

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549**

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

- QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**
For the quarterly period ended **March 31, 2023**
- OR**
- TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**
For the transition period from _____ to _____
Commission file number **001-33892**

AMC ENTERTAINMENT HOLDINGS, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)
One AMC Way
11500 Ash Street, Leawood, KS
(Address of principal executive offices)

26-0303916
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

66211
(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: **(913) 213-2000**

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol	Name of each exchange on which registered
Class A common stock	AMC	New York Stock Exchange
AMC Preferred Equity Units, each constituting a depository share representing a 1/100th interest in a share of Series A Convertible Participating Preferred Stock	APE	New York Stock Exchange

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulations S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," and "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large Accelerated Filer Accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company
Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by checkmark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standard provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Title of each class of common stock	Number of shares outstanding as of May 4, 2023
Class A common stock	519,192,389
AMC Preferred Equity Units, each representing participating voting and economic rights in the equivalent of one (1) share of Class A common stock	995,406,413

AMC ENTERTAINMENT HOLDINGS, INC.

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PART I—FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements. (Unaudited)

AMC ENTERTAINMENT HOLDINGS, INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(In millions, except share and per share amounts)	Three Months Ended	
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
	(unaudited)	
Revenues		
Admissions	\$ 534.1	\$ 443.8
Food and beverage	328.7	252.5
Other theatre	91.6	89.4
Total revenues	954.4	785.7
Operating costs and expenses		
Film exhibition costs	246.2	189.8
Food and beverage costs	61.4	42.6
Operating expense, excluding depreciation and amortization below	383.2	344.8
Rent	205.7	223.2
General and administrative:		
Merger, acquisition and other costs	0.2	0.4
Other, excluding depreciation and amortization below	72.3	53.1
Depreciation and amortization	93.6	98.7
Operating costs and expenses	1,062.6	952.6
Operating loss	(108.2)	(166.9)
Other expense, net:		
Other expense	39.2	136.3
Interest expense:		
Corporate borrowings	90.7	82.0
Finance lease obligations	0.9	1.2
Non-cash NCM exhibitor services agreement	9.5	9.2
Equity in (earnings) loss of non-consolidated entities	(1.4)	5.1
Investment income	(13.5)	(63.4)
Total other expense, net	125.4	170.4
Net loss before income taxes	(233.6)	(337.3)
Income tax provision	1.9	0.1
Net loss	\$ (235.5)	\$ (337.4)
Net loss per share attributable to AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc.'s common stockholders:		
Basic	\$ (0.17)	\$ (0.33)
Diluted	\$ (0.17)	\$ (0.33)
Average shares outstanding:		
Basic (in thousands)	1,373,947	1,031,820
Diluted (in thousands)	1,373,947	1,031,820

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

AMC ENTERTAINMENT HOLDINGS, INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE LOSS

(In millions)	Three Months Ended	
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Net loss	\$ (235.5)	\$ (337.4)
Other comprehensive loss:		
Unrealized foreign currency translation adjustments	(7.2)	(6.0)
Pension adjustments:		
Net gain (loss) arising during the period	(0.1)	0.2
Other comprehensive loss:	(7.3)	(5.8)
Total comprehensive loss	\$ (242.8)	\$ (343.2)

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

AMC ENTERTAINMENT HOLDINGS, INC.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(Unaudited)

(In millions, except share data)	March 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 495.6	\$ 631.5
Restricted cash	23.1	22.9
Receivables, net	105.7	166.6
Other current assets	116.1	81.1
Total current assets	740.5	902.1
Property, net	1,670.2	1,719.2
Operating lease right-of-use assets, net	3,740.3	3,802.9
Intangible assets, net	147.4	147.3
Goodwill	2,342.7	2,342.0
Other long-term assets	206.5	222.1
Total assets	<u>\$ 8,847.6</u>	<u>\$ 9,135.6</u>
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 257.0	\$ 330.5
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	490.6	364.3
Deferred revenues and income	391.7	402.7
Current maturities of corporate borrowings	20.0	20.0
Current maturities of finance lease liabilities	6.5	5.5
Current maturities of operating lease liabilities	546.5	567.3
Total current liabilities	1,712.3	1,690.3
Corporate borrowings	4,862.0	5,120.8
Finance lease liabilities	52.0	53.3
Operating lease liabilities	4,172.2	4,252.7
Exhibitor services agreement	502.5	505.8
Deferred tax liability, net	32.7	32.1
Other long-term liabilities	104.2	105.1
Total liabilities	<u>11,437.9</u>	<u>11,760.1</u>
Commitments and contingencies		
Stockholders' deficit:		
AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc.'s stockholders' deficit:		
Preferred stock, \$.01 par value per share, 50,000,000 shares authorized; including Series A Convertible Participating Preferred Stock, 10,000,000 authorized, 9,741,909 issued and outstanding as of March 31, 2023; 7,245,872 issued and outstanding December 31, 2022, represented by AMC Preferred Equity Units, each representing a 1/100th interest in a share of Series A Convertible Participating Preferred Stock, of which 1,000,000,000 is authorized; 974,190,794 issued and outstanding as of March 31, 2023; 724,587,058 issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2022	0.1	0.1
Class A common stock (\$.01 par value, 524,173,073 shares authorized; 519,192,389 shares issued and outstanding as of March 31, 2023; 516,838,912 shares issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2022)	5.2	5.2
Additional paid-in capital	5,322.1	5,045.1
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(84.6)	(77.3)
Accumulated deficit	(7,833.1)	(7,597.6)
Total stockholders' deficit	<u>(2,590.3)</u>	<u>(2,624.5)</u>
Total liabilities and stockholders' deficit	<u>\$ 8,847.6</u>	<u>\$ 9,135.6</u>

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

AMC ENTERTAINMENT HOLDINGS, INC.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In millions)	Three Months Ended	
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Cash flows from operating activities:	(unaudited)	
Net loss	\$ (235.5)	\$ (337.4)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	93.6	98.7
(Gain) loss on extinguishment of debt	(65.1)	135.0
Deferred income taxes	0.6	(0.1)
Unrealized loss (gain) on investments Hycroft	4.6	(63.9)
Amortization of net premium on corporate borrowings to interest expense	(15.2)	(15.5)
Amortization of deferred financing costs to interest expense	2.3	3.5
Non-cash portion of stock-based compensation	25.9	6.5
Gain on disposition of Saudi Cinema Company	(15.5)	—
Equity in (gain) loss from non-consolidated entities, net of distributions	(1.1)	5.8
Landlord contributions	6.4	0.6
Other non-cash rent benefit	(9.6)	(7.1)
Deferred rent	(38.6)	(48.7)
Net periodic benefit income	0.4	—
Non-cash shareholder litigation expense	116.6	—
Change in assets and liabilities:		
Receivables	67.0	63.6
Other assets	(28.5)	(30.6)
Accounts payable	(65.2)	(80.4)
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	(21.0)	(32.8)
Other, net	(12.0)	7.8
Net cash used in operating activities	<u>(189.9)</u>	<u>(295.0)</u>
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Capital expenditures	(47.4)	(34.8)
Proceeds from disposition of Saudi Cinema Company	30.0	—
Proceeds from disposition of long-term assets	0.8	7.2
Investments in non-consolidated entities, net	—	(27.9)
Other, net	—	0.6
Net cash used in investing activities	<u>(16.6)</u>	<u>(54.9)</u>
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Repurchase of Senior Subordinated Notes due 2026	(1.7)	—
Proceeds from issuance of First Lien Notes due 2029	—	950.0
Principal payments under First Lien Notes due 2025	—	(500.0)
Principal payments under First Lien Notes due 2026	—	(300.0)
Principal payments under First Lien Toggle Notes due 2026	—	(73.5)
Premium paid to extinguish First Lien Notes due 2025	—	(34.5)
Premium paid to extinguish First Lien Notes due 2026	—	(25.6)
Premium paid to extinguish First Lien Toggle Notes due 2026	—	(14.6)
Repurchase of Second Lien Notes due 2026	(54.8)	—
Scheduled principal payments under Term Loan due 2026	(5.0)	(5.0)
Net proceeds from AMC Preferred Equity Units issuance	146.6	—
Principal payments under finance lease obligations	(1.6)	(2.5)
Cash used to pay for deferred financing costs	(1.5)	(17.7)
Cash used to pay dividends	—	(0.7)
Taxes paid for restricted unit withholdings	(13.1)	(52.2)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	<u>68.9</u>	<u>(76.3)</u>
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash	1.9	(5.5)

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Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash	(135.7)	(431.7)
Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of period	654.4	1,620.3
Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of period	<u>\$ 518.7</u>	<u>\$ 1,188.6</u>
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:		
Cash paid during the period for:		
Interest	\$ 77.3	\$ 62.5
Income taxes paid, net	\$ 2.1	\$ 1.5
Schedule of non-cash activities:		
Investment in NCM	\$ —	\$ 15.1
Construction payables at period end	\$ 26.8	\$ 27.7
Other third-party AMC Preferred Equity Units issuance costs payable	\$ 3.8	\$ —
Extinguishment of Second Lien Notes due 2026 in exchange for share issuance	\$ 118.6	\$ —

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

AMC ENTERTAINMENT HOLDINGS, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2023
(Unaudited)

NOTE 1—BASIS OF PRESENTATION

AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc. (“Holdings”), through its direct and indirect subsidiaries, including American Multi-Cinema, Inc. and its subsidiaries, (collectively with Holdings, unless the context otherwise requires, the “Company” or “AMC”), is principally involved in the theatrical exhibition business and owns, operates or has interests in theatres located in the United States and Europe.

Liquidity. The Company believes its existing cash and cash equivalents, together with cash generated from operations, will be sufficient to fund its operations, satisfy its obligations, and comply with the minimum liquidity covenant requirement under its Senior Secured Revolving Credit Facility for at least the next twelve months. Pursuant to the Twelfth Amendment to Credit Agreement, the requisite revolving lenders party thereto agreed to extend the suspension period for the financial covenant applicable to the Senior Secured Revolving Credit Facility under the Credit Agreement through March 31, 2024. The current maturity date of the Senior Secured Revolving Credit Facility is April 22, 2024; since the financial covenant applicable to the Senior Secured Revolving Credit Facility is tested as of the last day of any fiscal quarter for which financial statements have been (or were required to have been) delivered, the financial covenant has been effectively suspended through maturity of the Senior Secured Revolving Credit Facility. As of March 31, 2023, the Company was subject to a minimum liquidity requirement of \$100 million as a condition to the financial covenant suspension period under the Credit Agreement.

The Company’s current cash burn rates are not sustainable long-term. In order to achieve net positive operating cash flows and long-term profitability, the Company believes that operating revenues will need to increase significantly to levels in line with pre-COVID operating revenues. Until such time as the Company is able to achieve positive operating cash flow, it is difficult to estimate the Company’s liquidity requirements, future cash burn rates, future operating revenues, and attendance levels. Depending on the Company’s assumptions regarding the timing and ability to achieve significantly increased levels of operating revenue, the estimates of amounts of required liquidity vary significantly.

There can be no assurance that the operating revenues, attendance levels, and other assumptions used to estimate our liquidity requirements and future cash burn rates will be correct, and our ability to be predictive is uncertain due to limited ability to predict studio film release dates, the overall production and theatrical release levels and success of individual titles. Further, there can be no assurances that the Company will be successful in generating the additional liquidity necessary to meet the Company’s obligations beyond twelve months from the issuance of these financial statements on terms acceptable to the Company or at all.

The Company may, at any time and from time to time, seek to retire or purchase its outstanding debt through cash purchases and/or exchanges for equity (including AMC Preferred Equity Units) or debt, in open-market purchases, privately negotiated transactions or otherwise. Such repurchases or exchanges, if any, will be upon such terms and at such prices as it may determine, and will depend on prevailing market conditions, its liquidity requirements, contractual restrictions and other factors. The amounts involved may be material and to the extent equity is used, dilutive.

On December 22, 2022, the Company entered into a forward purchase agreement (the “Forward Purchase Agreement”) with Antara Capital LP (“Antara”) pursuant to which the Company agreed to (i) sell to Antara 106,595,106 AMC Preferred Equity Units for an aggregate purchase price of \$75.1 million and (ii) simultaneously purchase from Antara \$100.0 million aggregate principal amount of the Company’s 10%/12% Cash/PIK Toggle Second Lien Notes due 2026 in exchange for 91,026,191 AMC Preferred Equity Units. On February 7, 2023, the Company issued 197,621,297 AMC Preferred Equity Units to Antara in exchange for \$75.1 million in cash and \$100.0 million aggregate principal amount of the Company’s 10%/12% Cash/PIK Toggle Second Lien Notes due 2026. The Company recorded \$193.7 million to stockholders’ deficit as a result of the transaction. The Company paid \$1.4 million of accrued interest in cash upon exchange of the notes. See Note 7—Stockholders’ Equity for more information.

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During the three months ended March 31, 2023 the Company raised gross proceeds of approximately \$80.3 million and paid fees to a sales agent and incurred other third-party issuance costs of approximately \$2.0 million and \$7.8 million, respectively, through its at-the-market offering of approximately 49.3 million shares of its AMC Preferred Equity Units. The Company paid \$6.8 million of other third-party issuance costs during the three months ended March 31, 2023. See Note 7—Stockholders' Equity and Note 13—Subsequent Events for further information regarding at-the-market offerings.

The below table summarizes the cash debt repurchase transactions during the three months ended March 31, 2023, including related party transactions with Antara, which became a related party on February 7, 2023. See Note 6—Corporate Borrowings and Finance Lease Liabilities for more information.

(In millions)	Aggregate Principal Repurchased	Reacquisition Cost	Gain on Extinguishment	Accrued Interest Paid
Related party transactions:				
Second Lien Notes due 2026	\$ 41.9	\$ 24.4	\$ 25.3	\$ 0.7
5.875% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2026	4.1	1.7	2.3	0.1
Total related party transactions	46.0	26.1	27.6	0.8
Non-related party transactions:				
Second Lien Notes due 2026	57.5	30.4	37.5	1.1
Total non-related party transactions	57.5	30.4	37.5	1.1
Total debt repurchases	\$ 103.5	\$ 56.5	\$ 65.1	\$ 1.9

Use of Estimates. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the condensed consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Principles of Consolidation. The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of AMC, as discussed above, and should be read in conjunction with the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022. The accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2022, which was derived from audited financial statements, and the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for interim financial information and in accordance with the instructions to Form 10-Q. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for complete consolidated financial statements. In the opinion of management, these interim financial statements reflect all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments) necessary for a fair presentation of the Company's financial position and results of operations. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. Due to the seasonal nature of the Company's business, results for the three months ended March 31, 2023 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the year ending December 31, 2023. The Company manages its business under two reportable segments for its theatrical exhibition operations, U.S. markets and International markets.

Cash and Cash Equivalents. At March 31, 2023, cash and cash equivalents for the U.S. markets and International markets were \$383.9 million and \$111.7 million respectively, and at December 31, 2022, cash and cash equivalents were \$508.0 million and \$123.5 million, respectively.

Restricted Cash. Restricted cash is cash held in the Company's bank accounts in International markets as a guarantee for certain landlords. The following table provides a reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash reported in the condensed consolidated balance sheets to the total of the amounts in the condensed consolidated statements of cash flows.

(In millions)	Period Ended	
	March 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 495.6	\$ 631.5
Restricted cash	23.1	22.9
Total cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash in the statement of cash flows	\$ 518.7	\$ 654.4

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss. The following table presents the change in accumulated other comprehensive loss by component:

(In millions)	Foreign Currency	Pension Benefits	Total
Balance December 31, 2022	\$ (78.8)	\$ 1.5	\$ (77.3)
Other comprehensive loss	(7.2)	(0.1)	(7.3)
Balance March 31, 2023	<u>\$ (86.0)</u>	<u>\$ 1.4</u>	<u>\$ (84.6)</u>

Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization. Accumulated depreciation was \$2,915.9 million and \$2,853.8 million at March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively, related to property. Accumulated amortization of intangible assets was \$16.8 million and \$22.2 million at March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively.

Other Expense. The following table sets forth the components of other expense:

(In millions)	Three Months Ended	
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Decreases related to contingent lease guarantees	\$ —	\$ (0.1)
Governmental assistance due to COVID-19 - International markets	—	(2.3)
Governmental assistance due to COVID-19 - U.S. markets	—	(1.1)
Foreign currency transaction (gains) losses	(8.7)	4.8
Non-operating components of net periodic benefit income	0.4	—
Gain on extinguishment - Senior Subordinated Notes due 2026	(2.3)	—
Loss on extinguishment - First Lien Notes due 2025	—	47.7
Loss on extinguishment - First Lien Notes due 2026	—	54.4
Loss on extinguishment - First Lien Toggle Notes due 2026	—	32.9
Gain on extinguishment - Second Lien Notes due 2026	(62.8)	—
Derivative stockholder settlement	(14.0)	—
Shareholder litigation contingency	126.6	—
Total other expense	<u>\$ 39.2</u>	<u>\$ 136.3</u>

NOTE 2—LEASES

The Company leases theatres and equipment under operating and finance leases. The Company typically does not believe that exercise of the renewal options is reasonably certain at the lease commencement and, therefore, considers the initial base term as the lease term. Lease terms vary but generally the leases provide for fixed and escalating rentals, contingent escalating rentals based on the Consumer Price Index and other indexes not to exceed certain specified amounts and variable rentals based on a percentage of revenues. The Company often receives contributions from landlords for renovations at existing locations. The Company records the amounts received from landlords as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset and amortizes the balance as a reduction to rent expense over the base term of the lease agreement. Equipment leases primarily consist of sight and sound and food and beverage equipment.

The Company received rent concessions from lessors that aided in mitigating the economic effects of COVID-19 during the pandemic. These concessions primarily consisted of rent abatements and the deferral of rent payments. As a result, deferred lease amounts were approximately \$123.6 million as of March 31, 2023. In instances where there were no substantive changes to the lease terms, i.e., modifications that resulted in total payments of the modified lease being substantially the same or less than the total payments of the existing lease, the Company elected the relief as provided by the FASB staff related to the accounting for certain lease concessions. The Company elected not to account for these concessions as a lease modification, and therefore the Company has remeasured the related lease liability and right-of-use asset but did not reassess the lease classification or change the discount rate to the current rate in effect upon the remeasurement. The deferred payment amounts have been recorded in the Company's lease liabilities to reflect the change in the timing of payments. Those leases that did not meet the criteria for treatment under the FASB relief were evaluated as lease modifications. The deferred payment amounts included in accounts payable for contractual rent amounts due and not paid are reflected in accounts payable on the condensed consolidated balance sheets and in the

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condensed consolidated statements of cash flows as part of the change in accounts payable. In addition, the Company included deferred lease payments in operating lease right-of-use assets as a result of lease remeasurements.

A summary of deferred payment amounts related to rent obligations for which payments were deferred to future periods is provided below:

(In millions)	As of December 31, 2022	Decrease in deferred amounts	As of March 31, 2023
Fixed operating lease deferred amounts (1)	\$ 150.3	\$ (32.5)	\$ 117.8
Finance lease deferred amounts	0.9	(0.3)	0.6
Variable lease deferred amounts	6.0	(0.8)	5.2
Total deferred lease amounts	<u>\$ 157.2</u>	<u>\$ (33.6)</u>	<u>\$ 123.6</u>

- (1) During the three months ended March 31, 2023, the decrease in fixed operating lease deferred amounts includes \$5.7 million of rent payments that are included in change in accounts payable and \$26.8 million included in deferred rent and other non-cash rent in the condensed consolidated statement of cash flows.

The following table reflects the lease costs for the periods presented:

(In millions)	Consolidated Statements of Operations	Three Months Ended	
		March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Operating lease cost			
Theatre properties	Rent	\$ 184.2	\$ 202.5
Theatre properties	Operating expense	0.3	1.2
Equipment	Operating expense	3.1	2.8
Office and other	General and administrative: other	1.3	1.4
Finance lease cost			
Amortization of finance lease assets	Depreciation and amortization	0.5	0.7
Interest expense on lease liabilities	Finance lease obligations	0.9	1.2
Variable lease cost			
Theatre properties	Rent	21.5	20.7
Equipment	Operating expense	13.3	12.6
Total lease cost		<u>\$ 225.1</u>	<u>\$ 243.1</u>

Cash flow and supplemental information is presented below:

(In millions)	Three Months Ended	
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities:		
Operating cash flows used in finance leases	\$ (0.8)	\$ (1.0)
Operating cash flows used in operating leases	(242.8)	(266.4)
Financing cash flows used in finance leases	(1.6)	(2.5)
Landlord contributions:		
Operating cashflows provided by operating leases	6.4	0.6
Supplemental disclosure of noncash leasing activities:		
Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for new operating lease liabilities (1)	16.0	111.8

- (1) Includes lease extensions and option exercises.

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The following table represents the weighted-average remaining lease term and discount rate as of March 31, 2023:

Lease Term and Discount Rate	As of March 31, 2023	
	Weighted Average Remaining Lease Term (years)	Weighted Average Discount Rate
Operating leases	9.2	10.1%
Finance leases	13.6	6.4%

Minimum annual payments, including deferred lease payments less contractual rent amounts due and not paid that were recorded in accounts payable, that are recorded as operating and finance lease liabilities and the net present value thereof as of March 31, 2023 are as follows:

(In millions)	Operating Lease Payments (2)	Financing Lease Payments (2)
Nine months ending December 31, 2023 (1)	\$ 729.6	\$ 6.8
2024	874.7	8.3
2025	825.6	7.6
2026	761.3	7.5
2027	697.8	7.5
2028	608.8	7.1
Thereafter	2,733.9	45.2
Total lease payments	7,231.7	90.0
Less imputed interest	(2,513.0)	(31.5)
Total operating and finance lease liabilities, respectively	\$ 4,718.7	\$ 58.5

- (1) The minimum annual payments table above does not include contractual cash rent amounts that were due and not paid, which are recorded in accounts payable as shown below, including estimated repayment dates:

(In millions)	Accounts Payable Lease Payments
Nine months ended December 31, 2023	\$ 15.4
2024	1.0
2025	0.8
2026	0.7
2027	0.3
2028	0.1
Thereafter	0.1
Total deferred lease amounts recorded in accounts payable	\$ 18.4

- (2) The minimum annual payments table above includes deferred undiscounted cash rent amounts that were due and not paid related to operating and finance leases, as shown below:

(In millions)	Operating Lease Payments	Financing Lease Payments
Nine months ended December 31, 2023	\$ 54.9	\$ 0.3
2024	15.8	—
2025	5.7	—
2026	4.2	—
2027	3.4	—
2028	3.2	—
Thereafter	17.7	—
Total deferred lease amounts	\$ 104.9	\$ 0.3

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As of March 31, 2023, the Company had signed additional operating lease agreements for three theatres that have not yet commenced with minimum annual payments of approximately \$79.5 million, which are expected to commence between years 2023 and 2024 and carry lease terms ranging from 10 to 20 years. The timing of lease commencement is dependent on the landlord providing the Company with control and access to the related facility.

During the three months ended March 31, 2023, the Company received a \$13.0 million buyout incentive from a landlord which provided the landlord the right to terminate the lease of one theatre. The incentive was treated as a reduction to rent expense in the Company's condensed consolidated statement of operations.

NOTE 3—REVENUE RECOGNITION

Disaggregation of Revenue. Revenue is disaggregated in the following tables by major revenue types and by timing of revenue recognition:

(In millions)	Three Months Ended	
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Major revenue types		
Admissions	\$ 534.1	\$ 443.8
Food and beverage	328.7	252.5
Other theatre:		
Screen advertising	30.9	28.9
Other	60.7	60.5
Other theatre	91.6	89.4
Total revenues	\$ 954.4	\$ 785.7

(In millions)	Three Months Ended	
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Timing of revenue recognition		
Products and services transferred at a point in time	\$ 871.8	\$ 708.1
Products and services transferred over time (1)	82.6	77.6
Total revenues	\$ 954.4	\$ 785.7

(1) Amounts primarily include subscription and advertising revenues.

The following tables provide the balances of receivables and deferred revenue income:

(In millions)	March 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Current assets		
Receivables related to contracts with customers	\$ 40.6	\$ 92.3
Miscellaneous receivables	65.1	74.3
Receivables, net	\$ 105.7	\$ 166.6

(In millions)	March 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Current liabilities		
Deferred revenue related to contracts with customers	\$ 387.5	\$ 398.8
Miscellaneous deferred income	4.2	3.9
Deferred revenue and income	\$ 391.7	\$ 402.7

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The significant changes in contract liabilities with customers included in deferred revenues and income are as follows:

(In millions)	Deferred Revenues Related to Contracts with Customers	
Balance December 31, 2022	\$	398.8
Cash received in advance ⁽¹⁾		78.5
Customer loyalty rewards accumulated, net of expirations:		
Admission revenues ⁽²⁾		3.6
Food and beverage ⁽²⁾		7.5
Other theatre ⁽²⁾		(0.2)
Reclassification to revenue as the result of performance obligations satisfied:		
Admission revenues ⁽³⁾		(68.7)
Food and beverage ⁽³⁾		(16.3)
Other theatre ⁽⁴⁾		(16.1)
Foreign currency translation adjustment		0.4
Balance March 31, 2023	\$	387.5

- (1) Includes movie tickets, food and beverage, gift cards, exchange tickets, and AMC Stubs® loyalty membership fees.
- (2) Amount of rewards accumulated, net of expirations, that are attributed to AMC Stubs® and other loyalty programs.
- (3) Amount of rewards redeemed that are attributed to gift cards, exchange tickets, movie tickets, AMC Stubs® loyalty programs and other loyalty programs.
- (4) Amounts relate to income from non-redeemed or partially redeemed gift cards, non-redeemed exchange tickets, AMC Stubs® loyalty membership fees and other loyalty programs.

The significant changes to contract liabilities included in the exhibitor services agreement in the condensed consolidated balance sheets, are as follows:

(In millions)	Exhibitor Services Agreement (1)	
Balance December 31, 2022	\$	505.8
Reclassification, net of adjustments, for portion of the beginning balance to other theatre revenue, as the result of performance obligations satisfied		(3.3)
Balance March 31, 2023	\$	502.5

- (1) Represents the carrying amount of the National CineMedia, LLC (“NCM”) common units that were previously received under the annual Common Unit Adjustment (“CUA”). The deferred revenues are being amortized to other theatre revenues over the remainder of the 30-year term of the Exhibitor Service Agreement (“ESA”) ending in February 2037.

Gift Cards and Exchange Tickets. The total amount of non-redeemed gift cards and exchange tickets included in deferred revenues and income in the condensed consolidated balance sheet as of March 31, 2023 was \$298.2 million. This will be recognized as revenues as the gift cards and exchange tickets are redeemed or as the non-redeemed gift card and exchange ticket revenues are recognized in proportion to the pattern of actual redemptions, which is estimated to occur over the next 24 months.

Loyalty Programs. As of March 31, 2023, the amount of deferred revenues allocated to the loyalty programs included in deferred revenues and income in the condensed consolidated balance sheet was \$67.0 million. The earned points will be recognized as revenue as the points are redeemed, which is estimated to occur over the next 24 months. The AMC Stubs® annual membership fee is recognized ratably over the one-year membership period.

The Company applies the practical expedient in ASC 606-10-50-14 and does not disclose information about remaining performance obligations that have original expected durations of one year or less.

NOTE 4—GOODWILL

The following table summarizes the changes in goodwill by reporting unit for the three months ended March 31, 2023:

(In millions)	U.S. Markets			International Markets			Consolidated Goodwill		
	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Impairment Losses	Net Carrying Amount	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Impairment Losses	Net Carrying Amount	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Impairment Losses	Net Carrying Amount
Balance December 31, 2022	\$ 3,072.6	\$ (1,276.1)	\$ 1,796.5	\$ 1,521.8	\$ (976.3)	\$ 545.5	\$ 4,594.4	\$ (2,252.4)	\$ 2,342.0
Currency translation adjustment	—	—	—	23.1	(22.4)	0.7	23.1	(22.4)	0.7
Balance March 31, 2023	\$ 3,072.6	\$ (1,276.1)	\$ 1,796.5	\$ 1,544.9	\$ (998.7)	\$ 546.2	\$ 4,617.5	\$ (2,274.8)	\$ 2,342.7

NOTE 5—INVESTMENTS

Investments in non-consolidated affiliates and certain other investments accounted for under the equity method generally include all entities in which the Company or its subsidiaries have significant influence, but not more than 50% voting control, and are recorded in the condensed consolidated balance sheets in other long-term assets. On December 30, 2022, the Company entered into an agreement to sell its 10.0% investment in Saudi Cinema Company, LLC for SAR 112.5 million (\$30.0) million, and on January 24, 2023, the Saudi Ministry of Commerce recorded the sale of equity and the Company received the proceeds on January 25, 2023. The Company recorded a gain on the sale of \$15.5 million in investment income during the three months ended March 31, 2023. Investments in non-consolidated affiliates as of March 31, 2023 include interests in Digital Cinema Distribution Coalition, LLC (“DCDC”) of 14.6%, AC JV, LLC (“AC JV”), owner of Fathom Events, of 32.0%, SV Holdco LLC (“SV Holdco”), owner of Screenvision, of 18.4% and Digital Cinema Media Ltd. (“DCM”) of 50.0%. The Company also has partnership interests in three U.S. motion picture theatres (“Theatre Partnerships”) and approximately 50.0% interests in 58 theatres in Europe. Indebtedness held by equity method investees is non-recourse to the Company. During the three months ended March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022, the Company recorded equity in (earnings) loss of non-consolidated entities of \$(1.4) million and \$5.1 million, respectively.

Related Party Transactions with Equity Method Investees. At March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the Company recorded net receivable amounts due from equity method investees of \$0.5 million and \$1.7 million, respectively, primarily related to on-screen advertising revenue and other transactions. The Company recorded related party transactions with equity method investees in other revenues and film exhibition costs of \$5.0 million and \$3.0 million, respectively, during the three months ended March 31, 2023, and \$5.5 million and \$1.4 million, respectively, during the three months ended March 31, 2022.

Investment in Hycroft

On March 14, 2022, the Company purchased 23.4 million units of Hycroft Mining Holding Corporation (NASDAQ: HYMC) (“Hycroft”), for \$27.9 million, with each unit consisting of one common share of Hycroft and one common share purchase warrant. The units were priced at \$1.193 per unit. Each warrant is exercisable for one common share of Hycroft at a price of \$1.068 per share over a 5-year term through March 2027. Hycroft filed a resale registration statement to register the common shares and warrant shares for sale under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “Securities Act”) on April 14, 2022 which became effective on June 2, 2022. The Company accounts for the common shares of Hycroft under the equity method and has elected the fair value option in accordance with ASC 825-10. The Company accounts for the warrants as derivatives in accordance with ASC 815. Accordingly, the fair value of the investments in Hycroft are remeasured at each subsequent reporting period and unrealized gains and losses are reported in investment income. The Company believes the fair value option to be the most appropriate election for this equity method investment as the Company is not entering the mining business. During the three months ended March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022, the Company recorded unrealized (gain) loss in investment income of \$4.6 million and \$(63.9) million, respectively. See Note 9—Fair Value Measurements for fair value information and the asset value for investments in Hycroft measured under the fair value option as well as the total asset value for other equity method investments.

NOTE 6—CORPORATE BORROWINGS AND FINANCE LEASE LIABILITIES

A summary of the carrying value of corporate borrowings and finance lease liabilities is as follows:

(In millions)	March 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
First Lien Secured Debt:		
Senior Secured Credit Facility-Term Loan due 2026 (7.684% as of March 31, 2023 and 7.274% as of December 31, 2022)	\$ 1,920.0	\$ 1,925.0
12.75% Odeon Senior Secured Notes due 2027	400.0	400.0
7.5% First Lien Notes due 2029	950.0	950.0
Second Lien Secured Debt:		
10%/12% Cash/PIK Toggle Second Lien Subordinated Notes due 2026	1,190.4	1,389.8
Subordinated Debt:		
6.375% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2024 (£4.0 million par value as of March 31, 2023)	4.9	4.8
5.75% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2025	98.3	98.3
5.875% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2026	51.5	55.6
6.125% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2027	125.5	125.5
Total principal amount of corporate borrowings	\$ 4,740.6	\$ 4,949.0
Finance lease liabilities	58.5	58.8
Deferred financing costs	(36.3)	(37.9)
Net premium (1)	177.7	229.7
Total carrying value of corporate borrowings and finance lease liabilities	\$ 4,940.5	\$ 5,199.6
Less:		
Current maturities corporate borrowings	(20.0)	(20.0)
Current maturities finance lease obligations	(6.5)	(5.5)
Total noncurrent carrying value of corporate borrowings and finance lease liabilities	\$ 4,914.0	\$ 5,174.1

(1) The following table provides the net premium (discount) amounts of corporate borrowings:

(In millions)	March 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
10%/12% Cash/PIK Toggle Second Lien Subordinated Notes due 2026	\$ 212.0	\$ 265.5
Senior Secured Credit Facility-Term Loan due 2026	(4.4)	(4.8)
12.75% Odeon Senior Secured Notes due 2027	(30.0)	(31.1)
6.375% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2024	0.1	0.1
	\$ 177.7	\$ 229.7

The following table provides the principal payments required and maturities of corporate borrowing as of March 31, 2023:

(In millions)	Principal Amount of Corporate Borrowings
Nine months ended December 31, 2023	\$ 15.0
2024	24.9
2025	118.3
2026	3,106.9
2027	525.5
2028	—
Thereafter	950.0
Total	\$ 4,740.6

Debt Repurchases

The below table summarizes the cash debt repurchase transactions during the three months ended March 31, 2023, including the related party transactions with Antara, which became a related party on February 7, 2023:

(In millions)	Aggregate Principal Repurchased	Reacquisition Cost	Gain on Extinguishment	Accrued Interest Paid
Related party transactions:				
Second Lien Notes due 2026	\$ 41.9	\$ 24.4	\$ 25.3	\$ 0.7
5.875% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2026	4.1	1.7	2.3	0.1
Total related party transactions	46.0	26.1	27.6	0.8
Non-related party transactions:				
Second Lien Notes due 2026	57.5	30.4	37.5	1.1
Total non-related party transactions	57.5	30.4	37.5	1.1
Total debt repurchases	<u>\$ 103.5</u>	<u>\$ 56.5</u>	<u>\$ 65.1</u>	<u>\$ 1.9</u>

Financial Covenants

The Company currently estimates that its existing cash and cash equivalents will be sufficient to comply with the minimum liquidity covenant requirement under its Senior Secured Revolving Credit Facility, currently and through the next twelve months. The Company entered the Ninth Amendment to Credit Agreement pursuant to which the requisite revolving lenders party thereto agreed to extend the fixed date for the termination of the suspension period for the financial covenant (the secured leverage ratio) applicable to the Senior Secured Revolving Credit Facility from March 31, 2021 to March 31, 2022, which was further extended by the Eleventh Amendment to Credit Agreement from March 31, 2022 to March 31, 2023 and further extended by the Twelfth Amendment to Credit Agreement from March 31, 2023 to March 31, 2024, in each case, as described, and on the terms and conditions specified, therein. The Company is currently subject to a minimum liquidity requirement of \$100 million as a condition to the Extended Covenant Suspension Period. The current maturity date of the Senior Secured Revolving Credit Facility is April 22, 2024; since the financial covenant applicable to the Senior Secured Revolving Credit Facility is tested as of the last day of any fiscal quarter for which financial statements have been (or were required to have been) delivered, the financial covenant has been effectively suspended through maturity of the Senior Secured Revolving Credit Facility.

NOTE 7—STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

AMC Preferred Equity Units

On August 4, 2022, the Company announced that its Board of Directors declared a special dividend of one AMC Preferred Equity Unit for each share of Class A common stock outstanding at the close of business on August 15, 2022, the record date. The dividend was paid at the close of business on August 19, 2022 to investors who held Class A common stock as of August 22, 2022, the ex-dividend date.

Each AMC Preferred Equity Unit is a depositary share and represents an interest in one one-hundredth (1/100th) of a share of Series A Convertible Participating Preferred Stock evidenced by a depositary receipt pursuant to a deposit agreement. The Company has 50,000,000 Preferred Stock shares authorized, 10,000,000 of which have currently been allocated and 9,741,909 have been issued under the depositary agreement as Series A Convertible Participating Preferred Stock, leaving 40,000,000 unallocated Preferred Stock shares. Each AMC Preferred Equity Unit is designed to have the same economic and voting rights as a share of Class A common stock. Trading of the AMC Preferred Equity Units on the NYSE began on August 22, 2022 under the ticker symbol "APE". Due to the characteristics of the AMC Preferred Equity Units, the special dividend had the effect of a stock split pursuant to ASC 505-20-25-4. Accordingly, all references made to share, per share, or common share amounts in the accompanying consolidated financial statements and applicable disclosures include Class A common stock and AMC Preferred Equity Units and have been retroactively adjusted to reflect the effects of the special dividend as a stock split.

Share Issuances

On September 26, 2022, the Company entered into an equity distribution agreement (the “Equity Distribution Agreement”) with Citigroup Global Markets Inc., as a sales agent (“Sales Agent”), to sell up to 425.0 million shares of the Company’s AMC Preferred Equity Units, from time to time, through an “at-the-market” offering program (the “Offering”). Subject to the terms and conditions of the Equity Distribution Agreement, the Sales Agent will use reasonable efforts consistent with their normal trading and sales practices, applicable law and regulations, and the rules of the NYSE to sell the AMC Preferred Equity Units from time to time based upon the Company’s instructions for the sales, including any price, time or size limits specified by the Company. The Company intends to use the net proceeds, from the sale of AMC Preferred Equity Units pursuant to the Equity Distribution Agreement to repay, refinance, redeem or repurchase the Company’s existing indebtedness (including expenses, accrued interest and premium, if any) and otherwise for general corporate purposes.

On December 22, 2022, the Company entered into a forward purchase agreement (the “Forward Purchase Agreement”) with Antara pursuant to which the Company agreed to (i) sell to Antara 106,595,106 AMC Preferred Equity Units for an aggregate purchase price of \$75.1 million and (ii) simultaneously purchase from Antara \$100.0 million aggregate principal amount of the Company’s 10%/12% Cash/PIK Toggle Second Lien Notes due 2026 in exchange for 91,026,191 AMC Preferred Equity Units. On February 7, 2023, the Company issued 197,621,297 AMC Preferred Equity Units to Antara in exchange for \$75.1 million in cash and \$100.0 million aggregate principal amount of the Company’s 10%/12% Cash/PIK Toggle Second Lien Notes due 2026. The Company recorded \$193.7 million to stockholders’ deficit as a result of the transaction. The Company paid \$1.4 million of accrued interest in cash upon exchange of the notes.

During the three months ended March 31, 2023 the Company raised gross proceeds of approximately \$80.3 million and paid fees to the Sales Agent and incurred other third-party issuance costs of approximately \$2.0 million and \$7.8 million, respectively, through its at-the-market offering of approximately 49.3 million shares of its AMC Preferred Equity Units. The Company paid \$6.8 million of other third-party issuance costs during the three months ended March 31, 2023. See Note 13—Subsequent Events for further information regarding at-the-market offerings.

Shareholder Litigation

Two putative stockholder class actions have been filed that assert a breach of fiduciary duty against certain of the Company’s directors and a claim for breach of 8 *Del. C.* § 220 against those directors and the Company, arising out of the Company’s creation of the APEs, the Antara Transactions, and the Charter Amendment Proposals. See Note 11—Commitments and Contingencies for further information regarding the litigation.

Stock-Based Compensation

The following table presents the stock-based compensation expense recorded within general and administrative: other:

(In millions)	Three Months Ended	
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Equity classified awards:		
Special awards expense	\$ 20.2	\$ —
Board of director stock award expense	0.9	0.8
Restricted stock unit expense	3.0	2.8
Performance stock unit expense	1.7	2.9
Total equity classified awards:	25.8	6.5
Liability classified awards:		
Restricted and performance stock unit expense	0.1	—
Total liability classified awards:	0.1	—
Total stock-based compensation expense	\$ 25.9	\$ 6.5

As of March 31, 2023, the estimated remaining unrecognized compensation cost related to stock-based compensation grants was approximately \$37.2 million, which reflects assumptions related to attainment of performance targets based on the scales as described below. The weighted average period over which this remaining compensation expense is expected to be recognized is approximately 1.2 years.

Plan Amendment due to stock split

The 2013 Plan contemplates equitable adjustments for certain transactions such as a stock split. On August 19, 2022 the Compensation Committee approved an adjustment to the 2013 Equity Incentive Plan to entitle each participant one AMC Preferred Equity Unit and one share of Common Stock for each RSU or PSU that vests. The Company determined that this modification was a Type 1 (probable-to-probable) modification that did not increase the fair value of the award and therefore did not require additional stock-based compensation expense to be recognized. References made to share, per share, or common share amounts have been retroactively adjusted to reflect the effects of the stock split.

Special Awards

On February 23, 2023, AMC's Board of Directors approved special awards in lieu of vesting of the 2022 PSU awards. The special awards were accounted for as modification to the 2022 PSU awards which lowered the Adjusted EBITDA and free cash flow performance targets such that 200% vesting was achieved for both tranches. This modification resulted in the immediate additional vesting of 2,389,589 Common Stock 2022 PSUs and 2,389,589 AMC Preferred Equity Unit 2022 PSUs. This was treated as a Type 3 modification (improbable-to-probable) which requires the Company to recognize additional stock compensation expense based on the modification date fair values of the Common Stock PSUs and AMC Preferred Equity Units PSUs of \$6.23 and \$2.22, respectively. During the three months ended March 31, 2023, the Company recognized \$20.2 million of additional stock compensation expense.

Awards Granted in 2023

During the three months ended March 31, 2023, AMC's Board of Directors approved awards of stock, restricted stock units ("RSUs"), and performance stock units ("PSUs") to certain of the Company's employees and directors under the 2013 Equity Incentive Plan. The grant date fair value of these equity classified awards was based on the closing price of AMC's Class A common stock and AMC Preferred Equity Units of \$6.23 and \$2.22, respectively.

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AMC's Board of Directors also granted awards to non-section 16 officers that are expected to be settled in cash. Participants receiving cash settlement shall receive an amount of cash equal to the closing price of an AMC Preferred Equity Unit multiplied by the number of underlying cash based RSUs and PSUs awarded. These awards have been classified as liabilities and are included within accrued expenses and other liabilities in the condensed consolidated balance sheets. The vesting requirements and vesting periods are identical to the equity classified awards described below. The Company recognizes expense related to these awards based on the fair value of the AMC Preferred Equity Units, giving effect to the portion of services rendered during the requisite services period. As of March 31, 2023 there were 1,723,830 nonvested underlying AMC Preferred Equity Unit RSUs and PSUs related to awards granted to non-section 16 officers. There are 1,149,186 nonvested underlying AMC Preferred Equity Unit RSUs and PSUs (2023 Tranche Year) that are currently classified as liabilities and 574,644 nonvested underlying AMC Preferred Equity Unit PSUs (2024 & 2025 Tranche Year) which have not been granted for accounting purposes as the performance targets for the 2024 and 2025 PSU Tranche Years have yet to be established.

Each RSU and PSU held by a participant as of a dividend record date is entitled to a dividend equivalent equal to the amount paid with respect to one share of Common Stock or one AMC Preferred Equity Unit underlying the unit. Any such accrued dividend equivalents are paid to the holder only upon vesting of the units. Each unit represents the right to receive one share of Common Stock or one AMC Preferred Equity Unit at a future date.

The 2023 award agreements generally had the following features:

- **Stock Award Agreement:** During the three months ended March 31, 2023, the Company granted awards of 85,552 fully vested shares of Common Stock and 153,696 AMC Preferred Equity Units to its independent members of AMC's Board of Directors with a grant date fair value of \$0.9 million.
- **Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement:** During the three months ended March 31, 2023, the Company granted RSU awards of 2,827,979 to certain members of management with a grant date fair value of \$11.6 million. The Company records stock-based compensation expense on a straight-line recognition method over the requisite vesting period. The RSUs vest over three years, with one-third vesting each year. These RSUs will be settled within 30 days of vesting.
- **Performance Stock Unit Award Agreement:** During the three months ended March 31, 2023, total PSUs of 942,613 were awarded ("2023 PSU award") to certain members of management and executive officers, with the total PSUs divided into three separate year tranches, with each tranche allocated to a fiscal year within the performance period ("Tranche Year"). The PSUs within each Tranche Year are further divided between two performance targets; the Adjusted EBITDA performance target and free cash flow performance target. The 2023 PSU awards will vest based on achieving 80% to 120% of the performance targets, with the corresponding vested unit amount ranging from 50% to 200%. If the performance targets are met at 100%, the 2023 PSU awards will vest at 942,613 units in the aggregate. No PSUs will vest for each Tranche Year if the Company does not achieve 80% of the Tranche Year's Adjusted EBITDA and free cash flow targets.

The Compensation Committee establishes the annual performance targets at the beginning of each year. Therefore, the grant date (and fair value measurement date) for each Tranche Year is the date at the beginning of each year when a mutual understanding of the key terms and conditions are reached per ASC 718, Compensation – Stock compensation. The 2023 PSU award grant date fair value for the 2023 Tranche Year award of 942,613 units was \$3.9 million, the 2022 PSU award grant date fair value for the 2023 Tranche Year award of 461,016 units was \$1.9 million, and the 2021 PSU award grant date fair value for the 2023 Tranche Year Award of 1,601,522 units was \$6.8 million, measured using performance targets at 100%.

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The following table represents the equity classified nonvested RSU and PSU activity for the three months ended March 31, 2023:

	Class A Common Stock RSUs and PSUs	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value	AMC Preferred Equity Unit RSUs and PSUs	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value
Nonvested at January 1, 2023	3,129,241	\$ 5.91	3,129,241	\$ 5.91
Granted (1)	2,790,514	6.23	3,042,616	2.22
Granted - Special Award	2,389,589	6.23	2,389,589	2.22
Vested	(983,107)	5.90	(1,246,290)	5.62
Vested - Special Award	(1,284,818)	6.23	(1,294,464)	2.22
Forfeited	(29,317)	5.94	(29,317)	4.11
Cancelled (2)	(884,452)	5.80	(621,269)	6.31
Cancelled - Special Award (2)	(1,104,771)	6.23	(1,095,125)	2.22
Nonvested at March 31, 2023	<u>4,022,879</u>	<u>\$ 6.16</u>	<u>4,274,981</u>	<u>\$ 3.32</u>
Tranche Years 2024 and 2025 awarded under the 2023 PSU award and Tranche Year 2024 awarded under the 2022 PSU award with grant date fair values to be determined in years 2024 and 2025, respectively	1,107,804		1,233,800	
Total Nonvested at March 31, 2023	<u><u>5,130,683</u></u>		<u><u>5,508,781</u></u>	

- (1) The number of PSU shares granted under the Tranche Year 2023 assumes the Company will attain a performance target at 100% for the Adjusted EBITDA target and 100% for the free cash flow target.
- (2) Represents vested RSUs and PSUs surrendered in lieu of taxes and cancelled awards returned to the 2013 Equity Incentive Plan. As a result, the Company paid taxes for restricted unit withholdings of approximately \$13.1 million during the three months ended March 31, 2023.

**Condensed Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Deficit
For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2023**

(In millions, except share and per share data)	Class A Voting Common Stock		Preferred Stock			Additional Paid-in Capital	Accumulated		Total Stockholders' Equity (Deficit)
	Shares	Amount	Series A Convertible	Depository Shares of AMC Preferred	Amount		Other Comprehensive	Accumulated	
			Participating Preferred Stock				Loss	Deficit	
Balances December 31, 2022	516,838,912	\$ 5.2	7,245,872	724,587,058	\$ 0.1	\$ 5,045.1	Loss (77.3)	Deficit (7,597.6)	Equity (Deficit) \$ (2,624.5)
Net loss	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(235.5)	(235.5)
Other comprehensive loss	—	—	—	—	—	—	(7.3)	—	(7.3)
AMC Preferred Equity Units issuance	—	—	492,880	49,287,989	—	70.5	—	—	70.5
Antara Forward Purchase Agreement (2)	—	—	1,976,213	197,621,297	—	193.7	—	—	193.7
Taxes paid for restricted unit withholdings	—	—	—	—	—	(13.1)	—	—	(13.1)
Stock-based compensation (1)	2,353,477	—	26,944	2,694,450	—	25.9	—	—	25.9
Balances March 31, 2023	519,192,389	\$ 5.2	9,741,909	974,190,794	\$ 0.1	\$ 5,322.1	Loss (84.6)	Deficit (7,833.1)	Equity (Deficit) \$ (2,590.3)

- (1) Includes 85,552 Class A common stock shares and 153,696 AMC Preferred Equity Units awarded to the Board of Directors, 2,267,925 vested Class A common stock RSUs and PSUs, and 2,540,754 AMC Preferred Equity Units RSUs and PSUs.
- (2) Includes \$75.1 million of cash proceeds and \$118.6 million carrying value of the debt exchanged for AMC Preferred Equity Units.

**Condensed Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Deficit
For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2022**

(In millions, except share and per share data)	Class A Common Stock		Preferred Stock				Accumulated		Total AMC Stockholders' Equity (Deficit)
	Shares	Amount	Series A Convertible	Depository Shares of AMC Preferred	Amount	Capital	Other Comprehensive	Accumulated	
			Participating Preferred Stock				Income (Loss)		
Balances December 31, 2021	513,979,100	\$ 5.1	5,139,791	513,979,100	\$ 0.1	\$ 4,857.4	\$ (28.1)	\$ (6,624.0)	\$ (1,789.5)
Net loss	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(337.4)	(337.4)
Other comprehensive loss	—	—	—	—	—	—	(5.8)	—	(5.8)
Taxes paid for restricted unit withholdings	—	—	—	—	—	(52.2)	—	—	(52.2)
Stock-based compensation (1)	2,841,495	0.1	28,415	2,841,495	—	6.5	—	—	6.6
Balances March 31, 2022	516,820,595	\$ 5.2	5,168,206	516,820,595	\$ 0.1	\$ 4,811.7	\$ (33.9)	\$ (6,961.4)	\$ (2,178.3)

(1) Includes 41,650 Class A common stock shares and 41,650 AMC Preferred Equity Units awarded to Board of Directors, 2,799,845 vested Class A common stock RSUs and PSUs, and 2,799,845 vested AMC Preferred Equity Units RSUs and PSUs.

NOTE 8—INCOME TAXES

The Company's worldwide effective income tax rate is based on actual income (loss), statutory rates, valuation allowances against deferred tax assets and tax planning opportunities available in the various jurisdictions in which it operates. The Company is using a discrete income tax calculation for the three months ended March 31, 2023 due to the lingering effects of the COVID-19 pandemic on the industry. Historically, for interim financial reporting, the Company estimated the worldwide annual income tax rate based on projected taxable income (loss) for the full year and recorded a quarterly income tax provision or benefit in accordance with the anticipated annual rate, adjusted for discrete items, if any. The Company will return to the historic approach of computing quarterly tax expense based on an annual effective rate in the future interim period when more reliable estimates of annual income become available. The Company recognizes income tax-related interest expense and penalties as income tax expense and general and administrative expense, respectively.

The Company evaluates its deferred tax assets each period to determine if a valuation allowance is required based on whether it is "more likely than not" that some portion of the deferred tax assets would not be realized. The ultimate realization of these deferred tax assets is dependent upon the generation of sufficient taxable income during future periods on a federal, state, and foreign jurisdiction basis. The Company conducts its evaluation by considering all available positive and negative evidence, including historical operating results, forecasts of future profitability, the duration of statutory carryforward periods, and the outlooks for the U.S. motion picture and broader economy, among others.

A valuation allowance is recorded against the Company's U.S. deferred tax assets and most of the Company's international deferred tax assets as the Company has determined the realization of these assets does not meet the more likely than not criteria.

The effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2023 reflects the impact of these valuation allowances against U.S. and international deferred tax assets generated during the three-month period. The actual effective rate for the three months ended March 31, 2023 was (0.8)%. The Company's consolidated tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2023 differs from the U.S. statutory tax rate primarily due to the valuation allowances in U.S. and foreign jurisdictions, foreign tax rate differences, federal and state tax credits, permanent differences and other discrete items. At March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the Company has recorded net deferred tax liabilities of \$32.7 million and \$32.1 million, respectively.

Utilization of the Company's net operating loss carryforwards, disallowed business interest carryforwards and other tax attributes became subject to the Section 382 ownership change limitation due to changes in the Company's stock ownership on January 27, 2021. The Company does not believe, however, that tax attributes generated prior to this event are significantly impacted by Section 382.

NOTE 9—FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Fair value refers to the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants in the market in which the entity transacts business. The inputs used to develop these fair value measurements are established in a hierarchy, which ranks the quality and reliability of the information used to determine the fair values. The fair value classification is based on levels of inputs. Assets and liabilities that are carried at fair value are classified and disclosed in one of the following categories:

- Level 1: Quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Observable market based inputs or unobservable inputs that are corroborated by market data.
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs that are not corroborated by market data.

Recurring Fair Value Measurements. The following table summarizes the fair value hierarchy of the Company's financial assets and liabilities carried at fair value on a recurring basis as of March 31, 2023:

(In millions)	Total Carrying Value at March 31, 2023	Fair Value Measurements at March 31, 2023 Using		
		Quoted prices in active market (Level 1)	Significant other observable inputs (Level 2)	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)
<i>Other long-term assets:</i>				
Investment in Hycroft Mining Holding Corporation warrants	\$ 6.9	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 6.9
<i>Marketable equity securities:</i>				
Investment in Hycroft Mining Holding Corporation	10.1	10.1	—	—
Total assets at fair value	\$ 17.0	\$ 10.1	\$ —	\$ 6.9

Valuation Techniques. The equity method investment in Hycroft was measured at fair value using Hycroft's stock price at the date of measurement. To estimate the fair value of the Company's investment in Hycroft warrants, the Company valued the warrants using the Black Scholes pricing model. Such judgments and estimates included estimates of volatility of 122.2% and discount rate of 3.7%. The discount rate is based on the treasury yield that matches the term as of the measurement date. Other inputs included the term of 4.0 years, exercise price of \$1.068 and Hycroft's stock price at the date of measurement. There is considerable management judgment with respect to the inputs used in determining fair value, and, accordingly, actual results could vary significantly from such estimates, which fall under Level 3 within the fair value measurement hierarchy. See Note 5—Investments for further information regarding the investments in Hycroft.

Other Fair Value Measurement Disclosures. The Company is required to disclose the fair value of financial instruments that are not recognized at fair value in the statement of financial position for which it is practicable to estimate that value:

(In millions)	Total Carrying Value at March 31, 2023	Fair Value Measurements at March 31, 2023 Using		
		Quoted prices in active market (Level 1)	Significant other observable inputs (Level 2)	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)
Current maturities of corporate borrowings	\$ 20.0	\$ —	\$ 14.6	\$ —
Corporate borrowings	4,862.0	—	3,266.3	—

Valuation Technique. Quoted market prices and observable market based inputs were used to estimate fair value for Level 2 inputs. The Company valued these notes at principal value less an estimated discount reflecting a market yield to maturity. See Note 6—Corporate Borrowings and Finance Lease Liabilities for further information.

The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable, and accrued liabilities approximate fair value because of the short maturity of these instruments.

NOTE 10—OPERATING SEGMENTS

The Company reports information about operating segments in accordance with ASC 280-10, Segment Reporting, which requires financial information to be reported based on the way management organizes segments within a company for making operating decisions and evaluating performance. The Company has identified two reportable segments and reporting units for its theatrical exhibition operations, U.S. markets and International markets. The International markets reportable segment has operations in or partial interest in theatres in the United Kingdom, Germany, Spain, Italy, Ireland, Portugal, Sweden, Finland, Norway, Denmark, and Saudi Arabia. On December 30, 2022, the Company entered into an agreement to sell its 10.0% investment Saudi Cinema Company, LLC for SAR 112.5 million \$(30.0) million, subject to certain closing conditions. On January 24, 2023, the Saudi Ministry of Commerce recorded the sale of equity and the Company received the proceeds on January 25, 2023. See Note 5—Investments for further information. Each segment's revenue is derived from admissions, food and beverage sales and other ancillary revenues, primarily screen advertising, AMC Stubs® membership fees and other loyalty programs, ticket sales, gift card income and exchange ticket income. The measure of segment profit and loss the Company uses to

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evaluate performance and allocate its resources is Adjusted EBITDA, as defined in the reconciliation table below. The Company does not report asset information by segment because that information is not used to evaluate the performance of or allocate resources between segments.

Below is a breakdown of select financial information by reportable operating segment:

Revenues (In millions)	Three Months Ended	
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
U.S. markets	\$ 704.5	\$ 563.1
International markets	249.9	222.6
Total revenues	\$ 954.4	\$ 785.7

Adjusted EBITDA (In millions)	Three Months Ended	
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
U.S. markets	\$ 10.9	\$ (43.4)
International markets	(3.8)	(18.3)
Total Adjusted EBITDA (1)	\$ 7.1	\$ (61.7)

- (1) The Company presents Adjusted EBITDA as a supplemental measure of its performance. The Company defines Adjusted EBITDA as net earnings (loss) plus (i) income tax provision (benefit), (ii) interest expense and (iii) depreciation and amortization, as further adjusted to eliminate the impact of certain items that the Company does not consider indicative of the Company's ongoing operating performance and to include attributable EBITDA from equity investments in theatre operations in International markets and any cash distributions of earnings from its other equity method investees. The measure of segment profit and loss the Company uses to evaluate performance and allocate its resources is Adjusted EBITDA, which is broadly consistent with how Adjusted EBITDA is defined in the Company's debt indentures.

Capital Expenditures (In millions)	Three Months Ended	
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
U.S. markets	\$ 34.6	\$ 21.1
International markets	12.8	13.7
Total capital expenditures	\$ 47.4	\$ 34.8

Long-term assets, net (In millions)	As of	As of
	March 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
U.S. markets	\$ 6,026.1	\$ 6,135.9
International markets	2,081.0	2,097.6
Total long-term assets (1)	\$ 8,107.1	\$ 8,233.5

- (1) Long-term assets are comprised of property, net, operating lease right-of-use assets, intangible assets, goodwill, deferred tax assets, net and other long-term assets.

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The following table sets forth a reconciliation of net loss to Adjusted EBITDA:

(In millions)	Three Months Ended	
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Net loss	\$ (235.5)	\$ (337.4)
Plus:		
Income tax provision	1.9	0.1
Interest expense	101.1	92.4
Depreciation and amortization	93.6	98.7
Certain operating expense (1)	1.1	2.3
Equity in (earnings) loss of non-consolidated entities	(1.4)	5.1
Cash distributions from non-consolidated entities (2)	—	0.7
Attributable EBITDA (3)	0.5	0.2
Investment income (4)	(13.5)	(63.4)
Other expense (5)	42.8	139.8
Other non-cash rent benefit (6)	(9.6)	(7.1)
General and administrative — unallocated:		
Merger, acquisition and other costs (7)	0.2	0.4
Stock-based compensation expense (8)	25.9	6.5
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 7.1	\$ (61.7)

- (1) Amounts represent propping expense related to temporarily closed screens under renovation, theatre and other closure expense for the permanent closure of screens, including the related accretion of interest, disposition of assets and other non-operating gains or losses included in operating expenses. The Company has excluded these items as they are non-cash in nature or are non-operating in nature.
- (2) Includes U.S. non-theatre distributions from equity method investments and International non-theatre distributions from equity method investments to the extent received. The Company believes including cash distributions is an appropriate reflection of the contribution of these investments to the Company's operations.
- (3) Attributable EBITDA includes the EBITDA from equity investments in theatre operators in certain International markets. See below for a reconciliation of the Company's equity in loss of non-consolidated entities to attributable EBITDA. Because these equity investments are in theatre operators in regions where the Company holds a significant market share, the Company believes attributable EBITDA is more indicative of the performance of these equity investments and management uses this measure to monitor and evaluate these equity investments. The Company also provides services to these theatre operators including information technology systems, certain on-screen advertising services and the Company's gift card and package ticket program.

(In millions)	Three Months Ended	
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Equity in (earnings) loss of non-consolidated entities	\$ (1.4)	\$ 5.1
Less:		
Equity in (earnings) loss of non-consolidated entities excluding International theatre joint ventures	(1.1)	0.3
Equity in earnings (loss) of International theatre joint ventures	0.3	(4.8)
Income tax benefit	(0.1)	—
Investment expense	0.1	—
Impairment of long-lived assets	—	4.2
Depreciation and amortization	0.2	0.8
Attributable EBITDA	\$ 0.5	\$ 0.2

- (4) Investment income during the three months ended March 31, 2023 primarily includes deterioration in estimated fair value of the Company's investment in common shares of Hycroft Mining Holding Corporation of \$2.3 million, deterioration in estimated fair value of the Company's investment in warrants to purchase common shares of Hycroft Mining Holding Corporation of \$2.3 million, a \$(15.5) million gain on the sale of the Company's investment in Saudi Cinema Company, LLC, and interest income of \$(2.3) million.

Investment income during the three months ended March 31, 2022 includes appreciation in estimated fair

value of the Company's investment in common shares of Hycroft Mining Holding Corporation of \$28.8 million and appreciation in estimated fair value of the Company's investment in warrants to purchase common shares of Hycroft Mining Holding Corporation of \$35.1 million.

- (5) Other expense during the three months ended March 31, 2023 includes a non-cash litigation contingency reserve charge of \$116.6 million, partially offset by foreign currency transaction gains of \$(8.7) million and gains on debt extinguishment of \$(65.1) million.

Other expense during the three months ended March 31, 2022 included loss on debt extinguishment of \$135.0 million and foreign currency transaction losses of \$4.8 million.

- (6) Reflects amortization expense for certain intangible assets reclassified from depreciation and amortization to rent expense due to the adoption of ASC 842, Leases and deferred rent benefit related to the impairment of right-of-use operating lease assets.
- (7) Merger, acquisition and other costs are excluded as they are non-operating in nature.
- (8) Non-cash or non-recurring expense included in general and administrative: other.

NOTE 11—COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Company, in the normal course of business, is a party to various ordinary course claims from vendors (including food and beverage suppliers and film distributors), landlords, competitors, and other legal proceedings. If management believes that a loss arising from these actions is probable and can reasonably be estimated, the Company records the amount of the loss or the minimum estimated liability when the loss is estimated using a range and no point is more probable than another. As additional information becomes available, any potential liability related to these actions is assessed and the estimates are revised, if necessary. Management believes that the ultimate outcome of such matters discussed below, individually and in the aggregate, will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position or overall trends in results of operations. However, litigation and claims are subject to inherent uncertainties and unfavorable outcomes can occur. An unfavorable outcome might include monetary damages. If an unfavorable outcome were to occur, there exists the possibility of a material adverse impact on the results of operations in the period in which the outcome occurs or in future periods.

On January 12, 2018 and January 19, 2018, two putative federal securities class actions, captioned Hawaii Structural Ironworkers Pension Trust Fund v. AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc., et al., Case No. 1:18-cv-00299-AJN (the "Hawaii Action"), and Nichols v. AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc., et al., Case No. 1:18-cv-00510-AJN (the "Nichols Action," and together with the Hawaii Action, the "Actions"), respectively, were filed against the Company in the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of New York. The Actions, which named certain of the Company's officers and directors and, in the case of the Hawaii Action, the underwriters of the Company's February 8, 2017 secondary public offering, as defendants, asserted claims under Sections 11, 12(a)(2) and 15 of the Securities Act and Sections 10(b) and 20(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act") with respect to alleged material misstatements and omissions in the registration statement for the secondary public offering and in certain other public disclosures. On May 30, 2018, the court consolidated the Actions. On January 22, 2019, defendants moved to dismiss the Second Amended Class Action Complaint. On September 23, 2019, the court granted the motion to dismiss in part and denied it in part. On March 2, 2020, plaintiffs moved to certify the purported class. On March 30, 2021, the court granted the motion to certify the class. On September 2, 2021, the parties reached an agreement in principle to resolve the Actions for \$18.0 million. The Company agreed to the settlement and the payment of the settlement amount to eliminate the distraction, burden, expense, and uncertainty of further litigation. The Company and the other defendants continue to expressly deny any liability or wrongdoing with respect to the matters alleged in the Actions. On November 1, 2021, the parties to the Actions signed a stipulation of settlement, which memorialized the terms of the agreement in principle, and which the plaintiffs filed with the court. Also on November 1, 2021, plaintiffs filed a motion to preliminarily approve the settlement. On November 8, 2021, the court preliminarily approved the settlement, approved the form of notice to be disseminated to class members, and scheduled a final fairness hearing on the settlement for February 10, 2022. On February 14, 2022, the court issued a final judgment approving the settlement and dismissing the action.

On May 21, 2018, a stockholder derivative complaint, captioned *Gantulga v. Aron, et al.*, Case No. 2:18-cv-02262-JAR-TJJ (the "Gantulga Action"), was filed against certain of the Company's officers and directors in the U.S. District Court for the District of Kansas. The Gantulga Action, which was filed on behalf of the Company, asserts

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claims under Section 14(a) of the Exchange Act and for breaches of fiduciary duty and unjust enrichment based on allegations substantially similar to the Actions. On October 12, 2018, the parties filed a joint motion to transfer the action to the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of New York, which the court granted on October 15, 2018. When the action was transferred to the Southern District of New York, it was re-captioned *Gantulga v. Aron, et al.*, Case No. 1:18-cv-10007-AJN. The parties filed a joint stipulation to stay the action, which the court granted on December 17, 2018. The stay was lifted as of February 9, 2022.

On October 2, 2019, a stockholder derivative complaint, captioned *Kenna v. Aron, et al.*, Case No. 1:19-cv-09148-AJN (the “Kenna Action”), was filed in the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of New York. The parties filed a joint stipulation to stay the action, which the court granted on October 17, 2019. On April 20, 2020, the plaintiff filed an amended complaint. The Kenna Action asserts claims under Sections 10(b), 14(a), and 21D of the Exchange Act and for breaches of fiduciary duty and unjust enrichment based on allegations substantially similar to the Actions and the Gantulga Action. The stay was lifted as of February 9, 2022.

On March 20, 2020, a stockholder derivative complaint, captioned *Manuel v. Aron, et al.*, Case No. 1:20-cv-02456-AJN (the “Manuel Action”), was filed in the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of New York. The Manuel Action asserts claims under Sections 10(b), 21D, and 29(b) of the Exchange Act and for breaches of fiduciary duty based on allegations substantially similar to the Actions, the Gantulga Action, and the Kenna Action. The parties filed a joint stipulation to stay the action, which the court granted on May 18, 2020.

On April 7, 2020, a stockholder derivative complaint, captioned *Dinkevich v. Aron, et al.*, Case No. 1:20-cv-02870-AJN (the “Dinkevich Action”), was filed in the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of New York. The Dinkevich Action asserts the same claims as the Manuel Action based on allegations substantially similar to the Actions, the Gantulga Action, the Kenna Action, and the Manuel Action. The parties filed a joint stipulation to stay the action, which was granted on June 25, 2020. On January 11, 2022, the court lifted the stay.

On September 23, 2021, a stockholder derivative complaint, captioned *Lyon v. Aron, et al.*, Case No. 1:21-cv-07940-AJN (the “Lyon Action”), was filed in the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of New York against certain of the Company’s current and former officers and directors. The Lyon Action asserts claims for contribution and indemnification under the Exchange Act and for breaches of fiduciary duty, waste of corporate assets, and unjust enrichment/constructive trust based on allegations substantially similar to the Actions, the Gantulga Action, the Kenna Action, the Manuel Action, and the Dinkevich Action. On January 14, 2022, defendants moved to dismiss the complaint. On March 21, 2023, the court granted defendants’ motion to dismiss.

On December 31, 2019, the Company received a stockholder litigation demand, requesting that the Board investigate the allegations in the Actions and pursue claims on the Company’s behalf based on those allegations. On May 5, 2020, the Board determined not to pursue the claims sought in the demand at this time.

On July 15, 2020, the Company received a second stockholder litigation demand requesting substantially the same action as the stockholder demand it received on December 31, 2019. On September 23, 2020, the Board determined not to pursue the claims sought in the demand at this time.

On April 22, 2019, a putative stockholder class and derivative complaint, captioned *Lao v. Dalian Wanda Group Co., Ltd., et al.*, C.A. No. 2019-0303-JRS (the “Lao Action”), was filed against certain of the Company’s directors, Wanda, two of Wanda’s affiliates, Silver Lake, and one of Silver Lake’s affiliates in the Delaware Court of Chancery. The Lao Action asserts claims directly, on behalf of a putative class of Company stockholders, and derivatively, on behalf of the Company, for breaches of fiduciary duty and aiding and abetting breaches of fiduciary duty with respect to transactions that the Company entered into with affiliates of Wanda and Silver Lake on September 14, 2018, and the special cash dividend of \$1.55 per share of common stock that was payable on September 28, 2018 to the Company’s stockholders of record as of September 25, 2018. On July 18, 2019, the Company’s Board of Directors formed a Special Litigation Committee to investigate and evaluate the claims and allegations asserted in the Lao Action and make a determination as to how the Company should proceed with respect to the Lao Action. On January 8, 2021, the Special Litigation Committee filed a report with the court recommending that the court dismiss all of the claims asserted in the Lao Action, and moved to dismiss all of the claims in the Lao Action. On June 6, 2022, the parties signed a stipulation of settlement to resolve the Lao Action for \$17.4 million (the “Settlement Amount”). Defendants agreed to the settlement and the payment of the Settlement Amount solely to eliminate the burden, expense, and uncertainty of further litigation, and continue to expressly deny any liability or wrongdoing with respect to the matters alleged in the Lao Action. On September 28, 2022, the court held a hearing to

consider whether to approve the proposed settlement. At the hearing, the court requested a supplemental notice to stockholders prior to approval. A second hearing regarding approval of the settlement was held on November 30, 2022. Following the hearing, also on November 30, 2022, the court issued an order and final judgment approving the settlement and dismissing the action. The order and final judgment included a fee and expense award to Plaintiff's counsel in the amount of \$3.4 million to be paid out of the Settlement Amount. On January 6, 2023, the remainder of the Settlement Amount of \$14.0 million was paid to the Company. The Company recorded the settlement as a gain in other income once all contingencies were resolved during the three months ended March 31, 2023.

On December 27, 2022, the Company received a letter from a purported stockholder, demanding to inspect certain of the Company's books and records pursuant to 8 *Del. C.* § 220 in order to investigate allegations concerning: (i) the proposal that was approved by the Board on January 27, 2021 to amend the Company's Certificate of Incorporation to increase the total number of shares of the Company's Common Stock; (ii) the Company's creation, distribution, and/or sale of AMC Preferred Equity Units (APE's); (iii) the transactions between the Company and Antara Capital, LP that the Company announced on December 22, 2022 (the "Antara Transactions"); (iv) the special meeting of the holders of the Company's Common Stock and APEs held March 14, 2023 for the purpose of voting on amendments to the Company's Certificate of Incorporation that, together will enable APEs to convert into shares of the Company's Common Stock; and (v) the independence of the members of the Board (the "December 27, 2022 Demand"). On January 4, 2023, the Company rejected the December 27, 2022 Demand. On February 7, 2023, without conceding the propriety of the December 27, 2022 Demand in any respect and while reserving all rights, the Company, in an effort to avoid unnecessary litigation, allowed the stockholder who made the December 27, 2022 Demand to inspect certain of the Company's books and records concerning the subject matter of December 27, 2022 Demand.

On February 6, 2023, the Company received a letter from another purported stockholder, demanding to inspect certain of the Company's books and records pursuant to 8 *Del. C.* § 220 in order to investigate allegations similar to those made in the December 27, 2022 Demand (the "February 6, 2023 Demand" and, together with the December 27, 2022 Demand, the "Books and Records Demands"). On February 13, 2023, the Company rejected the February 6, 2023 Demand. Also, on February 13, 2023, without conceding the propriety of the February 6, 2023 Demand in any respect and while reserving all rights, the Company, in an effort to avoid unnecessary litigation, allowed the stockholder who made the February 6, 2023 Demand to inspect the same books and records that it allowed the stockholder who made the December 27, 2022 Demand to inspect.

On February 20, 2023, two putative stockholder class actions were filed in the Delaware Court of Chancery, captioned *Allegheny County Employees' Retirement System v. AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc., et al.*, C.A. No. 2023-0215-MTZ (Del. Ch.) (the "Allegheny Action"), and *Munoz v. Adam M. Aron, et al.*, C.A. No. 2023-0216-MTZ (Del. Ch.) (the "Munoz Action") and which have been subsequently consolidated into *In re AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc. Stockholder Litigation* C.A. No. 2023-0215-MTZ (Del. Ch.) (the "Shareholder Litigation"). The *Allegheny* Action asserts a claim for breach of fiduciary duty against certain of the Company's directors and a claim for breach of 8 *Del. C.* § 220 against those directors and the Company, arising out of the Company's creation of the APEs, the Antara Transactions, and the Charter Amendment Proposals. The *Munoz* Action, which was filed by the stockholders who made the Books and Records Demands, assert a claim for breach of fiduciary duty against the Company's current directors and former director Lee Wittlinger, arising out of the same conduct challenged in the *Allegheny* Action. The *Allegheny* Action seeks a declaration that the issuance of the APEs violated 8 *Del. C.* § 242(b), an order that holders of the Company's Common Stock be provided with a separate vote from the holders of the APEs on the Charter Amendment Proposals or that the APEs be enjoined from voting on the Charter Amendment Proposals, and an award of money damages. The *Munoz* Action seeks to enjoin the APEs from voting on the Charter Amendment Proposals.

On February 27, 2023, the Delaware Court of Chancery entered a status quo order that (i) allowed the March 14, 2023 vote on the Charter Amendment Proposals to proceed, but precludes the Company from implementing the Charter Amendment Proposals pending a ruling by the court on the plaintiffs' then-anticipated preliminary injunction motion, and (ii) scheduled a hearing on the plaintiffs' then-anticipated preliminary injunction motion for April 27, 2023 (the "Status Quo Order").

On April 2, 2023, the parties entered into a binding settlement term sheet to settle the Shareholder Litigation, which among other things, provided that the parties would jointly request that the Status Quo Order be lifted. Pursuant to the term sheet, the Company agreed to make a non-cash settlement payment to record holders of Common Stock as of the time (the "Settlement Class Time") at which the Reverse Stock Split is effective (and after giving effect to the Reverse Stock Split) of one share of Class A common stock for every 7.5 shares of Common Stock owned by such record holders (the "Settlement Payment"). The Company's obligation to make the Settlement Payment is contingent on

the Status Quo Order being lifted and the Company effecting the Charter Amendment Proposals. The defendants agreed to the settlement and the payment of the Settlement Payment solely to eliminate the burden, expense, and uncertainty of further litigation, and continue to expressly deny any liability or wrongdoing with respect to the matters alleged in the Shareholder Litigation. On April 3, 2023, the plaintiffs filed an unopposed motion to lift the Status Quo Order. In connection with the proposed settlement payment, the Company recorded a \$126.6 million contingency reserve charge to other expense during the three months ended March 31, 2023. The contingency reserve charge is based on the estimated fair value of \$116.6 million for the Settlement Payment and the expected attorneys' fees, net of probable insurance recoveries of \$10.0 million. The contingent liability is included in accrued expenses in other liabilities within the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

On April 5, 2023 the court denied the motion to lift the Status Quo Order. Unless and until the court lifts the Status Quo Order, the Company cannot proceed with filing the amendment to the Company's certificate of incorporation to effect the Charter Amendment Proposals.

On April 27, 2023, the parties jointly filed a Stipulation and Agreement of Compromise, Settlement, and Release (the "Settlement Stipulation") with the court, which fully memorializes the settlement that the parties agreed to in the term sheet. The court has set a hearing to consider approval of the settlement for June 29-30, 2023. Any settlement of the Shareholder Litigation is subject to court approval.

NOTE 12—LOSS PER SHARE

On August 4, 2022, the Company announced that its Board of Directors declared a special dividend of one AMC Preferred Equity Unit for each share of Common Stock outstanding at the close of business on August 15, 2022, the record date. The dividend was paid at the close of business on August 19, 2022 to investors who held shares of Common Stock as of August 22, 2022, the ex-dividend date.

Each AMC Preferred Equity Unit is a depositary share and represents an interest in one one-hundredth (1/100th) of a share of Series A Convertible Participating Preferred Stock evidenced by a depositary receipt pursuant to a deposit agreement. The Company has 50,000,000 Preferred Stock shares authorized, 10,000,000 of which have currently been allocated and 9,741,909 have been issued under depositary agreement as Series A Convertible Participating Preferred Stock, leaving 40,000,000 unallocated Preferred Stock shares. Each AMC Preferred Equity Unit is designed to have the same economic and voting rights as a share of Class A common stock. Trading of the AMC Preferred Equity Units on the NYSE began on August 22, 2022 under the ticker symbol "APE". Due to the characteristics of the AMC Preferred Equity Units, the special dividend similar to a stock split pursuant to ASC 505-20-25-4. Accordingly, all references made to share, per share, or common share amounts in the accompanying consolidated financial statements and applicable disclosures have been retroactively adjusted to reflect the effects of the special dividend as a stock split.

Basic loss per share is computed by dividing net loss by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding. Diluted loss per share includes the effects of unvested RSUs with a service condition only and unvested contingently issuable RSUs and PSUs that have service and performance conditions, if dilutive.

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The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted loss per common share:

(In millions)	Three Months Ended	
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Numerator:		
Net loss for basic loss per share attributable to AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc.	\$ (235.5)	\$ (337.4)
Net loss for diluted loss per share attributable to AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc.	\$ (235.5)	\$ (337.4)
Denominator (shares in thousands):		
Weighted average shares for basic loss per common share	1,373,947	1,031,820
Weighted average shares for diluted loss per common share	1,373,947	1,031,820
Basic loss per common share	\$ (0.17)	\$ (0.33)
Diluted loss per common share	\$ (0.17)	\$ (0.33)

Vested RSUs and PSUs have dividend rights identical to the Company's Common Stock and AMC Preferred Equity Units and are treated as outstanding shares for purposes of computing basic and diluted earnings per share. Unvested RSUs of 5,319,571 for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and unvested RSUs of 5,614,052 for the three months ended March 31, 2022 were not included in the computation of diluted loss per share because they would be anti-dilutive.

Unvested PSUs are subject to performance conditions and are included in diluted earnings per share, if dilutive, based on the number of shares, if any, that would be issuable under the terms of the Company's 2013 Equity Incentive Plan if the end of the reporting period were the end of the contingency period. Unvested PSUs of 2,978,289 at certain performance targets for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and unvested PSUs of 2,953,978 at certain performance targets for the three months ended March 31, 2022, were not included in the computation of diluted loss per share because they would not be issuable if the end of the reporting period were the end of the contingency period or they would be anti-dilutive.

NOTE 13—SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Equity Distribution Agreement. During April 2023, the Company raised gross proceeds of approximately \$34.2 million through its at-the-market offering of approximately 21.2 million shares of its AMC Preferred Equity Units and paid fees to the sales agent of approximately \$0.9 million. The shares were sold pursuant to the Equity Distribution Agreement described in Note 7—Stockholders' Equity. The Company no longer has any authorized AMC Preferred Equity Units available for issuance under the Equity Distribution Agreement.

Related Party Debt Repurchase. On April 6, 2023, the Company repurchased \$9.0 million aggregate principal of the Second Lien Notes due 2026 from Antara, a related party, for \$6.2 million and recorded a gain on extinguishment of \$4.4 million in other expense (income). Accrued interest of \$0.3 million was paid in connection with the repurchase.

NCM Bankruptcy. On April 11, 2023, National Cine-Media, LLC ("NCM") filed a petition under Chapter 11 of the U.S. Bankruptcy Code in the Southern District of Texas. NCM is the in-theatre advertising provider for the majority of our theatres in the United States. NCM has indicated that it plans to assume its agreements with us and we do not expect its bankruptcy to have a material impact on the Company. However, certain payments due to AMC from NCM for periods prior to the bankruptcy filing may be delayed, and NCM failed to issue the common units that were owed to AMC as part of the annual common unit adjustment on April 12, 2023. We will continue to monitor the bankruptcy proceedings and take such actions as are necessary to preserve AMC's contractual rights.

Shareholder Litigation. On April 2, 2023, the Company entered into a binding settlement term sheet with the named plaintiffs in the Shareholder Litigation to settle the Shareholder Litigation and to request that the status quo order (the "Status Quo Order") in the Shareholder Litigation be lifted. Pursuant to the binding settlement term sheet, the Company agreed to make a non-cash settlement payment to record holders of Common Stock as of the time (the "Settlement Class Time") at which the Reverse Stock Split is effective (and after giving effect to the Reverse Stock Split) of one share of Class A common stock for every 7.5 shares of Common Stock owned by such record holders (the

“Settlement Payment”). On April 3, 2023, the plaintiffs filed an unopposed motion to lift the Status Quo Order.

On April 5, 2023, the court denied the motion to lift the Status Quo Order. Unless and until the court lifts the Status Quo Order, the Company cannot proceed with filing the amendment to the Company’s certificate of incorporation to effect the Charter Amendment Proposals. Further, any settlement of the Shareholder Litigation is subject to court approval.

On April 26, 2023, the Company and the plaintiffs jointly filed a Stipulation and Agreement of Compromise, Settlement, and Release (the “Settlement Stipulation”) with the court. The terms of the Settlement Stipulation are substantially the same as the previously entered binding settlement term sheet. The court has set a hearing to consider approval of the Settlement Stipulation on June 29-30, 2023.

See Note 11—Commitments and Contingencies for further information regarding the litigation.

Item 2. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

Forward-Looking Statements

In addition to historical information, this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of the “safe harbor” provisions of the United States Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements may be identified by the use of words such as “may,” “will,” “forecast,” “estimate,” “project,” “intend,” “plan,” “expect,” “should,” “believe” and other similar expressions that predict or indicate future events or trends or that are not statements of historical matters. These forward-looking statements are based only on our current beliefs, expectations and assumptions regarding the future of our business, future plans and strategies, projections, anticipated events and trends, the economy and other future conditions and speak only as of the date on which it is made. Examples of forward-looking statements include statements we make regarding the impact of COVID-19, future attendance levels and our liquidity. These forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties, assumptions and other factors, including those discussed in “Risk Factors” and “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations,” which may cause our actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. These risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to, the following:

- the risks and uncertainties relating to the sufficiency of our existing cash and cash equivalents and available borrowing capacity to comply with the minimum liquidity requirement under our debt covenants related to borrowings pursuant to the Senior Secured Revolving Credit Facility (as defined in Note 6—Corporate Borrowings and Finance Lease Liabilities in the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements under Part I, Item 1 thereof), fund operations, and satisfy obligations including cash outflows for deferred rent and planned capital expenditures currently and through the next twelve months. In order to achieve net positive operating cash flows and long-term profitability, operating revenues will need to increase significantly from current levels to levels in line with pre COVID-19 operating revenues. We believe the anticipated volume of titles available for theatrical release and the anticipated broad appeal of many of those titles will support increased operating revenues and attendance levels. However, there remain significant risks that may negatively impact operating revenues and attendance levels, including changes to movie studios release schedules and direct to streaming or other changing movie studio practices. If we are unable to achieve significantly increased levels of attendance and operating revenues, we may be required to obtain additional liquidity. If such additional liquidity is not obtained or insufficient, we likely would seek an in-court or out-of-court restructuring of our liabilities, and in the event of such future liquidation or bankruptcy proceeding, holders of our Common Stock, AMC Preferred Equity Units, and other securities would likely suffer a total loss of their investment;
- the impact of COVID-19 upon the operations of the exhibition industry; the practices of distributors; and the changing movie-going behavior of consumers;
- increased use of alternative film delivery methods including premium video on demand or other forms of entertainment;
- the risk that the North American and international box office in the near term will not recover sufficiently,

- resulting in higher cash burn and the need to seek additional financing;
- risks and uncertainties relating to our significant indebtedness, including our borrowings and our ability to meet our financial maintenance and other covenants;
 - shrinking exclusive theatrical release windows or release of movies to theatrical exhibition and streaming platforms on the same date, and the theatrical release of fewer movies;
 - the seasonality of our revenue and working capital, which are dependent upon the timing of motion picture releases by distributor, such releases being seasonal and resulting in higher attendance and revenues generally during the summer months and holiday seasons;
 - intense competition in the geographic areas in which we operate among exhibitors or from other forms of entertainment;
 - certain covenants in the agreements that govern our indebtedness may limit our ability to take advantage of certain business opportunities and limit or restrict our ability to pay dividends, pre-pay debt, and also to refinance debt and to do so at favorable terms;
 - risks relating to impairment losses, including with respect to goodwill and other intangibles, and theatre and other closure charges;
 - risks relating to motion picture production and performance, including labor stoppages affecting the production and supply of theatrical motion picture content;
 - general and international economic, political, regulatory, social and financial market conditions, including potential economic recession, inflation, the financial stability of the banking industry, and other risks that may negatively impact discretionary income and our operating revenues and attendance levels;
 - our lack of control over distributors of films;
 - limitations on the availability of capital or poor financial results may prevent us from deploying strategic initiatives;
 - an issuance of preferred stock, including the Series A Convertible Participating Preferred Stock (represented by AMC Preferred Equity Units), could dilute the voting power of the common stockholders and adversely affect the market value of our Common Stock and AMC Preferred Equity Units;
 - limitations on the authorized number of Common Stock shares prevents us from raising additional capital through Common Stock issuances;
 - our ability to achieve expected synergies, benefits and performance from our strategic initiatives;
 - our ability to refinance our indebtedness on terms favorable to us or at all;
 - our ability to optimize our theatre circuit through new construction, the transformation of our existing theatres, and strategically closing underperforming theatres may be subject to delay and unanticipated costs;
 - failures, unavailability or security breaches of our information systems;
 - our ability to utilize interest expense deductions will be limited annually due to Section 163(j) of the Internal Revenue Code as amended by the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017;
 - our ability to recognize interest deduction carryforwards, net operating loss carryforwards and other tax attributes to reduce our future tax liability;
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- our ability to recognize certain international deferred tax assets which currently do not have a valuation allowance recorded;
- impact of the elimination of the calculation of USD LIBOR rates on our contracts indexed to USD LIBOR;
- review by antitrust authorities in connection with acquisition opportunities;
- risks relating to the incurrence of legal liability, including costs associated with the ongoing securities class action lawsuits;
- dependence on key personnel for current and future performance and our ability to attract and retain senior executives and other key personnel, including in connection with any future acquisitions;
- increased costs in order to comply or resulting from a failure to comply with governmental regulation, including the General Data Protection Regulation (“GDPR”) and all other current and pending privacy and data regulations in the jurisdictions where we have operations.
- supply chain disruptions may negatively impact our operating results;
- the availability and/or cost of energy, particularly in Europe;
- the dilution caused by recent and potential future sales of our Common Stock and AMC Preferred Equity Units, including the implications of the proposed conversion of the Series A Convertible Participating Preferred Stock (which are represented by AMC Preferred Equity Units) to Common Stock, could adversely affect the market price of the Common Stock and AMC Preferred Equity Units;
- the market price and trading volume of our shares of Common Stock has been and may continue to be volatile and such volatility also applies to our AMC Preferred Equity Units, and purchasers of our securities could incur substantial losses;
- future offerings of debt, which would be senior to our Common Stock and AMC Preferred Equity Units for purposes of distributions or upon liquidation, could adversely affect the market price of our Common Stock and AMC Preferred Equity Units;
- our ability to implement the Charter Amendment Proposals due to the Shareholder Litigation (as defined herein);
- the potential for political, social, or economic unrest, terrorism, hostilities, cyber-attacks or war, including the conflict between Russia and Ukraine and that Sweden and Finland (countries where we operate approximately 100 theatres) have either signed or completed accession protocols. Their accession could cause a deterioration in the relationship each country has with Russia;
- the potential impact of financial and economic sanctions on the regional and global economy, or widespread health emergencies, such as COVID-19 or other pandemics or epidemics, causing people to avoid our theatres or other public places where large crowds are in attendance;
- anti-takeover protections in our amended and restated certificate of incorporation and our amended and restated bylaws may discourage or prevent a takeover of our Company, even if an acquisition would be beneficial to our stockholders; and
- other risks referenced from time to time in filings with the SEC.

This list of factors that may affect future performance and the accuracy of forward-looking statements is illustrative but not exhaustive. In addition, new risks and uncertainties may arise from time to time. Accordingly, all

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forward-looking statements should be evaluated with an understanding of their inherent uncertainty and we caution accordingly against relying on forward-looking statements.

Readers are urged to consider these factors carefully in evaluating the forward-looking statements. For further information about these and other risks and uncertainties as well as strategic initiatives, see Item 1A. "Risk Factors" of this Form 10-Q, Item 1. "Business" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022, and our other public filings.

All subsequent written and oral forward-looking statements attributable to us or persons acting on our behalf are expressly qualified in their entirety by these cautionary statements. The forward-looking statements included herein are made only as of the date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, and we do not undertake any obligation to release publicly any revisions to such forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date hereof or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.

Overview

AMC is the world's largest theatrical exhibition company and an industry leader in innovation and operational excellence. We operate theatres in 11 countries, including the U.S. and Europe.

Our theatrical exhibition revenues are generated primarily from box office admissions and theatre food and beverage sales. Our remaining revenues are generated from ancillary sources, including on-screen advertising, fees earned from our AMC Stubs® customer loyalty program, rental of theatre auditoriums, income from gift card and exchange ticket sales, and online ticketing fees. As of March 31, 2023, we owned, operated or had interests in 920 theatres and 10,264 screens.

Box Office Admissions and Film Content

Box office admissions are our largest source of revenue. We predominantly license theatrical films from distributors owned by major film production companies and from independent distributors on a film-by-film and theatre-by-theatre basis. Film exhibition costs are based on a share of admissions revenues and are accrued based on estimates of the final settlement pursuant to our film licenses. These licenses typically state that rental fees are based on the box office performance of each film, though in certain circumstances and less frequently, our rental fees are based on a mutually agreed settlement rate that is fixed. In some European territories, film rental fees are established on a weekly basis and some licenses use a per capita agreement instead of a revenue share, paying a flat amount per ticket.

Our revenues attributable to individual distributors may vary significantly from year to year depending upon the commercial success of each distributor's films in any given year. Our results of operations may vary significantly from quarter to quarter and from year to year based on the timing and popularity of film releases.

Movie Screens

The following table provides detail with respect to digital delivery, 3D enabled projection, large screen formats, such as IMAX® and our proprietary Dolby Cinema™, other Premium Large Format ("PLF") screens, enhanced food and beverage offerings and our premium seating as deployed throughout our circuit:

Format	U.S. Markets		International Markets	
	Number of Screens	Number of Screens	Number of Screens	Number of Screens
	As of March 31, 2023	As of March 31, 2022	As of March 31, 2023	As of March 31, 2022
IMAX®	186	185	32	37
Dolby Cinema™	158	154	7	8
Other Premium Large Format ("PLF")	57	56	74	77
Dine-In theatres	667	729	13	13
Premium seating	3,518	3,395	536	579

Seating Concepts and Amenities

	U.S. Markets		International Markets		Consolidated	
	Three Months Ended		Three Months Ended		Three Months Ended	
	March 31,		March 31,		March 31,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Recliner screens operated	3,518	3,395	536	579	4,054	3,974
Recliner theatres operated	364	351	83	90	447	441
Dine-In screens operated	667	729	13	13	680	742
Dine-In theatres operated	48	51	3	3	51	54
Number of theatres offering alcohol	358	350	236	241	594	591

Loyalty Programs and Other Marketing

As of March 31, 2023, we had more than 28,800,000 member households enrolled in AMC Stubs® A-List, AMC Stubs Premiere™ and AMC Stubs Insider™ programs, combined. During the three months ended March 31, 2023 our AMC Stubs® members represented approximately 43.9% of AMC U.S. markets attendance.

We currently have approximately 15,000,000 members in our various International loyalty programs.

See “Item 1. Business” in our 2022 Annual Report on Form 10-K for additional discussion and information of our screens, seating concepts, amenities, loyalty programs and other marketing initiatives.

Holders of Shares

As of March 31, 2023, approximately 7.9 million shares of our Class A common stock and approximately 124.7 million shares of our AMC Preferred Equity Units were directly registered with our transfer agent by 16,779 and 14,852 shareholders, respectively.

Critical Accounting Estimates

For a discussion of our critical accounting policies and the means by which we develop estimates therefore, see “Item 7. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations” in our 2022 Annual Report on Form 10-K. Other than as discussed above, there have been no material changes from critical accounting estimates described in our Form 10-K.

Significant Events

Saudi Cinema Company. On December 30, 2022, we entered into an agreement to sell our 10.0% investment in Saudi Cinema Company, LLC for SAR 112.5 million (\$30.0 million), subject to certain closing conditions. On January 24, 2023, the Saudi Ministry of Commerce recorded a sale of equity and we received the proceeds on January 25, 2023. We recorded a gain on the sale of \$15.5 million in investment income during the three months ended March 31, 2023.

Debt Repurchases. The below table summarizes the cash debt repurchase transactions during the three months ended March 31, 2023, including related party transactions with Antara, which became a related party on February 7, 2023:

(In millions)	Aggregate Principal Repurchased	Reacquisition Cost	Gain on Extinguishment	Accrued Interest Paid
Related party transactions:				
Second Lien Notes due 2026	\$ 41.9	\$ 24.4	\$ 25.3	\$ 0.7
5.875% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2026	4.1	1.7	2.3	0.1
Total related party transactions	46.0	26.1	27.6	0.8
Non-related party transactions:				
Second Lien Notes due 2026	57.5	30.4	37.5	1.1
Total non-related party transactions	57.5	30.4	37.5	1.1
Total debt repurchases	\$ 103.5	\$ 56.5	\$ 65.1	\$ 1.9

Additional Share Issuances Antara. On December 22, 2022, we entered into a forward purchase agreement (the “Forward Purchase Agreement”) with Antara pursuant to which we agreed to (i) sell to Antara 106,595,106 AMC Preferred Equity Units for an aggregate purchase price of \$75.1 million and (ii) simultaneously purchase from Antara \$100.0 million aggregate principal amount of the Company’s 10%/12% Cash/PIK Toggle Second Lien Notes due 2026 in exchange for 91,026,191 AMC Preferred Equity Units. On February 7, 2023, the Company issued 197,621,297 AMC Preferred Equity Units to Antara in exchange for \$75.1 million in cash and \$100.0 million aggregate principal amount of the Company’s 10%/12% Cash/PIK Toggle Second Lien Notes due 2026. The Company recorded \$193.7 million to stockholders’ deficit as a result of the transaction. We paid \$1.4 million of accrued interest in cash upon exchange of the notes.

Equity Distribution Agreement. During the three months ended March 31, 2023, we raised gross proceeds of approximately \$80.3 million and paid fees to the Sales Agent and incurred other third-party issuance costs of approximately \$2.0 million and \$7.8 million, respectively, through our at-the-market offering of approximately 49.3 million shares of our AMC Preferred Equity Units. The Company paid \$6.8 million of other third-party issuance costs during the three months ended March 31, 2023. See Note 13—Subsequent Events in the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements under Part I, Item 1, for information about additional AMC Preferred Equity Unit issuances.

Special Awards. On February 23, 2023, AMC’s Board of Directors approved special awards in lieu of vesting of the 2022 PSU awards. The special awards were accounted for as a modification to the 2022 PSU awards which lowered the Adjusted EBITDA and free cash flow performance targets such that 200% vesting was achieved for both tranches. This modification resulted in the immediate additional vesting of 2,389,589 Common Stock 2022 PSUs and 2,389,589 AMC Preferred Equity Unit 2022 PSUs. This was treated as a Type 3 modification (improbable-to-probable) which requires the Company to recognize additional stock compensation expense based on the modification date fair values of the Common Stock PSUs and AMC Preferred Equity Units PSUs of \$6.23 and \$2.22, respectively. During the three months ended March 31, 2023, we recognized \$20.2 million of additional stock compensation expense.

Operating Results

The following table sets forth our consolidated revenues, operating costs and expenses:

(In millions)	Three Months Ended		% Change
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	
Revenues			
Admissions	\$ 534.1	\$ 443.8	20.3 %
Food and beverage	328.7	252.5	30.2 %
Other theatre	91.6	89.4	2.5 %
Total revenues	954.4	785.7	21.5 %
Operating Costs and Expenses			
Film exhibition costs	246.2	189.8	29.7 %
Food and beverage costs	61.4	42.6	44.1 %
Operating expense, excluding depreciation and amortization below	383.2	344.8	11.1 %
Rent	205.7	223.2	(7.8)%
General and administrative:			
Merger, acquisition and other costs	0.2	0.4	(50.0)%
Other, excluding depreciation and amortization below	72.3	53.1	36.2 %
Depreciation and amortization	93.6	98.7	(5.2)%
Operating costs and expenses	1,062.6	952.6	11.5 %
Operating loss	(108.2)	(166.9)	(35.2)%
Other expense:			
Other expense	39.2	136.3	(71.2)%
Interest expense:			
Corporate borrowings	90.7	82.0	10.6 %
Finance lease obligations	0.9	1.2	(25.0)%
Non-cash NCM exhibitor service agreement	9.5	9.2	3.3 %
Equity in (earnings) loss of non-consolidated entities	(1.4)	5.1	* %
Investment income	(13.5)	(63.4)	(78.7)%
Total other expense, net	125.4	170.4	(26.4)%
Net loss before income taxes	(233.6)	(337.3)	(30.7)%
Income tax provision	1.9	0.1	* %
Net loss	\$ (235.5)	\$ (337.4)	(30.2)%

* Percentage change in excess of 100%

Operating Data:	Three Months Ended	
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Screen additions	—	7
Screen acquisitions	2	30
Screen dispositions	208	118
Construction openings (closures), net	(4)	12
Average screens (1)	9,998	10,099
Number of screens operated	10,264	10,493
Number of theatres operated	920	938
Screens per theatre	11.2	11.2
Attendance (in thousands) (1)	47,621	39,075

(1) Includes consolidated theatres only and excludes screens offline due to construction.

Segment Operating Results

The following table sets forth our revenues, operating costs and expenses by reportable segment:

(In millions)	U.S. Markets		International Markets		Consolidated	
	Three Months Ended		Three Months Ended		Three Months Ended	
	March 31,		March 31,		March 31,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Revenues						
Admissions	\$ 384.0	\$ 310.8	\$ 150.1	\$ 133.0	\$ 534.1	\$ 443.8
Food and beverage	258.5	194.0	70.2	58.5	328.7	252.5
Other theatre	62.0	58.3	29.6	31.1	91.6	89.4
Total revenues	704.5	563.1	249.9	222.6	954.4	785.7
Operating Costs and Expenses						
Film exhibition costs	188.5	138.7	57.7	51.1	246.2	189.8
Food and beverage costs	44.0	28.7	17.4	13.9	61.4	42.6
Operating expense	278.3	241.0	104.9	103.8	383.2	344.8
Rent	150.7	166.3	55.0	56.9	205.7	223.2
General and administrative expense:						
Merger, acquisition and other costs	0.2	0.2	—	0.2	0.2	0.4
Other, excluding depreciation and amortization below	53.4	35.2	18.9	17.9	72.3	53.1
Depreciation and amortization	74.9	75.6	18.7	23.1	93.6	98.7
Operating costs and expenses	790.0	685.7	272.6	266.9	1,062.6	952.6
Operating loss	(85.5)	(122.6)	(22.7)	(44.3)	(108.2)	(166.9)
Other expense (income):						
Other expense	47.7	133.7	(8.5)	2.6	39.2	136.3
Interest expense:						
Corporate borrowings	76.1	63.2	14.6	18.8	90.7	82.0
Finance lease obligations	0.1	0.1	0.8	1.1	0.9	1.2
Non-cash NCM exhibitor service agreement	9.5	9.2	—	—	9.5	9.2
Equity in (earnings) loss of non-consolidated entities	(0.9)	0.3	(0.5)	4.8	(1.4)	5.1
Investment expense (income)	2.0	(63.4)	(15.5)	—	(13.5)	(63.4)
Total other expense (income), net	134.5	143.1	(9.1)	27.3	125.4	170.4
Net loss before income taxes	(220.0)	(265.7)	(13.6)	(71.6)	(233.6)	(337.3)
Income tax provision	0.4	0.1	1.5	—	1.9	0.1
Net loss	\$ (220.4)	\$ (265.8)	\$ (15.1)	\$ (71.6)	\$ (235.5)	\$ (337.4)

Segment Operating Data:	U.S. Markets		International Markets		Consolidated	
	Three Months Ended		Three Months Ended		Three Months Ended	
	March 31,		March 31,		March 31,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Screen additions	—	—	—	7	—	7
Screen acquisitions	—	30	2	—	2	30
Screen dispositions	116	88	92	30	208	118
Construction openings (closures), net	(2)	12	(2)	—	(4)	12
Average screens (1)	7,513	7,622	2,485	2,477	9,998	10,099
Number of screens operated	7,530	7,709	2,734	2,784	10,264	10,493
Number of theatres operated	578	587	342	351	920	938
Screens per theatre	13.0	13.1	8.0	7.9	11.2	11.2
Attendance (in thousands) (1)	32,362	25,792	15,259	13,283	47,621	39,075

(1) Includes consolidated theatres only and excludes screens offline due to construction.

Adjusted EBITDA

We present Adjusted EBITDA as a supplemental measure of our performance. We define Adjusted EBITDA as net earnings (loss) plus (i) income tax provision (benefit), (ii) interest expense and (iii) depreciation and amortization, as further adjusted to eliminate the impact of certain items that we do not consider indicative of our ongoing operating performance and to include attributable EBITDA from equity investments in theatre operations in International markets and any cash distributions of earnings from other equity method investees. These further adjustments are itemized below. You are encouraged to evaluate these adjustments and the reasons we consider them appropriate for supplemental analysis. In evaluating Adjusted EBITDA, you should be aware that in the future we may incur expenses that are the same as or similar to some of the adjustments in this presentation. Our presentation of Adjusted EBITDA should not be construed as an inference that our future results will be unaffected by unusual or non-recurring items. The preceding definition of and adjustments made to GAAP measures to determine Adjusted EBITDA are broadly consistent with Adjusted EBITDA as defined in the Company's debt indentures.

Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial measure commonly used in our industry and should not be construed as an alternative to net earnings (loss) as an indicator of operating performance (as determined in accordance with U.S. GAAP). Adjusted EBITDA may not be comparable to similarly titled measures reported by other companies. We have included Adjusted EBITDA because we believe it provides management and investors with additional information to measure our performance and estimate our value.

Adjusted EBITDA has important limitations as an analytical tool, and you should not consider it in isolation, or as a substitute for analysis of our results as reported under U.S. GAAP. For example, Adjusted EBITDA:

- does not reflect our capital expenditures, future requirements for capital expenditures or contractual commitments;
- does not reflect changes in, or cash requirements for, our working capital needs;
- does not reflect the significant interest expenses, or the cash requirements necessary to service interest or principal payments on our debt;
- excludes income tax payments that represent a reduction in cash available to us; and
- does not reflect any cash requirements for the assets being depreciated and amortized that may have to be replaced in the future.

During the three months ended March 31, 2023, Adjusted EBITDA in the U.S. markets was \$10.9 million compared to \$(43.4) million during the three months ended March 31, 2022. The year-over-year improvement was primarily due to the decreased net loss driven by an increase in attendance as a result of the popularity of new film releases compared to the prior year and decreases in rent expense, partially offset by increases in operating costs due to the increase in attendance. During the three months ended March 31, 2023, Adjusted EBITDA in the International markets was \$(3.8) million compared to \$(18.3) million during the three months ended March 31, 2022. The year-over-year improvement was primarily due to the decreased net loss driven by the increase in attendance as a result of the popularity of new film releases compared to the prior year and decreases in foreign currency translation rates, partially offset by increases in operating costs due to the increase in attendance and decreases in government assistance. During the three months ended March 31, 2023, Adjusted EBITDA in the U.S. markets and International markets was \$7.1 million compared to \$(61.7) million during the three months ended March 31, 2022, driven by the aforementioned factors impacting Adjusted EBITDA.

The following tables set forth our Adjusted EBITDA by reportable operating segment and our reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA:

Adjusted EBITDA (In millions)	Three Months Ended	
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
U.S. markets	\$ 10.9	\$ (43.4)
International markets	(3.8)	(18.3)
Total Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 7.1	\$ (61.7)

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(In millions)	Three Months Ended	
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Net loss	\$ (235.5)	\$ (337.4)
Plus:		
Income tax provision	1.9	0.1
Interest expense	101.1	92.4
Depreciation and amortization	93.6	98.7
Certain operating expense (1)	1.1	2.3
Equity in (earnings) loss of non-consolidated entities	(1.4)	5.1
Cash distributions from non-consolidated entities (2)	—	0.7
Attributable EBITDA (3)	0.5	0.2
Investment income (4)	(13.5)	(63.4)
Other expense (5)	42.8	139.8
Other non-cash rent benefit (6)	(9.6)	(7.1)
General and administrative — unallocated:		
Merger, acquisition and other costs (7)	0.2	0.4
Stock-based compensation expense (8)	25.9	6.5
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 7.1	\$ (61.7)

- (1) Amounts represent preopening expense related to temporarily closed screens under renovation, theatre and other closure expense for the permanent closure of screens, including the related accretion of interest, disposition of assets and other non-operating gains or losses included in operating expenses. We have excluded these items as they are non-cash in nature or are non-operating in nature.
- (2) Includes U.S. non-theatre distributions from equity method investments and International non-theatre distributions from equity method investments to the extent received. We believe including cash distributions is an appropriate reflection of the contribution of these investments to our operations.
- (3) Attributable EBITDA includes the EBITDA from equity investments in theatre operators in certain International markets. See below for a reconciliation of our equity in loss of non-consolidated entities to attributable EBITDA. Because these equity investments are in theatre operators in regions where we hold a significant market share, we believe attributable EBITDA is more indicative of the performance of these equity investments and management uses this measure to monitor and evaluate these equity investments. We also provide services to these theatre operators including information technology systems, certain on-screen advertising services and our gift card and package ticket program.

(In millions)	Three Months Ended	
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Equity in (earnings) loss of non-consolidated entities	\$ (1.4)	\$ 5.1
Less:		
Equity in (earnings) loss of non-consolidated entities excluding International theatre joint ventures	(1.1)	0.3
Equity in earnings (loss) of International theatre joint ventures	0.3	(4.8)
Income tax benefit	(0.1)	—
Investment expense	0.1	—
Impairment of long-lived assets	—	4.2
Depreciation and amortization	0.2	0.8
Attributable EBITDA	\$ 0.5	\$ 0.2

- (4) Investment income during the three months ended March 31, 2023 primarily includes deterioration in estimated fair value of the Company's investment in common shares of Hycroft Mining Holding Corporation of \$2.3 million, deterioration in estimated fair value of the Company's investment in warrants to purchase common shares of Hycroft Mining Holding Corporation of \$2.3 million, a \$(15.5) million gain on the sale of the Company's investment in Saudi Cinema Company, LLC, and interest income of \$(2.3) million.

Investment income during the three months ended March 31, 2022 includes appreciation in estimated fair value of the Company's investment in common shares of Hycroft Mining Holding Corporation of \$28.8 million and appreciation in estimated fair value of the Company's investment in warrants to purchase

common shares of Hycroft Mining Holding Corporation of \$35.1 million.

- (5) Other expense during the three months ended March 31, 2023 includes a non-cash litigation contingency reserve charge of \$116.6 million, partially offset by income related to foreign currency transaction gains of \$(8.7) million and gains on debt extinguishment of \$(65.1) million.

Other expense during the three months ended March 31, 2022 included loss on debt extinguishment of \$135.0 million, partially offset by foreign currency transaction losses of \$4.8 million.

- (6) Reflects amortization expense for certain intangible assets reclassified from depreciation and amortization to rent expense due to the adoption of ASC 842, Leases and deferred rent benefit related to the impairment of right-of-use operating lease assets.
- (7) Merger, acquisition and other costs are excluded as they are non-operating in nature.
- (8) Non-cash expense included in general and administrative: other.

Segment Information

Our historical results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022 reflect the results of operations for our two theatrical exhibition reportable segments, U.S. markets and International markets.

Results of Operations— For the Three Months ended March 31, 2023 Compared to the Three Months ended March 31, 2022

Condensed Consolidated Results of Operations

Revenues. Total revenues increased \$168.7 million or 21.5%, during the three months ended March 31, 2023, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2022. Admissions revenues increased \$90.3 million or 20.3%, during the three months ended March 31, 2023, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2022, primarily due to an increase in attendance of 21.9% from 39.1 million patrons to 47.6 million patrons partially offset by a 1.2% decrease in average ticket price. The increase in attendance was primarily due to the popularity of film product compared to the prior year. The decrease in average ticket price was primarily due to higher frequency on our A-List subscription program, a higher amount of discount-day ticket attendance, increased discount ticket attendance for non-adult tickets, which are typically discounted, and a decrease in foreign currency translation rates, partially offset by increased attendance for 3D content.

Food and beverage revenues increased \$76.2 million 30.2%, during the three months ended March 31, 2023, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2022, primarily due to the increase in attendance and an increase in food and beverage per patron. Food and beverage per patron increased 6.8% from \$6.46 to \$6.90 due primarily to an increase in average prices and units purchased per transaction and the lifting of COVID-19 restrictions on the sale of food and beverage, partially offset by higher frequency from our AMC Stubs loyalty members and a decrease in foreign currency translation rates.

Total other theatre revenues increased \$2.2 million or 2.5%, during the three months ended March 31, 2023, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2022, primarily due to increases in ticket fees and screen and other advertising due to the increase in attendance, partially offset by lower income from gift cards and package tickets and the decrease in foreign currency translation rates.

Operating costs and expenses. Operating costs and expenses increased \$110.0 million or 11.5%, during the three months ended March 31, 2023, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2022. Film exhibition costs increased \$56.4 million or 29.7%, during the three months ended March 31, 2023, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2022, primarily due to the increase in attendance. As a percentage of admissions revenues, film exhibition costs were 46.1% for the three months ended March 31, 2023, compared to 42.8% for the three months ended March 31, 2022. The increase in film exhibition cost percentage is primarily due to the concentration of box office revenues in higher grossing films in the current year, which typically results in higher film exhibition costs.

Food and beverage costs increased \$18.8 million or 44.1%, during the three months ended March 31, 2023, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2022. The increase in food and beverage costs was primarily due to the

increase in food and beverage revenues and increases in product costs and obsolescence. As a percentage of food and beverage revenues, food and beverage costs were 18.7% for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 16.9% for the three months ended March 31, 2022.

As a percentage of revenues, operating expense was 40.2% for the three months ended March 31, 2023, and 43.9% for the three months ended March 31, 2022. Rent expense decreased 7.8%, or \$17.5 million, during the three months ended March 31, 2023, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2022, due primarily to the early termination of one theatre lease for a benefit of \$16.7 million, which included an early termination payment from the landlord for \$13.0 million and the decrease in foreign currency translation rates. See Note 2—Leases in the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements under Item 1 of Part I of this Form 10-Q for further information on the impact of COVID-19 on leases and rent obligations of approximately \$123.6 million that have been deferred to future years as of March 31, 2023.

Merger, acquisition, and other costs. Merger, acquisition, and other costs were \$0.2 million during the three months ended March 31, 2023, compared to \$0.4 million during the three months ended March 31, 2022.

Other. Other general and administrative expense increased 36.2%, or \$19.2 million, during the three months ended March 31, 2023, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2022 due primarily to stock-based compensation expense of \$20.2 million related to a February 23, 2023 special award grant accounted for as a modification to the 2022 PSU awards which lowered the Adjusted EBITDA and free cash flow performance targets such that 200% vesting was achieved for both tranches. This modification resulted in the immediate additional vesting of 2,389,589 Class A Common Stock PSU's and 2,389,589 Preferred Equity Unit PSU's. The modification was treated as a Type 3 modification (improbable to probable) which required us to recognize additional stock compensation expense based on the modification date fair values of the Class A Common Stock PSU's and AMC Preferred Equity Unit PSU's of \$6.23 per unit and \$2.22 per unit, respectively during the three months ended March 31, 2023. See Note 7—Stockholders' Equity in the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements under Item 1 of Part I of this Form 10-Q for additional information about stock-based compensation expense.

Depreciation and amortization. Depreciation and amortization decreased \$5.1 million or 5.2%, during the three months ended March 31, 2023, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2022, primarily due to lower depreciation expense on theatres impaired during years ended December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2022 and the decrease in foreign currency translation rates, partially offset by accelerated depreciation related to the replacement of digital projectors.

Other expense. Other expense of \$39.2 million during the three months ended March 31, 2023 was primarily due to \$126.6 million of expense related to a proposed settlement of the Shareholder Litigation comprised of \$10 million of estimated legal fees and \$116.6 million of non-cash expense for the estimated fair value as of March 31, 2023 of settlement shares proposed to be issued to holders of AMC Class A Common Stock, partially offset by a gain on extinguishment of debt of \$62.8 million related to the redemption of \$99.4 million aggregate principal amount of the Second Lien Notes due 2026, a gain on extinguishment of debt of \$2.3 million related to the redemption of \$4.1 million aggregate principal amount of our Senior Subordinated Notes due 2026, a receipt of \$14.0 million in settlement of the Lao Action and \$8.7 million in foreign currency transaction gains. Other expense of \$136.3 million during the three months ended March 31, 2022 was primarily due to a loss on extinguishment of debt of \$135.0 million related to the full redemption of the \$500 million aggregate principal amount of the First Lien Notes due 2025, the \$300 million aggregate principal amount of the First Lien Notes due 2026, and the \$73.5 million aggregate principal amount of the First Lien Toggle Notes due 2026. See Note 1—Basis of Presentation in the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements under Item 1 of Part I of this Form 10-Q for additional information about the components of other expense (income).

Interest expense. Interest expense increased \$8.7 million to \$101.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2023 compared to \$92.4 million during the three months ended March 31, 2022 primarily due to:

- the issuance of \$950.0 million of 7.5% First Lien Senior Secured Notes due 2029 on February 14, 2022;
- the issuance of \$400.0 million 12.75% Odeon Senior Secured Notes due 2027 on October 20, 2022; and
- the increase in interest rates on the Senior Secured Credit Facility Term Loan due 2026,

partially offset by:

- the extinguishment of \$317.6 million of 10%/12% Cash/PIK/Toggle Second Lien Notes due 2026 from May 2022 to March 2023;
- the extinguishment of \$500.0 million of 10.5% First Lien Notes due 2025 on February 14, 2022;
- the extinguishment of \$300.0 million of 10.5% First Lien Notes due 2026 on February 14, 2022;
- the extinguishment of \$73.5 million of 15%/17% Cash/PIK/Toggle Second Lien Notes due 2026 on February 14, 2022;
- the extinguishment of £147.6 million and €312.2 million (\$476.6 million) 10.75%/11.25% Cash/PIK Term Loans due 2023 on October 20, 2022; and
- the decline in foreign currency translation rates.

Equity in (earnings) loss of non-consolidated entities. Equity in earnings of non-consolidated entities was (\$1.4) million for the three months ended March 31, 2023, compared to a loss of \$5.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2022. The decrease in equity losses from the prior year is primarily related to our 10.0% interest in Saudi Cinema Company, LLC that was sold on January 24, 2023.

Investment income. Investment income was \$13.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2023, compared to \$63.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2022. Investment income in the current year includes a gain on sale of our 10.0% interest in Saudi Cinema Company, LLC of \$15.5 million and interest income of \$2.3 million, partially offset by \$2.3 million of decline in estimated fair value of our investment in common shares of Hycroft Mining Holding Corporation and \$2.3 million of decline in estimated fair value of our investment in warrants to purchase common shares of Hycroft Mining Holding Corporation. Investment income of \$63.4 million in the prior year includes \$28.8 million of appreciation in estimated fair value of our investment in common shares of Hycroft Mining Holding Corporation and \$35.1 million of appreciation in estimated fair value of our investment in warrants to purchase common shares of Hycroft Mining Holding Corporation.

Income tax provision. The income tax provision was \$1.9 million and \$0.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022, respectively. See Note 8—Income Taxes in the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements under Item 1 of Part I of this Form 10-Q for further information.

Net loss. Net loss was \$235.5 million and \$337.4 million during the three months ended March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022, respectively. Net loss during the three months ended March 31, 2023 compared to net loss for the three months ended March 31, 2022 was positively impacted by the increase in attendance as a result of the popularity of new film releases compared to the prior year, decreases in rent expense, decreases in depreciation and amortization expense, decreases in other expense, decreases in equity in losses and decreases in foreign currency translation rates, partially offset by increases in general and administrative expenses, increases in interest expense, decreases in investment income and an increase in income tax provision.

Theatrical Exhibition—U.S. Markets

Revenues. Total revenues increased \$141.4 million or 25.1%, during the three months ended March 31, 2023, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2022. Admissions revenues increased \$73.2 million or 23.6%, during the three months ended March 31, 2023, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2022, primarily due to an increase in attendance of 25.5% from 25.8 million patrons to 32.4 million patrons partially offset by a 1.5% decrease in average ticket price. The increase in attendance was primarily due to the popularity of film product compared to the prior year. The decrease in average ticket price was primarily due to higher frequency on our A-List subscription program, a higher amount of discount-day ticket attendance, and increased attendance for non-adult tickets, which are typically discounted, partially offset by increased attendance for 3D content.

Food and beverage revenues increased \$64.5 million or 33.2%, during the three months ended March 31, 2023, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2022, primarily due to the increase in attendance and an increase in food and beverage per patron. Food and beverage per patron increased 6.3% from \$7.52 to \$7.99 due primarily to an increase in average prices and units purchased per transaction, partially offset by higher frequency from our AMC Stubs loyalty members.

Total other theatre revenues increased \$3.7 million or 6.3%, during the three months ended March 31, 2023, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2022, primarily due to increases in ticket fees and screen and other

advertising due to the increase in attendance, partially offset by lower income from gift cards and package tickets.

Operating costs and expenses. Operating costs and expenses increased \$104.3 million or 15.2%, during the three months ended March 31, 2023, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2022. Film exhibition costs increased \$49.8 million or 35.9%, during the three months ended March 31, 2023, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2022, primarily due to the increase in attendance. As a percentage of admissions revenues, film exhibition costs were 49.1% for the three months ended March 31, 2023, compared to 44.6% for the three months ended March 31, 2022. The increase in film exhibition cost percentage is primarily due to the concentration of box office revenues in higher grossing films in the current year, which typically results in higher film exhibition costs.

Food and beverage costs increased \$15.3 million or 53.3%, during the three months ended March 31, 2023, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2022. The increase in food and beverage costs was primarily due to the increase in food and beverage revenues and increases in product costs and obsolescence. As a percentage of food and beverage revenues, food and beverage costs were 17.0% for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 14.8% for the three months ended March 31, 2022.

As a percentage of revenues, operating expense was 39.5% for the three months ended March 31, 2023, and 42.8% for the three months ended March 31, 2022. Rent expense decreased 9.4%, or \$15.6 million, during the three months ended March 31, 2023, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2022, due primarily to the early termination of one theatre lease for a benefit of \$16.7 million, which included an early termination payment from the landlord for \$13.0 million. See Note 2—Leases in the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements under Item 1 of Part I of this Form 10-Q for further information on the impact of COVID-19 on leases and rent obligations of approximately \$106.1 million that have been deferred to future years as of March 31, 2023.

Merger, acquisition, and other costs. Merger, acquisition, and other costs were \$0.2 million during the three months ended March 31, 2023, compared to \$0.2 million during the three months ended March 31, 2022.

Other. Other general and administrative expense increased 51.7%, or \$18.2 million, during the three months ended March 31, 2023, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2022 due primarily to stock-based compensation expense of \$18.1 million related to the February 23, 2023 special award grant accounted for as a modification to the 2022 PSU awards discussed further in Condensed Consolidated Results of Operations. See Note 7—Stockholders' Equity in the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements under Item 1 of Part I of this Form 10-Q for additional information about stock-based compensation expense.

Depreciation and amortization. Depreciation and amortization decreased \$0.7 million or 0.9%, during the three months ended March 31, 2023, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2022, primarily due to lower depreciation expense on theatres impaired during years ended December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2022, partially offset by accelerated depreciation related to the replacement of digital projectors.

Other expense. Other expense of \$47.7 million during the three months ended March 31, 2023 was primarily due to \$126.6 million of expense related to a proposed settlement of the Shareholder Litigation comprised of \$10 million of estimated legal fees and \$116.6 million of non-cash expense for the estimated fair value as of March 31, 2023 of settlement shares proposed to be issued to holders of AMC Class A Common Stock, partially offset by a gain on extinguishment of debt of \$62.8 million related to the redemption of \$99.4 million aggregate principal amount of the Second Lien Notes due 2026, a gain on extinguishment of debt of \$2.3 million related to the redemption of \$4.1 million aggregate principal amount of our Senior Subordinated Notes due 2026 and a receipt of \$14.0 million in settlement of the Lao Action. Other expense of \$133.7 million during the three months ended March 31, 2022 was primarily due to a loss on extinguishment of debt of \$135.0 million related to the full redemption of the \$500 million aggregate principal amount of the First Lien Notes due 2025, the \$300 million aggregate principal amount of the First Lien Notes due 2026, and the \$73.5 million aggregate principal amount of the First Lien Toggle Notes due 2026. See Note 1—Basis of Presentation in the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements under Item 1 of Part I of this Form 10-Q for additional information about the components of other expense (income) and Note 11—Commitments and Contingencies for additional information about our legal contingencies and settlements.

Interest expense. Interest expense increased \$13.2 million to \$85.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2023 compared to \$72.5 million during the three months ended March 31, 2022, primarily due to:

- the issuance of \$950.0 million of 7.5% First Lien Senior Secured Notes due 2029 on February 14, 2022; and

- the increase in interest rates on the Senior Secured Credit Facility Term Loan due 2026, partially offset by:
 - the extinguishment of \$317.6 million of 10%/12% Cash/PIK/Toggle Second Lien Notes due 2026 from May 2022 to March 2023;
 - the extinguishment of \$500.0 million of 10.5% First Lien Notes due 2025 on February 14, 2022;
 - the extinguishment of \$300.0 million of 10.5% First Lien Notes due 2026 on February 14, 2022; and
 - the extinguishment of \$73.5 million of 15%/17% Cash/PIK/Toggle Second Lien Notes due 2026 on February 14, 2022.

Equity in (earnings) loss of non-consolidated entities. Equity in earnings of non-consolidated entities was \$(0.9) million for the three months ended March 31, 2023, compared to a loss of \$0.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2022.

Investment (income) expense. Investment expense was \$2.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2023, compared to \$63.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2022. Investment expense in the current year includes \$2.3 million of decline in estimated fair value of our investment in common shares of Hycroft Mining Holding Corporation and \$2.3 million of decline in estimated fair value of our investment in warrants to purchase common shares of Hycroft Mining Holding Corporation, partially offset by \$2.3 million of interest income. Investment income of (\$63.4) million in the prior year includes (\$28.8) million of appreciation in estimated fair value of our investment in common shares of Hycroft Mining Holding Corporation and (\$35.1) million of appreciation in estimated fair value of our investment in warrants to purchase common shares of Hycroft Mining Holding Corporation.

Income tax provision. The income tax provision was \$0.4 million and \$0.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022, respectively. See Note 8—Income Taxes in the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements under Item 1 of Part I of this Form 10-Q for further information.

Net loss. Net loss was \$220.4 million and \$265.8 million during the three months ended March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022, respectively. Net loss during the three months ended March 31, 2023 compared to net loss for the three months ended March 31, 2022 was positively impacted by the increase in attendance as a result of the popularity of new film releases compared to the prior year, decreases in rent expense, decreases in depreciation and amortization expense, decreases in other expense and decreases in equity in losses, partially offset by increases in general and administrative expenses, increases in interest expense, decreases in investment income and an increase in income tax provision.

Theatrical Exhibition - International Markets

Revenues. Total revenues increased \$27.3 million or 12.3%, during the three months ended March 31, 2023, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2022. Admissions revenues increased \$17.1 million or 12.9%, during the three months ended March 31, 2023, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2022, primarily due to an increase in attendance of 14.9% from 13.3 million patrons to 15.3 million patrons partially offset by a 1.7% decrease in average ticket price. The increase in attendance was primarily due to the popularity of film product compared to the prior year. The decrease in average ticket price was primarily due to a decrease in foreign currency translation rates, partially offset by strategic pricing initiatives put in place over the prior year.

Food and beverage revenues increased \$11.7 million or 20.0%, during the three months ended March 31, 2023, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2022, primarily due to the increase in attendance and an increase in food and beverage per patron. Food and beverage per patron increased 4.5% from \$4.40 to \$4.60 due primarily to the lifting of COVID-19 restrictions on the sale of food and beverage and strategic pricing initiatives put in place over the prior year, partially offset by a decrease in foreign currency translation rates.

Total other theatre revenues decreased \$1.5 million or 4.8%, during the three months ended March 31, 2023, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2022, primarily due to the decrease in foreign currency translation rates and the decline of theatre rentals as traditional attendance increased.

Operating costs and expenses. Operating costs and expenses increased \$5.7 million or 2.1%, during the three months ended March 31, 2023, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2022. Film exhibition costs increased \$6.6 million or 12.9%, during the three months ended March 31, 2023, compared to the three months ended March 31,

2022, primarily due to the increase in attendance, partially offset by the decrease in foreign currency translation rates. As a percentage of admissions revenues, film exhibition costs were 38.4% for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022.

Food and beverage costs increased \$3.5 million or 25.2%, during the three months ended March 31, 2023, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2022. The increase in food and beverage costs was primarily due to the increase in food and beverage revenues. As a percentage of food and beverage revenues, food and beverage costs were 24.8% for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 23.8% for the three months ended March 31, 2022.

As a percentage of revenues, operating expense was 42.0% for the three months ended March 31, 2023, and 46.6% for the three months ended March 31, 2022. Rent expense decreased 3.3%, or \$1.9 million, during the three months ended March 31, 2023, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2022, primarily due to the decrease in foreign currency translation rates. See Note 2—Leases in the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements under Item 1 of Part I of this Form 10-Q for further information on the impact of COVID-19 on leases and rent obligations of approximately \$17.5 million that have been deferred to future years as of March 31, 2023.

Merger, acquisition, and other costs. Merger, acquisition, and other costs were \$0.0 million during the three months ended March 31, 2023, compared to \$0.2 million during the three months ended March 31, 2022.

Other. Other general and administrative expense increased 5.6%, or \$1.0 million, during the three months ended March 31, 2023, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2022 due primarily to stock-based compensation expense of \$2.1 million related to the February 23, 2023 special award grant accounted for as a modification to the 2022 PSU awards discussed further in Condensed Consolidated Results of Operations and partially offset by the decline in foreign currency translation rates. See Note 7—Stockholders' Equity in the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements under Item 1 of Part I of this Form 10-Q for additional information about stock-based compensation expense.

Depreciation and amortization. Depreciation and amortization decreased \$4.4 million or 19.0%, during the three months ended March 31, 2023, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2022, primarily due to lower depreciation expense on theatres impaired during years ended December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2022 and the decrease in foreign currency translation rates.

Other (income) expense. Other income of \$(8.5) million during the three months ended March 31, 2023 was primarily due to \$(8.7) million in foreign currency transaction gains. Other expense was \$2.6 million during the three months ended March 31, 2022. See Note 1—Basis of Presentation in the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements under Item 1 of Part I of this Form 10-Q for additional information about the components of other expense (income) and Note 11-Commitments and Contingencies for additional information about our legal contingencies and settlements.

Interest expense. Interest expense decreased \$4.5 million to \$15.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2023 compared to \$19.9 million during the three months ended March 31, 2022, primarily due to:

- the extinguishment of £147.6 million and €312.2 million (\$476.6 million) 10.75%/11.25% Cash/PIK Term Loans due 2023 on October 20, 2022; and
- the decline in foreign currency translation rates,

partially offset by:

- the issuance of \$400.0 million 12.75% Odeon Senior Secured Notes due 2027 on October 20, 2022.

Equity in (earnings) loss of non-consolidated entities. Equity in earnings of non-consolidated entities was (\$0.5) million for the three months ended March 31, 2023, compared to a loss of \$4.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2022. The decrease in equity losses from the prior year is primarily related to our 10.0% interest in Saudi Cinema Company, LLC that was sold on January 24, 2023.

Investment income. Investment income was \$15.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2023, compared to \$0.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2022. Investment income in the current year includes a gain on sale of our 10.0% interest in Saudi Cinema Company, LLC of \$15.5 million.

Income tax provision. The income tax provision was \$1.5 million and \$0.0 million for the three months ended

March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022, respectively. See Note 8—Income Taxes in the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements under Item 1 of Part I of this Form 10-Q for further information.

Net loss. Net loss was \$15.1 million and \$71.6 million during the three months ended March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022, respectively. Net loss during the three months ended March 31, 2023 compared to net loss for the three months ended March 31, 2022 was positively impacted by the increase in attendance as a result of the popularity of new film releases compared to the prior year, decreases in rent expense, decreases in depreciation and amortization expense, decreases in other expense, decreases in interest expense, increases in investment income, decreases in equity in losses and decreases in foreign currency translation rates, partially offset by increases in general and administrative expenses and an increase in income tax provision.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Our consolidated revenues are primarily collected in cash, principally through admissions and food and beverage sales. We have an operating “float” which partially finances our operations and which generally permits us to maintain a smaller amount of working capital capacity. This float exists because admissions revenues are received in cash, while exhibition costs (primarily film rentals) are ordinarily paid to distributors 20 to 45 days following receipt of admissions revenues. Film distributors generally release the films which they anticipate will be the most successful during the summer and year-end holiday seasons. Consequently, we typically generate higher revenues during such periods and experience higher working capital requirements following such periods.

We had working capital surplus (deficit) (excluding restricted cash) as of March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022 of \$(994.9) million and \$(811.1) million, respectively. As of March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, working capital included operating lease liabilities of \$546.5 million and \$567.3 million, respectively, and deferred revenues of \$391.7 million and \$402.7 million, respectively. As of March 31, 2023, we had \$208.1 million unused borrowing capacity, net of letters of credit, under our \$225.0 million Senior Secured Revolving Credit Facility. As of December 31, 2022, we had \$211.2 million unused borrowing capacity, net of letters of credit, under our \$225.0 million Senior Secured Revolving Credit Facility. See Note 6—Corporate Borrowings and Finance Lease Liabilities in the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements under Item 1 of Part I of this Form 10-Q for a further discussion of our Financial Covenants.

As of March 31, 2023, we had cash and cash equivalents of \$495.6 million.

Additionally, we continued to lower our future interest expense in the first quarter of 2023 through purchases of debt below par value and debt exchanges for equity and enhanced liquidity through equity issuances. See Note 6—Corporate Borrowings and Finance Lease Liabilities, Note 7—Stockholders’ Equity and Note 13—Subsequent Events in the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements under Item 1 of Part I of this Form 10-Q for further information.

We believe our existing cash and cash equivalents, together with cash generated from operations, will be sufficient to fund our operations, satisfy our obligations, and comply with the minimum liquidity covenant requirement under our Senior Secured Revolving Credit Facility for at least the next twelve months. Pursuant to the Twelfth Amendment to Credit Agreement, the requisite revolving lenders party thereto agreed to extend the suspension period for the financial covenant applicable to the Senior Secured Revolving Credit Facility under the Credit Agreement through March 31, 2024. The current maturity date of the Senior Secured Revolving Credit Facility is April 22, 2024; since the financial covenant applicable to the Senior Secured Revolving Credit Facility is tested as of the last day of any fiscal quarter for which financial statements have been (or were required to have been) delivered, the financial covenant has been effectively suspended through maturity of the Senior Secured Revolving Credit Facility. As of March 31, 2023, we were subject to a minimum liquidity requirement of \$100 million as a condition to the financial covenant suspension period under the Credit Agreement.

Our current cash burn rates are not sustainable long-term. In order to achieve net positive operating cash flows and long-term profitability, we believe that operating revenues will need to increase significantly to levels in line with pre-COVID-19 operating revenues. Until such time as we are able to achieve positive operating cash flow, it is difficult to estimate our liquidity requirements, future cash burn rates, future operating revenues and attendance levels. Depending on our assumptions regarding the timing and ability to achieve significantly increased levels of operating revenue, the estimates of amounts of required liquidity vary significantly.

There can be no assurance that the operating revenues, attendance levels and other assumptions used to estimate our liquidity requirements and future cash burn rates will be correct, and our ability to be predictive is uncertain due to limited ability to predict studio film release dates, the overall production and theatrical release levels and success of individual titles. Further, there can be no assurances that we will be successful in generating the additional liquidity necessary to meet our obligations beyond twelve months from the issuance of these financial statements on terms acceptable to us or at all.

Cash Flows from Operating Activities

Cash flows used in operating activities, as reflected in the condensed consolidated statements of cash flows, were \$189.9 million and \$295.0 million during the three months ended March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022, respectively. The improvement in cash flows used in operating activities was primarily due to the increase in attendance and decrease in net loss, decreases in working capital used, increased lease incentive receipts, and reductions in rent repayments for rent that was deferred during the COVID-19 pandemic, partially offset by increases in cash interest paid during the three months ended March 31, 2023 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2022. See Note 2—Leases in the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in Item 1 of Part I in this Form 10-Q for a summary of the estimated future repayment terms for the remaining \$123.6 million of rentals that were deferred during the COVID-19 pandemic.

Cash Flows from Investing Activities

Cash flows used in investing activities, as reflected in the condensed consolidated statements of cash flows, were \$16.6 million and \$54.9 million during the three months ended March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022, respectively. Cash outflows from investing activities include capital expenditures of \$47.4 million and \$34.8 million during the three months ended March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022, respectively. During the three months ended March 31, 2023, cash flows used in investing activities also included proceeds from the sale of our investment in Saudi Cinema Company, LLC of \$30.0 million and proceeds from the disposition of long-term assets of \$0.8 million.

During the three months ended March 31, 2022, cash flows used in investing activities included investment in Hycroft common stock for \$25.0 million, investment in Hycroft warrants for \$2.9 million, and proceeds from the disposition of long-term assets of \$7.2 million related to one property and other assets.

We fund the costs of constructing, maintaining, and remodeling our theatres through existing cash balances, cash generated from operations, landlord contributions, or borrowed funds, as necessary. We generally lease our theatres pursuant to long-term non-cancelable operating leases, which may require the developer, who owns the property, to reimburse us for the construction costs. We estimate that our capital expenditures, net of landlord contributions, will be approximately \$150 million to \$200 million for year ended December 31, 2023 to maintain and enhance operations.

Cash Flows from Financing Activities

Cash flows provided by (used in) financing activities, as reflected in the condensed consolidated statements of cash flows, were \$68.9 million and \$(76.3) million during the three months ended March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022, respectively. Cash flows from financing activities during the three months ended March 31, 2023 were primarily due to AMC Preferred Equity Unit issuances of \$146.6 million, net of issuance costs, partially offset by the repurchase of Second Lien Notes due 2026 for \$54.8 million, and taxes paid for restricted unit withholdings of \$13.1 million. See Note 6—Corporate Borrowings and Finance Lease Liabilities and Note 7—Stockholders' Equity in the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in Item 1 of Part I of this Form 10-Q for further information, including a summary of principal payments required and maturities of corporate borrowings as of March 31, 2023.

We or our affiliates actively seek and expect, at any time and from time to time, to continue to seek to retire or purchase our outstanding debt through cash purchases and/or exchanges for equity (including AMC Preferred Equity Units) or debt, in open-market purchases, privately negotiated transactions or otherwise. Such repurchases or exchanges, if any will be upon such terms and at such prices as we may determine, and will depend on prevailing market conditions, our liquidity requirements, contractual restrictions and other factors. The amounts involved may be material and to the extent equity is used, dilutive.

Cash flows provided by financing activities during the three months ended March 31, 2022 was primarily due to principal and premium payments under the First Lien Notes due 2025 of \$534.5 million, principal and premium payments under the First Lien Notes due 2026 of \$325.6 million, principal and premium payments under the First Lien Toggle Notes due 2026 of \$88.1 million, taxes paid for restricted unit withholdings of \$52.2 million, and cash used to pay for deferred financing costs of \$17.7 million, partially offset by the issuance of the First Lien Notes due 2029 of \$950.0 million.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

In the ordinary course of business, our financial results are exposed to fluctuations in interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates. In accordance with applicable guidance, we presented a sensitivity analysis showing the potential impact to net income of changes in interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates. For the three months ended March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022, our analysis utilized a hypothetical 100 basis-point increase or decrease to the average interest rate on our variable rate debt instruments to illustrate the potential impact to interest expense of changes in interest rates and a hypothetical 100 basis-point increase or decrease to market interest rates on our fixed rate debt instruments to illustrate the potential impact to fair value of changes in interest rates.

Similarly, for the same period, our analysis used a uniform and hypothetical 10% strengthening of the U.S. dollar versus the average exchange rates of applicable currencies to depict the potential impact to net income of changes in foreign exchange rates. These market risk instruments and the potential impacts to the condensed consolidated statements of operations are presented below.

Market risk on variable-rate financial instruments. At March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022, we maintained Senior Secured Credit Facilities comprised of a \$225.0 million revolving credit facility and \$1,920.0 million of Term Loan due 2026. The Credit Agreement (which governs the Senior Secured Credit Facilities) provides for borrowings at a rate per annum equal to, at our option, either (1) a base rate determined by reference to the highest of (a) 0.50% per annum plus the Federal Funds Effective Rate, and (b) the prime rate announced by the Administrative Agent or (2) LIBOR plus (x) in the case of the Senior Secured Term Loans, 2.0% for base rate loans or 3.0% for LIBOR loans or (y) in the case of the Senior Secured Revolving Credit Facility, an applicable margin based on the Secured Leverage Ratio (defined in the Credit Agreement). The rate in effect for the outstanding Senior Secured Term Loan due 2026 was 7.684% per annum at March 31, 2023 and 3.352% per annum at March 31, 2022.

Increases in market interest rates would cause interest expense to increase and earnings before income taxes to decrease. The change in interest expense and earnings before income taxes would be dependent upon the weighted average outstanding borrowings during the reporting period following an increase in market interest rates. At March 31, 2023, we had no variable-rate borrowings outstanding under our revolving credit facilities and had an aggregate principal balance of \$1,920.0 million outstanding under the Term Loan due 2026. A 100-basis point change in market interest rates would have increased or decreased interest expense on the Senior Secured Credit Facilities by \$4.8 million during the three months ended March 31, 2023.

At March 31, 2022, we had no variable-rate borrowings outstanding under our revolving credit facilities and had an aggregate principal balance of \$1,940.0 million outstanding under the Term Loan due 2026. A 100-basis point change in market interest rates would have increased or decreased interest expense on our Senior Secured Term Loan due 2026 by \$4.9 million during the three months ended March 31, 2022.

Market risk on fixed-rate financial instruments. Included in long-term corporate borrowings at March 31, 2023 were principal amounts of \$950.0 million of our First Lien Notes due 2029, \$1,190.4 million of our Second Lien Notes due 2026, \$400.0 million of our Odeon Notes due 2027, \$98.3 million of our Notes due 2025, \$51.5 million of our Notes due 2026, \$125.5 million of our Notes due 2027, and £4.0 million (\$4.9 million) of our Sterling Notes due 2024. A 100-basis point change in market interest rates would have caused an increase or (decrease) in the fair value of our fixed rate financial instruments of approximately \$61.9 million and \$(59.3) million, respectively, as of March 31, 2023.

Included in long-term corporate borrowings at March 31, 2022 were principal amounts of \$950.0 million of our First Lien Notes due 2029, \$1,508.0 million of our Second Lien Notes due 2026, \$542.3 million (£147.6 million and €312.2 million) of our Odeon Term Loan due 2023, \$98.3 million of our Notes due 2025, \$55.6 million of our Notes due 2026, \$130.7 million of our Notes due 2027, and £4.0 million (\$5.2 million) of our Sterling Notes due 2024.

A 100-basis point change in market interest rates would have caused an increase or (decrease) in the fair value of our fixed rate financial instruments of approximately \$109.5 million and \$(104.1) million, respectively, as of March 31, 2022.

Foreign currency exchange rate risk. We are also exposed to market risk arising from changes in foreign currency exchange rates arising from our International markets operations. International markets revenues and operating expenses are transacted in British Pounds, Euros, Swedish Krona, and Norwegian Krone. U.S. GAAP requires that our subsidiaries use the currency of the primary economic environment in which they operate as their functional currency. If any international subsidiary was to operate in a highly inflationary economy, U.S. GAAP would require that the U.S. dollar be used as the functional currency. Currency fluctuations in the countries in which we operate result in us reporting exchange gains (losses) or foreign currency translation adjustments. Based upon the functional currencies in the International markets as of March 31, 2023, holding everything else constant, a hypothetical 10% strengthening of the U.S. dollar versus the average exchange rates of applicable currencies to depict the potential impact to net loss of changes in foreign exchange rates would decrease the aggregate net loss of our International theatres for the three months ended March 31, 2023 by approximately \$1.5 million. Based upon the functional currencies in the International markets as of March 31, 2022, holding everything else constant, a hypothetical 10% strengthening of the U.S. dollar versus the average exchange rates of applicable currencies to depict the potential impact to net loss of changes in foreign exchange rates would decrease the aggregate net loss of our International theatres for the three months ended March 31, 2022 by approximately \$7.1 million.

Our foreign currency translation rates decreased by approximately 7.3% for the three months ended March 31, 2023 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2022.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures.

- (a) Evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures.

The Company maintains a set of disclosure controls and procedures designed to ensure that material information required to be disclosed in its filings under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms and that material information is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including its Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. The Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have evaluated these disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and have determined that such disclosure controls and procedures were effective.

- (b) Changes in internal control.

There has been no change in our internal control over financial reporting during our most recent calendar quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II—OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

Reference is made to Note 11—Commitments and Contingencies of the Notes to the Company's Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in Item 1 of Part I of this Form 10-Q for information on certain litigation to which we are a party.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

Reference is made to Part I Item 1A. Risk Factors in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022, which sets forth information relating to important risks and uncertainties that could materially

adversely affect our business, financial condition or operating results. Except as set forth below and the updates to liquidity provided herein, there have been no material changes to the risk factors contained in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022.

There has been significant recent dilution and there may continue to be additional future dilution of our Common Stock and AMC Preferred Equity Units, which could adversely affect the market price of shares of our Common Stock and AMC Preferred Equity Units. The risks of future dilution must also be weighed against the risks of failing to increase our authorized shares of Common Stock, each of which could adversely affect the market price of shares of our Common Stock and AMC Preferred Equity Units.

From January 1, 2020 through May 4, 2023, the outstanding shares of our Common Stock have increased by 467,112,312 shares in a combination of at-the-market sales, conversion of Class B common stock, conversion of notes, exchanges of notes, transaction fee payments, and equity grant vesting. On August 19, 2022, the Company issued a dividend of one AMC Preferred Equity Unit for each share of Common Stock outstanding at the close of business on August 15, 2022, which resulted in the issuance of 516,820,595 AMC Preferred Equity Units. From August 19, 2022 through May 4, 2023, we issued 478,585,818 AMC Preferred Equity Units in combination of at-the-market sales, exchanges of debt, private placement transactions, and equity grant vesting. As of May 4, 2023, there were 519,192,389 shares of Common Stock and 995,406,413 AMC Preferred Equity Units issued and outstanding. Pursuant to our strategy to enhance our liquidity, we intend to issue preferred equity securities or securities convertible into, or exchangeable for, or that represent the right to receive, shares of Common Stock. We may continue to issue additional AMC preferred Equity Units, or subject to effectiveness of the Charter Amendment Proposals, we may issue additional shares of Common Stock, in each case, to raise cash to bolster our liquidity, to refinance indebtedness, for working capital, to finance strategic initiatives and future acquisitions or for other purposes. We may also acquire interests in other companies, or other assets by using a combination of cash and shares of Common Stock or AMC Preferred Equity Units, or just shares of Common Stock. Additionally, vesting under our equity compensation programs results in the issuance of new shares of Common Stock and AMC Preferred Equity Units and shares withheld to cover tax withholding obligations upon vesting remain available for future grants. Furthermore, the Settlement Payment (as defined below) may result in the issuance of 6,922,566 shares of Common Stock (on a post Reverse Stock Split basis) to settle the Shareholder Litigation. Any of these events may dilute the ownership interests of current stockholders, reduce our earnings per share or have an adverse effect on the price of our shares of Common Stock and AMC Preferred Equity Units.

To provide for the authorization of a sufficient number of authorized and unissued and unreserved shares of the Common Stock into which the Series A Convertible Participating Preferred Stock (and, by virtue of such conversion, AMC Preferred Equity Units) can convert in full, the Company held a special meeting of the Company's stockholders on March 14, 2023 (the "Special Meeting") and obtained the requisite stockholder approval of the Charter Amendment Proposals. We are precluded from implementing the Charter Amendment Proposals until the resolution of the Shareholder Litigation. If the Charter Amendment Proposals are implemented, we will have additional authorized but unissued Common Stock that may be used in the future for at-the-market sales, exchanges of notes, private placement transactions, equity grant vesting and other dilutive issuances. These future issuances may be dilutive and result in a decline in the market price of our Common Stock.

If we are unable to effectuate the Charter Amendment Proposals, this will create substantial risks, which could have an adverse effect on the price of our shares of Common Stock and AMC Preferred Equity Units, including:

- we will be limited in our ability to issue equity to bolster our liquidity and respond to future challenges, including if operating revenues and attendance levels do not return to the levels assumed;
- for future financing, we may be required to issue additional debt, which may be unavailable on favorable terms or at all, which would exacerbate the challenges created by our high leverage;
- we may be unable to issue equity in deleveraging transactions, including exchanges, redemptions or buy-backs of debt, which will limit our flexibility to deliver; and
- we may be unable to issue equity as currency in strategic transactions, including acquisitions, joint ventures or in connection with landlord negotiations, which may prevent us from entering into transactions that could increase shareholder value.

The Charter Amendment Proposals and the outcome of the Shareholder Litigation could cause extreme volatility in our Common Stock and AMC Preferred Equity Units and may adversely affect the market price of our Common Stock and/or AMC Preferred Equity Units.

At the Special Meeting, holders of our shares of Common Stock and holders of shares of Series A Convertible Participating Preferred Stock (which are represented by AMC Preferred Equity Units) on the books of Computershare Trust Company, N.A. as of the record date for the Special Meeting approved the Charter Amendment Proposals. However, as described below, the Company is currently precluded from implementing the Charter Amendment Proposals until the resolution of the Shareholder Litigation. Upon the effectiveness of the Charter Amendment Proposals, the AMC Preferred Equity Units will be automatically converted into shares of our Common Stock and the AMC Preferred Equity Units will cease trading and be delisted from the NYSE. The effect of the Charter Amendment Proposals, including the Reverse Split Proposal (as defined in Note 16—Subsequent Events in the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements under Part II, Item 8 thereof), upon the market price of our Common Stock cannot be predicted with certainty. Given the current disparity in the trading prices of the AMC Preferred Equity Units and the Common Stock, the conversion of AMC Preferred Equity Units into Common Stock could adversely affect the market price of the Common Stock. Conversely, if the Charter Amendment Proposals are precluded from being implemented due to the Shareholder Litigation or otherwise, the AMC Preferred Equity Units will not convert into shares of Common Stock, which could also adversely affect the market price of the AMC Preferred Equity Units, cause extreme volatility, make it difficult to raise additional equity without causing significant economic dilution to the Common Stock, which could also adversely affect the market price of the Common Stock. If the Company is precluded from effectuating the Charter Amendment Proposals, the Company may not make another proposal with respect to converting the AMC Preferred Equity Units into Common Stock, or it may be some time before any such proposal is made, although such determination will be made by the Company’s Board at its sole discretion.

In addition, the results of reverse stock splits by companies in the past have been varied. There can be no assurance that the total market capitalization of our Common Stock after the Reverse Split Proposal (if implemented) (the “Reverse Stock Split”) will be equal to or greater than the total market capitalization before the Reverse Stock Split or that the per share market price of our Common Stock following the Reverse Stock Split will increase in proportion to the reduction in the number of shares of Common Stock outstanding before the Reverse Stock Split. Further, the market price and trading volume of our shares of Common Stock has been subject to extreme volatility and implementation of the Charter Amendment Proposals, including the Reverse Stock Split, may increase such volatility, with a decline in the market price of our Common Stock after the Reverse Stock Split resulting in a greater percentage decline than would occur in the absence of a Reverse Stock Split.

On February 20, 2023, two putative stockholder class actions were filed in the Delaware Court of Chancery, captioned *Allegheny County Employees’ Retirement System v. AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc., et al.*, C.A. No. 2023-0215-MTZ (Del. Ch.), and *Munoz v. Adam M. Aron, et al.*, C.A. No. 2023-0216-MTZ (Del. Ch.) and which have been subsequently consolidated into *In re AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc. Stockholder Litigation* C.A. No. 2023-0215-MTZ (Del. Ch.) (the “Shareholder Litigation”). See Note 11—Commitments and Contingencies for additional information about the Shareholder Litigation. On April 2, 2023, the parties entered into a binding settlement term sheet to settle the Shareholder Litigation, which, among other things, provided that the parties would jointly request that the status quo order (the “Status Quo Order”) in the Shareholder Litigation be lifted. Pursuant to the term sheet, the Company agreed to make a settlement payment to record holders of Common Stock as of the time (the “Settlement Class Time”) at which the Reverse Stock Split is effective (and after giving effect to the Reverse Stock Split) of one share of Class A common stock for every 7.5 shares of Common Stock owned by such record holders (the “Settlement Payment”). The Company’s obligation to make the Settlement Payment is contingent on the Status Quo Order being lifted and the Company effecting the Charter Amendment Proposals. The defendants agreed to the settlement and the payment of the Settlement Payment solely to eliminate the burden, expense, and uncertainty of further litigation, and continue to expressly deny any liability or wrongdoing with respect to the matters alleged in the Shareholder Litigation. On April 3, 2023, the plaintiffs filed an unopposed motion to lift the Status Quo Order. On April 5, 2023, the court denied the motion to lift the Status Quo Order. On April 27, 2023, the parties jointly filed the Settlement Stipulation which fully memorializes the settlement that the parties agreed to in the term sheet with the court. The court has set a hearing to consider approval of the settlement for June 29-30, 2023. Unless and until the court lifts the Status Quo Order, the Company cannot proceed with filing the amendment to the Company’s certificate of incorporation to effect the Charter Amendment Proposals. Further, any settlement of the Shareholder Litigation is subject to court approval, which may substantially delay or prevent the conversion of AMC Preferred Equity Units into Common Stock. If the court does not approve a settlement of the Shareholder Litigation or if the plaintiffs are successful in obtaining relief restraining, delaying, enjoining or otherwise prohibiting the Charter Amendment Proposals from going into effect, this would likely adversely affect the market price

of the AMC Preferred Equity Units, cause extreme volatility, make it difficult to raise additional equity without causing significant economic dilution to both the AMC Preferred Equity Units and the Common Stock, which could also adversely affect the market price of the Common Stock. Although the parties have agreed to a settlement of the Shareholder Litigation, any settlement of the Shareholder Litigation is subject to court approval, and accordingly the outcome of the Shareholder Litigation and any other similar future lawsuits, is uncertain.

The market prices and trading volumes of our shares of Common Stock and AMC Preferred Equity Units have experienced, and may continue to experience, extreme volatility, which could cause purchasers of our Common Stock and AMC Preferred Equity Units to incur substantial losses.

The market prices and trading volume of our shares of Common Stock and AMC Preferred Equity Units have been and may continue to be subject to wide fluctuations in response to numerous factors, many of which are beyond our control. Because each AMC Preferred Equity Unit initially represents the right to receive one (1) share of our Common Stock, and subject to effectiveness of the Reverse Split Proposal, the right to receive one-tenth (1/10) of one share of our Common Stock, and is otherwise designed to bear equivalent economic and voting rights as described herein, the market price of the AMC Preferred Equity Units may be correlated with the market price of our Common Stock. The market prices and trading volume of our shares of Common Stock have experienced, and may continue to experience extreme volatility, which could cause purchasers of our Common Stock and AMC Preferred Equity Units to incur substantial losses. For example, during 2022 and through May 3, 2023, the market price of our Common Stock has fluctuated from an intra-day low of \$3.77 per share on January 6, 2023 to an intra-day high on the NYSE of \$17.17 on March 29, 2022. The market price of our AMC Preferred Equity Units has fluctuated from an intra-day low of \$0.65 on December 19, 2022 to an intra-day high of \$10.50 on August 22, 2022. The reported sale price of our Common Stock and AMC Preferred Equity Units on the NYSE on May 3, 2023, was \$5.74 per share and \$1.52 per share, respectively. During 2022 and through May 3, 2023, daily trading volume ranged from approximately 8,287,600 to 226,704,100 shares and the AMC Preferred Equity Units ranged from approximately 5,858,000 to 180,271,200.

We believe that the recent volatility and our current market prices reflect market and trading dynamics unrelated to our underlying business, or macro or industry fundamentals, and we do not know how long these dynamics will last. Under the circumstances, we caution you against investing in our Common Stock and AMC Preferred Equity Units, unless you are prepared to incur the risk of losing all or a substantial portion of your investment.

Extreme fluctuations in the market price of our Common Stock and AMC Preferred Equity Units have been accompanied by reports of strong and atypical retail investor interest, including on social media and online forums. The market volatility and trading patterns we have experienced create several risks for investors, including the following:

- the market prices of our Common Stock and AMC Preferred Equity Units have experienced and may continue to experience rapid and substantial increases or decreases unrelated to our operating performance or prospects, or macro or industry fundamentals, and substantial increases may be significantly inconsistent with the risks and uncertainties that we continue to face;
- factors in the public trading market for our Common Stock and AMC Preferred Equity Units may include the sentiment of retail investors (including as may be expressed on financial trading and other social media sites and online forums), the direct access by retail investors to broadly available trading platforms, the amount and status of short interest in our securities, access to margin debt, trading in options and other derivatives on our Common Stock and AMC Preferred Equity Units and any related hedging and other trading factors;
- our market capitalization, as implied by various trading prices, currently reflects valuations that are significantly higher than our market capitalization immediately prior to the COVID-19 pandemic, and to the extent, these valuations reflect trading dynamics unrelated to our financial performance or prospects, purchasers of our Common Stock and AMC Preferred Equity Units could incur substantial losses if there are declines in market prices driven by a return to earlier valuations;
- to the extent volatility in our Common Stock and AMC Preferred Equity Units is caused, or may from time to time be caused, as has widely been reported, by a “short squeeze” in which coordinated trading activity causes a spike in the market price of our Common Stock and AMC Preferred Equity Units as traders with a short position make market purchases to avoid or to mitigate potential losses, investors purchase at inflated prices unrelated to our financial performance or prospects, and may thereafter suffer substantial losses as prices decline once the level of short-covering purchases has abated;

- if the market price of our Common Stock and/or AMC Preferred Equity Units declines, you may be unable to resell your shares of Common Stock or AMC Preferred Equity Units at or above the price at which you acquired them. We cannot assure you that the equity issuance of our Common Stock and AMC Preferred Equity Units will not fluctuate or decline significantly in the future, in which case you could incur substantial losses; and
- the Company paid approximately \$13.1 million in cash to cover tax withholding liabilities upon vesting of awards under our Equity Incentive Plan in the first quarter of 2023. The Company withheld shares based upon elections by participants under the terms of the plan. The shares withheld had an equivalent value to the cash tax requirements for national, federal, state and local withholdings. Withheld shares were returned to the Equity Incentive Plan reserve.

We may continue to incur rapid and substantial increases or decreases in the market prices of our Common Stock and AMC Preferred Equity Units in the foreseeable future that may not coincide in timing with the disclosure of news or developments by or affecting us. Accordingly, the market price of our shares of Common Stock and AMC Preferred Equity Units may fluctuate dramatically and may decline rapidly, regardless of any developments in our business. Overall, there are various factors, many of which are beyond our control, that could negatively affect the market price of our Common Stock and AMC Preferred Equity Units or result in fluctuations in the price or trading volume of our Common Stock and AMC Preferred Equity Units, including:

- the ongoing impacts relating to the COVID-19 pandemic on our industry;
- actual or anticipated variations in our annual or quarterly results of operations, including our earnings estimates and whether we meet market expectations with regard to our earnings;
- our current inability to pay dividends or other distributions;
- publication of research reports by analysts or others about us or the motion picture exhibition industry, which may be unfavorable, inaccurate, inconsistent or not disseminated on a regular basis;
- changes in market interest rates that may cause purchasers of our shares to demand a different yield;
- changes in market valuations of similar companies;
- market reaction to any additional equity, debt or other securities that we may issue in the future, and which may or may not dilute the holdings of our existing stockholders;
- additions or departures of key personnel;
- actions by institutional or significant stockholders;
- short interest in our securities and the market response to such short interest;
- dramatic increase or decrease in the number of individual holders of our Common Stock and AMC Preferred Equity Units and their participation in social media platforms targeted at speculative investing;
- speculation in the press or investment community about our company or industry;
- strategic actions by us or our competitors, such as acquisitions or other investments;
- legislative, administrative, regulatory or other actions affecting our business, our industry, including positions taken by the Internal Revenue Service (“IRS”);
- investigations, proceedings, or litigation that involve or affect us;
- the outcome of the Shareholder Litigation;
- strategic actions taken by motion picture studios, such as the shuffling of film release dates;
- the occurrence of any of the other risk factors included or incorporated by reference in this Annual Report on Form 10-K; and
- general market and economic conditions.

Anti-takeover protections in our amended and restated certificate of incorporation and our amended and restated bylaws may discourage or prevent a takeover of our Company, even if an acquisition would be beneficial to our stockholders.

Provisions contained in our amended and restated certificate of incorporation and amended and restated bylaws, as amended, as well as provisions of the Delaware General Corporation Law delay or make it more difficult to remove incumbent directors or for a third-party to acquire us, even if a takeover would benefit our stockholders. These provisions include:

- a classified board of directors;
- the sole power of a majority of the board of directors to fix the number of directors;
- limitations on the removal of directors;
- the sole power of the board of directors to fill any vacancy on the board of directors, whether such vacancy occurs as a result of an increase in the number of directors or otherwise;
- the ability of our board of directors to designate one or more series of preferred stock and issue shares of preferred stock without stockholder approval; and
- the inability of stockholders to call special meetings.

Our issuance of shares of preferred stock could delay or prevent a change of control of our company. Our board of directors has the authority to cause us to issue, without any further vote or action by the stockholders, up to 50,000,000 shares of preferred stock, par value \$0.01 per share, in one or more series, to designate the number of shares constituting any series, and to fix the rights, preferences, privileges and restrictions thereof, including dividend rights, voting rights, rights and terms of redemption, redemption price or prices and liquidation preferences of such series. The issuance of shares of preferred stock may have the effect of delaying, deferring or preventing a change in control of our company without further action by the stockholders, even where stockholders are offered a premium for their shares. As of March 31, 2023 there were 10,000,000 Series A Convertible Participating Preferred Stock shares authorized and 9,741,909 Series A Convertible Participating Preferred Stock shares issued and outstanding, 40,000,000 preferred stock shares remain available for issuance and 258,091 Series A Convertible Participating Preferred Stock shares remain available for issuance.

Our incorporation under Delaware law, the ability of our board of directors to create and issue a new series of preferred stock or a stockholder rights plan and certain other provisions of our amended and restated certificate of incorporation and amended and restated bylaws, as amended, could impede a merger, takeover or other business combination involving our company or the replacement of our management or discourage a potential investor from making a tender offer for our Common Stock and AMC Preferred Equity Units, which, under certain circumstances, could reduce the market value of our Common Stock and AMC Preferred Equity Units.

Our business depends on motion picture production and performance and is subject to intense competition, including increases in alternative film delivery methods or other forms of entertainment.

Our ability to operate successfully depends upon the availability, diversity and appeal of motion pictures, our ability to license motion pictures and the performance of such motion pictures in our markets. The most attended films are usually released during the summer and the calendar year-end holidays, making our business seasonal. We license first-run motion pictures, the success of which has increasingly depended on the marketing efforts of the major motion picture studios and the duration of the exclusive theatrical release windows. Poor performance of, or any disruption in the production of these motion pictures (including by reason of a strike or lack of adequate financing), a reduction in the marketing efforts of the major motion picture studios, the choice by distributors to release fewer feature-length movies theatrically, or the choice to release feature-length movies directly to video streaming or PVID platforms, either in lieu of or on the same date as a theatrical release, could hurt our business and results of operations. Conversely, the successful performance of these motion pictures, particularly the sustained success of any one motion picture, or an increase in effective marketing efforts of the major motion picture studios and extension of the exclusive theatrical release windows, may generate positive results for our business and operations in a specific fiscal quarter or year that may not necessarily be indicative of, or comparable to, future results of operations. As movie studios rely on a smaller number of higher grossing “tent pole” films there may be increased pressure for higher film licensing fees. Our loyalty program and certain promotional pricing also may affect performance and increase the cost to license motion pictures relative to revenue for admission. In addition, a change in the type and breadth of movies offered by motion picture studios and the theatrical

exclusive release window may adversely affect the demographic base of movie-goers.

Motion picture production is highly dependent on labor that is subject to various collective bargaining agreements. The Writers Guild of America strike that began on May 2, 2023, has halted production, and may delay or otherwise affect the supply, of certain motion pictures. Studios are party to collective bargaining agreements with a number of other labor unions, and failure to reach timely agreements or renewals of existing agreements may further affect the production and supply of theatrical motion picture content.

Our theatres are subject to varying degrees of competition in the geographic areas in which we operate. Competitors may be multi-national circuits, national circuits, regional circuits or smaller independent exhibitors. Competition among theatre exhibition companies is often intense with respect to attracting patrons, terms for licensing of motion pictures and availability and securing and maintaining desirable locations.

We also compete with other film delivery methods, including video streaming, network, syndicated cable and satellite television, as well as video-on-demand, pay-per-view services, and subscription streaming services. We also compete for the public's leisure time and disposable income with other forms of entertainment, including sporting events, amusement parks, live music concerts, live theatre, and restaurants. An increase in the popularity of these alternative film delivery methods and other forms of entertainment could reduce attendance at our theatres, limit the prices we can charge for admission and materially adversely affect our business and results of operations.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

On February 7, 2023, in connection with the consummation of the Forward Purchase Agreement, the Company issued to Antara 106,595,106 AMC Preferred Equity Units for an aggregate purchase price of \$75.1 million (the "Forward Purchase APEs") and simultaneously purchased from Antara, on a private basis, \$100 million aggregate principal amount of our 10%/12% Cash/PIK Toggle Second Lien Notes due 2026 (the "Exchange Notes") in exchange for 91,026,191 AMC Preferred Equity Units (together with the Forward Purchase APEs, the "Private Placement APEs") and cash equal to the accrued and unpaid interest on the Exchange Notes. The Company used the net proceeds from the sale of the Private Placement APEs to further deleverage and bolster liquidity.

The issuance of the Private Placement APEs was made in reliance on the exemption from registration provided by Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

None.

Item 5. Other Information

Compensatory Arrangements of Certain Officers

On May 3, 2023, the Compensation Committee of AMC's Board of Directors, pursuant to its authority under the AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc. 2013 Equity Incentive Plan (the "EIP") and in consultation with the Company's independent compensation consultant, adopted a Change in Control Policy (the "Policy") applicable to awards granted under the EIP. Adoption of the Policy impacts the rights of named executive officers ("NEOs") and other senior officers under outstanding and future EIP awards. Pursuant to the Policy, upon a Change in Control (as defined in the Policy), the vesting of all outstanding equity awards will be accelerated to occur immediately prior to the effectiveness of such Change in Control event. For the purpose of such accelerated vesting upon a Change in Control, outstanding awards subject to performance-based conditions will be deemed to have attained the applicable performance goals at the higher of (a) target, or (b) actual attainment at the time of the triggering event.

For purposes of the Policy, a Change in Control is defined as:

- (a) A person or coordinated group acquires more than 35% (by voting power) of the outstanding securities of

the Company;

- (b) The election of the lesser of (i) three directors or (ii) 35% of the board of directors, in either case, who (x) are not nominees approved by a majority of the incumbent board or (y) are elected in connection with a proxy contest on behalf of a third-party; or
- (c) A business combination transaction unless (i) the Company's stockholders own more than 50% of the voting power in the surviving entity, (ii) no third-party acquires more than 35% (by voting power) in the surviving entity, and (iii) at least 65% of the governing body of the surviving entity consists of directors of the Company.

The Compensation Committee adopted the Policy in connection with a review of the overall severance benefits provided to executives under its compensation programs in the event of a Change in Control and determined that adoption of the Policy would minimize the risk of turnover in key positions during the pendency of a Change in Control transaction or in response to rumors of possible Change in Control events. No elements of executive compensation are impacted by the Policy other than awards under the EIP.

Item 6. Exhibits.

EXHIBIT INDEX

EXHIBIT NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
4.1	Twelfth Amendment to Credit Agreement, dated as of January 25, 2023, by and among AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc., as borrower, the other loan parties party thereto, the lenders party thereto and Wilmington Savings Fund Society, FSB, as administrative agent (incorporated by reference from Exhibit 10.1 to AMC's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 1-33892) filed on January 25, 2023).
*10.1	2013 Equity Incentive Plan Change in Control Policy
10.2	Forward Purchase Agreement, dated as of December 22, 2022, by and between AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc. and Antara Capital LP (incorporated by reference from Exhibit 10.1 to AMC's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 1-33892) filed on December 22, 2022).
*31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Acts of 2002.
*31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Acts of 2002.
*32.1	Section 906 Certifications of Adam M. Aron (Chief Executive Officer) and Sean D. Goodman (Chief Financial Officer) furnished in accordance with Securities Act Release 33-8212.
**101.INS	Inline XBRL Instance Document
**101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
**101.CAL	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
**101.DEF	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
**101.LAB	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
**101.PRE	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
**104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as inline XBRL and contained as Exhibit 101)

* Filed herewith.

** Submitted electronically with this Report.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

AMC ENTERTAINMENT HOLDINGS, INC.

Date: May 5, 2023

/s/ ADAM M. ARON

Adam M. Aron

Chairman of the Board, Chief Executive Officer and President

Date: May 5, 2023

/s/ SEAN D. GOODMAN

Sean D. Goodman

Executive Vice President, International Operations, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

AMC ENTERTAINMENT HOLDINGS, INC.

2013 EQUITY INCENTIVE PLAN

CHANGE IN CONTROL POLICY

EFFECTIVE MAY 3, 2023

1. The Compensation Committee of the Board of the Directors (the “Committee”) of AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc. (the “Company”) hereby adopts this Change in Control Policy (this “Policy”) under the Company’s 2013 Equity Incentive Plan (the “Plan”) effective May 3, 2023 (the “Effective Date”). This Policy is adopted pursuant to the Committee’s authority under Sections 3 and 12 of the Plan.
2. Unless otherwise defined herein, any capitalized terms used in this Policy shall carry the definition provided in the Plan.
3. This Policy shall modify and be deemed incorporated into all outstanding Award Agreements under the Plan as of the Effective Date. Further, this Policy shall be deemed incorporated into any Award Agreement issued after the Effective Date unless expressly provided otherwise in such Award Agreement when issued.
4. Upon the occurrence of a Change in Control, the vesting of all outstanding Awards granted to officers with the title of Senior Vice President or higher shall be accelerated to occur immediately prior to the occurrence of such Change in Control event. For purposes of accelerated vesting upon a Change in Control, any outstanding Awards with performance-based vesting conditions, shall be deemed to have attained the applicable Performance Goals at the higher of (i) actual attainment at the time of the Change in Control event or (ii) 100% of the target.
5. For purposes of this Policy, the following definitions shall apply:
 - a. “*Change in Control*” shall mean the occurrence of one of the following events:
 - i. Any Person becomes the Beneficial Owner, directly or indirectly, of more than thirty-five percent (35%) of the combined voting power of the then outstanding voting securities of the Company entitled to vote generally in the election of its directors (the “*Outstanding Company Voting Securities*”) including by way of merger, consolidation or otherwise; *provided, however*, that for purposes of this definition, the following acquisition shall not constitute a Change in Control: any acquisition by the Company or any of its Subsidiaries of Outstanding Company Voting Securities, including any employee benefit plan or related trust sponsored or maintained by the Company or any of its Subsidiaries.
 - ii. The election or appointment to the Board of the lesser of (i) three directors or (ii) a number of directors equal to or greater than thirty-five (35%) of the Board (based upon then-current Board size) who (x) are not nominees approved by at least a majority of the Board, or (y) are appointed or elected in connection with an actual or threatened election contest or other actual or threatened solicitation of proxies or consents by or on behalf of a Person other than the Board.
 - iii. Consummation of a reorganization, merger, or consolidation to which the Company is a party or a sale or other disposition of all or substantially all of the assets of the Company (a “*Business Combination*”), unless, following such Business Combination: (i) any individuals and entities who were the Beneficial Owners of Outstanding Company Voting Securities immediately prior to such Business Combination are the Beneficial Owners, directly or indirectly, of more than fifty percent (50%) of the combined voting power of the outstanding voting securities entitled to vote generally in the election of directors (or election of members of a comparable governing body) of the entity resulting from the Business Combination (the “*Successor Entity*”) in substantially the same proportions as their ownership immediately prior to such Business Combination; (ii) no Person (excluding

any employee benefit plan or related trust of the Company, such Successor Entity, or any of their Subsidiaries) is the Beneficial Owner, directly or indirectly, of more than thirty-five percent (35%) of the combined voting power of the then outstanding voting securities entitled to vote generally in the election of directors (or comparable governing body) of the Successor Entity, except to the extent that such ownership existed prior to the Business Combination; and (iii) at least sixty-five percent (65%) of the members of the board of directors (or comparable governing body) of the Successor Entity were members of the Board of the Company at the time of the execution of the initial agreement or of the action of the Board providing for such Business Combination.

- iv. Notwithstanding the foregoing, to the extent necessary to comply with Section 409A of the Code with respect to the payment of “nonqualified deferred compensation”, “Change of Control” shall be limited to a “change in control event” as defined under Section 409A of the Code.
 - b. “*Person*” shall have the meaning ascribed to such term in Section 3(a)(9) of the Exchange Act and used in Sections 13(d) and 14(d) thereof, including a “group” as defined in Section 13(d) thereof or any other group acting in concert to achieve actions or outcomes that would be covered by the foregoing provisions if undertaken by an individual acting alone.
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CERTIFICATIONS

I, Adam M. Aron, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 5, 2023

/s/ ADAM M. ARON

Adam M. Aron

Chairman of the Board, Chief Executive Officer and President

CERTIFICATIONS

I, Sean D. Goodman, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 5, 2023

/s/ SEAN D. GOODMAN

Sean D. Goodman

Executive Vice President, International Operations, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

CERTIFICATION OF PERIODIC REPORT

The undersigned Chairman of the Board, Chief Executive Officer and President and Executive Vice President, International Operations, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer of AMC Entertainment Holdings, Inc. (the "Company"), each hereby certifies, pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, that:

- (1) the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Company for the quarter ended March 31, 2023 (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78m(a) or 78o(d)); and
- (2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Dated: May 5, 2023

/s/ ADAM M. ARON

Adam M. Aron

Chairman of the Board, Chief Executive Officer and President

/s/ SEAN D. GOODMAN

Sean D. Goodman

Executive Vice President, International Operations, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer
