; provided that, except for purposes of determining Specified Value (as defined below), the Applicable Tax Rate shall be equitably adjusted to take into account changes to applicable federal, foreign, state or local tax rates enacted following the date of this Agreement.

"Board of Directors" means the Board of Directors of the Company.

"Business Day" means a day, other than Saturday, Sunday or other day on which commercial banks in New York, New York, in Beijing, People's Republic of China or in the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region, are authorized or required by Applicable Law (as defined in the Merger Agreement) to close.

"Code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

"Class N Common Stock" means shares of Class N common stock of the Company, par value \$0.01.

"Cause" shall have the same meaning set forth in the Purchaser's then-effective employment agreement with the Company or its Affiliates, if any, or, if not so defined, the occurrence of any one of the following events:

(i) the Purchaser has committed a felony (under the laws of the United States or any relevant state, or a similar crime or offense under the applicable laws of any relevant foreign jurisdiction);

- (ii) the Purchaser has engaged in acts of fraud, dishonesty, gross negligence or other misconduct including abuse of controlled substances, that is injurious to the Company, its Affiliates or any of their customers, clients or employees;
- (iii) the Purchaser willfully fails to perform or uphold his or her duties under and/or willfully fails to comply with reasonable directives of the Board of Directors, in either case, that is not remedied by the Purchaser within fifteen (15) days after written notice thereof has been delivered to the Purchaser; or
- (iv) any material breach by the Purchaser of any contract he or she is a party to with the Company or any of its Affiliates including the Code of Ethics or another material written policy; *provided*, however, that any such breach shall not constitute Cause unless the Purchaser fails to promptly cure such breach, if such breach is reasonably susceptible to cure, within fifteen (15) days of receiving such written notice thereof.
 - "Company Stock Option" shall have the meaning set forth in the Merger Agreement.
- "Disability" shall have the same meaning set forth in the Purchaser's employment agreement with the Company or its Affiliates, if any, or, if not so defined, a physical or mental impairment which, as reasonably determined by the Board of Directors, renders the Purchaser unable to perform the essential functions of his employment with the Company or its Affiliates, even with reasonable accommodation that does not impose an undue hardship on the Company or any of its Affiliates, for more than 90 days in any 180-day period, unless a longer period is required by federal or state law, in which case that longer period would apply.

"Equityholders" shall have the meaning set forth in the Merger Agreement.

"Fair Market Value" shall have the meaning set forth in the Stockholders Agreement.

"Good Reason" shall have the same meaning set forth in the Purchaser's then-effective employment agreement with the Company or its Affiliates, if any (which meaning shall be deemed to include a failure by the Company or its Affiliates to pay to the Purchaser any benefit due under the Management Profit Sharing Plan (as defined below), if such breach does not otherwise constitute Good Reason thereunder) or, if not so defined, the occurrence of any one of the following events:

- (i) a material diminution in the Purchaser's rate of base salary;
- (ii) a material diminution in the Purchaser's authority, duties, or responsibilities;
- (iii) a material change in the geographic location of the Purchaser's principal office with the Company (for this purpose, in no event shall a relocation of such office to a new location that is not more than fifty (50) miles from the current location of the Purchaser's principal office constitute a "material change"); or
- (iv) (A) a material breach by the Company or any of its Affiliates of any contract the Company or any of its Affiliates is a party to with the Purchaser or (B) a failure by the Company

or its Affiliates to pay to the Purchaser any benefit due under the Management Profit Sharing Plan.

"Indemnity Escrow Fund" shall have the meaning set forth in the Merger Agreement.

"Initial Vested Management Share" means each Management Share that shall be vested as of the Effective Time.

- "IRS" means the Internal Revenue Service.
- "Management Profit Sharing Plan" means the AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc. Management Profit Sharing Plan, as in effect from time to time.
- "1933 Act" means the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereby.
- "1934 Act" means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereby.
- "Put Right" shall have the meaning set forth in the Stockholders Agreement.
- "SEC" means the Securities and Exchange Commission.
- "Specified Value" means the product of (i) 0.50, (ii) the difference between 1.00 and the Applicable Tax Rate and (iii) the sum of (A) the aggregate amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(a)(i) of the Merger Agreement, (B) the aggregate amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(a)(ii) of the Merger Agreement, assuming that the maximum amount of the Indemnity Escrow Fund (as defined in the Merger Agreement) and the maximum amount of the Stockholder Representative Reserve (as defined in the Merger Agreement) are paid to Equityholders, (C) the aggregate amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(b)(i) of the Merger Agreement, assuming that the maximum amount of the Indemnity Escrow Fund and the maximum amount of the Stockholder Representative Reserve are paid to Equityholders.
- "Stockholders Agreement" means the Management Stockholders Agreement, substantially in the form attached hereto as Schedule A, that will be entered into at the Effective Time among the Company, Wanda and the other parties signatory thereto (including any individual who executes and delivers a joinder agreement), as amended from time to time.
 - "Stockholder Representative Reserve" shall have the meaning set forth in the Merger Agreement.
- "Unvested Company Stock Option" means each Company Stock Option held by the Purchaser immediately prior to the Effective Time that is unvested as of immediately prior to the Effective Time (without regard to the cancellation of such Company Stock Options required by Section 2.09(a) of the Merger Agreement).
- "Unvested Management Share" means each Management Share that shall be unvested, and shall be subject to forfeiture as set forth in this Agreement, as of the Effective Time.
- "Vested Company Stock Option" means each Company Stock Option held by the Purchaser immediately prior to the Effective Time that is vested as of immediately prior to the Effective Time (without regard to the cancellation of such Company Stock Options required by Section 2.09(a) of the Merger Agreement).
 - "Vesting Date" means July 19, 2014.
 - SECTION 2. Price Per Share Adjustment of Number of Shares
- (a) **Price Per Share.** Upon the terms and subject to the conditions of this Agreement, at the Effective Time, the Purchaser shall purchase from the Company a number of shares of Class N Common Stock equal to (i) the Specified Value *divided by* (ii) the Per Share Merger Consideration (as defined in the Merger Agreement, assuming that the maximum amount of the Indemnity Escrow Fund and Stockholder Representative Reserve are paid to Equityholders at the Closing of the Merger) rounded down to the nearest whole share (such shares, the "Management Shares").
- (b) Adjustment of Number of Shares. The Company covenants and agrees that the per share purchase price of the shares of Class N Common Stock purchased by Purchaser pursuant to the terms of this Agreement shall be the same as the per share purchase price paid by Wanda for the shares of Class A Common Stock in connection with the transactions contemplated by the Merger Agreement. The Company acknowledges that if any portion of the Indemnity Escrow Fund is not paid to the Equityholders and is instead paid to any Person other than the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, then, at the Company's election, the number of shares of Class A Common Stock issued to Wanda will be adjusted, the number of shares of Class N Common Stock issued to the Purchaser will be adjusted and/or a portion of the Per Share Merger Consideration will be paid in cash, without interest, to the Purchaser so that the per share purchase price of shares of Class N Common Stock and the per share purchase price of shares of Class A Common Stock acquired by Wanda in connection with the transactions contemplated by the Merger Agreement are equal; provided, however, that this Section 2(b) shall only apply to those Management Shares that Purchaser holds on the date of the final release of any amounts from the Indemnity Escrow Fund. The parties hereto agree that any such adjustment shall be made following the final release of any amounts from the Indemnity Escrow Fund, but such adjustment (i) shall take into account the total portion of the Indemnity Escrow Fund that is not paid to the Equityholders and is instead paid to any Person other than the Company or any of its Subsidiaries and (ii) shall be given effect from the original issuance of Shares of Class N Common Stock pursuant to the terms of this Agreement. The Company covenants and agrees to promptly take all actions required to effect the terms of this Section 2(b).
 - SECTION 3. Stockholders Agreement; Protective Section 83(b) Election; Management Profit Sharing Plan.
- (a) Stockholders Agreement. As of the Effective Time, and as a condition precedent to the acquisition of the Management Shares hereunder, the Purchaser shall execute the

Stockholders Agreement. By execution of this Agreement, the Purchaser acknowledges that all Management Shares acquired hereunder shall be subject to the provisions of the Stockholders Agreement.

- (b) Protective Section 83(b) Election. As of the Effective Time, and as a condition precedent to the acquisition of the Management Shares hereunder, the Purchaser shall make an election with the IRS under Section 83(b) of the Code and the regulations promulgated thereunder (a "Protective Section 83(b) Election") with respect to the Unvested Management Shares (as defined below), and the Purchaser shall provide a copy of such form to the Company promptly following its filing, which is required under current law to be filed with the IRS no later than thirty (30) days after the date in which the Effective Time occurs. The form for making the Protective Section 83(b) Election is attached hereto as Schedule B.
- (c) Management Profit Sharing Plan. As a condition precedent to the acquisition of the Management Shares hereunder, the Management Profit Sharing Plan shall become effective as of the Effective Time. If the Management Profit Sharing Plan does not become effective as of or substantially concurrent with the Effective Time, this Agreement shall become null and void ab initio and have no effect, and all rights and obligations of the parties hereunder shall automatically terminate.
 - **SECTION 4**. Terms of Management Shares.
- (a) Initial Vested Management Shares. The number of Initial Vested Management Shares shall equal the product of (i) the number of Management Shares and (ii) the Initial Vested Percentage. The "Initial Vested Percentage" shall be a fraction, the numerator of which shall be the sum of (i) the aggregate amount payable to the

Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(a)(i) of the Merger Agreement with respect to Vested Company Stock Options and (ii) the aggregate amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(a)(ii) of the Merger Agreement with respect to Vested Company Stock Options, assuming that the maximum amount of the Indemnity Escrow Fund and the maximum amount of the Stockholder Representative Reserve are paid to Equityholders, and the denominator of which shall be the sum of (A) the aggregate amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(a)(i) of the Merger Agreement, (B) the aggregate amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(a)(ii) of the Merger Agreement, assuming that the maximum amount of the Stockholder Representative Reserve are paid to Equityholders, (C) the aggregate amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(b)(ii) of the Merger Agreement and (D) the aggregate amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(b)(ii) of the Merger Agreement, assuming that the maximum amount of the Indemnity Escrow Fund and the maximum amount of the Stockholder Representative Reserve are paid to Equityholders.

(b) Unvested Management Shares. The number of Unvested Management Shares shall equal the product of (i) the number of Management Shares and (ii) the Initial Unvested Percentage. The "Initial Unvested Percentage" shall be a fraction, the numerator of which shall be sum of (i) the aggregate amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(a)(i) of the Merger Agreement with respect to Unvested Company Stock Options, (ii) the aggregate amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(a)(ii) of the Merger Agreement with respect to Unvested Company Stock Options, assuming that the maximum amount of the

Indemnity Escrow Fund and the maximum amount of the Stockholder Representative Reserve are paid to Equityholders, (iii) the aggregate amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(b)(ii) of the Merger Agreement, assuming that the maximum amount of the Indemnity Escrow Fund and the maximum amount of the Stockholder Representative Reserve are paid to Equityholders, and the denominator of which shall be the sum of (A) the aggregate amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(a)(i) of the Merger Agreement, (B) the aggregate amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(a)(ii) of the Merger Agreement, assuming that the maximum amount of the Indemnity Escrow Fund and the maximum amount of the Stockholder Representative Reserve are paid to Equityholders, (C) the aggregate amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(b)(i) of the Merger Agreement and (D) the aggregate amount payable to the Purchaser pursuant to Section 2.09(b)(ii) of the Merger Agreement, assuming that the maximum amount of the Indemnity Escrow Fund and the maximum amount of the Stockholder Representative Reserve are paid to Equityholders. The Unvested Management Shares shall become fully vested and nonforfeitable on the Vesting Date, subject only to the Purchaser's continued service for the Company or any of its Affiliates through the Vesting Date (any such Unvested Management Shares that become vested and nonforfeitable, together with the Initial Vested Management Shares, the "Vested Management Shares shall be forfeited, without any payment to the Purchaser, unless otherwise provided in this Agreement (including pursuant to Section 5(a) below).

- (c) Stockholder Rights. Subject to the restrictions set forth in this Agreement and the Stockholders Agreement, the Purchaser shall have all rights of a holder of Class N Common Stock as set forth in the Certificate of Incorporation of the Surviving Corporation, which shall be amended and restated substantially in the form of Exhibit J of the Merger Agreement pursuant to Section 3.01 thereof.
- (d) **Dividends and Distributions.** All cash and other dividends and distributions, if any, that are paid with respect to shares of Class N Common Stock (i) shall, with respect to any Vested Management Shares at the time of such dividend or distribution, be paid to the Purchaser at the same time, at the same rate and in the same manner as other holders of shares of Class N Common Stock, and (ii) shall, with respect to any Univested Management Shares at the time of such dividend or distribution, be withheld by the Company and paid to the Purchaser as described in clause (i) of this Section 4(d), without interest, on the Vesting Date, to the extent that such Univested Management Shares become vested and nonforfeitable in accordance with this Agreement.
- (e) Net Shares. Notwithstanding the terms of the Stockholders Agreement, upon any taxable event arising under federal, foreign, state or local tax law with respect to the Management Shares (including, but not limited to, the issuance, repurchase, cancellation, vesting or transfer of the Management Shares, or the waiver or cancellation of the Put Right), at the election of the Purchaser, the Company shall repurchase for their then-current Fair Market Value a number of the Management Shares up to the amount of the tax liability incurred with respect to such taxable event, such tax liability to be calculated using the applicable tax rate of the Purchaser at the time the taxable event arises.

SECTION 5. Termination of Employment.

- (a) Termination prior to the Vesting Date due to Death or Disability, without Cause or for Good Reason If the employment of the Purchaser with the Company and its Affiliates terminates prior to the Vesting Date (i) due to death or Disability, (ii) by the Company or any of its Affiliates without Cause or (iii) by the Purchaser with Good Reason, then the Purchaser's Unvested Management Shares as of the date of such termination of employment shall become fully vested and nonforfeitable as of the date of such termination of employment.
- (b) Termination prior to the Vesting Date other than due to Death or Disability, with Cause or without Good Reason If the employment of the Purchaser with the Company and its Affiliates terminates prior to the Vesting Date other than as set forth in Section 5(a), then the Purchaser's Unvested Management Shares as of the date of such termination of employment shall be forfeited in their entirety as of the date of such termination of employment without any payment to the Purchaser.
- (c) Vested Management Shares. If the employment of the Purchaser with the Company and its Affiliates terminates for any reason, the Purchaser's Vested Management Shares as of the date of such termination of employment shall not be forfeited.

SECTION 6. Representations and Warranties.

The Purchaser hereby represents and warrants to the Company as follows:

- (a) The Purchaser has been advised that the Management Shares have not been registered under the 1933 Act and, therefore, cannot be resold to a third party unless the Management Shares are registered or unless an exemption from registration is available. The Purchaser is acquiring the Management Shares for his or her own account, for investment and not with a view to, or for resale in connection with, the distribution thereof, and the Purchaser has no present intention of selling, assigning, transferring, distributing or otherwise disposing of, or causing the sale, assignment, transfer, distribution or other disposition of, any thereof. In making the foregoing representations, the Purchaser is aware that he or she must bear the economic risk of an investment in the Management Shares for an indefinite period of time since, in the view of the SEC, the statutory basis for exemption from registration under the 1933 Act would not be present if such representations meant merely that the Purchaser's current intention is to hold these securities only for the long-term capital gains period of the Code, or for a deferred sale, or for any fixed period in the future.
- (b) The Purchaser has been given the opportunity to ask questions of, and receive answers from, the Company concerning the terms and conditions of the Management Shares to be transferred hereunder and other related matters. The Purchaser represents and warrants that he or she has been furnished with and has carefully read this Agreement and the Stockholders Agreement and that the Company has made available to the Purchaser or his agents all documents and information requested by him/her or on his/her behalf in connection with his/her investment in the Management Shares and that he or she understands and has evaluated the merits and risks of an investment in the Management Shares. In evaluating the suitability of an investment in such Management Shares, the Purchaser has not relied upon any other

representations or other information (whether oral or written) made by or on behalf of the Company other than such express representations and warranties as are made in this Agreement and the Stockholders Agreement.

- (c) The Purchaser is aware of and familiar with the restrictions on the transfer of any Management Shares, including, without limitation, the restrictions contained in this Agreement and the Stockholders Agreement.
- (d) The Purchaser represents that this Agreement has been duly executed and delivered by the Purchaser and constitutes a legal, valid and binding agreement of the Purchaser, enforceable against the Purchaser in accordance with its terms.
 - (e) The Purchaser is an "accredited investor" as such term is defined in Regulation D under the 1933 Act.

SECTION 7. Miscellaneous.

- (a) Specific Performance. The parties hereto agree that irreparable damage would occur if any provision of this Agreement, including the Purchaser's failure to execute the Stockholders Agreement, were not performed by the Purchaser in accordance with the terms hereof and that the Company shall, following the Effective Time, be entitled to specific performance and other equitable relief to prevent breaches of this Agreement and to enforce specifically the performance of the terms and provisions hereof in the Chancery Court of the State of Delaware and any state appellate court therefrom within the State of Delaware (or, if the Chancery Court of the State of Delaware declines to accept jurisdiction over a particular matter, any state or federal court sitting in the City of Wilmington, Delaware), in addition to any other remedy to which they are entitled at law or in equity. The Purchaser agrees to waive any requirement for the securing or posting of any bond in connection with such remedy.
- (b) No Restriction on Right of Company to Effect Corporate Changes Neither this Agreement nor the Stockholders Agreement shall affect in any way the right or power of the Company or its stockholders to, after the Effective Time, make or authorize any or all adjustments, recapitalizations, reorganizations or other changes in the Company's capital structure or its business, or any merger or consolidation of the Company, or any issue of stock or of options, warrants or rights to purchase stock or of bonds, debentures, preferred or prior preference stocks whose rights are superior to or affect the Management Shares or the rights thereof or which are convertible into or exchangeable for Class N Common Stock or other equity securities of the Company, or the dissolution or liquidation of the Company, or any sale or transfer of all or any part of its assets or business, or any other corporate act or proceeding, whether of a similar character or otherwise.

SECTION 8. Survival; Assignment. All agreements, representations and warranties made herein shall survive the issuance to the Purchaser of the Management Shares and, notwithstanding any investigation heretofore or hereafter made by the Purchaser or the Company or on the Purchaser's or the Company's behalf, shall continue in full force and effect. No party may assign, delegate or otherwise transfer any of its rights or obligations under this Agreement without the consent of the other party hereto, except as permitted by the Stockholders Agreement

or by will or the laws of descent and distribution. Whenever in this Agreement any of the parties hereto is referred to, such reference shall be deemed to include the heirs and permitted successors and assigns of such party; and all agreements herein by or on behalf of the Company, or by or on behalf of the Purchaser, shall bind and inure to the benefit of the heirs and permitted successors and assigns of such parties hereto.

SECTION 9. *Notices.* All notices, requests, consents and other communications hereunder to any party shall be deemed to be sufficient if contained in a written instrument delivered in person or by telecopy (including facsimile or e-mail transmission) or sent by nationally recognized overnight courier, and shall be given:

If to the Company:

AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc. 920 Main Street Kansas City, MO 64105-1977 Facsimile: (816) 480-4700 Attn: General Counsel

with a copy (which shall not constitute notice) to:

Dalian Wanda Group Co., Ltd. 21/F Block B, Wanda Plaza 93 Jianguo Road Chaoyang District, Beijing China 100022 Facsimile: +86 (10) 8585-3095

Attn: Wu Hua

with a copy (which shall not constitute notice) to:

Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP 450 Lexington Avenue New York, New York 10017 Attention: Phillip R. Mills Facsimile No.: (212) 701-5800 E-mail: phillip.mills@davispolk.com

If to the Purchaser, to the address set forth on such Purchaser's signature page hereto;

or to such other address, facsimile number or e-mail address as such party may hereafter specify in accordance with this Section 9 for this purpose by notice to the other parties.

All such notices, requests, consents and other communications shall be deemed to have been delivered and received: (i) in the case of personal delivery or delivery by facsimile, on the date of such delivery (and, if such date is not a Business Day, then on the next Business Day); and (ii) in

the case of dispatch by nationally recognized overnight courier, on the next Business Day following such dispatch.

waiver is to be effective. The waiver by either party of compliance with any provision of this Agreement by the other party shall not operate or be construed as a waiver of any other provision of this Agreement, or of any subsequent breach by the other party of a provision of this Agreement.

SECTION 11. *Amendment*. No amendment or modification of any provision of this Agreement shall be effective unless signed in writing by or on behalf of the Company and the Purchaser.

SECTION 12. Entire Agreement; Governing Law; Submission of Jurisdiction.

- (a) This Agreement and the Stockholders Agreements set forth the entire agreement and understanding between the parties hereto and supersede all prior agreements and understandings relating to the subject matter hereof. The headings of sections and subsections herein are included solely for convenience of reference and shall not affect the meaning of any of the provisions of this Agreement. This Agreement shall be subject, and construed in accordance with, the laws of the State of New York, without regard to the conflict of law rules of such state.
- (b) Each party acknowledges and agrees that the choice of the laws of the State of New York as the governing law of this Agreement was freely made by it for bona fide purposes.
- (c) The parties hereto agree that any suit, action or proceeding seeking to enforce any provision of, or based on any matter arising out of or in connection with, this Agreement or the transactions contemplated hereby shall be brought in the Chancery Court of the State of Delaware or of any federal court located in the State of Delaware, so long as one of such courts shall have subject matter jurisdiction over such suit, action or proceeding, and that any case of action arising out of this Agreement shall be deemed to have arisen from a transaction of business in the State of Delaware, and each of the parties hereby irrevocably consents to the jurisdiction of such courts (and of the appropriate appellate courts therefrom) in any such suit, action or proceeding and irrevocably waives, to the fullest extent permitted by law, any objection that it may now or hereafter have to the laying of the venue of any such suit, action or proceeding in any such court or that any such suit, action or proceeding which is brought in any such court has been brought in an inconvenient forum.

SECTION 13. WAIVER OF JURY TRIAL. EACH OF THE PARTIES HERETO HEREBY IRREVOCABLY WAIVES ANY AND ALL RIGHT TO TRIAL BY JURY IN ANY LEGAL PROCEEDING ARISING OUT OF OR RELATED TO THIS AGREEMENT. EACH PARTY HEREBY ACKNOWLEDGES THAT THIS IS A COMMERCIAL TRANSACTION, THAT THE FOREGOING PROVISIONS FOR WAIVER OF JURY TRIAL HAVE BEEN READ, UNDERSTOOD AND VOLUNTARILY AGREED TO BY EACH PARTY AND THAT BY AGREEING TO SUCH PROVISIONS EACH PARTY IS WAIVING IMPORTANT LEGAL RIGHTS.

SECTION 14. Counterparts. This Agreement may be signed in any number of counterparts (including by facsimile or electronic .pdf submission), each of which shall be an original, with the same effect as if the signatures thereto and hereto were upon the same instrument. This Agreement shall become effective when each party hereto shall have received a counterpart hereof signed by all of the other parties hereto. Until and unless each party has received a counterpart hereof signed by the other party hereto (including by facsimile or electronic .pdf submission), this Agreement shall have no effect and no party shall have any right or obligation hereunder (whether by virtue of any other oral or written agreement or other communication).

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Company has caused this Agreement to be executed by its duly authorized officer and the Purchaser has executed this Agreement, both as of the day and year first above written.

AMC ENTERTAINMENT HOLDINGS, INC.

By: /s/ Craig R. Ramsey

Name: Craig R. Ramsey

Title: Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

[SIGNATURE PAGE TO THE SUBSCRIPTION AGREEMENT]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Company has caused this Agreement to be executed by its duly authorized officer and the Purchaser has executed this Agreement, both as of the day and year first above written.

PURCHASER

/s/ Mark McDonald

Name: Mark McDonald

Address:

[SIGNATURE PAGE TO THE SUBSCRIPTION AGREEMENT]

SCHEDULE A

Form of Stockholders Agreement

Please see attached

United States Internal Revenue Code

On [], 2012, the undersigned (the " Taxpayer ") acquired shares of Class N common stock of AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc. (the " Company "), par value \$0.01 (the " Property "). The Property is subject to certain restrictions pursuant to the Management Subscription Agreement, dated as of May 21, 2012.
The Taxpayer does not believe that the Property has been "transferred" under the provisions of § 83 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code") because the Taxpayer has a put right at the purchase price for the Property, and thereby does not have a risk of loss with respect to the Property pursuant to Treasury Regulation § 1.83-3(a)(6) and Treasury Regulation § 1.83-3(a)(7), Example 5. However, in the event that the sale is treated as a "transfer" under § 83 of the Code, the Taxpayer desires to make an election to have the receipt of the Property taxed under § 83(b) of the Code at the time the Taxpayer acquired the Property.
Therefore, pursuant to § 83(b) of the Code and Treasury Regulation § 1.83-2 promulgated thereunder, the Taxpayer hereby makes a protective election, with respect to the Property, to report as taxable income for calendar year 2012 the excess, if any, of the Property's fair market value on [], 2012 over the purchase price thereof.
The following information is supplied in accordance with Treasury Regulation § 1.83-2(e):
1. The name, address and taxpayer identification number of the Taxpayer:
Name:
Address:
Taxpayer I.D. No.:
2. A description of the Property with respect to which the election is being made:
shares of Class N common stock of the Company, par value \$0.01.
3. The date on which the Property was transferred and the taxable year for which such election is made:
[], 2012, and calendar year 2012.
4. The nature of the restriction(s) to which the Property is subject:
The Property is subject to transfer restrictions. In addition, the property is subject to forfeiture restrictions that lapse only if the Taxpayer remains employed
by the Company
through July 19, 2014, or if the Taxpayer's employment is terminated without "Cause" or for "Good Reason" (in each case, as defined in the Management Subscription Agreement between the Company and the Taxpayer) or due to death or disability.
5. Fair market value at the time of transfer:
The fair market value at time of transfer (determined without regard to any restrictions other than restrictions which by their terms will never lapse) of the Property was \$[
6. Amount paid for the Property:
The amount paid by the Taxpayer for the Property was \$\[\]].
7. Furnishing statement to the Company:
A copy of this statement has been furnished to the Company.
[SIGNATURE PAGE FOLLOWS]
IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned Taxpayer executes this Election to Include Value of Restricted Property in Gross Income in Year of Transfer Under Internal Revenue Code § 83(b) as of the day of , 2012.
[Name]

Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

The Board of Directors and Stockholders AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc.:

We consent to the use of our report dated August 27, 2013 with respect to the consolidated balance sheets of AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc. as of December 31, 2012 and March 29, 2012, and the related consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive earnings (loss), stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the August 31, 2012 to December 31, 2012 period, the 22-week period ended August 30, 2012, and each of the 52-week periods ended March 29, 2012 and March 31, 2011, included in this registration statement on Form S-1 and to the reference to our firm under the heading "Experts" in the prospectus.

/s/ KPMG LLP

Kansas City, Missouri October 7, 2013

CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

We consent to the use in this Amendment No. 1 to Registration Statement #333-190904 on Form S-1 of AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc. of our report dated March 20, 2013 related to the financial statements of National CineMedia, LLC appearing in the Prospectus, which is part of this Registration Statement.

We also consent to the reference to us under the heading "Experts" in such Prospectus.

/s/ Deloitte & Touche LLP Denver, Colorado October 7, 2013

Consent of Independent Auditors

We consent to the inclusion in this Amendment No. 1 to Registration Statement No. 333-190904 on Form S-1 of AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc. of our report dated February 20, 2013, on our audits of the consolidated financial statements of Digital Cinema Implementation Partners, LLC and Subsidiaries as of December 31, 2012 and 2011 and for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2012. We also consent to the reference to our firm under the caption "Experts".

/s/ CohnReznick LLP

October 4, 2013

Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

We consent to the use of our report dated February 6, 2013, with respect to the consolidated balance sheets of Open Road Releasing, LLC as of December 31, 2012 and 2011, and the related consolidated statements of operations, changes in members' equity, and cash flows for each of the years in the two-year period ended December 31, 2012, which report appears in the AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc. registration statement filed on Form S-1 and to the reference to our firm under the heading "Experts" in the prospectus.

/s/ KPMG LLP

Los Angeles, California October 7, 2013